

# THE LANCET

## **Supplementary appendix**

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# Appendix to: Global, regional and national comparative risk assessment of 79 behavioural, environmental and occupational, and metabolic risks or clusters of risks in 188 countries 1990-2013: a systematic analysis for the GBD 2013

This appendix provides further methodological detail, supplemental figures and more detailed results for the comparative risk assessment.

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## Appendix A: Methods Overview

### Overview

In general, this analysis follows the comparative risk assessment methods used in the GBD 2010.<sup>1</sup> Conceptually, the comparative risk assessment approach evaluates how much of the burden of disease observed in a given year can be attributed to past exposure to a risk. Attributable burden is estimated by comparing observed health outcomes to those that would have been observed if an alternative or counterfactual level exposure had occurred in the past. Given that different risks lead to different health outcomes, assessments are undertaken separately for specific risk-outcome pairs such as high fasting plasma glucose and ischemic heart disease. To the extent possible, each step of this process is standardized to enhance the comparability of results across risks, populations and time.

More formally, for the vast majority of risk-outcome pairs, we estimated the attributable burden using the following equations.

$$AB_{jasct} = \sum_{o=1}^w DALY_{oasct} PAF_{joasct} \quad \text{equ. 1}$$

Where  $AB_{jasct}$  is the attributable burden for risk factor  $j$  in age group  $a$ , sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and year  $t$ .  $DALY_{oasct}$  is disability adjusted life years (DALYs) for cause  $o$  (of  $w$  relevant outcomes for risk factor  $j$ ) in age group  $a$ , sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and year  $t$ .  $PAF_{joasct}$  is the population attributable fraction (PAF) for cause  $o$  due to risk factor  $j$  in age group  $a$ , sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and year  $t$ . Attributable deaths, years of life lost (YLLs) or years lived with disability (YLDs) are computed by substituting in the equation these metrics for DALYs.

Risks fall into three categories on the basis of how exposure is measured: dichotomous, polytomous and continuous. Smoking is a dichotomous risk; low physical activity, which has in this analysis four levels, is a polytomous risk and high systolic blood pressure is an example of a risk measured on a continuous scale. The  $PAF_{joasct}$  for a continuous risk factor in each country is defined as:<sup>2</sup>

$$PAF_{joasct} = \frac{\int_{x=l}^u RR_{joas}(x) P_{jasct}(x) dx - RR_{joas}(TMREL_{jas})}{\int_{x=l}^u RR_{joas}(x) P_{jasct}(x) dx} \quad \text{equ. 2}$$

$RR_{joas}(x)$  is the relative risk as a function of exposure level  $x$  for risk factor  $j$ , cause  $o$ , age-group  $a$  and sex  $s$ .  $l$  is the lowest level of exposure and  $u$  is the highest level of exposure observed.  $P_{jasct}(x)$  is the distribution of exposure for risk  $j$  in age-group  $a$ , sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and year  $t$ .  $TMREL_j$  is the theoretical minimum risk exposure level for risk factor  $j$ , age group  $a$  and sex  $s$ . The  $PAF_{joasct}$  for dichotomous and polytomous risk factors for every country is defined as:

$$PAF_{joasct} = \frac{\sum_{x=1}^u RR_{joast}(x) P_{jasct}(x) - RR_{joas}(TMRE_{jas})}{\sum_{x=1}^u RR_{joast}(x) P_{jasct}(x)} \quad \text{equ. 3}$$

The equations highlight the four key components by cause, age, sex, country and year that go into estimating the burden attributable to a risk factor: the number of deaths, YLLs, YLDs or DALYs; exposure levels for a risk factor; relative risk of a given outcome due to exposure; and the counterfactual

level of risk factor exposure. In the comparative risk assessment approach, the counterfactual level of risk exposure is selected to be the risk exposure that is theoretically possible and minimizes overall risk (Theoretical Minimum Risk Exposure Level [TMREL]).<sup>3</sup> The intention is to quantify how much disease burden could be lowered by shifting the distribution of a risk to the level that would lead to the greatest improvement in population health. The GBD 2013 provides the rates of mortality, YLLs, YLDs and DALYs by cause.<sup>4,5</sup> Here we focus on the data and methods used to estimate for 79 behavioural, environmental/occupational, and metabolic risks and clusters of these risks, levels of exposure, relative risks and the choice of TMREL.

For unsafe sex and occupational injuries we did not use the attributable burden formulas described above. For intimate partner violence and drug use the burden formulas above are used for some but not all outcomes. These exceptions stem from the nature of the available data and are explained in more detail in Appendix B.

## Risk factor hierarchy

In this analysis, we focus on three groups of risk factors: behavioural, environmental/occupational and metabolic. Figure 1 shows a more complete causal web which recognizes the role of four other sets of risks: genes, the microbiome and other host factors, public health and medical care interventions, and social, economic and cultural factors. It is currently beyond the scope of this study to quantify these other categories of risks or causes; however, in future iterations of the GBD we intend to broaden the analysis to include at least some of these broader causes. As the figure is illustrative of the greater complexity in examining a broader set of causes of health outcomes, all the arrows detailing possible interconnections have not been drawn.

For the current assessment focused on behavioural, environmental/occupational and metabolic risk factors, risk-outcome pairs have been included based on four criteria. The criteria for inclusion of risk-outcome pairs take into account the importance of each risk factor to either disease burden and/or policy; the availability of sufficient data to estimate risk factor exposure; evidence from epidemiological studies supporting a causal relationship between risk factor exposure and the outcome and available data to estimate effect sizes per unit of exposure increase; and evidence that these effects can be generalized to a general population. Following the GBD 2010, we have adopted the World Cancer Research Fund grading of evidence supporting the causal relationship between risk factor exposure and an outcome. They defined four levels of evidence: convincing, probable, possible and insufficient. Only risk-outcome pairs judged to meet the criteria of convincing or probable were included.

### **The World Cancer Research Fund grading system**

#### *Convincing evidence*

Evidence based on epidemiological studies showing consistent associations between exposure and disease, with little or no evidence to the contrary. The available evidence is based on a substantial number of studies including prospective observational studies and where relevant, randomized controlled trials of sufficient size, duration, and quality showing consistent effects. The association should be biologically plausible.

#### *Probable evidence*

Evidence based on epidemiological studies showing fairly consistent associations between exposure and disease, but for which there are perceived shortcomings in the available evidence or some evidence to the contrary, which precludes a more definite judgment. Shortcomings in the evidence may be any of the following: insufficient duration of trials (or studies); insufficient trials (or studies)



available; inadequate sample sizes; or incomplete follow-up. Laboratory evidence is usually supportive. The association should be biologically plausible.

#### *Possible evidence*

Evidence based mainly on findings from case-control and cross-sectional studies. Insufficient randomized controlled trials, observational studies, or non-randomized controlled trials are available. Evidence based on non-epidemiological studies, such as clinical and laboratory investigations, is supportive. More trials are needed to support the tentative associations, which should be biologically plausible.

#### *Insufficient evidence*

Evidence based on findings of a few studies which are suggestive, but insufficient to establish an association between exposure and disease. Little or no evidence is available from randomized controlled trials. More well-designed research is needed to support the tentative association.

Six new risk factors met our criteria for the GBD 2013: handwashing practices, occupational exposure to trichloroethylene, childhood wasting, childhood stunting, unsafe sex, and low glomerular filtration rate. In addition, we included six clusters of risks factors that were not computed in GBD 2010.

Table 1 summarises the included risk factors; there are, counting risks and clusters of risks, 79 different risks in the hierarchy. At Level 2 of the hierarchy, we have 13 groupings of related risks. At the most detailed level in the hierarchy, we have 63 individual component risks, and the other 16 entries in Table 1 are different aggregations of risk factors. We have in the GBD 2013 included quantification of each of the Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 groupings and an overall estimate of all risk factors combined. Joint risk computation for some of these clusters of risks requires addressing issues of risk mediation and exposure correlation which are addressed below.

New risk-outcome pairs were added for risks already included in the GBD 2010 due to new evidence and some risk-outcome pairs were excluded because they did not meet the quality of evidence criteria. We included hemorrhagic stroke, liver cancer, ovarian cancer, leukemia, and thyroid cancer as outcomes of high body-mass index after an updated meta-analysis showed a statistically significant association with elevated body-mass index.<sup>6</sup> We added morbidity of injuries to occupational risk factors. A Ugandan cohort study provided more evidence in addition to a South African cohort study that was available at the time of GBD 2010 to allow the addition of HIV as an outcome of intimate partner violence.<sup>22</sup> We added lower respiratory infection in adults to smoking, secondhand smoking, outdoor and household air pollution. Several studies showed an increase in pneumonia hospitalization related to high ambient concentration of particles with diameter smaller than 2.5 microns (PM2.5 levels).<sup>9–14</sup> We used a relative risk of smoking on lower respiratory infection from the physicians' cohort study in the integrated exposure-response curve which enabled us to predict the level of risk for other sources of PM2.5 including air pollution, secondhand smoking, and household air pollution.<sup>15</sup> Typhoid and paratyphoid fever were removed as outcomes of zinc deficiency and vitamin A deficiency due to a lack of explicit evidence. Malaria was removed as an outcome of underweight because an updated meta-analysis found no significant association.<sup>16</sup> Web Table 4 provides the complete list of risk-outcome pairs in this study.

## Estimating risk factor exposure

### Data and exposure categories

For each risk factor exposure, a similar approach has been used to identify potential data sources. Our analyses for the GBD 2013 of tobacco smoking prevalence and obesity have been published.<sup>17,18</sup> For all risk factors, we have sought to identify and use published studies through systematic reviews of the literature, household survey data, census data and satellite data (used for PM2.5 estimation). For some risks such as diet and alcohol consumption, we have also used administrative record systems. We began with the GBD 2010 sources that were identified and supplemented those by updating literature searches and identifying surveys, censuses, and administrative data. Web Table 5 provides citations for all sources used for estimating risk factor exposure organized by country and within country by risk factor.

We have computed a data representativeness index (DRI) for risk factor exposure estimation. The DRI for a risk factor is the fraction of countries for the relevant time period for which we have identified any data on the risk factor. Table 1 provides the DRI for the entire period 1985-2013 and the DRI calculated for three intervals: pre 1997, 1998-2005 and from 2006 onwards. The time period DRI helps identify which periods have more sparse data. The overall DRI ranges from 17% for diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids to 100% for ambient ozone pollution and ambient particulate matter pollution. The DRI for PM2.5 is 100% because data are available for all countries and all years, although direct satellite observations are unavailable before 1998. We should note that 4105 unique site years were available to calibrate the satellite data. While the DRI for household air pollution is 94%, it is important to note that the actual exposure variable used is fuel type used in the household and not a direct measurement of PM2.5 in the house. Other examples of proxy measurement of exposure include: living with a smoker as proxy to exposure to secondhand smoke, the estimated zinc content of the national food supply in comparison with theoretical physiological requirements as proxy for zinc deficiency, the smoking impact ratio as proxy for cumulative tobacco smoke exposure, and a similar approach for the asbestos impact ratio as a proxy for exposure to asbestos.<sup>19,20</sup> While in other cases, more direct measures of exposure have been used these also have measurement error associated with them.

For water and sanitation, the exposure categories have been modified for GBD 2013. In GBD 2010, the Joint Monitoring Project categories of access to improved and unimproved water and sanitation facilities were used as dichotomous exposures.<sup>21</sup> However, the meta-regression of interventions for both water and sanitation indicated that the improved categories were not minimum risk categories.<sup>22</sup> For water the facility type associated with minimum risk was piped connection to households, while sewer connected toilets were associated with lowest risk for sanitation. We have elaborated the categories estimated for water to include household use of water treatment methods in addition to the traditional measure of the type of drinking water source used. For sanitation, also based on the same logic, we have modified the exposure categories to reflect the prevalence of access to sanitation facilities with and without connection to sewer or other technology removing excreta from the community.

Similar to childhood underweight, the exposure distribution of both childhood stunting and wasting were generated from a systematic analysis of available anthropometric data from censuses, health examination and nutrition surveys, and published epidemiological studies using the 2006 WHO Child Growth Standard.

For injecting drug use, the exposure definition was changed from current exposure to ever-exposed to injecting drug use to more accurately capture the relationship between injecting drug use and hepatitis B and C.

## Modeling strategies for exposure levels

Web Table 3 lists the modeling strategy used for estimating exposure for each risk factor. For 23 risks, we used DisMod-MR 2.0 which is a Bayesian meta-regression method used extensively in estimating the prevalence of diseases for the GBD 2013. See Vos et al for a detailed description of the likelihood used for estimation and an explication of improvements in DisMod-MR 2.0 compared to DisMod-MR 1.0 used in GBD 2010.<sup>5</sup> In brief, DisMod-MR 2.0 demonstrates improvements over DisMod-MR 1.0 in computational speed, geographic disaggregation, and display capabilities. The advantage of DisMod-MR 2.0 is that it estimates both the age-sex pattern of a risk as well as different levels over time based on estimation for 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010 and 2013. For 12 risk factors modeled using DisMod-MR 2.0, we conducted cross-validation tests. We used two metrics of the performance of models in terms of predictions for data held out of the model estimation: the root-mean squared error of the predictions compared to the data and the percentage of the time the prediction 95% interval includes the data held out. Based on both metrics, the modeling strategies were appropriate (Web Table 6).

For 34 risks, we used spatio-temporal Gaussian process regression (ST-GPR) which was also used for multiple risk factors in GBD 2010.<sup>18</sup> ST-GPR has been used for risk factors where the data density is sufficient to estimate a very flexible time trend that does not vary over age. If the tabulated data were in standard age groups or was at the household level, such as access to different levels of improved water and sanitation or exposure to radon or available zinc intake, we used ST-GPR, but if the data were available by different age intervals, or mixed sex groups, we used DisMod-MR 2.0 because of its ability to integrate over age and adjust for different exposure definitions in the data. In GBD 2010, a different Bayesian hierarchical model was used to model time trends in body-mass index, blood pressure, cholesterol and fasting plasma glucose.<sup>23–26</sup> To assess the accuracy of our estimates and to compare our results with Bayesian models similar to the ones used in GBD 2010, we carried out cross-validation by randomly holding out 20% of the sample from the measured data, 10 separate times. We specifically held out measured data as they were considered as the “gold-standard.” We computed the average root mean squared errors (RMSE). The results are shown in Web Table 1.

**Web Table 1. Comparisons of in-sample and out-of-sample RMSE between Bayesian Models and ST-GPR for body-mass index, cholesterol, fasting plasma glucose, and systolic blood pressure**

	RMSE for training set		RMSE for test set	
	Bayesian Models	ST-GPR	Bayesian Models	ST-GPR
<b>Body-mass index</b>	1.622	0.609	1.583	0.860
<b>Cholesterol</b>	0.304	0.242	0.321	0.307
<b>Fasting plasma glucose</b>	0.345	0.294	0.359	0.371
<b>Systolic blood pressure</b>	5.686	4.385	5.834	5.185

The performance of spatiotemporal Gaussian Process Regression (ST-GPR) in terms of RMSE for both training and test sets are overall superior to the Bayesian model. For the training sets, the difference in RMSE ranged from 0.05 to 1.3, with ST-GPR consistently yielding the smaller RMSEs. As for the test sets, the difference in RMSE ranged from -0.012 to 0.723 with ST-GPR generally yielding better out-of-sample prediction results.

$RR_{joas}(x)$  is the relative risk as a function of exposure level  $x$  for risk factor  $j$ , cause  $o$ , age-group  $a$  and sex  $s$ .  $l$  is the lowest level of exposure and  $u$  is the highest level of exposure observed.  $P_{jasct}(x)$  is the distribution of exposure for risk  $j$  in age-group  $a$ , sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and year  $t$ .  $TMRE_{jas}$  is the theoretical minimum risk exposure level (TMREL) for risk factor  $j$ , age group  $a$  and sex  $s$ .

For PM2.5, estimates of annual concentrations were generated by combining data from atmospheric chemistry transport models and satellite retrievals of aerosols in the atmosphere.<sup>27</sup> These measurements were generated at the level of grid cells with  $0.1^\circ \times 0.1^\circ$  resolution, equivalent to approximately 11km x 11km at the equator. The combined PM2.5 concentrations were then calibrated against observations from ground-level monitoring of particles from more than 75 countries. The calibration equations was estimated using 4073 ground measurements of annual average concentrations including significant interaction terms for quality and accuracy of location of ground monitors. Country estimates of PAFs for every outcome were generated by taking a population-weighted average of relative risks based on the exposure at each grid level.

For iron deficiency, exposure is expressed as the mean hemoglobin level for each age-group, country, sex and year. Data on mean hemoglobin were obtained primarily from Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS) and the World Health Organization (WHO) Vitamin and Mineral Nutrition Information System (VMNIS).<sup>28,29</sup> We estimated mean hemoglobin for every unit of estimation (country, year, age, sex) using a mixed-effects regression with a fixed effect on prevalence of severe underweight ( $<2$  standard deviations below mean), and nested random effects on super-region, region, and country/subnational site. See Vos et al for a detailed description of the estimation process and data sources.<sup>5</sup>

For modeling burden attributable to tobacco smoking, we used the smoking impact ratio (SIR) developed by Peto, Lopez and colleagues for cancers and chronic respiratory disease such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, and interstitial lung disease, and 5-year lagged smoking prevalence for all cardiovascular outcomes, tuberculosis, diabetes and asthma. SIR is commonly used to reflect past exposure, duration and intensity of smoking and is calculated as the population lung-cancer mortality in excess of never-smokers, relative to excess lung-cancer mortality in a known reference group of smokers.<sup>32,40</sup> Non-smoker lung cancer mortality rates can vary by age, sex and country. For all countries we assumed the same rate of lung cancer in never smokers as observed in CPS-II, CPS-I, the Multiethnic Cohort (MEC), Health Professional's Follow-up Study (HPFS), Black Women's Health Study (BWHS), Nurses' Health Study (NHS), and Women's Health Study (WHS), except in Asian regions where local data on age-sex specific never smoker lung cancer rates were available to reflect different baseline non-smoker lung cancer rates due to factors such as solid fuel use of coal and biomass.<sup>41-43</sup> Cohorts in different Chinese provinces, including the China Kadoorie Biobank (CKB) study from 2006-2011, were used to model non-smoker lung cancer rates in China. For Asia-Pacific high-income countries, the Korean Cancer Prevention Study (CPS) and the Three Prefectures Study provided lung cancer mortality rates in never smokers.<sup>30</sup> We applied the results from these 13 Asia-Pacific high-income cohorts to countries in the regions of East Asia, South Asia, and Southeast Asia, based on known regional similarities in non-smoker lung cancer rates that differ markedly from never smoker rates from CPS-II.

For every country  $c$ ; age-group  $a$ ; sex  $s$ ; year  $t$ ; SIR is calculated by this formula:<sup>31</sup>

$$SIR_{casy} = \left( \frac{L_{casy} - L_{casy}^N}{L_{casy}^{S*} - L_{casy}^{N*}} \right) \left( \frac{L_{casy}^{N*}}{L_{casy}^N} \right) \quad equ. 4$$

Where:

L: observed lung cancer mortality rate

$L^N$  : lung cancer mortality rate in non-smokers for the country

$L^{N*}$  : lung cancer mortality rate in never smokers in the reference population (CPSII)

$L^{S*}$  : lung cancer mortality rate in smokers in the reference population (CPSII)

The prevalence of current alcohol drinkers (any drink during past 12 months), former drinkers and lifetime abstainers was estimated in DisMod-MR 2.0 using country survey data and rescaled to 100% by country, year, age and sex. Per capita consumption figures are considered to be a better estimate of overall volume of consumption as surveys often underestimate real consumption levels.<sup>30,32</sup> Data on alcohol consumption per capita were obtained from the FAO and the WHO Global Information System on Alcohol and Health (GISAH) to model exposure for alcohol consumption.<sup>33</sup> The data are adjusted using a correction factor from WHO to account for unrecorded consumption; while alcohol consumption results have been published, details on the empirical basis for the unrecorded consumption correction, however, have not been published by WHO. ST-GPR was used to integrate the data and to derive coherent time series for each country – see Freeman et al for details.<sup>34,35</sup> DisMod-MR 2.0 was used to estimate mean alcohol consumption in current drinkers by age, sex, country and year from available survey micro-data (listed in the Web Table 5). The mean consumption at each age and sex was then scaled up to 80% of the ratio of the country's total consumption and the implied total consumption in drinkers from survey data. The 80% factor accounts for spillage, wastage and breakage. The standard deviation for each upscaled mean value of consumption was estimated from a linear regression with standard deviation as the dependent variable and mean and sex as the independent variables in the global data set of alcohol consumption data. The upscaled mean and standard deviations were then used to fit a gamma distribution of the amounts of alcohol consumed in each age, sex, year and country category.<sup>36,37</sup>

A protective effect of alcohol on cardiovascular disease was only considered in people who do not binge drink. We defined the proportion of current drinkers who are binge drinkers as anyone reporting one or more instances of having consumed 48 grams of alcohol in a single occasion for females and 60 grams of alcohol in a single occasion for males in the past year. Separately, we model the proportion of days in a year that survey respondents report binge drinking in DisMod-MR 2.0. We multiply the proportion of binge drinkers with the proportion of binge days in a year by age, sex, country and year and exclude the average time that drinkers are bingeing from the estimation of the protective effect of alcohol on cardiovascular outcomes. In DisMod-MR 2.0 we crosswalk data with recall periods of one week and one month to the values of a one year recall period. For injuries, we separately estimate risk for the amount of time at risk during binge events and that for non-binge drinking. For bingers, we multiply the proportion who binge drink by the average number of binges in a year and from the average number of drinks during a binge we estimate the proportion of time spent at risk using an established relationship between alcohol intake at different levels and the corresponding blood alcohol level. After subtracting the amount of alcohol consumed during binge events from a country's total consumption, the amount of time at risk is also calculated in non-binge drinkers.<sup>38</sup>

To estimate the distribution of low physical activity, we modeled activity level in metabolic equivalent (MET) minutes/week (ratio of metabolic rate during a specific physical activity to a resting metabolic rate). The standard definition was any activity performed for work, transport, recreation or house/yard work, measured using the International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ).<sup>39</sup> We also included survey data that used the Global Physical Activity Questionnaire (GPAQ).<sup>40</sup> However, domestic physical activity is not explicitly captured by the GPAQ domains so we corrected figures using this alternative definition for females, based on empirical evidence that the GPAQ underestimates overall activity for women in low-income countries. As the older surveys only report categorical data we decided to categorise the newer survey data rather than use it as a continuous variable. The proportion of the

population in each of four categories of activity level (inactivity: <600 MET-minutes/week; low activity: 600-3999; moderate activity: 4000-7999; and highly active: >8000) were modeled separately, then rescaled to sum to one.

Exposure to occupational risks was estimated using data from labour force surveys and censuses on the economically active population available from the International Labor Organization (ILO). The distribution of the economically active population across nine industries or eight occupational groups was used to measure exposure to occupational asthmagens, particulate matter, noise, and ergonomic factors. The choice of distribution across industries or occupational groups was made based on the exposure groups defined in the corresponding relative risk estimates. The cumulative exposure to occupational carcinogens was estimated by taking into account the proportion of employees leaving the occupational category in a year in addition to the distribution of the economically active population for each country. To measure exposure to occupational asbestos, we use a method analogous to the smoking impact ratio, where the number of mesothelioma deaths, generated from the GBD cause-specific mortality estimates, was used as a marker of asbestos exposure. Specifically, the asbestos impact factor is defined as the observed mesothelioma death rate minus the mesothelioma death rate in the absence of asbestos exposure in the population. Since occupational exposure is an important source of exposure to asbestos, we categorised this under occupational hazards albeit this method captures exposure to every source of asbestos. Too few data are available on the sources of asbestos to make separating occupational from non-occupational exposure possible.

To calculate the burden of each continuous risk factor, the distribution of exposure needs to be estimated, which includes central tendency and dispersion parameters. We modeled mean and standard deviation in each country-age-sex group because almost all studies summarize the distributions by reporting the mean (or median) and standard error from which standard deviation can be calculated. In GBD 2010, for computational simplicity, all continuous risks were assumed to be normally distributed, so mean and standard deviation were used to simulate the population distribution in the PAF calculation. Considerable evidence suggests most risks are not normally distributed.<sup>36</sup> For GBD 2013, we have devoted substantial effort to modeling standard deviations and choosing appropriate distribution for each risk factor. First, to estimate standard deviations for each risk in each country, age, sex group, we modeled the natural log of the standard deviation using observed data as a function of the mean and fixed effects on risk and super-region.

To generate standard deviation DisMod-MR draws for dietary risk factors, we modeled the relationship between standard deviation and mean with fixed effects on risk factor and super region:

$$\ln(\text{Standard deviation}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \times \ln(\text{Mean}_i) + \beta_{\text{risk}} \times I_{\text{risk}} + \beta_{\text{super region}} \times I_{\text{super region}} + \epsilon_i \quad \text{equ. 6}$$

We used standard deviations and means from dietary survey data from adults aged 25 and older to derive the regression coefficients above. The beta coefficients were then applied to draws of mean intake from DisMod-MR 2.0 to generate draws of standard deviation for each dietary risk factor. See Vos et al for a detailed description of DisMod-MR 2.0 compared to DisMod-MR 1.0 used in The Global Burden of Disease study (GBD) 2010.<sup>5</sup>

Second, we evaluated the likelihood value of fitting normal, lognormal, gamma, beta and inverse Gaussian distributions to the United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) micro-data on systolic blood pressure, body-mass index, fasting plasma glucose, and cholesterol. Ultimately, we assigned continuous risk factors into three distribution groups: normal, lognormal and beta. We assumed a lognormal distribution for systolic blood pressure, cholesterol, fasting plasma glucose, diet low in fruits, diet low in vegetables, diet low in nuts and seeds, diet low in milk, diet

low in whole grains, diet low in fiber, diet low in calcium, diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids, diet high in red meat, diet high in processed food, diet high in saturated fat, diet high in trans fatty acid, diet high in sodium, and diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages, which was successfully able to handle the asymmetrical shape and variance reported by studies in normal distribution. The three exceptions to lognormal distribution were iron deficiency and low bone mineral density (NHANES data showed that normal distribution had better fit to the left tail, that causes osteoporosis burden, than lognormal distribution) in which a normal distribution was used and high body-mass index in which we used a beta distribution where body-mass index is first transformed to be on a 0 to 1 scale and the alpha and beta parameters for the distribution are fit to the mean and standard deviation with the constraint that skewness cannot be negative. While no statistical distribution (testing included normal, beta, lognormal, inverse Gaussian, gamma) had a good fit to the fat tail of fasting plasma glucose in NHANES, lognormal showed the best fit by the likelihood value among those tested.

Relative risks for systolic blood pressure have been corrected for regression dilution bias.<sup>41</sup> This is because measured blood pressure on a given day is not the same as usual blood pressure because individual blood pressure varies over time. In order to make the systolic blood pressure estimates consistent with the adjusted relative risks for regression dilution bias, we have corrected exposure standard deviations for a measure of intertemporal variance in blood pressure observed in cohort studies – see Appendix B for details. This effectively ensures that our figures reflect usual systolic blood pressure.

## Estimating the effects of risk factors on disease and injury outcomes

For 59 risk factors, where we estimate attributable burden using the relative risk and exposure formula, we estimated relative risks of mortality and morbidity based on either published meta-analyses, meta-analyses updated with new studies, or new meta-regressions which include covariates such as age, sex, or country level predictors for the GBD 2013.

For every risk factor, relevant outcomes meeting the World Cancer Research Fund criteria of convincing or probable evidence for a causal association were identified. We used almost all outcomes from 2010 and added 35 pairs to them through a comprehensive review of the list after a call for all GBD collaborators to suggest new risk-outcome pairs. New risk-outcome pairs include handwashing practices – diarrhoeal diseases, typhoid fever, paratyphoid fever; occupational exposure to trichloroethylene – kidney cancer; childhood wasting – diarrhoeal diseases, lower respiratory infections, measles, protein-energy malnutrition; childhood stunting – diarrhoeal diseases, lower respiratory infections, measles; smoking – lower respiratory infections; diet low in nuts and seeds – diabetes mellitus; diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages – liver cancer, ovarian cancer, thyroid cancer, leukemia; intimate partner violence – HIV/AIDS; unsafe sex – HIV/AIDS, syphilis, chlamydial infection, gonococcal infection, trichomoniasis, genital herpes, other sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer; high body mass index – hemorrhagic stroke, liver cancer, ovarian cancer, thyroid cancer, leukemia; low glomerular filtration rate – ischemic heart disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease, chronic kidney disease, and gout. For risk-outcome pairs where evidence is only available on either mortality or morbidity, we assume that the estimated relative risks were applied equally to both. Where there was evidence of statistically different relative risks for mortality and morbidity, we used different relative risks for each. Of note in these cases, there was not consistent pattern where relative risks were higher or lower for mortality compared to morbidity. Web Table 7 summarises the relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor and outcome pair and Web Table 8 provides citations for all sources used for relative risks. Separate entries are provided where the risks are different for mortality and morbidity. We use relative risks from studies controlled for confounding but not controlling for factors along the causal pathway between exposure and outcome.

We used an updated meta-regression for water, sanitation, and handwashing with results from recently published studies.<sup>22,42</sup> We conducted a new meta-regression for physical activity by converting the activity levels for which relative risk data are available to total MET minutes of activity per week. DisMod-MR 2.0 was used to generate a continuous risk curve for each outcome as a function of MET-minutes activity per week.

We updated the relative risks for childhood underweight using a recently published study that conducted a pooled analysis of children enrolled in 10 prospective cohorts in Africa, Asia, and South America.<sup>43</sup> The same analysis was used to derive the relative risks for outcomes associated with childhood stunting and wasting. The updated effect sizes for all outcomes except malaria reported by Olofin et al are higher than those previously reported.<sup>44</sup> The updated relative risks for all three anthropometric indicators showed that they have no significant effect on malaria. Finally, we assumed that 100% of the burden of protein-energy malnutrition was attributable to childhood underweight and wasting.

We updated the meta-analysis of the relative risks for body-mass index and all of the site-specific cancers, incorporating new evidence that has come out since GBD 2010.<sup>45</sup> We used an updated meta-analysis of relative risks for alcohol and ischemic heart disease and stroke.<sup>46</sup> For dietary risks, new meta-analyses were used to update relative risks for the following risk-outcome pairs: fruits and mouth, larynx, nasopharynx, and larynx cancers; whole grains and diabetes; nuts and seeds and ischemic heart disease; nuts and seeds and diabetes; whole grains and ischemic heart disease; and polyunsaturated fatty acids and ischemic heart disease.<sup>47–49</sup>

The integrated exposure-response curve was used as a framework for ambient particulate matter pollution, household air pollution, secondhand smoke, and tobacco smoking in GBD 2010.<sup>50</sup> For GBD 2013, we re-estimated these relationships using recently published studies of relative risk and also extended their use to estimating the burden from secondhand smoke and household air pollution for COPD.<sup>50–58</sup> We tested different functional forms and confirmed that a monotonically increasing non-linear function of three parameters representing the rate of change in risk with concentration, the power of concentration, and the maximum allowable risk had the best fit to the available studies; we used Markov Chain Monte Carlo methods to solve this non-linear equation. This configuration allowed each outcome to be characterized by a different shape as represented by the available information on risk. Uncertainty in risk predictions was captured by the uncertainty in estimates of the model parameters.

In some cases, evidence on the direct relationship between a risk factor and a disease outcome was lacking or extremely sparse. For three risk factors (lead, sugar-sweetened beverages, and high sodium), we estimated relative risks through a two stage process.<sup>59–61</sup> For example, for salt, we first estimated the relationship between 24-hour sodium excretion and change in systolic blood pressure. Second, we estimated the relationship between change in blood pressure and disease outcomes to estimate the impact of salt on outcomes. This approach was also used for chronic lead exposure on adults (impact of bone lead through blood pressure) and sugar-sweetened beverages (through body-mass index). Where this has been undertaken, the relative risks reflect uncertainty from both stages of the analysis by keeping 1000 draws from each step to estimate posterior distribution of mediated relative risk.

Convincing evidence to support a causal association requires a reliable and statistically significant association between a risk factor and outcome. However, when using a wide body of evidence to generate age- and outcome-specific relative risks we encountered measures of effects with 95% confidence intervals that spanned 1.0 in multiple age groups or across different levels of exposure. In order to use the wide body of evidence and to fully account for the uncertainty associated with all of the subgroups, we included draws that show a protective effect as long as the overall association across all age groups and



exposure categories is significant. In the case of risk factors with some non-significant relative risks across different levels of exposure, relative risks were included only if the mean values showed a consistent relationship. Finally, alcohol and high body-mass index are the only risk factors included in our current analysis that show a significant protective effect for selected outcomes; and the protective effects are restricted to certain groups (i.e. pre-menopausal women for high body-mass index) or levels of intake (i.e. alcohol). This inclusion is based on the known evidence for the protective effect of alcohol consumption on ischemic heart disease among non-binge-drinking current drinkers.<sup>62,63</sup> Recent studies confirmed previous meta-analyses which indicated a protective effect of high body-mass index on breast cancer in premenopausal women outside of Asia-Pacific countries.<sup>45</sup> We used a relative risk of less than one and estimated the reduction in the burden of breast cancer in premenopausal women in all countries except South Asia, East Asia, South-East Asia, and high-income Asia-Pacific due to high body-mass index.<sup>64</sup> Where a risk is protective, total attributable deaths due to high body-mass index are reduced. We also used a relative risk less than one for alcohol and ischemic heart disease, ischemic stroke, and diabetes mellitus.

### Theoretical minimum risk exposure level (TMREL)

In the comparative risk assessment framework, attributable burden is calculated with respect to a counterfactual risk exposure – see equation 2. In the GBD 2010, we used the exposure distribution that minimizes risk for the population, termed the theoretical minimum risk exposure distribution (TMRED).<sup>3</sup> Based on a consultation with risk factor epidemiologists, we have chosen to simplify the TMRED and to choose a single level of risk exposure that minimizes risk from all causes of DALYs combined which we term the theoretical minimum risk exposure level (TMREL). The distinction is that the minimum risk level has no standard deviation whereas the TMRED had a standard deviation for continuous risks but not for dichotomous risks. To maximize comparability across dichotomous, polytomous and continuous risks and to enhance the ease of communication, we have opted to choose the single minimum risk exposure level (TMREL). The TMREL by its definition should minimize individual (and population level) risk and be theoretically possible to achieve, but not necessarily affordable or feasible to achieve. Table 1 shows the TMREL for each risk factor. For tobacco, it is 100% of the population being lifelong non-smokers. In some cases, such as sodium consumption, the evidence supporting the selection of the TMREL is uncertain. In these cases, we include in the uncertainty estimation sampling a uniform distribution of different TMRELs. Where an uncertainty interval (UI) has been used, Table 1 provides the range and distribution of the uncertainty in the TMREL.

As part of the GBD 2013, we have re-reviewed the TMREL for each risk factor. In GBD 2010 for some risks such as water and sanitation, the TMRED was defined as improved water and improved sanitation, which given the results of the meta-regression, is not theoretical minimum risk. We have modified the TMREL to be households with piped water connections and those who also boil or filter their water before drinking for unsafe water. Similarly, the TMREL for unsafe sanitation now is defined by proportion of households that have access to sewer connected toilet facilities.

For childhood underweight, the observed minimum risk distribution of the WHO 2006 reference population in each standard deviation range was assumed to be the TMRED in GBD 2010. However, the revised TMREL that minimizes individual and population level risk for childhood underweight along with stunting and wasting is defined by assuming that all children under the age of five lie above -1 standard deviation of the WHO 2006 standard weight-for-age, height-for-age, and weight-for-height curves respectively.

In GBD 2010, a TMRED with a mean of 1 gram per day of urinary sodium excretion was used for sodium intake. This value was supported by randomised clinical trials (RCTs) which found that systolic blood pressure falls continuously as sodium is lowered to levels as low as 1 gram per day.<sup>65</sup> The Institute of Medicine 2013 report *Sodium Intake in Populations Assessment of the Evidence* argued that the evidence for benefit for lowering sodium below 2.3 grams/day was unclear.<sup>66</sup> The PURE cohort study, found a J-shaped association between urinary sodium excretion, mortality and major cardiovascular events, with minimum risk of death and major cardiovascular events observed between 3 and 6 grams of sodium excretion per day.<sup>67</sup> Taking into account the potential overestimation of the Kawasaki formula used to estimate Na excretion in PURE, the upper bound of minimum risk appears closer to 5 grams per day. To account for the scientific uncertainty surrounding the level of sodium that most minimizes risk, we sampled a uniform distribution ranging from 1 to 5 grams per day to generate the TMREL. This choice, however, was controversial across the GBD investigators with a number of diet collaborators proposing an uncertainty interval of 1-3 grams per day; the GBD Scientific Council made the final decision following the GBD Study Protocol to use an uncertainty interval of 1-5 grams per day.

For diet, the TMRED in GBD 2010 was assumed to have no uncertainty. However, the evidence for the level below (or above) which risk is no longer reduced is in many cases uncertain; to reflect this we have assumed a uniform uncertainty distribution of 20% above and below the mean. Studies have shown tapering off of relative risk across a range of intake levels for various dietary components.<sup>68,69</sup>

For bone mineral density, we used the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile of age-sex subgroups of US National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) III studies between 2005-2010 data instead of 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles from NHANES III (used in GBD 2010). Using the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile enables us to consider the bone density decrease by age while capturing the excess risk of fracture caused by lower bone mineral density observed in elderly populations. Because cause of death data report by external cause and not nature of injury, for attributing mortality to low bone mineral density, we calculated intra-hospital deaths due to fractures as a proportion of all deaths from each cause of injury category. Estimating potentially fatal fractures linked to low bone mineral density had two components. First, we examined only hip, vertebral, pelvis, rib, skull and femur fractures as other fractures were unlikely to be the true cause of death. Second, to avoid over-estimation, we excluded deaths with fractures but where more serious injuries were also reported. The list of more serious injuries excluded in GBD 2010 was traumatic brain injury and internal organ damage. For this study, this list has been extended to include burns greater than 20% body surface, lower airway burns, amputations of lower limb, amputations of upper limb, drowning, asphyxiation and poisoning.

### Attributable burden estimated using other approaches

For unsafe sex, and occupational injuries for all outcomes, we did not use the relative risk and exposure method to estimate attributable burden. Due to lack of reliable relative risk estimates associating different occupations with injury outcomes, we used data on rates of fatal injuries by industry reported as related to their occupation to calculate the PAF. This implicitly assumes that the TMREL would be zero occupation related fatal injuries.

Given the difficulty of fitting unsafe sex in the exposure-risk framework, we took a direct attribution approach and modeled the PAFs directly in DisMod-MR 2.0. For HIV, we extracted data from sources that reported the number of newly diagnosed cases of HIV that could be traced to sexual transmission routes to directly model the proportion of HIV attributable to unsafe sex, as well as the proportion attributable to injecting drug use and other modes of transmission. We modeled the proportion of homicides due to intimate partner violence directly as well. For other sexually transmitted diseases and

for cervical cancer, the attributable fraction from unsafe sex was set to 100 percent, due to all of these outcomes stemming from unsafe sexual contact. To estimate the burden of HIV attributable to intimate partner violence (IPV), we used a cohort method whereby HIV risk associated with past exposure to IPV is accumulated over time. The proportion of HIV morbidity and mortality due to IPV is approximated by the ratio of cumulative IPV-attributable HIV incidence to total HIV incidence, accrued every year after age 15 up to the year and age group of interest. The IPV-attributable HIV incidence figure in the numerator is calculated using the traditional PAF equation with an incidence rate ratio as the metric for HIV risk born by IPV exposure. A similar method was used to estimate burden of Hepatitis B and Hepatitis C attributable to injecting drug use.

## Burden attributable to clusters of risk factors

There is interest in what fraction of the burden of disease is attributable to various combinations of risk factors or to all risk factors combined.<sup>70,71</sup> In the GBD 2010, the burden attributable to various clusters of risk factors were reported; however, joint estimates were not produced for metabolic risk factors, air pollution, and all risk factors combined. The burden of disease attributable to other clusters of risk factors was computed assuming the action of each risk factor was independent of the other and the exposure to each risk factor was uncorrelated within each age-sex-country-year. To compute the joint risk factor burden for metabolic risks and combinations of metabolic risk factors with other behavioural or environmental risk factors requires assumptions about how one risk factor is mediated through other risk factors; for example, what fraction of the hazard associated with obesity is mediated through blood pressure or cholesterol?

A detailed explanation of the aggregation process and mediation adjustment is provided in the next section of the Appendix, “Risk factor aggregation and challenges of mediation”. Briefly, since the publication of the GBD 2010, Danaei et al have examined the mediation of elevated body-mass index risk through blood pressure, cholesterol and fasting plasma glucose and showed that a significant part of high body-mass index risk can be explained/mediated through other metabolic risk factors.<sup>72</sup> The amount of the mediated effect for body-mass index through cholesterol was calculated by the ratio of the amount of the difference between the crude and adjusted relative risk (for the mediator, for example, cholesterol) to the crude excess risk (relative risk minus 1) on cardiovascular deaths. Consistent with this approach for every two risk factors for an outcome, we estimated the fraction of risk that is mediated through the other risk (Web Table 9). For the majority of risk factor-mediators direct estimates of mediation similar to body-mass index mediation through cholesterol were not available in published literature. For physical activity, fruits, vegetables, fibre, whole grains, nuts, trans fats, and polyunsaturated fatty acids, we estimated the mediated effect on an outcome by the amount of increase in the outcome which is expected through the effect on the mediator level e.g. change in the fasting plasma glucose level by the increase in physical activity. Using this matrix of parameters carrying every two by two combination of the risk factors, we have computed the aggregated burden of disease for every level including behavioural, environmental/occupational, metabolic risks, and finally, all risk factors using the following formula:

$$PAF_{joasct} = 1 - \prod_{j=1}^J \left( 1 - PAF_{joasct} \prod_{i=1}^J (1 - MF_{jio}) \right) \text{ equ. 5}$$

Where  $J$  is a set of risk factors for aggregation,  $PAF_{joasct}$  is the population attributable fraction for risk factor  $i$ ,  $MF_{jio}$  is mediation factor for risk factor  $i$  mediated through  $j$ , cause  $o$ , age-group  $a$  and sex  $s$ , country  $c$  and time  $t$ . For example the mediation factor of high body-mass index through cholesterol for ischemic heart disease is 0.1 (the mediation of each risk factor through itself is assumed to be zero) and

the mediation factor is 1 when the whole effect is mediated through the mediator such as salt and systolic blood pressure on ischemic heart disease.

We have included childhood wasting and stunting in the risk factors list so that the joint burden of childhood undernutrition using all three anthropometric indicators (underweight, stunting, and wasting) can be estimated. However, significant covariance observed among these indicators in the population poses a challenge to the assumption of independence used in joint PAF estimation for different risk clusters. Published relative risks for wasting, stunting and underweight do not control for each other. We adjusted the published confounded relative risks for each indicator for the effect of the other two anthropometric indicators<sup>43</sup> by simulating the joint distribution of the pooled cohort using variance covariance matrix generated by calculating the mean, variance, and correlation coefficients of height-for-age, weight-for-age, and weight-for-height z-scores using Demographic and Health Survey micro-data. Using the adjusted relative risks for all three anthropometric indicators, we have calculated the joint PAF for all three indicators assuming they were independent.

### Estimating the overlap between behavioural, environmental/occupational and metabolic risk factors

To avoid double counting in the presentation of overall results, we computed the overlap by estimating seven joint risk distributions using the mediation matrix described above: behavioural risks alone, environmental/occupational risks alone, metabolic risks alone, behavioural and environmental/occupational risks together, behavioural and metabolic risks together, environmental/occupational and metabolic risks together, and all three groups together. The seven quantities were then used to solve for the full set of overlaps between the three sets of risks which can be represented graphically.

## Risk factor aggregation and challenges of mediation

In GBD 2010 we estimated the burden of 67 risk factors and selected risk factor clusters. For GBD 2013 we have systematically calculated the burden at all levels in the hierarchy. The rationale for this change and challenges in doing so are presented here.

### Background and Rationale for Change

Risk factors are categorized at different levels, so there is a need to aggregate their effects at each level for a better understanding of the contribution of different combinations of risk factors to disease burden. For example, we present the aggregate burden of all dietary risks, in addition to each individual dietary risk. In addition to presenting burden at each level, policy-makers have expressed interest in knowing the total amount of burden that can be attributable to at least one risk factor. For example, being able to show the fraction of each disease that can be attributed to a risk factor helps us identify diseases and injuries for which we have little knowledge about risk factors. All risk factors attributable burden showed that the concentration of evidence is on cardiovascular outcomes and cancers. The aggregation of risk factors is also an essential step in the development of forecasting methods where we know the drivers of risk factors, but little is known about the unexplained disease fractions. National policy-makers in the United Kingdom, China, and elsewhere have continuously expressed interest in this to scope the potential for health gain from preventive interventions that address multiple risk factors.

In GBD 2010 we only aggregated the burden of risk factors for some clusters of risks including access to improved water and sanitation, child and maternal malnutrition, tobacco smoking, alcohol use, dietary risk factors, occupational risk factors, and sexual abuse and violence. We did not aggregate air pollution and metabolic risk factors. In GBD 2013, we aggregated all risk factors into three large categories: behavioral, environmental/occupational, and metabolic risks -- as well as aggregating all GBD risk factors into a single attributable fraction for each diseases and eventually for all-causes of burden.

Aggregating risk factors at different levels share three essential challenges:

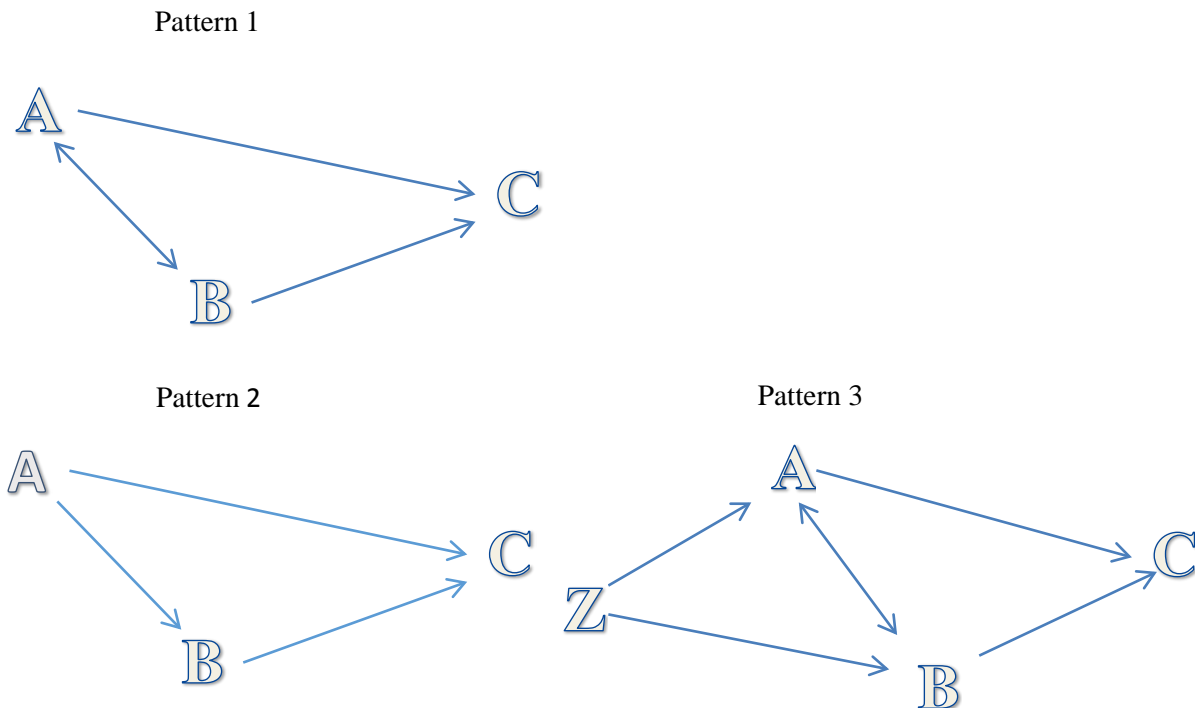
1. Risk factor coexistence or aggregation: for example, metabolic risk factors often occur together or high-risk behaviors are related such as drug abuse and unsafe sex.
2. Mediation: a risk factor may effect another risk factor that lies in the physiological pathway to a disease outcome. It can be inside a cluster of risk factors such as the effect of obesity through an increase in fasting plasma glucose (FPG) and later cardiovascular disease outcomes, or between clusters of risk factors such as the effect of fiber on cholesterol.
3. The formula to calculate the aggregated PAF.

The aggregation method is conceptually applicable to other aggregations such as socioeconomic factors, education, homelessness and refugee status that are being considered for inclusion in future GBD iterations. In the next section, we explain our approach to deal with these challenges.

There are three patterns of associations between risk factors to take into consideration. The first concerns confounding; risk B affects risk A and outcome C (Pattern 1 in Web Figure 1). In these cases the relative risk (RR) for A should be adjusted for B, for example the fruit RR is adjusted for smoking. If part of the effect of A is through B, a mediator, we do not adjust the effect of A for B. For example, we do not adjust the RR of body mass index (BMI) for cholesterol as cholesterol lies in the biological pathway between BMI and cardiovascular outcomes (Pattern 2 in Web Figure 1). The third pattern occurs when risks A and B are proxies of a third variable Z and aggregation aims to estimate the total effect of a latent variable Z,

on C. An example is childhood undernutrition, which is measured by stunting, wasting, and underweight as proxies.

**Web Figure 1. Patterns of associations between risk factors**



### Calculating burden of multiple risk factors

Validation studies have reported congruency between the true risk associated with multiple risk factors affecting the same outcome and a multiplicative aggregation of the population attributable fractions of the individual risk factors (formula below).<sup>73</sup>

$$PAF_{1..i} = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - PAF_i) \quad \text{equ. 7}$$

Where *PAF* is the population attributable fraction and *i* is each individual risk factor. The same validation studies also found that the overestimation from ignoring the covariance between risk factors is small. This was important to note as there are few data sources from which we can draw information on covariance.

We endeavored to evaluate RRs that were controlled for confounders. However, as we had to rely on the literature for many RRs we did not always have full control over the choice of confounders controlled for in each study.

### Adjusting for mediation

When aggregating the effects of multiple risk factors, we included a mediation factor if a part of the effect of one risk factor was included in the effect estimated for in the mediator. First we prepared a list of possible mediations especially between metabolic risk factors and other risk factors. We found limited data primarily for these categories. We did not assume any mediation effect between risk factors for cancers except for sugar sweetened beverages and BMI.

Danaei and colleagues assumed that part of the effect of BMI on ischemic heart disease (IHD) is through high systolic blood pressure (SBP), cholesterol and FPG.<sup>25</sup> The proportion of the BMI effect that can be explained by other metabolic risk factors is the amount of mediation. The difference between the crude RR of BMI on IHD with the RR adjusted for SBP, FPG, and cholesterol reflects the amount of BMI effect on IHD that is mediated and already included in SBP, FPG, and cholesterol:

$$MF = \frac{RR_{crude} - RR_{adjusted}}{RR_{crude} - 1} \quad \text{equ. 8}$$

We used this approach for estimating mediation factors to adjust PAFs before aggregation.

$$MF = \frac{R_c^+ - R_a^+}{R_c^+ - R_c^-} \quad \text{equ. 9}$$

$$\text{So: } R_a^+ = R_c^+ - MF * (R_c^+ - R_c^-)$$

$$PAF_c = \frac{p * (R_c^+ - R_c^-)}{p * R_c^+ + (1-p) * R_c^-} = \frac{p * (R_c^+ - R_c^-)}{R_T} \quad \text{equ. 10}$$

If  $R_c^+$ : crude risk of outcome in exposed population

$R_c^-$ : crude risk of outcome in non-exposed population

$R_a^+$ : adjusted risk of outcome in exposed population

$R_a^-$ : adjusted risk of outcome in non-exposed population

$R_T$  is the overall rate of the outcome in the population. Since we are interested in the part which is from BMI but through cholesterol, the total risk in the population will be the same for the adjusted RR, so the unmediated part of the risk factor would be:

$$PAF_a = \frac{p * (R_a^+ - R_a^-)}{R_T} = \frac{p * (R_c^+ - MF * (R_c^+ - R_c^-) - R_c^-)}{R_T} = \frac{p * (R_c^+ - R_c^-) * (1 - MF)}{R_T} = PAF_c * (1 - MF) \quad \text{equ. 11}$$

So for aggregating the PAF of multiple risk factors, we first calculated the part of the effect of every risk factor that is not mediated and then aggregated these assuming they are independent.

Therefore the aggregated PAF would be:

If MF is mediation factor of R2 through R1:

$$PAF_{1,2} = 1 - (1 - PAF_1) * (1 - PAF_2 * (1 - MF_{2/1})) \quad \text{equ. 12}$$

and a generalization for multiple pathways of R1 through other RFs:

$$PAF_{1..i} = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^n (1 - PAF_i * (1 - \prod_{j=1}^n (1 - MF_{i/j}))) \quad \text{equ. 13}$$



For every risk factor outcome pair, the matrix of possible mediations was calculated and used. In the example the matrix of mediation when we aggregate BMI, cholesterol, FPG, and SBP would be:

**Web Table 2. Example mediation matrix for BMI, cholesterol, FPG, and SBP**

	BMI	Cholesterol	FPG	SBP
BMI	0	0.111	0.148	0.296
Cholesterol	0	0	0	0
FPG	0	0	0	0
SBP	0	0	0	0

## Calculating mediation factor

### 1 – Comparing crude RR versus mediator-adjusted RR

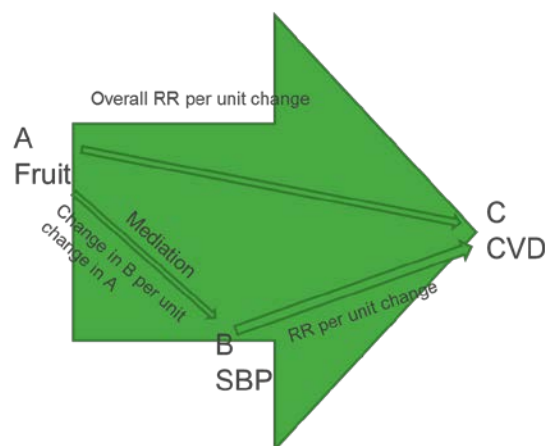
The best example is the mediation of BMI through SBP, FPG, and cholesterol reported by Danaei et al.<sup>25</sup> In their meta-analysis, they report the adjusted and unadjusted RR of BMI on IHD and stroke based on combined data from individual cohorts. They calculated the mediation factor using equation 4 and we used it directly as mediation factor in risk factor aggregation.

For some risk factor aggregations we just simply added PAFs. For example, the total burden of smoking including smoking and secondhand smoke is the sum of the estimates of the individual risks because we estimate the burden of secondhand smoke in non-smokers only.

### 2 – Estimating the mediation factor by pathway of the effect

For many other risk factors there are no data available to use the first method. Instead, we searched studies to estimate the effect of the risk factor (for example fruit) on the mediator (SBP) and finally the expected increase in IHD risk. We pooled available studies to calculate the unit increase in the mediator per unit increase in the risk factor to calculate the size of the IHD RR.

**Web Figure 2. Example of pathway between fruit, high systolic blood pressure, and cardiovascular diseases**



We have RRs for the effect of A on C and B on C in GBD from a meta-analysis of studies in the literature. The effect of A on B was estimated by analysis of diet trials.

$$RR_{ABC} = RR_{BC}^{\Delta_{AB}} \quad \text{equ. 14}$$



$RR_{ABC}$  is expected effect of A through B on C

$RR_{BC}$  is relative risk of each unit increase in mediator on outcome C

$\Delta_{AB}$  is change in mediator level B per each unit change in A

If  $RR_{AB}$  is the overall effect of A on B? then:

The mediation factor would be

$$MF = \frac{RR_{ABC}-1}{RR_{AB}-1} \quad \text{equ. 15}$$

We kept uncertainty of each parameter by generating and following 1,000 draws of the estimates to calculate 1,000 draws of the posterior distribution of the mediation factor. We did not include risk-mediator pairs if the mediation factor was not significant at 5% level (more than 50 out of 1,000 draws were negative). We truncated the mediation factor distribution at 1 where the whole effect of the risk factor on the outcome would be assumed to be through the mediator pathway.

Some mediation factors equal 1 where the whole effect was calculated through other risk factor e.g. the effect of sugar-sweetened beverages through BMI or salt through SBP or when we assumed other risk factors are sources of the exposure, for example fiber is provided by consuming fruit, vegetable, and whole grains.

#### Dietary risk factors

We searched for diet trials that reported change in SBP, cholesterol, and FPG by change in dietary risk factors, for example fruit and vegetables. We did a systematic search to find clinical trials that reported the baseline values or change in diet levels. We also searched for a list of important hypothetical mediations primarily through metabolic risk factors because of the great burden of metabolic risk factors and a need to aggregate and control for double-counting of the burden, especially for cardiovascular diseases (CVD).

Considering that outcome of metabolic changes such as SBP and cholesterol are measured objectively (compared with subjective measurements that might be affected by patient or physician knowledge about the intervention group), and there are no issues with blinding and analytical concerns like type of analysis (intention-to-treat or per-protocol), we think they provide a sufficient data on the short-term effect of diet on metabolic risk factors.

Long-term effects are more difficult to capture, given that there is little data available on long-term effects in the literature. Future analysis of cohort studies will be necessary to understand the long-term effects of diet on metabolic risk factors.

We modeled change in a given mediator (e.g. cholesterol) per unit change in diet components. The best possible approach would be controlling for other dietary changes, but it is not possible because of few data points and uncertainty levels for both diet and metabolic risk change. With a limited number of studies providing data points for the analysis and no access to micro-data from diet trials, it is not possible to control for other diet components.

In cases in which there were very few data points, such as for unsaturated fatty acids and trans fats, or if we could not find trials, mediations were excluded.. Also, BMI was excluded because our diet analyses are adjusted for a 2,000 calorie diet, thereby addressing mediation through BMI and obesity.

We did not include possible mediation/interaction of diet with many other risk factors and outcomes besides metabolic risks. Fruit and vegetables could have interaction with smoking and possibly air pollution on cancers, but we did not identify sufficient evidence for such an analysis. We assumed all effects of fiber are captured in fruit, vegetables, whole grain and nuts and seeds, so we assumed complete mediation.

In the case of fibre, the mediation is counted as one mechanism of producing covariance between risk factors, and the calculation depends on the concept and direction of mediation. To be consistent with the methodology employed in the GBD, we must aggregate and avoid double-counting of burden and we should control covariance. Covariance might be with or without interaction and mediation is one way of subsequent double-counting of the burden. We think that through mediation analysis we are able to quantify non-random and biologically plausible covariance and improve risk factor aggregation.

### Physical activity

We found cohort studies on the effect of physical activity on FPG. The data was more on the effect of physical activity on diabetes incidence, so we calculated the shift in FPG using the provided RR value. We used this to calculate the mediated part of effect of physical activity on CVD.<sup>74–80</sup>

### Air pollution

We looked for cohort and time series studies but the data were limited. We found only one study with the effect of last year average of particle pollution (PM) 2.5 on SBP, FPG and cholesterol.<sup>81</sup> However, the effects through FPG and cholesterol were bigger than the effect expected for that level of PM2.5, indicating significant overestimation of the mediation. We found time series studies with different PM2.5 lag (by day) that show very short-term and confounded effects. So we decided to add this when stronger evidence is available.

### Assumed mediations

For the risk factors with PAFs of 100% such as FPG and diabetes, low estimated glomerular filtration rate and chronic kidney disease, hypertension and hypertensive heart disease, alcohol and alcohol disorders, childhood underweight and protein-energy malnutrition, and childhood wasting and protein-energy malnutrition, and drug use and drug use disorders, no mediation is needed.

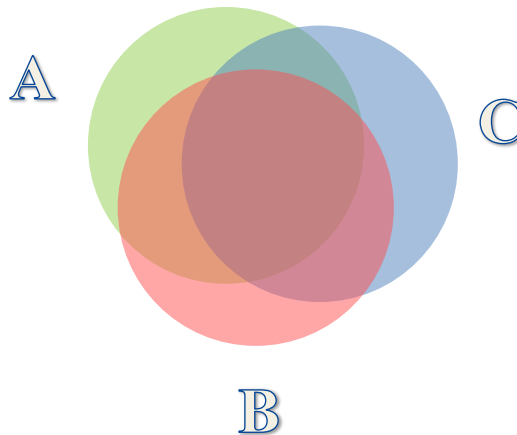
### 3 – Piecewise aggregation (Pattern 3)

There are three anthropometric indicators that are highly correlated: childhood underweight, stunting, and wasting, as demonstrated in Web Figure 3. Available RRs for each indicator are not adjusted for the other two because there is a high correlation between these indicators and also interaction where the majority of the burden occurs. Estimating the total burden due to undernutrition, a latent variable, is difficult. The three anthropometric indicators are not independent, so the covariance between them should be considered. This was the main reason that GBD 2010 only included childhood underweight. If covariance between these indicators is significant (as is shown in Web Figure 3), aggregating these indicators assuming independence would overestimate the total burden significantly.

To use the best available data, we adjusted observed RRs reported by Olofin et al for underweight, stunting and wasting by simulating the joint distribution of the three indicators using the distribution of each indicator and covariance between indicators in the countries included in the meta-analysis (extracted from Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) micro-data).<sup>82</sup> Based on the analysis done by McDonald et al, we assumed there is an interaction between the three indicators, and extracted the interaction terms from the corresponding analysis.<sup>83</sup> We calculated the adjusted RRs by minimizing the error between observed crude RRs (from meta-analysis) and expected crude RRs derived from adjusted RRs. To use the

best available data, we adjusted observed RRs reported by Olofin et al for underweight, stunting and wasting by simulating the joint distribution of the three indicators using the distribution of each indicator and covariance between indicators in the countries included in the meta-analysis (extracted from Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) micro-data).<sup>82</sup> Based on the analysis done by McDonald et al, we assumed there is an interaction between the three indicators, and extracted the interaction terms from the corresponding analysis.<sup>83</sup> We calculated the adjusted RRs by minimizing the error between observed crude RRs (from meta-analysis) and expected crude RRs from adjusted RRs, interaction terms, and joint distribution of the risk factors.

**Web Figure 3. Venn diagram demonstrating the correlation between childhood underweight, stunting, and wasting**



After adjusting for the three risk factors, we calculated the PAFs and aggregated underweight, stunting and wasting burden (equation 4).

#### Uncertainty of aggregated and mediated PAFs

We generated 1000 draws of posterior distribution of mediation factor calculated by different methods to use beside draws of other inputs to the PAF aggregation.

#### Important assumptions in aggregating risk factors and including mediation

1 – The mediation factors or PAF adjustments are similar across countries, age, sex, and years. While it is quite likely that the size of mediation is different in different populations, there is little data to inform the covariance between different risk factors or the mediation factor amount by age and countries. For example in some countries, the size of the mediated BMI-IHD PAF through cholesterol, calculated by the mediation factor, was even bigger than the total burden of cholesterol, indicating that less effect of BMI is mediated through cholesterol and mediation factors are not similar across countries.

2 – For many risk-mediator-outcome pairs, there are no data available, so we assumed the mediation is zero.

3 – Since the covariance between undernutrition indicators is different by countries (and across time, results were not reported), and there is an interaction between these indicators, the total burden might be underestimated.

4 – It is assumed that there is no significant covariance between PAFs, which might not be true between some risk factors such as between metabolic risk factors. While this overestimation is controlled by using adjusted RRs, using crude RRs for BMI and other metabolic risk factors may cause significant overestimation of aggregated metabolic risks burden.

## Appendix B: Risk Factor Modeling Strategies

### Environmental and occupational risks

#### Unsafe water, sanitation, and handwashing

For GBD 2013, we changed the definition of exposure, updated relative risks based on recently published meta-analyses to match new exposure definitions, and redefined the TMREL to estimate the burden of unsafe water and sanitation. The inclusion of handwashing as a new risk factor was another major change since GBD 2010. Due to changes in exposure definitions, as expected, GBD estimates of burden attributable to both unsafe water and sanitation are higher in 2013 compared to 2010. The addition of a whole new risk factor, handwashing, to the cluster has also led to higher estimates of attributable burden to the overall category of unsafe water, sanitation, and handwashing.

The GBD 2013 definition of unsafe water incorporates access to improved water facilities as well as household use of different water treatment techniques to improve water quality. Similarly, exposure to unsafe sanitation is defined by household access to sanitation facilities but includes the addition of a third category of exposure which is improved sanitation connected to sewer system to define minimum risk of exposure. Finally, exposure to unsafe handwashing was defined by lack of handwashing with soap and water after using a toilet or after contact with excreta (including children's excreta). Household level exposure defined by access to water and sanitation facilities were extracted from household surveys. Data on self-reported practice of point-of-use household water treatment and proportion of observed handwashing stations were also extracted from surveys and published literature when available. Exposure was modeled using a three-step modeling process which includes ST-GPR.

Relative risks corresponding to the newly defined exposure categories for unsafe water were calculated by assuming that the combined effect of water treatment and access to water facilities is multiplicative. Relative risks for unsafe sanitation and handwashing were updated based on newly published meta-regressions.<sup>12, 13</sup>

The TMREL for unsafe water changed from all households using an improved water source to all households having access to piped water supply and also filtering or boiling their water before drinking. For unsafe sanitation, the TMREL changed from all households using an improved toilet facility to all households having access to sewer connection. Finally, the TMREL for handwashing was defined as all households practicing handwashing with soap and water after using a toilet or after contact with excreta (including children's excreta).

PAFs were calculated using the equation for polytomous risks outlined in the Methods section of the Web Appendix.

#### Ambient particulate matter pollution and ambient ozone pollution

Exposure is drawn from estimates of annual concentration of PM<sub>2.5</sub> – generated by combining data from atmospheric chemistry transport models and satellite observations of aerosols in the atmosphere. Modeled concentrations are then calibrated against observations from ground-level monitoring of particulates in more than 75 countries. This calibration is done by spatially matching the gold-standard ground data to the corresponding data from transport and satellite modelling. After controlling for measures of data quality in the ground monitor data, the resulting relationship is quantified and used to predict ground monitor data globally. The ground-level data is a source of major change since GBD 2010 as it has been augmented via literature review, web scraping, and contact with experts worldwide.

Relative risks are generated using integrated exposure curves that are fit to available epidemiological data using a Bayesian Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) approach and a modified power function. The integrated exposure curves are estimated based on published relative risks for ambient air pollution, household air pollution, secondhand smoking, and active smoking exposure. The concentration of particulate matter for each type of exposure is estimated based on literature values and used to map the relative risks to a curve generated for the entire range of exposure values. One slight deviation from GBD 2010 was that studies were added for adult pneumonia from active smoking cohort studies, leading to the addition of this cause-outcome pair being reflected in final burden estimates for all types of particulate matter exposure.

The relative risks are generated on the grid-level based on estimated exposure, and then applied to generate PAFs. These PAFs are aggregated by population to create national-level estimates of attributable burden. One final change to the process is a slight modification to the TMREL, which comes from the minimum and 5% concentration of particulate matter in an aggregate of cohort studies. Several studies were deemed to no longer fit the inclusion criteria and were removed from the analysis...

### Household air pollution

The methodology used to estimate the burden of household air pollution from solid fuels has remained largely unchanged since GBD 2010. The major change in methodology compared to 2010 was in the exposure modeling step where we opted to use a three-step ST-GPR strategy instead of a mixed-effect linear model to generate the time series for all country years included in the analysis.

Exposure to household air pollution was defined as the proportion of households using solid cooking fuels. Data on household use of solid fuels were extracted from nationally representative household surveys. Fuels such as coal, wood, charcoal, dung, and agricultural residues are classified as solid fuels in our analysis. Primarily, data sources included in the exposure database were population representative surveys such as DHS, Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), Living Standards Measurement Study (LSMS), national censuses etc. Additional country-specific data sources have also been added for subnational provinces in China and federal states in Mexico. Exposure was modeled using a three-step ST-GPR process.

Relative risks were extracted and applied for IHD, CVD, lower respiratory infections (LRI), lung cancer, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), and cataracts. Similar to GBD 2010, the relative risks applied to cataract, COPD, and lung cancer were determined using direct epidemiological evidence. These relative risks were updated using estimates from newly published meta-analyses (Smith et al 2014).<sup>84</sup>

When direct evidence was not available for outcomes like IHD, CVD and LRI, we used risk ratios generated from integrated exposure curves. The integrated exposure curves were rerun with the addition of updated meta-regressions and newly available studies. Relative risks were then re-extracted from newly generated exposure curves. To utilize evidence from integrated exposure curves, PM 2.5 mapping values were generated for all country-years using a meta-analysis of published studies that measured PM 2.5 levels associated with household use of solid cooking fuels.

PAFs were calculated using the equation for polytomous risks outlined elsewhere in the methods section of the Web Appendix.

## Residential radon

There has been moderate change to the methodology to estimate radon exposure. New data were added and the modelling process was updated by shifting it from a nested random effects model to ST-GPR.

Radon exposure is determined using values curated by an expert group. These values are taken from a variety of sources including literature, government agencies, and monitoring stations. Their methodology is then inspected to determine if they are robust enough to be considered the country-level averages. This dataset was updated for GBD 2013 by adding new data points. The database is then modeled using ST-GPR to generate estimates for all country years. Previously, a simple nested random effect models was used to create these predictions. The RR and TMREL are both taken from literature values that were not updated for GBD 2013.

## Lead exposure

There has been significant change to the methodology to estimate lead exposure. A literature review was conducted to update the exposure dataset, to include new studies and those missed by previous reviews. Global exposure was previously modelled using age-integrating Bayesian hierarchical modelling (DisMod-MR). The modelling process was updated for GBD 2013 by shifting to ST-GPR methodology. This allowed for estimates of all country-age-sex-year groups for single years instead of five year periods. This approach improved the granularity of estimates for bone lead, which requires back-estimation of previous blood lead to calculate a cumulative blood lead index.

Exposure to lead is determined using values extracted from literature regarding blood lead. The blood lead database for GBD 2010 was augmented with an updated literature review for the years 2008-2013. This combined approach yielded 1,573 usable data points from 332 different studies, which spanned the years 1964 to 2013. More than 400 new data points were added, including 337 for children and 102 country-years. The update for children is particularly relevant since blood lead impacts child IQ. The database of literature values was modelled for data-sparse countries using ST-GPR. These values were used as blood lead exposure. The second pathway of burden is related to bone lead exposure, which was estimated by calculating a cumulative blood lead index for cohorts using estimated blood lead over their lifetime. The cumulative blood lead index is then used to estimate bone lead using a scalar defined by the literature.

The TMREL is taken from literature estimates of pre-industrial blood lead in humans. The blood lead relative risks were taken from a 2005 pooled analysis that was updated for GBD 2010. The bone lead relative risks were taken from a 2008 meta-analysis that was updated for GBD 2010. Neither of these effect sizes were modified for GBD 2013.

## Occupational risks

Methods used to estimate the burden of occupational risks has remained largely unchanged except for occupational injuries and asbestos. For occupational injuries, the major change in methodology compared to GBD 2010 was in modeling rates of fatal injuries which are used to calculate PAFs directly. In GBD 2010, these rates were modeled by three broad groups of industries: agriculture, manufacturing, and service. However, for GBD 2013, injury rates have been modeled by the most detailed level of industry provided by the International Labor Association (ILO) fatal injury database. Furthermore, instead of using a three-step modeling strategy using ST-GPR, the strategy for this round was to use a linear mixed effects model to estimate rates of injury by industry type with nested random effects by region and country. Compared to GBD 2010 where burden of all unintentional injury outcomes were attributed to all industries, in this round of GBD, burden attribution by industry was done for a custom set of injuries that



have been selected for each industry a priori based on expert group consultation. This change in methodology led to lower estimates of overall burden of occupational injuries in GBD 2013 compared to 2010.

The method used to estimate the burden of asbestos is different compared to all other carcinogens. We use the Peto-Lopez method to estimate the cumulative exposure to asbestos using data on mesothelioma deaths in a smoking impact ratio analogue.<sup>17,26</sup> While the same methodology was used in GBD 2010, the input of mesothelioma deaths in the general population by country, age, and sex is different as it is now modeled using ensemble modeling after its addition to the list of causes analyzed for GBD 2013.

In the absence of direct measures of exposure to occupational risk factors, except for occupational asbestos, we estimated exposures for most of these risks by using data on the composition of a country's workforce by industries or occupations or by relying on rate of injuries for each industry over time. This data was obtained from the ILO database which are derived from censuses, national labor forces surveys, insurance records, and administrative records. For 2013, we updated our exposure models by using the newly downloaded datasets from the ILO database for all occupational risks. Relative risks were updated where newly published studies were available. Trichloroethylene was added to the list of occupational carcinogens to be consistent with published evidence (Kelsh et al 2010).<sup>85</sup> The published meta-analysis shows a causal association between occupational exposure to trichloroethylene and kidney cancer.

PAFs were calculated using the equation for polytomous risks outlined in the methods section of the Web Appendix for all occupational risks except for occupational injuries.

## Behavioral risks

### Suboptimal breastfeeding

Methods used to estimate the burden of suboptimal breastfeeding in 2013 has undergone limited changes since GBD 2010. A substantial portion of the update in the exposure model involved adding new data sources that are primarily nationally representative household survey data. Relative risks and TMREL used in the analysis have also remained the same. The only other notable change in the exposure modeling step was the choice of modeling exclusive, predominant, and partial breastfeeding as proportions of any breastfeeding to ensure that the sum of these three types of feeding in children under the age of 6 months do not exceed the envelope of all children receiving some breastfeeding in the same age group.

Exposure data sources are largely population representative survey series such as DHS, MICS, LSMS, and other national nutrition surveys. Additional data sources have also been added for subnational locations for China and Mexico. Data on exclusive, partial, predominant, and any breastfeeding were extracted for children under the age of 6 months from nationally representative household surveys. Similarly, data on continued breastfeeding was extracted from survey for children of age 6-23 months. Exposure was modeled using a three-step modeling process which includes ST-GPR.

Relative risks for LRI were updated based on the publication of a new meta-analysis assessing the risk of suboptimal breastfeeding (Lamberti et al 2013).<sup>4</sup> Given the lack of sufficient evidence to determine a causal association between suboptimal breastfeeding and enteric fevers, we excluded typhoid and paratyphoid fevers from the list of outcomes paired with both non-exclusive and discontinued breastfeeding previously. This was done after consultation with expert groups who helped assess the strength of evidence regarding the causal relationship between all risk factors associated with typhoid and paratyphoid fevers.



PAFs were calculated using the equation for polytomous risks outlined in the methods section of the Web Appendix.

### Childhood underweight, wasting, and stunting

Compared to GBD 2010 there has been little change in the methodology used to estimate exposure of childhood underweight. However, childhood wasting, and stunting are new additions to the risk factors list for GBD 2013. The burden attributable to childhood stunting and childhood wasting were assessed but not reported in GBD 2010. As a result, although they are included as new risks the methodology used to estimate exposure to both childhood stunting and wasting has remained unchanged and is similar to that of childhood underweight.

One major update in the exposure model for all three risks (underweight, stunting, and wasting) involved adding new data sources which are largely nationally representative household surveys. Additional data sources have also been included for subnational provinces in China and states in Mexico. Exposure data was extracted from household surveys such as DHS, MICS, nutrition surveys, and other survey with child anthropometry data. First, we modeled the prevalence of children aged 0-59 months who fall below 2SDs of the median weight-for-age, height-for-age, or weight-for-height growth curves of the 2006 World Health Organization (WHO) reference population. This was modeled using a three-step modeling process which includes ST-GPR.

The risk of childhood underweight, stunting, and wasting depend on the severity level of undernutrition. To generate exposure estimates for varying levels of severity we used input data and performed a linear regression of the logit-transformed prevalence of malnutrition in all three severity levels against the logit-transformed prevalence of underweight, stunting, and wasting below -2SD. This model was then used to predict the fraction of children under the age of 5 who fall in each of the severity categories for all three childhood under nutrition risks (underweight, stunting, and wasting).

Relative risks for all three childhood undernutrition risks were updated based on a newly published study that conducted a pooled cohort analysis (Olofin et al).<sup>82</sup> Malaria and enteric fevers are no longer included in the list of outcomes paired with childhood underweight, stunting, and wasting given the lack of sufficient evidence to determine a causal association.

For GBD 2010, we assumed a TMREL based on the WHO 2006 growth standard. For GBD 2013, the TMRELs for underweight, stunting, and wasting where all children under the age of 5 are above -1SD of the WHO 2006 standard weight-for-age, height-for-age, and weight-for-height curves respectively.

PAFs for all three childhood under nutrition risks were calculated using the same formula used for all polytomous risks in GBD 2010.

### Iron deficiency

Please see “Global, regional, and national incidence, prevalence, and YLDs for 301 acute and chronic diseases and injuries for 188 countries, 1990-2013: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2013” for a detailed description of the estimation process and data sources (Vos et. al, 2015).<sup>5</sup>

### Vitamin A deficiency

The modeling strategy to estimate vitamin A deficiency exposure is similar to that of the GBD 2010. We obtained data from the WHO database on vitamin A deficiency and added new data from the literature, the expert group and three demographic and health surveys. The data were modeled in DisMod-MR 2.0 with a study level covariate indicating whether the data were at the national or subnational level, and two

country level covariates (i.e., malnutrition proportion and vitamin A supplementation coverage). Vitamin A supplementation coverage is a newly added covariate to take into account the vitamin A supplementation interventions. The meta-analysis for the relative risk was also updated by including two new studies.<sup>86,87</sup>

## Zinc deficiency

Some methodological changes have been made in GBD 2013 to estimate childhood zinc deficiency. Estimates were previously taken from literature and then modelled using a mixed effects model. Through consultation with the expert group, the method is now conducted at IHME and has been updated with new Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) data and a more advanced equation to predict zinc absorption based on estimated diet components. The meta-analysis for the relative risk was also updated by the inclusion of two new studies.

Exposure to zinc deficiency is estimated using the United Nations (UN) FAO Food Balance Sheets. These sheets present data on the amount of kilocalories available for human consumption of 95 different food commodities. Using a composite index generated by the expert group, it was possible to estimate the amount of zinc and phytate in the average diet at the country level. Phytate is a substance in food that limits zinc absorption. Using an equation defined by literature, the average total absorbed zinc was estimated based on the ratio of zinc to phytate in a country diet. An assumption of normal distribution with an SD of .25 is then used to estimate the percent of the population that would fall below the recommended zinc intake. The RR is defined from clinical trials after adjustment for background zinc estimates that come directly from the GBD process. The TMREL is no zinc deficiency and was not updated for GBD 2013.

## Smoking

For modelling burden attributable to tobacco smoking, we used the smoking impact ratio (SIR) developed by Peto and colleagues for cancers, chronic respiratory disease, pneumonia and interstitial lung disease. The SIR can be defined as the population lung-cancer mortality in excess of never-smokers, relative to excess lung-cancer mortality in a known reference group of smokers. This is then adjusted to account for differences in the baseline never-smoker lung-cancer mortality rates across populations.

In GBD 2010, we used the American Cancer Society Cancer Prevention Study, Phase II (CPS-II) for the reference population for all countries except China, Japan, Korea, Singapore, and Brunei Darussalam. For these countries, never-smoker lung-cancer mortality rates came from 13 large Asian cohort studies. In GBD 2013, we expanded the countries for which we applied different non-smoker lung cancer mortality rates to include all countries in the Asia-Pacific high-income, East Asia, South Asia, and Southeast Asia regions.

Relative risks for SIR and disease outcomes were updated to reflect Kontis et al (2014) re-analysis of CPS-II smokers using Cox proportional hazard models.<sup>88</sup>

In GBD 2013, we used 5-year lagged smoking prevalence for all CVD outcomes, TB, diabetes and asthma, for which tobacco exposure has more short-term effects. This was changed from a 10-year lagged smoking prevalence, which was used in GBD 2010. The adjustment in lag time is informed by literature that demonstrates the much shorter impact of smoking on development of these disease outcomes, and conversely, the fast-acting risk reduction accompanied by quitting smoking (Unal et al 2003).<sup>89</sup>

## Secondhand smoke

The estimation strategy for burden attributable to secondhand smoke (SHS) was updated for both exposure and relative risk. Exposure to secondhand smoke was modeled in DisMod-MR 2.0 for GBD 2013, whereas it was modeled using ST-GPR for GBD 2010. Exposure levels reflect prevalence of tobacco smoke inside the home among non-smokers (ex-smokers and occasional smokers were considered non-smokers). Study-level fixed effects were used to adjust data points with the following alternative case definitions: exposure to secondhand smoke exposure at home and/or work (rather than exposure inside the home only), living with a smoker (i.e. study asked respondent whether their spouse smokes or their parent(s) smoke), or if the prevalence figure includes exposure to tobacco smoke outdoors as well as indoors).

Country-specific relative risks are generated using integrated exposure curves that are fit to available epidemiological data using a Bayesian MCMC approach and a modified power function. The integrated exposure curves are estimated based on published relative risks for exposure to ambient air pollution, household air pollution and secondhand tobacco smoke, as well as active smoking. The concentration of particulate matter for each type of exposure is estimated based on literature values and used to map the relative risks to a curve generated for the entire range of exposure.

GBD 2013 SHS PAF estimates for 1990 are similar to GBD 2010 estimates, but PAF estimates for 2010 are lower in this round of GBD than GBD 2010 PAF estimates. This is because a much larger body of data sources were added, especially for recent years, in addition to a global trend toward smoking outside the home.

## Alcohol use

As stated in the main text, we have updated our alcohol per-capita estimates using ST-GPR and DisMod-MR 2.0 to map survey data onto country-level consumption data. Furthermore, we developed new estimates for current drinkers, lifetime abstainers, former drinkers, binge drinkers and binge times by tabulating survey information from available nationally representative sources (or subnationally representative when appropriate) and then using the results to inform DisMod-MR 2.0 models. Through DisMod-MR 2.0, we produce estimates for every GBD age, sex, year, and country combination. For the three mutually exclusive categories (abstainers, former drinkers, current drinkers), the results were squeezed so that the three proportions would sum up to one. This is required because each model was processed independently (e.g. we could not enforce a ceiling of summation to one between the three models) as well as differing information levels/quality between the categories. Binge drinkers (the proportion of drinkers that have had a binge event in the last year) and binge times (proportion of days that a binger has a binge event) were calculated in a similar way (e.g. survey tabulation and DisMod-MR) but were not squeezed as these are independent of the other categories. A binge event is defined as consuming 48 grams of alcohol in a single occasion for females and 60 grams of alcohol in a single occasion for males.

Additional changes not listed in the main text include updates to the relative risks and PAF modeling procedure for ischemic stroke and ischemic heart disease.

We also changed the relative risks and PAF modelling procedures for several causes in Russia, Belarus, and Ukraine. These changes were informed by the results of recent cohort study.<sup>90</sup>

In our injuries modeling, we have discontinued using a scalar to derive the PAF of injury mortality from injury morbidity as the component studies did not meet our revised requirements of representativeness for inclusion in the modeling process. A scalar to derive the female PAF for motor vehicle accidents from the

male PAF was similarly discontinued. These are now calculated separately in concordance with other risk factors.

## Drug use

The modeling strategy for injecting drug use exposure did not change, but the methodology for calculating PAFs for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), Hepatitis C and Hepatitis B changed substantially.

The proportion of HIV attributable to drug use was modeled in DisMod-MR 2.0 as a proportion of newly diagnosed cases of HIV that were acquired from injecting drugs. This data came from the following sources: UNAIDS, European Centre for Disease Prevention, The Kirby Institute (AUS) and Gouws et al. 2006.<sup>91</sup> The following three broad routes of HIV transmission were modeled in DisMod-MR 2.0: all sexual transmission, injecting drug use and “other” (excluding cases of unknown origin). The model outputs of these three portions are then re-scaled to sum to 100%, and the scaled results for proportion of HIV transmitted by intravenous drug use by country, year, age and sex are used directly as the PAF of HIV due to injecting drug use.

PAFs on Hepatitis B (HBV) and Hepatitis C (HCV) prevalence due to injecting drug use were calculated using a cumulative risk approach, whereby the history of ever injecting drugs, and the accumulated associated risk of incident HCV or HBV due to injecting drug use, relative to the overall risk of HCV or HBV infection at the population level was estimated in birth cohorts for each country from 1960 to 2013. We start accumulating risk in 1960 because we assume there was no injecting drug use prior to this date. This method required a time series of the following from 1960-2013 for each GBD country, year and 5 year age group: prevalence of ever injecting drug use, incidence of acute HCV/HBV, and a pooled absolute risk of HCV/HBV among ever-injecting drug users. The pooled absolute risk for HCV and HBV came from a meta-analysis of longitudinal epidemiological studies that reported a HCV or HBV seroconversion rate among injecting drug users (excluded studies focusing on recent injectors/adolescents or reinfection). The denominator of the PAF was the cumulative overall incidence of HCV/HBV after age 15 (assume no injecting drug use prior to this age). The numerator of the PAF was the cumulative incidence of HCV/HBV attributable to injecting drug use, calculated as the product of the PAF on HCV/HBV incidence and the incidence rate of acute HCV/HBV.

$$\frac{\text{Cumulative incidence due to IDU}}{\text{Cumulative incidence overall}} = \frac{1 - \prod_{a=15}^{a=n} (1 - P_{ay} * R)}{1 - \prod_{a=15}^{a=n} (1 - I_{ay})} \quad \text{equ. 16}$$

Where:

$I$  = annual incidence rate of Hepatitis B or Hepatitis C

$a$  = age (15-84)

$y$  = year (1960-2013)

$P$  = prevalence of ever-injecting drug use

$R$  = pooled absolute risk of Hepatitis C or Hepatitis B among those who have ever used injecting drugs

## Dietary risk factors

Exposure data from dietary surveys are used for all dietary risk factors. For milk, nuts and seeds, red meat, seafood omega-3 fatty acids, vegetables, and whole grains, data from the UN FAO food balance sheets were also used as direct model input data, whereas in GBD 2010 FAO data was used in these models as country-level covariates. We additionally updated our method for adjusting dietary sodium data to the level of gold-standard, urinary sodium data for our sodium model. For trans-fatty acids, we updated our method for adjusting industry data on partially hydrogenated vegetable oil to the level of gold-standard dietary survey data for trans-fatty acid consumption.

DisMod-MR 2.0 was used to model patterns of dietary intake for all dietary risk factors. DisMod-MR 2.0 uses a cascade approach which enabled us to estimate consistent values of dietary intakes for multiple levels of location hierarchy (global, super region, region, and country), which are rescaled by local data. There were only two levels of estimation in DisMod-MR 1.0, used in GBD 2010.

A new approach is used to generate uncertainty of DisMod-MR 2.0 draws. The new method models the relationship between standard deviation and mean and uses fixed effects on each dietary risk factor and super-region.

Relative risks were updated for several risk-outcome pairs. New approaches were used to generate relative risks for sodium and sugar-sweetened beverages, which are mediated through systolic blood pressure and BMI, respectively. Diabetes was added as a new outcome for diet low in nuts and seeds and mouth, larynx, and pharynx cancers were removed as outcomes for diet low in vegetables.

TMREs for dietary risk factors are drawn using a uniform distribution from between upper and lower bounds of optimal intake derived from the literature and national recommendations on consumption for each dietary item.

## Childhood sexual abuse

The estimation strategy for burden attributable to childhood sexual abuse did not change substantially, but we produced estimates for 1990 and 1995, which was not done for GBD 2010. In addition, we estimated exposure in DisMod-MR 2.0 separately for males and females, since we observed little correlation between the prevalence of child abuse among females and males, and modeling both sexes together was causing unreasonable estimates in countries where we only had data for one sex. An updated literature review was conducted for publications on prevalence and these results were also incorporated into the exposure models. The associated health outcomes and effect sizes were not changed.

## Intimate partner violence

The estimation strategy for burden attributable to intimate partner violence (IPV) did not change substantially, but we produced estimates for 1990 and 1995 in GBD 2013, which was not done for GBD 2010. We also added HIV/AIDS as an outcome in response to bolstered causal evidence from the following two prospective studies:<sup>92,93</sup>

The pooled relative risk for HIV came from a meta-analysis of these two studies. PAFs on HIV prevalence due to IPV were calculated using a cumulative risk approach whereby the history of exposure to IPV and the accumulated associated risk of incident HIV due to IPV, relative to the overall risk of HIV infection at the population level was estimated in birth cohorts for each country from 1980 (genesis of HIV epidemic) to 2013. This required a time series of the following from 1980-2013 for each GBD country, year and 5 year age group: IPV prevalence, HIV incidence, the proportion of HIV incidence that

is from sexual transmission and not commercial sex work (CSW), and a pooled incidence rate ratio for the risk of incident HIV, given exposure to IPV. The denominator of the PAF was the cumulative overall incidence of HIV after age 15 (assume no IPV exposure prior to this age). The numerator of the PAF was the cumulative incidence of HIV attributable to IPV, calculated as the product of the PAF on HIV incidence and the sexually transmitted/non-CSW HIV incidence rate.

$$\frac{\text{Cumulative HIV incidence due to IPV}}{\text{Cumulative HIV incidence overall}} = \frac{1 - \prod_{a=0}^{a=n} (1 - PAF_{ay} * I_{ay})}{1 - \prod_{a=0}^{a=n} (1 - I_{ay})} \quad \text{equ. 17}$$

Where:

I = annual incidence rate of HIV

a = age (15-84)

y = year (1980-2013)

$$PAF_{HIV \text{ incidence}} = \frac{[Prevalence \text{ of IPV}]_{ay} * (IRR - 1)}{[Prevalence \text{ of IPV}]_{ay} * (IRR - 1) + 1} \quad \text{equ. 18}$$

## Unsafe sex

Unsafe sex has been added as a new risk factor for GBD 2013, after difficulty fitting this risk into the exposure/relative risk framework used in GBD 2010. For GBD 2013, we model unsafe sex using a categorical approach to circumvent the challenges of fitting this risk factor into an exposure-relative risk framework and instead directly model population attributable fractions due to unsafe sex for our outcomes of interest.

Unsafe sex is defined in GBD 2013 as the risk of disease due to sexual transmission. The definition of our theoretical minimum is no exposure to a disease agent through sex.

The outcomes associated with unsafe sex that we include are: all sexually transmitted diseases, cervical cancer, and HIV.

For cervical cancer and all sexually transmitted diseases (STD), the fraction attributable to unsafe sex is set to 1.

For HIV, the following approach is used: Data on the proportion of newly diagnosed HIV cases attributed to sexual, injection drug use, and other routes of transmission are extracted from literature sources, primarily UNAIDS Country Progress Reports and governmental epidemiological records. The proportion of HIV attributable to unsafe sex is modeled in DisMod-MR 2.0. The DisMod-MR 2.0 output is prepped and the resulting PAF is directly applied to HIV burden to determine the fraction attributable to unsafe sex.

## Low physical activity

The estimation strategy for burden attributable to low physical activity changed considerably for both exposure and relative risk. We used the same activity level categories for GBD 2013 as we did in GBD 2010 (inactive (<600 metabolic equivalent of task (MET)-min/wk), low active (600-3,999 MET-min/wk), moderately active (4,000-7,999 MET-min/wk), highly active (>=8,000 MET-min/wk)).

However, we changed the “gold standard” case definition from the Global Physical Activity Questionnaire (GPAQ) to the International Physical Activity Questionnaire (IPAQ), due to concern that the GPAQ was not adequately capturing “domestic” housework and yard activity. An empirical

comparison between the World Health Survey (IPAQ) and the WHO Study on Global AGEing and Adult health (SAGE) (GPAQ) showed significantly lower activity levels assessed using GPAQ as compared to IPAQ for females in low income countries. We calculated an adjustment factor to apply to GPAQ surveys for females only (since the difference between questionnaire activity level estimates were not significantly different for men). A regression was fitted to the data from nationally representative surveys that used either GPAQ or IPAQ for each activity category, where the dependent variable was the logit of the proportion in the relevant activity level and the main independent variable was an interaction between super region and survey (1=GPAQ, 0=IPAQ), with fixed effects for age categories and a country level random effect.

We also adjusted non-nationally-representative urban and rural data points. We constructed an urbanicity covariate that is equal to 1 for urban data points, 0 for rural data points and the proportion urban for the country for nationally representative data points. The dependent variable was the logit of the proportion in the relevant activity level and the main independent variable is an interaction between sex and urbanicity, with fixed effects for age categories and a country level random effect.

After crosswalking the activity proportions, we estimated the proportion in each of these four groups using six separate DisMod-MR 2.0 models. We use six models rather than four to accommodate the different MET-minute/week cutoffs presented in tabulated data sources where individual unit record data was not available.

- Model A (inactive) <600 MET-min/week
- Model B (low, moderate or high activity)  $\geq$  600 MET-min/week
- Model C (low active) 600- 3999 MET-min/week
- Model D (moderately or highly active)  $>$  4000 MET-min/week
- Model E (moderately active) 4000-7999 MET-min/week
- Model F (highly active)  $\geq$  8000 MET-min/week

Since the threshold for inactivity is consistently less than 600 MET-minutes/week, the vast majority of tabulated data was broken down into proportion inactive (model A) and proportion low, moderate or highly active (model B). Since we had the most data for models A and B, we rescaled the sum of the proportion in each category to be equal to one. Next we rescaled the sum of model C and D to be equal to the rescaled value from model B. Then we rescaled the sum of models E and F to be equal to the rescaled value from model D. After these three rescales we were left with a proportion for each of the four categories that all sum to 1.

The health outcomes associated with low physical activity were not changed, but updated relative risks were generated for each health outcome: breast cancer, colon cancer, diabetes, IHD, and stroke. A systematic review of epidemiological literature was conducted for each health outcome, and effect sizes from relevant studies were pooled using Bayesian meta-regressions to generate a continuous risk curve for each outcome. Epidemiological papers were prepped for analysis by Bayesian meta-regression by converting the activity level associated with the relative risk to total marginal MET hours of activity per week. To convert recreational or occupational METs to total marginal METs, log-log ordinary least squares regression was performed on available unit record exposure data that used the GPAQ. Since the GPAQ captures activity in each domain separately, this allowed mapping from domain-specific metrics to total marginal activity. The regression was applied to the MET-minutes/week cutoffs for the activity categories in relative risk papers that reported MET-minutes/week or were converted directly to MET-minutes/week, resulting in estimated total marginal weekly activity for each relative risk level.



When relative risks were reported in the literature based on low, moderate and high activity categories, these were mapped to the physical activity exposure distribution to generate estimates of total marginal activity for each activity level category. To do so, a percentile cutoff was assigned to each activity category reported by a study based on the percentage of the study population falling into that activity category. A percentile value was also assigned to each GBD 2013 MET cutpoint (600 MET-min/week, 3999 MET-min/week, 8000 MET-min) based on the estimated exposure distributions. Within each activity category, exposure was estimated to be uniformly distributed, allowing every possible MET value to be assigned a percentile cutoff. Percentiles from the relative risk studies were mapped to those assigned to the physical activity exposure distribution and the corresponding MET value was assigned as the cutoff for each relative risk category. After exposure metrics were standardized to MET-minutes/week for each study, Bayesian meta-regressions were used to generate continuous risk curves for each outcome.

Age-specific relative risks were generated for cardiovascular outcomes by linearly extrapolating the natural log of the relative risk to equal 1 at age 110, whereby the dependent variable is the  $\ln(RR)$  and the independent variable is the mean or median age of study participants (i.e. mean or median age at baseline, whichever is reported, plus average years of follow-up/2, pooled across all component studies to get a single age midpoint for each outcome).

## Metabolic risks

### High fasting plasma glucose

For cardiovascular disease, epidemiological studies have shown that relative risks associated with high fasting plasma glucose (FPG) decline with the  $\log(RR)$  having an approximately linear relationship with age, approaching a value of 1 between the ages 100 and 110. Thus we estimated age-specific RRs of FPG for cardiovascular outcomes using DisMod-MR 2.0 meta-regressions of pooled epidemiological studies with  $\log(RR)$  as the dependent variable and median age at event as the independent variable with an intercept at age 110. Morbidity and mortality directly caused by diabetes was considered directly attributable to FPG. The main difference between 2010 and 2013 was the use of DisMod-MR 2.0 meta-regression instead of linear regression to impute for GBD age groups.

### High total cholesterol

We estimated age-specific RRs of cholesterol for IHD using DisMod-MR 2.0 meta-regressions of pooled epidemiological studies with  $\log(RR)$  as the dependent variable and median age at event as the independent variable with an age intercept ( $RR = 1$ ) at age 110. For total cholesterol and ischemic stroke, a similar approach was used, except that there was no age intercept at age 110, due to the fact that there was no statistically significant relationship between total cholesterol and stroke after age 70 with a mean  $RR$  less than one. We assumed that there is not a protective effect of high cholesterol and therefore did not include an  $RR$  for 80+.

### High systolic blood pressure

Relative Risks for chronic kidney disease are from the Renal Risk Collaboration meta-analysis of 2.7 million individuals in 106 cohorts. For other outcomes, we used data from two pooled epidemiological studies: the Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC) and the Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). For cardiovascular disease, epidemiological studies have shown that the  $RR$  associated with SBP declines with age, with the  $\log(RR)$  having an approximately linear relationship with age and reaching a value of 1 between the ages of 100 and 120. We used DisMod-MR 2.0 meta



regressions of pooled epidemiological studies to estimate age-specific RRs of SBP for cardiovascular outcomes.

In order to be consistent with the relative risk values, we adjusted the variance of systolic blood pressure for regression dilution bias. Measurement error in BMI is not significant and micro-data were unavailable for these adjustments for FPG and cholesterol.<sup>94–96</sup> Two main sources of error include measurement error, which is estimated by multiple measurements in one visit, and temporal noise, which represents variation across time, for example, between days, seasons, and years. It is assumed that measurement and other sources of noise (referred to here as temporal), attenuate the effect size of systolic blood pressure on cardiovascular disease. This is corrected for by converting blood pressure to the “usual” value, taking out the measurement error and temporal variation. We estimated the proportion of measurement error and temporal variation using a mixed effect analysis on individual records with multiple measurement in five studies including National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, China Longitudinal Healthy Longevity Survey, Indonesia Family Life Survey, Philippines Cebu Longitudinal Health and Nutrition Survey, Mexican Family Life Survey, and China Health and Retirement Longitudinal Survey.<sup>97–102</sup> In order to control for an aging effect in follow-up time, we included a fixed effect indicating age at the time of systolic blood pressure measurement in addition to sex:

$$y_{ijrt} = \beta_1 * sex_i + \beta_j * Ind(age_j) + \varepsilon_i + \varepsilon_r + \varepsilon_t \quad \text{equ. 19}$$

i.. n: individual participants

$y_{ijrt}$  :  $i^{\text{th}}$  measurement of SBP individual  $i$ ; at age  $j$ ; at time (year)  $t$

$sex_i$  = Individual  $i$ 's gender (indicator variable for sex)

$\beta_1$  : Fixed effect coefficient for sex

$\beta_j$  = fixed effect coefficient for age  $j$

$\varepsilon_i$  : Individual error (between individual variance)

$\varepsilon_r$  : Random effect across multiple measurements nested in each individual (intra-individual)

$\varepsilon_t$  : Random effect across time nested in each individual (temporal)

Measurement error, represented by the variance of  $\varepsilon_r$ , significantly varies across studies. Fortunately, the measurement error has already been controlled for because the majority of surveys report the average of multiple measurements for SBP. The size of temporal source variance compared to the total variance minus measurement error was quite stable across studies and was used for estimating variance to get the variance of the usual level. We corrected the standard deviation of SBP exposure distribution by multiplying the square root of the proportion of temporal variance to total variance after taking out the measurement error for each site and used the average of age-specific values across different studies as a universal correction multiplier to standard deviation of SBP distribution for very country, sex, and year.

$$\text{Correction factor} = \text{average} \left( \left( \frac{\text{var}(\varepsilon_t)}{\text{var}(\varepsilon_t) + \text{var}(\varepsilon_i)} \right)^{1/2} \right) \quad \text{equ. 20}$$

The final correction values are printed in Web Table 7 which, summarizes the relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor for each outcome.

## High body-mass index

For high body-mass index (BMI) modelling in GBD 2013, we disaggregated relative risks by menopausal status and region because there has been evidence that a differential impact is playing out (Bhaskaran et al; Renehan et al).<sup>45,64</sup> These studies have found that BMI has a protective effect for breast cancer in pre-menopausal women in non-Asian regions, but has a positive association in post-menopausal women. In Asia-Pacific, BMI did not have a protective effect in pre-menopausal women and the association was stronger in this region for both pre- and post-menopausal women. Thus, we calculated region-specific relative risks for women ages 25-50 (pre-menopausal) and women ages 50-80+ (post-menopausal).

In addition, we conducted our own meta-analysis to update the relative risks for BMI and all of the site-specific cancers from GBD 2010. In our meta-analysis, we included all of the component studies included in Renehan et al's 2008 meta-analysis, as well as Bhaskaran et al's large UK cohort study.<sup>45,64</sup> In addition to updating the relative risks for the existing site-specific cancers, we also looked at five additional cancers (liver, cervix, ovarian, leukemia and thyroid). Cervical cancer was ultimately excluded due to a paucity of studies. Ovarian, leukemia, thyroid and liver cancers were all added as outcomes and the relative risks included a combination of component studies from existing meta-analyses and large cohort studies.

## Low bone mineral density

In GBD 2013, low bone mineral density (BMD) is a continuous variable measured by dual-x-ray-absorptiometry (DXA) at femoral neck (FN) and is presenting in g/cm<sup>2</sup> after standardizing for the brand of densitometer. Several changes happened in the strategy of estimation of attributable burden to low bone mineral density:

First, we used 980 data points in 2013, which was higher than 2010 (860 data points). We had data points from all regions except Andean Latin America, Central Sub-Saharan Africa, Eastern Sub-Saharan Africa and Oceania.

Second, four main changes happened in the estimation strategy.

In GBD 2010, only fractures due to “falls” were considered as the outcome of low bone mineral density. However, low BMD can increase risk, multiplicity and complexity of fractures even in high impact trauma. So, we generalized fracture outcomes to the following list of mechanisms of injuries:

Cause name
Transport injuries
Road injuries
<i>Pedestrian road injuries</i>
<i>Cyclist road injuries</i>
<i>Motorcyclist road injuries</i>
<i>Motor vehicle road injuries</i>
<i>Other road injuries</i>
Other transport injuries
Falls
Exposure to mechanical forces
Other exposure to mechanical forces

Animal contact
Non-venomous animal contact
Interpersonal violence
Assault by other means
Exposure to forces of nature

We recalculate relative risks per 0.1 g/cm<sup>2</sup> decrease in BMD from the Johnell's meta-analysis to cover all 40 years or older individuals and to reflect all kinds of fractures instead of the osteoporotic fractures.<sup>103</sup> The definition of osteoporotic fractures is vague and is mainly based on clinical impression.

For the TMREL, we used the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile of age-sex subgroups of the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) III studies between 2005-2010 data instead of 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles used in GBD 2010 (Sánchez-Riera et al. 2014).<sup>104</sup> This is specifically important in older ages when a large percentage of people experience low bone mineral density and even a 90<sup>th</sup> percentile is not necessarily enough to protect people from osteoporotic fractures.

In GBD 2010, deaths from falls that involved hip or vertebra fractures were considered as attributable to low BMD. Those with a mention of concurrent head or internal injury were excluded. In GBD 2013, deaths from the extended cause list (see above) that involved hip, femur, vertebra, pelvis, skull and sternum and/or ribs were attributed to low BMD. We excluded those deaths if were concurrent with other life-threatening injuries including moderate or severe traumatic brain injury (TBI), long term sequelae for TBI, severe chest Injury, internal hemorrhage in abdomen or pelvis, crush injury, multiple crashes, amputation of lower or upper limbs, drowning, asphyxiation, acute poisoning, burns  $\geq 20\%$  total body surface area or  $\geq 10\%$  total body surface area if head/neck or hands/wrist involved and lower airway burns.

### Low glomerular filtration rate

Age-specific relative risks for outcomes of ischemic heart disease, stroke, and peripheral vascular disease were calculated for low glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) using combined cohort (14 cohorts, n = 135,484) random effects meta-analysis. RRs per exposure categories of GFR  $<15\text{ml/min/1.73m}^2$ ,  $15\text{--}30\text{ml/min/1.73m}^2$ , and  $30\text{--}60\text{ml/min/1.73m}^2$  were determined. Relative risks were adjusted for traditional Framingham risk factors of age, gender, total cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein, diabetes mellitus status, smoking history, and systolic blood pressure. The TMREL risk of  $\text{eGFR} > 60\text{ml/min/1.73m}^2$  was based on epidemiological studies indicating increased risk of cardiovascular events secondary to GFR decline to occur below this threshold. RRs for gouty arthritis secondary to reduced GFR exposure were extracted from epidemiological studies.

Changes were also made to the eGFR relative risk model. To be consistent with other risk-CVD outcome pairs included in GBD, we wanted to create RRs that were age specific such that at age 110, there was no excess risk. We decided to do a meta-regression with a slope for each eGFR category, using age-specific data from the original studies. Originally, the meta-regression had been shifted by 110, forcing the regression line through the origin. With a small number of data points, this was especially problematic for peripheral vascular disease (PVD), where our predicted values were extremely high, especially among the younger age groups.

Rather than shifting the line by 110, we instead connected the line through an x-intercept at 110 with a small amount of uncertainty. This new meta-regression model fit the raw data much better than it had previously, especially for PVD. Although we are still faced with the limitations of very little data related to eGFR and the various CVD outcomes, this meta-regression model is much improved.

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## Appendix C: Supplemental Material and Detailed Results for Risk Factors

Web Table 3. GBD 2013 risk factor modeling strategies and the main type of data sources used to estimate exposure levels

Web Table 4. Deaths and DALYs for all ages and both sexes combined for each risk-outcome pair

Web Table 5. Citations for all sources used for estimating risk factor exposure organized by country

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Web Figure 4a. Global DALYs attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 1990 for males

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Web Figure 4c. Global DALYs attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 1990 for both sexes combined

Web Figure 4d. Global DALYs attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2013 for males

Web Figure 4e. Global DALYs attributed to Level 2 risk factors for 2013 for females

Web Figure 4f. Global DALYs attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2013 for both sexes combined

Web Table 3: GBD 2013 risk factor modeling strategies and the main type of data sources used to estimate exposure levels

Risk factor	Model type	Main data source for exposure
All risk factors		
Environmental/occupational risks		
Unsafe water, sanitation, and handwashing		
Unsafe water source	Spatio-temporal Gauissian process regression (ST-GPR)	Population surveys and censuses
Unsafe sanitation	ST-GPR	Population surveys and censuses
No handwashing with soap	ST-GPR	Population surveys, censuses, and epidemiological studies
Air pollution		
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Regression crosswalk between grid-level fusion of satellite/chemical transport models and ground level monitoring data	Atmospheric chemical transport models and satellite measurements of aerosols in the atmosphere
Household air pollution from solid fuels	ST-GPR	Population surveys and censuses
Ambient ozone pollution	Chemical transport model	Atmospheric chemical transport models
Other environmental risks		
Residential radon	ST-GPR	Literature review
Lead exposure	ST-GPR	Literature review
Occupational risks		
Occupational carcinogens	ST-GPR	
Occupational exposure to asbestos	ST-GPR	GBD cause-specific mortality data for mesothelioma, epidemiological studies
Occupational exposure to arsenic	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to benzene	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to beryllium	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to cadmium	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to chromium	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to secondhand smoke	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to nickel	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to silica	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys, censuses, and international information system on occupational exposure to carcinogens
Occupational asthmagens	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys and censuses
Occupational particulate matter, gases, and fumes	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys and censuses
Occupational noise	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys and censuses, industry-based surveys of noise exposure



Risk factor	Model type	Main data source for exposure
Occupational injuries	Mixed effect regression	International Labor Organization injury database
Occupational ergonomic factors	ST-GPR	Labor force surveys and censuses
<b>Behavioral risks</b>		
<b>Child and maternal malnutrition</b>		
Suboptimal breastfeeding		
<i>Non-exclusive breastfeeding</i>	ST-GPR	Population surveys
<i>Discontinued breastfeeding</i>	ST-GPR	Population surveys
Childhood undernutrition		
<i>Childhood underweight</i>	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
<i>Childhood wasting</i>	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
<i>Childhood stunting</i>	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
Iron deficiency	Mixed effect regression	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
Vitamin A deficiency	DisMod-MR 2.0	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
	Mixed effect regression based on stunting prevalence and dietary composition	
Zinc deficiency		FAO food balance sheets
<b>Tobacco smoke</b>		
Smoking	Smoking Impact Ratio (SIR) estimated from lung cancer	Mortality data including vital registration and verbal autopsy
Secondhand smoke	DisMod-MR 2.0	Household surveys and national health surveys
<b>Alcohol and drug use</b>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alcohol consumption per capita obtained from the FAO and the WHO Global Information System on Alcohol and Health (GISAH)</li> <li>ST-GPR used to integrate the data and to derive coherent time series for each country</li> <li>Prevalence of current alcohol drinkers, lifetime abstainers, former drinkers, and binge drinkers estimated using DisMod-MR 2.0</li> <li>DisMod-MR 2.0 used to estimate the relative sex- and age-specific pattern of alcohol consumption in current drinkers</li> </ul>	
Alcohol use		Population surveys, alcohol sales, production, and other economic statistics
		Systematic review of published literature, reports from governments and international organizations, which include data from: school surveys, population surveys, registration data, and indirect estimates of prevalence
Drug use	DisMod-MR 2.0	
<b>Dietary risks</b>		
Diet low in fruits	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet low in vegetables	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
		Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet low in whole grains	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet low in nuts and seeds	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
		Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet low in milk	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet high in red meat	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet high in processed meat	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet low in fiber	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet suboptimal in calcium	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys, FAO food balance sheets
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet high in trans fatty acids	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
Diet high in sodium	DisMod-MR 2.0	Nutrition and health surveys
<b>Sexual abuse and violence</b>		
		Systematic review of published literature, national health surveys, violence-specific surveys
Childhood sexual abuse	DisMod-MR 2.0	
Intimate partner violence	DisMod-MR 2.0	Systematic review of published literature, national health surveys, violence-specific surveys
		UNAIDS country progress reports, disease surveillance reports
<b>Unsafe sex</b>	DisMod-MR 2.0	

Risk factor	Model type	Main data source for exposure
Low physical activity	DisMod-MR 2.0	Surveys of the adult population that capture reported frequency, duration and intensity of physical activity undertaken in the past seven days across all domains of life (work, transport, recreation or house/yard work)
<i>Metabolic risks</i>		
High fasting plasma glucose	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
High total cholesterol	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
High systolic blood pressure	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
High body-mass index	ST-GPR	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
Low bone mineral density	DisMod-MR 2.0	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies
Low glomerular filtration rate	DisMod-MR 2.0	Examination surveys and epidemiological studies

Web Table 4: Deaths and DALYs for all ages and both sexes combined for each risk-outcome pair								
	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
All risk factors: All causes	25,085 (24,385 - 25,821)	30,839 (29,719 - 31,949)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.6% (-1.0% - 2.0%)	1,035,987 (980,813 - 1,092,478)	996,554 (927,157 - 1,072,340)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-3.8% (-6.0% - -1.8%)
Group I	7,353 (6,972 - 7,727)	5,187 (4,899 - 5,505)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-4.7% (-7.6% - -1.8%)	547,887 (514,092 - 580,392)	323,954 (298,989 - 354,574)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.3% (-12.1% - -5.0%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	777 (645 - 912)	1,595 (1,468 - 1,789)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	53.8% (40.2% - 72.7%)	29,078 (24,319 - 34,024)	70,342 (64,928 - 77,910)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	60.5% (45.8% - 79.6%)
Tuberculosis	549 (433 - 667)	471 (372 - 574)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	11.6% (4.9% - 19.5%)	17,424 (13,686 - 21,187)	15,877 (12,439 - 19,436)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.7% (6.7% - 24.9%)
HIV/AIDS	228 (177 - 304)	1,124 (1,055 - 1,243)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	1.0% (-1.9% - 3.8%)	11,654 (9,127 - 15,433)	54,465 (50,874 - 60,242)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.6% (-3.4% - 3.9%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	22 (16 - 31)	71 (57 - 89)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	1.1% (-1.8% - 4.0%)	1,112 (813 - 1,541)	3,439 (2,798 - 4,259)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	1.4% (-2.6% - 4.7%)
HIV/AIDS other	205 (159 - 274)	1,053 (984 - 1,166)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	1.1% (-1.8% - 3.9%)	10,542 (8,305 - 13,886)	51,026 (47,553 - 56,520)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.6% (-3.4% - 3.9%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	5,718 (5,386 - 6,018)	3,022 (2,800 - 3,256)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.1% (-13.7% - -8.0%)	409,983 (383,749 - 432,935)	174,020 (159,366 - 188,651)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-5.9% (-9.2% - -2.2%)
Diarrheal diseases	2,540 (2,369 - 2,707)	1,212 (1,095 - 1,328)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-2.6% (-3.8% - -1.9%)	177,794 (164,286 - 191,997)	71,320 (63,526 - 79,006)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-1.0% (-1.8% - -0.6%)
Intestinal infectious	235 (126 - 392)	205 (109 - 341)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.5% (0.1% - 5.5%)	16,870 (9,186 - 27,935)	14,240 (7,816 - 23,527)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	2.2% (-0.1% - 5.0%)
Typhoid fever	174 (92 - 289)	153 (82 - 256)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	12,420 (6,689 - 20,527)	10,599 (5,760 - 17,493)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)
Paratyphoid fever	61 (32 - 104)	52 (28 - 88)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	4,449 (2,365 - 7,648)	3,641 (1,966 - 6,167)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)
Lower respiratory infections	2,545 (2,350 - 2,738)	1,540 (1,379 - 1,675)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.8% (-19.2% - -14.5%)	181,344 (165,704 - 195,858)	82,870 (74,640 - 91,338)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-10.1% (-12.2% - -8.1%)
Upper respiratory infections	0 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.5% (-57.7% - 44.3%)	59 (29 - 105)	41 (18 - 75)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-31.6% (-61.1% - -5.6%)
Otitis media	1 (1 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-59.1% (-66.2% - -51.1%)	160 (113 - 223)	61 (38 - 96)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-54.3% (-61.2% - -46.9%)
Measles	397 (218 - 650)	64 (32 - 116)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.4% (-15.2% - 1.7%)	33,757 (18,529 - 55,244)	5,487 (2,711 - 9,911)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.5% (-15.2% - 1.3%)
Maternal disorders	30 (14 - 46)	18 (8 - 27)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-23.8% (-29.8% - -17.9%)	1,769 (799 - 2,664)	1,041 (456 - 1,593)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-25.4% (-31.4% - -19.4%)
Maternal hemorrhage	19 (7 - 29)	10 (4 - 16)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.0% - -8.1%)	1,077 (420 - 1,663)	592 (222 - 940)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.6% (-15.3% - -8.4%)
Maternal sepsis	9 (3 - 14)	5 (2 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-11.1% (-14.9% - -7.9%)	504 (199 - 782)	311 (113 - 497)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.2% - -8.1%)
Maternal abortive	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.7% (-20.6% - 1.2%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.6% (-21.7% - -1.6%)
Nutritional deficiencies	569 (476 - 702)	409 (314 - 506)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.5% (-19.1% - -6.8%)	84,866 (68,501 - 104,367)	65,646 (51,393 - 83,533)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-1.0% (-2.5% - 0.5%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Vitamin A deficiency	--	--	--	--	199 (129 - 294)	154 (99 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Iron-deficiency anemia	213 (144 - 309)	183 (122 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	51,438 (37,289 - 69,754)	43,748 (30,849 - 61,398)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other group I	258 (156 - 397)	143 (89 - 215)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.0% (-30.6% - -3.0%)	22,190 (13,322 - 34,020)	12,904 (8,132 - 19,070)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-8.2% (-20.6% - 4.1%)
STDs	258 (155 - 396)	142 (88 - 214)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	22,162 (13,286 - 33,988)	12,857 (8,080 - 19,013)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Syphilis	251 (147 - 389)	137 (82 - 209)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	20,927 (12,046 - 32,771)	11,325 (6,635 - 17,485)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chlamydia	1 (1 - 2)	1 (1 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	535 (362 - 817)	692 (455 - 1,065)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Gonorrhea	3 (2 - 4)	2 (2 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	282 (220 - 373)	314 (229 - 438)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Trichomoniasis	--	--	--	--	78 (31 - 167)	114 (45 - 243)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Genital herpes	--	--	--	--	213 (68 - 517)	312 (98 - 749)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other STDs	2 (2 - 3)	2 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	127 (106 - 149)	101 (86 - 121)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hepatitis	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	108.1% (68.3% - 164.2%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	102.1% (57.8% - 157.0%)
Hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	112.1% (61.2% - 202.6%)	10 (4 - 18)	16 (7 - 25)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	119.8% (63.3% - 216.5%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	45.3% (9.7% - 90.2%)	18 (5 - 40)	32 (10 - 68)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (7.3% - 80.7%)
Non-communicable	16,821 (16,254 - 17,401)	24,378 (23,355 - 25,368)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.8% (-2.6% - 0.8%)	436,084 (407,579 - 466,121)	609,753 (559,061 - 660,027)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.3% (-5.5% - -1.2%)
Neoplasms	2,556 (2,363 - 2,746)	3,684 (3,390 - 3,943)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.2% (-4.4% - 0.2%)	62,454 (57,545 - 67,041)	81,945 (75,643 - 88,098)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-5.4% - -0.2%)
Esophageal cancer	190 (149 - 229)	277 (221 - 339)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.2% (-0.6% - 10.0%)	4,544 (3,579 - 5,479)	6,136 (4,872 - 7,562)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.2% (-2.6% - 7.7%)
Stomach cancer	382 (248 - 515)	417 (260 - 575)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-8.5% - 4.7%)	8,964 (5,867 - 12,039)	8,638 (5,597 - 11,929)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.2% (-7.9% - 2.6%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Liver cancer	198 (174 - 227)	334 (283 - 387)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.0% (-4.3% - 7.5%)	5,254 (4,566 - 6,144)	8,559 (7,229 - 9,961)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.6% (3.6% - 17.1%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	31 (20 - 45)	67 (45 - 91)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	41.0% (21.3% - 60.2%)	990 (631 - 1,440)	1,946 (1,304 - 2,626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	43.0% (18.6% - 66.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	29 (22 - 36)	159 (133 - 188)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.6%)	43.7% (29.3% - 61.4%)	830 (642 - 1,008)	4,216 (3,519 - 4,954)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	42.0% (26.0% - 63.2%)
Liver cancer alcohol	123 (114 - 133)	92 (85 - 100)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,992 (2,754 - 3,226)	1,980 (1,813 - 2,190)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Liver cancer other	15 (10 - 21)	15 (10 - 21)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	24.1% (8.2% - 39.0%)	442 (291 - 623)	417 (278 - 570)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	24.5% (3.8% - 43.3%)
Larynx cancer	25 (18 - 31)	29 (22 - 37)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.5% (-2.7% - 4.2%)	670 (487 - 807)	721 (539 - 917)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.3% (-3.2% - 4.5%)
Lung cancer	905 (860 - 945)	1,373 (1,286 - 1,457)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.8% (-5.2% - -0.6%)	21,294 (20,044 - 22,330)	28,623 (26,664 - 30,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.9% (-6.4% - -1.4%)
Breast cancer	73 (62 - 86)	108 (91 - 123)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.9% (-1.6% - 4.8%)	1,940 (1,649 - 2,271)	2,786 (2,376 - 3,195)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.3% (-2.4% - 4.6%)
Cervical cancer	196 (163 - 212)	236 (202 - 258)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,093 (5,106 - 6,693)	6,915 (5,774 - 7,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Uterine cancer	15 (12 - 18)	26 (21 - 32)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.3% (10.3% - 21.5%)	373 (298 - 459)	629 (491 - 777)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.0% (13.2% - 27.1%)
Prostate cancer	15 (5 - 29)	28 (9 - 54)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.0% (-20.8% - 18.9%)	241 (84 - 460)	434 (159 - 841)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-17.8% - 17.8%)
Colorectal cancer	291 (263 - 319)	460 (414 - 507)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.6% (-0.8% - 2.3%)	6,387 (5,751 - 7,020)	9,334 (8,338 - 10,318)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.1% (-1.5% - 1.4%)
Mouth cancer	46 (40 - 53)	70 (57 - 80)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.7% (-10.3% - 0.3%)	1,287 (1,108 - 1,481)	1,856 (1,483 - 2,152)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.0% (-12.7% - -1.5%)
Nasopharynx cancer	27 (22 - 32)	31 (25 - 37)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.5% (-5.3% - 8.1%)	878 (717 - 1,053)	947 (772 - 1,141)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.2% (-7.2% - 8.3%)
Other pharynx cancer	18 (13 - 21)	30 (21 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.4% (-1.0% - 10.4%)	513 (384 - 611)	835 (579 - 1,009)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.1% (-2.3% - 8.8%)
Gallbladder cancer	19 (13 - 27)	24 (16 - 33)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.7% (-2.5% - 9.8%)	387 (257 - 539)	461 (303 - 644)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.6% (0.0% - 11.8%)
Pancreatic cancer	48 (40 - 56)	82 (65 - 98)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-16.1% - -4.1%)	1,090 (905 - 1,265)	1,628 (1,299 - 1,948)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.0% (-19.8% - -9.5%)
Ovarian cancer	4 (1 - 7)	7 (2 - 12)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.8% (-12.6% - 9.0%)	97 (25 - 176)	157 (34 - 288)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.2% (-13.5% - 10.8%)
Kidney cancer	26 (21 - 30)	44 (35 - 53)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-1.4% (-5.0% - 2.4%)	633 (508 - 742)	987 (789 - 1,175)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.1% (-6.1% - 3.7%)
Bladder cancer	38 (29 - 47)	44 (32 - 55)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.2% (-18.0% - -7.2%)	795 (613 - 971)	770 (574 - 974)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.5% (-22.8% - -14.0%)
Thyroid cancer	2 (2 - 3)	4 (2 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.6% (6.8% - 20.2%)	57 (37 - 81)	95 (60 - 133)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.3% (8.8% - 23.0%)
Mesothelioma	11 (9 - 15)	25 (20 - 30)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.3% (3.2% - 17.0%)	238 (174 - 308)	514 (401 - 626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	14.3% (6.3% - 25.2%)
Leukemia	26 (19 - 35)	38 (27 - 50)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.6% (-1.5% - 11.7%)	718 (512 - 938)	920 (674 - 1,211)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.9% (0.7% - 22.7%)
Cardiovascular diseases	10,798 (10,335 - 11,252)	15,340 (14,581 - 16,071)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.1% (-0.4% - 0.6%)	214,230 (204,065 - 223,745)	288,783 (272,106 - 304,839)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.0% (1.2% - 2.6%)
Rheumatic heart disease	122 (67 - 202)	98 (54 - 161)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	5.1% (-4.6% - 14.2%)	3,422 (1,946 - 5,489)	2,843 (1,653 - 4,574)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	6.0% (-7.4% - 15.6%)
Ischemic heart disease	5,432 (4,957 - 5,817)	7,679 (6,915 - 8,245)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-1.1% - -0.3%)	105,290 (96,244 - 112,288)	142,050 (128,538 - 153,485)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.2% (-0.4% - 0.5%)
Cerebrovascular disease	4,062 (3,699 - 4,406)	5,668 (5,180 - 6,280)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.7% (-1.5% - -0.1%)	78,554 (71,847 - 85,278)	102,227 (93,308 - 112,079)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.2% (0.7% - 1.7%)
Ischemic stroke	1,892 (1,635 - 2,109)	2,790 (2,381 - 3,094)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.8% (-1.9% - -0.0%)	30,474 (26,199 - 34,241)	42,545 (36,183 - 47,065)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.2% (-0.6% - 0.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	2,170 (1,891 - 2,412)	2,878 (2,566 - 3,390)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.4% (-1.8% - 0.5%)	48,080 (42,746 - 53,082)	59,682 (53,633 - 68,339)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.0% (1.2% - 2.8%)
Hypertensive heart disease	622 (526 - 784)	1,069 (850 - 1,242)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12,257 (10,399 - 15,467)	19,248 (15,498 - 22,588)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cardiomyopathy	153 (111 - 205)	253 (184 - 333)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.2% (-0.2% - 12.6%)	3,779 (3,002 - 4,891)	6,553 (4,985 - 8,088)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.5% (1.2% - 19.3%)
Atrial fibrillation	19 (16 - 22)	67 (53 - 83)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-7.2% (-12.2% - -2.8%)	609 (481 - 756)	1,269 (1,019 - 1,535)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.6% (-7.6% - -2.0%)
Aortic aneurysm	65 (48 - 82)	92 (66 - 118)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.1% (-9.4% - -3.0%)	1,273 (971 - 1,555)	1,727 (1,317 - 2,123)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.6% (-5.6% - -2.0%)
Peripheral vascular	11 (10 - 13)	27 (23 - 32)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-4.6% (-8.1% - -1.6%)	222 (184 - 273)	428 (361 - 505)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-2.3% (-4.1% - -0.7%)
Endocarditis	24 (17 - 34)	37 (26 - 50)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.3% (-0.8% - 6.3%)	613 (457 - 843)	944 (676 - 1,199)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.0% (-1.3% - 11.9%)
Other cardiovascular	288 (239 - 336)	349 (299 - 419)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.3% (-3.0% - 3.3%)	8,211 (6,861 - 9,612)	11,493 (9,407 - 14,256)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.5% (5.8% - 11.4%)
Chronic respiratory	1,733 (1,480 - 1,966)	2,090 (1,772 - 2,390)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.1% (-16.0% - 10.7%)	42,393 (36,556 - 48,718)	49,775 (42,191 - 57,978)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.8% (-14.1% - 9.0%)
COPD	1,569 (1,312 - 1,787)	1,927 (1,617 - 2,210)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.0% (-13.3% - 16.1%)	36,525 (30,747 - 42,321)	44,082 (36,779 - 51,794)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.5% (-14.2% - 11.9%)
Pneumoconiosis	10 (6 - 15)	8 (5 - 12)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.6% (-39.3% - -3.7%)	257 (147 - 383)	174 (103 - 265)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-43.4% - -7.1%)
Silicosis	3 (2 - 5)	2 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.6% (-31.1% - 4.5%)	80 (46 - 125)	47 (26 - 72)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-21.5% (-37.4% - -3.6%)
Asbestosis	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 2)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.1% (-22.2% - 20.5%)	33 (19 - 50)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.0% (-33.7% - 3.9%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Coal workers	2 (1 - 3)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-45.2% - -9.5%)	47 (28 - 72)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.8% (-47.4% - -11.3%)
Other pneumoconiosis	4 (2 - 6)	3 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.2% (-46.2% - -0.4%)	98 (51 - 155)	69 (40 - 108)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-27.8% (-49.2% - -0.7%)
Asthma	134 (104 - 197)	118 (96 - 160)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.8% (-18.9% - -1.7%)	5,103 (4,097 - 6,842)	4,893 (3,901 - 6,338)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.2% (-16.9% - -5.3%)
Interstitial lung disease	15 (9 - 20)	30 (20 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-4.0% (-34.2% - 28.5%)	303 (183 - 407)	444 (311 - 625)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.9% (-42.3% - 0.5%)
Other chronic respiratory	5 (3 - 6)	6 (4 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-36.3% - 26.3%)	205 (142 - 288)	182 (119 - 266)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-32.8% - 4.7%)
Cirrhosis	451 (404 - 490)	704 (613 - 778)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.8% - 8.0%)	13,776 (12,269 - 14,992)	20,892 (17,933 - 23,189)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.8% (2.0% - 10.4%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis B	59 (36 - 78)	97 (54 - 127)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (7.9% - 33.0%)	1,945 (1,177 - 2,556)	2,954 (1,613 - 3,882)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.3% (5.1% - 33.2%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis C	82 (65 - 97)	180 (151 - 207)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	32.2% (21.3% - 46.2%)	2,657 (2,172 - 3,091)	5,465 (4,630 - 6,241)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.0% (18.8% - 44.6%)
Cirrhosis alcohol	292 (276 - 307)	384 (356 - 415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8,521 (7,986 - 8,992)	10,886 (9,929 - 11,927)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cirrhosis other	17 (11 - 24)	43 (22 - 60)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	35.2% (11.1% - 59.4%)	654 (402 - 879)	1,586 (768 - 2,231)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	48.0% (17.8% - 77.1%)
Digestive diseases	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	62.8% (24.6% - 95.5%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.8% (37.4% - 105.6%)
Pancreatitis	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.4% (2.8% - 40.4%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.3% (7.5% - 43.1%)
Neurological disorders	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.9% (-31.4% - -8.4%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-17.0% - -2.6%)
Epilepsy	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-4.6% - 21.1%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-6.1% - 13.9%)
Mental & substance use	165 (137 - 216)	266 (214 - 310)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.1% (1.6% - 11.7%)	28,559 (22,124 - 35,653)	39,808 (31,414 - 49,008)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-8.2% - -2.8%)
Alcohol use disorders	112 (84 - 165)	139 (90 - 179)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10,008 (7,837 - 12,989)	12,772 (9,873 - 16,401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Drug use disorders	53 (48 - 64)	127 (111 - 136)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	11,295 (8,653 - 14,121)	17,953 (14,164 - 21,969)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Opioid use	18 (16 - 22)	51 (43 - 54)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,558 (3,322 - 5,980)	8,136 (6,171 - 10,486)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cocaine use	2 (2 - 3)	4 (4 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	888 (624 - 1,207)	1,200 (851 - 1,619)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Amphetamine use	2 (2 - 2)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1,652 (1,072 - 2,340)	2,117 (1,388 - 2,987)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cannabis use	--	--	--	--	323 (213 - 470)	396 (261 - 576)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other drug use	31 (26 - 37)	68 (60 - 73)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3,873 (3,030 - 4,750)	6,104 (5,006 - 7,312)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Depressive disorders	--	--	--	--	6,630 (4,337 - 9,425)	8,651 (5,598 - 12,435)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.7% (-17.4% - -13.8%)
Major depression	--	--	--	--	5,608 (3,583 - 8,200)	7,342 (4,653 - 10,602)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.4% - -13.5%)
Dysthymia	--	--	--	--	1,022 (656 - 1,477)	1,309 (840 - 1,898)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.9% (-18.6% - -15.2%)
Intellectual disability	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-32.6% (-37.8% - -27.5%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	1,093 (1,025 - 1,139)	2,256 (2,091 - 2,368)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	4.2% (0.3% - 6.1%)	47,539 (41,359 - 54,199)	89,020 (76,351 - 102,299)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	6.5% (-1.0% - 10.2%)
Diabetes	684 (653 - 711)	1,299 (1,235 - 1,375)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28,251 (24,073 - 33,069)	55,833 (46,375 - 66,809)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chronic kidney disease	409 (364 - 433)	956 (813 - 1,034)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	19,288 (16,786 - 21,934)	33,187 (28,461 - 37,316)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Diabetes CKD	46 (35 - 55)	173 (139 - 209)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,357 (1,926 - 2,829)	5,939 (5,015 - 6,940)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hypertensive CKD	120 (92 - 145)	276 (197 - 337)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,777 (3,849 - 5,644)	7,986 (6,336 - 9,234)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	99 (85 - 115)	116 (93 - 144)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5,526 (4,817 - 6,299)	6,126 (5,138 - 7,171)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other CKD	143 (115 - 168)	391 (297 - 452)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,628 (5,608 - 7,657)	13,135 (10,821 - 14,993)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	20,137 (14,026 - 27,438)	29,510 (20,506 - 40,192)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.1% (-10.1% - -5.8%)
Osteoarthritis	--	--	--	--	2,607 (1,708 - 3,677)	5,177 (3,388 - 7,256)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.1% (11.2% - 15.4%)
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	17,514 (11,861 - 24,335)	24,307 (16,360 - 33,572)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.1% (-13.0% - -8.7%)
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	17,514 (11,861 - 24,335)	24,307 (16,360 - 33,572)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-12.8% - -10.1%)
Gout	--	--	--	--	16 (10 - 22)	26 (17 - 36)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.6% (-9.1% - -0.7%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	5,473 (3,619 - 7,765)	7,737 (5,021 - 10,999)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.6% (-10.0% - 8.9%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	5,473 (3,619 - 7,765)	7,737 (5,021 - 10,999)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.1% (-9.6% - 1.3%)
Cataract	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-47.8% - 57.1%)
Other hearing loss	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-6.0% - -0.9%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Injuries	911 (848 - 984)	1,274 (1,177 - 1,382)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	14.9% (7.8% - 20.8%)	52,017 (47,450 - 57,134)	62,847 (56,869 - 69,483)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.6% (6.8% - 22.9%)
Transport injuries	372 (339 - 411)	544 (487 - 602)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.9% (2.8% - 11.4%)	21,688 (19,392 - 24,422)	27,824 (24,778 - 31,315)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.5% (2.8% - 12.7%)
Road injuries	358 (326 - 397)	530 (473 - 587)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.1% (2.7% - 10.1%)	20,654 (18,490 - 23,152)	26,796 (23,897 - 30,211)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.0% (3.1% - 11.7%)
Pedestrian road injuries	105 (89 - 128)	174 (144 - 206)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.1% (6.5% - 14.2%)	5,355 (4,492 - 6,571)	7,507 (6,167 - 9,022)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.5% (8.9% - 18.5%)
Cyclist road injuries	19 (16 - 23)	29 (23 - 34)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.3% (4.6% - 12.9%)	1,157 (974 - 1,379)	1,478 (1,227 - 1,745)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.9% (2.6% - 12.2%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	76 (62 - 91)	109 (87 - 130)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.2% (7.4% - 16.9%)	4,678 (3,876 - 5,596)	6,053 (4,915 - 7,138)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12.8% (8.1% - 17.6%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	154 (134 - 174)	215 (186 - 248)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-4.8% - 3.0%)	9,255 (8,128 - 10,490)	11,633 (10,151 - 13,233)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.4% (-5.6% - 3.2%)
Other road injuries	5 (3 - 7)	3 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-7.8% (-26.1% - 12.8%)	209 (132 - 294)	125 (98 - 161)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-7.3% (-30.2% - 19.1%)
Other transport injuries	14 (11 - 19)	14 (11 - 17)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.0% (-24.4% - 17.1%)	1,034 (827 - 1,347)	1,028 (828 - 1,285)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.3% (-22.7% - 16.6%)
Unintentional injuries	260 (235 - 294)	379 (329 - 424)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.7% (4.5% - 33.8%)	16,830 (14,603 - 19,473)	19,002 (16,344 - 22,400)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	10.5% (-4.3% - 24.0%)
Falls	127 (114 - 150)	244 (193 - 270)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-1.0% - 8.0%)	8,730 (7,229 - 10,464)	11,261 (9,177 - 13,668)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.3% (-14.3% - -1.2%)
Drowning	47 (38 - 57)	47 (38 - 67)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	23.1% (-0.7% - 48.3%)	2,450 (2,005 - 2,956)	2,226 (1,807 - 3,143)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	31.0% (0.5% - 65.5%)
Fire & heat	24 (19 - 31)	26 (20 - 32)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	21.4% (-8.8% - 53.2%)	1,219 (953 - 1,634)	1,204 (968 - 1,514)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	25.6% (-10.9% - 66.7%)
Poisonings	17 (14 - 24)	14 (10 - 17)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-7.1% (-19.5% - 10.6%)	794 (669 - 1,104)	584 (417 - 732)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-3.2% (-18.5% - 20.7%)
Mechanical forces	27 (24 - 34)	34 (29 - 40)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	23.3% (-12.9% - 53.9%)	2,546 (2,128 - 3,061)	2,783 (2,317 - 3,373)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	18.8% (-16.2% - 47.0%)
Unintentional firearm	8 (6 - 10)	8 (6 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	5.5% (-19.3% - 31.4%)	410 (326 - 562)	399 (309 - 514)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-15.9% - 36.6%)
Unintentional suffocation	1 (1 - 1)	2 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	291.7% (43.7% - 491.7%)	41 (29 - 55)	93 (70 - 180)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	340.2% (39.5% - 583.7%)
Other mechanical forces	19 (16 - 24)	24 (20 - 28)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.6% (-13.5% - 12.3%)	2,094 (1,720 - 2,560)	2,291 (1,876 - 2,822)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-14.2% - 5.4%)
Animal contact	4 (2 - 7)	2 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-21.0% (-66.1% - 42.5%)	224 (126 - 421)	147 (99 - 240)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-16.2% (-60.3% - 41.0%)
Venomous animal	3 (1 - 6)	1 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.2% (-76.2% - 62.2%)	145 (67 - 315)	75 (40 - 153)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-22.0% (-74.8% - 70.1%)
Non-venomous animal	1 (1 - 1)	1 (1 - 1)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-22.5% (-45.9% - 4.0%)	78 (57 - 111)	72 (56 - 96)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.0% (-43.0% - 6.2%)
Foreign body	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-37.3% - 51.5%)	109 (76 - 157)	140 (95 - 205)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (-25.3% - 79.6%)
Pulmonary aspiration	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.2% (-37.5% - 53.9%)	90 (59 - 136)	118 (74 - 181)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	24.9% (-26.7% - 92.2%)
Foreign body in eye	--	--	--	--	4 (2 - 6)	4 (2 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-11.8% (-36.8% - 22.9%)
Other foreign body	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-24.8% (-58.6% - 28.4%)	15 (11 - 23)	17 (12 - 25)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.0% (-45.0% - 31.5%)
Other unintentional	12 (9 - 16)	10 (7 - 13)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-30.2% (-54.3% - 6.6%)	759 (578 - 985)	657 (504 - 884)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-41.3% - 23.8%)
Self-harm & violence	279 (246 - 316)	350 (299 - 404)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.8% (-1.0% - 9.7%)	13,419 (11,824 - 15,135)	15,965 (13,533 - 18,553)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.5% (0.6% - 11.7%)
Self-harm	214 (188 - 245)	267 (220 - 313)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.9% (-2.7% - 10.8%)	9,735 (8,417 - 11,168)	11,473 (9,386 - 13,563)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.7% (-1.2% - 13.5%)
Interpersonal violence	65 (49 - 78)	84 (64 - 103)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8.0% (3.8% - 12.7%)	3,684 (2,820 - 4,415)	4,493 (3,441 - 5,467)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8.7% (4.7% - 12.8%)
Assault by firearm	23 (17 - 29)	34 (23 - 44)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.3% (0.7% - 9.6%)	1,329 (991 - 1,679)	1,881 (1,303 - 2,402)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.5% (1.7% - 9.3%)
Assault by sharp object	17 (12 - 23)	23 (17 - 32)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.3% (4.9% - 23.7%)	959 (676 - 1,278)	1,239 (892 - 1,700)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.5% (6.2% - 22.6%)
Assault by other means	24 (17 - 30)	27 (20 - 34)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	12.4% (7.1% - 18.4%)	1,395 (1,026 - 1,689)	1,373 (1,035 - 1,741)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	12.8% (7.4% - 19.5%)
War & disaster	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	146.8% (30.6% - 335.9%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	34.8% (-3.5% - 81.2%)
Forces of nature	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	102.5% (22.2% - 206.6%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-40.0% - 41.9%)
Environmental risks: All causes	8,492 (8,036 - 8,953)	8,181 (7,651 - 8,726)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-19.8% - -11.1%)	400,345 (374,489 - 424,432)	289,517 (265,778 - 312,094)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-22.6% (-26.1% - -19.1%)
Group I	3,805 (3,544 - 4,075)	2,117 (1,930 - 2,324)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-23.1% (-27.9% - -18.8%)	264,045 (244,677 - 284,205)	120,197 (108,044 - 133,624)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-27.9% (-33.1% - -23.0%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	3,805 (3,544 - 4,075)	2,117 (1,930 - 2,324)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-9.3% (-14.1% - -3.6%)	264,045 (244,677 - 284,205)	120,197 (108,044 - 133,624)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-0.8% (-7.0% - 6.0%)
Diarrheal diseases	2,492 (2,320 - 2,667)	1,194 (1,075 - 1,314)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-2.5% (-3.6% - -1.8%)	173,553 (160,477 - 187,925)	69,627 (61,785 - 77,281)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-1.1% (-2.0% - -0.6%)
Intestinal infectious	235 (126 - 392)	205 (109 - 341)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.5% (0.1% - 5.5%)	16,870 (9,186 - 27,935)	14,240 (7,816 - 23,527)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	2.2% (-0.1% - 5.0%)
Typhoid fever	174 (92 - 289)	153 (82 - 256)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	12,420 (6,689 - 20,527)	10,599 (5,760 - 17,493)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Paratyphoid fever	61 (32 - 104)	52 (28 - 88)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	4,449 (2,365 - 7,648)	3,641 (1,966 - 6,167)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)
Lower respiratory infections	1,078 (952 - 1,208)	719 (633 - 807)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.9% (-13.3% - -8.4%)	73,622 (64,381 - 83,514)	36,330 (31,766 - 41,329)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-4.0% (-6.6% - -1.3%)
Non-communicable	4,537 (4,195 - 4,880)	5,907 (5,438 - 6,365)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.9% (-16.0% - -3.3%)	126,667 (115,280 - 138,743)	159,572 (142,989 - 175,580)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.6% (-17.7% - -7.1%)
Neoplasms	471 (427 - 511)	754 (679 - 823)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.7% (-0.0% - 20.2%)	10,944 (9,870 - 11,974)	15,743 (14,166 - 17,387)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.1% (-3.4% - 18.3%)
Larynx cancer	3 (3 - 4)	5 (3 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.5% (8.7% - 25.9%)	81 (58 - 104)	102 (74 - 136)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	18.3% (8.4% - 27.6%)
Lung cancer	453 (410 - 492)	719 (648 - 788)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (-7.1% - 11.6%)	10,526 (9,467 - 11,554)	14,978 (13,494 - 16,567)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.1% (-7.3% - 12.8%)
Nasopharynx cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	28.0% (16.2% - 40.3%)	11 (7 - 15)	15 (10 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.8% (15.8% - 38.6%)
Ovarian cancer	1 (0 - 2)	1 (1 - 2)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.9% (-25.2% - -1.6%)	19 (9 - 31)	24 (12 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.0% (-28.9% - -2.4%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.0% (9.7% - 21.0%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	20.4% (14.3% - 26.6%)
Mesothelioma	11 (9 - 15)	25 (20 - 30)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.3% (3.2% - 17.0%)	238 (174 - 308)	514 (401 - 626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	14.3% (6.3% - 25.2%)
Leukemia	2 (2 - 2)	3 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.1% (21.0% - 30.5%)	68 (60 - 77)	108 (94 - 122)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	43.1% (36.3% - 52.0%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,874 (2,652 - 3,112)	3,884 (3,519 - 4,250)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.3% (-5.3% - 0.5%)	64,608 (59,334 - 70,301)	81,774 (74,065 - 89,444)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.6% (-5.7% - 0.3%)
Rheumatic heart disease	26 (7 - 87)	15 (3 - 55)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-25.3% (-43.4% - -7.9%)	644 (182 - 2,009)	306 (78 - 1,033)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-39.8% (-52.9% - -27.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	1,359 (1,221 - 1,498)	1,935 (1,677 - 2,145)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.7% (-1.9% - 6.5%)	30,720 (27,618 - 33,861)	41,629 (36,633 - 46,398)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.5% (-1.4% - 6.3%)
Cerebrovascular disease	1,409 (1,261 - 1,565)	1,832 (1,636 - 2,083)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.1% (-8.9% - -2.5%)	31,430 (28,239 - 35,035)	37,755 (33,657 - 42,692)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.1% (-8.2% - -2.6%)
Ischemic stroke	528 (443 - 603)	793 (640 - 899)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.8% (-5.3% - 8.9%)	9,726 (8,077 - 11,265)	13,571 (10,829 - 15,501)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.2% (-5.6% - 6.7%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	882 (765 - 1,000)	1,039 (902 - 1,252)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.2% (-13.6% - -7.1%)	21,703 (18,937 - 24,628)	24,184 (21,090 - 28,371)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.7% (-10.6% - -5.1%)
Hypertensive heart disease	43 (27 - 61)	56 (34 - 84)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.6% (-32.9% - -9.5%)	848 (541 - 1,198)	979 (606 - 1,446)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.6% (-37.8% - -16.2%)
Cardiomyopathy	10 (3 - 32)	16 (5 - 52)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.5% (-1.4% - 19.1%)	211 (73 - 626)	312 (106 - 908)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.9% (-10.1% - 6.6%)
Atrial fibrillation	0 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-16.3% (-27.8% - -7.2%)	18 (10 - 30)	32 (18 - 53)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-19.3% (-25.6% - -13.3%)
Aortic aneurysm	5 (1 - 13)	7 (2 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.9% (-12.2% - 16.8%)	91 (31 - 246)	120 (43 - 338)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-12.8% - 5.1%)
Peripheral vascular	0 (0 - 0)	1 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.2% (-19.4% - -2.5%)	7 (4 - 11)	12 (6 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.9% (-19.6% - -4.3%)
Endocarditis	2 (1 - 7)	3 (1 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-15.5% - 7.7%)	48 (16 - 142)	61 (20 - 175)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.5% (-22.7% - -3.1%)
Other cardiovascular	21 (14 - 28)	18 (12 - 27)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.3% (-33.3% - -3.7%)	590 (401 - 820)	568 (359 - 853)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.0% (-33.4% - -9.4%)
Chronic respiratory	1,179 (920 - 1,415)	1,238 (957 - 1,520)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.3% (-36.2% - 9.3%)	28,640 (23,118 - 34,161)	32,069 (25,669 - 38,969)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.0% (-26.4% - 15.2%)
COPD	1,116 (855 - 1,347)	1,187 (902 - 1,461)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.1% (-35.0% - 14.1%)	25,737 (20,329 - 31,203)	29,298 (22,976 - 35,807)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.8% (-27.7% - 18.0%)
Asthma	63 (48 - 93)	52 (42 - 70)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.4% (-23.5% - -5.6%)	2,903 (2,310 - 3,909)	2,771 (2,227 - 3,521)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-15.0% - -4.1%)
Mental & substance use	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-36.9% (-43.7% - -29.3%)
Intellectual disability	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-32.6% (-37.8% - -27.5%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.8% (-8.0% - 20.4%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-10.7% (-26.1% - -3.3%)
Chronic kidney disease	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.3% (-17.0% - -0.5%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-12.9% (-20.9% - -7.7%)
Diabetes CKD	1 (1 - 2)	5 (2 - 7)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-13.2% (-21.5% - -4.5%)	55 (28 - 87)	122 (64 - 202)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-14.1% (-20.5% - -7.7%)
Hypertensive CKD	4 (2 - 6)	10 (5 - 15)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	15.1% (-0.8% - 31.6%)	108 (58 - 172)	199 (108 - 312)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.5% (-5.1% - 15.5%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	4 (3 - 6)	5 (3 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.1% (-19.3% - -5.0%)	132 (79 - 199)	121 (67 - 192)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.4% (-34.6% - -20.1%)
Other CKD	5 (2 - 7)	12 (6 - 19)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-3.7% (-17.0% - 6.1%)	139 (77 - 217)	265 (141 - 426)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-12.3% (-23.0% - -5.3%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.7% - -13.0%)
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.8% (-16.7% - -12.5%)
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-16.5% - -13.6%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	5,473 (3,619 - 7,765)	7,737 (5,021 - 10,999)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.6% (-10.0% - 8.9%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	5,473 (3,619 - 7,765)	7,737 (5,021 - 10,999)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.1% (-9.6% - 1.3%)
Cataract	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-47.8% - 57.1%)
Other hearing loss	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-6.0% - -0.9%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Injuries	149 (121 - 195)	156 (124 - 203)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.0% (-36.5% - 27.5%)	9,632 (7,762 - 12,735)	9,747 (7,736 - 12,727)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.2% (-27.6% - 42.1%)
Transport injuries	60 (48 - 79)	80 (64 - 103)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-28.6% - 39.7%)	3,821 (3,064 - 5,000)	4,637 (3,677 - 5,927)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (-25.8% - 43.2%)
Road injuries	53 (43 - 68)	73 (59 - 94)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.0% (-25.7% - 40.6%)	3,297 (2,683 - 4,218)	4,190 (3,329 - 5,352)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	6.0% (-22.6% - 45.5%)
Pedestrian road injuries	9 (7 - 12)	17 (12 - 23)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	26.5% (-11.9% - 81.3%)	516 (393 - 689)	889 (663 - 1,187)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.1% (-3.7% - 96.4%)
Cyclist road injuries	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	29.9% (-9.6% - 84.6%)	120 (93 - 166)	187 (138 - 260)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	32.8% (-8.4% - 88.9%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	7 (5 - 10)	11 (8 - 16)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	22.7% (-17.1% - 88.6%)	477 (357 - 640)	660 (478 - 971)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	23.1% (-16.4% - 88.2%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	32 (26 - 41)	41 (33 - 52)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.8% (-31.6% - 22.7%)	2,050 (1,641 - 2,625)	2,389 (1,922 - 3,021)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.1% (-30.9% - 24.7%)
Other road injuries	2 (1 - 4)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-19.2% (-52.2% - 27.7%)	133 (71 - 212)	65 (45 - 95)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.1% (-50.9% - 31.2%)
Other transport injuries	7 (5 - 12)	6 (5 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.9% (-44.6% - 49.4%)	524 (366 - 829)	447 (321 - 623)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.9% (-43.6% - 42.5%)
Unintentional injuries	89 (71 - 119)	77 (60 - 103)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.5% (-46.9% - 14.0%)	5,811 (4,646 - 7,760)	5,111 (4,027 - 6,766)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.2% (-32.3% - 38.0%)
Falls	18 (14 - 23)	20 (15 - 27)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-25.1% (-47.4% - 6.7%)	1,433 (1,117 - 1,868)	1,659 (1,276 - 2,184)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-28.9% - 34.8%)
Drowning	24 (19 - 32)	18 (14 - 26)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-34.4% - 41.0%)	1,353 (1,050 - 1,764)	970 (727 - 1,375)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	6.5% (-29.9% - 57.0%)
Fire & heat	11 (7 - 19)	9 (6 - 14)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-6.1% (-54.2% - 67.5%)	654 (437 - 1,117)	493 (330 - 820)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	2.8% (-50.6% - 82.7%)
Poisonings	7 (6 - 10)	4 (3 - 5)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-36.2% (-53.2% - -11.0%)	368 (294 - 537)	194 (128 - 272)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.7% (-48.0% - -0.3%)
Mechanical forces	12 (9 - 17)	11 (9 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-42.5% - 44.3%)	944 (731 - 1,277)	890 (691 - 1,187)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.6% (-32.5% - 60.2%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 6)	3 (2 - 5)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-20.7% (-57.7% - 37.5%)	214 (150 - 356)	154 (104 - 253)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-53.1% - 42.4%)
Unintentional suffocation	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.3%)	213.1% (27.7% - 436.2%)	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 7)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	269.2% (26.0% - 548.4%)
Other mechanical forces	8 (6 - 11)	8 (6 - 11)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.2% (-41.6% - 15.2%)	728 (563 - 966)	731 (564 - 953)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.5% (-30.9% - 27.5%)
Animal contact	3 (2 - 7)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-29.1% (-73.6% - 42.2%)	191 (94 - 387)	107 (64 - 196)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.2% (-71.9% - 49.8%)
Venomous animal	3 (1 - 6)	1 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.2% (-76.2% - 62.2%)	145 (67 - 315)	75 (40 - 153)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-22.0% (-74.8% - 70.1%)
Non-venomous animal	1 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-38.3% (-64.2% - -0.4%)	46 (27 - 77)	32 (22 - 51)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-32.5% (-63.8% - 13.3%)
Foreign body	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-37.3% - 51.5%)	109 (76 - 157)	140 (95 - 205)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (-25.3% - 79.6%)
Pulmonary aspiration	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.2% (-37.5% - 53.9%)	90 (59 - 136)	118 (74 - 181)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	24.9% (-26.7% - 92.2%)
Foreign body in eye	--	--	--	--	4 (2 - 6)	4 (2 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-11.8% (-36.8% - 22.9%)
Other foreign body	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-24.8% (-58.6% - 28.4%)	15 (11 - 23)	17 (12 - 25)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.0% (-45.0% - 31.5%)
Other unintentional	12 (9 - 16)	10 (7 - 13)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-30.2% (-54.3% - 6.6%)	759 (578 - 985)	657 (504 - 884)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-41.3% - 23.8%)
Unsafe water, sanitation, and handwashing: All causes	2,727 (2,530 - 2,952)	1,399 (1,237 - 1,576)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-44.9% (-49.6% - -40.0%)	190,423 (174,685 - 208,033)	83,867 (72,879 - 95,568)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-45.6% (-50.8% - -40.1%)
Group I	2,727 (2,530 - 2,952)	1,399 (1,237 - 1,576)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-29.7% (-36.4% - -23.8%)	190,423 (174,685 - 208,033)	83,867 (72,879 - 95,568)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-30.9% (-37.5% - -24.4%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	2,727 (2,530 - 2,952)	1,399 (1,237 - 1,576)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.1% (-24.1% - -9.8%)	190,423 (174,685 - 208,033)	83,867 (72,879 - 95,568)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-4.8% (-13.5% - 3.8%)
Diarrheal diseases	2,492 (2,320 - 2,667)	1,194 (1,075 - 1,314)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-2.5% (-3.6% - -1.8%)	173,553 (160,477 - 187,925)	69,627 (61,785 - 77,281)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-1.1% (-2.0% - -0.6%)
Intestinal infectious	235 (126 - 392)	205 (109 - 341)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.5% (0.1% - 5.5%)	16,870 (9,186 - 27,935)	14,240 (7,816 - 23,527)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	2.2% (-0.1% - 5.0%)
Typhoid fever	174 (92 - 289)	153 (82 - 256)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	12,420 (6,689 - 20,527)	10,599 (5,760 - 17,493)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)
Paratyphoid fever	61 (32 - 104)	52 (28 - 88)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)	4,449 (2,365 - 7,648)	3,641 (1,966 - 6,167)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.6% - -0.5%)
Unsafe water source: All causes	2,434 (1,971 - 2,763)	1,246 (989 - 1,464)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-45.0% (-49.7% - -40.1%)	170,053 (137,216 - 193,963)	75,125 (59,952 - 89,756)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-45.5% (-50.7% - -40.0%)
Group I	2,434 (1,971 - 2,763)	1,246 (989 - 1,464)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-29.9% (-36.4% - -23.7%)	170,053 (137,216 - 193,963)	75,125 (59,952 - 89,756)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-30.7% (-37.2% - -24.2%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	2,434 (1,971 - 2,763)	1,246 (989 - 1,464)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.2% (-24.3% - -9.9%)	170,053 (137,216 - 193,963)	75,125 (59,952 - 89,756)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-4.6% (-13.2% - 4.0%)
Diarrheal diseases	2,225 (1,813 - 2,503)	1,063 (845 - 1,219)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-2.8% (-3.6% - -2.3%)	155,075 (126,409 - 175,819)	62,360 (49,554 - 71,887)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-0.9% (-1.4% - -0.6%)
Intestinal infectious	208 (109 - 353)	183 (96 - 311)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	3.6% (1.7% - 6.6%)	14,978 (7,902 - 25,218)	12,765 (6,729 - 21,294)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	3.2% (1.5% - 5.9%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Typhoid fever	154 (80 - 263)	137 (72 - 232)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-0.6% - 0.7%)	11,023 (5,862 - 18,638)	9,500 (5,024 - 15,796)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.2% (-0.7% - 0.5%)
Paratyphoid fever	54 (28 - 96)	46 (24 - 81)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.3% (-0.8% - 0.6%)	3,955 (2,067 - 6,939)	3,265 (1,741 - 5,706)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.3% (-0.9% - 0.5%)
Unsafe sanitation: All causes	1,785 (1,613 - 1,959)	816 (707 - 921)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-51.1% (-55.5% - -46.9%)	124,049 (111,394 - 137,303)	49,039 (41,770 - 56,227)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-51.3% (-56.3% - -46.4%)
Group I	1,785 (1,613 - 1,959)	816 (707 - 921)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-37.7% (-43.6% - -32.1%)	124,049 (111,394 - 137,303)	49,039 (41,770 - 56,227)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.1% (-44.2% - -32.2%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	1,785 (1,613 - 1,959)	816 (707 - 921)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.5% (-33.3% - -19.8%)	124,049 (111,394 - 137,303)	49,039 (41,770 - 56,227)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-14.7% (-22.9% - -6.4%)
Diarrheal diseases	1,632 (1,480 - 1,781)	704 (617 - 793)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-12.8% (-15.2% - -10.6%)	113,112 (101,454 - 124,765)	41,241 (35,714 - 46,943)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-10.4% (-12.5% - -8.4%)
Intestinal infectious	152 (82 - 256)	112 (60 - 186)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.5% (-17.2% - -9.1%)	10,936 (5,977 - 18,352)	7,798 (4,230 - 12,796)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.7% (-17.2% - -9.4%)
Typhoid fever	113 (60 - 190)	84 (45 - 140)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.7% (-19.8% - -13.5%)	8,046 (4,312 - 13,534)	5,797 (3,148 - 9,574)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.6% (-19.7% - -13.4%)
Paratyphoid fever	40 (21 - 68)	28 (15 - 48)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.5% (-20.1% - -12.7%)	2,890 (1,558 - 4,974)	2,001 (1,069 - 3,403)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.5% (-20.1% - -12.7%)
No handwashing with soap: All causes	1,010 (798 - 1,204)	517 (408 - 621)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-45.0% (-49.8% - -40.2%)	70,389 (55,414 - 84,417)	30,721 (24,281 - 37,626)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-46.1% (-51.3% - -40.5%)
Group I	1,010 (798 - 1,204)	517 (408 - 621)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-29.9% (-36.5% - -23.6%)	70,389 (55,414 - 84,417)	30,721 (24,281 - 37,626)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-31.5% (-37.9% - -24.9%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	1,010 (798 - 1,204)	517 (408 - 621)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.2% (-24.5% - -9.7%)	70,389 (55,414 - 84,417)	30,721 (24,281 - 37,626)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-5.7% (-14.3% - 3.0%)
Diarrheal diseases	922 (722 - 1,112)	442 (340 - 541)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-2.5% (-3.2% - -1.8%)	64,060 (49,840 - 77,991)	25,515 (19,521 - 31,576)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-1.9% (-2.6% - -1.2%)
Intestinal infectious	88 (45 - 145)	75 (38 - 125)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-0.3% (-2.6% - 2.9%)	6,329 (3,250 - 10,374)	5,206 (2,701 - 8,633)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-0.5% (-2.6% - 2.5%)
Typhoid fever	65 (33 - 108)	56 (28 - 93)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.0% (-5.0% - -3.0%)	4,663 (2,383 - 7,675)	3,876 (1,981 - 6,426)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-3.8% (-4.8% - -2.9%)
Paratyphoid fever	23 (12 - 40)	19 (10 - 33)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.8% (-4.9% - -2.7%)	1,666 (857 - 2,926)	1,331 (689 - 2,308)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-4.8% - -2.6%)
Air pollution: All causes	4,808 (4,459 - 5,157)	5,527 (5,109 - 5,944)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.0% (-15.0% - -0.2%)	157,831 (145,269 - 171,007)	141,456 (130,071 - 153,652)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-12.7% (-19.2% - -5.7%)
Group I	1,078 (952 - 1,208)	719 (633 - 807)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-12.4% - -0.1%)	73,622 (64,381 - 83,514)	36,330 (31,766 - 41,329)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-20.1% (-27.1% - -12.6%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	1,078 (952 - 1,208)	719 (633 - 807)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	10.3% (4.3% - 17.1%)	73,622 (64,381 - 83,514)	36,330 (31,766 - 41,329)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	10.0% (2.2% - 19.7%)
Lower respiratory infections	1,078 (952 - 1,208)	719 (633 - 807)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.9% (-13.3% - -8.4%)	73,622 (64,381 - 83,514)	36,330 (31,766 - 41,329)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-4.0% (-6.6% - -1.3%)
Non-communicable	3,731 (3,401 - 4,022)	4,808 (4,420 - 5,204)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.3% (-19.0% - -2.8%)	84,209 (76,946 - 91,116)	105,125 (95,829 - 115,115)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.9% (-22.9% - -6.0%)
Neoplasms	320 (274 - 363)	474 (410 - 539)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.7% (-13.5% - 18.8%)	7,697 (6,567 - 8,801)	10,321 (8,903 - 11,791)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.1% (-15.9% - 17.5%)
Lung cancer	320 (274 - 363)	474 (410 - 539)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-18.7% - 11.3%)	7,697 (6,567 - 8,801)	10,321 (8,903 - 11,791)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.7% (-18.2% - 13.1%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,402 (2,241 - 2,545)	3,266 (3,015 - 3,503)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.9% (-4.9% - 1.0%)	54,658 (50,650 - 58,228)	70,526 (64,302 - 76,331)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.8% (-4.3% - 2.6%)
Ischemic heart disease	1,199 (1,088 - 1,303)	1,697 (1,488 - 1,865)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.1% (-2.3% - 6.0%)	27,510 (24,699 - 29,874)	37,516 (32,820 - 41,661)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.2% (-0.9% - 7.4%)
Cerebrovascular disease	1,203 (1,082 - 1,322)	1,569 (1,414 - 1,755)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-9.0% - -2.2%)	27,148 (24,404 - 29,988)	33,010 (29,351 - 36,872)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.9% (-7.2% - -1.3%)
Ischemic stroke	460 (390 - 526)	685 (556 - 773)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.3% (-5.8% - 7.1%)	8,496 (7,087 - 9,834)	11,834 (9,543 - 13,526)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (-5.3% - 6.3%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	742 (649 - 830)	885 (784 - 1,042)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.2% (-12.6% - -6.4%)	18,652 (16,396 - 20,843)	21,177 (18,783 - 24,523)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.9% (-8.7% - -3.4%)
Chronic respiratory	1,009 (720 - 1,259)	1,068 (762 - 1,354)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-15.1% (-41.4% - 18.0%)	21,420 (15,196 - 27,181)	23,660 (16,905 - 30,593)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-37.5% - 29.0%)
COPD	1,009 (720 - 1,259)	1,068 (762 - 1,354)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-12.6% (-39.8% - 20.9%)	21,420 (15,196 - 27,181)	23,660 (16,905 - 30,593)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-9.3% (-37.8% - 27.0%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.9% (-49.4% - 59.0%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-9.3% (-50.9% - 50.8%)
Cataract	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-47.8% - 57.1%)
Ambient particulate matter pollution: All causes	2,238 (2,154 - 2,317)	2,926 (2,777 - 3,066)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.9% (0.7% - 5.1%)	68,120 (64,972 - 71,405)	69,673 (65,585 - 73,552)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.0% (-6.6% - 0.8%)
Group I	434 (396 - 475)	329 (295 - 360)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	3.0% (-3.1% - 9.0%)	28,253 (25,562 - 31,054)	14,791 (13,166 - 16,345)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-15.6% (-22.2% - -8.5%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	434 (396 - 475)	329 (295 - 360)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	21.6% (15.8% - 28.1%)	28,253 (25,562 - 31,054)	14,791 (13,166 - 16,345)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	16.1% (8.6% - 25.2%)
Lower respiratory infections	434 (396 - 475)	329 (295 - 360)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-1.8% (-3.9% - 0.1%)	28,253 (25,562 - 31,054)	14,791 (13,166 - 16,345)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	1.4% (-0.4% - 3.3%)
Non-communicable	1,804 (1,720 - 1,873)	2,596 (2,459 - 2,734)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-3.3% - 1.0%)	39,867 (37,653 - 41,635)	54,882 (51,317 - 58,496)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.3% (-9.9% - -2.5%)
Neoplasms	246 (230 - 263)	387 (351 - 421)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.4% (2.6% - 11.1%)	5,854 (5,438 - 6,266)	8,339 (7,519 - 9,114)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.5% (0.2% - 9.8%)
Lung cancer	246 (230 - 263)	387 (351 - 421)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.4% (-2.8% - 3.2%)	5,854 (5,438 - 6,266)	8,339 (7,519 - 9,114)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.7% (-1.5% - 4.2%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Cardiovascular diseases	1,441 (1,358 - 1,506)	2,042 (1,917 - 2,164)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.2% (-0.6% - 3.2%)	31,496 (29,500 - 33,077)	42,773 (39,568 - 45,741)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.7% (1.1% - 6.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	785 (719 - 847)	1,110 (974 - 1,205)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.0% (-1.9% - 3.2%)	17,206 (15,621 - 18,520)	23,726 (21,068 - 25,996)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.5% (0.9% - 5.9%)
Cerebrovascular disease	656 (595 - 716)	932 (846 - 1,040)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.4% (-0.1% - 4.3%)	14,290 (13,068 - 15,641)	19,048 (17,232 - 21,184)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.8% (2.3% - 6.7%)
Ischemic stroke	277 (241 - 312)	417 (352 - 465)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.3% (-2.5% - 4.9%)	4,847 (4,159 - 5,537)	6,974 (5,817 - 7,813)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.1% (-0.6% - 6.8%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	379 (334 - 422)	515 (463 - 599)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (0.8% - 5.4%)	9,443 (8,328 - 10,462)	12,073 (10,839 - 13,880)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.1% (3.6% - 8.2%)
Chronic respiratory	116 (95 - 141)	167 (136 - 202)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.2% (7.2% - 19.2%)	2,517 (2,039 - 3,070)	3,769 (3,030 - 4,603)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.5% (15.7% - 27.1%)
COPD	116 (95 - 141)	167 (136 - 202)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.6% (13.2% - 20.3%)	2,517 (2,039 - 3,070)	3,769 (3,030 - 4,603)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.6% (17.3% - 24.1%)
Household air pollution from solid fuels:	2,857 (2,482 - 3,216)	2,893 (2,463 - 3,303)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.2% (-30.0% - -2.8%)	101,643 (88,877 - 115,053)	81,087 (70,025 - 92,802)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.4% (-30.5% - -9.1%)
Group I	736 (615 - 872)	449 (376 - 536)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.0% (-19.4% - -5.8%)	51,981 (43,117 - 61,737)	24,782 (20,607 - 29,773)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-22.6% (-29.9% - -14.4%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	736 (615 - 872)	449 (376 - 536)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	2.6% (-3.9% - 10.5%)	51,981 (43,117 - 61,737)	24,782 (20,607 - 29,773)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	6.5% (-1.9% - 17.2%)
Lower respiratory infections	736 (615 - 872)	449 (376 - 536)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-17.1% (-20.9% - -13.2%)	51,981 (43,117 - 61,737)	24,782 (20,607 - 29,773)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-7.0% (-11.2% - -2.8%)
Non-communicable	2,120 (1,770 - 2,423)	2,444 (2,061 - 2,848)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.1% (-34.6% - -3.0%)	49,662 (42,077 - 56,641)	56,305 (47,714 - 65,901)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.3% (-36.0% - -6.4%)
Neoplasms	101 (40 - 155)	128 (58 - 203)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.2%)	-1.0% (-65.1% - 106.1%)	2,526 (1,012 - 3,890)	2,903 (1,310 - 4,607)	0.0% (-0.1% - 0.2%)	-2.3% (-65.2% - 102.2%)
Lung cancer	101 (40 - 155)	128 (58 - 203)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.2%)	-7.5% (-67.6% - 93.4%)	2,526 (1,012 - 3,890)	2,903 (1,310 - 4,607)	0.0% (-0.1% - 0.2%)	-5.9% (-66.6% - 95.0%)
Cardiovascular diseases	1,160 (1,032 - 1,294)	1,499 (1,310 - 1,703)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.1% (-11.3% - 0.7%)	28,807 (25,638 - 32,167)	35,103 (30,537 - 40,155)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.3% (-11.3% - 0.9%)
Ischemic heart disease	498 (437 - 562)	718 (605 - 830)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (-2.6% - 15.7%)	12,741 (11,132 - 14,372)	17,397 (14,677 - 20,235)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (-3.5% - 14.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	662 (574 - 755)	781 (667 - 901)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.9% (-19.1% - -8.0%)	16,066 (13,903 - 18,374)	17,707 (15,040 - 20,421)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.3% (-17.3% - -7.8%)
Ischemic stroke	216 (172 - 262)	320 (242 - 382)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.2% (-10.1% - 13.6%)	4,414 (3,455 - 5,345)	5,987 (4,546 - 7,211)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.8% (-10.6% - 9.1%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	446 (378 - 520)	461 (388 - 559)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.9% (-25.9% - -16.7%)	11,652 (9,918 - 13,507)	11,720 (9,930 - 13,912)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.5% (-21.0% - -12.5%)
Chronic respiratory	860 (537 - 1,132)	818 (481 - 1,140)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-22.7% (-57.2% - 22.1%)	17,896 (11,114 - 23,861)	17,681 (10,419 - 25,064)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-17.0% (-53.9% - 32.5%)
COPD	860 (537 - 1,132)	818 (481 - 1,140)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-20.4% (-55.8% - 24.6%)	17,896 (11,114 - 23,861)	17,681 (10,419 - 25,064)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-17.6% (-54.6% - 32.0%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.9% (-49.4% - 59.0%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-9.3% (-50.9% - 50.8%)
Cataract	--	--	--	--	434 (241 - 644)	618 (338 - 940)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-47.8% - 57.1%)
Ambient ozone pollution:	133	217	0.1%	19.8%	3,038	5,073	0.1%	32.5%
All causes	(105 - 162)	(161 - 272)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-16.3% - 60.6%)	(2,296 - 3,814)	(3,576 - 6,620)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-11.0% - 84.6%)
Non-communicable	133 (105 - 162)	217 (161 - 272)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.5% (-22.0% - 49.3%)	3,038 (2,296 - 3,814)	5,073 (3,576 - 6,620)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.4% (-23.5% - 58.0%)
Chronic respiratory	133 (105 - 162)	217 (161 - 272)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	30.0% (-8.2% - 73.4%)	3,038 (2,296 - 3,814)	5,073 (3,576 - 6,620)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	37.5% (-8.1% - 90.2%)
COPD	133 (105 - 162)	217 (161 - 272)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	33.9% (-5.8% - 77.8%)	3,038 (2,296 - 3,814)	5,073 (3,576 - 6,620)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	36.6% (-7.9% - 87.7%)
Other environmental risks:	731	945	0.0%	-1.9%	17,015	18,822	0.0%	-9.4%
All causes	(523 - 965)	(663 - 1,279)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-9.2% - 4.7%)	(12,567 - 22,173)	(13,300 - 25,407)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-16.6% - -2.3%)
Non-communicable	731 (523 - 965)	945 (663 - 1,279)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.7% (-15.4% - -2.7%)	17,015 (12,567 - 22,173)	18,822 (13,300 - 25,407)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.4% (-28.4% - -17.0%)
Neoplasms	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.2% (-21.3% - 28.5%)	1,502 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-23.3% - 24.7%)
Lung cancer	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.3% (-26.8% - 20.1%)	1,502 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.1% (-26.6% - 21.1%)
Cardiovascular diseases	654 (454 - 883)	822 (549 - 1,142)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.6% (-14.7% - -1.3%)	14,453 (9,936 - 19,431)	15,704 (10,545 - 22,110)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.6% (-22.5% - -9.7%)
Rheumatic heart disease	26 (7 - 87)	15 (3 - 55)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-25.3% (-43.4% - -7.9%)	644 (182 - 2,009)	306 (78 - 1,033)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-39.8% (-52.9% - -27.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	222 (138 - 331)	320 (188 - 483)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.0% (-4.6% - 13.4%)	4,709 (2,941 - 6,873)	5,859 (3,508 - 8,770)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.2% (-12.5% - 0.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	326 (225 - 451)	384 (253 - 566)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.2% (-18.8% - -5.9%)	7,286 (5,132 - 9,813)	7,455 (4,945 - 10,521)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.4% (-24.9% - -12.5%)
Ischemic stroke	99 (65 - 139)	153 (97 - 217)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.5% (-7.9% - 23.3%)	1,914 (1,283 - 2,671)	2,590 (1,668 - 3,616)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.1% (-14.9% - 10.2%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	227 (151 - 334)	231 (136 - 378)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.9% (-31.2% - -12.4%)	5,372 (3,630 - 7,497)	4,864 (3,006 - 7,369)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-25.0% (-32.9% - -17.3%)
Hypertensive heart disease	43 (27 - 61)	56 (34 - 84)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.6% (-32.9% - -9.5%)	848 (541 - 1,198)	979 (606 - 1,446)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.6% (-37.8% - -16.2%)
Cardiomyopathy	10 (3 - 32)	16 (5 - 52)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.5% (-1.4% - 19.1%)	211 (73 - 626)	312 (106 - 908)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.9% (-10.1% - 6.6%)
Atrial fibrillation	0 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-16.3% (-27.8% - -7.2%)	18 (10 - 30)	32 (18 - 53)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-19.3% (-25.6% - -13.3%)
Aortic aneurysm	5 (1 - 13)	7 (2 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.9% (-12.2% - 16.8%)	91 (31 - 246)	120 (43 - 338)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-12.8% - 5.1%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Peripheral vascular	0 (0 - 0)	1 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.2% (-19.4% - -2.5%)	7 (4 - 11)	12 (6 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.9% (-19.6% - -4.3%)
Endocarditis	2 (1 - 7)	3 (1 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-15.5% - 7.7%)	48 (16 - 142)	61 (20 - 175)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.5% (-22.7% - -3.1%)
Other cardiovascular	21 (14 - 28)	18 (12 - 27)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.3% (-33.3% - -3.7%)	590 (401 - 820)	568 (359 - 853)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.0% (-33.4% - -9.4%)
Mental & substance use	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-36.9% (-43.7% - -29.3%)
Intellectual disability	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-32.6% (-37.8% - -27.5%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.8% (-8.0% - 20.4%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-10.7% (-26.1% - -3.3%)
Chronic kidney disease	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.3% (-17.0% - -0.5%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-12.9% (-20.9% - -7.7%)
Diabetes CKD	1 (1 - 2)	5 (2 - 7)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-13.2% (-21.5% - -4.5%)	55 (28 - 87)	122 (64 - 202)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-14.1% (-20.5% - -7.7%)
Hypertensive CKD	4 (2 - 6)	10 (5 - 15)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	15.1% (-0.8% - 31.6%)	108 (58 - 172)	199 (108 - 312)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.5% (-5.1% - 15.5%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	4 (3 - 6)	5 (3 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.1% (-19.3% - -5.0%)	132 (79 - 199)	121 (67 - 192)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.4% (-34.6% - -20.1%)
Other CKD	5 (2 - 7)	12 (6 - 19)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-3.7% (-17.0% - 6.1%)	139 (77 - 217)	265 (141 - 426)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-12.3% (-23.0% - -5.3%)
Residential radon: All causes	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.8% (-11.7% - 44.3%)	1,503 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.1% (-17.4% - 36.9%)
Non-communicable	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.9% (-17.5% - 34.5%)	1,503 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.2% (-29.1% - 17.1%)
Neoplasms	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.2% (-21.3% - 28.5%)	1,503 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-23.3% - 24.7%)
Lung cancer	63 (41 - 86)	92 (61 - 128)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.3% (-26.8% - 20.1%)	1,503 (984 - 2,086)	1,979 (1,331 - 2,768)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.1% (-26.6% - 21.1%)
Lead exposure: All causes	668 (465 - 899)	853 (572 - 1,181)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.3% (-10.8% - 3.7%)	15,512 (10,967 - 20,727)	16,843 (11,494 - 23,505)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.9% (-18.9% - -3.8%)
Non-communicable	668 (465 - 899)	853 (572 - 1,181)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.0% (-16.9% - -3.9%)	15,512 (10,967 - 20,727)	16,843 (11,494 - 23,505)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-23.7% (-30.4% - -18.0%)
Cardiovascular diseases	654 (454 - 883)	822 (549 - 1,142)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.6% (-14.7% - -1.3%)	14,453 (9,936 - 19,431)	15,704 (10,545 - 22,110)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.6% (-22.5% - -9.7%)
Rheumatic heart disease	26 (7 - 87)	15 (3 - 55)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-25.3% (-43.4% - -7.9%)	644 (182 - 2,009)	306 (78 - 1,033)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-39.8% (-52.9% - -27.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	222 (138 - 331)	320 (188 - 483)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.0% (-4.6% - 13.4%)	4,709 (2,941 - 6,873)	5,859 (3,508 - 8,770)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.2% (-12.5% - 0.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	326 (225 - 451)	384 (253 - 566)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.2% (-18.8% - -5.9%)	7,286 (5,132 - 9,813)	7,455 (4,945 - 10,521)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.4% (-24.9% - -12.5%)
Ischemic stroke	99 (65 - 139)	153 (97 - 217)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.5% (-7.9% - 23.3%)	1,914 (1,283 - 2,671)	2,590 (1,668 - 3,616)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.1% (-14.9% - 10.2%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	227 (151 - 334)	231 (136 - 378)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.9% (-31.2% - -12.4%)	5,372 (3,630 - 7,497)	4,864 (3,006 - 7,369)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-25.0% (-32.9% - -17.3%)
Hypertensive heart disease	43 (27 - 61)	56 (34 - 84)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.6% (-32.9% - -9.5%)	848 (541 - 1,198)	979 (606 - 1,446)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.6% (-37.8% - -16.2%)
Cardiomyopathy	10 (3 - 32)	16 (5 - 52)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.5% (-1.4% - 19.1%)	211 (73 - 626)	312 (106 - 908)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.9% (-10.1% - 6.6%)
Atrial fibrillation	0 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-16.3% (-27.8% - -7.2%)	18 (10 - 30)	32 (18 - 53)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-19.3% (-25.6% - -13.3%)
Aortic aneurysm	5 (1 - 13)	7 (2 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.9% (-12.2% - 16.8%)	91 (31 - 246)	120 (43 - 338)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.9% (-12.8% - 5.1%)
Peripheral vascular	0 (0 - 0)	1 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.2% (-19.4% - -2.5%)	7 (4 - 11)	12 (6 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-11.9% (-19.6% - -4.3%)
Endocarditis	2 (1 - 7)	3 (1 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-15.5% - 7.7%)	48 (16 - 142)	61 (20 - 175)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.5% (-22.7% - -3.1%)
Other cardiovascular	21 (14 - 28)	18 (12 - 27)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.3% (-33.3% - -3.7%)	590 (401 - 820)	568 (359 - 853)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.0% (-33.4% - -9.4%)
Mental & substance use	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-36.9% (-43.7% - -29.3%)
Intellectual disability	--	--	--	--	626 (356 - 965)	432 (242 - 673)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-32.6% (-37.8% - -27.5%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.8% (-8.0% - 20.4%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-10.7% (-26.1% - -3.3%)
Chronic kidney disease	14 (8 - 21)	31 (18 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.3% (-17.0% - -0.5%)	433 (248 - 662)	707 (390 - 1,098)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-12.9% (-20.9% - -7.7%)
Diabetes CKD	1 (1 - 2)	5 (2 - 7)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-13.2% (-21.5% - -4.5%)	55 (28 - 87)	122 (64 - 202)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-14.1% (-20.5% - -7.7%)
Hypertensive CKD	4 (2 - 6)	10 (5 - 15)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	15.1% (-0.8% - 31.6%)	108 (58 - 172)	199 (108 - 312)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.5% (-5.1% - 15.5%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	4 (3 - 6)	5 (3 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.1% (-19.3% - -5.0%)	132 (79 - 199)	121 (67 - 192)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.4% (-34.6% - -20.1%)
Other CKD	5 (2 - 7)	12 (6 - 19)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-3.7% (-17.0% - 6.1%)	139 (77 - 217)	265 (141 - 426)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-12.3% (-23.0% - -5.3%)
Occupational risks: All causes	562 (509 - 629)	717 (641 - 803)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-5.7% - 14.0%)	43,879 (35,819 - 52,859)	55,352 (44,589 - 67,890)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.2% (2.9% - 18.0%)
Non-communicable	413 (370 - 469)	561 (496 - 628)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.7% (-9.5% - 7.0%)	34,247 (26,993 - 42,470)	45,605 (35,458 - 56,807)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.6% (-6.3% - 1.3%)
Neoplasms	152 (135 - 174)	304 (263 - 341)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.6% (21.3% - 44.9%)	3,149 (2,789 - 3,543)	5,803 (5,076 - 6,526)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.5% (23.6% - 46.4%)
Larynx cancer	3 (3 - 4)	5 (3 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.5% (8.7% - 25.9%)	81 (58 - 104)	102 (74 - 136)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	18.3% (8.4% - 27.6%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Lung cancer	134 (118 - 153)	269 (230 - 306)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.4% (15.6% - 35.0%)	2,732 (2,406 - 3,095)	5,038 (4,364 - 5,725)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	31.6% (20.3% - 39.7%)
Nasopharynx cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	28.0% (16.2% - 40.3%)	11 (7 - 15)	15 (10 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.8% (15.8% - 38.6%)
Ovarian cancer	1 (0 - 2)	1 (1 - 2)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.9% (-25.2% - -1.6%)	19 (9 - 31)	24 (12 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.0% (-28.9% - 2.4%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.0% (9.7% - 21.0%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	20.4% (14.3% - 26.6%)
Mesothelioma	11 (9 - 15)	25 (20 - 30)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.3% (3.2% - 17.0%)	238 (174 - 308)	514 (401 - 626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	14.3% (6.3% - 25.2%)
Leukemia	2 (2 - 2)	3 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.1% (21.0% - 30.5%)	68 (60 - 77)	108 (94 - 122)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	43.1% (36.3% - 52.0%)
Chronic respiratory	260 (221 - 308)	257 (212 - 311)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.9% (-22.8% - -8.6%)	10,115 (8,514 - 11,975)	11,573 (9,395 - 13,929)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.9% (-8.1% - 3.8%)
COPD	197 (161 - 236)	205 (164 - 251)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.2% (-15.7% - -2.6%)	7,212 (5,877 - 8,545)	8,802 (7,012 - 10,740)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.4% (-1.9% - 6.6%)
Asthma	63 (48 - 93)	52 (42 - 70)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.4% (-23.5% - -5.6%)	2,903 (2,310 - 3,909)	2,771 (2,227 - 3,521)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-15.0% - -4.1%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.7% - -13.0%)
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.8% (-16.7% - -12.5%)
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-16.5% - -13.6%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-7.2% - 8.0%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.1% (-6.2% - -0.3%)
Other hearing loss	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-6.0% - -0.9%)
Injuries	149 (121 - 195)	156 (124 - 203)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.0% (-36.5% - 27.5%)	9,632 (7,762 - 12,735)	9,747 (7,736 - 12,727)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.2% (-27.6% - 42.1%)
Transport injuries	60 (48 - 79)	80 (64 - 103)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-28.6% - 39.7%)	3,821 (3,064 - 5,000)	4,637 (3,677 - 5,927)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (-25.8% - 43.2%)
Road injuries	53 (43 - 68)	73 (59 - 94)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.0% (-25.7% - 40.6%)	3,297 (2,683 - 4,218)	4,190 (3,329 - 5,352)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	6.0% (-22.6% - 45.5%)
Pedestrian road injuries	9 (7 - 12)	17 (12 - 23)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	26.5% (-11.9% - 81.3%)	516 (393 - 689)	889 (663 - 1,187)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.1% (-3.7% - 96.4%)
Cyclist road injuries	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	29.9% (-9.6% - 84.6%)	120 (93 - 166)	187 (138 - 260)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	32.8% (-8.4% - 88.9%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	7 (5 - 10)	11 (8 - 16)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	22.7% (-17.1% - 88.6%)	477 (357 - 640)	660 (478 - 971)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	23.1% (-16.4% - 88.2%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	32 (26 - 41)	41 (33 - 52)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.8% (-31.6% - 22.7%)	2,050 (1,641 - 2,625)	2,389 (1,922 - 3,021)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.1% (-30.9% - 24.7%)
Other road injuries	2 (1 - 4)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-19.2% (-52.2% - 27.7%)	133 (71 - 212)	65 (45 - 95)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.1% (-50.9% - 31.2%)
Other transport injuries	7 (5 - 12)	6 (5 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.9% (-44.6% - 49.4%)	524 (366 - 829)	447 (321 - 623)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.9% (-43.6% - 42.5%)
Unintentional injuries	89 (71 - 119)	77 (60 - 103)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.5% (-46.9% - 14.0%)	5,811 (4,646 - 7,760)	5,111 (4,027 - 6,766)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.2% (-32.3% - 38.0%)
Falls	18 (14 - 23)	20 (15 - 27)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-25.1% (-47.4% - 6.7%)	1,433 (1,117 - 1,868)	1,659 (1,276 - 2,184)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-28.9% - 34.8%)
Drowning	24 (19 - 32)	18 (14 - 26)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-34.4% - 41.0%)	1,353 (1,050 - 1,764)	970 (727 - 1,375)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	6.5% (-29.9% - 57.0%)
Fire & heat	11 (7 - 19)	9 (6 - 14)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-6.1% (-54.2% - 67.5%)	654 (437 - 1,117)	493 (330 - 820)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	2.8% (-50.6% - 82.7%)
Poisonings	7 (6 - 10)	4 (3 - 5)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-36.2% (-53.2% - -11.0%)	368 (294 - 537)	194 (128 - 272)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.7% (-48.0% - -0.3%)
Mechanical forces	12 (9 - 17)	11 (9 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-42.5% - 44.3%)	944 (731 - 1,277)	890 (691 - 1,187)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.6% (-32.5% - 60.2%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 6)	3 (2 - 5)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-20.7% (-57.7% - 37.5%)	214 (150 - 356)	154 (104 - 253)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-53.1% - 42.4%)
Unintentional suffocation	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.3%)	213.1% (27.7% - 436.2%)	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 7)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	269.2% (26.0% - 548.4%)
Other mechanical forces	8 (6 - 11)	8 (6 - 11)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.2% (-41.6% - 15.2%)	728 (563 - 966)	731 (564 - 953)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.5% (-30.9% - 27.5%)
Animal contact	3 (2 - 7)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-29.1% (-73.6% - 42.2%)	191 (94 - 387)	107 (64 - 196)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.2% (-71.9% - 49.8%)
Venomous animal	3 (1 - 6)	1 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.2% (-76.2% - 62.2%)	145 (67 - 315)	75 (40 - 153)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-22.0% (-74.8% - 70.1%)
Non-venomous animal	1 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-38.3% (-64.2% - -0.4%)	46 (27 - 77)	32 (22 - 51)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-32.5% (-63.8% - 13.3%)
Foreign body	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-37.3% - 51.5%)	109 (76 - 157)	140 (95 - 205)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (-25.3% - 79.6%)
Pulmonary aspiration	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.2% (-37.5% - 53.9%)	90 (59 - 136)	118 (74 - 181)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	24.9% (-26.7% - 92.2%)
Foreign body in eye	--	--	--	--	4 (2 - 6)	4 (2 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-11.8% (-36.8% - 22.9%)
Other foreign body	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-24.8% (-58.6% - 28.4%)	15 (11 - 23)	17 (12 - 25)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.0% (-45.0% - 31.5%)
Other unintentional	12 (9 - 16)	10 (7 - 13)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-30.2% (-54.3% - 6.6%)	759 (578 - 985)	657 (504 - 884)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-41.3% - 23.8%)
Occupational asthmagens:	63	52	-0.0%	-34.2%	2,903	2,771	-0.0%	-18.1%
All causes	(48 - 93)	(42 - 70)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-46.8% - -17.1%)	(2,310 - 3,909)	(2,227 - 3,521)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-30.5% - -4.4%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Non-communicable	63 (48 - 93)	52 (42 - 70)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-38.8% (-50.8% - -22.6%)	2,903 (2,310 - 3,909)	2,771 (2,227 - 3,521)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-29.9% (-40.8% - -17.4%)
Chronic respiratory	63 (48 - 93)	52 (42 - 70)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-28.6% (-41.9% - -10.9%)	2,903 (2,310 - 3,909)	2,771 (2,227 - 3,521)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.0% (-28.4% - -1.4%)
Asthma	63 (48 - 93)	52 (42 - 70)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.4% (-23.5% - -5.6%)	2,903 (2,310 - 3,909)	2,771 (2,227 - 3,521)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-15.0% - -4.1%)
Occupational particulate matter, gases, and fumes: All causes	197 (161 - 236)	205 (164 - 251)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.8% (-26.7% - -9.9%)	7,212 (5,877 - 8,545)	8,802 (7,012 - 10,740)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-8.4% - 8.0%)
Non-communicable	197 (161 - 236)	205 (164 - 251)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.4% (-31.8% - -16.6%)	7,212 (5,877 - 8,545)	8,802 (7,012 - 10,740)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.9% (-21.4% - -7.8%)
Chronic respiratory	197 (161 - 236)	205 (164 - 251)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.8% (-18.6% - -4.4%)	7,212 (5,877 - 8,545)	8,802 (7,012 - 10,740)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.1% (-2.4% - 9.2%)
COPD	197 (161 - 236)	205 (164 - 251)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.2% (-15.7% - -2.6%)	7,212 (5,877 - 8,545)	8,802 (7,012 - 10,740)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.4% (-1.9% - 6.6%)
Occupational noise: All causes	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	21.4% (15.1% - 27.8%)
Non-communicable	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-1.6% - 9.8%)
Other non-communicable	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-7.2% - 8.0%)
Sense organ diseases	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.1% (-6.2% - -0.3%)
Other hearing loss	--	--	--	--	5,039 (3,268 - 7,193)	7,119 (4,549 - 10,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-6.0% - -0.9%)
Occupational injuries: All causes	151 (122 - 197)	159 (127 - 206)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.7% (-32.6% - 34.2%)	9,776 (7,809 - 12,884)	9,947 (7,886 - 12,927)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-29.9% - 34.2%)
Injuries	151 (122 - 197)	159 (127 - 206)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.7% (-35.8% - 28.5%)	9,776 (7,809 - 12,884)	9,947 (7,886 - 12,927)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.8% (-26.7% - 42.8%)
Transport injuries	61 (49 - 80)	81 (64 - 104)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-28.9% - 39.9%)	3,881 (3,079 - 5,110)	4,720 (3,722 - 6,060)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-27.0% - 43.2%)
Road injuries	54 (43 - 69)	74 (60 - 95)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.3% (-25.9% - 41.0%)	3,349 (2,701 - 4,294)	4,264 (3,385 - 5,448)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	6.2% (-23.2% - 45.7%)
Pedestrian road injuries	9 (7 - 12)	17 (13 - 23)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	26.5% (-13.0% - 81.0%)	520 (397 - 692)	896 (669 - 1,196)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.1% (-5.3% - 95.5%)
Cyclist road injuries	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	30.6% (-10.5% - 85.4%)	122 (94 - 168)	189 (140 - 264)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	33.3% (-9.3% - 90.0%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	7 (5 - 10)	11 (8 - 17)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	23.3% (-17.8% - 89.9%)	482 (358 - 653)	669 (484 - 979)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	23.7% (-17.6% - 90.1%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	33 (26 - 42)	42 (33 - 53)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.3% (-31.1% - 23.8%)	2,091 (1,669 - 2,683)	2,445 (1,955 - 3,089)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.8% (-30.3% - 25.5%)
Other road injuries	3 (1 - 4)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-19.0% (-52.4% - 29.7%)	134 (72 - 218)	66 (45 - 97)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-16.8% (-51.1% - 32.2%)
Other transport injuries	7 (5 - 12)	7 (5 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.2% (-44.5% - 50.0%)	532 (371 - 839)	456 (329 - 641)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.5% (-43.9% - 43.1%)
Unintentional injuries	90 (71 - 120)	78 (60 - 105)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.3% (-46.2% - 14.0%)	5,895 (4,672 - 7,851)	5,227 (4,104 - 6,951)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.5% (-31.9% - 38.1%)
Falls	18 (14 - 23)	21 (16 - 28)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-24.7% (-47.1% - 6.8%)	1,459 (1,147 - 1,913)	1,715 (1,314 - 2,252)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.6% (-28.3% - 36.7%)
Drowning	25 (19 - 32)	19 (14 - 26)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.0% (-34.6% - 41.1%)	1,372 (1,068 - 1,777)	985 (737 - 1,401)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	6.6% (-29.9% - 56.9%)
Fire & heat	11 (7 - 19)	9 (6 - 14)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-6.0% (-54.7% - 66.7%)	660 (439 - 1,136)	500 (335 - 825)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	3.0% (-50.6% - 82.6%)
Poisonings	7 (6 - 10)	4 (3 - 6)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-36.3% (-53.4% - -10.8%)	371 (295 - 537)	195 (130 - 274)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.8% (-48.1% - -0.1%)
Mechanical forces	12 (9 - 17)	11 (9 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.4% (-42.5% - 45.0%)	961 (747 - 1,299)	912 (706 - 1,214)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	10.4% (-31.9% - 60.7%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 6)	3 (2 - 5)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-20.5% (-57.5% - 38.4%)	215 (151 - 359)	156 (106 - 254)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-15.2% (-52.9% - 43.3%)
Unintentional suffocation	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.3%)	213.1% (27.7% - 436.2%)	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 7)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	269.2% (26.0% - 548.4%)
Other mechanical forces	8 (6 - 11)	9 (7 - 11)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.0% (-41.5% - 15.2%)	743 (571 - 991)	752 (573 - 989)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.8% (-31.9% - 29.1%)
Animal contact	3 (2 - 7)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-29.1% (-73.3% - 43.2%)	192 (95 - 388)	108 (64 - 197)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.1% (-71.6% - 50.2%)
Venomous animal	3 (1 - 6)	1 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-25.1% (-76.1% - 62.0%)	146 (67 - 315)	75 (40 - 153)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-21.9% (-74.6% - 70.0%)
Non-venomous animal	1 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-38.3% (-64.0% - -0.6%)	46 (27 - 77)	32 (22 - 51)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-32.3% (-63.8% - 13.1%)
Foreign body	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.4% (-37.4% - 50.9%)	110 (77 - 161)	142 (97 - 210)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	21.2% (-25.2% - 81.5%)
Pulmonary aspiration	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 4)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	0.9% (-37.6% - 54.5%)	91 (60 - 138)	120 (76 - 184)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	25.9% (-26.7% - 92.5%)
Foreign body in eye	--	--	--	--	4 (2 - 6)	5 (3 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-12.1% (-37.5% - 23.0%)
Other foreign body	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-25.1% (-58.7% - 27.9%)	16 (11 - 23)	18 (13 - 26)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.2% (-44.9% - 32.4%)
Other unintentional	12 (9 - 16)	10 (7 - 13)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-30.0% (-54.0% - 6.2%)	770 (585 - 1,007)	670 (512 - 905)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.8% (-41.2% - 24.0%)
Occupational ergonomic factors: All causes	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	16.2% (11.2% - 21.8%)
Non-communicable	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.5% (-5.1% - 4.5%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.7% - -13.0%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.8% (-16.7% - -12.5%)
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	15,944 (10,747 - 22,276)	21,109 (14,206 - 29,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.1% (-16.5% - -13.6%)
Occupational carcinogens: All causes	152 (135 - 174)	304 (263 - 341)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	52.4% (36.1% - 63.6%)	3,149 (2,789 - 3,543)	5,803 (5,076 - 6,526)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	48.5% (34.2% - 60.8%)
Non-communicable	152 (135 - 174)	304 (263 - 341)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	41.8% (25.8% - 52.2%)	3,149 (2,789 - 3,543)	5,803 (5,076 - 6,526)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.2% (15.2% - 37.3%)
Neoplasms	152 (135 - 174)	304 (263 - 341)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.6% (21.3% - 44.9%)	3,149 (2,789 - 3,543)	5,803 (5,076 - 6,526)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.5% (23.6% - 46.4%)
Larynx cancer	3 (3 - 4)	5 (3 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.5% (8.7% - 25.9%)	81 (58 - 104)	102 (74 - 136)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	18.3% (8.4% - 27.6%)
Lung cancer	134 (118 - 153)	269 (230 - 306)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.4% (15.6% - 35.0%)	2,732 (2,406 - 3,095)	5,038 (4,364 - 5,725)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	31.6% (20.3% - 39.7%)
Nasopharynx cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	28.0% (16.2% - 40.3%)	11 (7 - 15)	15 (10 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.8% (15.8% - 38.6%)
Ovarian cancer	1 (0 - 2)	1 (1 - 2)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.9% (-25.2% - -1.6%)	19 (9 - 31)	24 (12 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.0% (-28.9% - 2.4%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.0% (9.7% - 21.0%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	20.4% (14.3% - 26.6%)
Mesothelioma	11 (9 - 15)	25 (20 - 30)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.3% (3.2% - 17.0%)	238 (174 - 308)	514 (401 - 626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	14.3% (6.3% - 25.2%)
Leukemia	2 (2 - 2)	3 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.1% (21.0% - 30.5%)	68 (60 - 77)	108 (94 - 122)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	43.1% (36.3% - 52.0%)
Occupational exposure to asbestos: All causes	94 (76 - 116)	194 (155 - 233)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	56.2% (28.9% - 74.2%)	1,773 (1,425 - 2,211)	3,402 (2,725 - 4,113)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	53.4% (29.9% - 72.4%)
Non-communicable	94 (76 - 116)	194 (155 - 233)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	45.4% (19.0% - 62.0%)	1,773 (1,425 - 2,211)	3,402 (2,725 - 4,113)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	31.4% (11.2% - 47.4%)
Neoplasms	94 (76 - 116)	194 (155 - 233)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	38.9% (15.2% - 53.8%)	1,773 (1,425 - 2,211)	3,402 (2,725 - 4,113)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	41.0% (18.3% - 57.6%)
Larynx cancer	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	32.5% (12.7% - 50.9%)	13 (7 - 20)	19 (10 - 31)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.5% (15.4% - 61.7%)
Lung cancer	81 (65 - 102)	167 (131 - 204)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	29.5% (7.9% - 42.8%)	1,503 (1,193 - 1,899)	2,845 (2,231 - 3,534)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	34.2% (13.3% - 49.3%)
Ovarian cancer	1 (0 - 2)	1 (1 - 2)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-13.9% (-25.2% - -1.6%)	19 (9 - 31)	24 (12 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.0% (-28.9% - 2.4%)
Mesothelioma	11 (9 - 15)	25 (20 - 30)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.3% (3.2% - 17.0%)	238 (174 - 308)	514 (401 - 626)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	14.3% (6.3% - 25.2%)
Occupational exposure to arsenic: All causes	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	34.7% (23.4% - 46.8%)	47 (38 - 58)	76 (60 - 94)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	31.3% (18.6% - 44.9%)
Non-communicable	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.4% (15.5% - 35.8%)	47 (38 - 58)	76 (60 - 94)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.4% (2.2% - 23.1%)
Neoplasms	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	19.8% (11.0% - 29.5%)	47 (38 - 58)	76 (60 - 94)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.6% (11.9% - 29.7%)
Lung cancer	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.1% (4.9% - 21.3%)	47 (38 - 58)	76 (60 - 94)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.3% (9.1% - 24.2%)
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene: All causes	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	54.3% (46.1% - 62.7%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	51.7% (42.9% - 61.1%)
Non-communicable	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	43.6% (36.2% - 51.8%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.0% (23.0% - 37.7%)
Neoplasms	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	37.2% (30.2% - 44.9%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	39.5% (32.3% - 48.1%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.0% (9.8% - 21.2%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	20.3% (14.4% - 26.9%)
Occupational exposure to benzene: All causes	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	32.3% (25.8% - 37.8%)	59 (51 - 68)	95 (81 - 108)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.8% (29.1% - 44.4%)
Non-communicable	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	23.1% (17.3% - 28.1%)	59 (51 - 68)	95 (81 - 108)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	17.2% (11.0% - 23.6%)
Neoplasms	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	17.6% (12.2% - 22.4%)	59 (51 - 68)	95 (81 - 108)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.8% (19.9% - 31.4%)
Leukemia	2 (1 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.5% (20.8% - 31.2%)	59 (51 - 68)	95 (81 - 108)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	43.8% (36.4% - 52.9%)
Occupational exposure to beryllium: All causes	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.6% (3.0% - 25.3%)	2 (2 - 3)	3 (3 - 4)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.1% (-2.0% - 22.3%)
Non-communicable	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.7% (-4.0% - 16.0%)	2 (2 - 3)	3 (3 - 4)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.6% (-15.7% - 4.5%)
Neoplasms	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-7.6% - 10.2%)	2 (2 - 3)	3 (3 - 4)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.2% (-7.7% - 9.7%)
Lung cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.4% (-13.2% - 3.0%)	2 (2 - 3)	3 (3 - 4)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.4% (-10.0% - 4.8%)
Occupational exposure to cadmium: All causes	0 (0 - 0)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	68.6% (54.9% - 82.2%)	8 (7 - 9)	16 (13 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	64.9% (49.7% - 80.1%)
Non-communicable	0 (0 - 0)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	56.8% (44.9% - 68.5%)	8 (7 - 9)	16 (13 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	41.2% (28.7% - 53.1%)
Neoplasms	0 (0 - 0)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	49.9% (39.7% - 60.4%)	8 (7 - 9)	16 (13 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	51.5% (40.9% - 61.3%)
Lung cancer	0 (0 - 0)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.2% (32.1% - 49.6%)	8 (7 - 9)	16 (13 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	46.0% (38.6% - 54.7%)
Occupational exposure to chromium: All causes	1 (1 - 1)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	68.3% (54.8% - 81.4%)	28 (25 - 32)	57 (50 - 65)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	64.6% (48.9% - 80.4%)
Non-communicable	1 (1 - 1)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	56.6% (44.7% - 67.6%)	28 (25 - 32)	57 (50 - 65)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	41.0% (28.6% - 53.0%)
Neoplasms	1 (1 - 1)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	49.7% (39.9% - 59.5%)	28 (25 - 32)	57 (50 - 65)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	51.3% (41.2% - 60.7%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Lung cancer	1 (1 - 1)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.0% (32.1% - 49.4%)	28 (25 - 32)	57 (50 - 65)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	45.8% (38.5% - 53.8%)
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust:	17 (15 - 20)	37 (32 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	69.1% (57.2% - 81.3%)	394 (343 - 449)	797 (690 - 913)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	64.4% (50.5% - 78.5%)
All causes	17 (15 - 20)	37 (32 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	57.3% (47.2% - 67.9%)	394 (343 - 449)	797 (690 - 913)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.8% (29.4% - 51.7%)
Non-communicable	17 (15 - 20)	37 (32 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	50.4% (41.8% - 59.3%)	394 (343 - 449)	797 (690 - 913)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	51.0% (41.9% - 59.9%)
Neoplasms	17 (15 - 20)	37 (32 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.6% (33.6% - 49.1%)	394 (343 - 449)	797 (690 - 913)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	45.6% (39.2% - 53.0%)
Lung cancer	19 (17 - 20)	34 (31 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.6% (31.5% - 50.0%)	431 (393 - 465)	725 (660 - 794)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.7% (26.0% - 48.3%)
Occupational exposure to second-hand smoke:	19 (17 - 20)	34 (31 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.8% (23.3% - 38.7%)	431 (393 - 465)	725 (660 - 794)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	17.0% (8.7% - 25.9%)
All causes	19 (17 - 20)	34 (31 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.0% (18.8% - 31.8%)	431 (393 - 465)	725 (660 - 794)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.6% (19.0% - 31.9%)
Non-communicable	19 (17 - 20)	34 (31 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.9% (12.3% - 22.8%)	431 (393 - 465)	725 (660 - 794)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	21.0% (17.1% - 25.7%)
Neoplasms	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.9% (9.3% - 32.2%)	20 (16 - 25)	29 (23 - 35)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.3% (8.6% - 34.3%)
Lung cancer	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.5% (1.4% - 22.8%)	20 (16 - 25)	29 (23 - 35)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.9% (-7.1% - 14.6%)
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde:	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.6% (-2.3% - 16.9%)	20 (16 - 25)	29 (23 - 35)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.5% (0.5% - 22.2%)
All causes	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	28.0% (16.2% - 40.3%)	11 (7 - 15)	15 (10 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.8% (15.8% - 38.6%)
Non-communicable	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	23.1% (17.2% - 29.6%)	9 (8 - 11)	14 (12 - 16)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.3% (32.0% - 49.0%)
Neoplasms	6 (4 - 8)	12 (9 - 16)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	58.0% (42.7% - 73.1%)	135 (103 - 173)	257 (193 - 326)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	54.6% (38.4% - 71.0%)
Lung cancer	6 (4 - 8)	12 (9 - 16)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	47.0% (33.5% - 60.0%)	135 (103 - 173)	257 (193 - 326)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	32.4% (18.9% - 45.1%)
Occupational exposure to nickel:	6 (4 - 8)	12 (9 - 16)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.5% (28.4% - 52.3%)	135 (103 - 173)	257 (193 - 326)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	42.0% (30.2% - 52.8%)
All causes	6 (4 - 8)	12 (9 - 16)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	31.4% (21.3% - 42.3%)	135 (103 - 173)	257 (193 - 326)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.9% (26.8% - 46.2%)
Non-communicable	3 (2 - 3)	6 (5 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	71.4% (58.4% - 85.1%)	60 (51 - 71)	125 (102 - 146)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	67.4% (52.8% - 82.7%)
Neoplasms	3 (2 - 3)	6 (5 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	59.5% (48.1% - 71.0%)	60 (51 - 71)	125 (102 - 146)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	43.4% (31.9% - 55.3%)
Lung cancer	3 (2 - 3)	6 (5 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	52.4% (42.8% - 62.9%)	60 (51 - 71)	125 (102 - 146)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	53.8% (44.3% - 63.1%)
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons:	3 (2 - 3)	6 (5 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	42.6% (34.9% - 51.6%)	60 (51 - 71)	125 (102 - 146)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	48.3% (41.4% - 56.1%)
All causes	11 (10 - 12)	21 (19 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	52.8% (41.3% - 64.1%)	248 (223 - 274)	454 (404 - 509)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	49.0% (35.8% - 61.9%)
Non-communicable	11 (10 - 12)	21 (19 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	42.2% (32.1% - 51.5%)	248 (223 - 274)	454 (404 - 509)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.6% (16.8% - 37.5%)
Neoplasms	11 (10 - 12)	21 (19 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.9% (27.0% - 44.4%)	248 (223 - 274)	454 (404 - 509)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.9% (28.0% - 45.0%)
Lung cancer	11 (10 - 12)	21 (19 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.1% (20.4% - 34.7%)	248 (223 - 274)	454 (404 - 509)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	32.0% (25.9% - 38.1%)
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid:	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.8% (-8.8% - 13.1%)	68 (49 - 91)	83 (60 - 113)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.5% (-11.6% - 12.1%)
All causes	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.2% (-15.5% - 4.6%)	68 (49 - 91)	83 (60 - 113)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.6% (-24.2% - -4.5%)
Non-communicable	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.3% (-19.0% - 0.0%)	68 (49 - 91)	83 (60 - 113)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.5% (-19.1% - 1.4%)
Neoplasms	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	14.1% (5.3% - 23.5%)	68 (49 - 91)	83 (60 - 113)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	14.4% (4.8% - 24.5%)
Larynx cancer	18,453 (17,419 - 19,480)	21,909 (20,446 - 23,383)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.7% (-2.4% - 1.0%)	799,073 (753,589 - 844,178)	717,608 (667,831 - 771,924)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-7.4% (-9.8% - -5.1%)
Behavioral risks:	5,470 (5,112 - 5,803)	3,653 (3,428 - 3,913)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-2.7% (-7.1% - 1.8%)	458,651 (426,765 - 488,764)	262,003 (239,126 - 288,860)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.8% (-13.2% - -4.8%)
All causes	557 (441 - 676)	1,383 (1,278 - 1,542)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	91.0% (65.3% - 127.0%)	22,572 (18,229 - 27,255)	63,609 (59,050 - 70,305)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	91.2% (67.2% - 123.1%)
Group I	329 (227 - 425)	259 (173 - 335)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	3.4% (-5.7% - 12.5%)	10,918 (7,554 - 14,168)	9,144 (6,137 - 11,773)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	6.0% (-3.9% - 16.4%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	228 (177 - 304)	1,124 (1,055 - 1,243)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	1.0% (-1.9% - 3.8%)	11,654 (9,127 - 15,433)	54,465 (50,874 - 60,242)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.6% (-3.4% - 3.9%)
Tuberculosis	22 (16 - 31)	71 (57 - 89)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	1.1% (-1.8% - 4.0%)	1,112 (813 - 1,541)	3,439 (2,798 - 4,259)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	1.4% (-2.6% - 4.7%)
HIV/AIDS	205 (159 - 274)	1,053 (984 - 1,166)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	1.1% (-1.8% - 3.9%)	10,542 (8,305 - 13,886)	51,026 (47,553 - 56,520)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.6% (-3.4% - 3.9%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	4,055 (3,758 - 4,334)	1,700 (1,539 - 1,857)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-22.4% (-26.8% - -17.9%)	327,253 (301,942 - 350,247)	118,802 (107,085 - 130,528)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-16.4% (-20.8% - -12.1%)
HIV/AIDS other								
Diarrhea/LRI/other								

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Diarrheal diseases	1,477 (1,337 - 1,626)	469 (393 - 542)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-23.1% (-32.3% - -12.8%)	130,297 (117,689 - 142,906)	43,678 (36,922 - 50,376)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-11.6% (-17.1% - -6.0%)
Lower respiratory infections	2,181 (1,986 - 2,373)	1,166 (1,042 - 1,293)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-24.1% (-27.8% - -20.7%)	162,982 (147,072 - 177,847)	69,535 (61,679 - 77,778)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-15.2% (-18.4% - -12.1%)
Upper respiratory infections	0 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.5% (-57.7% - 44.3%)	59 (29 - 105)	41 (18 - 74)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-31.6% (-61.1% - -5.6%)
Otitis media	1 (1 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-59.1% (-66.2% - -51.1%)	160 (113 - 223)	61 (38 - 96)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-54.3% (-61.2% - -46.9%)
Measles	397 (218 - 650)	64 (32 - 116)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.4% (-15.2% - 1.7%)	33,757 (18,529 - 55,244)	5,487 (2,711 - 9,911)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.5% (-15.2% - 1.3%)
Maternal disorders	30 (14 - 46)	18 (8 - 27)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-23.8% (-29.8% - -17.9%)	1,769 (799 - 2,664)	1,041 (456 - 1,593)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-25.4% (-31.4% - -19.4%)
Maternal hemorrhage	19 (7 - 29)	10 (4 - 16)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.0% - -8.1%)	1,077 (420 - 1,663)	592 (222 - 940)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.6% (-15.3% - -8.4%)
Maternal sepsis	9 (3 - 14)	5 (2 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-11.1% (-14.9% - -7.9%)	504 (199 - 782)	311 (113 - 497)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.2% - -8.1%)
Maternal abortive	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.7% (-20.6% - 1.2%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.6% (-21.7% - -1.6%)
Nutritional deficiencies	569 (476 - 702)	409 (314 - 506)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.5% (-19.1% - -6.8%)	84,866 (68,501 - 104,367)	65,646 (51,393 - 83,533)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-1.0% (-2.5% - 0.5%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Vitamin A deficiency	--	--	--	--	199 (129 - 294)	154 (99 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Iron-deficiency anemia	213 (144 - 309)	183 (122 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	51,438 (37,289 - 69,754)	43,748 (30,849 - 61,398)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other group I	258 (156 - 397)	143 (89 - 215)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.0% (-30.6% - -3.0%)	22,190 (13,322 - 34,020)	12,904 (8,132 - 19,070)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-8.2% (-20.6% - 4.1%)
STDs	258 (155 - 396)	142 (88 - 214)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	22,162 (13,286 - 33,988)	12,857 (8,080 - 19,013)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Syphilis	251 (147 - 389)	137 (82 - 209)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	20,927 (12,046 - 32,771)	11,325 (6,635 - 17,485)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chlamydia	1 (1 - 2)	1 (1 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	535 (362 - 817)	692 (455 - 1,065)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Gonorrhea	3 (2 - 4)	2 (2 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	282 (220 - 373)	314 (229 - 438)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Trichomoniasis	--	--	--	--	78 (31 - 167)	114 (45 - 243)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Genital herpes	--	--	--	--	213 (68 - 517)	312 (98 - 749)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other STDs	2 (2 - 3)	2 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	127 (106 - 149)	101 (86 - 121)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hepatitis	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	108.1% (68.3% - 164.2%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	102.1% (57.8% - 157.0%)
Hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	112.1% (61.2% - 202.6%)	10 (4 - 18)	16 (7 - 25)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	119.8% (63.3% - 216.5%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	45.3% (9.7% - 90.2%)	18 (5 - 40)	32 (10 - 68)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (7.3% - 80.7%)
Non-communicable	12,345 (11,453 - 13,250)	17,391 (15,992 - 18,788)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.0% (-4.9% - -1.4%)	305,427 (282,835 - 327,891)	412,361 (376,510 - 449,656)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.1% (-9.5% - -4.8%)
Neoplasms	2,264 (2,071 - 2,461)	3,125 (2,819 - 3,415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.2% (-8.9% - -3.5%)	55,569 (50,521 - 60,401)	69,238 (62,536 - 75,868)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.8% (-10.7% - -4.8%)
Esophageal cancer	173 (134 - 213)	245 (190 - 308)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.4% (-3.4% - 7.1%)	4,153 (3,195 - 5,122)	5,412 (4,167 - 6,867)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.3% (-5.9% - 3.9%)
Stomach cancer	382 (248 - 515)	417 (260 - 575)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-8.5% - 4.7%)	8,964 (5,867 - 12,039)	8,638 (5,597 - 11,929)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.2% (-7.9% - 2.6%)
Liver cancer	173 (154 - 198)	273 (237 - 320)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-11.2% - 1.4%)	4,561 (3,985 - 5,337)	7,048 (6,074 - 8,253)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.6% (-2.9% - 12.1%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	19 (11 - 31)	39 (26 - 57)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	39.1% (10.1% - 73.3%)	613 (337 - 1,028)	1,145 (765 - 1,656)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	39.5% (5.6% - 81.0%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	23 (17 - 30)	135 (110 - 163)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.6%)	52.7% (33.0% - 79.9%)	705 (520 - 890)	3,720 (3,051 - 4,416)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	48.7% (27.2% - 79.5%)
Liver cancer alcohol	123 (114 - 133)	92 (85 - 100)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,992 (2,754 - 3,226)	1,980 (1,813 - 2,190)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Liver cancer other	8 (5 - 13)	7 (5 - 10)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	10.5% (-9.7% - 33.4%)	251 (145 - 400)	203 (133 - 288)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-16.5% - 37.3%)
Larynx cancer	23 (16 - 28)	26 (19 - 33)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.5% (-5.6% - 2.8%)	613 (431 - 749)	649 (465 - 846)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.5% (-5.7% - 3.3%)
Lung cancer	771 (709 - 832)	1,112 (977 - 1,241)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.3% (-10.8% - -4.3%)	18,125 (16,598 - 19,678)	22,735 (19,933 - 25,653)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.3% (-14.2% - -6.6%)
Breast cancer	56 (46 - 67)	76 (62 - 90)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.6% (-8.1% - -3.5%)	1,546 (1,262 - 1,814)	2,023 (1,660 - 2,396)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.2% (-9.7% - -4.5%)
Cervical cancer	196 (163 - 212)	236 (202 - 258)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,093 (5,106 - 6,693)	6,915 (5,774 - 7,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Uterine cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.3% (42.7% - 110.2%)	3 (2 - 5)	8 (5 - 12)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	78.7% (46.7% - 119.8%)
Prostate cancer	15 (5 - 29)	28 (9 - 54)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.0% (-20.8% - 18.9%)	241 (84 - 460)	434 (159 - 841)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-17.8% - 17.8%)
Colorectal cancer	275 (245 - 305)	432 (384 - 480)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.3% (-1.9% - 1.6%)	6,056 (5,393 - 6,733)	8,757 (7,744 - 9,791)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.1% (-2.7% - 0.5%)
Mouth cancer	46 (40 - 53)	70 (57 - 80)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.7% (-10.3% - 0.3%)	1,287 (1,108 - 1,481)	1,856 (1,483 - 2,152)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.0% (-12.7% - -1.5%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Nasopharynx cancer	27 (22 - 31)	31 (25 - 37)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.4% (-5.5% - 8.1%)	873 (711 - 1,047)	939 (763 - 1,134)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.4% (-7.5% - 8.3%)
Other pharynx cancer	18 (13 - 21)	30 (21 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.4% (-1.0% - 10.4%)	513 (384 - 611)	835 (579 - 1,009)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.1% (-2.3% - 8.8%)
Gallbladder cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.2% (-6.0% - 43.5%)	4 (2 - 7)	5 (3 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.2% (-2.0% - 46.9%)
Pancreatic cancer	40 (32 - 47)	63 (49 - 76)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.6% (-22.5% - -9.4%)	922 (748 - 1,090)	1,258 (983 - 1,515)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.2% (-25.8% - -17.1%)
Ovarian cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.4% (19.3% - 113.9%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 4)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	68.6% (15.8% - 107.3%)
Kidney cancer	15 (10 - 19)	22 (15 - 30)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.2% (-20.9% - -7.5%)	387 (270 - 493)	509 (334 - 675)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.7% (-22.8% - -10.4%)
Bladder cancer	38 (29 - 47)	44 (32 - 55)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.2% (-18.0% - -7.2%)	795 (613 - 971)	770 (574 - 974)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.5% (-22.8% - -14.0%)
Thyroid cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	57.7% (31.4% - 87.7%)	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	63.3% (35.3% - 93.5%)
Leukemia	16 (9 - 24)	19 (10 - 30)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.4% (-20.0% - -2.7%)	431 (227 - 636)	444 (229 - 696)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-23.7% - 2.5%)
Cardiovascular diseases	8,256 (7,571 - 8,958)	11,335 (10,228 - 12,443)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.5% (-3.9% - -1.1%)	170,778 (157,374 - 184,027)	223,435 (203,397 - 244,490)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.7% (-2.2% - 0.7%)
Rheumatic heart disease	28 (10 - 71)	22 (8 - 54)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.8% (-9.0% - 15.9%)	767 (272 - 1,890)	609 (229 - 1,468)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.6% (-7.3% - 14.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	4,490 (4,034 - 4,864)	6,179 (5,494 - 6,733)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.4% (-3.5% - -1.2%)	91,985 (82,864 - 99,541)	121,630 (108,960 - 132,627)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.4% (-2.3% - -0.6%)
Cerebrovascular disease	3,235 (2,842 - 3,652)	4,382 (3,789 - 5,040)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-4.7% - -1.2%)	66,021 (58,669 - 73,898)	83,803 (73,513 - 95,499)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.9% (-2.4% - 0.4%)
Ischemic stroke	1,392 (1,162 - 1,609)	2,011 (1,677 - 2,328)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.1% (-4.0% - -0.1%)	23,536 (19,628 - 27,311)	32,232 (26,828 - 37,170)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.2% (-2.7% - 0.5%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	1,843 (1,583 - 2,128)	2,371 (2,022 - 2,866)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.9% (-5.5% - -0.6%)	42,485 (37,197 - 48,299)	51,572 (44,889 - 60,284)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-1.8% - 1.3%)
Hypertensive heart disease	312 (217 - 432)	515 (345 - 695)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.4% (-7.5% - 4.0%)	6,484 (4,680 - 8,865)	10,213 (7,044 - 13,609)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.8% (-5.0% - 4.1%)
Cardiomyopathy	27 (11 - 58)	43 (18 - 91)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (-5.7% - 10.9%)	669 (288 - 1,326)	1,101 (490 - 2,175)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (-2.5% - 16.2%)
Atrial fibrillation	8 (6 - 10)	25 (19 - 33)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-12.6% (-17.2% - -7.8%)	283 (207 - 375)	527 (385 - 690)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-13.7% (-17.3% - -9.8%)
Aortic aneurysm	30 (21 - 41)	40 (28 - 58)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.6% (-15.0% - -4.2%)	649 (481 - 866)	843 (614 - 1,139)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.2% (-11.5% - -3.2%)
Peripheral vascular	4 (3 - 5)	7 (5 - 10)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-18.7% (-26.1% - -11.2%)	80 (59 - 107)	137 (99 - 186)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-12.4% (-17.4% - -7.4%)
Endocarditis	4 (2 - 8)	6 (2 - 13)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.1% (-3.9% - 11.8%)	97 (40 - 198)	148 (61 - 288)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.0% (-5.1% - 12.5%)
Other cardiovascular	120 (89 - 157)	116 (83 - 162)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.0% (-25.0% - -10.1%)	3,743 (2,770 - 4,851)	4,425 (3,190 - 6,011)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.3% (-13.7% - -2.3%)
Chronic respiratory	808 (630 - 1,046)	1,171 (936 - 1,415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.0% (0.8% - 28.0%)	20,212 (16,416 - 25,065)	24,732 (20,216 - 29,982)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.6% (-7.4% - 9.3%)
COPD	693 (519 - 926)	1,050 (821 - 1,287)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.1% (6.8% - 38.8%)	16,682 (13,181 - 21,315)	21,345 (17,134 - 26,357)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.1% (-5.1% - 14.4%)
Pneumoconiosis	10 (6 - 15)	8 (5 - 12)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.6% (-39.3% - -3.7%)	257 (147 - 383)	174 (103 - 265)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-43.4% - -7.1%)
Silicosis	3 (2 - 5)	2 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.6% (-31.1% - 4.5%)	80 (46 - 125)	47 (26 - 72)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-21.5% (-37.4% - -3.6%)
Asbestosis	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 2)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.1% (-22.2% - 20.5%)	33 (19 - 50)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.0% (-33.7% - 3.9%)
Coal workers	2 (1 - 3)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-45.2% - -9.5%)	47 (28 - 72)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.8% (-47.4% - -11.3%)
Other pneumoconiosis	4 (2 - 6)	3 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.2% (-46.2% - -0.4%)	98 (51 - 155)	69 (40 - 108)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-27.8% (-49.2% - -0.7%)
Asthma	86 (63 - 129)	77 (58 - 107)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.4% (-20.2% - 1.1%)	2,765 (2,097 - 3,781)	2,588 (1,926 - 3,434)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-23.1% - -7.6%)
Interstitial lung disease	15 (9 - 20)	30 (20 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-4.0% (-34.2% - 28.5%)	303 (183 - 407)	444 (311 - 625)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.9% (-42.3% - 0.5%)
Other chronic respiratory	5 (3 - 6)	6 (4 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-36.3% - 26.3%)	205 (142 - 288)	182 (119 - 266)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-32.8% - 4.7%)
Cirrhosis	451 (404 - 490)	704 (613 - 778)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.8% - 8.0%)	13,776 (12,269 - 14,992)	20,892 (17,933 - 23,189)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.8% (2.0% - 10.4%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis B	59 (36 - 78)	97 (54 - 127)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (7.9% - 33.0%)	1,945 (1,177 - 2,556)	2,954 (1,613 - 3,882)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.3% (5.1% - 33.2%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis C	82 (65 - 97)	180 (151 - 207)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	32.2% (21.3% - 46.2%)	2,657 (2,172 - 3,091)	5,465 (4,630 - 6,241)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.0% (18.8% - 44.6%)
Cirrhosis alcohol	292 (276 - 307)	384 (356 - 415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8,521 (7,986 - 8,992)	10,886 (9,929 - 11,927)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cirrhosis other	17 (11 - 24)	43 (22 - 60)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	35.2% (11.1% - 59.4%)	654 (402 - 879)	1,586 (768 - 2,231)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	48.0% (17.8% - 77.1%)
Digestive diseases	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	62.8% (24.6% - 95.5%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.8% (37.4% - 105.6%)
Pancreatitis	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.4% (2.8% - 40.4%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.3% (7.5% - 43.1%)
Neurological disorders	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.9% (-31.4% - -8.4%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-17.0% - -2.6%)
Epilepsy	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-4.6% - 21.1%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-6.1% - 13.9%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Mental & substance use	165 (137 - 216)	266 (214 - 310)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.1% (1.6% - 11.7%)	27,933 (21,601 - 34,941)	39,376 (31,064 - 48,510)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.4% (-7.7% - -2.2%)
Alcohol use disorders	112 (84 - 165)	139 (90 - 179)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10,008 (7,837 - 12,989)	12,772 (9,873 - 16,401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Drug use disorders	53 (48 - 64)	127 (111 - 136)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	11,295 (8,653 - 14,121)	17,953 (14,164 - 21,969)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Opioid use	18 (16 - 22)	51 (43 - 54)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,558 (3,322 - 5,980)	8,136 (6,171 - 10,486)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cocaine use	2 (2 - 3)	4 (4 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	888 (624 - 1,207)	1,200 (851 - 1,619)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Amphetamine use	2 (2 - 2)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1,652 (1,072 - 2,340)	2,117 (1,388 - 2,987)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cannabis use	--	--	--	--	323 (213 - 470)	396 (261 - 576)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other drug use	31 (26 - 37)	68 (60 - 73)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3,873 (3,030 - 4,750)	6,104 (5,006 - 7,312)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Depressive disorders	--	--	--	--	6,630 (4,337 - 9,425)	8,651 (5,598 - 12,435)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.7% (-17.4% - -13.8%)
Major depression	--	--	--	--	5,608 (3,583 - 8,200)	7,342 (4,653 - 10,602)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.4% - -13.5%)
Dysthymia	--	--	--	--	1,022 (656 - 1,477)	1,309 (840 - 1,898)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.9% (-18.6% - -15.2%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	375 (328 - 429)	751 (650 - 878)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.1% (-3.9% - 3.7%)	15,636 (12,977 - 18,785)	32,403 (26,480 - 39,428)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.6% (4.9% - 16.6%)
Diabetes	322 (287 - 357)	610 (542 - 682)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.5% (-2.3% - 1.3%)	14,015 (11,483 - 16,772)	28,959 (23,441 - 35,406)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.1% (0.5% - 3.7%)
Chronic kidney disease	53 (26 - 91)	142 (71 - 240)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	8.1% (1.2% - 18.6%)	1,621 (766 - 2,852)	3,445 (1,708 - 5,985)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.2% (4.1% - 21.0%)
Diabetes CKD	7 (3 - 12)	26 (12 - 46)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.1% (-6.5% - 11.4%)	249 (101 - 466)	718 (329 - 1,300)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	10.3% (3.1% - 22.3%)
Hypertensive CKD	16 (7 - 31)	42 (18 - 77)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	10.1% (2.3% - 20.1%)	451 (190 - 836)	884 (386 - 1,600)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	10.4% (2.7% - 20.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	12 (5 - 20)	16 (7 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.2% (-4.4% - 17.0%)	362 (157 - 658)	479 (210 - 879)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.4% (-6.4% - 11.3%)
Other CKD	19 (8 - 35)	59 (26 - 107)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	9.1% (1.5% - 18.0%)	559 (239 - 1,063)	1,364 (604 - 2,537)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	10.3% (2.4% - 19.1%)
Injuries	638 (586 - 702)	864 (775 - 959)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	14.8% (8.8% - 19.3%)	34,995 (31,896 - 38,555)	43,245 (38,953 - 48,093)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	24.4% (15.3% - 30.9%)
Transport injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.9% (4.3% - 11.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.6% (8.0% - 15.2%)
Road injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.4% (2.0% - 8.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.2% (5.9% - 12.5%)
Pedestrian road injuries	68 (54 - 86)	100 (78 - 126)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.5% - 9.0%)	3,927 (3,122 - 5,003)	5,099 (3,980 - 6,367)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.2% (7.2% - 16.7%)
Cyclist road injuries	12 (10 - 16)	17 (13 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (1.3% - 11.7%)	732 (582 - 919)	906 (710 - 1,110)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	13.2% (6.7% - 19.6%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	65 (52 - 79)	92 (72 - 111)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.8% (7.7% - 19.3%)	3,977 (3,230 - 4,827)	5,136 (4,109 - 6,146)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.5% (9.7% - 20.8%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	118 (100 - 136)	161 (137 - 189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.4% (-3.5% - 2.9%)	7,070 (6,085 - 8,177)	8,838 (7,561 - 10,189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.7% (-2.4% - 4.0%)
Unintentional injuries	100 (84 - 120)	147 (121 - 180)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	24.2% (9.5% - 34.6%)	6,005 (5,043 - 7,229)	7,438 (6,199 - 9,122)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	26.2% (11.5% - 37.3%)
Falls	34 (28 - 43)	64 (49 - 79)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.2% (1.7% - 20.1%)	2,391 (1,945 - 2,961)	3,382 (2,709 - 4,149)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (1.9% - 13.2%)
Drowning	26 (21 - 33)	31 (24 - 46)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	44.0% (21.8% - 66.8%)	1,249 (993 - 1,578)	1,384 (1,088 - 2,042)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	55.2% (24.2% - 89.2%)
Fire & heat	14 (11 - 17)	18 (14 - 22)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	40.8% (18.8% - 60.4%)	631 (505 - 780)	772 (615 - 955)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	47.8% (20.7% - 70.8%)
Poisonings	11 (8 - 15)	11 (7 - 14)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	8.3% (-4.5% - 34.9%)	465 (367 - 624)	412 (299 - 535)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.1% (-2.9% - 52.9%)
Mechanical forces	16 (13 - 20)	22 (18 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.7% (2.7% - 65.8%)	1,270 (1,050 - 1,556)	1,487 (1,223 - 1,819)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28.7% (-6.3% - 56.5%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 5)	5 (4 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	25.9% (11.4% - 40.6%)	220 (175 - 282)	264 (204 - 338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	30.8% (15.9% - 45.7%)
Unintentional suffocation	1 (1 - 1)	2 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	295.3% (44.3% - 499.0%)	39 (28 - 53)	90 (66 - 174)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	344.4% (39.6% - 594.9%)
Other mechanical forces	11 (9 - 14)	15 (12 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.0% (-4.3% - 17.2%)	1,010 (820 - 1,242)	1,133 (915 - 1,397)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.8% (-8.6% - 6.7%)
Self-harm & violence	276 (243 - 313)	347 (295 - 401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.1% (-0.9% - 9.9%)	13,284 (11,694 - 14,998)	15,828 (13,378 - 18,407)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.9% (0.8% - 12.2%)
Self-harm	214 (188 - 245)	267 (220 - 313)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.9% (-2.7% - 10.8%)	9,735 (8,417 - 11,168)	11,473 (9,386 - 13,563)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.7% (-1.2% - 13.5%)
Interpersonal violence	62 (46 - 74)	80 (61 - 99)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.1% (5.4% - 14.9%)	3,549 (2,714 - 4,275)	4,356 (3,324 - 5,325)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.7% (6.6% - 14.9%)
Assault by firearm	23 (17 - 29)	34 (23 - 44)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.3% (0.7% - 9.6%)	1,329 (991 - 1,679)	1,881 (1,303 - 2,402)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.5% (1.7% - 9.3%)
Assault by sharp object	17 (12 - 23)	23 (17 - 32)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.3% (4.9% - 23.7%)	959 (676 - 1,278)	1,239 (892 - 1,700)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.5% (6.2% - 22.6%)
Assault by other means	21 (15 - 26)	23 (17 - 30)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	15.1% (8.4% - 22.5%)	1,261 (914 - 1,532)	1,236 (926 - 1,582)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	15.6% (9.4% - 22.7%)
Child and maternal malnutrition: All causes	4,254 (3,937 - 4,555)	1,665 (1,487 - 1,840)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-50.5% (-55.9% - -45.5%)	403,951 (371,608 - 432,910)	176,859 (156,431 - 199,831)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-43.2% (-47.9% - -38.9%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Group I	4,254 (3,937 - 4,555)	1,665 (1,487 - 1,840)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-36.9% (-42.5% - -31.7%)	403,951 (371,608 - 432,910)	176,859 (156,431 - 199,831)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-27.8% (-32.8% - -22.9%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	3,658 (3,367 - 3,930)	1,240 (1,103 - 1,373)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-34.6% (-40.0% - -29.0%)	317,505 (292,410 - 340,894)	110,310 (98,693 - 121,633)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-19.2% (-24.0% - -14.4%)
Diarrheal diseases	1,478 (1,338 - 1,627)	470 (393 - 543)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-23.1% (-32.3% - -12.8%)	130,408 (117,788 - 143,012)	43,724 (36,966 - 50,427)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-11.6% (-17.1% - -6.0%)
Lower respiratory infections	1,776 (1,584 - 1,955)	704 (613 - 797)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.2% (-43.7% - -32.7%)	152,284 (135,852 - 167,511)	60,457 (52,643 - 68,407)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-19.3% (-23.6% - -15.2%)
Upper respiratory infections	1 (1 - 2)	1 (0 - 1)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-20.3% (-55.1% - 23.2%)	388 (255 - 577)	346 (215 - 547)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.6% (-28.6% - -3.7%)
Otitis media	2 (1 - 2)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-41.8% (-50.4% - -32.0%)	349 (261 - 474)	219 (144 - 330)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-24.7% (-32.6% - -16.9%)
Measles	401 (219 - 656)	65 (32 - 118)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.0% (-14.3% - 1.7%)	34,076 (18,654 - 55,756)	5,564 (2,747 - 10,028)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-6.1% (-14.2% - 1.3%)
Maternal disorders	27 (11 - 42)	16 (6 - 25)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.7% (-33.2% - -20.1%)	1,580 (616 - 2,451)	903 (333 - 1,434)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.2% (-34.9% - -21.8%)
Maternal hemorrhage	19 (7 - 29)	10 (4 - 16)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.0% - -8.1%)	1,077 (420 - 1,663)	592 (222 - 940)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.6% (-15.3% - -8.4%)
Maternal sepsis	9 (3 - 14)	5 (2 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-11.1% (-14.9% - -7.9%)	504 (199 - 782)	311 (113 - 497)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.2% - -8.1%)
Nutritional deficiencies	569 (476 - 702)	409 (314 - 506)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.5% (-19.1% - -6.8%)	84,866 (68,501 - 104,367)	65,646 (51,393 - 83,533)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-1.0% (-2.5% - 0.5%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Vitamin A deficiency	--	--	--	--	199 (129 - 294)	154 (99 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Iron-deficiency anemia	213 (144 - 309)	183 (122 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	51,438 (37,289 - 69,754)	43,748 (30,849 - 61,398)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Childhood undernutrition: All causes	3,635 (3,341 - 3,888)	1,327 (1,169 - 1,481)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-53.2% (-58.6% - -48.1%)	317,851 (292,419 - 339,549)	119,802 (106,565 - 133,359)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-49.9% (-55.1% - -45.0%)
Group I	3,635 (3,341 - 3,888)	1,327 (1,169 - 1,481)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-40.3% (-46.0% - -34.6%)	317,851 (292,419 - 339,549)	119,802 (106,565 - 133,359)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-36.4% (-41.8% - -30.8%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	3,279 (3,004 - 3,541)	1,101 (969 - 1,227)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-35.3% (-41.0% - -29.7%)	284,622 (260,553 - 306,571)	98,058 (86,807 - 109,141)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-20.0% (-25.0% - -14.6%)
Diarrheal diseases	1,327 (1,181 - 1,478)	420 (342 - 494)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-23.5% (-33.0% - -12.6%)	117,177 (104,157 - 130,033)	39,147 (32,132 - 45,848)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-12.0% (-18.2% - -5.4%)
Lower respiratory infections	1,578 (1,393 - 1,733)	621 (531 - 706)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.7% (-44.5% - -32.7%)	135,179 (119,439 - 148,451)	53,301 (45,561 - 60,563)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-19.9% (-25.1% - -15.0%)
Upper respiratory infections	1 (1 - 2)	1 (0 - 1)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-19.8% (-56.9% - 26.7%)	374 (244 - 562)	336 (206 - 537)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.0% (-28.6% - -2.9%)
Otitis media	2 (1 - 2)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-41.1% (-50.1% - -30.4%)	332 (243 - 456)	213 (138 - 325)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-23.0% (-30.7% - -14.9%)
Measles	371 (201 - 623)	59 (29 - 110)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-7.8% (-18.0% - 1.9%)	31,560 (17,104 - 52,966)	5,061 (2,459 - 9,323)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-7.9% (-17.7% - 1.6%)
Nutritional deficiencies	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-12.9% (-23.8% - -0.8%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.2% (-17.3% - 5.3%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Childhood underweight: All causes	1,080 (886 - 1,288)	386 (309 - 463)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-54.0% (-62.1% - -45.8%)	95,709 (79,446 - 113,315)	35,806 (29,108 - 42,575)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-50.2% (-58.3% - -42.4%)
Group I	1,080 (886 - 1,288)	386 (309 - 463)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-41.5% (-50.8% - -31.8%)	95,709 (79,446 - 113,315)	35,806 (29,108 - 42,575)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-36.7% (-46.2% - -27.2%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	724 (554 - 917)	160 (120 - 207)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-57.3% (-65.5% - -48.4%)	62,480 (47,981 - 79,119)	14,062 (10,629 - 18,210)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-47.5% (-57.3% - -37.4%)
Diarrheal diseases	262 (214 - 331)	58 (45 - 79)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-46.0% (-56.0% - -34.6%)	23,075 (18,870 - 29,101)	5,401 (4,122 - 7,283)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.3% (-48.1% - -27.3%)
Lower respiratory infections	285 (215 - 383)	77 (55 - 110)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-57.6% (-65.1% - -48.5%)	24,352 (18,349 - 32,789)	6,633 (4,700 - 9,429)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-44.7% (-53.8% - -33.1%)
Measles	177 (48 - 363)	24 (5 - 59)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-25.0% (-41.8% - -10.2%)	15,053 (4,081 - 30,878)	2,027 (435 - 5,002)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-25.1% (-41.8% - -10.6%)
Nutritional deficiencies	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-12.9% (-23.8% - -0.8%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.2% (-17.3% - 5.3%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Childhood wasting: All causes	3,295 (2,802 - 3,696)	1,247 (1,034 - 1,413)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-51.4% (-57.1% - -45.2%)	288,145 (246,038 - 322,526)	112,350 (94,437 - 127,169)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-48.2% (-53.8% - -42.2%)
Group I	3,295 (2,802 - 3,696)	1,247 (1,034 - 1,413)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.1% (-44.3% - -31.2%)	288,145 (246,038 - 322,526)	112,350 (94,437 - 127,169)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-34.1% (-40.2% - -27.6%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	2,939 (2,447 - 3,336)	1,021 (828 - 1,161)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-32.9% (-39.9% - -26.0%)	254,917 (213,138 - 288,839)	90,606 (74,061 - 102,694)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-17.4% (-24.1% - -10.2%)
Diarrheal diseases	1,249 (1,007 - 1,420)	398 (303 - 479)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-22.9% (-32.6% - -11.9%)	110,300 (89,027 - 125,097)	37,136 (28,433 - 44,639)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-11.3% (-17.9% - -4.6%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Lower respiratory infections	1,485 (1,053 - 1,673)	589 (392 - 686)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.2% (-44.5% - -32.1%)	127,177 (90,141 - 143,266)	50,562 (33,667 - 58,894)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-19.3% (-24.9% - -14.1%)
Measles	205 (50 - 546)	34 (8 - 97)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-3.8% (-23.5% - 17.2%)	17,439 (4,262 - 46,444)	2,907 (644 - 8,267)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-3.9% (-23.7% - 16.8%)
Nutritional deficiencies	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-12.9% (-23.8% - -0.8%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.2% (-17.3% - 5.3%)
Protein-energy malnutrition	356 (279 - 465)	226 (168 - 280)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-20.0% (-28.3% - -11.5%)	33,229 (26,298 - 42,218)	21,744 (16,703 - 26,273)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-6.5% (-10.3% - -2.8%)
Childhood stunting:	848	218	-0.1%	-67.3%	73,355	19,291	-0.1%	-65.4%
All causes	(474 - 1,339)	(107 - 389)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-73.9% - -60.0%)	(40,848 - 115,668)	(9,581 - 34,208)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-72.2% - -58.1%)
Group I	848 (474 - 1,339)	218 (107 - 389)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-58.4% (-66.5% - -49.5%)	73,355 (40,848 - 115,668)	19,291 (9,581 - 34,208)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-56.1% (-64.4% - -47.4%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	848 (474 - 1,339)	218 (107 - 389)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-50.9% (-59.9% - -41.0%)	73,355 (40,848 - 115,668)	19,291 (9,581 - 34,208)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-39.5% (-50.1% - -28.2%)
Diarrheal diseases	326 (127 - 555)	83 (32 - 151)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.5% (-49.1% - -28.1%)	28,770 (11,223 - 48,642)	7,658 (2,923 - 13,914)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-29.7% (-39.1% - -20.5%)
Lower respiratory infections	383 (0 - 831)	116 (0 - 280)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-52.8% (-62.3% - -43.3%)	32,794 (0 - 71,191)	9,993 (0 - 23,991)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.4% (-49.6% - -27.3%)
Measles	139 (19 - 315)	19 (2 - 53)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-22.3% (-40.7% - -7.7%)	11,791 (1,629 - 26,762)	1,640 (164 - 4,470)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-22.4% (-40.9% - -7.8%)
Suboptimal breastfeeding:	1,344	501	-0.1%	-52.1%	116,801	44,203	-0.1%	-49.6%
All causes	(904 - 1,834)	(318 - 697)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-58.3% - -45.5%)	(78,740 - 158,958)	(28,205 - 61,650)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-55.7% - -43.4%)
Group I	1,344 (904 - 1,834)	501 (318 - 697)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-38.9% (-46.1% - -31.7%)	116,801 (78,740 - 158,958)	44,203 (28,205 - 61,650)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-36.0% (-42.8% - -28.9%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	1,344 (904 - 1,834)	501 (318 - 697)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-28.0% (-36.3% - -19.2%)	116,801 (78,740 - 158,958)	44,203 (28,205 - 61,650)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-11.9% (-21.2% - -3.0%)
Diarrheal diseases	676 (464 - 894)	220 (150 - 302)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-20.7% (-31.2% - -9.2%)	59,124 (40,558 - 78,201)	19,925 (13,542 - 27,227)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-10.8% (-19.1% - -2.5%)
Lower respiratory infections	667 (287 - 1,097)	280 (117 - 467)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-34.4% (-42.1% - -26.0%)	57,564 (24,787 - 94,566)	24,218 (10,103 - 40,302)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-14.4% (-22.7% - -5.7%)
Upper respiratory infections	0 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.5% (-57.7% - 44.3%)	59 (29 - 105)	41 (18 - 74)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-31.6% (-61.1% - -5.6%)
Otitis media	1 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-52.4% (-60.9% - -41.9%)	54 (26 - 81)	18 (7 - 32)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-59.4% (-75.8% - -37.2%)
Non-exclusive breastfeeding:	1,155	442	-0.1%	-50.7%	99,927	38,502	-0.1%	-48.7%
All causes	(743 - 1,606)	(264 - 641)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-57.3% - -43.9%)	(64,457 - 138,645)	(23,037 - 55,565)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-55.1% - -42.1%)
Group I	1,155 (743 - 1,606)	442 (264 - 641)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-37.2% (-44.4% - -29.9%)	99,927 (64,457 - 138,645)	38,502 (23,037 - 55,565)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-34.8% (-42.3% - -27.6%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	1,155 (743 - 1,606)	442 (264 - 641)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-25.9% (-34.8% - -16.9%)	99,927 (64,457 - 138,645)	38,502 (23,037 - 55,565)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-10.2% (-20.3% - -0.2%)
Diarrheal diseases	486 (316 - 637)	162 (105 - 219)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-19.1% (-31.9% - -5.5%)	42,250 (27,680 - 55,249)	14,224 (9,367 - 19,233)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-10.7% (-21.9% - 0.5%)
Lower respiratory infections	667 (287 - 1,097)	280 (117 - 467)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-34.4% (-42.1% - -26.0%)	57,564 (24,787 - 94,566)	24,218 (10,103 - 40,302)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-14.4% (-22.7% - -5.7%)
Upper respiratory infections	0 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.5% (-57.7% - 44.3%)	59 (29 - 105)	41 (18 - 74)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-31.6% (-61.1% - -5.6%)
Otitis media	1 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-52.4% (-60.9% - -41.9%)	54 (26 - 81)	18 (7 - 32)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-59.4% (-75.8% - -37.2%)
Discontinued breastfeeding:	191	59	-0.1%	-60.5%	17,046	5,722	-0.1%	-55.4%
All causes	(65 - 349)	(20 - 110)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-67.3% - -52.5%)	(5,804 - 31,059)	(1,898 - 10,599)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-62.1% - -47.6%)
Group I	191 (65 - 349)	59 (20 - 110)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-49.6% (-57.9% - -39.7%)	17,046 (5,804 - 31,059)	5,722 (1,898 - 10,599)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-43.4% (-51.3% - -33.8%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	191 (65 - 349)	59 (20 - 110)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-40.6% (-50.2% - -29.2%)	17,046 (5,804 - 31,059)	5,722 (1,898 - 10,599)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-22.1% (-32.9% - -8.6%)
Diarrheal diseases	191 (65 - 349)	59 (20 - 110)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-25.4% (-36.8% - -12.5%)	17,046 (5,804 - 31,059)	5,722 (1,898 - 10,599)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-11.7% (-20.6% - -1.7%)
Iron deficiency:	241	199	-0.0%	-21.8%	53,019	44,651	-0.0%	-6.5%
All causes	(169 - 344)	(137 - 275)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-35.6% - -7.7%)	(38,674 - 71,446)	(31,844 - 62,304)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-11.3% - -2.0%)
Group I	241 (169 - 344)	199 (137 - 275)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-0.3% (-16.8% - 18.0%)	53,019 (38,674 - 71,446)	44,651 (31,844 - 62,304)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	18.9% (12.4% - 25.7%)
Maternal disorders	27 (11 - 42)	16 (6 - 25)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.7% (-33.2% - -20.1%)	1,580 (616 - 2,451)	903 (333 - 1,434)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.2% (-34.9% - -21.8%)
Maternal hemorrhage	19 (7 - 29)	10 (4 - 16)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.0% - -8.1%)	1,077 (420 - 1,663)	592 (222 - 940)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.6% (-15.3% - -8.4%)
Maternal sepsis	9 (3 - 14)	5 (2 - 9)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-11.1% (-14.9% - -7.9%)	504 (199 - 782)	311 (113 - 497)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-11.3% (-15.2% - -8.1%)
Nutritional deficiencies	213 (144 - 309)	183 (122 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.7% (-24.4% - -0.9%)	51,438 (37,289 - 69,754)	43,748 (30,849 - 61,398)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	2.0% (-4.0% - 8.3%)
Iron-deficiency anemia	213 (144 - 309)	183 (122 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	51,438 (37,289 - 69,754)	43,748 (30,849 - 61,398)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Vitamin A deficiency:	377	85	-0.1%	-71.0%	32,920	7,875	-0.1%	-68.3%
All causes	(247 - 522)	(51 - 125)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-78.2% - -63.7%)	(21,694 - 45,629)	(4,758 - 11,541)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-75.6% - -60.9%)
Group I	377 (247 - 522)	85 (51 - 125)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-63.0% (-71.9% - -53.9%)	32,920 (21,694 - 45,629)	7,875 (4,758 - 11,541)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-59.7% (-68.9% - -50.7%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	377 (247 - 522)	85 (51 - 125)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-56.4% (-66.3% - -46.2%)	32,721 (21,464 - 45,416)	7,721 (4,626 - 11,406)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-45.3% (-57.1% - -33.9%)
Diarrheal diseases	228 (127 - 338)	63 (33 - 98)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-33.4% (-43.3% - -20.7%)	20,136 (11,189 - 29,968)	5,840 (3,079 - 8,969)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-23.8% (-32.1% - -14.4%)
Measles	148 (71 - 255)	22 (9 - 42)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-14.1% (-26.0% - -1.8%)	12,585 (6,042 - 21,646)	1,881 (795 - 3,545)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-14.2% (-25.8% - -2.2%)
Nutritional deficiencies	--	--	--	--	199 (129 - 294)	154 (99 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.3% (-19.1% - -0.9%)
Vitamin A deficiency	--	--	--	--	199 (129 - 294)	154 (99 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Zinc deficiency:	221	66	-0.1%	-61.2%	19,188	5,996	-0.1%	-57.3%
All causes	(15 - 491)	(4 - 153)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-69.8% - -52.4%)	(1,816 - 41,961)	(745 - 13,267)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-66.1% - -42.6%)
Group I	221	66	-0.1%	-50.9%	19,188	5,996	-0.1%	-45.7%
(15 - 491)	(4 - 153)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-61.3% - -39.9%)	(1,816 - 41,961)	(745 - 13,267)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-57.1% - -27.5%)	
Diarrhea/LRI/other	221	66	-0.1%	-42.2%	19,188	5,996	-0.1%	-25.3%
(15 - 491)	(4 - 153)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-54.3% - -29.4%)	(1,816 - 41,961)	(745 - 13,267)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-39.7% - -1.7%)	
Diarrheal diseases	131	37			11,554	3,502	-0.1%	-11.8%
(0 - 308)	(0 - 88)				(506 - 26,739)	(379 - 7,844)	(-0.1% - -0.0%)	(-32.0% - 91.0%)
Lower respiratory infections	90	29			7,634	2,494	-0.1%	-28.8%
(0 - 306)	(0 - 102)				(16 - 25,864)	(7 - 8,648)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-42.5% - -6.3%)
Tobacco smoke:	5,229	6,149	0.0%	-9.6%	142,341	143,512	0.0%	-14.5%
All causes	(4,816 - 5,681)	(5,587 - 6,762)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-13.2% - -6.3%)	(131,399 - 153,920)	(129,979 - 159,147)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.9% - -10.2%)
Group I	715	529	-0.0%	-18.0%	30,235	13,918	-0.1%	-36.5%
(596 - 845)	(432 - 634)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-24.6% - -11.4%)	(25,044 - 35,528)	(11,352 - 16,886)	(-0.1% - -0.0%)	(-42.7% - -30.2%)	
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	191	123	-0.0%	-51.1%	5,988	4,004	-0.0%	-57.2%
(102 - 287)	(61 - 191)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-56.6% - -44.8%)	(3,179 - 9,032)	(1,965 - 6,254)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-62.8% - -51.5%)	
Tuberculosis	191	123	-0.0%	-15.8%	5,988	4,004	-0.0%	-16.7%
(102 - 287)	(61 - 191)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-22.6% - -8.0%)	(3,179 - 9,032)	(1,965 - 6,254)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-24.9% - -7.1%)	
Diarrhea/LRI/other	524	405	-0.0%	5.2%	24,246	9,914	-0.1%	-15.3%
(444 - 611)	(325 - 488)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-3.2% - 14.4%)	(20,224 - 28,664)	(8,180 - 11,596)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-24.9% - -5.1%)	
Lower respiratory infections	524	405	-0.0%	-15.0%	24,131	9,869	-0.1%	-26.0%
(443 - 611)	(325 - 487)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-20.6% - -8.5%)	(20,095 - 28,528)	(8,122 - 11,536)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-33.1% - -17.9%)	
Otitis media	0	0	-0.1%	-70.6%	115	45	-0.1%	-54.0%
(0 - 1)	(0 - 0)		(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-74.5% - -66.2%)	(74 - 173)	(26 - 74)	(-0.1% - -0.1%)	(-58.5% - -49.7%)
Non-communicable	4,514	5,620	0.0%	-12.6%	112,107	129,594	0.0%	-21.0%
(4,126 - 4,940)	(5,090 - 6,228)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-16.2% - -9.4%)	(102,567 - 122,507)	(116,959 - 144,139)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-24.8% - -17.2%)	
Neoplasms	1,120	1,528	0.0%	-6.2%	26,947	31,566	0.0%	-13.0%
(1,008 - 1,258)	(1,322 - 1,770)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-11.2% - -1.3%)	(24,069 - 30,668)	(27,337 - 37,223)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.0% - -7.3%)	
Esophageal cancer	77	108	0.0%	0.9%	1,867	2,216	0.0%	-9.5%
(56 - 112)	(75 - 158)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-8.0% - 10.7%)	(1,354 - 2,646)	(1,529 - 3,265)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.5% - 1.7%)	
Stomach cancer	75	66	-0.0%	-19.4%	1,833	1,330	-0.0%	-26.4%
(47 - 104)	(40 - 97)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-26.7% - -11.4%)	(1,157 - 2,535)	(805 - 1,930)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-33.5% - -19.0%)	
Liver cancer	50	77	0.1%	-3.0%	1,396	1,828	0.0%	-8.6%
(29 - 77)	(43 - 123)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-13.6% - 7.0%)	(794 - 2,213)	(997 - 2,965)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-22.8% - 5.3%)	
Liver cancer hepatitis B	17	24	0.0%	-1.8%	529	668	0.0%	-6.9%
(9 - 29)	(13 - 41)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-17.5% - 15.4%)	(273 - 943)	(336 - 1,175)	(-0.0% - 0.1%)	(-28.2% - 15.1%)	
Liver cancer hepatitis C	10	36	0.3%	-6.5%	248	787	0.2%	-12.4%
(6 - 15)	(20 - 57)	(0.2% - 0.3%)	(-16.5% - 4.9%)	(142 - 379)	(438 - 1,265)	(0.2% - 0.3%)	(-23.3% - -0.5%)	
Liver cancer alcohol	16	11	-0.0%	-3.3%	385	231	-0.0%	-9.2%
(9 - 23)	(6 - 17)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-12.2% - 5.5%)	(225 - 578)	(132 - 352)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-18.9% - 0.4%)	
Liver cancer other	8	5	-0.0%	-10.7%	233	142	-0.0%	-18.0%
(4 - 12)	(3 - 8)	(-0.0% - -0.0%)	(-25.6% - 5.4%)	(130 - 385)	(80 - 226)	(-0.1% - -0.0%)	(-35.9% - 0.9%)	
Lung cancer	720	1,022	0.0%	-8.6%	16,890	20,651	0.0%	-12.5%
(659 - 788)	(891 - 1,168)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-12.9% - -5.0%)	(15,401 - 18,644)	(17,958 - 23,961)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-16.8% - -7.9%)	
Cervical cancer	9	9	-0.0%	-18.0%	288	247	-0.0%	-24.5%
(3 - 16)	(3 - 16)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-31.5% - -1.8%)	(98 - 512)	(79 - 457)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-39.2% - -4.1%)	
Colorectal cancer	34	42	0.0%	-18.6%	787	828	0.0%	-27.5%
(25 - 43)	(30 - 55)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-28.4% - -11.3%)	(571 - 1,005)	(596 - 1,083)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-32.8% - -22.9%)	
Mouth cancer	31	42	0.0%	-15.5%	878	1,091	0.0%	-20.2%
(27 - 36)	(33 - 50)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-22.2% - -8.4%)	(740 - 1,015)	(858 - 1,309)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-27.7% - -12.4%)	
Nasopharynx cancer	15	14	-0.0%	-16.9%	480	413	-0.0%	-21.0%
(11 - 21)	(10 - 21)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-29.0% - 0.3%)	(346 - 666)	(281 - 610)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-34.3% - -3.2%)	
Pancreatic cancer	40	62	0.1%	-14.8%	920	1,253	0.0%	-21.3%
(32 - 47)	(49 - 76)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-22.7% - -9.5%)	(746 - 1,089)	(979 - 1,510)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-26.0% - -17.2%)	
Kidney cancer	15	22	0.0%	-14.7%	385	501	0.0%	-17.3%
(10 - 19)	(14 - 30)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-21.5% - -7.8%)	(268 - 490)	(325 - 669)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-23.6% - -10.9%)	
Bladder cancer	38	44	0.0%	-12.2%	795	770	-0.0%	-18.5%
(29 - 47)	(32 - 55)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.0% - -7.2%)	(613 - 971)	(574 - 974)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-22.8% - -14.0%)	
Leukemia	16	19	0.0%	-11.9%	428	438	0.0%	-12.1%
(8 - 24)	(10 - 30)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-20.5% - -3.1%)	(225 - 633)	(222 - 691)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-24.5% - 2.2%)	
Cardiovascular diseases	2,544	2,853	0.0%	-18.6%	63,018	69,867	0.0%	-15.5%
(2,315 - 2,782)	(2,538 - 3,164)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-21.8% - -15.3%)	(57,331 - 68,925)	(61,688 - 77,822)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.6% - -12.1%)	
Ischemic heart disease	1,288	1,480	0.0%	-16.4%	32,435	36,938	0.0%	-14.5%
(1,101 - 1,485)	(1,219 - 1,751)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-20.3% - -12.7%)	(27,566 - 37,379)	(30,233 - 44,024)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.2% - -10.7%)	
Cerebrovascular disease	1,045	1,128	0.0%	-21.3%	24,654	25,748	0.0%	-18.3%
(891 - 1,201)	(945 - 1,342)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-25.2% - -17.4%)	(20,983 - 28,385)	(21,409 - 30,719)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-22.1% - -14.4%)	
Ischemic stroke	405	486	0.0%	-16.8%	8,108	9,430	0.0%	-15.2%
(332 - 477)	(389 - 580)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-22.9% - -11.5%)	(6,560 - 9,621)	(7,535 - 11,344)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-19.6% - -10.5%)	
Hemorrhagic stroke	640	642	-0.0%	-23.7%	16,546	16,318	-0.0%	-19.2%
(535 - 744)	(532 - 801)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-28.1% - -19.3%)	(13,897 - 19,185)	(13,570 - 19,908)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-23.5% - -14.8%)	
Hypertensive heart disease	108	145	0.0%	-19.2%	2,630	3,487	0.0%	-16.2%
(77 - 150)	(100 - 196)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-26.7% - -5.5%)	(1,905 - 3,663)	(2,422 - 4,713)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-23.7% - -4.9%)	
Atrial fibrillation	3	7	0.1%	-35.5%	148	219	0.0%	-31.0%
(2 - 4)	(5 - 9)	(0.1% - 0.2%)	(-40.9% - -29.3%)	(105 - 197)	(156 - 285)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-34.3% - -27.9%)	
Aortic aneurysm	19	23	0.0%	-19.5%	463	557	0.0%	-14.1%
(14 - 24)	(17 - 29)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-23.2% - -15.0%)	(341 - 575)	(408 - 703)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-17.9% - -10.0%)	
Peripheral vascular	2	4	0.1%	-32.9%	53	80	0.1%	-22.9%
(2 - 3)	(3 - 5)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-38.2% - -27.6%)	(40 - 68)	(59 - 102)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-27.1% - -18.9%)	
Other cardiovascular	78	66	-0.0%	-28.8%	2,635	2,838	0.0%	-16.5%
(57 - 99)	(49 - 86)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-32.7% - -20.8%)	(1,951 - 3,443)	(2,056 - 3,802)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-20.7% - -11.5%)	
Chronic respiratory	808	1,171	0.0%	17.0%	20,212	24,732	0.0%	1.6%
(630 - 1,046)	(936 - 1,415)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(0.8% - 28.0%)	(16,416 - 25,065)	(20,216 - 29,982)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-7.4% - 9.3%)	

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
COPD	693 (519 - 926)	1,050 (821 - 1,287)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.1% (6.8% - 38.8%)	16,682 (13,181 - 21,315)	21,345 (17,134 - 26,357)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.1% (-5.1% - 14.4%)
Pneumoconiosis	10 (6 - 15)	8 (5 - 12)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.6% (-39.3% - -3.7%)	257 (147 - 383)	174 (103 - 265)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-43.4% - -7.1%)
Silicosis	3 (2 - 5)	2 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.6% (-31.1% - 4.5%)	80 (46 - 125)	47 (26 - 72)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-21.5% (-37.4% - -3.6%)
Asbestosis	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 2)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.1% (-22.2% - 20.5%)	33 (19 - 50)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.0% (-33.7% - 3.9%)
Coal workers	2 (1 - 3)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-45.2% - -9.5%)	47 (28 - 72)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.8% (-47.4% - -11.3%)
Other pneumoconiosis	4 (2 - 6)	3 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.2% (-46.2% - -0.4%)	98 (51 - 155)	69 (40 - 108)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-27.8% (-49.2% - -0.7%)
Asthma	86 (63 - 129)	77 (58 - 107)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.4% (-20.2% - 1.1%)	2,765 (2,097 - 3,781)	2,588 (1,926 - 3,434)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-23.1% - -7.6%)
Interstitial lung disease	15 (9 - 20)	30 (20 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-4.0% (-34.2% - 28.5%)	303 (183 - 407)	444 (311 - 625)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.9% (-42.3% - 0.5%)
Other chronic respiratory	5 (3 - 6)	6 (4 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-36.3% - 26.3%)	205 (142 - 288)	182 (119 - 266)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-32.8% - 4.7%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	43 (14 - 73)	69 (21 - 120)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-19.5% (-26.3% - -12.2%)	1,929 (582 - 3,357)	3,429 (974 - 6,048)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-5.9% (-16.3% - 2.4%)
Diabetes	43 (14 - 73)	69 (21 - 120)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-15.6% (-22.4% - -8.7%)	1,929 (582 - 3,357)	3,429 (974 - 6,048)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-13.8% (-21.2% - -8.0%)
Smoking: All causes	4,634 (4,222 - 5,079)	5,818 (5,258 - 6,435)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.1% (-9.3% - -1.3%)	115,910 (105,383 - 127,110)	134,196 (120,872 - 149,759)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.4% (-12.4% - -2.2%)
Group I	476 (364 - 590)	471 (375 - 575)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.4% (-13.8% - 3.5%)	11,606 (8,438 - 14,812)	10,412 (8,002 - 13,182)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-7.8% (-17.1% - 1.7%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	191 (102 - 287)	123 (61 - 191)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-51.1% (-56.6% - -44.8%)	5,988 (3,179 - 9,032)	4,004 (1,965 - 6,254)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-57.2% (-62.8% - -51.5%)
Tuberculosis	191 (102 - 287)	123 (61 - 191)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-15.8% (-22.6% - -8.0%)	5,988 (3,179 - 9,032)	4,004 (1,965 - 6,254)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-16.7% (-24.9% - -7.1%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	285 (231 - 346)	348 (272 - 428)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	32.3% (23.0% - 42.2%)	5,617 (4,579 - 6,800)	6,407 (4,956 - 7,826)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	56.9% (42.7% - 72.9%)
Lower respiratory infections	285 (231 - 346)	348 (272 - 428)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.8% (0.3% - 14.0%)	5,617 (4,579 - 6,800)	6,407 (4,956 - 7,826)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	37.1% (24.1% - 51.5%)
Non-communicable	4,159 (3,766 - 4,586)	5,347 (4,813 - 5,952)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.4% (-13.5% - -6.0%)	104,305 (94,908 - 114,822)	123,784 (111,068 - 138,445)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.8% (-22.8% - -14.7%)
Neoplasms	1,090 (975 - 1,234)	1,496 (1,285 - 1,744)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.5% (-10.7% - -0.6%)	26,219 (23,259 - 30,080)	30,817 (26,434 - 36,618)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.7% (-17.9% - -6.8%)
Esophageal cancer	77 (56 - 112)	108 (75 - 158)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.9% (-8.0% - 10.7%)	1,867 (1,354 - 2,646)	2,216 (1,529 - 3,265)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.5% (-18.5% - 1.7%)
Stomach cancer	75 (47 - 104)	66 (40 - 97)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-19.4% (-26.7% - -11.4%)	1,833 (1,157 - 2,535)	1,330 (805 - 1,930)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-26.4% (-33.5% - -19.0%)
Liver cancer	50 (29 - 77)	77 (43 - 123)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-13.6% - 7.0%)	1,396 (794 - 2,213)	1,828 (997 - 2,965)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.6% (-22.8% - 5.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	17 (9 - 29)	24 (13 - 41)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.8% (-17.5% - 15.4%)	529 (273 - 943)	668 (336 - 1,175)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.9% (-28.2% - 15.1%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	10 (6 - 15)	36 (20 - 57)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-6.5% (-16.5% - 4.9%)	248 (142 - 379)	787 (438 - 1,265)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-12.4% (-23.3% - -0.5%)
Liver cancer alcohol	16 (9 - 23)	11 (6 - 17)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-3.3% (-12.2% - 5.5%)	385 (225 - 578)	231 (132 - 352)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-9.2% (-18.9% - 0.4%)
Liver cancer other	8 (4 - 12)	5 (3 - 8)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.7% (-25.6% - 5.4%)	233 (130 - 385)	142 (80 - 226)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-18.0% (-35.9% - 0.9%)
Lung cancer	690 (626 - 764)	990 (854 - 1,142)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-7.5% (-12.1% - -3.8%)	16,162 (14,581 - 18,044)	19,902 (17,116 - 23,374)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.9% (-16.4% - -7.1%)
Cervical cancer	9 (3 - 16)	9 (3 - 16)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.0% (-31.5% - -1.8%)	288 (98 - 512)	247 (79 - 457)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.5% (-39.2% - -4.1%)
Colorectal cancer	34 (25 - 43)	42 (30 - 55)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.6% (-28.4% - -11.3%)	787 (571 - 1,005)	828 (596 - 1,083)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.5% (-32.8% - -22.9%)
Mouth cancer	31 (27 - 36)	42 (33 - 50)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-22.2% - -8.4%)	878 (740 - 1,015)	1,091 (858 - 1,309)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.2% (-27.7% - -12.4%)
Nasopharynx cancer	15 (11 - 21)	14 (10 - 21)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.9% (-29.0% - 0.3%)	480 (346 - 666)	413 (281 - 610)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.0% (-34.3% - -3.2%)
Pancreatic cancer	40 (32 - 47)	62 (49 - 76)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.8% (-22.7% - -9.5%)	920 (746 - 1,089)	1,253 (979 - 1,510)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.3% (-26.0% - -17.2%)
Kidney cancer	15 (10 - 19)	22 (14 - 30)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-14.7% (-21.5% - -7.8%)	385 (268 - 490)	501 (325 - 669)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.3% (-23.6% - -10.9%)
Bladder cancer	38 (29 - 47)	44 (32 - 55)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.2% (-18.0% - -7.2%)	795 (613 - 971)	770 (574 - 974)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.5% (-22.8% - -14.0%)
Leukemia	16 (8 - 24)	19 (10 - 30)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.9% (-20.5% - -3.1%)	428 (225 - 633)	438 (222 - 691)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-12.1% (-24.5% - 2.2%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,218 (1,988 - 2,460)	2,611 (2,300 - 2,922)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.1% (-17.8% - -10.3%)	55,945 (50,248 - 61,659)	64,806 (56,593 - 72,773)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-15.1% - -7.7%)
Ischemic heart disease	1,124 (938 - 1,318)	1,356 (1,098 - 1,629)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.7% (-16.0% - -7.7%)	28,885 (23,838 - 33,862)	34,306 (27,752 - 41,445)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.6% (-14.7% - -6.6%)
Cerebrovascular disease	884 (732 - 1,040)	1,010 (829 - 1,220)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.1% (-20.6% - -11.8%)	21,131 (17,453 - 24,871)	23,319 (18,961 - 28,287)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.5% (-17.9% - -8.9%)
Ischemic stroke	334 (266 - 406)	431 (339 - 524)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.9% (-16.9% - -3.2%)	6,889 (5,442 - 8,352)	8,525 (6,664 - 10,394)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.4% (-14.5% - -3.3%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	549 (449 - 650)	579 (470 - 733)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.5% (-24.8% - -14.3%)	14,242 (11,717 - 16,900)	14,794 (12,020 - 18,373)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.9% (-19.7% - -9.7%)
Hypertensive heart disease	108 (77 - 150)	145 (100 - 196)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-19.2% (-26.7% - -5.5%)	2,630 (1,905 - 3,663)	3,487 (2,422 - 4,713)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-16.2% (-23.7% - -4.9%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Atrial fibrillation	3 (2 - 4)	7 (5 - 9)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-35.5% (-40.9% - -29.3%)	148 (105 - 197)	219 (156 - 285)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-31.0% (-34.3% - -27.9%)
Aortic aneurysm	19 (14 - 24)	23 (17 - 29)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.5% (-23.2% - -15.0%)	463 (341 - 575)	557 (408 - 703)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.1% (-17.9% - -10.0%)
Peripheral vascular	2 (2 - 3)	4 (3 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-32.9% (-38.2% - -27.6%)	53 (40 - 68)	80 (59 - 102)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-22.9% (-27.1% - -18.9%)
Other cardiovascular	78 (57 - 99)	66 (49 - 86)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-28.8% (-32.7% - -20.8%)	2,635 (1,951 - 3,443)	2,838 (2,056 - 3,802)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.5% (-20.7% - -11.5%)
Chronic respiratory	808 (630 - 1,046)	1,171 (936 - 1,415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.0% (0.8% - 28.0%)	20,212 (16,416 - 25,065)	24,732 (20,216 - 29,982)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.6% (-7.4% - 9.3%)
COPD	693 (519 - 926)	1,050 (821 - 1,287)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.1% (6.8% - 38.8%)	16,682 (13,181 - 21,315)	21,345 (17,134 - 26,357)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.1% (-5.1% - 14.4%)
Pneumoconiosis	10 (6 - 15)	8 (5 - 12)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-22.6% (-39.3% - -3.7%)	257 (147 - 383)	174 (103 - 265)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-43.4% - -7.1%)
Silicosis	3 (2 - 5)	2 (1 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-13.6% (-31.1% - 4.5%)	80 (46 - 125)	47 (26 - 72)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-21.5% (-37.4% - -3.6%)
Asbestosis	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 2)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.1% (-22.2% - 20.5%)	33 (19 - 50)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.0% (-33.7% - 3.9%)
Coal workers	2 (1 - 3)	1 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-26.8% (-45.2% - -9.5%)	47 (28 - 72)	29 (18 - 45)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-28.8% (-47.4% - -11.3%)
Other pneumoconiosis	4 (2 - 6)	3 (2 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.2% (-46.2% - -0.4%)	98 (51 - 155)	69 (40 - 108)	-0.0% (-0.1% - 0.0%)	-27.8% (-49.2% - -0.7%)
Asthma	86 (63 - 129)	77 (58 - 107)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.4% (-20.2% - 1.1%)	2,765 (2,097 - 3,781)	2,588 (1,926 - 3,434)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-23.1% - -7.6%)
Interstitial lung disease	15 (9 - 20)	30 (20 - 43)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-4.0% (-34.2% - 28.5%)	303 (183 - 407)	444 (311 - 625)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.9% (-42.3% - 0.5%)
Other chronic respiratory	5 (3 - 6)	6 (4 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.7% (-36.3% - 26.3%)	205 (142 - 288)	182 (119 - 266)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.8% (-32.8% - 4.7%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	43 (14 - 73)	69 (21 - 120)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-19.5% (-26.3% - -12.2%)	1,929 (582 - 3,357)	3,429 (974 - 6,048)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-5.9% (-16.3% - 2.4%)
Diabetes	43 (14 - 73)	69 (21 - 120)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-15.6% (-22.4% - -8.7%)	1,929 (582 - 3,357)	3,429 (974 - 6,048)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-13.8% (-21.2% - -8.0%)
Secondhand smoke: All causes	595 (540 - 654)	331 (308 - 355)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-50.9% (-53.6% - -48.2%)	26,431 (22,494 - 30,676)	9,316 (8,417 - 10,277)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-60.2% (-63.3% - -56.9%)
Group I	240 (190 - 292)	58 (45 - 71)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-62.7% (-66.2% - -59.0%)	18,629 (14,675 - 22,747)	3,506 (2,716 - 4,334)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-68.5% (-72.3% - -64.8%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	240 (190 - 292)	58 (45 - 71)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-56.0% (-60.2% - -51.8%)	18,629 (14,675 - 22,747)	3,506 (2,716 - 4,334)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-56.7% (-61.9% - -51.6%)
Lower respiratory infections	239 (189 - 292)	58 (45 - 71)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-64.4% (-67.3% - -61.7%)	18,514 (14,547 - 22,611)	3,462 (2,673 - 4,283)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-62.4% (-66.3% - -58.6%)
Otitis media	0 (0 - 1)	0 (0 - 0)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-70.6% (-74.5% - -66.2%)	115 (74 - 173)	45 (26 - 74)	-0.1% (-0.1% - -0.1%)	-54.0% (-58.5% - -49.7%)
Non-communicable	355 (330 - 382)	273 (254 - 293)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-47.6% (-50.5% - -44.8%)	7,802 (7,204 - 8,473)	5,810 (5,302 - 6,304)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-49.6% (-52.7% - -46.5%)
Neoplasms	30 (24 - 35)	32 (25 - 38)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-29.2% (-33.8% - -24.0%)	728 (580 - 862)	749 (580 - 892)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.6% (-29.8% - -18.9%)
Lung cancer	30 (24 - 35)	32 (25 - 38)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-33.8% (-38.5% - -28.9%)	728 (580 - 862)	749 (580 - 892)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.3% (-32.5% - -22.1%)
Cardiovascular diseases	326 (302 - 351)	242 (224 - 259)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-47.3% (-49.9% - -44.7%)	7,074 (6,485 - 7,727)	5,061 (4,586 - 5,505)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-45.6% (-48.6% - -42.6%)
Ischemic heart disease	164 (145 - 184)	124 (108 - 137)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-46.2% (-49.3% - -43.1%)	3,551 (3,138 - 4,036)	2,631 (2,283 - 2,959)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-44.6% (-48.1% - -40.9%)
Cerebrovascular disease	162 (144 - 179)	118 (106 - 132)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-47.9% (-50.6% - -45.0%)	3,523 (3,130 - 3,942)	2,429 (2,149 - 2,733)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-46.2% (-49.5% - -42.7%)
Ischemic stroke	70 (60 - 80)	55 (46 - 61)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-47.6% (-51.2% - -44.1%)	1,219 (1,022 - 1,408)	906 (751 - 1,019)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-46.5% (-50.3% - -42.4%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	91 (78 - 104)	63 (57 - 75)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-47.7% (-51.2% - -44.6%)	2,304 (1,979 - 2,637)	1,524 (1,343 - 1,771)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-45.6% (-49.7% - -41.8%)
Alcohol and drug use: All causes	2,092 (1,671 - 2,438)	3,163 (2,537 - 3,656)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.4% (15.3% - 23.7%)	89,844 (76,788 - 101,767)	126,053 (107,154 - 142,356)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	23.5% (18.9% - 28.3%)
Group I	246 (148 - 308)	332 (234 - 402)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	31.5% (18.6% - 52.2%)	7,818 (4,627 - 9,875)	10,963 (7,702 - 13,248)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	48.7% (29.3% - 80.1%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	173 (93 - 223)	216 (146 - 266)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.3% (-15.6% - 20.2%)	6,261 (3,445 - 8,047)	8,648 (5,945 - 10,666)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.1% (-19.8% - 16.1%)
Tuberculosis	163 (83 - 213)	155 (86 - 200)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	25.8% (13.7% - 40.0%)	5,783 (2,969 - 7,568)	5,830 (3,232 - 7,486)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	29.9% (17.1% - 44.5%)
HIV/AIDS	10 (8 - 12)	61 (52 - 82)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	20.5% (-5.9% - 58.2%)	478 (402 - 565)	2,818 (2,385 - 3,811)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	22.3% (-2.6% - 55.9%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	1 (1 - 1)	4 (3 - 6)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.5%)	30.6% (1.7% - 71.2%)	42 (33 - 54)	183 (140 - 263)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.5%)	36.6% (9.0% - 74.6%)
HIV/AIDS other	9 (8 - 11)	57 (48 - 76)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.8%)	19.6% (-6.5% - 57.2%)	435 (367 - 516)	2,635 (2,235 - 3,552)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	21.1% (-3.5% - 54.1%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	72 (55 - 87)	115 (85 - 138)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.2% (57.8% - 87.9%)	1,530 (1,155 - 1,864)	2,268 (1,620 - 2,732)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	109.6% (82.6% - 130.4%)
Lower respiratory infections	72 (55 - 87)	115 (85 - 138)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (28.2% - 50.8%)	1,530 (1,155 - 1,864)	2,268 (1,620 - 2,732)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	83.2% (60.1% - 103.9%)
Other group I	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	103.3% (55.6% - 171.8%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	86.4% (43.0% - 148.5%)
Hepatitis	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	108.1% (68.3% - 164.2%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	102.1% (57.8% - 157.0%)
Hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	112.1% (61.2% - 202.6%)	10 (4 - 18)	16 (7 - 25)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	119.8% (63.3% - 216.5%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	45.3% (9.7% - 90.2%)	18 (5 - 40)	32 (10 - 68)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (7.3% - 80.7%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Non-communicable	1,331 (1,029 - 1,590)	2,112 (1,607 - 2,512)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.6% (8.3% - 17.4%)	52,965 (44,533 - 61,226)	78,516 (64,946 - 90,370)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.3% (4.5% - 12.0%)
Neoplasms	318 (272 - 353)	486 (406 - 553)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.6% (-3.1% - 9.2%)	8,349 (7,050 - 9,365)	12,474 (10,343 - 14,329)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.3% (2.8% - 17.0%)
Esophageal cancer	55 (38 - 68)	87 (62 - 114)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.5% (7.0% - 25.0%)	1,368 (958 - 1,697)	2,038 (1,441 - 2,642)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.8% (5.4% - 22.7%)
Liver cancer	141 (129 - 153)	223 (194 - 252)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.3% (-13.9% - 1.1%)	3,625 (3,302 - 3,956)	5,862 (5,057 - 6,647)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.2% (-0.6% - 16.8%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	2 (1 - 4)	15 (10 - 21)	0.6% (0.4% - 1.0%)	376.4% (225.1% - 628.0%)	90 (43 - 148)	512 (318 - 688)	0.5% (0.3% - 0.8%)	346.0% (204.0% - 582.4%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	15 (10 - 21)	113 (89 - 136)	0.6% (0.5% - 0.9%)	101.1% (60.3% - 169.6%)	526 (343 - 702)	3,307 (2,638 - 3,942)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.8%)	82.6% (45.9% - 142.8%)
Liver cancer alcohol	123 (114 - 133)	92 (85 - 100)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,992 (2,754 - 3,226)	1,980 (1,813 - 2,190)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Liver cancer other	0 (0 - 1)	2 (1 - 2)	0.4% (0.2% - 1.2%)	586.3% (258.2% - 1585.3%)	18 (4 - 34)	63 (34 - 88)	0.3% (0.1% - 0.9%)	489.6% (218.1% - 1335.8%)
Larynx cancer	18 (12 - 22)	20 (14 - 26)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.0% (-6.5% - 4.8%)	484 (328 - 585)	513 (354 - 655)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.3% (-6.4% - 5.0%)
Breast cancer	27 (20 - 33)	35 (25 - 42)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.9% (-14.3% - -5.9%)	759 (565 - 923)	944 (687 - 1,163)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.9% (-16.3% - -7.7%)
Colorectal cancer	26 (22 - 30)	40 (33 - 46)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.6% (-4.8% - 1.4%)	569 (471 - 643)	818 (670 - 930)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.9% (-5.0% - 1.0%)
Mouth cancer	23 (17 - 27)	37 (26 - 45)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.5% (-6.7% - 8.6%)	654 (485 - 783)	1,015 (707 - 1,224)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-8.5% - 8.3%)
Nasopharynx cancer	14 (10 - 16)	18 (13 - 22)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.8% (7.3% - 24.3%)	459 (328 - 551)	573 (402 - 694)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.9% (7.3% - 25.1%)
Other pharynx cancer	15 (11 - 18)	26 (18 - 31)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.6% (-1.0% - 13.4%)	431 (308 - 508)	711 (493 - 852)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.7% (-2.5% - 11.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	373 (177 - 551)	614 (300 - 884)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	19.3% (9.4% - 34.9%)	7,961 (4,291 - 11,090)	11,885 (6,471 - 16,357)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.8% (7.4% - 25.4%)
Ischemic heart disease	41 (-71 - 147)	109 (-62 - 261)	0.1% (-0.7% - 1.1%)	154.5% (-785.0% - 933.2%)	870 (-853 - 2,497)	1,936 (-499 - 4,090)	0.1% (-0.7% - 1.1%)	-125.0% (-557.2% - 615.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	281 (212 - 345)	403 (302 - 511)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.1% (-4.2% - 13.2%)	5,957 (4,438 - 7,329)	7,884 (5,816 - 9,904)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.8% (-2.9% - 12.9%)
Ischemic stroke	64 (38 - 92)	99 (70 - 134)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (-8.8% - 32.2%)	1,037 (683 - 1,430)	1,523 (1,121 - 1,967)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.7% (-7.0% - 25.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	218 (157 - 271)	303 (211 - 399)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.5% (-1.8% - 11.5%)	4,920 (3,518 - 6,148)	6,361 (4,390 - 8,178)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.3% (-0.3% - 13.1%)
Hypertensive heart disease	48 (20 - 75)	92 (34 - 145)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.0% (-0.3% - 31.7%)	1,052 (492 - 1,573)	1,893 (787 - 2,818)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.6% (3.1% - 25.2%)
Atrial fibrillation	3 (2 - 3)	10 (8 - 12)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-0.7% (-6.7% - 5.7%)	82 (61 - 105)	173 (131 - 217)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-7.5% - 1.5%)
Cirrhosis	451 (404 - 490)	704 (613 - 778)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.8% - 8.0%)	13,776 (12,269 - 14,992)	20,892 (17,933 - 23,189)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.8% (2.0% - 10.4%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis B	59 (36 - 78)	97 (54 - 127)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.5% (7.9% - 33.0%)	1,945 (1,177 - 2,556)	2,954 (1,613 - 3,882)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.3% (5.1% - 33.2%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis C	82 (65 - 97)	180 (151 - 207)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	32.2% (21.3% - 46.2%)	2,657 (2,172 - 3,091)	5,465 (4,630 - 6,241)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.0% (18.8% - 44.6%)
Cirrhosis alcohol	292 (276 - 307)	384 (356 - 415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8,521 (7,986 - 8,992)	10,886 (9,929 - 11,927)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cirrhosis other	17 (11 - 24)	43 (22 - 60)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	35.2% (11.1% - 59.4%)	654 (402 - 879)	1,586 (768 - 2,231)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	48.0% (17.8% - 77.1%)
Digestive diseases	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	62.8% (24.6% - 95.5%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.8% (37.4% - 105.6%)
Pancreatitis	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.4% (2.8% - 40.4%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.3% (7.5% - 43.1%)
Neurological disorders	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.9% (-31.4% - -8.4%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-17.0% - -2.6%)
Epilepsy	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-4.6% - 21.1%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-6.1% - 13.9%)
Mental & substance use	165 (137 - 216)	266 (214 - 310)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.1% (1.6% - 11.7%)	21,303 (17,066 - 26,381)	30,725 (24,709 - 37,337)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.7% (-6.7% - 1.1%)
Alcohol use disorders	112 (84 - 165)	139 (90 - 179)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10,008 (7,837 - 12,989)	12,772 (9,873 - 16,401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Drug use disorders	53 (48 - 64)	127 (111 - 136)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	11,295 (8,653 - 14,121)	17,953 (14,164 - 21,969)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Opioid use	18 (16 - 22)	51 (43 - 54)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,558 (3,322 - 5,980)	8,136 (6,171 - 10,486)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cocaine use	2 (2 - 3)	4 (4 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	888 (624 - 1,207)	1,200 (851 - 1,619)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Amphetamine use	2 (2 - 2)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1,652 (1,072 - 2,340)	2,117 (1,388 - 2,987)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cannabis use	--	--	--	--	323 (213 - 470)	396 (261 - 576)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other drug use	31 (26 - 37)	68 (60 - 73)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3,873 (3,030 - 4,750)	6,104 (5,006 - 7,312)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	-0 (-6 - 6)	3 (-8 - 15)	0.1% (-1.5% - 3.2%)	1227.5% (-1802.6% - 1483.6%)	52 (-198 - 297)	256 (-370 - 845)	0.2% (-1.7% - 2.1%)	60.9% (-949.3% - 1111.4%)
Diabetes	-0 (-6 - 6)	3 (-8 - 15)	0.1% (-1.5% - 3.2%)	1321.9% (-1876.6% - 1553.7%)	52 (-198 - 297)	256 (-370 - 845)	0.2% (-1.7% - 2.1%)	48.3% (-891.4% - 994.5%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Injuries	514 (464 - 572)	718 (642 - 804)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	18.6% (11.8% - 24.1%)	29,061 (26,198 - 32,429)	36,574 (32,684 - 40,923)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	26.5% (17.4% - 33.5%)
Transport injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.9% (4.3% - 11.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.6% (8.0% - 15.2%)
Road injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.4% (2.0% - 8.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.2% (5.9% - 12.5%)
Pedestrian road injuries	68 (54 - 86)	100 (78 - 126)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.5% - 9.0%)	3,927 (3,122 - 5,003)	5,099 (3,980 - 6,367)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.2% (7.2% - 16.7%)
Cyclist road injuries	12 (10 - 16)	17 (13 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (1.3% - 11.7%)	732 (582 - 919)	906 (710 - 1,110)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	13.2% (6.7% - 19.6%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	65 (52 - 79)	92 (72 - 111)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.8% (7.7% - 19.3%)	3,977 (3,230 - 4,827)	5,136 (4,109 - 6,146)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.5% (9.7% - 20.8%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	118 (100 - 136)	161 (137 - 189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.4% (-3.5% - 2.9%)	7,070 (6,085 - 8,177)	8,838 (7,561 - 10,189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.7% (-2.4% - 4.0%)
Unintentional injuries	100 (84 - 120)	147 (121 - 180)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	24.2% (9.5% - 34.6%)	6,005 (5,043 - 7,229)	7,438 (6,199 - 9,122)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	26.2% (11.5% - 37.3%)
Falls	34 (28 - 43)	64 (49 - 79)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.2% (1.7% - 20.1%)	2,391 (1,945 - 2,961)	3,382 (2,709 - 4,149)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (1.9% - 13.2%)
Drowning	26 (21 - 33)	31 (24 - 46)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	44.0% (21.8% - 66.8%)	1,249 (993 - 1,578)	1,384 (1,088 - 2,042)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	55.2% (24.2% - 89.2%)
Fire & heat	14 (11 - 17)	18 (14 - 22)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	40.8% (18.8% - 60.4%)	631 (505 - 780)	772 (615 - 955)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	47.8% (20.7% - 70.8%)
Poisonings	11 (8 - 15)	11 (7 - 14)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	8.3% (-4.5% - 34.9%)	465 (367 - 624)	412 (299 - 535)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.1% (-2.9% - 52.9%)
Mechanical forces	16 (13 - 20)	22 (18 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.7% (2.7% - 65.8%)	1,270 (1,050 - 1,556)	1,487 (1,223 - 1,819)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28.7% (-6.3% - 56.5%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 5)	5 (4 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	25.9% (11.4% - 40.6%)	220 (175 - 282)	264 (204 - 338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	30.8% (15.9% - 45.7%)
Unintentional suffocation	1 (1 - 1)	2 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	295.3% (44.3% - 499.0%)	39 (28 - 53)	90 (66 - 174)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	344.4% (39.6% - 594.9%)
Other mechanical forces	11 (9 - 14)	15 (12 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.0% (-4.3% - 17.2%)	1,010 (820 - 1,242)	1,133 (915 - 1,397)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.8% (-8.6% - 6.7%)
Self-harm & violence	152 (127 - 180)	201 (168 - 243)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.2% (5.4% - 14.1%)	7,350 (6,127 - 8,774)	9,158 (7,600 - 10,992)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.3% (6.1% - 15.6%)
Self-harm	101 (82 - 121)	135 (105 - 164)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.4% (2.9% - 15.9%)	4,400 (3,566 - 5,202)	5,548 (4,299 - 6,685)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.2% (2.8% - 17.5%)
Interpersonal violence	51 (37 - 63)	65 (48 - 82)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.9% (6.2% - 13.8%)	2,950 (2,176 - 3,663)	3,610 (2,651 - 4,488)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.3% (7.5% - 15.3%)
Assault by firearm	21 (15 - 27)	30 (20 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.1% (0.9% - 10.6%)	1,195 (877 - 1,557)	1,701 (1,160 - 2,207)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.7% (1.8% - 10.8%)
Assault by sharp object	14 (9 - 19)	18 (12 - 25)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.4% (5.1% - 15.7%)	770 (530 - 1,071)	968 (664 - 1,349)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.1% (5.8% - 16.3%)
Assault by other means	16 (11 - 21)	17 (12 - 23)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	12.3% (5.7% - 22.4%)	985 (681 - 1,235)	941 (678 - 1,247)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.2% (7.6% - 25.3%)
Alcohol use:	1,977	2,786	0.0%	11.1%	76,029	99,278	0.0%	13.6%
All causes	(1,555 - 2,329)	(2,146 - 3,287)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(6.9% - 14.8%)	(63,443 - 87,186)	(81,295 - 113,616)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(8.6% - 18.1%)
Group I	235 (138 - 297)	270 (174 - 335)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12.9% (2.5% - 24.4%)	7,313 (4,119 - 9,367)	8,098 (4,949 - 10,128)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	17.6% (4.0% - 32.3%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	163 (83 - 213)	155 (86 - 200)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.9% (-36.1% - -17.1%)	5,783 (2,969 - 7,568)	5,830 (3,232 - 7,486)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-33.2% (-42.3% - -23.9%)
Tuberculosis	163 (83 - 213)	155 (86 - 200)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	25.8% (13.7% - 40.0%)	5,783 (2,969 - 7,568)	5,830 (3,232 - 7,486)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	29.9% (17.1% - 44.5%)
Diarrhea/LRI/other	72 (55 - 87)	115 (85 - 138)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.2% (57.8% - 87.9%)	1,530 (1,155 - 1,864)	2,268 (1,620 - 2,732)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	109.6% (82.6% - 130.4%)
Lower respiratory infections	72 (55 - 87)	115 (85 - 138)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (28.2% - 50.8%)	1,530 (1,155 - 1,864)	2,268 (1,620 - 2,732)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	83.2% (60.1% - 103.9%)
Non-communicable	1,236 (932 - 1,493)	1,807 (1,285 - 2,208)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.4% (-2.8% - 7.8%)	40,118 (32,376 - 46,883)	55,079 (42,145 - 65,114)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.7% (-8.2% - 1.5%)
Neoplasms	301 (256 - 337)	379 (301 - 439)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.3% (-21.6% - -9.7%)	7,796 (6,541 - 8,818)	9,371 (7,260 - 10,898)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.8% (-18.9% - -5.8%)
Esophageal cancer	55 (38 - 68)	87 (62 - 114)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.5% (7.0% - 25.0%)	1,368 (958 - 1,697)	2,038 (1,441 - 2,642)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.8% (5.4% - 22.7%)
Liver cancer	125 (115 - 135)	116 (102 - 129)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-44.2% (-49.5% - -39.5%)	3,071 (2,824 - 3,317)	2,759 (2,362 - 3,124)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-39.4% (-46.5% - -33.6%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	1 (0 - 2)	12 (6 - 18)	1.0% (0.5% - 3.1%)	750.3% (323.5% - 2161.8%)	52 (11 - 99)	418 (223 - 587)	0.7% (0.4% - 2.4%)	630.1% (280.9% - 1814.8%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	0 (0 - 0)	10 (5 - 14)	4.3% (2.2% - 12.7%)	1297.2% (565.3% - 3350.6%)	9 (2 - 19)	298 (161 - 426)	3.2% (1.7% - 9.4%)	1020.5% (432.7% - 2662.9%)
Liver cancer alcohol	123 (114 - 133)	92 (85 - 100)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,992 (2,754 - 3,226)	1,980 (1,813 - 2,190)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Liver cancer other	0 (0 - 1)	2 (1 - 2)	0.4% (0.2% - 1.2%)	586.3% (258.2% - 1585.4%)	18 (4 - 34)	63 (34 - 88)	0.3% (0.1% - 0.9%)	489.6% (218.1% - 1335.9%)
Larynx cancer	18 (12 - 22)	20 (14 - 26)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.0% (-6.5% - 4.8%)	484 (328 - 585)	513 (354 - 655)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.3% (-6.4% - 5.0%)
Breast cancer	27 (20 - 33)	35 (25 - 42)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.9% (-14.3% - -5.9%)	759 (565 - 923)	944 (687 - 1,163)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.9% (-16.3% - -7.7%)
Colorectal cancer	26 (22 - 30)	40 (33 - 46)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.6% (-4.8% - 1.4%)	569 (471 - 643)	818 (670 - 930)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.9% (-5.0% - 1.0%)
Mouth cancer	23 (17 - 27)	37 (26 - 45)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.5% (-6.7% - 8.6%)	654 (485 - 783)	1,015 (707 - 1,224)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-8.5% - 8.3%)
Nasopharynx cancer	14 (10 - 16)	18 (13 - 22)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.8% (7.3% - 24.3%)	459 (328 - 551)	573 (402 - 694)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.9% (7.3% - 25.1%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Other pharynx cancer	15 (11 - 18)	26 (18 - 31)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.6% (-1.0% - 13.4%)	431 (308 - 508)	711 (493 - 852)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.7% (-2.5% - 11.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	373 (177 - 551)	614 (300 - 884)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	19.3% (9.4% - 34.9%)	7,961 (4,291 - 11,090)	11,885 (6,471 - 16,357)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.8% (7.4% - 25.4%)
Ischemic heart disease	41 (-71 - 147)	109 (-62 - 261)	0.1% (-0.7% - 1.1%)	154.5% (-785.0% - 933.2%)	870 (-853 - 2,497)	1,936 (-499 - 4,090)	0.1% (-0.7% - 1.1%)	-125.0% (-557.2% - 615.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	281 (212 - 345)	403 (302 - 511)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.1% (-4.2% - 13.2%)	5,957 (4,438 - 7,329)	7,884 (5,816 - 9,904)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.8% (-2.9% - 12.9%)
Ischemic stroke	64 (38 - 92)	99 (70 - 134)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (-8.8% - 32.2%)	1,037 (683 - 1,430)	1,523 (1,121 - 1,967)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.7% (-7.0% - 25.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	218 (157 - 271)	303 (211 - 399)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.5% (-1.8% - 11.5%)	4,920 (3,518 - 6,148)	6,361 (4,390 - 8,178)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.3% (-0.3% - 13.1%)
Hypertensive heart disease	48 (20 - 75)	92 (34 - 145)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.0% (-0.3% - 31.7%)	1,052 (492 - 1,573)	1,893 (787 - 2,818)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.6% (3.1% - 25.2%)
Atrial fibrillation	3 (2 - 3)	10 (8 - 12)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-0.7% (-6.7% - 5.7%)	82 (61 - 105)	173 (131 - 217)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-7.5% - 1.5%)
Cirrhosis	425 (375 - 466)	632 (527 - 707)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.1% (-6.2% - 3.3%)	12,779 (11,145 - 14,096)	18,511 (15,057 - 20,986)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.7% (-5.0% - 5.7%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis B	58 (35 - 78)	95 (52 - 125)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.5% (6.8% - 32.2%)	1,919 (1,143 - 2,532)	2,894 (1,550 - 3,827)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	18.4% (3.5% - 32.6%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis C	57 (38 - 72)	110 (71 - 139)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.5% (3.8% - 28.4%)	1,685 (1,112 - 2,127)	3,144 (1,989 - 3,996)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.9% (3.0% - 29.6%)
Cirrhosis alcohol	292 (276 - 307)	384 (356 - 415)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8,521 (7,986 - 8,992)	10,886 (9,929 - 11,927)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cirrhosis other	17 (11 - 24)	43 (22 - 60)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	35.2% (11.1% - 59.4%)	654 (402 - 879)	1,586 (768 - 2,231)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	48.0% (17.8% - 77.1%)
Digestive diseases	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	62.8% (24.6% - 95.5%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	73.8% (37.4% - 105.6%)
Pancreatitis	14 (8 - 22)	26 (12 - 36)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	21.4% (2.8% - 40.4%)	533 (292 - 804)	943 (475 - 1,335)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.3% (7.5% - 43.1%)
Neurological disorders	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.9% (-31.4% - -8.4%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.3% (-17.0% - -2.6%)
Epilepsy	11 (7 - 14)	14 (9 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.1% (-4.6% - 21.1%)	990 (666 - 1,280)	1,341 (851 - 1,775)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (-6.1% - 13.9%)
Mental & substance use	112 (84 - 165)	139 (90 - 179)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.8% (-32.1% - -12.5%)	10,008 (7,837 - 12,989)	12,772 (9,873 - 16,401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.5% (-24.2% - -13.2%)
Alcohol use disorders	112 (84 - 165)	139 (90 - 179)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10,008 (7,837 - 12,989)	12,772 (9,873 - 16,401)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	-0 (-6 - 6)	3 (-8 - 15)	0.1% (-1.5% - 3.2%)	1227.5% (-1802.6% - 1483.6%)	52 (-198 - 297)	256 (-370 - 845)	0.2% (-1.7% - 2.1%)	60.9% (-949.3% - 1111.4%)
Diabetes	-0 (-6 - 6)	3 (-8 - 15)	0.1% (-1.5% - 3.2%)	1321.9% (-1876.6% - 1553.7%)	52 (-198 - 297)	256 (-370 - 845)	0.2% (-1.7% - 2.1%)	48.3% (-891.4% - 994.5%)
Injuries	506 (455 - 564)	709 (631 - 794)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	19.0% (12.2% - 24.6%)	28,597 (25,723 - 32,061)	36,101 (32,266 - 40,428)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	26.8% (17.7% - 33.8%)
Transport injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.9% (4.3% - 11.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.6% (8.0% - 15.2%)
Road injuries	263 (229 - 301)	371 (318 - 427)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.4% (2.0% - 8.7%)	15,706 (13,732 - 18,068)	19,979 (17,287 - 23,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.2% (5.9% - 12.5%)
Pedestrian road injuries	68 (54 - 86)	100 (78 - 126)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (0.5% - 9.0%)	3,927 (3,122 - 5,003)	5,099 (3,980 - 6,367)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.2% (7.2% - 16.7%)
Cyclist road injuries	12 (10 - 16)	17 (13 - 21)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (1.3% - 11.7%)	732 (582 - 919)	906 (710 - 1,110)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	13.2% (6.7% - 19.6%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	65 (52 - 79)	92 (72 - 111)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.8% (7.7% - 19.3%)	3,977 (3,230 - 4,827)	5,136 (4,109 - 6,146)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	15.5% (9.7% - 20.8%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	118 (100 - 136)	161 (137 - 189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.4% (-3.5% - 2.9%)	7,070 (6,085 - 8,177)	8,838 (7,561 - 10,189)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.7% (-2.4% - 4.0%)
Unintentional injuries	100 (84 - 120)	147 (121 - 180)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	24.2% (9.5% - 34.6%)	6,005 (5,043 - 7,229)	7,438 (6,199 - 9,122)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	26.2% (11.5% - 37.3%)
Falls	34 (28 - 43)	64 (49 - 79)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.2% (1.7% - 20.1%)	2,391 (1,945 - 2,961)	3,382 (2,709 - 4,149)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (1.9% - 13.2%)
Drowning	26 (21 - 33)	31 (24 - 46)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	44.0% (21.8% - 66.8%)	1,249 (993 - 1,578)	1,384 (1,088 - 2,042)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	55.2% (24.2% - 89.2%)
Fire & heat	14 (11 - 17)	18 (14 - 22)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	40.8% (18.8% - 60.4%)	631 (505 - 780)	772 (615 - 955)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	47.8% (20.7% - 70.8%)
Poisonings	11 (8 - 15)	11 (7 - 14)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	8.3% (-4.5% - 34.9%)	465 (367 - 624)	412 (299 - 535)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.1% (-2.9% - 52.9%)
Mechanical forces	16 (13 - 20)	22 (18 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	38.7% (2.7% - 65.8%)	1,270 (1,050 - 1,556)	1,487 (1,223 - 1,819)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28.7% (-6.3% - 56.5%)
Unintentional firearm	4 (3 - 5)	5 (4 - 7)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	25.9% (11.4% - 40.6%)	220 (175 - 282)	264 (204 - 338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	30.8% (15.9% - 45.7%)
Unintentional suffocation	1 (1 - 1)	2 (2 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	295.3% (44.3% - 499.0%)	39 (28 - 53)	90 (66 - 174)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.3%)	344.4% (39.6% - 594.9%)
Other mechanical forces	11 (9 - 14)	15 (12 - 18)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.0% (-4.3% - 17.2%)	1,010 (820 - 1,242)	1,133 (915 - 1,397)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.8% (-8.6% - 6.7%)
Self-harm & violence	143 (119 - 172)	191 (158 - 233)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.1% (5.9% - 15.3%)	6,886 (5,790 - 8,326)	8,685 (7,154 - 10,525)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12.3% (6.7% - 17.0%)
Self-harm	92 (76 - 112)	126 (98 - 154)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.5% (3.1% - 17.6%)	3,937 (3,234 - 4,739)	5,075 (3,894 - 6,219)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12.6% (3.0% - 19.7%)
Interpersonal violence	51 (37 - 63)	65 (48 - 82)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	9.9% (6.2% - 13.8%)	2,950 (2,176 - 3,663)	3,610 (2,651 - 4,488)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.3% (7.5% - 15.3%)
Assault by firearm	21 (15 - 27)	30 (20 - 40)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.1% (0.9% - 10.6%)	1,195 (877 - 1,557)	1,701 (1,160 - 2,207)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.7% (1.8% - 10.8%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Assault by sharp object	14 (9 - 19)	18 (12 - 25)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.4% (5.1% - 15.7%)	770 (530 - 1,071)	968 (664 - 1,349)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	11.1% (5.8% - 16.3%)
Assault by other means	16 (11 - 21)	17 (12 - 23)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	12.3% (5.7% - 22.4%)	985 (681 - 1,235)	941 (678 - 1,247)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.2% (7.6% - 25.3%)
Drug use:	132	429	0.2%	179.5%	14,481	28,578	0.1%	89.3%
All causes	(109 - 155)	(381 - 480)	(0.2% - 0.3%)	(147.0% - 222.3%)	(11,607 - 17,286)	(24,505 - 33,104)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(74.3% - 107.1%)
Group I	11 (9 - 12)	62 (53 - 83)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	522.4% (399.8% - 737.9%)	505 (427 - 594)	2,865 (2,437 - 3,847)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.6%)	542.6% (420.1% - 753.6%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	10 (8 - 12)	61 (52 - 82)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	400.5% (298.1% - 559.7%)	478 (402 - 565)	2,818 (2,385 - 3,811)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	315.7% (238.1% - 440.1%)
HIV/AIDS	10 (8 - 12)	61 (52 - 82)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	20.5% (-5.9% - 58.2%)	478 (402 - 565)	2,818 (2,385 - 3,811)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	22.3% (-2.6% - 55.9%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	1 (1 - 1)	4 (3 - 6)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.5%)	30.6% (1.7% - 71.2%)	42 (33 - 54)	183 (140 - 263)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.5%)	36.6% (9.0% - 74.6%)
HIV/AIDS other	9 (8 - 11)	57 (48 - 76)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.8%)	19.6% (-6.5% - 57.2%)	435 (367 - 516)	2,635 (2,235 - 3,552)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	21.1% (-3.5% - 54.1%)
Other group I	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	103.3% (55.6% - 171.8%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	86.4% (43.0% - 148.5%)
Hepatitis	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	108.1% (68.3% - 164.2%)	28 (13 - 51)	47 (23 - 85)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	102.1% (57.8% - 157.0%)
Hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.2%)	112.1% (61.2% - 202.6%)	10 (4 - 18)	16 (7 - 25)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	119.8% (63.3% - 216.5%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	45.3% (9.7% - 90.2%)	18 (5 - 40)	32 (10 - 68)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.9% (7.3% - 80.7%)
Non-communicable	111 (90 - 133)	356 (309 - 399)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	155.3% (122.9% - 195.3%)	13,451 (10,640 - 16,296)	25,168 (21,038 - 29,295)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	53.9% (42.1% - 67.6%)
Neoplasms	16 (11 - 22)	112 (88 - 136)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.9%)	396.2% (286.5% - 569.8%)	559 (374 - 740)	3,290 (2,601 - 3,954)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	358.1% (254.1% - 532.2%)
Liver cancer	16 (11 - 22)	112 (88 - 136)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.9%)	344.5% (250.4% - 493.3%)	559 (374 - 740)	3,290 (2,601 - 3,954)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	321.1% (230.2% - 468.1%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	1 (0 - 2)	3 (2 - 5)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.4%)	112.9% (57.9% - 214.8%)	38 (15 - 70)	101 (48 - 160)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	102.8% (48.2% - 202.9%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	15 (10 - 21)	109 (84 - 132)	0.6% (0.5% - 0.9%)	94.6% (55.4% - 161.8%)	521 (338 - 700)	3,189 (2,489 - 3,835)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.8%)	77.5% (42.4% - 135.1%)
Cirrhosis	42 (28 - 55)	118 (98 - 138)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	103.5% (63.6% - 174.0%)	1,596 (1,116 - 2,033)	3,925 (3,367 - 4,553)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	82.9% (47.3% - 144.0%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis B	1 (0 - 2)	3 (1 - 5)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	112.1% (58.4% - 211.3%)	40 (16 - 71)	99 (44 - 157)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	105.9% (51.8% - 206.0%)
Cirrhosis hepatitis C	41 (26 - 54)	114 (95 - 135)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	79.9% (44.5% - 140.2%)	1,557 (1,072 - 1,991)	3,826 (3,264 - 4,441)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	62.0% (31.0% - 112.5%)
Mental & substance use	53 (48 - 64)	127 (111 - 136)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.9% (49.4% - 106.1%)	11,295 (8,653 - 14,121)	17,953 (14,164 - 21,969)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.9% (7.2% - 18.3%)
Drug use disorders	53 (48 - 64)	127 (111 - 136)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	11,295 (8,653 - 14,121)	17,953 (14,164 - 21,969)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Opioid use	18 (16 - 22)	51 (43 - 54)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,558 (3,322 - 5,980)	8,136 (6,171 - 10,486)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cocaine use	2 (2 - 3)	4 (4 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	888 (624 - 1,207)	1,200 (851 - 1,619)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Amphetamine use	2 (2 - 2)	4 (3 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1,652 (1,072 - 2,340)	2,117 (1,388 - 2,987)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cannabis use	--	--	--	--	323 (213 - 470)	396 (261 - 576)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other drug use	31 (26 - 37)	68 (60 - 73)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3,873 (3,030 - 4,750)	6,104 (5,006 - 7,312)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Injuries	10 (5 - 17)	11 (6 - 18)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.3% (-15.5% - 10.4%)	525 (276 - 882)	545 (295 - 899)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.5% (-5.6% - 26.2%)
Self-harm & violence	10 (5 - 17)	11 (6 - 18)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-12.9% - 5.4%)	525 (276 - 882)	545 (295 - 899)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.6% (-13.0% - 8.3%)
Self-harm	10 (5 - 17)	11 (6 - 18)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.0% (-10.8% - 7.5%)	525 (276 - 882)	545 (295 - 899)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-11.4% - 10.2%)
Dietary risks:	8,068	11,274	0.0%	2.9%	177,408	241,351	0.0%	7.7%
All causes	(6,991 - 9,159)	(9,656 - 12,957)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(0.3% - 5.8%)	(154,661 - 200,097)	(209,634 - 273,339)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(4.1% - 12.0%)
Non-communicable	8,068 (6,991 - 9,159)	11,274 (9,656 - 12,957)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.2% (-6.5% - -2.1%)	177,408 (154,661 - 200,097)	241,351 (209,634 - 273,339)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.7% (-10.5% - -4.8%)
Neoplasms	821 (615 - 1,021)	1,106 (838 - 1,381)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.0% (-13.4% - -4.3%)	19,082 (14,325 - 23,898)	23,419 (18,006 - 29,121)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.2% (-14.0% - -4.3%)
Esophageal cancer	89 (45 - 137)	119 (59 - 186)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.5% (-12.7% - 1.5%)	2,123 (1,095 - 3,252)	2,679 (1,374 - 4,140)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.8% (-12.2% - 3.3%)
Stomach cancer	340 (200 - 488)	381 (221 - 549)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.4% (-7.5% - 9.7%)	7,912 (4,603 - 11,420)	7,884 (4,714 - 11,423)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-4.3% - 7.9%)
Liver cancer	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	73.5% (41.3% - 114.0%)	9 (4 - 18)	23 (10 - 43)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	79.9% (46.1% - 124.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	79.3% (45.4% - 119.2%)	3 (1 - 6)	8 (3 - 14)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	86.0% (49.2% - 130.2%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.7%)	70.9% (34.8% - 120.3%)	2 (1 - 3)	10 (4 - 18)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	73.9% (36.0% - 128.4%)
Liver cancer alcohol	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	93.3% (51.3% - 150.5%)	3 (1 - 5)	3 (1 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	99.7% (54.4% - 164.2%)
Liver cancer other	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	87.5% (46.1% - 139.0%)	2 (1 - 4)	3 (1 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	90.3% (49.5% - 141.1%)
Larynx cancer	6 (3 - 10)	7 (4 - 12)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.2% (-12.9% - 6.4%)	170 (87 - 275)	178 (88 - 300)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.4% (-13.2% - 8.4%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Lung cancer	148 (86 - 220)	221 (121 - 340)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.0% (-12.8% - 1.2%)	3,557 (2,067 - 5,250)	4,767 (2,648 - 7,273)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.5% (-11.7% - 1.2%)
Breast cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	64.5% (35.7% - 103.1%)	4 (2 - 7)	9 (5 - 15)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	68.8% (40.5% - 107.2%)
Uterine cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.3% (42.7% - 110.2%)	3 (2 - 5)	8 (5 - 12)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	78.7% (46.7% - 119.8%)
Prostate cancer	15 (5 - 29)	28 (9 - 54)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.0% (-20.8% - 18.9%)	241 (84 - 460)	434 (159 - 841)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-17.8% - 17.8%)
Colorectal cancer	204 (170 - 240)	325 (269 - 384)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	1.3% (-1.5% - 4.5%)	4,570 (3,796 - 5,404)	6,751 (5,543 - 7,961)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.2% (-1.6% - 4.0%)
Mouth cancer	7 (4 - 12)	11 (5 - 19)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.7% (-13.2% - 6.4%)	203 (103 - 329)	306 (144 - 520)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.7% (-14.7% - 9.5%)
Nasopharynx cancer	5 (2 - 8)	5 (2 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.5% (-14.8% - 4.1%)	159 (61 - 277)	166 (64 - 296)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-12.9% - 6.3%)
Other pharynx cancer	4 (2 - 7)	7 (3 - 11)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.3% (-21.0% - 13.5%)	118 (59 - 189)	183 (77 - 318)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.9% (-20.9% - 14.3%)
Gallbladder cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.2% (-6.0% - 43.5%)	4 (2 - 7)	5 (3 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.2% (-2.0% - 46.9%)
Pancreatic cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	77.6% (47.3% - 112.9%)	2 (1 - 4)	6 (2 - 11)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	81.4% (52.4% - 115.2%)
Ovarian cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.4% (19.3% - 113.9%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 4)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	68.6% (15.8% - 107.3%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	67.2% (41.4% - 97.4%)	3 (2 - 5)	9 (6 - 14)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	77.6% (51.1% - 107.5%)
Thyroid cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	57.7% (31.4% - 87.7%)	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	63.3% (35.3% - 93.5%)
Leukemia	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.2% (47.9% - 101.0%)	3 (2 - 5)	6 (4 - 10)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	80.0% (56.4% - 107.9%)
Cardiovascular diseases	6,970 (6,038 - 7,870)	9,602 (8,230 - 11,011)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.9% (-3.7% - -0.2%)	146,004 (128,311 - 163,621)	192,088 (166,132 - 216,917)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (-1.7% - 1.6%)
Rheumatic heart disease	28 (10 - 71)	22 (8 - 54)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.8% (-9.0% - 15.9%)	767 (272 - 1,890)	609 (229 - 1,468)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.6% (-7.3% - 14.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	3,962 (3,518 - 4,362)	5,441 (4,752 - 6,022)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.4% (-4.0% - -0.9%)	82,257 (72,980 - 89,862)	108,713 (95,656 - 119,896)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.3% (-2.4% - -0.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	2,651 (2,147 - 3,177)	3,612 (2,892 - 4,377)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.7% (-4.4% - 0.6%)	55,865 (46,554 - 65,720)	71,536 (58,718 - 84,447)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.3% (-1.4% - 2.1%)
Ischemic stroke	1,015 (756 - 1,269)	1,484 (1,118 - 1,860)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.3% (-3.5% - 3.0%)	17,656 (13,322 - 22,041)	24,585 (18,677 - 30,353)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.9% (-1.3% - 3.2%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	1,636 (1,334 - 1,946)	2,128 (1,707 - 2,633)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.6% (-4.7% - 1.4%)	38,209 (31,704 - 44,842)	46,951 (38,874 - 55,968)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-0.4% - 2.9%)
Hypertensive heart disease	227 (120 - 352)	385 (207 - 583)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.3% (-6.1% - 8.6%)	4,487 (2,371 - 6,995)	7,365 (4,007 - 11,159)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (-2.1% - 11.1%)
Cardiomyopathy	27 (11 - 58)	43 (18 - 91)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (-5.7% - 10.9%)	669 (288 - 1,326)	1,101 (490 - 2,175)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.3% (-2.5% - 16.2%)
Atrial fibrillation	3 (1 - 5)	10 (4 - 19)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-4.7% (-10.8% - 1.7%)	96 (42 - 173)	202 (92 - 359)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-2.3% (-6.0% - 2.4%)
Aortic aneurysm	13 (5 - 25)	20 (8 - 40)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-2.5% - 13.6%)	253 (102 - 479)	372 (158 - 700)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.9% (0.2% - 13.6%)
Peripheral vascular	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-0.4% (-5.7% - 6.0%)	34 (16 - 59)	68 (33 - 117)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.9% (-1.0% - 8.7%)
Endocarditis	4 (2 - 8)	6 (2 - 13)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.1% (-3.9% - 11.8%)	97 (40 - 198)	148 (61 - 288)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.0% (-5.1% - 12.5%)
Other cardiovascular	54 (26 - 91)	59 (29 - 104)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.4% (-17.1% - 3.7%)	1,480 (741 - 2,519)	1,975 (992 - 3,389)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.5% (-4.4% - 13.9%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	277 (243 - 324)	565 (485 - 673)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.2% (-2.3% - 6.8%)	12,322 (10,169 - 14,790)	25,844 (20,948 - 31,339)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.5% (6.6% - 18.7%)
Diabetes	224 (208 - 245)	423 (395 - 460)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-2.4% - 2.9%)	10,701 (8,950 - 12,830)	22,399 (18,229 - 27,175)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	4.0% (1.9% - 6.5%)
Chronic kidney disease	53 (26 - 91)	142 (71 - 240)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	8.1% (1.2% - 18.6%)	1,621 (766 - 2,852)	3,445 (1,708 - 5,985)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.2% (4.1% - 21.0%)
Diabetes CKD	7 (3 - 12)	26 (12 - 46)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.1% (-6.5% - 11.4%)	249 (101 - 466)	718 (329 - 1,300)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	10.3% (3.1% - 22.3%)
Hypertensive CKD	16 (7 - 31)	42 (18 - 77)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	10.1% (2.3% - 20.1%)	451 (190 - 836)	884 (386 - 1,600)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	10.4% (2.7% - 20.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	12 (5 - 20)	16 (7 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.2% (-4.4% - 17.0%)	362 (157 - 658)	479 (210 - 879)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.4% (-6.4% - 11.3%)
Other CKD	19 (8 - 35)	59 (26 - 107)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	9.1% (1.5% - 18.0%)	559 (239 - 1,063)	1,364 (604 - 2,537)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	10.3% (2.4% - 19.1%)
Diet low in fruits:	2,540	3,413	0.0%	0.1%	58,710	74,797	0.0%	1.7%
All causes	(1,686 - 3,367)	(2,207 - 4,546)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-5.2% - 5.9%)	(39,575 - 76,928)	(49,434 - 98,791)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-3.8% - 7.9%)
Non-communicable	(1,686 - 3,367)	(2,207 - 4,546)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-11.7% - -2.1%)	(39,575 - 76,928)	(49,434 - 98,791)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-17.2% - -8.3%)
Neoplasms	260 (151 - 372)	370 (208 - 535)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.4% (-11.3% - 3.1%)	6,323 (3,692 - 8,994)	8,266 (4,737 - 11,925)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-10.5% - 2.6%)
Esophageal cancer	89 (44 - 137)	118 (59 - 186)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.7% (-12.9% - 1.4%)	2,117 (1,085 - 3,248)	2,665 (1,356 - 4,129)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-12.5% - 3.0%)
Larynx cancer	6 (3 - 10)	7 (4 - 12)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.2% (-12.9% - 6.4%)	170 (87 - 275)	178 (88 - 300)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.4% (-13.2% - 8.4%)
Lung cancer	148 (86 - 220)	221 (121 - 340)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.0% (-12.8% - 1.2%)	3,557 (2,067 - 5,250)	4,767 (2,648 - 7,273)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.5% (-11.7% - 1.2%)
Mouth cancer	7 (4 - 12)	11 (5 - 19)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.7% (-13.2% - 6.4%)	203 (103 - 329)	306 (144 - 520)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.7% (-14.7% - 9.5%)
Nasopharynx cancer	5 (2 - 8)	5 (2 - 10)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.5% (-14.8% - 4.1%)	159 (61 - 277)	166 (64 - 296)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.5% (-12.9% - 6.3%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Other pharynx cancer	4 (2 - 7)	7 (3 - 11)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.3% (-21.0% - 13.5%)	118 (59 - 189)	183 (77 - 318)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.9% (-20.9% - 14.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,280 (1,518 - 3,013)	3,043 (1,977 - 4,051)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-8.6% - 0.9%)	52,387 (35,881 - 68,146)	66,532 (44,320 - 87,811)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.5% (-6.2% - 0.9%)
Ischemic heart disease	843 (519 - 1,178)	1,167 (707 - 1,623)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-5.3% - 5.6%)	19,691 (12,341 - 27,123)	26,361 (16,083 - 36,270)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.2% (-2.2% - 4.7%)
Cerebrovascular disease	1,436 (991 - 1,881)	1,876 (1,243 - 2,486)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.1% (-10.4% - 0.2%)	32,696 (23,217 - 42,127)	40,171 (27,586 - 52,362)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.3% (-7.1% - 0.3%)
Ischemic stroke	369 (226 - 525)	535 (320 - 762)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.8% (-7.7% - 6.1%)	6,728 (4,152 - 9,503)	9,246 (5,593 - 12,996)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.0% (-4.8% - 4.5%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	1,067 (754 - 1,391)	1,341 (916 - 1,792)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.7% (-10.7% - 1.5%)	25,968 (18,820 - 33,128)	30,925 (21,777 - 39,965)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.7% (-5.9% - 1.5%)
Diet low in vegetables:	1,381	1,782	0.0%	-4.8%	31,283	39,176	0.0%	-0.4%
All causes	(1,094 - 1,684)	(1,405 - 2,173)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-9.4% - -0.1%)	(24,692 - 38,039)	(31,050 - 47,658)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-5.4% - 5.1%)
Non-communicable	1,381 (1,094 - 1,684)	1,782 (1,405 - 2,173)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-15.5% - -7.4%)	31,283 (24,692 - 38,039)	39,176 (31,050 - 47,658)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.7% (-18.7% - -10.6%)
Cardiovascular diseases	1,381 (1,094 - 1,684)	1,782 (1,405 - 2,173)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.6% (-11.6% - -3.4%)	31,283 (24,692 - 38,039)	39,176 (31,050 - 47,658)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.2% (-7.8% - -0.3%)
Ischemic heart disease	568 (443 - 701)	738 (569 - 910)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.0% (-11.0% - -2.9%)	12,940 (10,067 - 16,011)	16,608 (12,754 - 20,638)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.6% (-6.7% - -0.5%)
Cerebrovascular disease	814 (637 - 1,013)	1,044 (816 - 1,300)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.4% (-12.6% - -1.7%)	18,343 (14,357 - 22,740)	22,568 (17,703 - 27,912)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.2% (-7.6% - 1.5%)
Ischemic stroke	306 (231 - 386)	405 (305 - 516)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.2% (-17.5% - -2.3%)	5,389 (3,992 - 6,846)	6,923 (5,205 - 8,823)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.2% (-12.5% - -1.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	508 (387 - 645)	639 (494 - 811)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.1% (-11.5% - 3.6%)	12,954 (9,916 - 16,340)	15,645 (12,189 - 19,522)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.4% (-5.8% - 6.9%)
Diet low in whole grains:	1,396	2,049	0.0%	9.2%	34,807	51,411	0.0%	18.0%
All causes	(1,066 - 1,728)	(1,575 - 2,525)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(5.9% - 13.1%)	(26,736 - 43,078)	(39,500 - 63,286)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(13.9% - 22.9%)
Non-communicable	1,396 (1,066 - 1,728)	2,049 (1,575 - 2,525)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.6% (-1.2% - 4.9%)	34,807 (26,736 - 43,078)	51,411 (39,500 - 63,286)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.0% (-1.8% - 4.5%)
Cardiovascular diseases	1,282 (977 - 1,591)	1,833 (1,406 - 2,261)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.0% (0.2% - 6.2%)	29,281 (22,431 - 36,185)	39,766 (30,639 - 48,875)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.3% (2.1% - 6.7%)
Ischemic heart disease	713 (531 - 898)	1,023 (771 - 1,279)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.7% (0.1% - 7.6%)	16,565 (12,485 - 20,786)	22,889 (17,221 - 28,526)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.6% (2.4% - 6.8%)
Cerebrovascular disease	570 (433 - 716)	810 (624 - 1,012)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.2% (-0.0% - 6.4%)	12,716 (9,695 - 15,962)	16,876 (12,970 - 20,999)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.8% (2.9% - 7.0%)
Ischemic stroke	251 (186 - 322)	378 (283 - 483)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (-1.1% - 7.7%)	4,522 (3,332 - 5,820)	6,467 (4,820 - 8,233)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.0% (1.2% - 7.0%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	319 (241 - 407)	431 (328 - 555)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-0.5% - 7.7%)	8,193 (6,225 - 10,365)	10,410 (7,986 - 13,107)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.9% (3.5% - 8.5%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	113 (87 - 142)	216 (166 - 269)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-6.9% - 1.2%)	5,527 (3,961 - 7,185)	11,646 (8,208 - 15,335)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	14.5% (8.1% - 20.0%)
Diabetes	113 (87 - 142)	216 (166 - 269)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	1.7% (-0.9% - 4.2%)	5,527 (3,961 - 7,185)	11,646 (8,208 - 15,335)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.0% (3.3% - 6.8%)
Diet low in nuts and seeds:	1,012	1,195	0.0%	-13.3%	23,434	27,109	0.0%	-8.5%
All causes	(725 - 1,304)	(816 - 1,578)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-18.7% - -8.5%)	(16,643 - 30,134)	(18,408 - 36,030)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-13.7% - -3.3%)
Non-communicable	1,012 (725 - 1,304)	1,195 (816 - 1,578)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.3% (-24.2% - -15.0%)	23,434 (16,643 - 30,134)	27,109 (18,408 - 36,030)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.7% (-26.0% - -17.7%)
Cardiovascular diseases	965 (692 - 1,243)	1,122 (766 - 1,487)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.2% (-22.2% - -13.0%)	21,204 (15,112 - 27,393)	23,289 (15,782 - 30,966)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.5% (-21.3% - -12.4%)
Ischemic heart disease	965 (692 - 1,243)	1,122 (766 - 1,487)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.8% (-21.7% - -12.7%)	21,204 (15,112 - 27,393)	23,289 (15,782 - 30,966)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-17.5% (-22.0% - -13.7%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	47 (33 - 62)	73 (50 - 98)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-21.3% (-25.5% - -17.0%)	2,230 (1,465 - 3,055)	3,821 (2,392 - 5,396)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-7.3% (-13.7% - -1.7%)
Diabetes	47 (33 - 62)	73 (50 - 98)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-17.5% (-21.3% - -13.7%)	2,230 (1,465 - 3,055)	3,821 (2,392 - 5,396)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-15.0% (-18.9% - -11.7%)
Diet low in milk:	66	105	0.1%	18.4%	1,515	2,218	0.0%	17.2%
All causes	(19 - 111)	(30 - 177)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(14.6% - 22.2%)	(434 - 2,538)	(633 - 3,713)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(12.6% - 21.6%)
Non-communicable	66 (19 - 111)	105 (30 - 177)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	10.1% (6.3% - 13.6%)	1,515 (434 - 2,538)	2,218 (633 - 3,713)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.4% (-3.5% - 4.0%)
Neoplasms	66 (19 - 111)	105 (30 - 177)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.3% (2.5% - 8.3%)	1,515 (434 - 2,538)	2,218 (633 - 3,713)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.7% (3.9% - 12.2%)
Colorectal cancer	66 (19 - 111)	105 (30 - 177)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	1.0% (-0.2% - 2.4%)	1,515 (434 - 2,538)	2,218 (633 - 3,713)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-0.6% - 1.6%)
Diet high in red meat:	62	102	0.1%	23.0%	2,201	4,147	0.1%	50.7%
All causes	(55 - 70)	(89 - 116)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(14.4% - 32.0%)	(1,854 - 2,585)	(3,349 - 5,026)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(41.9% - 60.4%)
Non-communicable	62 (55 - 70)	102 (89 - 116)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	14.4% (6.3% - 22.9%)	2,201 (1,854 - 2,585)	4,147 (3,349 - 5,026)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	29.1% (21.3% - 37.3%)
Neoplasms	33 (27 - 39)	50 (40 - 61)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-10.6% - 12.1%)	699 (569 - 832)	994 (775 - 1,222)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-8.9% - 15.7%)
Colorectal cancer	33 (27 - 39)	50 (40 - 61)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.5% (-14.1% - 7.4%)	699 (569 - 832)	994 (775 - 1,222)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.4% (-14.1% - 8.0%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	29 (26 - 33)	52 (46 - 58)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-10.8% (-16.4% - -4.4%)	1,502 (1,220 - 1,837)	3,153 (2,446 - 3,990)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.6% (5.4% - 22.5%)
Diabetes	29 (26 - 33)	52 (46 - 58)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.4% (-12.2% - -0.0%)	1,502 (1,220 - 1,837)	3,153 (2,446 - 3,990)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	4.1% (-1.5% - 10.0%)
Diet high in processed meat:	457	644	0.0%	4.4%	11,745	17,380	0.0%	17.3%
All causes	(332 - 622)	(467 - 881)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(-8.6% - 17.1%)	(8,676 - 15,897)	(12,677 - 23,925)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(3.4% - 29.4%)
Non-communicable	457 (332 - 622)	644 (467 - 881)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.9% (-14.9% - 8.7%)	11,745 (8,676 - 15,897)	17,380 (12,677 - 23,925)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.4% (-11.2% - 10.3%)
Neoplasms	20 (13 - 28)	34 (24 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.7% (1.1% - 27.9%)	426 (292 - 602)	682 (481 - 944)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.1% (4.0% - 31.0%)
Colorectal cancer	20 (13 - 28)	34 (24 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.2% (-3.3% - 22.7%)	426 (292 - 602)	682 (481 - 944)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.3% (-4.7% - 22.4%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Cardiovascular diseases	396 (288 - 536)	526 (383 - 719)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.6% (-17.6% - 7.8%)	9,136 (6,761 - 12,221)	11,852 (8,680 - 16,074)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.3% (-13.9% - 10.4%)
Ischemic heart disease	396 (288 - 536)	526 (383 - 719)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-4.2% (-17.2% - 8.4%)	9,136 (6,761 - 12,221)	11,852 (8,680 - 16,074)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.5% (-14.9% - 8.9%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	41 (29 - 60)	84 (58 - 120)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.5% (-8.7% - 15.3%)	2,182 (1,468 - 3,212)	4,846 (3,201 - 7,184)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	21.4% (8.1% - 33.1%)
Diabetes	41 (29 - 60)	84 (58 - 120)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	7.5% (-4.1% - 20.7%)	2,182 (1,468 - 3,212)	4,846 (3,201 - 7,184)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.3% (0.7% - 20.6%)
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages: All causes	60 (44 - 82)	126 (96 - 166)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	64.4% (45.7% - 87.2%)	2,712 (2,006 - 3,635)	6,190 (4,665 - 8,142)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	89.6% (70.2% - 115.3%)
Non-communicable	60 (44 - 82)	126 (96 - 166)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	53.0% (35.8% - 73.6%)	2,712 (2,006 - 3,635)	6,190 (4,665 - 8,142)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	62.4% (45.4% - 84.4%)
Neoplasms	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 6)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	64.4% (39.8% - 91.7%)	47 (28 - 77)	107 (67 - 169)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	71.9% (46.9% - 99.5%)
Esophageal cancer	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	59.4% (28.9% - 95.3%)	9 (3 - 18)	18 (6 - 35)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	58.9% (29.0% - 94.8%)
Liver cancer	0 (0 - 1)	1 (0 - 2)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	73.5% (41.3% - 114.0%)	9 (4 - 18)	23 (10 - 43)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	79.9% (46.1% - 124.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	79.3% (45.4% - 119.2%)	3 (1 - 6)	8 (3 - 14)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	86.0% (49.2% - 130.2%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.7%)	70.9% (34.8% - 120.3%)	2 (1 - 3)	10 (4 - 18)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	73.9% (36.0% - 128.4%)
Liver cancer alcohol	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	93.3% (51.3% - 150.5%)	3 (1 - 5)	3 (1 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	99.7% (54.4% - 164.2%)
Liver cancer other	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	87.5% (46.1% - 139.0%)	2 (1 - 4)	3 (1 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	90.3% (49.5% - 141.1%)
Breast cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	64.5% (35.7% - 103.1%)	4 (2 - 7)	9 (5 - 15)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	68.8% (40.5% - 107.2%)
Uterine cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.3% (42.7% - 110.2%)	3 (2 - 5)	8 (5 - 12)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	78.7% (46.7% - 119.8%)
Colorectal cancer	0 (0 - 0)	1 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	56.2% (32.6% - 82.9%)	8 (5 - 13)	18 (11 - 28)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	63.6% (40.1% - 90.7%)
Gallbladder cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	10.2% (-6.0% - 43.5%)	4 (2 - 7)	5 (3 - 9)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.2% (-2.0% - 46.9%)
Pancreatic cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	77.6% (47.3% - 112.9%)	2 (1 - 4)	6 (2 - 11)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	81.4% (52.4% - 115.2%)
Ovarian cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.5% (30.0% - 113.9%)	1 (0 - 2)	2 (0 - 4)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	68.6% (20.9% - 107.3%)
Kidney cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	67.2% (41.4% - 97.4%)	3 (2 - 5)	9 (6 - 14)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	77.6% (51.1% - 107.5%)
Thyroid cancer	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	57.7% (31.4% - 87.7%)	1 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	63.3% (35.3% - 93.5%)
Leukemia	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	72.2% (47.9% - 101.0%)	3 (2 - 5)	6 (4 - 10)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	80.0% (56.4% - 107.9%)
Cardiovascular diseases	19 (12 - 31)	35 (22 - 55)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	37.2% (20.7% - 55.5%)	604 (377 - 950)	1,087 (694 - 1,673)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	43.4% (27.2% - 62.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	9 (5 - 15)	16 (10 - 26)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	32.3% (14.4% - 55.5%)	268 (164 - 429)	466 (298 - 724)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.4% (17.8% - 57.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	6 (3 - 10)	10 (6 - 15)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.7% (12.1% - 40.9%)	194 (117 - 307)	317 (197 - 491)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	34.0% (18.9% - 49.3%)
Ischemic stroke	2 (1 - 3)	3 (2 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.5% (-1.7% - 31.8%)	49 (28 - 82)	82 (50 - 133)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	27.5% (11.2% - 51.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	4 (2 - 7)	7 (4 - 11)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.6% (16.9% - 55.9%)	145 (87 - 228)	234 (144 - 363)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	39.7% (23.1% - 57.9%)
Hypertensive heart disease	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 6)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	46.3% (22.5% - 71.1%)	44 (25 - 75)	100 (56 - 161)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	49.2% (24.7% - 75.5%)
Cardiomyopathy	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 3)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.5% (19.6% - 71.9%)	36 (21 - 60)	70 (41 - 113)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.1% (14.6% - 67.4%)
Atrial fibrillation	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.5% (0.3% - 0.7%)	63.3% (26.7% - 111.0%)	3 (1 - 5)	9 (5 - 15)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	51.9% (26.5% - 80.9%)
Peripheral vascular	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	41.8% (20.1% - 69.5%)	1 (1 - 2)	4 (2 - 6)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	66.3% (39.5% - 99.1%)
Endocarditis	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	34.6% (15.6% - 60.6%)	7 (4 - 11)	12 (7 - 19)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	27.3% (8.0% - 53.4%)
Other cardiovascular	1 (1 - 2)	2 (1 - 4)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	70.0% (39.5% - 99.4%)	51 (30 - 83)	110 (66 - 170)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	76.7% (43.2% - 105.1%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	39 (30 - 51)	87 (68 - 110)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	15.8% (2.7% - 32.6%)	2,061 (1,548 - 2,754)	4,996 (3,759 - 6,575)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	34.8% (20.9% - 52.3%)
Diabetes	38 (29 - 49)	82 (64 - 104)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	18.0% (5.0% - 34.9%)	2,005 (1,506 - 2,674)	4,809 (3,629 - 6,336)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	22.3% (10.0% - 38.1%)
Chronic kidney disease	1 (1 - 2)	5 (3 - 9)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.4%)	73.9% (41.0% - 113.9%)	56 (30 - 96)	186 (107 - 307)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	77.8% (46.8% - 116.0%)
Diabetes CKD	0 (0 - 0)	2 (1 - 4)	0.8% (0.5% - 1.1%)	143.2% (60.2% - 221.1%)	12 (4 - 22)	68 (27 - 129)	0.5% (0.3% - 0.7%)	130.9% (68.3% - 203.2%)
Hypertensive CKD	0 (0 - 1)	1 (1 - 2)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	29.5% (10.8% - 58.6%)	18 (7 - 36)	46 (19 - 85)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	43.3% (24.2% - 68.2%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	28.6% (4.6% - 59.9%)	8 (3 - 18)	15 (5 - 32)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	44.3% (22.7% - 70.4%)
Other CKD	0 (0 - 1)	2 (1 - 3)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.4%)	42.9% (20.2% - 74.7%)	18 (6 - 34)	57 (23 - 104)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	50.0% (27.9% - 80.9%)
Diet low in fiber: All causes	716 (587 - 853)	1,009 (817 - 1,207)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.2% (-7.4% - 18.0%)	16,395 (13,496 - 19,433)	22,098 (17,996 - 26,349)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.4% (-5.1% - 20.6%)
Non-communicable	716 (587 - 853)	1,009 (817 - 1,207)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.0% (-13.7% - 9.8%)	16,395 (13,496 - 19,433)	22,098 (17,996 - 26,349)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-8.1% (-18.2% - 2.9%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Neoplasms	59 (48 - 71)	94 (75 - 112)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-3.8% - 14.5%)	1,314 (1,060 - 1,568)	1,931 (1,547 - 2,333)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.9% (-1.2% - 17.3%)
Colorectal cancer	59 (48 - 71)	94 (75 - 112)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.6% (-7.6% - 10.1%)	1,314 (1,060 - 1,568)	1,931 (1,547 - 2,333)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.7% (-7.3% - 9.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	657 (536 - 787)	915 (736 - 1,101)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.0% (-11.6% - 13.9%)	15,082 (12,325 - 17,932)	20,167 (16,385 - 24,133)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.4% (-9.4% - 14.9%)
Ischemic heart disease	657 (536 - 787)	915 (736 - 1,101)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.4% (-10.4% - 14.1%)	15,082 (12,325 - 17,932)	20,167 (16,385 - 24,133)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.1% (-10.2% - 13.0%)
Diet suboptimal in calcium:	85	141	0.1%	22.9%	1,870	2,876	0.1%	22.9%
All causes	(74 - 97)	(122 - 160)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(15.2% - 33.1%)	(1,605 - 2,143)	(2,507 - 3,258)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(15.5% - 33.0%)
Non-communicable	85 (74 - 97)	141 (122 - 160)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	14.3% (7.5% - 23.7%)	1,870 (1,605 - 2,143)	2,876 (2,507 - 3,258)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.3% (-0.8% - 13.4%)
Neoplasms	85 (74 - 97)	141 (122 - 160)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.3% (3.1% - 18.3%)	1,870 (1,605 - 2,143)	2,876 (2,507 - 3,258)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.0% (6.9% - 21.2%)
Prostate cancer	15 (5 - 29)	28 (9 - 54)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.0% (-20.8% - 18.9%)	241 (84 - 460)	434 (159 - 841)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.5% (-17.8% - 17.8%)
Colorectal cancer	70 (53 - 89)	113 (85 - 144)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.5% (-3.8% - 12.0%)	1,629 (1,252 - 2,030)	2,441 (1,878 - 3,045)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.2% (-2.7% - 10.6%)
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids:	712	1,031	0.0%	7.5%	16,285	22,448	0.0%	10.1%
All causes	(530 - 909)	(769 - 1,304)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(1.9% - 14.3%)	(12,321 - 20,657)	(16,887 - 28,205)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(2.8% - 19.8%)
Non-communicable	712 (530 - 909)	1,031 (769 - 1,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-5.7% - 6.1%)	16,285 (12,321 - 20,657)	22,448 (16,887 - 28,205)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-5.7% (-11.7% - 2.5%)
Cardiovascular diseases	712 (530 - 909)	1,031 (769 - 1,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.4% (-1.0% - 10.3%)	16,285 (12,321 - 20,657)	22,448 (16,887 - 28,205)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.9% (0.5% - 12.7%)
Ischemic heart disease	712 (530 - 909)	1,031 (769 - 1,304)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (0.8% - 9.7%)	16,285 (12,321 - 20,657)	22,448 (16,887 - 28,205)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.6% (1.3% - 8.9%)
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids:	447	581	0.0%	-4.5%	10,033	12,670	0.0%	0.0%
All causes	(404 - 493)	(512 - 651)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-13.7% - 5.2%)	(9,051 - 11,040)	(11,103 - 14,342)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(-9.8% - 11.6%)
Non-communicable	447 (404 - 493)	581 (512 - 651)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.2% (-19.9% - -2.0%)	10,033 (9,051 - 11,040)	12,670 (11,103 - 14,342)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.4% (-22.6% - -4.9%)
Cardiovascular diseases	447 (404 - 493)	581 (512 - 651)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.3% (-16.1% - 1.9%)	10,033 (9,051 - 11,040)	12,670 (11,103 - 14,342)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.8% (-12.9% - 5.8%)
Ischemic heart disease	447 (404 - 493)	581 (512 - 651)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.9% (-15.8% - 2.0%)	10,033 (9,051 - 11,040)	12,670 (11,103 - 14,342)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-13.4% - 3.9%)
Diet high in trans fatty acids:	464	405	-0.0%	-38.3%	10,644	9,875	-0.0%	-28.7%
All causes	(311 - 650)	(218 - 645)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-52.2% - -24.5%)	(7,131 - 14,859)	(5,503 - 15,228)	(-0.0% - 0.0%)	(-43.6% - -14.7%)
Non-communicable	464 (311 - 650)	405 (218 - 645)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-42.6% (-55.6% - -29.6%)	10,644 (7,131 - 14,859)	9,875 (5,503 - 15,228)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-38.9% (-52.0% - -27.1%)
Cardiovascular diseases	464 (311 - 650)	405 (218 - 645)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-40.1% (-53.6% - -26.7%)	10,644 (7,131 - 14,859)	9,875 (5,503 - 15,228)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-31.4% (-45.5% - -18.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	464 (311 - 650)	405 (218 - 645)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-39.8% (-53.5% - -26.4%)	10,644 (7,131 - 14,859)	9,875 (5,503 - 15,228)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-32.3% (-46.5% - -19.2%)
Diet high in sodium:	2,562	3,689	0.0%	7.4%	54,620	74,327	0.0%	8.4%
All causes	(1,377 - 4,041)	(2,028 - 5,810)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(1.3% - 15.5%)	(29,271 - 86,008)	(40,615 - 116,717)	(0.0% - 0.0%)	(1.5% - 17.5%)
Non-communicable	2,562 (1,377 - 4,041)	3,689 (2,028 - 5,810)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.0% (-5.5% - 7.2%)	54,620 (29,271 - 86,008)	74,327 (40,615 - 116,717)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.1% (-13.1% - -0.0%)
Neoplasms	340 (200 - 488)	381 (221 - 549)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-24.2% (-31.1% - -17.0%)	7,912 (4,603 - 11,420)	7,884 (4,714 - 11,423)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-25.8% (-30.8% - -20.1%)
Stomach cancer	340 (200 - 488)	381 (221 - 549)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.4% (-7.5% - 9.7%)	7,912 (4,603 - 11,420)	7,884 (4,714 - 11,423)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-4.3% - 7.9%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,170 (1,117 - 3,525)	3,171 (1,664 - 5,096)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.6% (-0.2% - 13.7%)	45,139 (22,847 - 73,111)	63,170 (32,863 - 101,657)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.1% (1.6% - 15.5%)
Rheumatic heart disease	28 (10 - 71)	22 (8 - 54)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.8% (-9.0% - 15.9%)	767 (272 - 1,890)	609 (229 - 1,468)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.6% (-7.3% - 14.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	916 (445 - 1,580)	1,369 (680 - 2,318)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (1.7% - 15.5%)	18,281 (8,865 - 30,737)	26,115 (13,158 - 43,630)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.3% (1.8% - 14.8%)
Cerebrovascular disease	901 (454 - 1,475)	1,261 (654 - 2,047)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.8% (-4.2% - 12.4%)	19,095 (9,582 - 31,136)	25,471 (13,008 - 41,129)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.1% (-1.5% - 14.7%)
Ischemic stroke	369 (181 - 614)	556 (278 - 909)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.7% (-2.0% - 15.3%)	6,745 (3,320 - 11,152)	9,728 (4,864 - 15,674)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.1% (-0.7% - 15.7%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	532 (262 - 900)	704 (348 - 1,200)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.4% (-7.2% - 12.2%)	12,350 (6,025 - 20,344)	15,743 (8,074 - 26,087)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.2% (-2.7% - 16.3%)
Hypertensive heart disease	226 (119 - 351)	382 (204 - 580)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-6.3% - 8.4%)	4,457 (2,343 - 6,969)	7,296 (3,951 - 11,095)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.0% (-2.5% - 10.8%)
Cardiomyopathy	26 (10 - 57)	42 (16 - 90)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-7.0% - 9.1%)	636 (255 - 1,296)	1,037 (424 - 2,122)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-3.8% - 14.2%)
Atrial fibrillation	3 (1 - 5)	10 (4 - 18)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-6.0% (-12.7% - 0.5%)	93 (40 - 171)	194 (84 - 354)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-3.9% (-7.7% - 0.0%)
Aortic aneurysm	13 (5 - 25)	20 (8 - 40)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-2.5% - 13.6%)	253 (102 - 479)	372 (158 - 700)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.9% (0.2% - 13.6%)
Peripheral vascular	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 7)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-1.7% (-6.8% - 4.0%)	33 (15 - 58)	65 (29 - 114)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.8% (-2.8% - 5.5%)
Endocarditis	4 (1 - 8)	6 (2 - 13)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (-6.0% - 10.4%)	91 (34 - 193)	137 (52 - 279)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.4% (-7.3% - 11.5%)
Other cardiovascular	53 (25 - 90)	57 (27 - 102)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.0% (-19.1% - 3.3%)	1,434 (701 - 2,473)	1,876 (888 - 3,288)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.2% (-7.4% - 11.8%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	52 (25 - 90)	137 (66 - 236)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	27.2% (12.1% - 40.8%)	1,570 (712 - 2,800)	3,273 (1,512 - 5,840)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.6% (-2.1% - 23.2%)
Chronic kidney disease	52 (25 - 90)	137 (66 - 236)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	6.6% (-0.5% - 16.1%)	1,570 (712 - 2,800)	3,273 (1,512 - 5,840)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.9% (2.2% - 17.7%)
Diabetes CKD	7 (3 - 12)	24 (10 - 44)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-4.6% (-10.6% - 3.8%)	238 (89 - 456)	655 (266 - 1,252)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	4.5% (-0.6% - 11.6%)
Hypertensive CKD	16 (6 - 30)	41 (17 - 75)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.7% (1.7% - 19.8%)	435 (171 - 820)	843 (344 - 1,544)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.1% (1.3% - 18.2%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Glomerulonephritis CKD	11 (5 - 20)	15 (7 - 28)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.9% (-5.0% - 16.8%)	355 (148 - 651)	465 (194 - 864)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.4% (-8.0% - 10.3%)
Other CKD	19 (8 - 34)	57 (25 - 105)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	8.4% (0.5% - 17.4%)	542 (221 - 1,049)	1,311 (549 - 2,487)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	9.1% (1.2% - 17.7%)
Sexual abuse and violence: All causes	163 (141 - 188)	257 (203 - 312)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	36.7% (14.9% - 58.9%)	15,133 (12,297 - 18,621)	21,290 (16,743 - 26,065)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	31.8% (19.1% - 46.0%)
Group I	14 (8 - 21)	83 (45 - 124)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	607.3% (428.2% - 802.9%)	769 (455 - 1,137)	4,037 (2,178 - 6,083)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	552.7% (399.2% - 721.3%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	11 (5 - 17)	81 (43 - 122)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	564.5% (382.6% - 749.7%)	580 (282 - 922)	3,899 (2,063 - 5,953)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	407.1% (281.9% - 532.6%)
HIV/AIDS	11 (5 - 17)	81 (43 - 122)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	58.6% (38.8% - 76.7%)	580 (282 - 922)	3,899 (2,063 - 5,953)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	48.1% (31.1% - 64.7%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	1 (0 - 1)	4 (2 - 7)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	64.4% (43.2% - 84.0%)	47 (22 - 77)	213 (108 - 340)	0.4% (0.2% - 0.5%)	52.6% (34.5% - 70.8%)
HIV/AIDS other	10 (5 - 16)	76 (40 - 116)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	57.2% (37.8% - 75.4%)	533 (261 - 847)	3,686 (1,947 - 5,615)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	47.1% (29.9% - 63.4%)
Maternal disorders	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.1% (-14.4% - 18.4%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-2.8% (-17.6% - 13.5%)
Maternal abortive	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.7% (-20.6% - 1.2%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.6% (-21.7% - -1.6%)
Non-communicable	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.4% (-40.7% - -17.9%)	7,780 (5,293 - 10,724)	9,827 (6,572 - 13,825)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.8% (-5.3% - 3.4%)
Mental & substance use	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-36.0% (-46.0% - -29.3%)	7,780 (5,293 - 10,724)	9,827 (6,572 - 13,825)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.7% (-18.3% - -13.4%)
Alcohol use disorders	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.1% (-25.3% - -16.9%)	1,149 (847 - 1,543)	1,176 (854 - 1,587)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.6% (-21.5% - -15.6%)
Depressive disorders	--	--	--	--	6,630 (4,337 - 9,425)	8,651 (5,598 - 12,435)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.7% (-17.4% - -13.8%)
Major depression	--	--	--	--	5,608 (3,583 - 8,200)	7,342 (4,653 - 10,602)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.5% (-17.4% - -13.5%)
Dysthymia	--	--	--	--	1,022 (656 - 1,477)	1,309 (840 - 1,898)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-16.9% (-18.6% - -15.2%)
Injuries	138 (118 - 159)	163 (131 - 198)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.9% (-13.8% - 15.8%)	6,584 (5,560 - 7,697)	7,426 (5,890 - 9,234)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.2% (-4.1% - 34.4%)
Self-harm & violence	138 (118 - 159)	163 (131 - 198)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.1% (-12.7% - 12.5%)	6,584 (5,560 - 7,697)	7,426 (5,890 - 9,234)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.6% (-11.3% - 16.9%)
Self-harm	124 (104 - 146)	145 (114 - 179)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-14.1% - 13.6%)	5,859 (4,882 - 6,966)	6,511 (5,006 - 8,266)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	2.5% (-11.9% - 18.6%)
Interpersonal violence	13 (9 - 16)	18 (13 - 24)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.8% (-6.0% - 37.7%)	725 (528 - 897)	916 (697 - 1,169)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.9% (-6.8% - 30.5%)
Assault by firearm	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-20.3% - 34.2%)	166 (102 - 221)	221 (143 - 322)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.3% (-22.7% - 27.6%)
Assault by sharp object	4 (3 - 5)	7 (5 - 10)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	27.6% (-3.5% - 76.1%)	228 (139 - 288)	334 (230 - 487)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.9% (-2.9% - 73.6%)
Assault by other means	6 (4 - 8)	7 (5 - 10)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.0% (2.8% - 57.9%)	331 (248 - 451)	361 (256 - 489)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	23.4% (1.6% - 51.1%)
Childhood sexual abuse: All causes	64 (53 - 78)	68 (55 - 82)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.4% (-21.4% - 3.9%)	6,896 (5,364 - 8,667)	7,682 (5,910 - 9,736)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.8% (-1.6% - 12.6%)
Non-communicable	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.4% (-40.7% - -17.9%)	4,267 (2,945 - 5,931)	4,981 (3,423 - 6,918)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.4% (-12.1% - -1.8%)
Mental & substance use	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-36.0% (-46.0% - -29.3%)	4,267 (2,945 - 5,931)	4,981 (3,423 - 6,918)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.5% (-23.7% - -17.7%)
Alcohol use disorders	11 (8 - 17)	11 (8 - 15)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.1% (-25.3% - -16.9%)	1,149 (847 - 1,543)	1,176 (854 - 1,587)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.6% (-21.5% - -15.6%)
Depressive disorders	--	--	--	--	3,117 (2,047 - 4,555)	3,805 (2,473 - 5,464)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.7% (-21.2% - -16.4%)
Major depression	--	--	--	--	2,667 (1,694 - 3,927)	3,265 (2,092 - 4,780)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.4% (-21.0% - -16.1%)
Dysthymia	--	--	--	--	450 (292 - 648)	540 (351 - 782)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-20.7% (-23.1% - -18.3%)
Injuries	53 (43 - 64)	57 (44 - 70)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.1% (-20.5% - 6.1%)	2,629 (2,107 - 3,170)	2,701 (2,056 - 3,338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	5.6% (-10.8% - 22.8%)
Self-harm & violence	53 (43 - 64)	57 (44 - 70)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.3% (-20.4% - 0.2%)	2,629 (2,107 - 3,170)	2,701 (2,056 - 3,338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.1% (-17.0% - 3.6%)
Self-harm	53 (43 - 64)	57 (44 - 70)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.9% (-17.0% - 1.9%)	2,629 (2,107 - 3,170)	2,701 (2,056 - 3,338)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.7% (-12.8% - 3.9%)
Intimate partner violence: All causes	106 (86 - 130)	197 (146 - 251)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	60.9% (30.5% - 93.6%)	9,009 (7,076 - 11,440)	14,454 (11,027 - 18,164)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	48.8% (29.3% - 71.7%)
Group I	14 (8 - 21)	83 (45 - 124)	0.5% (0.4% - 0.7%)	607.3% (428.2% - 802.9%)	769 (455 - 1,137)	4,037 (2,178 - 6,083)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	552.7% (399.2% - 721.3%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	11 (5 - 17)	81 (43 - 122)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	564.5% (382.6% - 749.7%)	580 (282 - 922)	3,899 (2,063 - 5,953)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	407.1% (281.9% - 532.6%)
HIV/AIDS	11 (5 - 17)	81 (43 - 122)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	58.6% (38.8% - 76.7%)	580 (282 - 922)	3,899 (2,063 - 5,953)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	48.1% (31.1% - 64.7%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	1 (0 - 1)	4 (2 - 7)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	64.4% (43.2% - 84.0%)	47 (22 - 77)	213 (108 - 340)	0.4% (0.2% - 0.5%)	52.6% (34.5% - 70.8%)
HIV/AIDS other	10 (5 - 16)	76 (40 - 116)	0.7% (0.5% - 0.9%)	57.2% (37.8% - 75.4%)	533 (261 - 847)	3,686 (1,947 - 5,615)	0.6% (0.4% - 0.8%)	47.1% (29.9% - 63.4%)
Maternal disorders	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	1.1% (-14.4% - 18.4%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-2.8% (-17.6% - 13.5%)
Maternal abortive	3 (1 - 5)	2 (1 - 4)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-8.7% (-20.6% - 1.2%)	189 (95 - 297)	138 (65 - 225)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	-10.6% (-21.7% - -1.6%)
Non-communicable	--	--	--	--	3,893 (2,465 - 5,799)	5,268 (3,303 - 7,761)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.9% (-1.0% - 8.8%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Mental & substance use	--	--	--	--	3,893 (2,465 - 5,799)	5,268 (3,303 - 7,761)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.8% (-14.9% - -8.3%)
Depressive disorders	--	--	--	--	3,893 (2,465 - 5,799)	5,268 (3,303 - 7,761)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.6% (-17.2% - -11.9%)
Major depression	--	--	--	--	3,262 (2,025 - 4,929)	4,436 (2,739 - 6,652)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.5% (-17.2% - -11.5%)
Dysthymia	--	--	--	--	631 (396 - 938)	831 (517 - 1,235)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.4% (-17.8% - -13.2%)
Injuries	92 (73 - 114)	114 (86 - 148)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.0% (-13.2% - 23.8%)	4,346 (3,377 - 5,477)	5,149 (3,771 - 6,775)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	19.1% (-2.8% - 45.0%)
Self-harm & violence	92 (73 - 114)	114 (86 - 148)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.7% (-12.3% - 23.7%)	4,346 (3,377 - 5,477)	5,149 (3,771 - 6,775)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	6.0% (-10.6% - 30.4%)
Self-harm	79 (60 - 100)	96 (68 - 128)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	2.8% (-14.2% - 26.8%)	3,621 (2,653 - 4,725)	4,233 (2,884 - 5,721)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	7.0% (-13.4% - 34.5%)
Interpersonal violence	13 (9 - 16)	18 (13 - 24)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.8% (-6.0% - 37.7%)	725 (528 - 897)	916 (697 - 1,169)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.9% (-6.8% - 30.5%)
Assault by firearm	3 (2 - 4)	4 (3 - 6)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-20.3% - 34.2%)	166 (102 - 221)	221 (143 - 322)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-3.3% (-22.7% - 27.6%)
Assault by sharp object	4 (3 - 5)	7 (5 - 10)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	27.6% (-3.5% - 76.1%)	228 (139 - 288)	334 (230 - 487)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.9% (-2.9% - 73.6%)
Assault by other means	6 (4 - 8)	7 (5 - 10)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	26.0% (2.8% - 57.9%)	331 (248 - 451)	361 (256 - 489)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	23.4% (1.6% - 51.1%)
Unsafe sex:	679	1,481	0.1%	100.5%	39,761	73,282	0.1%	97.6%
All causes	(561 - 827)	(1,383 - 1,621)	(0.1% - 0.2%)	(76.6% - 129.3%)	(30,789 - 52,320)	(67,015 - 82,478)	(0.1% - 0.1%)	(68.3% - 131.3%)
Group I	482 (366 - 635)	1,245 (1,152 - 1,390)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	241.3% (178.7% - 317.6%)	33,668 (24,840 - 46,182)	66,368 (60,222 - 75,395)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	188.8% (133.2% - 254.2%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	225 (174 - 301)	1,103 (1,033 - 1,219)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	320.8% (224.0% - 422.5%)	11,506 (8,986 - 15,262)	53,511 (49,988 - 58,940)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	242.4% (169.6% - 315.8%)
HIV/AIDS	225 (174 - 301)	1,103 (1,033 - 1,219)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.5% (-2.7% - 3.6%)	11,506 (8,986 - 15,262)	53,511 (49,988 - 58,940)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.1% (-4.0% - 3.6%)
HIV/AIDS mycobacterial	22 (16 - 31)	70 (56 - 87)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	0.5% (-2.8% - 3.6%)	1,099 (804 - 1,523)	3,378 (2,754 - 4,184)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.3%)	0.8% (-3.5% - 4.3%)
HIV/AIDS other	203 (157 - 271)	1,033 (966 - 1,144)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.6%)	0.6% (-2.6% - 3.7%)	10,406 (8,190 - 13,743)	50,133 (46,725 - 55,493)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.5%)	0.1% (-4.0% - 3.6%)
Other group I	258 (155 - 396)	142 (88 - 214)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-17.5% (-31.1% - -3.6%)	22,162 (13,286 - 33,988)	12,857 (8,080 - 19,013)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	-8.4% (-20.9% - 3.9%)
STDs	258 (155 - 396)	142 (88 - 214)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	22,162 (13,286 - 33,988)	12,857 (8,080 - 19,013)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Syphilis	251 (147 - 389)	137 (82 - 209)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	20,927 (12,046 - 32,771)	11,325 (6,635 - 17,485)	-0.0% (-0.1% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chlamydia	1 (1 - 2)	1 (1 - 1)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	535 (362 - 817)	692 (455 - 1,065)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Gonorrhea	3 (2 - 4)	2 (2 - 3)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	282 (220 - 373)	314 (229 - 438)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Trichomoniasis	--	--	--	--	78 (31 - 167)	114 (45 - 243)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Genital herpes	--	--	--	--	213 (68 - 517)	312 (98 - 749)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other STDs	2 (2 - 3)	2 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	127 (106 - 149)	101 (86 - 121)	-0.0% (-0.0% - -0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Non-communicable	196 (163 - 212)	236 (202 - 258)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.2% (-20.6% - -7.7%)	6,093 (5,106 - 6,693)	6,915 (5,774 - 7,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-21.0% (-27.5% - -15.0%)
Neoplasms	196 (163 - 212)	236 (202 - 258)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-18.0% (-24.0% - -11.4%)	6,093 (5,106 - 6,693)	6,915 (5,774 - 7,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-15.2% (-21.8% - -8.7%)
Cervical cancer	196 (163 - 212)	236 (202 - 258)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,093 (5,106 - 6,693)	6,915 (5,774 - 7,589)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Low physical activity:	1,489	2,182	0.0%	6.4%	31,247	45,143	0.0%	13.6%
All causes	(1,257 - 1,741)	(1,858 - 2,555)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(4.0% - 9.2%)	(26,556 - 36,521)	(38,328 - 52,671)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(9.4% - 18.3%)
Non-communicable	1,489 (1,257 - 1,741)	2,182 (1,858 - 2,555)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.0% (-3.4% - 1.5%)	31,247 (26,556 - 36,521)	45,143 (38,328 - 52,671)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.7% (-6.0% - 0.7%)
Neoplasms	104 (86 - 126)	161 (132 - 196)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.7% (-2.2% - 5.3%)	2,324 (1,928 - 2,788)	3,312 (2,737 - 4,007)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.2% (-0.3% - 8.3%)
Breast cancer	32 (25 - 40)	45 (35 - 56)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.0% (-4.9% - -1.2%)	859 (677 - 1,072)	1,161 (918 - 1,431)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.3% (-6.2% - -2.2%)
Colorectal cancer	72 (54 - 93)	116 (86 - 150)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.9% (-0.3% - 2.2%)	1,465 (1,090 - 1,910)	2,150 (1,584 - 2,815)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.3% (-1.3% - 1.0%)
Cardiovascular diseases	1,272 (1,051 - 1,519)	1,803 (1,497 - 2,162)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.5% (-2.6% - 1.8%)	24,935 (20,389 - 29,827)	33,628 (27,725 - 40,312)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.8% (-0.7% - 4.4%)
Ischemic heart disease	893 (722 - 1,106)	1,244 (1,003 - 1,545)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.1% (-2.6% - 1.0%)	18,695 (15,062 - 23,328)	24,940 (20,024 - 31,002)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-2.0% - 2.1%)
Cerebrovascular disease	379 (255 - 505)	559 (383 - 736)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.5% (-4.8% - 8.3%)	6,240 (4,139 - 8,381)	8,688 (5,867 - 11,410)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.2% (-1.7% - 13.0%)
Ischemic stroke	379 (255 - 505)	559 (383 - 736)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.8% (-2.1% - 0.8%)	6,240 (4,139 - 8,381)	8,688 (5,867 - 11,410)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.2% (-1.2% - 1.7%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	112 (79 - 149)	218 (154 - 289)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.4% (-7.7% - -1.1%)	3,987 (2,696 - 5,534)	8,204 (5,410 - 11,545)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.7% (3.5% - 14.5%)
Diabetes	112 (79 - 149)	218 (154 - 289)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.2% (-1.0% - 1.4%)	3,987 (2,696 - 5,534)	8,204 (5,410 - 11,545)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-0.6% - 1.7%)
Metabolic:	10,398	15,723	0.1%	10.6%	250,957	373,817	0.0%	18.4%
All causes	(9,811 - 11,003)	(14,719 - 16,767)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(8.8% - 12.6%)	(233,711 - 267,582)	(343,978 - 403,889)	(0.0% - 0.1%)	(15.3% - 21.7%)
Group I	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-18.6% - 10.9%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.6% (-7.3% - 29.1%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.6% (-36.0% - -15.7%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-31.8% (-41.2% - -20.8%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Tuberculosis	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	26.3% (14.0% - 40.5%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	32.5% (18.5% - 50.4%)
Non-communicable	9,945 (9,386 - 10,552)	15,116 (14,131 - 16,160)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (1.4% - 4.9%)	231,844 (215,880 - 246,835)	350,826 (322,854 - 378,272)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.2% (0.8% - 5.4%)
Neoplasms	218 (164 - 277)	405 (306 - 517)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	24.4% (19.2% - 29.2%)	5,173 (3,845 - 6,721)	9,272 (6,920 - 11,934)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.8% (24.9% - 36.6%)
Esophageal cancer	44 (17 - 74)	77 (30 - 130)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	26.5% (12.1% - 38.0%)	1,044 (402 - 1,798)	1,756 (675 - 2,964)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	27.0% (13.8% - 37.1%)
Liver cancer	43 (21 - 69)	97 (48 - 155)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.0% (33.1% - 48.0%)	1,142 (549 - 1,872)	2,457 (1,163 - 3,944)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	47.0% (38.9% - 56.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	15 (7 - 25)	33 (15 - 54)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	49.7% (41.3% - 59.0%)	434 (194 - 746)	946 (427 - 1,546)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	55.7% (46.2% - 66.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	8 (4 - 13)	42 (21 - 68)	0.4% (0.4% - 0.5%)	35.8% (26.1% - 47.6%)	193 (94 - 310)	994 (477 - 1,613)	0.4% (0.4% - 0.5%)	40.2% (30.0% - 52.9%)
Liver cancer alcohol	13 (6 - 20)	13 (6 - 20)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	33.8% (25.5% - 42.6%)	299 (142 - 486)	276 (135 - 438)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	38.1% (29.1% - 47.9%)
Liver cancer other	8 (4 - 12)	9 (4 - 14)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	40.3% (27.6% - 52.1%)	216 (102 - 352)	241 (116 - 383)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	45.1% (32.1% - 58.6%)
Breast cancer	21 (15 - 27)	38 (28 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	24.7% (15.6% - 34.1%)	482 (346 - 637)	914 (665 - 1,164)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.7% (18.8% - 42.4%)
Uterine cancer	15 (12 - 18)	26 (21 - 32)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.1% (10.2% - 21.4%)	371 (297 - 457)	625 (488 - 773)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.8% (13.1% - 27.0%)
Colorectal cancer	37 (28 - 47)	66 (50 - 84)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.4% (10.5% - 16.9%)	806 (605 - 1,025)	1,366 (1,032 - 1,720)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.1% (12.2% - 18.4%)
Gallbladder cancer	19 (13 - 26)	24 (16 - 33)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.7% (-2.6% - 9.7%)	384 (255 - 535)	457 (300 - 639)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.5% (-0.1% - 11.7%)
Pancreatic cancer	11 (5 - 17)	23 (11 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.6% (9.5% - 16.6%)	229 (99 - 368)	465 (205 - 741)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.0% (12.1% - 19.2%)
Ovarian cancer	3 (0 - 6)	5 (0 - 11)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.8% (-3.5% - 13.4%)	78 (4 - 156)	132 (7 - 265)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.5% (-4.8% - 14.5%)
Kidney cancer	14 (10 - 17)	27 (21 - 34)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.2% (6.7% - 15.3%)	322 (249 - 402)	590 (461 - 739)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.8% (9.4% - 21.2%)
Thyroid cancer	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.4% (6.6% - 20.0%)	57 (37 - 80)	94 (59 - 132)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.0% (8.6% - 22.6%)
Leukemia	10 (6 - 14)	17 (11 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.8% (20.2% - 31.1%)	258 (163 - 367)	416 (262 - 585)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	39.0% (31.6% - 48.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	8,634 (8,090 - 9,251)	12,456 (11,492 - 13,470)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.8% (0.7% - 2.8%)	174,346 (164,018 - 185,561)	243,057 (225,667 - 259,854)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.3% (4.2% - 6.5%)
Rheumatic heart disease	86 (46 - 154)	76 (39 - 134)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.3% (5.4% - 22.5%)	2,452 (1,357 - 4,244)	2,282 (1,292 - 3,903)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	18.3% (8.5% - 28.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	4,491 (3,994 - 4,941)	6,358 (5,559 - 7,055)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-1.8% - 0.4%)	88,065 (79,871 - 95,776)	120,512 (107,878 - 132,606)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.4% (0.5% - 2.4%)
Cerebrovascular disease	2,976 (2,618 - 3,353)	4,247 (3,708 - 4,841)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.3% (0.7% - 3.8%)	59,604 (52,901 - 66,175)	81,719 (72,981 - 91,563)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6.5% (5.0% - 8.2%)
Ischemic stroke	1,425 (1,194 - 1,621)	2,079 (1,754 - 2,408)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.9% (-2.6% - 0.6%)	24,133 (20,451 - 27,091)	34,006 (28,678 - 38,547)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.6% (0.5% - 2.9%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	1,550 (1,282 - 1,844)	2,168 (1,749 - 2,628)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.8% (3.3% - 8.0%)	35,472 (30,241 - 40,865)	47,713 (41,438 - 55,089)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	10.3% (8.1% - 12.9%)
Hypertensive heart disease	622 (526 - 784)	1,069 (850 - 1,242)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12,257 (10,399 - 15,467)	19,248 (15,498 - 22,588)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cardiomyopathy	138 (99 - 188)	230 (168 - 306)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-0.3% - 13.8%)	3,426 (2,708 - 4,437)	6,037 (4,600 - 7,414)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.2% (2.3% - 21.7%)
Atrial fibrillation	15 (12 - 19)	54 (39 - 71)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-7.8% (-14.9% - -1.8%)	489 (379 - 609)	1,038 (811 - 1,281)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-2.8% (-6.7% - 0.5%)
Aortic aneurysm	49 (33 - 64)	70 (46 - 95)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.1% (-9.6% - -2.5%)	923 (655 - 1,181)	1,282 (915 - 1,631)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.8% (-4.2% - 0.7%)
Peripheral vascular	10 (8 - 12)	24 (20 - 29)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-3.4% (-7.3% - 0.0%)	193 (160 - 240)	380 (318 - 452)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.7% (-2.8% - 1.1%)
Endocarditis	22 (16 - 30)	34 (24 - 46)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.2% (-0.4% - 7.5%)	557 (421 - 758)	873 (630 - 1,128)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	5.8% (0.0% - 14.0%)
Other cardiovascular	226 (186 - 268)	295 (247 - 361)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.7% (3.9% - 11.5%)	6,381 (5,296 - 7,517)	9,687 (7,918 - 12,029)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.3% (13.4% - 20.9%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	1,093 (1,025 - 1,139)	2,256 (2,091 - 2,368)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	4.2% (0.3% - 6.1%)	47,539 (41,359 - 54,199)	89,020 (76,351 - 102,299)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	6.5% (-1.0% - 10.2%)
Diabetes	684 (653 - 711)	1,299 (1,235 - 1,375)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28,251 (24,073 - 33,069)	55,833 (46,375 - 66,809)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chronic kidney disease	409 (364 - 433)	956 (813 - 1,034)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	19,288 (16,786 - 21,934)	33,187 (28,461 - 37,316)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Diabetes CKD	46 (35 - 55)	173 (139 - 209)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,357 (1,926 - 2,829)	5,939 (5,015 - 6,940)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hypertensive CKD	120 (92 - 145)	276 (197 - 337)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,777 (3,849 - 5,644)	7,986 (6,336 - 9,234)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	99 (85 - 115)	116 (93 - 144)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5,526 (4,817 - 6,299)	6,126 (5,138 - 7,171)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other CKD	143 (115 - 168)	391 (297 - 452)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,628 (5,608 - 7,657)	13,135 (10,821 - 14,993)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	4,785 (3,195 - 6,648)	9,477 (6,411 - 13,092)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	14.3% (12.0% - 16.9%)
Osteoarthritis	--	--	--	--	2,607 (1,708 - 3,677)	5,177 (3,388 - 7,256)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.1% (11.2% - 15.4%)
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	2,162 (1,369 - 3,183)	4,274 (2,725 - 6,247)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.6% (15.9% - 21.4%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	2,162 (1,369 - 3,183)	4,274 (2,725 - 6,247)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.1% (15.8% - 20.8%)
Gout	--	--	--	--	16 (10 - 22)	26 (17 - 36)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.6% (-9.1% - -0.7%)
Injuries	176 (164 - 198)	334 (285 - 361)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	29.7% (13.8% - 38.4%)	10,902 (8,958 - 13,229)	14,249 (11,658 - 17,500)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.8% (-4.3% - 12.6%)
Transport injuries	83 (76 - 91)	145 (131 - 158)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.7% (3.6% - 14.2%)	4,056 (3,474 - 4,803)	5,780 (4,939 - 6,871)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.1% (-6.7% - 5.0%)
Road injuries	76 (70 - 83)	137 (124 - 150)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.6% (4.7% - 15.0%)	3,512 (3,025 - 4,134)	5,167 (4,433 - 6,101)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-5.6% - 6.1%)
Pedestrian road injuries	34 (30 - 40)	70 (59 - 80)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.9% (9.1% - 23.6%)	1,187 (1,026 - 1,393)	2,015 (1,706 - 2,343)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.3% (4.1% - 23.2%)
Cyclist road injuries	6 (5 - 7)	11 (9 - 13)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.0% (2.0% - 14.8%)	373 (308 - 453)	488 (398 - 591)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.2% (-13.2% - 1.4%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	9 (7 - 11)	15 (11 - 18)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-4.4% - 11.6%)	571 (468 - 697)	775 (625 - 945)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.8% (-11.4% - 3.2%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	24 (21 - 27)	40 (35 - 46)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.6% (-6.1% - 6.0%)	1,299 (1,086 - 1,547)	1,825 (1,525 - 2,187)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-9.0% (-14.2% - -3.3%)
Other road injuries	2 (2 - 3)	2 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-12.4% - 16.4%)	82 (62 - 104)	64 (52 - 81)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	5.0% (-13.3% - 22.6%)
Other transport injuries	7 (6 - 8)	8 (7 - 9)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.3% (-10.5% - 7.5%)	544 (439 - 675)	614 (484 - 777)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.4% (-9.3% - 9.9%)
Unintentional injuries	89 (80 - 109)	184 (144 - 206)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	42.9% (13.9% - 57.0%)	6,603 (5,221 - 8,156)	8,245 (6,477 - 10,468)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.1% (-8.6% - 20.8%)
Falls	87 (78 - 107)	181 (141 - 202)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.2% (-1.2% - 11.2%)	5,959 (4,732 - 7,299)	7,510 (5,949 - 9,474)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.5% (-21.4% - -5.7%)
Mechanical forces	2 (2 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	40.6% (-14.9% - 72.0%)	611 (448 - 818)	694 (501 - 941)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8.9% (-23.4% - 31.2%)
Other mechanical forces	2 (2 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.9% (0.5% - 23.1%)	611 (448 - 818)	694 (501 - 941)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-19.1% - 1.4%)
Animal contact	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	55.0% (18.2% - 90.5%)	33 (26 - 43)	41 (31 - 54)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	22.6% (-15.9% - 50.6%)
Non-venomous animal	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.8% (-9.2% - 23.8%)	33 (26 - 43)	41 (31 - 54)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.2% (-28.8% - 14.3%)
Self-harm & violence	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.1% (-26.1% - 0.0%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-23.7% (-32.0% - -12.8%)
Interpersonal violence	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.2% (-28.8% - -8.3%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.0% (-34.5% - -19.7%)
Assault by other means	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.0% (-8.7% - 13.7%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.3% (-14.9% - 5.6%)
War & disaster	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	146.8% (30.6% - 335.9%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	34.8% (-3.5% - 81.2%)
Forces of nature	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	102.5% (22.2% - 206.6%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-40.0% - 41.9%)
High fasting plasma glucose: All causes	2,444 (2,101 - 2,853)	4,014 (3,499 - 4,641)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	21.8% (17.4% - 26.8%)	68,903 (60,506 - 78,071)	116,893 (101,592 - 133,368)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	37.0% (31.6% - 42.6%)
Group I	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.0% (-18.6% - 10.9%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	9.6% (-7.3% - 29.1%)
HIV/AIDS & tuberculosis	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-26.6% (-36.0% - -15.7%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-31.8% (-41.2% - -20.8%)
Tuberculosis	277 (191 - 380)	273 (186 - 363)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	26.3% (14.0% - 40.5%)	8,211 (5,627 - 11,402)	8,742 (5,968 - 11,782)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	32.5% (18.5% - 50.4%)
Non-communicable	2,166 (1,838 - 2,542)	3,741 (3,234 - 4,351)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.5% (14.5% - 23.3%)	60,691 (52,424 - 69,275)	108,151 (93,514 - 124,029)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	22.9% (18.8% - 27.1%)
Cardiovascular diseases	1,336 (1,025 - 1,696)	2,020 (1,543 - 2,596)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.7% (2.6% - 11.2%)	26,709 (21,023 - 33,601)	39,433 (30,991 - 49,554)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.8% (8.0% - 16.0%)
Ischemic heart disease	909 (687 - 1,135)	1,384 (1,034 - 1,751)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.9% (2.5% - 11.8%)	17,536 (13,548 - 21,809)	26,258 (20,696 - 32,591)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.1% (6.6% - 15.8%)
Cerebrovascular disease	427 (242 - 680)	635 (347 - 1,037)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.8% (3.4% - 12.0%)	9,172 (5,435 - 13,540)	13,175 (7,945 - 19,595)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.1% (9.1% - 17.1%)
Ischemic stroke	196 (101 - 336)	299 (150 - 523)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	4.8% (-0.9% - 10.4%)	3,482 (2,061 - 5,412)	5,208 (3,001 - 8,108)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.6% (3.4% - 13.8%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	231 (133 - 351)	336 (195 - 536)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.1% (5.4% - 15.6%)	5,690 (3,302 - 8,535)	7,967 (4,684 - 11,741)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.7% (12.3% - 20.9%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	830 (777 - 876)	1,722 (1,617 - 1,844)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	3.5% (0.8% - 6.1%)	33,983 (29,150 - 39,617)	68,718 (58,055 - 80,838)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.4% (4.8% - 15.5%)
Diabetes	684 (653 - 711)	1,299 (1,235 - 1,375)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	28,251 (24,073 - 33,069)	55,833 (46,375 - 66,809)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Chronic kidney disease	146 (113 - 176)	422 (336 - 501)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	18.0% (13.5% - 24.2%)	5,732 (4,503 - 7,170)	12,886 (10,346 - 15,501)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	19.5% (15.5% - 23.9%)
Diabetes CKD	46 (35 - 55)	173 (139 - 209)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,357 (1,926 - 2,829)	5,939 (5,015 - 6,940)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hypertensive CKD	37 (24 - 51)	91 (56 - 124)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	3.9% (-0.0% - 7.8%)	1,161 (785 - 1,579)	2,236 (1,483 - 2,991)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	7.9% (4.1% - 11.7%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	22 (15 - 30)	33 (21 - 46)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.2% (11.7% - 21.9%)	856 (571 - 1,153)	1,292 (862 - 1,752)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.3% (12.1% - 22.9%)
Other CKD	40 (27 - 55)	126 (81 - 168)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	9.4% (4.9% - 14.6%)	1,358 (924 - 1,835)	3,418 (2,264 - 4,542)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	13.8% (8.8% - 18.8%)
High total cholesterol: All causes	2,204 (1,574 - 3,126)	2,830 (1,966 - 4,053)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.4% (-11.3% - -2.5%)	49,289 (38,075 - 63,764)	62,715 (49,244 - 80,986)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.6% (-5.7% - 5.7%)
Non-communicable	2,204 (1,574 - 3,126)	2,830 (1,966 - 4,053)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.8% (-17.6% - -9.7%)	49,289 (38,075 - 63,764)	62,715 (49,244 - 80,986)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.9% (-19.0% - -9.8%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,204 (1,574 - 3,126)	2,830 (1,966 - 4,053)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.1% (-13.5% - -6.1%)	49,289 (38,075 - 63,764)	62,715 (49,244 - 80,986)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.4% (-8.0% - -0.5%)

	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Ischemic heart disease	2,042 (1,432 - 2,946)	2,634 (1,793 - 3,882)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-9.6% (-12.7% - -6.0%)	45,180 (34,388 - 59,979)	57,627 (44,080 - 76,072)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.5% (-8.3% - -2.2%)
Cerebrovascular disease	162 (74 - 347)	196 (92 - 449)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-10.4% (-18.4% - -2.6%)	4,109 (2,406 - 6,533)	5,088 (3,074 - 8,208)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.6% (-10.6% - 5.8%)
Ischemic stroke	162 (74 - 347)	196 (92 - 449)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.3% (-18.7% - -7.4%)	4,109 (2,406 - 6,533)	5,088 (3,074 - 8,208)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.1% (-13.1% - -2.3%)
High systolic blood pressure: All causes	6,949 (6,182 - 7,665)	10,364 (9,178 - 11,544)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.8% (6.4% - 11.2%)	143,434 (130,053 - 156,023)	208,129 (188,307 - 227,509)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.1% (10.0% - 18.4%)
Non-communicable	6,949 (6,182 - 7,665)	10,364 (9,178 - 11,544)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	1.2% (-1.2% - 3.3%)	143,434 (130,053 - 156,023)	208,129 (188,307 - 227,509)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-2.3% (-5.5% - 0.8%)
Cardiovascular diseases	6,712 (5,944 - 7,432)	9,772 (8,586 - 10,949)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.0% (1.2% - 4.8%)	134,725 (121,544 - 146,802)	191,363 (171,974 - 210,045)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.2% (5.4% - 9.2%)
Rheumatic heart disease	86 (46 - 154)	76 (39 - 134)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	14.3% (5.4% - 22.5%)	2,452 (1,357 - 4,244)	2,282 (1,292 - 3,903)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	18.3% (8.5% - 28.2%)
Ischemic heart disease	3,078 (2,455 - 3,608)	4,403 (3,376 - 5,249)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.5% (-1.2% - 2.4%)	59,035 (49,647 - 68,410)	83,187 (70,136 - 96,242)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (2.0% - 6.3%)
Cerebrovascular disease	2,561 (2,204 - 2,952)	3,680 (3,132 - 4,291)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.4% (1.3% - 5.3%)	51,902 (45,389 - 58,512)	72,326 (63,780 - 81,983)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8.2% (6.2% - 10.4%)
Ischemic stroke	1,193 (982 - 1,392)	1,751 (1,415 - 2,074)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.1% (-1.9% - 2.0%)	20,435 (17,062 - 23,258)	29,176 (24,390 - 33,285)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.1% (1.4% - 4.8%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	1,368 (1,077 - 1,677)	1,929 (1,464 - 2,418)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.9% (3.9% - 9.5%)	31,467 (26,049 - 37,011)	43,150 (36,291 - 51,147)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	12.3% (9.5% - 15.3%)
Hypertensive heart disease	622 (526 - 784)	1,069 (850 - 1,242)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	12,257 (10,399 - 15,467)	19,248 (15,498 - 22,588)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Cardiomyopathy	102 (64 - 157)	166 (106 - 256)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	2.6% (-3.9% - 16.7%)	2,450 (1,635 - 3,563)	4,254 (2,745 - 6,002)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.1% (-0.3% - 22.0%)
Atrial fibrillation	13 (10 - 15)	42 (31 - 54)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-12.6% (-17.5% - -8.1%)	387 (298 - 493)	791 (617 - 994)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.7% (-9.5% - -4.1%)
Aortic aneurysm	49 (33 - 64)	70 (46 - 95)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-6.1% (-9.6% - -2.5%)	923 (655 - 1,181)	1,282 (915 - 1,631)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.8% (-4.2% - 0.7%)
Peripheral vascular	7 (6 - 8)	16 (12 - 20)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	-9.3% (-12.6% - -6.1%)	136 (110 - 173)	257 (209 - 314)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.8% (-6.8% - -2.6%)
Endocarditis	14 (9 - 23)	22 (14 - 35)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.0% (-4.0% - 6.3%)	350 (213 - 516)	541 (333 - 800)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.3% (-4.1% - 13.1%)
Other cardiovascular	180 (147 - 217)	228 (190 - 282)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.0% (1.3% - 6.2%)	4,834 (3,898 - 5,787)	7,196 (5,682 - 9,131)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	14.2% (10.7% - 17.7%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	236 (201 - 264)	591 (486 - 674)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	21.3% (11.5% - 28.4%)	8,709 (7,175 - 10,028)	16,766 (13,912 - 19,364)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	6.0% (-4.2% - 14.1%)
Chronic kidney disease	236 (201 - 264)	591 (486 - 674)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	1.7% (-1.5% - 4.9%)	8,709 (7,175 - 10,028)	16,766 (13,912 - 19,364)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	3.5% (0.2% - 6.8%)
Diabetes CKD	22 (15 - 29)	84 (57 - 112)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	-2.3% (-4.4% - -0.2%)	874 (574 - 1,191)	2,445 (1,641 - 3,229)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	5.7% (3.5% - 8.2%)
Hypertensive CKD	120 (92 - 145)	276 (197 - 337)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,777 (3,849 - 5,644)	7,986 (6,336 - 9,234)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	32 (22 - 42)	48 (33 - 67)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.3% (12.4% - 20.8%)	1,117 (759 - 1,493)	1,716 (1,178 - 2,340)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	17.1% (12.8% - 21.5%)
Other CKD	62 (42 - 82)	183 (121 - 241)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	1.6% (-1.0% - 3.9%)	1,941 (1,339 - 2,574)	4,618 (3,073 - 6,194)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	6.0% (2.2% - 8.7%)
High body-mass index: All causes	2,724 (2,263 - 3,187)	4,444 (3,716 - 5,169)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	22.2% (19.0% - 25.4%)	78,310 (65,436 - 92,006)	134,048 (112,420 - 156,787)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	36.3% (32.3% - 40.1%)
Non-communicable	2,724 (2,263 - 3,187)	4,444 (3,716 - 5,169)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.7% (10.6% - 16.7%)	78,310 (65,436 - 92,006)	134,048 (112,420 - 156,787)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.7% (13.6% - 19.8%)
Neoplasms	218 (164 - 277)	405 (306 - 517)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	24.4% (19.2% - 29.2%)	5,173 (3,845 - 6,721)	9,272 (6,920 - 11,934)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.8% (24.9% - 36.6%)
Esophageal cancer	44 (17 - 74)	77 (30 - 130)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	26.5% (12.1% - 38.0%)	1,044 (402 - 1,798)	1,756 (675 - 2,964)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	27.0% (13.8% - 37.1%)
Liver cancer	43 (21 - 69)	97 (48 - 155)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	40.0% (33.1% - 48.0%)	1,142 (549 - 1,872)	2,457 (1,163 - 3,944)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	47.0% (38.9% - 56.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis B	15 (7 - 25)	33 (15 - 54)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	49.7% (41.3% - 59.0%)	434 (194 - 746)	946 (427 - 1,546)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	55.7% (46.2% - 66.3%)
Liver cancer hepatitis C	8 (4 - 13)	42 (21 - 68)	0.4% (0.4% - 0.5%)	35.8% (26.1% - 47.6%)	193 (94 - 310)	994 (477 - 1,613)	0.4% (0.4% - 0.5%)	40.2% (30.0% - 52.9%)
Liver cancer alcohol	13 (6 - 20)	13 (6 - 20)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	33.8% (25.5% - 42.6%)	299 (142 - 486)	276 (135 - 438)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	38.1% (29.1% - 47.9%)
Liver cancer other	8 (4 - 12)	9 (4 - 14)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	40.3% (27.6% - 52.1%)	216 (102 - 352)	241 (116 - 383)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	45.1% (32.1% - 58.6%)
Breast cancer	21 (15 - 27)	38 (28 - 47)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	24.7% (15.6% - 34.1%)	482 (346 - 637)	914 (665 - 1,164)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	30.7% (18.8% - 42.4%)
Uterine cancer	15 (12 - 18)	26 (21 - 32)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.1% (10.2% - 21.4%)	371 (297 - 457)	625 (488 - 773)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	19.8% (13.1% - 27.0%)
Colorectal cancer	37 (28 - 47)	66 (50 - 84)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.4% (10.5% - 16.9%)	806 (605 - 1,025)	1,366 (1,032 - 1,720)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.1% (12.2% - 18.4%)
Gallbladder cancer	19 (13 - 26)	24 (16 - 33)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.7% (-2.6% - 9.7%)	384 (255 - 535)	457 (300 - 639)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5.5% (-0.1% - 11.7%)
Pancreatic cancer	11 (5 - 17)	23 (11 - 37)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.6% (9.5% - 16.6%)	229 (99 - 368)	465 (205 - 741)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.0% (12.1% - 19.2%)
Ovarian cancer	3 (0 - 6)	5 (0 - 11)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.8% (-3.5% - 13.4%)	78 (4 - 156)	132 (7 - 265)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.5% (-4.8% - 14.5%)
Kidney cancer	14 (10 - 17)	27 (21 - 34)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	11.2% (6.7% - 15.3%)	322 (249 - 402)	590 (461 - 739)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.8% (9.4% - 21.2%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Thyroid cancer	2 (1 - 3)	4 (2 - 5)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.4% (6.6% - 20.0%)	57 (37 - 80)	94 (59 - 132)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.0% (8.6% - 22.6%)
Leukemia	10 (6 - 14)	17 (11 - 24)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	25.8% (20.2% - 31.1%)	258 (163 - 367)	416 (262 - 585)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	39.0% (31.6% - 48.3%)
Cardiovascular diseases	2,146 (1,767 - 2,535)	3,234 (2,666 - 3,815)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.2% (6.6% - 12.0%)	52,303 (43,391 - 61,400)	78,626 (65,892 - 91,739)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.1% (12.4% - 17.9%)
Ischemic heart disease	1,029 (820 - 1,236)	1,448 (1,147 - 1,760)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-1.0% - 5.6%)	23,248 (18,919 - 27,616)	32,446 (26,443 - 38,507)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4.7% (2.1% - 8.5%)
Cerebrovascular disease	703 (555 - 870)	1,032 (814 - 1,284)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.1% (6.5% - 12.2%)	18,141 (14,493 - 22,238)	26,549 (21,499 - 32,497)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	15.9% (13.4% - 19.1%)
Ischemic stroke	276 (202 - 355)	392 (285 - 512)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	0.4% (-2.7% - 6.1%)	5,819 (4,537 - 7,168)	8,403 (6,565 - 10,310)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	6.2% (2.8% - 12.6%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	427 (327 - 537)	640 (500 - 806)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	16.9% (10.2% - 21.6%)	12,322 (9,602 - 15,424)	18,146 (14,449 - 22,308)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	22.9% (18.0% - 27.4%)
Hypertensive heart disease	183 (120 - 262)	362 (225 - 509)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	16.5% (7.9% - 24.0%)	3,828 (2,757 - 5,245)	7,166 (4,947 - 9,238)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	17.8% (10.7% - 24.1%)
Cardiomyopathy	89 (56 - 129)	157 (102 - 225)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.1% (4.0% - 26.7%)	2,421 (1,774 - 3,168)	4,494 (3,299 - 5,750)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	20.6% (7.8% - 31.9%)
Atrial fibrillation	8 (3 - 13)	29 (10 - 59)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.4%)	0.5% (-23.2% - 15.9%)	281 (181 - 402)	640 (383 - 943)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	6.0% (-4.6% - 14.7%)
Peripheral vascular	5 (3 - 8)	12 (6 - 22)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	3.2% (-12.3% - 13.0%)	103 (69 - 146)	216 (145 - 308)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.7% (2.6% - 14.0%)
Endocarditis	12 (8 - 17)	19 (12 - 28)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	9.6% (2.9% - 16.4%)	333 (232 - 467)	546 (374 - 721)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.6% (3.8% - 20.7%)
Other cardiovascular	119 (83 - 168)	174 (119 - 252)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	23.5% (11.4% - 34.0%)	3,948 (2,991 - 5,155)	6,569 (5,060 - 8,526)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	31.1% (21.0% - 38.4%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	359 (298 - 421)	806 (661 - 950)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.4% (7.6% - 16.8%)	16,064 (13,034 - 19,493)	36,698 (29,627 - 44,782)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	22.5% (14.9% - 28.0%)
Diabetes	258 (213 - 302)	529 (442 - 621)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.4% (5.7% - 11.5%)	12,007 (9,587 - 14,640)	27,696 (21,978 - 34,407)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.7% (11.4% - 16.5%)
Chronic kidney disease	102 (73 - 132)	277 (196 - 367)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	12.8% (5.5% - 20.5%)	4,056 (2,886 - 5,354)	9,002 (6,476 - 11,707)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.6% (9.1% - 22.6%)
Diabetes CKD	13 (7 - 20)	60 (35 - 88)	0.4% (0.3% - 0.4%)	26.4% (13.2% - 40.1%)	684 (342 - 1,063)	2,122 (1,127 - 3,117)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	19.1% (10.6% - 28.7%)
Hypertensive CKD	36 (21 - 54)	83 (45 - 130)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	2.0% (-4.2% - 7.2%)	1,257 (680 - 1,903)	2,307 (1,251 - 3,482)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.8% (-0.7% - 6.2%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	17 (9 - 26)	24 (12 - 39)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	13.5% (7.1% - 22.2%)	727 (316 - 1,188)	1,149 (495 - 1,868)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	20.6% (14.0% - 27.8%)
Other CKD	37 (20 - 55)	110 (56 - 170)	0.2% (0.2% - 0.2%)	7.2% (0.6% - 15.2%)	1,389 (703 - 2,068)	3,424 (1,823 - 4,982)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	11.3% (6.0% - 16.7%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	4,770 (3,181 - 6,628)	9,452 (6,392 - 13,062)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	14.4% (12.1% - 17.0%)
Osteoarthritis	--	--	--	--	2,607 (1,708 - 3,677)	5,177 (3,388 - 7,256)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	13.1% (11.2% - 15.4%)
Low back & neck pain	--	--	--	--	2,162 (1,369 - 3,183)	4,274 (2,725 - 6,247)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.6% (15.9% - 21.4%)
Low back pain	--	--	--	--	2,162 (1,369 - 3,183)	4,274 (2,725 - 6,247)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.1% (15.8% - 20.8%)
Low bone mineral density: All causes	176 (164 - 198)	334 (285 - 361)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	35.4% (15.4% - 44.6%)	10,903 (8,958 - 13,231)	14,249 (11,658 - 17,500)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-1.8% (-9.4% - 6.9%)
Injuries	176 (164 - 198)	334 (285 - 361)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	29.7% (13.8% - 38.4%)	10,903 (8,958 - 13,231)	14,249 (11,658 - 17,500)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	3.8% (-4.3% - 12.5%)
Transport injuries	83 (76 - 91)	145 (131 - 158)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.7% (3.6% - 14.2%)	4,056 (3,474 - 4,804)	5,780 (4,939 - 6,871)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-1.1% (-6.7% - 5.0%)
Road injuries	76 (70 - 83)	137 (124 - 150)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	9.6% (4.7% - 15.0%)	3,512 (3,025 - 4,134)	5,167 (4,433 - 6,101)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.0% (-5.6% - 6.1%)
Pedestrian road injuries	34 (30 - 40)	70 (59 - 80)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	15.9% (9.1% - 23.6%)	1,187 (1,026 - 1,393)	2,015 (1,706 - 2,343)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	12.3% (4.1% - 23.2%)
Cyclist road injuries	6 (5 - 7)	11 (9 - 13)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	8.0% (2.0% - 14.8%)	373 (308 - 453)	488 (398 - 591)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.2% (-13.2% - 1.4%)
Motorcyclist road injuries	9 (7 - 11)	15 (11 - 18)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	3.6% (-4.4% - 11.6%)	571 (468 - 697)	775 (625 - 945)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-3.8% (-11.4% - 3.2%)
Motor vehicle road injuries	24 (21 - 27)	40 (35 - 46)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.6% (-6.1% - 6.0%)	1,299 (1,086 - 1,547)	1,825 (1,525 - 2,187)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-9.0% (-14.2% - -3.3%)
Other road injuries	2 (2 - 3)	2 (1 - 2)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	1.3% (-12.4% - 16.4%)	82 (62 - 104)	64 (52 - 81)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	4.9% (-13.3% - 22.6%)
Other transport injuries	7 (6 - 8)	8 (7 - 9)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-2.3% (-10.5% - 7.5%)	544 (439 - 675)	614 (484 - 777)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.4% (-9.3% - 9.9%)
Unintentional injuries	89 (80 - 109)	184 (144 - 206)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	42.9% (13.9% - 57.0%)	6,604 (5,222 - 8,158)	8,245 (6,477 - 10,468)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	7.1% (-8.6% - 20.8%)
Falls	87 (78 - 107)	181 (141 - 202)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	5.2% (-1.2% - 11.2%)	5,959 (4,732 - 7,300)	7,510 (5,949 - 9,474)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.6% (-21.4% - -5.7%)
Mechanical forces	2 (2 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	40.6% (-14.9% - 72.0%)	611 (448 - 818)	694 (501 - 941)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	8.9% (-23.4% - 31.2%)
Other mechanical forces	2 (2 - 2)	3 (2 - 3)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	11.9% (0.5% - 23.1%)	611 (448 - 818)	694 (501 - 941)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.5% (-19.1% - 1.4%)
Animal contact	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	55.0% (18.2% - 90.5%)	33 (26 - 43)	41 (31 - 54)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	22.6% (-15.9% - 50.6%)
Non-venomous animal	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 1)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	8.8% (-9.2% - 23.8%)	33 (26 - 43)	41 (31 - 54)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-5.2% (-28.8% - 14.3%)
Self-harm & violence	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-14.1% (-26.1% - 0.0%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-23.7% (-32.0% - -12.8%)
Interpersonal violence	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-19.2% (-28.8% - -8.3%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-27.0% (-34.5% - -19.7%)



	1990 Deaths (in thousands)	2013 Deaths (in thousands)	Median percent change Deaths	Median percent change of age- standardized Deaths PAF	1990 DALYs (in thousands)	2013 DALYs (in thousands)	Median percent change DALYs	Median percent change of age- standardized DALYs PAF
Assault by other means	4 (3 - 4)	4 (3 - 5)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2.0% (-8.7% - 13.7%)	164 (129 - 198)	169 (135 - 209)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.3% (-14.9% - 5.6%)
War & disaster	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	146.8% (30.6% - 335.9%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	34.8% (-3.5% - 81.2%)
Forces of nature	0 (0 - 0)	0 (0 - 0)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.1%)	102.5% (22.2% - 206.6%)	79 (31 - 171)	55 (24 - 111)	-0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	-0.1% (-40.0% - 41.9%)
Low glomerular filtration rate: All causes	1,310 (1,176 - 1,480)	2,164 (1,960 - 2,387)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	18.9% (11.1% - 24.8%)	34,159 (30,499 - 38,394)	51,906 (46,246 - 57,573)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	25.5% (18.4% - 31.3%)
Non-communicable	1,310 (1,176 - 1,480)	2,164 (1,960 - 2,387)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	10.6% (3.4% - 16.1%)	34,159 (30,499 - 38,394)	51,906 (46,246 - 57,573)	0.1% (0.0% - 0.1%)	7.5% (1.4% - 12.0%)
Cardiovascular diseases	902 (774 - 1,067)	1,207 (1,050 - 1,400)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.2% (-14.0% - -2.4%)	14,855 (12,842 - 17,806)	18,693 (16,348 - 21,875)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-6.8% (-13.0% - -1.3%)
Ischemic heart disease	516 (435 - 612)	690 (588 - 806)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.3% (-14.5% - -1.8%)	8,394 (7,105 - 10,075)	10,572 (9,034 - 12,405)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-8.3% (-15.1% - -1.5%)
Cerebrovascular disease	384 (311 - 469)	511 (420 - 618)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-7.7% (-13.3% - -2.7%)	6,414 (5,237 - 7,943)	8,025 (6,642 - 9,764)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-4.6% (-9.7% - 0.3%)
Ischemic stroke	213 (169 - 260)	282 (226 - 340)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-13.0% (-20.4% - -6.0%)	3,015 (2,382 - 3,721)	3,784 (3,033 - 4,621)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	-11.6% (-18.3% - -5.0%)
Hemorrhagic stroke	171 (129 - 217)	229 (181 - 289)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.1%)	-0.9% (-5.9% - 4.6%)	3,399 (2,626 - 4,359)	4,241 (3,417 - 5,291)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	1.5% (-4.0% - 7.5%)
Peripheral vascular	3 (2 - 3)	7 (5 - 9)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	2.5% (-7.3% - 14.3%)	48 (36 - 64)	95 (75 - 122)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-0.3% (-6.8% - 7.6%)
Diabetes/urog/blood/endo	409 (364 - 433)	956 (813 - 1,034)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	19.3% (9.6% - 25.2%)	19,288 (16,786 - 21,934)	33,187 (28,461 - 37,316)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	2.4% (-8.1% - 8.4%)
Chronic kidney disease	409 (364 - 433)	956 (813 - 1,034)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)	19,288 (16,786 - 21,934)	33,187 (28,461 - 37,316)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (-0.0% - 0.0%)
Diabetes CKD	46 (35 - 55)	173 (139 - 209)	0.3% (0.2% - 0.3%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	2,357 (1,926 - 2,829)	5,939 (5,015 - 6,940)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Hypertensive CKD	120 (92 - 145)	276 (197 - 337)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	4,777 (3,849 - 5,644)	7,986 (6,336 - 9,234)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	99 (85 - 115)	116 (93 - 144)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	5,526 (4,817 - 6,299)	6,126 (5,138 - 7,171)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Other CKD	143 (115 - 168)	391 (297 - 452)	0.2% (0.1% - 0.2%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)	6,628 (5,608 - 7,657)	13,135 (10,821 - 14,993)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	0.0% (0.0% - 0.0%)
Musculoskeletal disorders	--	--	--	--	16 (10 - 22)	26 (17 - 36)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-6.9% (-12.4% - -2.0%)
Gout	--	--	--	--	16 (10 - 22)	26 (17 - 36)	0.1% (0.1% - 0.1%)	-4.6% (-9.1% - -0.7%)

**Web Table 5: Citations for all sources used for estimating risk factor exposure organized by country**

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Afghanistan	Afghanistan The Threat of Famine 1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Kabul Baseline Survey on the Nutritional Status of Children Under-5 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Jalalabad City and Internally Displaced People Camps Comparative Malnutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan Nutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan Multiple Indicator Baseline Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Laghman Nutritional Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Afghanistan	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Badakshan Children Under-5 Nutrition Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Faizabad City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Herat City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Jalalabad City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Kabul City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Kabul Nutrition Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Mazar-e Sharif City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Afghanistan	Central Statistics Office (Afghanistan), UNICEF Afghanistan Country Office, German Technical Cooperation Agency (GTZ). Afghanistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Kabul City Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Panjshir Valley and Shamali Plains Nutritional Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan Nutritional Anthropometry, Health, Food Security, and Agriculture Assessment 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Afghanistan	Assefa F, Jabarkhil MZ, Salama P, Spiegel P. Malnutrition and mortality in Kohistan District, Afghanistan, April 2001. JAMA. 2001; 286(21): 2723-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Panjshir Valley and Shamali Plains Nutritional and Mortality Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Badghis Nutrition and Health Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Jowzjan Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Kohistan District Nutritional and Food Security Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Samangan Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan - Sang Charak District Nutritional Anthropometric Survey in Children Under-5 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Afghanistan	Central Statistics Organization (Afghanistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Afghanistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2003.	2003	
Afghanistan	Afghanistan National Nutrition Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Afghanistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Afghanistan - Kabul Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Afghanistan	Afghanistan National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Afghanistan	Central Statistics Organization (Afghanistan), European Union (EU), Ministry of Rural Rehabilitation and Development (Afghanistan). Afghanistan National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment 2005.	2005	
Afghanistan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2005	*
Afghanistan	Indian Institute of Health Management Research (IIHMR), Johns Hopkins University (JHU), Ministry of Public Health (Afghanistan). Afghanistan Health Survey 2006.	2006	
Afghanistan	Central Statistics Organization (Afghanistan), ICF Macro, Indian Institute of Health Management Research (IIHMR), Ministry of Public Health (Afghanistan), World Health Organization Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean (EMRO-WHO). Afghanistan Special Demographic and Health Survey 2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010	*
Afghanistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Afghanistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Afghanistan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2011	*
Afghanistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Afghanistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Afghanistan	Central Statistics Organization (Afghanistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Afghanistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010-2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2010-2011	
Albania	Buonomo E, Godo A, Marazzi MC, Scarcella P, Mancinelli S, Palombi L. Child malnutrition in north Albania: results from an anthropometric survey. Ann Ig. 2000; 12(6): 505-11. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Albania Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Albania	Shapo L, Pomerleau J, McKee M, Coker R, Ylli A. Body weight patterns in a country in transition: a population-based survey in Tirana City, Albania. Public Health Nutr. 2003; 6(5): 471-7.	2001	
Albania	Shapo L, Pomerleau J, McKee M. Epidemiology of hypertension and associated cardiovascular risk factors in a country in transition: a population based survey in Tirana City, Albania. J Epidemiol Community Health. 2003; 57(9): 734-9.	2001	
Albania	Albania Institute of Public Health (IPH), Ministry of Health (Albania), National Institute of Statistics (Albania), and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2005) Albania Reproductive Health Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), World Bank (WB). Albania Living Standards Measurement Survey 2002. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2002	
Albania	Burazeri G, Roshi E, Jewkes R, Jordan S, Bjegovic V, Laaser U. Factors associated with spousal physical violence in Albania: cross sectional study. BMJ. 2005; 331(7510): 197-201.	2003	
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), World Bank (WB). Albania Living Standards Measurement Survey 2003. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2003	
Albania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Albania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), World Bank (WB). Albania Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2004	
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Albania Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Albania	National Institute of Statistics (Albania), World Bank (WB). Albania Living Standards Measurement Survey 2005. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2005	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Albania	Borici S, Agaoglu NB, Baykan OA, Agirbasli M. Blood pressure and anthropometric measurements in Albanian versus Turkish children and adolescents. Acta Cardiol. 2009; 64(6): 747-54.	2007	
Albania	Spahija B, Qirjako G, Toçi E, Roshi E, Burazeri G. Socioeconomic and lifestyle determinants of obesity in a transitional southeast European population. Med Arh. 2012; 66(3 Suppl 1): 16-20.	2007	
Albania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Albania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Albania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2009	
Albania	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Albania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Albania	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Albania). Albania Global AIDS Reponse Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2011	*
Albania	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Albania	ICF Macro, Institute of Public Health (Albania), Institute of Statistics (Albania). Albania Demographic and Health Survey 2008-2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2009.	2008-2009	
Albania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Albania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Albania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Albania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2006, 2009	
Albania	Albania National Nutrition Survey 1996-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996-1998	
Albania	Albania National Nutrition Survey 1996-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996-1998	
Algeria	Algeria Maternal and Child Health Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Algeria	National Office of Statistics (Algeria), League of Arab States. Algeria Maternal and Child Health Survey 1992.	1992	
Algeria	Algeria Multicenter Study of the Mediterranean Group for the Study of Diabetes 1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Algeria	Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Algeria	Ministry of Health and Population (Algeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Algeria	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Algeria	Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Algeria	Ministry of Health and Population (Algeria), National Institute of Public Health (Algeria), National Office of Statistics (Algeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Algeria	Algeria Strategies to Fight Anemia and Growth Retardation in Saharawi Refugee Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Algeria	Temmar M, Labat C, Benkhedda S, Charifi M, Thomas F, Bouafia MT, Bean K, Darne B, Safar ME, Benetos A. Prevalence and determinants of hypertension in the Algerian Sahara. J Hypertens. 2007; 25(11): 2218-26.	2001	
Algeria	Algeria - Tindouf Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Algeria	Algeria - Sétif and Mostaganem STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	



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Algeria	Ministry of Health, Population and Hospital Reform (Algeria), World Health Organization (WHO). Algeria - Sétif and Mostaganem STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	
Algeria	Cherouati DE, Djeflal S. Measurements of radon and radon daughters in dwellings in Algiers. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 1988; 25(2): 137-9.	2005	
Algeria	Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2006	
Algeria	Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Algeria	Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Algeria	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health, Population and Hospital Reform (Algeria), National Office of Statistics (Algeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006.	2006	
Algeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Algeria-Contantine Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Algeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Algeria-Oran Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Algeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Algeria-Setif Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Algeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Algeria Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	
Algeria	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Algeria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Algeria	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health, Population and Hospital Reform (Algeria). Algeria Progress Report on the National Response to AIDS 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1985-2012	*
Algeria	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Algeria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Algeria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2006	
Algeria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Algeria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-1995, 2001, 2003-2004	
Algeria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995-2008	
Algeria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001, 2003-2004	
Algeria	Algeria Family Health Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002-2003	
Algeria	Algeria Family Health Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002-2003	
Algeria	National Office of Statistics (Algeria), Ministry of Health, Population and Hospital Reform (Algeria), League of Arab States. Algeria Family Health Survey 2002-2003.	2002-2003	
Algeria	National Office of Statistics (Algeria). Algeria National Health Survey 2005.	2005-2007	
Algeria	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
Andorra	Coll M, Borrell C, Villabi J, Goicoechea J. Prévalence du tabagisme en Andorre: Données de référence pour l'évaluation des interventions. Rev Epidemiol Sante Publique. 2000; 305-8.	1997	



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Andorra	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Andorra). Andorra National Health Survey 1997.	1997	
Andorra	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Andorra). Andorra National Health Survey 2002.	2002	
Andorra	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Andorra). Andorra National Survey of Children's Health 2004.	2004	
Andorra	Air Quality in Andorra database as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	*
Andorra	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Andorra	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Andorra	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Andorra). Andorra National Health Survey 2011.	2011	*
Andorra	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006, 2008-2012	*
Andorra	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002-2006	
Angola	Angola - Lunda Norte Anthropometric Nutritional Survey in Cafunfo 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Angola	Living Conditions Monitoring Office (Angola), National Statistics Office (Angola), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Angola Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1996	
Angola	Energy Statistics of Non-OECD Countries 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Angola	National Institute of Statistics (Angola), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Angola Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2001. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2001	
Angola	Angola Investigation Report on Nutrition 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Angola	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Angola	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Angola	COSEP-Consulting Ltd., Consaúde Ltd., ICF International, National Malaria Control (Angola), President's Malaria Initiative (PMI). Angola Malaria Indicator Survey 2011. Fairfax, United States: ICF International.	2011	*
Angola	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Angola	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Angola	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Angola	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Angola	Angola Nutritional Surveillance and Progress in N'Dalatando as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994-1995	
Angola	Assessing Vitamin A and Iron Deficiency Anaemia, Nutritional Anaemia among Children Aged 0-60 Months in the Republic of Angola as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998-1999	
Angola	Angola Malaria Indicator Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
Angola	COSEP-Consulting Ltd., Consaúde Ltd., Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Angola). Angola Malaria Indicator Survey 2006-2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006-2007	
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda Report on the Nutritional Status of Vulnerable Groups as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981	
Antigua and Barbuda	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Population and Housing Census of the Commonwealth Caribbean 1990-1991.	1991	
Antigua and Barbuda	Department of Statistics, Ministry of Finance (Antigua and Barbuda). Antigua and Barbuda Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	

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Antigua and Barbuda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Antigua and Barbuda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Antigua and Barbuda	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001	
Antigua and Barbuda	Statistics Division, Ministry of Finance and the Economy (Antigua and Barbuda). Antigua and Barbuda Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Antigua and Barbuda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Antigua and Barbuda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Antigua and Barbuda	Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission (CICAD), Organization of American States (OAS), National Drug Council (Antigua and Barbuda). Antigua and Barbuda National Survey of Substance Abuse Among Secondary School Students 2005.	2005	
Antigua and Barbuda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Antigua and Barbuda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Antigua and Barbuda	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Antigua and Barbuda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Antigua and Barbuda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Antigua and Barbuda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Antigua and Barbuda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Antigua and Barbuda	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008	
Antigua and Barbuda	Antigua and Barbuda Living Conditions: Poverty in a Services Economy in Transition 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Argentina	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Argentina	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina), Minnesota Population Center. Argentina National Population and Housing Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
Argentina	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Argentina INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
Argentina	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina), Minnesota Population Center. Argentina National Population and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	*
Argentina	Argentina Childhood Living Conditions as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Argentina	Lejarraga H, Markevich L, Sanchirico F, Cusminsky M. [Reference tables of arm circumference from birth to 12 years of age for Argentinian girls and boys]. Arch Latinoam Nutr. 1983; 33(1): 139-57. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Argentina	The organisation of a national survey for evaluating child psychomotor development in Argentina as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Argentina	Argentina Anthropometric Studies in the Child and Adolescent Population as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Argentina	Hansen C, Buteler R, Procopovich E, Pagan G, Díaz B, Gait N, Medicina M, Mezzano M, Britos S, Fulginiti S. [Blood lead levels in children of Cordoba City]. Medicina (B Aires). 1999; 59(2): 167-70.	1996	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Argentina	Morasso M del C, Molero J, Vinocur P, Acosta L, Paccussi N, Raselli S, Falivene G, Viteri FE. [Iron and vitamin A deficiencies and prevalence of anemia in boys and girls between 6 to 24 months of age in Chaco, Argentina]. Arch Latinoam Nutr. 2003; 53(1): 21-7. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998	
Argentina	Rodriguez CM, Marques LF, Touze G. HIV and injection drug use in Latin America. AIDS. 2002; 16(Suppl 3): S34-S41.	1999	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2000	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina-Distrito Federal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Argentina	García SI, Mercer R. [Childhood health and lead in Argentina]. Salud Publica Mex. 2003; S252-255.	2000	
Argentina	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Argentina Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2003. [Unpublished].	2003	
Argentina	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Argentina	Bianchi ME, Farías EF, Bolaño J, Massari PU. Epidemiology of renal and cardiovascular risk factors in Toba Aborigines. Ren Fail. 2006; 28(8): 665-70.	2003	
Argentina	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Argentina	Canoba A, Lopez FO, Arnaud MI, Oliveira AA, R.S. Neman, Hadler JC, Iunes PJ, Paulo SR, Osorio AM, Aparecido R, Rodríguez C, Moreno V, Vasquez R, Espinosa G, Golzarri JI, Martínez T, Navarrete M, Cabrera I, Segovia N, Peña P, Taméz E, Pereyra P, M.E. López-, López-Herrera ME, Sajo-Bohus L. Indoor radon measurements in six Latin American countries. Geofis Int. 2002; 41(4): 453-7.	2005	
Argentina	Center for the Study of State and Society (CEDES), Ministry of Health and Environment (Argentina), National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina). Argentina National Survey of Risk Factors 2005.	2005	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina-Buenos Aires Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina-Distrito Federal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Argentina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Argentina), Ministry of Health (Argentina), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Public Opinion, Services, and Markets (OPSM), World Health Organization (WHO). Argentina Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007.	2007	
Argentina	Disalvo L, Aab C, Pereyras S, Pattín J, Apezteguía M, Iannicelli JC, Girardelli A, Varea A. [Blood lead levels in children from the city of La Plata, Argentina. Relationship with iron deficiency and lead exposure risk factors]. Arch Argent Pediatr. 2009; 107(4): 300-6.	2008	
Argentina	Ministry of Health (Argentina), National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina). Argentina National Survey of Risk Factors 2009.	2009	*
Argentina	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009	*
Argentina	Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires. Argentina - Buenos Aires Cordoba Atmospheric Monitoring Station Measurements of Particulate Material under 10 Microns April 2010. Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires.	2010	*

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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Argentina	Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires. Argentina - Buenos Aires La Boca Atmospheric Monitoring Station Measurements of Particulate Material under 10 Microns November 2010. Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires.	2010	*
Argentina	Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires. Argentina - Buenos Aires La Boca Atmospheric Monitoring Station Measurements of Particulate Material under 10 Microns October 2010. Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires.	2010	*
Argentina	Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires. Argentina - Buenos Aires La Boca Atmospheric Monitoring Station Measurements of Particulate Material under 10 Microns September 2010. Environmental Protection Agency, Ministry of Environment and Public Space, Government of the City of Buenos Aires.	2010	*
Argentina	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina). Argentina Population and Housing Census 2010 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2013.	2010	*
Argentina	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Argentina	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Argentina	CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Argentina), National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Argentina Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2012. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2012	*
Argentina	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Argentina	Cisneros S, Chejter S, Kohan J. Un Estudio Estadístico Sobre Femicidios en la Provincia de Buenos Aires [Argentina - Buenos Aires Statistical Study on Femicide]. In: Chejter S, Varela G, editors. Femicidios e Impunidad [Femicide and Impunity]. Buenos Aires: The Culture and Women's Meeting Center; 2005. 7-23.	1997-2003	
Argentina	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Argentina	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Argentina National Report on Progress 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2001-2010	*
Argentina	Argentina National Survey of Nutrition and Health 2004-2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004-2005	
Argentina	Argentina National Survey of Nutrition and Health 2004-2005 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2004-2005	
Argentina	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Argentina	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Argentina	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Argentina	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1982-1984, 1990-2006, 2010	
Argentina	Calvo E, Carmuega E, Gnazzo D, Sosa E, Gonzalez S. Evaluación del estado nutricional de la población de niños de 9 a 24 meses de edad, residentes en los partidos del Gran Buenos Aires. Arch Argent Pediatr. 1991; 132-41. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Argentina	Calvo E, Islam J, Gnazzo N, Ibanez M, de Martinez C, de Vacaliuc R. Encuesta nutricional en niños de 2 años de la provincia de Misiones. I. Indicadores antropométricos. Arch Argent Pediatr. 1987. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Argentina	Romieu I, Lacasana M, McConnell R. Lead exposure in Latin America and the Caribbean. Lead Research Group of the Pan-American Health Organization. Environ Health Perspect. 1997; 105(4): 398-405.	1986, 1989	

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Argentina	Anthropometric Survey of Children under 6 Years under the Maternal and Child Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995-1996	
Argentina	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998-2006, 2010	
Argentina	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Argentina), Minnesota Population Center. Argentina National Population, Households, and Dwelling Census 2001-2002 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001-2002	
Argentina	Durán P, Mangialavori G, Biglieri A, Kogan L, Abeyá Gilardon E. [Nutrition status in Argentinean children 6 to 72 months old: results from the National Nutrition and Health Survey (ENNyS)]. Arch Argent Pediatr. 2009; 107(5): 397-404. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004-2005	
Argentina	Martínez SA, Simonella L, Hansen C, Rivolta S, Cancela LM, Virgolini MB. Blood lead levels and enzymatic biomarkers of environmental lead exposure in children in Cordoba, Argentina, after the ban of leaded gasoline. Hum Exp Toxicol. 2013; 32(5): 449-63.	2009-2010	*
Armenia	Armenia Refugee Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Armenia	Armenia Health and Nutritional Status of Children and Women 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Armenia	Armenia Health and Nutritional Status of Children and Women 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998	
Armenia	Armenia Millennium Development Goal Indicators 1996-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Armenia	Markosyan KM, Kocharyan A, Potosyan A. Meeting the challenge of injection drug use and HIV in Armenia. Health Hum Rights. 2006; 9(1): 128-51.	2000	*
Armenia	Ministry of Health (Armenia), National Statistical Service (NSS), ORC Macro. Armenia Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Armenia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001	
Armenia	National Statistical Service of the Republic of Armenia, Minnesota Population Center. Armenia Population and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Armenia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Armenia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Armenia	MOH Center for Health Information and Statistics, Macro International, Inc, National Statistical Service (NSS). Armenia Demographic and Health Survey 2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005	
Armenia	National Institute of Health (Armenia), National Statistical Service of the Republic of Armenia. Armenia Tobacco Prevalence Survey Among Adults 2005.	2005	
Armenia	Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	

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Armenia	National Statistical Service of the Republic of Armenia. Armenia Integrated Living Conditions Survey 2008. Yerevan, Armenia: National Statistical Service of the Republic of Armenia.	2008	
Armenia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Armenia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Armenia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Armenia	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Armenia), National Statistical Service of the Republic of Armenia. Armenia Demographic and Health Survey 2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010	*
Armenia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Armenia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Armenia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Armenia UNGASS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2011	*
Armenia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Armenia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1990, 1992-2008	
Armenia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2009	
Armenia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Armenia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Armenia	Armenia Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Armenia	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfer C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Armenia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2010	
Australia	Bloom H, Lewis IC, Kishimoto R. A study of lead concentrations in blood of children (and some adults) of Southern Tasmania. Med J Aust. 1974; 2(8): 275-9.	1971	
Australia	Hopper JL, Balderas A, Mathews JD. Analysis of variation in blood lead levels in Melbourne families. Med J Aust. 1982; 2(12): 573-6.	1979	
Australia	Rathus M, Latham S, Golding G, Rowan C. Blood lead levels in Queensland children. Med J Aust. 1982; 2(4): 183-5.	1979	
Australia	Busselton Population Medical Research Institute (Australia). Australia - Busselton Health Study 1981.	1981	
Australia	Glatthaar C, Welborn TA, Stenhouse NS, Garcia-Webb P. Diabetes and impaired glucose tolerance. A prevalence estimate based on the Busselton 1981 survey. Med J Aust. 1985; 143(10): 436-40.	1981	
Australia	Centre for Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, University of Newcastle. Australia - Newcastle Risk Factor Survey 1983.	1983	
Australia	Hill D, Willcox S, Gardner G, Houston J. Tobacco and alcohol use among Australian secondary schoolchildren. Med J Aust. 1987; 146(3): 125-30.	1984	
Australia	Australia Health And Fitness Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Australia	Gliksman MD, Dwyer T, Wlodarczyk J, Pierce JP. Cigarette smoking in Australian schoolchildren. Med J Aust. 1989; 150(2): 81-4.	1985	
Australia	Magarey AM, Daniels LA, Boulton TJ. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Australian children and adolescents: reassessment of 1985 and 1995 data against new standard international definitions. Med J Aust. 2001; 174(11): 561-4.	1985	



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Australia	Tobacco in Australia: A Summary of Related Statistics as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Australia	Hill DJ, White VM, Pain MD, Gardner GJ. Tobacco and alcohol use among Australian secondary schoolchildren in 1987. Med J Aust. 1990; 152(3): 124–30.	1987	
Australia	Australia National Campaign Against Drug Use Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, National Heart Foundation (Australia). Australia Risk Factor Prevalence Survey 1989.	1989	
Australia	Beard TC, Eickhoff R, Mejglo ZA, Jones M, Bennett SA, Dwyer T. Population-based survey of human sodium and potassium excretion. Clin Exp Pharmacol Physiol. 1992; 19(5): 327-30. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1989	
Australia	Bennett SA, Magnus P. Trends in cardiovascular risk factors in Australia; Results from the National Heart Foundation's Risk Factor Prevalence Study, 1980-1989. Med J Aust. 1994; 161(9): 519-27.	1989	
Australia	Dhaliwal SS, Howat P, Bejoy T, Welborn TA. Self-reported weight and height for evaluating obesity control programs. Am J Health Behav. 2010; 34(4): 489-99.	1989	
Australia	Simons LA, Friedlander Y, McCallum J, Simons J, Powell I, Heller R, Berry G. The Dubbo study of the health of elderly: correlates of coronary heart disease at study entry. J Am Geriatr Soc. 1991; 39(6): 584-90.	1989	
Australia	Simons LA, Simons J, Friedlander Y, McCallum J, Palaniappan L. Risk functions for prediction of cardiovascular disease in elderly Australians: the Dubbo Study. Med J Aust. 2003; 113-6.	1989	
Australia	Hill DJ, White VM, Williams RM, Gardner GJ. Tobacco and alcohol use among Australian secondary school students in 1990. Med J Aust. 1993; 158(4): 228–34.	1990	
Australia	Notowidjojo L, Truswell A. Urinary sodium and potassium in a sample of healthy adults in Sydney, Australia. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 1993; 2(1): 25-33. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
Australia	Australia National Campaign Against Drug Use Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Australia	Cowie C, Black D, Fraser I. Blood lead levels in preschool children in eastern Sydney. Aust N Z J Public Health. 1997; 21(7): 755-61.	1993	
Australia	Threlfall T, Kent N, Garcia-Webb P, Byrnes E, Psaila-Savona P. Blood lead levels in children in Perth, Western Australia. Aust J Public Health. 1993; 17(4): 379-81.	1993	
Australia	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Australia Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1994. [Unpublished].	1994	
Australia	Centre for Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics, University of Newcastle. Australia - Newcastle Risk Factor Survey 1994.	1994	
Australia	Beard TC, Woodward DR, Ball PJ, Hornsby H, von Witt RJ, Dwyer T. The Hobart Salt Study 1995: few meet national sodium intake target. Med J Aust. 1997; 166(8): 404-7. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Australia	Hill DJ, White VM, Scollo MM. Smoking behaviours of Australian adults in 1995: trends and concerns. Med J Aust. 1998; 168(5): 209-13.	1995	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia Women's Safety Survey 1996.	1996	
Australia	Flicker L, McCaul KA, Hankey GJ, Jamrozik K, Brown WJ, Byles JE, Almeida OP. Body mass index and survival in men and women aged 70 to 75. J Am Geriatr Soc. 2010; 58(2): 234-41.	1996	
Australia	Loxton D, Schofield M, Hussain R. History of domestic violence and health service use among mid-aged Australian women. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2004; 28(4): 383-8.	1996	
Australia	Taft AJ, Watson LF, Lee C. Violence against young Australian women and association with reproductive events: a cross-sectional analysis of a national population sample. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2004; 28(4): 324-9.	1996	
Australia	Australia National Survey of Mental Health and Wellbeing 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Australia	Australia National Tobacco Campaign Evaluation Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Australia	Booth ML, Wake M, Armstrong T, Chey T, Hesketh K, Mathur S. The epidemiology of overweight and obesity among Australian children and adolescents, 1995-97. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2001; 25(2): 162-9.	1997	



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Australia	De Silva PE, Donnan MB. Blood lead levels in Victorian children. <i>Med J Aust</i> . 1980; 2(6): 315-8.	1997	
Australia	Henry MJ, Pasco JA, Nicholson GC, Seeman E, Kotowicz MA. Prevalence of osteoporosis in Australian women: Geelong Osteoporosis Study. <i>J Clin Densitom</i> . 2000; 3(3): 261-8.	1997	
Australia	Karr M, Mira M, Causer J, Earl J, Alperstein G, Wood F, Fett MJ, Coakley J. Age-specific reference intervals for plasma vitamins A, E and beta-carotene and for serum zinc, retinol-binding protein and prealbumin for Sydney children aged 9-62 months. <i>Int J Vitam Nutr Res</i> . 1997; 67(6): 432-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	*
Australia	Australia National Drug Strategy Household Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Australia	Australia National Tobacco Campaign Evaluation Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Australia	Australia National Tobacco Campaign Evaluation Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, Hunter Valley Research Foundation. Australia National Physical Activity Survey 1999.	1999	*
Australia	Grande ED, Hickling J, Taylor A, Woollacott T. Domestic violence in South Australia: a population survey of males and females. <i>Aust N Z J Public Health</i> . 2003; 27(5): 543-50.	1999	
Australia	Siu J, Giskes K, Shaw J, Turrell G. Perceived weight status may contribute to education inequalities in five-year weight change among mid-aged women. <i>Aust N Z J Public Health</i> . 2011; 35(3): 284-91.	1999	
Australia	Adams RJ, Appleton S, Wilson DH, Taylor AW, Dal Grande E, Chittleborough C, Gill T, Ruffin R. Population comparison of two clinical approaches to the metabolic syndrome: implications of the new International Diabetes Federation consensus definition. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2005; 28(11): 2777-9.	2000	
Australia	Australia National Tobacco Campaign Evaluation Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Australia	Dunne MP, Purdie DM, Cook MD, Boyle FM, Najman JM. Is child sexual abuse declining? Evidence from a population-based survey of men and women in Australia. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> . 2003; 27(2): 141-52.	2000	
Australia	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia National Health Survey 2001. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics.	2001	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Breastfeeding in Australia, 2001. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2003.	2001	
Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. Australia National Drug Strategy Household Survey 2001.	2001	
Australia	Renzaho A, Wooden M, Houn B. Associations between body mass index and health-related quality of life among Australian adults. <i>Qual Life Res</i> . 2010; 19(4): 515-20.	2001	
Australia	Devine A, Dick IM, Islam AF, Dhaliwal SS, Prince RL. Protein consumption is an important predictor of lower limb bone mass in elderly women. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2005; 81(6): 1423-8.	2002	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2002.	2002	*
Australia	Simmons D, McKenzie A, Eaton S, Shaw J, Zimmet P. Prevalence of diabetes in rural Victoria. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract</i> . 2005; 70(3): 287-90.	2002	
Australia	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. <i>Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act</i> . 2009; 21.	2003	*
Australia	Department of Health and Ageing (Australia), World Health Organization (WHO). Australia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Australia	Holden CA, McLachlan RI, Pitts M, Cumming R, Wittert G, Ehsani JP, de Kretser DM, Handelsman DJ. Determinants of male reproductive health disorders: the Men in Australia Telephone Survey (MATeS). <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2010; 96.	2003	
Australia	Jones G, Nguyen T, Sambrook P, Kelly PJ, Eisman JA. Progressive loss of bone in the femoral neck in elderly people: longitudinal findings from the Dubbo osteoporosis epidemiology study. <i>BMJ</i> . 1994; 309(6956): 691-5.	2003	

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Australia	Margerison C, Nowson C. Dietary intake and 24-hour excretion of sodium and potassium. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2006; 15(Suppl 3): S37. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2003.	2003	*
Australia	Sanigorski AM, Bell AC, Kremer PJ, Swinburn BA. High childhood obesity in an Australian population. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2007; 15(8): 1908-12.	2003	
Australia	Sugiyama T, Merom D, Reeves M, Leslie E, Owen N. Habitual active transport moderates the association of TV viewing time with body mass index. J Phys Act Health. 2010; 7(1): 11-6.	2003	
Australia	Van Zutphen M, Bell AC, Kremer PJ, Swinburn BA. Association between the family environment and television viewing in Australian children. J Paediatr Child Health. 2007; 43(6): 458-63.	2003	
Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. Australia National Drug Strategy Household Survey 2004.	2004	
Australia	Booth ML, Dobbins T, Okely AD, Denney-Wilson E, Hardy LL. Trends in the prevalence of overweight and obesity among young Australians, 1985, 1997, and 2004. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2007; 15(5): 1089-95.	2004	
Australia	Booth ML, Okely AD, Denney-Wilson E. Validation and application of a novel method of measuring non-response bias in school-based surveys of paediatric overweight and obesity. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2011; 6(2-2): e87-93.	2004	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2004.	2004	*
Australia	Shi Z, Taylor AW, Gill TK, Tuckerman J, Adams R, Martin J. Short sleep duration and obesity among Australian children. BMC Public Health. 2010; 609.	2004	
Australia	Wake M, Hardy P, Canterford L, Sawyer M, Carlin JB. Overweight, obesity and girth of Australian preschoolers: prevalence and socio-economic correlates. Int J Obes (Lond). 2007; 31(7): 1044-51.	2004	
Australia	Wake M, Hardy P, Sawyer MG, Carlin JB. Comorbidities of overweight/obesity in Australian preschoolers: a cross-sectional population study. Arch Dis Child. 2008; 93(6): 502-7.	2004	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia - Health of Children in Australia: A Snapshot, 2004-05. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2007.	2005	
Australia	Henstridge J, Data Analysis Australia. Australia Analysis of the 2005 Personal Safety Survey. Nedlands, Australia: Data Analysis Australia, 2007.	2005	
Australia	Langroo MK, Wise KN, Duggleby JC, Kotler LH. A nationwide survey of 222Rn and gamma radiation levels in Australian homes. Health Phys. 1991; 61(6): 753-61.	2005	
Australia	Lynch M, Black M. A tale of two cities: a review of homicide in Melbourne and Glasgow in 2005. Med Sci Law. 2008; 48(1): 24-30.	2005	
Australia	Magliano DJ, Barr EL, Zimmet PZ, Cameron AJ, Dunstan DW, Colagiuri S, Jolley D, Owen N, Phillips P, Tapp RJ, Welborn TA, Shaw JE. Glucose indices, health behaviors, and incidence of diabetes in Australia: the Australian Diabetes, Obesity and Lifestyle Study. Diabetes Care. 2008; 31(2): 267-72.	2005	
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Australia	O'Dea JA, Amy NK. Perceived and desired weight, weight related eating and exercising behaviours, and advice received from parents among thin, overweight, obese or normal weight Australian children and adolescents. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2011; 68.	2006	
Australia	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
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Australia	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Australia - Victoria Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2007. [Unpublished].	2007	

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Australia	Government of Western Australia. Response of the Western Australian Government to the Western Australian Legislative Assembly Education and Health Standing Committee in Relation to the Cause and Extent of Lead Pollution in the Esperance Area 2007. Perth, Western Australia: Government of Western Australia, 2007.	2007	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2007.	2007	*
Australia	Davies CA, Vandelanotte C, Duncan MJ, van Uffelen JGZ. Associations of physical activity and screen-time on health related quality of life in adults. Prev Med. 2012; 55(1): 46-9.	2008	
Australia	Khambalia A, Hardy LL, Bauman A. Accuracy of weight perception, life-style behaviours and psychological distress among overweight and obese adolescents. J Paediatr Child Health. 2012; 48(3): 220-7.	2008	
Australia	Markwick A, Vaughan L, Ansari Z. Opposing socioeconomic gradients in overweight and obese adults. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2013; 37(1): 32-8.	2008	*
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2008.	2008	*
Australia	Ackerman IN, Osborne RH. Obesity and increased burden of hip and knee joint disease in Australia: results from a national survey. BMC Musculoskelet Disord. 2012; 13(1): 254.	2009	
Australia	Morley BC, Scully ML, Niven PH, Okely AD, Baur LA, Pratt IS, Wakefield MA, NaSSDA Study Team. What factors are associated with excess body weight in Australian secondary school students. Med J Aust. 2012; 196(3): 189-92.	2009	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2009.	2009	*
Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, Roy Morgan Research. Australia National Drug Strategy Household Survey 2010.	2010	*
Australia	Department of Environment and Conservation (Western Australia, Australia), Environment Protection Authority South Australia, Environment Protection Authority, Tasmania (Australia), Environment and Sustainable Development Directorate (Australian Capital Territory, Australia), Northern Territory Environment Protection Authority (Australia). Australia Annual Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Data 2005, 2010, 2012. As received from Queensland University of Technology. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2010.	2010	*
Australia	State of Queensland Government. Australia - Queensland Annual Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Data 2000, 2005, 2010, 2012. As received from Queensland University of Technology. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Australia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2011.	2011	*
Australia	Salt Intake in New South Wales, Australia - Results of a 24-Hour Urinary Sodium Excretion Study in a Representative Adult Population Sample as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2011	*
Australia	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2012	*
Australia	New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - New South Wales Population Health Survey 2012.	2012	*
Australia	Kirby Institute, University of New South Wales. Australia HIV, Viral Hepatitis, and Sexually Transmissible Infections Annual Surveillance Report 2013. Darlinghurst, Australia: Kirby Institute, University of New South Wales, 2013.	1984-2012	*
Australia	Australian Institute of Criminology. Australia Homicide between Intimate Partners. Canberra, Australia: Australian Institute of Criminology, 1998.	1989-1996	
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Australia	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Australia	Australian Institute of Criminology. Australia National Homicide Monitoring Program Annual Report 2005-2006 . Canberra, Australia: Australian Institute of Criminology, 2007.	2005-2006	
Australia	Australian Institute of Criminology. Australia National Homicide Monitoring Program Annual Report 2006-2007. Canberra, Australia: Australian Institute of Criminology, 2008.	2006-2007	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia National Health Survey 2011-2013.	2011-2013	*
Australia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Australia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2010	
Australia	Gartner CE, Barendregt JJ, Hall WD. Predicting the future prevalence of cigarette smoking in Australia: how low can we go and by when?. Tob Control. 2009; 18(3): 183-9.	1980, 1983, 1986, 1989, 1992, 1995	
Australia	White V, Hill D, Siahpush M, Bobevski I. How has the prevalence of cigarette smoking changed among Australian adults? Trends in smoking prevalence between 1980 and 1932. Tob Control. 2003; 12(Suppl 2): ii67-ii74.	1980, 1983, 1986, 1989, 1992, 1995, 1998	
Australia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Australia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2010	
Australia	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1983-1994	
Australia	Centre for Epidemiology and Research, New South Wales Department of Health. Australia - Newcastle Risk Factor Survey 1988-1989.	1988-1989	
Australia	Simons LA, Simons J, McCallum J, Friedlander Y. Impact of smoking, diabetes and hypertension on survival time in the elderly: the Dubbo Study. Med J Aust. 2005; 182(5): 219-23.	1989, 1993, 1998	
Australia	Australia National Health Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989-1990	
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Australia	Australia - Canberra Longitudinal Survey, Wave 1 1990-1991.	1990-1991	
Australia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1993, 1997-2010	
Australia	Andrews, Gary R., and George C. Myers. Australian [Adelaide] Longitudinal Study of Aging, Waves 1-5 [1992-1997]. ICPSR06707-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2000. doi:10.3886/ICPSR06707.v3	1992-1993	
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Australia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1992-2010	
Australia	Patton GC, Coffey C, Carlin JB, Sawyer SM, Williams J, Olsson CA, Wake M. Overweight and obesity between adolescence and young adulthood: a 10-year prospective cohort study. J Adolesc Health. 2011; 48(3): 275-80.	1993, 1998, 2001	
Australia	Guttinger R, Pascoe E, Rossi E, Kotecha R, Willis F. The Fremantle Lead Study Part 2. J Paediatr Child Health. 2008; 44(12): 722-6.	1993, 2005-2006	
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Australia	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare. Australia National Survey of Lead in Children 1995.	1995-1995	



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Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics, Department of Health and Family Services (Australia). Australia National Nutrition Survey 1995-1996. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics.	1995-1996	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia National Health Survey 1995-1996. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics.	1995-1996	
Australia	Vaska V, Volkmer R. Increasing prevalence of obesity in South Australian 4-year-olds: 1995-2002. J Paediatr Child Health. 2004; 40(7): 353-5.	1995-2002	
Australia	Australia - Western Australia Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening Program 1996-1998.	1996-1998	
Australia	Hesketh K, Wake M, Waters E, Carlin J, Crawford D. Stability of body mass index in Australian children: a prospective cohort study across the middle childhood years. Public Health Nutr. 2004; 7(2): 303-9.	1997, 2000	
Australia	Dollman J, Pilgrim A. Changes in body composition between 1997 and 2002 among South Australian children: influences of socio-economic status and location of residence. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2005; 29(2): 166-70.	1997, 2002	
Australia	Quan HL, Blizzard CL, Venn AJ, Thuy AB, Luc PH, Sharman JE. Blood pressure and body mass index: a comparison of the associations in the Caucasian and Asian populations. Hypertens Res. 2012; 35(5): 523-30.	1998-1999	*
Australia	Chadban SJ, Briganti EM, Kerr PG, Dunstan DW, Welborn TA, Zimmet PZ, Atkins RC. Prevalence of kidney damage in Australian adults: The AusDiab kidney study. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2003; 14(7 Suppl 2): S131-8.	1999-2000	
Australia	International Diabetes Institute (IDI). Australia Diabetes, Obesity and Lifestyle Study 1999-2000. Melbourne, Australia: International Diabetes Institute (IDI).	1999-2000	
Australia	Henry MJ, Pasco JA, Korn S, Gibson JE, Kotowicz MA, Nicholson GC. Bone mineral density reference ranges for Australian men: Geelong Osteoporosis Study. Osteoporos Int. 2010; 21(6): 909-17.	2001-2006	*
Australia	Goldney RD, Dunn KI, Air TM, Dal Grande E, Taylor AW. Relationships between body mass index, mental health, and suicidal ideation: population perspective using two methods. Aust N Z J Psychiatry. 2009; 43(7): 652-8.	2002, 2008	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia National Health Survey 2004-2005.	2004-2005	
Australia	International Diabetes Institute (IDI). Australia Diabetes, Obesity and Lifestyle Study 2004-2005.	2004-2005	
Australia	Janus ED, Tideman PA, Dunbar JA, Kilkkinen A, Bunker SJ, Philpot B, Tirimacco R, Mc Namara K, Heistaro S, Laatikainen T. Dyslipidaemia in rural Australia: prevalence, awareness, and adherence to treatment guidelines in the Greater Green Triangle Risk Factor Study. Med J Aust. 2010; 192(3): 127-32.	2004-2006	*
Australia	Queensland Health. Australia - Queensland Infant Nutrition Project 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Australia	Kortt MA, Dollery B. Association between body mass index and health-related quality of life among an Australian sample. Clin Ther. 2011; 33(10): 1466-74.	2007, 2009	
Australia	Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia National Health Survey 2007-2008. Canberra, Australia: Australian Bureau of Statistics.	2007-2008	
Australia	Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs (Australia), the Australian Institute of Family Studies, Australian Bureau of Statistics. Australia Longitudinal Study of Children 2009-2010.	2009-2010	
Australia	Kelsall LM, de Gooyer TE, Carey M, Vaughan L, Ansari Z. Blood lead levels in the adult Victorian population: results from the Victorian Health Monitor. Aust N Z J Public Health. 2013; 37(3): 233-7.	2009-2010	*
Australia	Environment Protection Authority Victoria (Australia), Office of Environment and Heritage (New South Wales, Australia). Australia - New South Wales and Victoria Annual Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Data 2002-2012. As received from Queensland University of Technology. [Unpublished].	2010-2011	*
Australia	Office of Environment and Heritage (New South Wales, Australia). Australia - New South Wales Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Data 1994-2013. As received from the Centre for Air quality and health Research and evaluation (CAR) & Respiratory & Environmental Epidemiology, Woolcock Institute of Medical Research. [Unpublished].	2010-2013	*
Austria	Austrian Central Statistical Office, Minnesota Population Center. Austria Population Census and Building and Housing Census 1981 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1981	
Austria	Gredler B, Kunze M. Impact of a national campaign on smoking attitudes and patterns in Austria. Int J Health Educ. 1981; 24(4): 271-9. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Austria	Schwarz B, Bischof HP, Kunze M. Hyperglycemia and coronary risk factors results from western Austria. Eur J Epidemiol. 1992; 8(1): 40-5.	1986	
Austria	Schwarz B, Bischof HP, Kunze M. Overweight and coronary risk factors results from a western Austrian survey. Soz Präventivmed. 1991; 36(6): 322-6.	1986	
Austria	World Health Organization. Austria CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Austria	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1988	

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Austria	Austrian Central Statistical Office, Minnesota Population Center. Austria Population Census and Building and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Austria	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Austria Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1993. [Unpublished].	1993	
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Austria	Haidinger G, Waldhoer T, Vutuc C. The prevalence of smoking in Austria. Prev Med. 1998; 27(1): 50-5. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Austria	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Austria	Kirchengast S, Steiner V. Sexual dimorphism in body composition, weight status and growth in prepubertal school children from rural areas of eastern Austria. Coll Antropol. 2001; 25(1): 21-30.	1998	
Austria	Barth A, Schaffer A, Osterode W, Winker R, Konnaris C, Valic E, Wolf C, Rüdiger H. Reduced cognitive abilities in lead-exposed men. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 2002; 75(6): 394-8.	1999	
Austria	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1999	
Austria	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Austria	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2000	*
Austria	Statistics Austria, Minnesota Population Center. Austria Population Census and Building and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis, United States: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Austria	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
Austria	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grijbovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Austria	Ludwig Boltzmann Institute for Addiction Research. Austria Sample Survey on Substance Use 2004.	2004	
Austria	Bossew P, Dubois G, Tollefsen T. Investigations on indoor Radon in Austria, part 2: geological classes as categorical external drift for spatial modelling of the Radon potential. J Environ Radioact. 2008; 99(1): 81-97.	2005	
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Austria	Friedmann H. Final results of the Austrian Radon Project. Health Phys. 2005; 89(4): 339-48.	2005	
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Austria	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Austria	Federal Ministry of Health (Austria). Austria Nutrition Report 2008.	2008	
Austria	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*

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Austria	Federal Ministry of Health (Austria), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Austria Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010	*
Austria	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Austria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Austria	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Austria	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Austria	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Austria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Austria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Austria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Austria	Ulmer H, Kelleher CC, Fitz-Simon N, Diem G, Concin H. Secular trends in cardiovascular risk factors: an age-period cohort analysis of 698,954 health examinations in 181,350 Austrian men and women. J Intern Med. 2007; 261(6): 566-76.	1985, 1995, 2005	
Austria	Wallner A, Hirz A, Schober E, Harbich H, Waldhoer T. Evolution of cardiovascular risk factors among 18-year-old males in Austria between 1986 and 2005. Wien Klin Wochenschr. 2010; 122(5-6): 152-8.	1986-2005	*
Austria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008, 2010-2012	
Austria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Austria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Austria	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Austria	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Austria	Austria Study on Nutritional Status 2005-2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2006	
Austria	Federal Ministry for Health, Family, and Youth (Austria). Austria Infant Health Today 2005 - 2006.	2005-2006	
Austria	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Austria	Austria Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006-2007	
Austria	Statistics Austria. Austria Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Austria	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Austria	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*



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Austria	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Austria	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1995	
Azerbaijan	Ministry of Labor and Social Protection (Azerbaijan), World Bank (WB). Azerbaijan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1995. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	1995	
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan Health and Nutrition Survey of Internally Displaced and Resident Population 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan Internally Displaced Persons Living in the Southern Camps and Surrounding Areas 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Azerbaijan	State Statistics Committee of Azerbaijan, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Azerbaijan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Azerbaijan	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA), Azerbaijan Ministry of Health, State Statistical Committee of Azerbaijan, and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2003) Azerbaijan Reproductive Health Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan Reproductive Health Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Azerbaijan	Azerbaijan Reproductive Health Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Azerbaijan	AIDS Projects Management Group (Australia). Measuring Coverage of HIV Prevention and Care for Injecting Drug Users: Draft Final Report 2007. [Unpublished].	2006	*
Azerbaijan	Macro International, Inc, State Statistical Committee of Azerbaijan. Azerbaijan Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006	
Azerbaijan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Azerbaijan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Azerbaijan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Azerbaijan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Azerbaijan	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Azerbaijan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2005, 2007-2010, 2012	*
Azerbaijan	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Azerbaijan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Azerbaijan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Azerbaijan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
Azerbaijan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Bahrain	Bahrain Child Health Survey 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Bahrain	Bahrain Child Health Survey 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
Bahrain	Central Statistics Organization (Bahrain), Ministry of Health (Bahrain). Bahrain Child Health Survey 1989.	1989	
Bahrain	al-Mannai A, Dickerson JW, Morgan JB, Khalfan H. Obesity in Bahraini adults. J R Soc Health. 1996; 116(1): 30-40.	1991	
Bahrain	Musaiger AO. Health Status, Lifestyle and Nutrient Intake of Home Resident Elderly in Bahrain. Nutr Health. 2004; 17: 285-295. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
Bahrain	Bahrain Family Health Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Bahrain	Bahrain Family Health Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Bahrain	Ministry of Health (Bahrain), Council of Health Ministers of GCC States. Bahrain Family Health Survey 1995. Manama, Bahrain: Ministry of Health (Bahrain).	1995	
Bahrain	al-Mahroos F, McKeigue PM. High prevalence of diabetes in Bahrainis. Associations with ethnicity and raised plasma cholesterol. Diabetes Care. 1998; 21(6): 936-42.	1996	
Bahrain	Al-Mahroos F. Relation of high blood pressure to glucose intolerance, plasma lipids and educational status in an Arabian Gulf population. Int J Epidemiol. 2000; 29(1): 71-6.	1996	
Bahrain	Gharib NM, Shah P. Anthropometry and body composition of school children in Bahrain. Ann Saudi Med. 2009; 29(4): 258-69.	1999	
Bahrain	Al-Sendi AM, Shetty P, Musaiger AO. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among Bahraini adolescents: a comparison between three different sets of criteria. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2003; 57(3): 471-4.	2000	
Bahrain	Bahrain National Nutrition Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000	*
Bahrain	Central Statistics Organization (Bahrain). Bahrain Population, Housing, Buildings, and Establishments Census 2001.	2001	
Bahrain	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001	
Bahrain	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bahrain Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Bahrain	Al-Raes GY, Al-Amer MA, Musaiger AO, D'Souza R. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among children aged 2-5 years in Bahrain: a comparison between two reference standards. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2009; 4(4): 414-6.	2006	
Bahrain	Ministry of Health (Bahrain), World Health Organization (WHO). Bahrain STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Bahrain	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Bahrain	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Bahrain	Bahrain Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Annual Average Data 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Bahrain	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Bahrain). Bahrain UNGASS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1986-2011	*
Bahrain	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Bahrain	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Bahrain	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1980-1990, 2001-2008	
Bahrain	Ministry of Health (Bahrain). Bahrain National Nutrition Survey 1998-1999.	1998-1999	

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Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics. Bangladesh Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Household Expenditure Survey 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics. Bangladesh Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance for Disaster Preparedness and Prevention of Nutritional Blindness: Seasonality of Nutritional Status as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Child Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh - Dietary Diversity as a Measure of the Micronutrient Adequacy of Women's Diets: Results from Rural Bangladesh Site as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Bangladesh Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996.	1996	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Rural National Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Bangladesh	Hussain A, Vaaler S, Sayeed MA, Mahtab H, Ali SM, Khan AK. Type 2 diabetes and impaired fasting blood glucose in rural Bangladesh: a population-based study. Eur J Public Health. 2007; 17(3): 291-6.	1999	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutrition and Health Surveillance in the Chittagong Hill Tracts as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Bangladesh	Kaiser R, Henderson AK, Daley WR, Naughton M, Khan MH, Rahman M, Kieszak S, Rubin CH. Blood lead levels of primary school children in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Environ Health Perspect. 2001; 109(6): 563-6.	2000	
Bangladesh	Sayeed MA, Mahtab H, Akter Khanam P, Abdul Latif Z, Keramat Ali SM, Banu A, Ahren B, Azad Khan AK. Diabetes and impaired fasting glycemia in a rural population of Bangladesh. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(4): 1034-9.	2000	
Bangladesh	Shafique S, Akhter N, Stallkamp G, de Pee S, Panagides D, Bloem MW. Trends of under- and overweight among rural and urban poor women indicate the double burden of malnutrition in Bangladesh. Int J Epidemiol. 2007; 36(2): 449-57.	2000	
Bangladesh	Associates for Community and Population Research (ACPR), International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research, Bangladesh (ICDDR,B), Johns Hopkins University (JHU), Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT), ORC Macro. Bangladesh Special Demographic and Health Survey 2001. Calverton, United States: ORC Macro.	2001	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Annual Report of the Nutritional Surveillance Project 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics. Bangladesh Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Bangladesh	Abu Sayeed M, Mahtab H, Akter Khanam P, Abul Ahsan K, Banu A, Rashid AN, Azad Khan AK. Diabetes and impaired fasting glycemia in the tribes of Khagrachari hill tracts of Bangladesh. Diabetes Care. 2004; 27(5): 1054-9.	2002	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Health and Nutritional Surveillance for Development as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Bangladesh	Department of Biological Anthropology, University of Cambridge (UK), Institute of Epidemiology, Disease Control & Research (Bangladesh), National Centre for Control of Rheumatic Fever & Heart Diseases (Bangladesh), National Institute of Preventive and Social Medicine, University of Dhaka (Bangladesh), World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2002	
Bangladesh	Hussain A, Rahim MA, Azad Khan AK, Ali SM, Vaaler S. Type 2 diabetes in rural and urban population: diverse prevalence and associated risk factors in Bangladesh. Diabet Med. 2005; 22(7): 931-6.	2002	
Bangladesh	Wasserman GA, Liu X, Parvez F, Ahsan H, Factor-Litvak P, van Geen A, Slavkovich V, LoIacono NJ, Cheng Z, Hussain I, Momotaj H, Graziano JH. Water arsenic exposure and children's intellectual function in Araihaazar, Bangladesh. Environ Health Perspect. 2004; 112(13): 1329-33.	2002	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh in Facts and Figures: Annual Report of the Nutritional Surveillance Project 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	



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Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
Bangladesh	Salam A, Alim A, Noguchi T. Spousal abuse against women and its consequences on reproductive health: a study in the urban slums in Bangladesh. Matern Child Health J. 2006; 10(1): 83-94.	2003	
Bangladesh	World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Draft Report on Sentinel Tobacco Use Prevalence Study.	2004	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh in Facts and Figures: Annual Report of the Nutritional Surveillance Project 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2004	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC), Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh Impact of Tobacco-Related Illness 2004.	2004	
Bangladesh	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh - Dhaka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Bangladesh	Mitra and Associates, ORC Macro. Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2004. Calverton, United States: ORC Macro.	2004	
Bangladesh	Wasserman GA, Liu X, Parvez F, Ahsan H, Factor-Litvak P, Kline J, van Geen A, Slavkovich V, Loiacono NJ, Levy D, Cheng Z, Graziano JH. Water arsenic exposure and intellectual function in 6-year-old children in Araihaazar, Bangladesh. Environ Health Perspect. 2007; 115(2): 285-9.	2004	
Bangladesh	Wasserman GA, Liu X, Parvez F, Ahsan H, Levy D, Factor-Litvak P, Kline J, van Geen A, Slavkovich V, Loiacono NJ, Cheng Z, Zheng Y, Graziano JH. Water manganese exposure and children's intellectual function in Araihaazar, Bangladesh. Environ Health Perspect. 2006; 114(1): 124-9.	2004	
Bangladesh	Azim T, Chowdhury EI, Reza M, Faruque MO, Ahmed G, Khan R, Rahman M, Pervez MM, Jana S, Strathdee SA. Prevalence of infections, HIV risk behaviors and factors associated with HIV infection among male injecting drug users attending a needle/syringe exchange program in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Subst Use Misuse. 2008; 43(14): 2124-44.	2005	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Bangladesh	Associates for Community and Population Research (ACPR), International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research (Bangladesh), MEASURE Evaluation Project, Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Urban Health Survey 2006.	2006	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, Mitra and Associates, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Bangladesh Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project Data on Urban Poor Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Surveillance Project National Rural Data Using the WHO Child Growth Standards 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Bangladesh	Dalal K, Rahman F, Jansson B. Wife abuse in rural Bangladesh. J Biosoc Sci. 2009; 41(5): 561-73.	2006	
Bangladesh	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh - Dhaka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
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Bangladesh	Halder AK, Tronchet C, Akhter S, Bhuiya A, Johnston R, Luby SP. Observed hand cleanliness and other measures of handwashing behavior in rural Bangladesh. BMC Public Health. 2010; 10: 545.	2007	*
Bangladesh	Huda TM, Unicomb L, Johnston RB, Halder AK, Yushuf Sharker MA, Luby SP. Interim evaluation of a large scale sanitation, hygiene and water improvement programme on childhood diarrhea and respiratory disease in rural Bangladesh. Soc Sci Med. 2012; 75(4): 604-11.	2007	*



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Bangladesh	Luby SP, Halder AK, Huda T, Unicomb L, Johnston RB. The effect of handwashing at recommended times with water alone and with soap on child diarrhea in rural Bangladesh: an observational study. PLoS Med. 2011; 8(6): e1001052.	2007	*
Bangladesh	Macro International, Inc, Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc, 2009.	2007	
Bangladesh	Gurley ES, Salje H, Homaira N, Ram PK, Haque R, Petri Jr. WA, Bresee J, Moss WJ, Luby SP, Breyse P, Azziz-Baumgartner E. Seasonal concentrations and determinants of indoor particulate matter in a low-income community in Dhaka, Bangladesh. Environ Res. 2013; 11-6.	2008	*
Bangladesh	Luby SP, Kadir MA, Yushuf Sharker MA, Yeasmin F, Unicomb L, Sirajul Islam M. A community-randomised controlled trial promoting waterless hand sanitizer and handwashing with soap, Dhaka, Bangladesh. Trop Med Int Health. 2010; 15(22): 1508-16.	2008	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Bangladesh), National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT), National Institute of Preventive and Social Medicine, University of Dhaka (Bangladesh), World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009.	2009	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Planning (Bangladesh). Bangladesh Welfare Monitoring Survey 2009.	2009	
Bangladesh	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2009	
Bangladesh	Luby SP, Halder AK, Tronchet C, Akhter S, Bhuiya A, Johnston RB. Household characteristics associated with handwashing with soap in rural Bangladesh. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 2009; 81(5): 882-7.	2009	*
Bangladesh	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada).		
Bangladesh	2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Bangladesh	Luby S. SHEWA-B School Report 3. 2010.	2010	*
Bangladesh	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2010	*
Bangladesh	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Bangladesh	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Summary Report on Monthly Air Quality Data December 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Summary Report on Monthly Air Quality Data November 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Bangladesh	International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research, Bangladesh (ICDDR,B), National Institute of Cardiovascular Disease (Bangladesh). Bangladesh Risk of Acute Vascular Events (BRAVE) Tabulation on BMI by Age and Sex. [Unpublished].	2012	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh National Vitamin A Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997-1998	
Bangladesh	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2012	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh - Araihaaz Health Effects of Arsenic Longitudinal Study - Baseline 2000-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000-2002	
Bangladesh	International Centre for Diarrhoeal Disease Research, Bangladesh (ICDDR,B), Naripokkho, Uppsala University, World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2001.	2000-2002	
Bangladesh	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Bangladesh	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Bangladesh	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	

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Bangladesh	Bangladesh Nutritional Blindness Study 1982-1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1982-1983	
Bangladesh	Briend A, Hasan KZ, Aziz KM, Hoque BA, Henry FJ. Measuring change in nutritional status: a comparison of different anthropometric indices and the sample sizes required. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1989; 43(11): 769-78. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984-1987	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Child Nutrition Status Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989-1990	
Bangladesh	Macro International, Inc, Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 1993-1994. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993-1994	
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Child Nutrition Survey 1995-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995-1996	
Bangladesh	Macro International, Inc, Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 1996-1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996-1997	
Bangladesh	Macro Systems, Inc, Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 1999-2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999-2000	
Bangladesh	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003, 2005	
Bangladesh	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003, 2005	
Bangladesh	Mitra AK, Haque A, Islam M, Bashir SAMK. Lead poisoning: an alarming public health problem in Bangladesh. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2009; 6(1): 84-95.	2007-2008	
Bangladesh	Mitra AK, Ahua E, Saha PK. Prevalence of and risk factors for lead poisoning in young children in Bangladesh. J Health Popul Nutr. 2012; 30(4): 404-9.	2007-2009	
Bangladesh	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2008, 2010	*
Bangladesh	Bangladesh Society of Medicine, Directorate General of Health Services, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Bangladesh), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Bangladesh), World Health Organization (WHO). Bangladesh STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	*
Bangladesh	Fatema K, Abedin Z, Mansur A, Rahman F, Khatun T, Sumi N, Kobura K, Akter S, Ali L. Screening for chronic kidney diseases among an adult population. Saudi J Kidney Dis Transpl. 2013; 24(3): 534-41.	2010-2012	
Bangladesh	Fulu E, Jewkes R, Roselli T, Garcia-Morena C, UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence research team. Prevalence of and factors associated with male perpetration of intimate partner violence: findings from the UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific. Lancet Glob Health. 2013; 1(4): e187-e207.	2010-2013	*
Bangladesh	ICF Macro, Mitra and Associates, National Institute of Population Research and Training (NIPORT). Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2011-2012. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2011-2012	*
Barbados	Barbados Statistical Service. Barbados Population and Housing Census 1970.	1970	
Barbados	Barbados Statistical Service, Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Barbados Population and Housing Census 1980.	1980	
Barbados	Barbados National Health and Nutrition Survey 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981	
Barbados	Barbados Statistical Service. Barbados Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
Barbados	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Population and Housing Census of the Commonwealth Caribbean 1990-1991.	1990	
Barbados	Hennis A, Wu SY, Nemesure B, Li X, Leske MC, Barbados Eye Study Group. Diabetes in a Caribbean population: epidemiological profile and implications. Int J Epidemiol. 2002; 31(1): 234-9.	1990	
Barbados	Foster C, Rotimi C, Fraser H, Sundaram C, Liao Y, Gibson E, Holder Y, Hoyos M, Mellanson-King R. Hypertension, diabetes, and obesity in Barbados: findings from a recent population-based survey. Ethn Dis. 1993; 3(4): 404-12.	1992	
Barbados	Forrester T, Wilks R, Bennett F, McFarlane-Anderson N, McGee D, Cooper R, Fraser H. Obesity in the Caribbean. Ciba Found Symp. 1996; 17-36.	1993	
Barbados	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Barbados Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Barbados	Barbados Statistical Service, Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Barbados Population and Housing Census 2000.	2000	

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Barbados	Hennis A, Wu SY, Nemesure B, Leske MC, Barbados Eye Studies Group. Hypertension, diabetes, and longitudinal changes in intraocular pressure. <i>Ophthalmology</i> . 2003; 110(5): 908-14.	2000	
Barbados	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Barbados Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Barbados	Gaskin PS, Broome H, Alert C, Fraser H. Misperceptions, inactivity and maternal factors may drive obesity among Barbadian adolescents. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2008; 11(1): 41-8.	2004	
Barbados	Barbados STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Barbados	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Barbados Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Barbados	Ministry of Health (Barbados). Barbados STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Barbados	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Barbados	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Barbados	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Barbados), World Health Organization (WHO). Barbados Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2011	*
Barbados	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadiri S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 1997; 87(2): 160-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994	
Barbados	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Barbados	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Barbados	Nemesure B, Wu S-Y, Hennis A, Leske MC. Nine-year incidence of obesity and overweight in an African-origin population. <i>Int J Obes (Lond)</i> . 2008; 32(2): 329-35.	1987, 1997	
Barbados	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Barbados	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1999, 2001-2002	
Barbados	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2004	
Barbados	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Center for Demography and Ecology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), Chronic Disease Research Centre (CDRC), University of the West Indies. Barbados - Bridgetown Survey on Health, Well-Being, and Aging in Latin America and the Caribbean 1999-2000. Ann Arbor, United States: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).	1999-2000	
Barbados	Barbados Statistical Service, Ministry of Health (Barbados). Barbados Food Consumption and Anthropometric Survey 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Barbados	Barbados - Identifying New Genetic and Obesity-Related Factors Contributing to Prostate and Breast Cancer Risk in Persons of African Descent as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004-2007	
Belarus	World Health Organization. Belarus CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Belarus	Ministry of Statistics and Analysis of the Republic of Belarus, Minnesota Population Center. Belarus Population Census 1999 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1999	
Belarus	Gilmore AB, McKee M, Rose R. Prevalence and determinants of smoking in Belarus: a national household survey, 2000. <i>Eur J Epidemiol</i> . 2001; 17(3): 245-53.	2000	
Belarus	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Belarus Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Belarus	Ministry of Statistics and Analysis of the Republic of Belarus, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Belarus Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Belarus	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2007	*
Belarus	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2009	
Belarus	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Belarus	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Belarus	National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Belarus Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2012	*
Belarus	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Belarus	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1980-2007	
Belarus	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
Belarus	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Belarus	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Belarus	Belarus Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Belarus	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfer C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Belgium	Hubermont G, Buchet JP, Roels H, Lauwerys R. Placental transfer of lead, mercury and cadmium in women living in a rural area. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1978; 41(2): 117-24.	1975	
Belgium	Sartor F, Rondia D. Blood lead levels and age: a study in two male urban populations not occupationally exposed. Arch Environ Health. 1980; 35(2): 110-6.	1977	
Belgium	Stam-Moraga MC, Kolanowski J, Dramaix M, De Backer G, Kornitzer MD. Sociodemographic and nutritional determinants of obesity in Belgium. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 1999; 1-9.	1979	
Belgium	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Belgium	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Belgium INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 31A (Jun-Jul 1989). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1751 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10889	1989	*
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 34.1 (Nov 1990). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1961 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10893	1990	*
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Belgium	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Belgium	Guillaume M, Lapidus L, Beckers F, Lambert A, Björntorp P. Familial trends of obesity through three generations: the Belgian-Luxembourg child study. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 1995; S5-9.	1992	
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Belgium	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dedenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int. 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
Belgium	De Backer G, Myny K, De Henauw S, Doyen Z, Van Oyen H, Tafforeau J, Kornitzer M. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of arterial hypertension in an elderly population in Belgium. J Hum Hypertens. 1998; 12(10): 701-6.	1995	



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Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Belgium	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1997	*
Belgium	Scientific Institute of Public Health - Louis Pasteur (Belgium), Statistics Belgium. Belgium Health Interview Survey 1997.	1997	
Belgium	Zhang J, Temme EH, Kesteloot H. Sex ratio of total energy intake in adults: an analysis of dietary surveys. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999; 53(7): 542-51.	1997	
Belgium	Zhang J, Temme EH, Kesteloot H. Sex ratio of total energy intake in adults: an analysis of dietary surveys. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999; 53(7): 542-51. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
Belgium	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Belgium	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Belgium	Scientific Institute of Public Health (IPH) (Belgium), Statistics Belgium. Belgium Health Interview Survey 2001.	2001	
Belgium	Duvigneaud N, Wijndaele K, Matton L, Deriemaeker P, Philippaerts R, Lefevre J, Thomis M, Duquet W. Socio-economic and lifestyle factors associated with overweight in Flemish adult men and women. BMC Public Health. 2007; 23.	2002	
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Belgium	Hoet P, Buchet J-P, Decerf L, Lavalleye B, Haufroid V, Lison D. Clinical evaluation of a lead mobilization test using the chelating agent dimercaptosuccinic acid. Clin Chem. 2006; 52(1): 88-96.	2002	
Belgium	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Belgium	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grjibovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Belgium	Belgium Food Consumption Survey 2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Belgium	Free University of Brussels (ULB), Ghent University, International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), Limburg University Center, Scientific Institute of Public Health (IPH) (Belgium), Statistics Belgium. Belgium Food Consumption Survey 2004.	2004	
Belgium	Lin Y, Bolca S, Vandevijvere S, De Vriese S, Mouratidou T, De Neve M, Polet A, Van Oyen H, Van Camp J, De Backer G, De Henauw S, Huybrechts I. Plant and animal protein intake and its association with overweight and obesity among the Belgian population. Br J Nutr. 2011; 105(7): 1106-16.	2004	
Belgium	Scientific Institute of Public Health (IPH) (Belgium), Statistics Belgium. Belgium Health Interview Survey 2004.	2004	
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Belgium	Poffijn A, Marijns R, Vanmarcke H, Uyttenhove J. Results of a preliminary survey on radon in Belgium. Sci Total Environ. 1985; 335-42.	2005	
Belgium	Zh HC, Charlet JM, Poffijn A. Radon risk mapping in southern Belgium: an application of geostatistical and GIS techniques. Sci Total Environ. 2001; 272(1-3): 203-10.	2005	
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Belgium	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petruskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Belgium	Statistics Belgium, WIV-ISP (Belgium). Belgium Health Interview Survey 2008.	2008	
Belgium	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*

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Belgium	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Belgium	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. PLoS One. 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Belgium	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Belgium	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Belgium	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Belgium	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1987-1988, 1996-1997, 1999	
Belgium	Vandevijvere S, De Keyzer W, Chapelle J-P, Jeanne D, Mouillet G, Huybrechts I, Hulshof P, Van Oyen H. Estimate of total salt intake in two regions of Belgium through analysis of sodium in 24-h urine samples. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2010; 64(11): 1260-5. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007-2009	
Belgium	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Belgium	Claeys-Thoreau F, Bruaux P, Ducoffre G, Lafontaine A. Exposure to lead of the Belgian population. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1983; 53(2): 109-17.	1979, 1981	
Belgium	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1979, 1982- 1983, 1986	
Belgium	Staessen J, Bulpitt C, Fagard R, Joossens JV, Lijnen P, Amery A. Four urinary cations and blood pressure. A population study in two Belgian towns. Am J Epidemiol. 1983; 117(6): 676-87. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1980-1981	
Belgium	Van Biesen W, De Bacquer D, Verbeke F, Delanghe J, Lameire N, Vanholder R. The glomerular filtration rate in an apparently healthy population and its relation with cardiovascular mortality during 10 years. Eur Heart J. 2007; 28(4): 478-83.	1980-1984	
Belgium	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984-1991	
Belgium	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Belgium	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1992	
Belgium	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1992, 1994-1998, 2001-2012	
Belgium	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1992, 1994-2012	
Belgium	Breastfeeding Network (Belgium); Association of Supervision and Promotion of Breastfeeding (VBBB) (Belgium); Breastfeeding Association (Belgium). "Belgian Case Study on 'International Code of Marketing Breastmilk Substitutes' Implementation". Breastfeeding Network (Erpent): 2001, updated 2003.	1995, 1998, 2002	
Belgium	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Belgium	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2000-2009	
Belgium	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2000-2011	
Belgium	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	

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Belgium	Koppen G, Den Hond E, Nelen V, Van De Mierop E, Bruckers L, Bilau M, Keune H, Van Larebeke N, Covaci A, Van De Weghe H, Schroyen C, Desager K, Stalpaert M, Baeyens W, Schoeters G. Organochlorine and heavy metals in newborns: results from the Flemish Environment and Health Survey (FLEHS 2002-2006). <i>Environ Int.</i> 2009; 35(7): 1015-22.	2002-2003	
Belgium	Den Hond E, Dhooze W, Bruckers L, Schoeters G, Nelen V, van de Mierop E, Koppen G, Bilau M, Schroyen C, Keune H, Baeyens W, van Larebeke N. Internal exposure to pollutants and sexual maturation in Flemish adolescents. <i>J Expo Sci Environ Epidemiol.</i> 2011; 21(3): 224-33.	2003-2004	
Belgium	Dhooze W, Den Hond E, Koppen G, Bruckers L, Nelen V, Van De Mierop E, Bilau M, Croes K, Baeyens W, Schoeters G, Van Larebeke N. Internal exposure to pollutants and body size in Flemish adolescents and adults: associations and dose-response relationships. <i>Environ Int.</i> 2010; 36(4): 330-7.	2003-2004	
Belgium	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Belgium	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Belgium	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Belgium	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Belgium	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Belize	Central Planning Unit (Belize). Belize Population and Housing Census 1970.	1970	
Belize	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Belize Central Statistical Office. Belize Population and Housing Census 1980.	1980	
Belize	Simmons D. Blood pressure, ethnic group, and salt intake in Belize. <i>J Epidemiol Community Health.</i> 1983; 37(1): 38-42. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1980	
Belize	Belize Central Statistical Office (CSO), Belize Family Life Association, Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Belize). Belize Family Health Survey 1991. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1991	
Belize	Statistical Institute of Belize. Belize Population and Housing Census 1991. Belmopan, Statistical Institute of Belize.	1991	
Belize	Belize Assessment of Food, Nutrition, and Health 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Belize	Belize Assessment of Food, Nutrition, and Health 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Belize	Belize Central Statistical Office. Belize Family Health Survey 1999. Belmopan, Belize: Belize Central Statistical Office.	1999	
Belize	Belize Central Statistical Office. Belize Population and Housing Census 2000.	2000	
Belize	Belize Living Standard Measurement Survey 2001 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2002	
Belize	Charalambous A, Demoliou K, Mendez M, Coye R, Solorzano G, Papanastasiou E. Screening for lead exposure in children in Belize. <i>Rev Panam Salud Publica.</i> 2009; 25(1): 47-50.	2002	
Belize	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Belize Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Belize	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Belize Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2005. [Unpublished].	2005	
Belize	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2005	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Belize	Statistical Institute of Belize, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Belize Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Belize	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Belize Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Belize	Statistical Institute of Belize. Belize Population and Housing Census 2010.	2010	
Belize	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Belize	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Belize	Statistical Institute of Belize, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Belize Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Belize	Makdani D, Sowell AL, Nelson JD, Apgar J, Gunter EW, Hegar A, Potts W, Rao D, Wilcox A, Smith JC. Comparison of methods of assessing vitamin A status in children. J Am Coll Nutr. 1996; 15(5): 439-49. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1989-1990	
Belize	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Belize	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Belize	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Belize	Belize Population and Housing Census 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991, 2000	
Belize	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-1999, 2005	
Belize	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-1999, 2005	
Belize	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Belize), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Belize Diabetes, Hypertension, and Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
Benin	Benin - Zou Epidemiological Investigation Report in the District of Agbangnizoun as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Benin	Benin - Zou Nutritional Status Survey in the Sub-Prefecture of Zogbodomey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Benin	Benin - Zou Nutritional Status Survey in the Urban Area of Abomey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Benin	Benin - Borgou Epidemiological Investigation Report for the Sub-Prefecture of Tchaourou 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Benin	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics and Economic Analysis (INSAE) (Benin). Benin Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Benin	Melse-Boonstra A, Rozendaal M, Rexwinkel H, Gerichhausen MJ, van den Briel T, Bulux J, Solomons NW, West CE. Determination of discretionary salt intake in rural Guatemala and Benin to determine the iodine fortification of salt required to control iodine deficiency disorders: studies using lithium-labeled salt. Am J Clin Nutr. 1998; 68(3): 636-41. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996	
Benin	Benin National Survey on Vitamin A and Availability of Iodized Salt in Households 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999	
Benin	National Institute of Statistics and Economic Analysis (INSAE) (Benin), ORC Macro. Benin Demographic and Health Survey 2001. Calverton, United States: ORC Macro.	2001	
Benin	Benin Population and Housing Census 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Benin	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Benin - Alibori and Borgou Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Benin	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Benin-Atlantique Littoral Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Benin	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics and Economic Analysis (INSAE) (Benin), National Program Against AIDS (PNLS) (Benin). Benin Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006	
Benin	Benin - Littoral STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Benin	Ministry of Health (Benin), World Health Organization (WHO). Benin - Littoral STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Benin	Benin STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008	
Benin	Ministry of Health (Benin), World Health Organization (WHO). Benin STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	
Benin	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Public Health (Benin), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Benin Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2009	*
Benin	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Benin	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Benin	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2012	*
Benin	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Benin	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Benin	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Benin	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981, 1985-1996, 2003-2004	
Benin	ICF International, National Institute of Statistics and Economic Analysis (INSAE) (Benin), National Program Against AIDS (PNLS) (Benin). Benin Demographic and Health Survey 2011-2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2011-2012	*
Bhutan	Bhutan National Nutrition Survey 1986-1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
Bhutan	Ministry of Health and Education (Bhutan). Bhutan Health Survey 1994.	1994	
Bhutan	Bhutan National Anthropometric Survey of Under Five Children 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Bhutan	Ministry of Health and Education (Bhutan). Bhutan Health Survey 2000.	2000	
Bhutan	Bhutan Living Standards Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Bhutan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bhutan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Bhutan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2005	
Bhutan	Office of the Census Commissioner (Bhutan). Bhutan Population and Housing Census 2005. Thimphu, Bhutan: Office of the Census Commissioner (Bhutan), 2006.	2005	
Bhutan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bhutan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Bhutan	Bhutan - Thimphu STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Bhutan	Bhutan Living Standards Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Bhutan	Ministry of Health (Bhutan), World Health Organization (WHO). Bhutan - Thimphu STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Bhutan	Bhutan National Nutrition, Infant and Young Child Feeding Survey 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Bhutan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Bhutan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Bhutan	National Statistics Bureau (Bhutan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Bhutan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Bhutan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Bhutan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Bhutan	Bhutan SAARC Development Goals Mid-term Review Report 2011 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2011	*
Bhutan	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Bhutan). Bhutan Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1993-2011	*
Bhutan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2007, 2012	*
Bhutan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Bhutan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2009-2010	
Bolivia	Bolivia National Nutrition Survey 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Potosi Tupiza Health Unit Nutrition Report 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
Bolivia	Bolivia - La Paz Health Unit Nutritional Report 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Potosi and El Beni Height Census of Schoolchildren in the Cities of Potosi and Trinidad as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Oruro and Pando Height Census in Oruro and Cobija as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Bolivia	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 1989. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1989	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Santa Cruz Nutritional Status of the Population Less Than Five Years as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Household Budget Survey 1990. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1990	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Integrated Household Survey 1990. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1990	
Bolivia	Bolivia Survey of Vitamin A and Consumption in Depressed Areas 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1991	*
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Integrated Household Survey 1991. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1991	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia), Minnesota Population Center. Bolivia National Census of Population and Housing 1992 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1992	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Integrated Household Survey 1992. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1992	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Integrated Household Survey 1993. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1993	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Integrated Household Survey 1994. La Paz, Bolivia: National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia).	1994	
Bolivia	Bolivia National Survey of Multiple Indicators 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Bolivia	Bolivia National Employment Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997	

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Bolivia	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-El Alto Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-La Paz Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-Santa Cruz Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia - Cochabamba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2000	*
Bolivia	Population Development and Environment (PODEMA), National Directorate of Epidemiology (Bolivia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Bolivia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	*
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Bolivia	National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia), Minnesota Population Center. Bolivia National Census of Population and Housing 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-El Alto Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-La Paz Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia-Santa Cruz Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Bolivia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Bolivia - Cochabamba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
Bolivia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Sports (Bolivia), National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2008	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Cochabamba Air Quality PM10 Annual Data 2010 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	*
Bolivia	Bolivia Compendium of Environmental Statistics for the Municipality of La Paz 2000-2010 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	*
Bolivia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Bolivia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Bolivia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health and Sports (Bolivia). Bolivia National Report on Progress Response to HIV/AIDS 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1986-2012	*
Bolivia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2008-2012	*
Bolivia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	



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Bolivia	Workers National Network of Information and Communication (RED-ADA), Center for the Advancement of Women Gregoria Apaza (CPMGA) of La Paz, Integral Training Institute for Women (IFFI) of Cochabamba, House of Women of Santa Cruz. Bolivia. Femicidios impunes [Bolivia - Femicides unpunished].	2000-2003	*
Bolivia	Latin American and Caribbean Committee for the Defense of Women's Rights (CLADEM). Monitoreo sobre feminicidio/femicidio en Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Perú y República Dominicana [Monitoring of femicide in Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, and Dominican Republic]. Lima, Peru: Latin American and Caribbean Committee for the Defense of Women's Rights (CLADEM), 2008.	2003-2004	*
Bolivia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Sports (Bolivia), National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003-2004	
Bolivia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Bolivia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Bolivia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Bolivia	Bolivia - Manco Kapac Nutrition Level of the Flooded Areas of Lake Titicaca 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Bolivia	Bolivia Peasants and the Crisis: A Study of Rural Communities as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1987	
Bolivia	Bolivia Malnutrition and Socioeconomic Status as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1987	
Bolivia	Bolivia - La Paz Height Census of Schoolchildren in the City of La Paz as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1988	
Bolivia	Bolivia Food and Nutrition Situation 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988-1992	
Bolivia	Bolivia Food and Nutrition Situation 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988-1992	
Bolivia	Bolivia - La Paz Nutritional Status of the Population Less Than Five Years as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989-1990 1989-1997, 1999-2002, 2004-2007, 2009	
Bolivia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004-2007, 2009	
Bolivia	Bolivia Map of Malnutrition 1990-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1992	
Bolivia	Bolivia Map of Malnutrition 1990-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990-1992	
Bolivia	Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1993-1994	
Bolivia	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Bolivia). Bolivia Demographic and Health Survey 1993-1994. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993-1994 1993-1997, 1999-2002, 2004-2007, 2009	
Bolivia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004-2007, 2009	
Bolivia	Bolivia Household Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Robertson A, Fronczak N, Jaganjac N, Hailey P, Copeland P, Duprat M. Nutrition and infant feeding survey of women and children in Sarajevo during July 1993. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1995; S11-16. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Ministry of Health (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina), Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Republic of Srpska), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Bosnia and Herzegovina Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	



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Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Institute of Statistics (Republic of Srpska), Federal Office of Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Swedish International Development Agency (SIDA), UK Department for International Development (DFID), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), European Commission (EC), Government of Japan, World Bank (WB). Bosnia and Herzegovina Living Standards Measurement Survey 2001. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2001	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Institute of Statistics (Republic of Srpska), Federal Office of Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Independent Bureau for Humanitarian Issues (IBHI), Birks Sinclair and Associates, LTD, Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex. Bosnia and Herzegovina Living Standards Measurement Survey 2002. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2002	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Bosnia and Herzegovina, Federation of Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factor Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Pilav A, Nissinen A, Haukkala A, Niksic D, Laatikainen T. Cardiovascular risk factors in the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Eur J Public Health. 2007; 17(1): 75-9.	2002	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Public Health Institute of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina. Bosnia and Herzegovina, Federation of Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factor Survey 2002.	2002	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Institute of Statistics (Republic of Srpska), Federal Office of Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Independent Bureau for Humanitarian Issues (IBHI), Birks Sinclair and Associates, LTD, Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex. Bosnia and Herzegovina Living Standards Measurement Survey 2003. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	2003	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bosnia and Herzegovina Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bosnia and Herzegovina-Republic of Srpska Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	World Health Organization (WHO). Bosnia and Herzegovina World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Directorate for Economic Planning (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Federal Office of Statistics (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina), Institute of Statistics (Republic of Srpska), Ministry of Health (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina), Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Republic of Srpska), Public Health Institute of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Bosnia and Herzegovina Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Bosnia and Herzegovina Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Bosnia and Herzegovina	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Birks Sinclair and Associates, LTD, Federal Office of Statistics (Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina), Independent Bureau for Humanitarian Issues (IBHI), Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Institute of Statistics (Republic of Srpska). Bosnia and Herzegovina Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004-2005.	2004-2005	

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Bosnia and Herzegovina	Agency for Statistics (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Federal Ministry of Health (Bosnia and Herzegovina), Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Republic of Srpska), Public Health Institute of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN Women). Bosnia and Herzegovina Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011-2012.	2011-2012	*
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Botswana	McCall RD Jr, Baumslag NS, Tessier SF. Malnutrition of children in rural Botswana. Cent Afr J Med. 1986; 32(9): 203-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana), Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Ministry of Health (Botswana). Botswana Demographic and Health Survey 1988. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development.	1988	
Botswana	Botswana Population and Housing Census 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991	
Botswana	Botswana Micronutrient Malnutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1994	
Botswana	Botswana Family Health Survey 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Botswana	Botswana Family Health Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Family Health Survey 1996. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	1996	
Botswana	Botswana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Botswana	Botswana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Botswana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Botswana	Botswana Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Botswana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Botswana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Botswana	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana AIDS Impact Survey 2004. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	2004	
Botswana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Botswana), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Botswana Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2005. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2005	*
Botswana	Botswana Demographic Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Demographic Survey 2006. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	2006	
Botswana	Botswana STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	*
Botswana	Ministry of Health (Botswana), Ministry of Local Government (Botswana), World Health Organization (WHO). Botswana STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Botswana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Botswana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana), National AIDS Coordinating Agency (Botswana). Botswana AIDS Impact Survey 2008. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	2008	
Botswana	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Botswana	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	

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Botswana	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2002, 2004, 2009-2011	*
Botswana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Botswana	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Botswana	Michaelsen KF. Hookworm infection in Kweneng District, Botswana, A prevalence survey and a controlled treatment trial. Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg. 1985; 79(6): 848-51. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1981	
Botswana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1993-1995. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	1993-1995	
Botswana	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996, 1998, 2000-2001, 2003, 2006	
Botswana	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998, 2000-2001, 2003, 2006	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2002-2003. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana).	2002-2003	
Botswana	Botswana Family Health Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007-2008	
Botswana	Central Statistics Office (Botswana). Botswana Family Health Survey 2007-2008. Gaborone, Botswana: Central Statistics Office (Botswana), 2009.	2007-2008	
Brazil	Nogueira DP, Colacioppo S, de Souza JM, Pezza CB, de Souza ML, Gomes JR. [Lead level in a sample of "non-exposed" volunteers living in greater São Paulo, Brazil]. Rev Saude Publica. 1979; 13(2): 147-50.	1976	
Brazil	Batista MF, Oliveira Bazante M, Costa Salzano A. Estado nutricional de pré-escolares de comunidades rurais do nordeste brasileiro. Rev Bras Med. 1985; 42(7): 236-41. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980	
Brazil	Brazil Nutrition Intervention: An Anthropometric Evaluation of Changes in Nutritional Status with Reference to the National Nutrition Program in Bahia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980	
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE), Minnesota Population Center. Brazil General Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
Brazil	Victora CG, Vaughan JP, Kirkwood BR, Martines JC, Barcelos LB. Risk factors for malnutrition in Brazilian children: the role of social and environmental variables. Bull World Health Organ. 1986; 64(2): 299-309. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Brazil	Romieu I, Lacasana M, McConnell R. Lead exposure in Latin America and the Caribbean. Lead Research Group of the Pan-American Health Organization. Environ Health Perspect. 1997; 105(4): 398-405.	1983	
Brazil	Victora CG, Barros FC, Martines JC, Béria JU, Vaughan JP. [Longitudinal study of children born in Pelotas, RS, Brazil in 1982. Methodology and preliminary results]. Rev Saude Publica. 1985; 19(1): 58-68. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Brazil	Brazilian Society for Family Welfare (BEMFAM), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Brazil Demographic and Health Survey 1986. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1986	
Brazil	de Lolio CA. Prevalência da hipertensão arterial em Araraquara. Arq Bras Cardiol. 1990; 55(3): 167-73.	1987	
Brazil	Iser BPM, Claro RM, de Moura EC, Malta DC, Morais Neto OL. Fatores de risco para doenças não-transmissíveis em área metropolitana na região sul do Brasil. Prevalência e simultaneidade. Rev Bras Epidemiol. 2011; 90-102.	1987	
Brazil	Brazil - Sao Paulo Health and Nutrition of Children: Diagnosis, Social Contrasts, and Trends as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
Brazil	Brazil National Survey on Health and Nutrition 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Brazil	Brazil National Survey on Health and Nutrition 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	



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Brazil	Santos LM, Marlúcia O Assis A, Baqueiro CM, Quaglia GM, Morris SS, Barreto ML. [Nutritional and feeding status of preschool children in the semi-arid region of Bahia (Brazil): I. Anthropometric assessment]. Rev Saude Publica. 1995; 29(6): 463-71. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE) and Minnesota Population Center. Brazil General Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Brazil	Brazilian Society for Family Welfare (BEMFAM), Macro International, Inc. Brazil Demographic and Health Survey 1991. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991	
Brazil	Fornes NS, Martins IS, Hernan M, Velasquez-Melendez G, Ascherio A. Frequency of food consumption and lipoprotein serum levels in the population of an urban area, Brazil. Rev Saude Publica. 2000; 34(4): 380-7.	1991	
Brazil	Fornes NS, Martins IS, Velasquez-Melendez G, Latorre Mdo R. Escores de consumo alimentar e níveis lipêmicos em população de São Paulo, Brasil. Rev Saude Publica. 2002; 36(1): 12-8.	1991	
Brazil	Ramos LR, Toniolo J, Cendoroglo MS, Garcia JT, Najas MS, Perracini M, Paola CR, Santos FC, Bilton T, Ebel SJ, Macedo MB, Almada CM, Nasri F, Miranda RD, Gonçalves M, Santos AL, Fraietta R, Vivacqua I, Alves ML, Tudisco ES. Two-year follow-up study of elderly residents in S. Paulo, Brazil: methodology and preliminary results. Rev Saude Publica. 1998; 32(5): 397-407.	1992	
Brazil	Ramos LR. [Determinant factors for healthy aging among senior citizens in a large city: the Epidoso Project in São Paulo]. Cad Saude Publica. 2003; 19(3): 793-8.	1992	
Brazil	Szejnfeld VL, Atra E, Baracat EC, Aldrighi JM, Civitelli R. Bone density in white Brazilian women: Rapid loss at the time around the menopause. Calcif Tissue Int . 1995; 56(3): 186-91.	1992	
Brazil	Dos Santos AC, Colacciopo S, Dal Bó CM, dos Santos NA. Occupational exposure to lead, kidney function tests, and blood pressure. Am J Ind Med. 1994; 26(5): 635-43.	1994	
Brazil	Marins VMR, Almeida RMVR. Undernutrition prevalence and social determinants in children aged 0-59 months, Niterói, Brazil. Ann Hum Biol. 2002; 29(6): 609-18. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Brazil	Moraes RS, Fuchs FD, Moreira LB, Wiehe M, Pereira GM, Fuchs SC. Risk factors for cardiovascular disease in a Brazilian population-based cohort study. Int J Cardiol. 2003; 90(2-3): 2-3.	1995	
Brazil	Ramos de Marins VM, Varnier Almeida RM, Pereira RA, Barros MB. Factors associated with overweight and central body fat in the city of Rio de Janeiro: results of a two-stage random sampling survey. Public Health. 2001; 115(3): 236-42.	1995	
Brazil	Barreto SM, Passos VM, Firmo JO, Guerra HL, Vidigal PG, Lima-Costa MF. Hypertension and clustering of cardiovascular risk factors in a community in Southeast Brazil--The Bambuí Health and Ageing Study. Arq Bras Cardiol. 2001; 77(6): 576-81.	1996	
Brazil	Brazilian Society for Family Welfare (BEMFAM), Macro International, Inc. Brazil Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Brazil	Cordeiro R, Lima Filho EC, Salgado PE, Santos CO, Constantino L, Malatesta ML. [Neurological disorders in workers with low levels of lead in the blood. II--Neuropsychological disorders]. Rev Saude Publica. 1996; 30(4): 358-63.	1996	
Brazil	Moura M, Goncalves Valente J. Blood lead levels during pregnancy in women living in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Sci Total Environ. 2002; 299(1-3): 123-9.	1996	
Brazil	Passos VM de A, Barreto SM, Diniz LM, Lima-Costa MF. Type 2 diabetes: prevalence and associated factors in a Brazilian community--the Bambuí health and aging study. Sao Paulo Med J. 2005; 123(2): 66-71.	1996	
Brazil	Pereira JC, Barreto SM, Passos VM de A. [Cardiovascular risk profile and health self-evaluation in Brazil: a population-based study]. Rev Panam Salud Publica. 2009; 25(6): 491-8.	1996	
Brazil	Abrantes MM, Lamounier JA, Colosimo EA. Prevalência de sobrepeso e obesidade nas regiões Nordeste e Sudeste do Brasil. Rev Assoc Med Bras. 2003; 49(2): 162-6.	1997	
Brazil	Brazil - Pernambuco Second State Survey of Health and Nutrition 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Brazil	Zerbini CA, Latorre MR, Jaime PC, Tanaka T, Pippa MG. Bone mineral density in Brazilian men 50 years and older. Braz J Med Biol Res . 2000; 33(12): 1429-35.	1997	
Brazil	Freitas OC, Resende de Carvalho F, Marques Neves J, Veludo PK, Silva Parreira R, Marafioti Gonçalves R, Arenales de Lima S, Bulgarelli Bestetti R. Prevalence of hypertension in the urban population of Catanduva, in the State of São Paulo, Brazil. Arq Bras Cardiol. 2001; 77(1): 9-21.	1998	
Brazil	Paoliello MMB, De Capitani EM. Occupational and environmental human lead exposure in Brazil. Environ Res. 2007; 103(2): 288-97.	1998	
Brazil	Brazil National Household Sample Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Brazil	Lessa I, Magalhães L, Araújo MJ, de Almeida Filho N, Aquino E, Oliveira MM. Arterial hypertension in the adult population of Salvador (BA)--Brazil. Arq Bras Cardiol. 2006; 87(6): 747-56.	1999	



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Brazil	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999	*
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE), Minnesota Population Center. Brazil General Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Brazil	Florez H, Silva E, Fernández V, Ryder E, Sulbarán T, Campos G, Calmón G, Clavel E, Castillo-Florez S, Goldberg R. Prevalence and risk factors associated with the metabolic syndrome and dyslipidemia in White, Black, Amerindian and Mixed Hispanics in Zulia State, Venezuela. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2005; 69(1): 63-77.	2000	
Brazil	Schaan BD, Harzheim E, Gus I. [Cardiac risk profile in diabetes mellitus and impaired fasting glucose]. Rev Saude Publica. 2004; 38(4): 529-36.	2000	
Brazil	Dalla Vecchia CF, Susin C, Rösing CK, Oppermann RV, Albandar JM. Overweight and obesity as risk indicators for periodontitis in adults. J Periodontol. 2005; 76(10): 1721-8.	2001	
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Aracaju Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Curitiba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Fortaleza Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Goiania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Rio Grande Do Norte Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Rio Grande Do Sul Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Tocantins Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil - Mato Grosso Do Sul Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil - Paraíba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Brazil	De Assis MAA, Rolland-Cachera MF, de Vasconcelos FAG, Bellisle F, Conde W, Calvo MCM, Luna MEP, Ireton MJ, Grosseman S. Central adiposity in Brazilian schoolchildren aged 7-10 years. Br J Nutr. 2007; 97(4): 799-805.	2002	
Brazil	De Assis MAA, Rolland-Cachera MF, Grosseman S, de Vasconcelos FAG, Luna MEP, Calvo MCM, Barros MVG, Pires MMS, Bellisle F. Obesity, overweight and thinness in schoolchildren of the city of Florianópolis, Southern Brazil. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2005; 59(9): 1015-21.	2002	
Brazil	Marcopito LF, Rodrigues SSF, Pacheco MA, Shirassu MM, Goldfeder AJ, de Moraes MAOL. Prevalence of a set of risk factors for chronic diseases in the city of Sao Paulo, Brazil. Rev Saude Publica. 2005; 39(5): 738-45.	2002	
Brazil	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Brazil	Brazil - São Paulo Health Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Brazil	Center for Scientific and Technological Information, Oswaldo Cruz Foundation and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Brazil	Figueiredo FP, Silva AAM, Bettiol H, Barbieri MA, Batista RFL, Lamy Filho F, Silva RA, Aragão VMF. Early life, current socioeconomic position and serum lipids in young adulthood of participants in a cohort study initiated in 1978/1979. Braz J Med Biol Res. 2007; 40(9): 1267-76.	2003	
Brazil	Hartmann M, Dias-da-Costa JS, Anselmo Olinto MT, Pattussi MP, Tramontini A. Prevalência de hipertensão arterial sistêmica e fatores associados: um estudo de base populacional em mulheres no Sul do Brasil. Cad Saude Publica. 2007; 23(8): 1857-66.	2003	
Brazil	Jaime PC, Duran AC, Sarti FM, Lock K. Investigating environmental determinants of diet, physical activity, and overweight among adults in Sao Paulo, Brazil. J Urban Health. 2011; 88(3): 567-81.	2003	

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Brazil	Marquezzine GF, Oliveira CM, Pereira AC, Krieger JE, Mill JG. Metabolic syndrome determinants in an urban population from Brazil: social class and gender-specific interaction. <i>Int J Cardiol.</i> 2008; 129(2): 259-65.	2003	
Brazil	Pereira MR, Coutinho MS, Freitas PF, D'Orsi E, Bernardi A, Hass R. Prevalência, conhecimento, tratamento e controle de hipertensão arterial sistêmica na população adulta urbana de Tubarão, Santa Catarina, Brasil, em 2003. <i>Cad Saude Publica.</i> 2007; 23(10): 2363-74.	2003	
Brazil	Reichert FF, Azevedo MR, Breier A, Gerage AM. Physical activity and prevalence of hypertension in a population-based sample of Brazilian adults and elderly. <i>Prev Med.</i> 2009; 49(2-3): 200-4.	2003	
Brazil	Castro RA, Moncau JE, Marcopito LF. Hypertension prevalence in the city of Formiga, MG, Brazil. <i>Arq Bras Cardiol.</i> 2007; 88(3): 334-9.	2004	
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Boa Vista Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Espirito Santo Vitoria Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Florianopolis Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-São Luis Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil - Alagoas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Brazil	Guimarães JMN, de Souza Lopes C, Baima J, Sichieri R. Depression symptoms and hypothyroidism in a population-based study of middle-aged Brazilian women. <i>J Affect Disord.</i> 2009; 117(1-2): 120-3.	2004	
Brazil	Oliveira AM, Oliveira AC, Almeida MS, Oliveira N, Adan L. Influence of the family nucleus on obesity in children from northeastern Brazil: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2007; 235.	2004	
Brazil	Scazufca M, Menezes PR, Araya R, Di Rienzo VD, Almeida OP, Gunnell D, Lawlor DA. Risk factors across the life course and dementia in a Brazilian population: results from the Sao Paulo Ageing & Health Study (SPAH). <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 2008; 37(4): 879-90.	2004	
Brazil	Bastos FI, Bertoni N, Hacker MA, Study Group on Population, Gender and AIDS (Brazil). [Drug and alcohol use: main findings of a national survey, Brazil 2005]. <i>Rev Saude Publica.</i> 2008; 42(Suppl 1): 109-17.	2005	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Rio De Janeiro Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Salvador Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Brazil	Makdisse M, Pereira A da C, Brasil D de P, Borges JL, Machado-Coelho GLL, Krieger JE, Nascimento Neto RM, Chagas ACP, Hearts of Brazil Study and Peripheral Arterial Disease Committee of the Brazilian Society of Cardiology/Funcor. Prevalence and risk factors associated with peripheral arterial disease in the Hearts of Brazil Project. <i>Arq Bras Cardiol.</i> 2008; 91(6): 370-82.	2005	
Brazil	Rigo JC, Vieira JL, Dalacorte RR, Reichert CL. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome in an elderly community: comparison between three diagnostic methods. <i>Arq Bras Cardiol.</i> 2009; 93(2): 85-91.	2005	*
Brazil	Amaro JL, Macharelli CA, Yamamoto H, Kawano PR, Padovani CV, Agostinho AD. Prevalence and risk factors for urinary and fecal incontinence in Brazilian women. <i>Int Braz J Urol.</i> 2009; 35(5): 592-598.	2006	
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics. Brazil National Household Sample Survey 2006. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics.	2006	
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Belem Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Cataguases Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Curitiba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Fortaleza Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*

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Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Joao Pessoa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Natal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Palmas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-São Luis Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Brazil	De Andrade FB, de França Caldas A Jr, Kitoko PM. Relationship between oral health, nutrient intake and nutritional status in a sample of Brazilian elderly people. Gerodontology. 2009; 26(1): 40-5.	2006	
Brazil	Ferron MM, Lima AK de, Saldiva PHN, Gouveia N. Environmental lead poisoning among children in Porto Alegre state, Southern Brazil. Rev Saude Publica. 2012; 46(2): 226-33.	2006	
Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), University of São Paulo. Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2006.	2006	
Brazil	Azevedo MMS de, Cabral PC, Diniz A da S, Fisberg M, Fisberg RM, Arruda IKG de. [Vitamin A deficiency in preschool children of Recife, Northeast of Brazil]. Arch Latinoam Nutr. 2010; 60(1): 36-41.	2007	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Macapa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Brazil	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil-Palmitos Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2007.	2007	
Brazil	Brazilian Health Surveillance Agency, Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Brazil), National Cancer Institute (Brazil), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Secretariat of Health Surveillance (Brazil). Brazil Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Brazil	Duncan S, Duncan EK, Fernandes RA, Buonani C, Bastos KD-N, Segatto AFM, Codogno JS, Gomes IC, Freitas IF Jr. Modifiable risk factors for overweight and obesity in children and adolescents from São Paulo, Brazil. BMC Public Health. 2011; 585.	2008	
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Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Surveillance, Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2009.	2009	*
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Brazil	State Environment Foundation (FEAM) (Brazil). Brazil Monitoring of Air Quality in the Metropolitan Region of Belo Horizonte in 2009. Belo Horizonte, Brazil: State Environment Foundation (FEAM) (Brazil), 2010. As it appears in the WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database 2011.	2009	
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Brazil	Machado EC, Silveira MF da, Silveira VMF da. Prevalence of weight-loss strategies and use of substances for weight-loss among adults: a population study. Cad Saude Publica. 2012; 28(8): 1439-49.	2010	
Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Surveillance, Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2010.	2010	*
Brazil	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Brazil	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Surveillance, Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2011.	2011	*
Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Surveillance, Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil Surveillance System of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Interviews (VIGITEL) 2012.	2012	*
Brazil	State of So Paulo Environmental Company (CETESB). Brazil - São Paulo Air Quality Report 2012. São Paulo, Brazil: State of São Paulo Environmental Company (CETESB), 2013.	2012	*
Brazil	Schraiber LB, D'Oliveira AFPL, França Junior I. [Intimate partner sexual violence among men and women in urban Brazil, 2005]. Rev Saude Publica. 2008; 127-37.	1998-2005	
Brazil	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Brazil	Federal University of Pernambuco, Feminist Collective for Health and Sexuality (São Paulo), University of São Paulo, World Health Organization (WHO). Brazil WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2000-2001.	2000-2002	
Brazil	Bassani DG, Palazzo LS, Béria JU, Gigante LP, Figueiredo AC, Aerts DR, Raymann BC. Child sexual abuse in southern Brazil and associated factors: a population-based study. BMC Public Health. 2009; 9(1): 133.	2002-2003	
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Brazil	Ministry of Health (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Surveillance (Brazil), Secretariat of Health Care (Brazil). Brazil Risk Factor Morbidity Noncommunicable Disease Survey 2002-2005. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: National Cancer Institute (Brazil).	2002-2005	*
Brazil	Zaleski M, Pinsky I, Laranjeira R, Ramisetty-Mikler S, Caetano R. Intimate partner violence and alcohol consumption. Rev Saude Publica. 2010; 44(1): 53-9.	2005-2006	
Brazil	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2006-2007	
Brazil	Brazil Consumer Expenditure Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008-2009	
Brazil	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
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Brazil	Benigna MJ, Dricot J, d' Ans CD. [Growth and nutritional status of children from 0 to 11, State of Paraíba (Brazilian Northeast)]. Rev Saude Publica. 1987; 21(6): 480-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981-1982	



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Brazil	Brazil Health and Nutrition of Northeast Children: State Polls 1987-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1992	
Brazil	Santos RV, Coimbra Júnior CE. Socioeconomic transition and physical growth of Tupi-Mondê Amerindian children of the Aripuanã Park, Brazilian Amazon. Hum Biol. 1991; 63(6): 795-819. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988-1990	
Brazil	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2000	
Brazil	Paoliello MM, Gutierrez PR, Turini CA, Matsuo T, Mezzaroba L, Barbosa DS, Alvarenga AL, Carvalho SR, Figueiroa GA, Leite VG, Gutierrez AC, Nogueira KB, Inamine WA, Zavatti AM. [Reference values for lead levels in blood for the urban population]. Rev Saude Publica. 1997; 31(2): 144-8.	1993-1995	
Brazil	Paoliello MM, Gutierrez PR, Turini CA, Matsuo T, Mezzaroba L, Barbosa DS, Carvalho SR, Alvarenga AL, Rezende MI, Figueiroa GA, Leite VG, Gutierrez AC, Lobo BC, Cascales RA. [Reference values for lead in blood in urban population in southern Brazil]. Rev Panam Salud Publica. 2001; 9(5): 315-9.	1994-1996	
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE), World Bank (WB). Brazil Living Standards Measurement Survey 1996-1997. Washington DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	1996-1997	
Brazil	Pinheiro MM, Castro CM, Szejnfeld VL. Low femoral bone mineral density and quantitative ultrasound are risk factors for new osteoporotic fracture and total and cardiovascular mortality: a 5-year population-based study of Brazilian elderly women. J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci . 2006; 61(2): 196-203.	1997-2002	
Brazil	Camargo MBR, Cendoroglo MS, Ramos LR, de Oliveira Latorre M do RD, Saraiva GL, Lage A, Carvalhaes Neto N, Araújo LM, Vieira JGH, Lazaretti-Castro M. Bone mineral density and osteoporosis among a predominantly Caucasian elderly population in the city of São Paulo, Brazil. Osteoporos Int. 2005; 16(11): 1451-60.	1998-1999	
Brazil	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Center for Demography and Ecology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), University of São Paulo. Brazil - São Paulo Survey on Health, Well-Being, and Aging in Latin America and the Caribbean 1999-2000. Ann Arbor, United States: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).	1999-2000	
Brazil	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000-2007, 2009	
Brazil	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000-2007, 2009	
Brazil	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Brazil - Botucatu Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2001-2002. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Brazil	Brazil Consumer Expenditure Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002-2003	
Brazil	Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE). Brazil Consumer Expenditure Survey 2002-2003. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics (IBGE).	2002-2003	
Brazil	Brazil National Demographic and Health Survey of Children and Women 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006-2007	
Brazil	Brazilian Center for Analysis and Planning (CEBRAP), Ministry of Health (Brazil). Brazil National Demographic and Health Survey of Children and Women 2006-2007. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: Ministry of Health (Brazil).	2006-2007	
Brazil	Public Health Department, Federal University of Santa Catarina. Brazil - Florianopolis Epidemiological Study on the Health Status of the Adult Population 2009-2010.	2009-2010	
Brazil	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009-2010	*
Brazil	State Environmental Institute (Rio de Janeiro, Brazil). Brazil - Rio de Janeiro Air Quality Report 2011-2012. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: State Environmental Institute (Rio de Janeiro, Brazil), 2012.	2010-2011	*
Brunei	Department of Economic Planning and Development (Brunei Darussalam). Brunei Darussalam Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Brunei	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001	

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Brunei	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Brunei	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Brunei	Brunei National Nutritional Status Survey (NNSS) 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996-1997	
Brunei	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Brunei	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Brunei	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Bulgaria	World Health Organization. Bulgaria CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Bulgaria	Gallup International, World Bank (WB). Bulgaria Living Standards Measurement Survey 1995. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	1995	
Bulgaria	Balabanova D, Bobak M, Mckee M. Patterns of smoking in Bulgaria. Tob Control. 1998; 7(4): 383-5. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Bulgaria	Bulgaria Household Budget Survey 1998 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998	
Bulgaria	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2001	
Bulgaria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bulgaria Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
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Bulgaria	Bulgaria National Nutrition Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
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Bulgaria	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Bulgaria	Ministry of Health (Bulgaria). Bulgaria National Behavioural Risk Factor Survey 2007.	2007	
Bulgaria	Stefanov TS, Vekova AM, Kurktschiev DP, Temelkova-Kurktschiev TS. Relationship of physical activity and eating behaviour with obesity and type 2 diabetes mellitus: Sofia Lifestyle (SLS) study. Folia Med (Plovdiv). 2011; 53(1): 11-8.	2007	
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Bulgaria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Bulgaria Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Bulgaria	Eurostat, Ministry of Health (Bulgaria), National Statistical Institute of Bulgaria. Bulgaria European Health Interview Survey 2008.	2008	
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Bulgaria	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010	*

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Bulgaria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
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Bulgaria	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Bulgaria). Bulgaria Country Progress Report on Monitoring the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2012	*
Bulgaria		1997-2011	*
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Bulgaria	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Bulgaria	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Bulgaria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Bulgaria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Bulgaria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Bulgaria	Pavlov K, Stanchev I, Tsonev K, Badev I. Prospektivno epidemiologichno prouchvane na arterialnata khipertonii v naprednala i starcheska vuzrats. Vutr Boles. 1988; 27(2): 55-60.	1985-1987	
Bulgaria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Bulgaria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Bulgaria	Boyanov MA. Prevalence of low central bone mineral density in a bulgarian female referral population: a pilot study. Rheumatol Int . 2006; 26(6): 523-9.	2000-2004	
Bulgaria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001, 2003-2012	
Bulgaria	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Bulgaria	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Bulgaria	Borissova A-M, Rashkov R, Boyanov M, Shinkov A, Popivanov P, Temelkova N, Vlahov J, Gavrailova M. Femoral neck bone mineral density and 10-year absolute fracture risk in a national representative sample of Bulgarian women aged 50Å years and older. Arch Osteoporos . 2011; 6(1-2): 189-95.	2008-2009	*
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso Analysis of the Nutritional Situation of the Population as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Burkina Faso	Curtis V, Kanki B, Cousens S, Diallo I, Kpozehouen A, Sangaré M, Nikiema M. Evidence of behaviour change following a hygiene promotion programme in Burkina Faso. Bull World Health Organ. 2001; 79(6): 518-27.	1995	*
Burkina Faso	Issues land, agricultural production nutritional status of rural populations in the center of Burkina Faso as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso - Ouagadougou Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	*
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso-Bobo Dioulasso Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*



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Burkina Faso	Ministry of Health (Burkina Faso). Burkina Faso Health Statistical Yearbook 2003. Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso: Ministry of Health (Burkina Faso), 2004.	2003	*
Burkina Faso	Ouédraogo HZ, Fournet F, Martin-Prével Y, Gary J, Henry MC, Salem G. Socio-spatial disparities of obesity among adults in the urban setting of Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1280-7.	2004	
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso Human Development Report on the Private Sector 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso - Dietary Diversity as a Measure of the Micronutrient Adequacy of Women's Diets: Results from Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso Site as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso-Bobo Dioulasso Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso-Ouagadougou Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Burkina Faso	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Institute of Statistics and Demography (INSD) (Burkina Faso). Burkina Faso Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	*
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2007 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2007	
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso National Nutrition Survey 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009	
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso - Bobo-Dioulasso Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Burkina Faso	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso - Ouagadougou Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Burkina Faso	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Burkina Faso	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Burkina Faso	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Burkina Faso	World Health Organization (WHO). Burkina Faso World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Burkina Faso	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Burkina Faso), National Institute of Statistics and Demography (Burkina Faso). Burkina Faso Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010-2011	*
Burkina Faso	Ministry of Health (Burkina Faso). Burkina Faso Health Statistical Yearbook 2009. Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso: Ministry of Health (Burkina Faso), 2010.	2010-2011	*
Burkina Faso	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Burkina Faso	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Burkina Faso	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Burkina Faso	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics and Demography (Burkina Faso). Burkina Faso Demographic and Health Survey 1992-1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992-1993	
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Burundi	Burundi Nutritional Monitoring of the Affected Population: Results of the Bi-monthly Survey of December 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Burundi	Burundi Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Burundi Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Burundi	Burundi Survey on Indicators of Development 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Burundi	Burundi National Nutrition Survey 2005 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2005	
Burundi	Burundi National Nutrition Survey 2005 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2005	
Burundi	Burundi National Nutrition Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Burundi	Burundi National Nutrition Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2005	
Burundi	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Burundi Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Burundi Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Burundi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Burundi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Burundi	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Burundi	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Burundi	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2011	*
Burundi	Burundi Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies, ICF International, Ministry of Public Health and the Fight against AIDS (Burundi). Burundi Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2012.	2010-2011	*
Burundi	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Burundi	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Burundi	Burundi - Bubanza Food Survey in North and Central Imbo 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1985	
Burundi	Burundi - Bururi Nutritional Survey in Bututsi 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984-1985	
Burundi	Burundi Child Population Groups from 0-5 Years of Age: Percentage of Children Below -2 SDs of the National Center for Health Statistics Reference as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Burundi	Burundi National Survey of Nutritional Surveillance of Populations Subject: Food Aid in December 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995-1996	
Burundi	Burundi Priority Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1998-1999	
Cambodia	Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 1996. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	1996	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), World Bank. Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 1997. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	1997	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), Minnesota Population Center. Cambodia General Population Census 1998 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1998	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), World Bank. Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 1999. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	1999	
Cambodia	Cambodia National Micronutrient Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	

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Cambodia	Hix J, Rasca P, Morgan J, Denna S, Panagides D, Tam M, Shankar AH. Validation of a rapid enzyme immunoassay for the quantitation of retinol-binding protein to assess vitamin A status within populations. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2006; 60(11): 1299-303. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	
Cambodia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Cambodia), National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Cambodia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Cambodia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Cambodia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004	
Cambodia	King H, Keuky L, Seng S, Khun T, Roglic G, Pinget M. Diabetes and associated disorders in Cambodia: two epidemiological surveys. Lancet. 2005; 366(9497): 1633-9.	2004	
Cambodia	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2004	*
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Smoking Behavior Survey 2004.	2004	
Cambodia	Singh P, Yel D, Sovann S, Job J, Rudatsikira E, Peterson F, Montgomery S, Hyder Ferry L, Knutsen S. Design, Validation, and Administration of a Nationwide Survey of Adult Tobacco Use in Cambodia. Poster session presented at the 13th World Conference on Tobacco and Health. 2006 July 12-15; Washington, DC.	2005	
Cambodia	Cambodia Anthropometrics Survey 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), Minnesota Population Center. Cambodia General Population Census 2008 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2008	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Anthropometrics Survey 2008. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), 2011.	2008	
Cambodia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Cambodia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
Cambodia	Ministry of Health (Cambodia), University of Health Sciences (Cambodia), World Health Organization (WHO). Cambodia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010.	2010	
Cambodia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Cambodia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Cambodia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Cambodia	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Public Health (Cambodia), National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Demographic and Health Survey 2005-2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005-2006	
Cambodia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Cambodia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Cambodia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1982-2008	
Cambodia	Cambodia National Status and Food Practices in Rural Areas 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993-1994	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 1993-1994. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	1993-1994	
Cambodia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000-2001, 2004	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), Statistics Sweden. Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 2003-2005. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	2003-2005	
Cambodia	National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia), Statistics Sweden. Cambodia Socioeconomic Survey 2006-2007. Phnom Penh, Cambodia: National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia).	2006-2007	
Cambodia	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Cambodia), National Institute of Statistics (Cambodia). Cambodia Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2011.	2010-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Cameroon	Central Bureau of the Census (Cameroon), Ministry of Economic Affairs and Planning (Cameroon). Cameroon Population and Housing Census 1976.	1976	
Cameroon	Mendoza Aldana J, Piechulek H. [Nutritional status of 0-to-59-month-old children in urban and rural areas of Cameroon]. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 1992; 70(6): 725-32. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990	
Cameroon	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Economy, Planning and Regional Development (Cameroon). Cameroon Demographic and Health Survey 1991. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991	
Cameroon	Wilson MR, Mansour M, Atud AE, Casey R, Fobi G, Moukouri E, Alemayehu W, Martone JF, Ross-Degnan D. A population-based study of xerophthalmia in the extreme North Province of Cameroon, West Africa. <i>Arch Ophthalmol</i> . 1996; 114(4): 464-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992	
Cameroon	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadiri S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 1997; 87(2): 160-8.	1993	
Cameroon	Mbanya JC, Ngogang J, Salah JN, Minkoulou E, Balkau B. Prevalence of NIDDM and impaired glucose tolerance in a rural and an urban population in Cameroon. <i>Diabetologia</i> . 1997; 40(7): 824-9.	1996	
Cameroon	Central Bureau of the Census and Population Studies (Cameroon), Macro International, Inc. Cameroon Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Cameroon	Pasquet P, Temgoua LS, Melaman-Sego F, Froment A, Rikong-Adié H. Prevalence of overweight and obesity for urban adults in Cameroon. <i>Ann Hum Biol</i> . 2003; 30(5): 551-62.	1998	
Cameroon	Department of Statistics and Accounting, Ministry of the Economy and Finance (Cameroon) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Cameroon Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	*
Cameroon	Fezeu L, Minkoulou E, Balkau B, Kengne A-P, Awah P, Unwin N, Alberti GKMM, Mbanya J-C. Association between socioeconomic status and adiposity in urban Cameroon. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2006; 35(1): 105-11.	2000	
Cameroon	Helen Keller International, Ministry of Public Health (Cameroon). Cameroon National Survey on Vitamin A Deficiency and Anemia 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	
Cameroon	University of Yaoundé. Cameroon Defining the Relationship Between Poverty and Non-Communicable Disease Burden: Preliminary Report 2000.	2000	
Cameroon	Cameroon Household Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Cameroon	Cameroon STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Cameroon	Health of Populations in Transition (HoPiT) Research Group (Cameroon), Ministry of Public Health (Cameroon), World Diabetes Foundation (WDF), World Health Organization (WHO). Cameroon STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	
Cameroon	Kamadjeu RM, Edwards R, Atanga JS, Kiawi EC, Unwin N, Mbanya J-C. Anthropometry measures and prevalence of obesity in the urban adult population of Cameroon: an update from the Cameroon Burden of Diabetes Baseline Survey. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2006; 228.	2003	
Cameroon	Kamadjeu RM, Edwards R, Atanga JS, Unwin N, Kiawi EC, Mbanya JC. Prevalence, awareness and management of hypertension in Cameroon: findings of the 2003 Cameroon Burden of Diabetes Baseline Survey. <i>J Hum Hypertens</i> . 2006; 20(1): 91-2.	2003	
Cameroon	Cameroon Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Cameroon	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Cameroon). Cameroon Demographic and Health Survey 2004. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2004	
Cameroon	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Institute of Statistics (Cameroon). Cameroon Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Cameroon	Fezeu LK, Assah FK, Balkau B, Mbanya DS, Kengne A-P, Awah PK, Mbanya J-CN. Ten-year changes in central obesity and BMI in rural and urban Cameroon. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2008; 16(5): 1144-7.	2007	
Cameroon	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Cameroon - Centre Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*



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Cameroon	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Cameroon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Cameroon	ICF International, Ministry of Economy, Planning and Regional Development (Cameroon), Ministry of Public Health (Cameroon), National Institute of Statistics (Cameroon), Pasteur Center of Cameroon. Cameroon Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Fairfax, United States: ICF International.	2011	*
Cameroon	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadir S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. Am J Public Health. 1997; 87(2): 160-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994	
Cameroon	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2010, 2012	*
Cameroon	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Cameroon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Cameroon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Cameroon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Cameroon	Mennen LI, Mbanya JC, Cade J, Balkau B, Sharma S, Chungong S, Cruickshank JK. The habitual diet in rural and urban Cameroon. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2000; 54(2): 150-4.	1997-1999	
Cameroon	Sobngwi E, Mbanya JC, Unwin NC, Kengne AP, Fezeu L, Minkoulou EM, Aspray TJ, Alberti KG. Physical activity and its relationship with obesity, hypertension and diabetes in urban and rural Cameroon. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2002; 26(7): 1009-16.	1999-2001	
Canada	Canada Fitness Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Canada	Canada Labor Force Survey Supplement 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Canada	White FM, Pereira LH, Garner JB. Associations of body mass index and waist:hip ratio with hypertension. Can Med Assoc J. 1986; 135(4): 313-20.	1981	
Canada	Beaudry M, Aucoin-Larade L. Who breastfeeds in New Brunswick, when and why?. Can J Public Health. 1989; 80(3): 166-72.	1983	
Canada	Canada Labor Force Survey Supplement 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Canada	McIntyre L, Shah CP. Prevalence of hypertension, obesity and smoking in three Indian communities in northwestern Ontario. Can Med Assoc J. 1986; 134(4): 345-9.	1983	
Canada	Canada General Social Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Canada	Canada Health Promotion Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Canada	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Canada INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Canada	World Health Organization. Canada CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Canada	Canada Labor Force Survey Supplement 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Canada	Joffres MR, Hamet P, Rabkin SW, Gelskey D, Hogan K, Fodor G. Prevalence, control and awareness of high blood pressure among Canadian adults. Canadian Heart Health Surveys Research Group. CMAJ. 1992; 146(11): 1997-2005.	1986	
Canada	MacLean DR, Petrasovits A, Nargundkar M, Connelly PW, MacLeod E, Edwards A, Hessel P. Canadian heart health surveys: a profile of cardiovascular risk. Survey methods and data analysis. Canadian Heart Health Surveys Research Group. Can Med Assoc J. 1992; 146(11): 1969-74.	1988	



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Canada	Canada National Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Canada	Canada Health Promotion Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Canada	Canada Smoking Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Canada	Koren G, Chang N, Gonen R, Klein J, Weiner L, Demshar H, Pizzolato S, Radde I, Shime J. Lead exposure among mothers and their newborns in Toronto. CMAJ. 1990; 142(11): 1241-4.	1990	
Canada	Rhainds M, Levallois P. Umbilical cord blood lead levels in the Québec City area. Arch Environ Health. 1993; 48(6): 421-7.	1990	
Canada	Canada General Social Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Canada	Barber CM, Abernathy T, Steinmetz B, Charlebois J. Using a breastfeeding prevalence survey to identify a population for targeted programs. Can J Public Health. 1997; 88(4): 242-5.	1992	
Canada	Macdonald SM, Reeder BA, Chen Y, Després JP. Obesity in Canada: a descriptive analysis. CMAJ. 1997; S3-9.	1992	
Canada	Smith LF, Rea E. Low blood lead levels in Northern Ontario - what now? . Can J Public Health. 1995; 86(6): 373-6.	1992	
Canada	Wang ST, Pizzolato S, Demshar HP, Smith LF. Decline in blood lead in Ontario children correlated to decreasing consumption of leaded gasoline, 1983-1992. Clin Chem. 1997; 43(7): 1251-2.	1992	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Canada General Social Survey on Personal Risk 1993. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 1995.	1993	
Canada	Canada Smoking Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Canada	Dalhousie University, Statistics Canada. Canada Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey 1994. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada.	1994	*
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Youth Smoking Survey 1994.	1994	
Canada	Williams PL, Innis SM, Vogel AM. Breastfeeding and weaning practices in Vancouver. Can J Public Health. 1996; 87(4): 231-6.	1994	
Canada	Bourgoin GL, Lahaie NR, Rheaume BA, Berger MG, Dovigi CV, Picard LM, Sahai VF. Factors influencing the duration of breastfeeding in the Sudbury region. Can J Public Health. 1997; 88(4): 238-41.	1996	
Canada	Canada General Social Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
Canada	Rubin LA, Hawker GA, Peltekova VD, Fielding LJ, Ridout R, Cole DE. Determinants of Peak Bone Mass: Clinical and Genetic Analyses in a Young Female Canadian Cohort. J Bone Miner Res . 1999; 14(4): 633-43.	1996	
Canada	Tenenhouse A, Joseph L, Kreiger N, Poliquin S, Murray TM, Blondeau L, Berger C, Hanley DA, Prior JC, CaMos Research Group, Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. Estimation of the prevalence of low bone density in Canadian women and men using a population-specific DXA reference standard: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). Osteoporos Int . 2000; 11(10): 897-904.	1997	
Canada	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Canada	Daigneault I, Hébert M, McDuff P. Men's and women's childhood sexual abuse and victimization in adult partner relationships: A study of risk factors. Child Abuse Negl. 2009; 33(9): 638-47.	1999	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 1999.	1999	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Canada General Social Survey on Victimization 1999. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2000.	1999	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 1999. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2000.	1999	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2004. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2005.	1999	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2000.	2000	
Canada	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2001.	2001	

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Canada	Rinfret-Raynor M, Riou A, Cantin S, Drouin C, Dubé M. A Survey on Violence Against Female Partners in Québec, Canada. <i>Violence Against Women.</i> 2004; 10(7): 709-28.	2001	
Canada	Tanuseputro P, Manuel DG, Leung M, Nguyen K, Johansen H, Canadian Cardiovascular Outcomes Research Team. Risk factors for cardiovascular disease in Canada. <i>Can J Cardiol.</i> 2003; 19(11): 1249-59.	2001	
Canada	Canada Youth Smoking Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Canada	Canning PM, Courage ML, Frizzell LM. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in a provincial population of Canadian preschool children. <i>CMAJ.</i> 2004; 171(3): 240-2.	2002	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2002.	2002	
Canada	Herman KM, Craig CL, Gauvin L, Katzmarzyk PT. Tracking of obesity and physical activity from childhood to adulthood: the Physical Activity Longitudinal Study. <i>Int J Pediatr Obes.</i> 2009; 4(4): 281-8.	2002	
Canada	Herman KM, Hopman WM, Craig CL. Are youth BMI and physical activity associated with better or worse than expected health-related quality of life in adulthood? The Physical Activity Longitudinal Study. <i>Qual Life Res.</i> 2010; 19(3): 339-49.	2002	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2002. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2003.	2002	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2004. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2005.	2002	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2003.	2003	
Canada	Millar W, Maclean H. Breastfeeding practices. <i>Health Rep.</i> 2005; 16(2): 23-31.	2003	
Canada	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Canada Community Health Survey 2003. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada.	2003	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2003. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2004	2003	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2004. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2005.	2003	
Canada	Veugelaers P, Sithole F, Zhang S, Muhajarine N. Neighborhood characteristics in relation to diet, physical activity and overweight of Canadian children. <i>Int J Pediatr Obes.</i> 2008; 3(3): 152-9.	2003	
Canada	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Canada Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2004. [Unpublished].	2004	
Canada	Canada Community Health Survey, Cycle 2.2, Nutrition 2004-2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Canada	Chiodo D, Wolfe DA, Crooks C, Hughes R, Jaffe P. Impact of Sexual Harassment Victimization by Peers on Subsequent Adolescent Victimization and Adjustment: A Longitudinal Study. <i>J Adolesc Health.</i> 2009; 45(3): 246-52.	2004	
Canada	Garriguet D. Combining nutrient intake from food/beverages and vitamin/mineral supplements. <i>Health Rep.</i> 2010; 21(4): 71-84.	2004	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2004.	2004	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Canada General Social Survey on Victimization 2004. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2005.	2004	
Canada	Tjepkema, Michael, Statistics Canada. Canada Community Health Survey Findings – Adult Obesity in Canada: Measured Height and Weight 2004. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada.	2004	
Canada	Clark NA, Teschke K, Rideout K, Copes R. Trace element levels in adults from the west coast of Canada and associations with age, gender, diet, activities, and levels of other trace elements. <i>Chemosphere.</i> 2007; 70(1): 155-64.	2005	
Canada	Health Canada, Statistics Canada. Canada Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey 2005.	2005	
Canada	Health Canada. Cross-Canada Survey of Radon Concentrations in Homes 2009-2011.	2005	*
Canada	Létourneau EG, Krewski D, Zielinski JM, McGregor RG. Cost Effectiveness of Radon Mitigation in Canada. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry.</i> 1992; 45(1-4): 593-8.	2005	
Canada	Letourneau EG, McGregor RG, Walker WB. Design and interpretation of large surveys for indoor exposure to radon daughters. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry.</i> 1984; 7(1-4): 303-8.	2005	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2005. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2006.	2005	
Canada	Statistics Canada. Homicide in Canada, 2006. Ottawa, Canada: Statistics Canada, 2007.	2005	
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Cape Verde	World Health Organization (WHO). Cape Verde STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
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Central African Republic	Division of Statistics and Economic Studies (Central African Republic), Ministry of Economy, Planning and International Cooperation (Central African Republic). Central African Republic General Population Census 1988.	1998	
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Chad	Chad - Villa de N'Djamena Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Chad	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Census Bureau (Chad), National Institute of Statistical, Economic and Demographic Studies (Chad). Chad Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Chad	World Health Organization (WHO). Chad World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
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Chile	Chile Ministry of Health Child Underweight Data 2006 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2006	
Chile	Chile National Health Service System 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Chile	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Chile	Ministry of Health (Chile), National Institute of Statistics (Chile). Chile National Quality of Life and Health Survey 2006. Santiago, Chile: Ministry of Health (Chile).	2006	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Chile	Chile National Health Service System 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Chile	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Chile - Santiago Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Chile	Chile National Health Service System 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Chile	Burgos S, Ruiz P, Koifman R. Changes to indoor air quality as a result of relocating families from slums to public housing. Atmospheric Environment. 2013; 179-85.	2009	*
Chile	Ronco AM, Gutierrez Y, Gras N, Muñoz L, Salazar G, Llanos MN. Lead and arsenic levels in women with different body mass composition. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2010; 136(3): 269-78.	2009	
Chile	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Chile	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Chile	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Chile	Barraza F, Jorquera H, Valdivia G, Montoya LD. Indoor PM2.5 in Santiago, Chile, Spring 2012: source apportionment and outdoor contributions. Atmospheric Environment. 2014; 692-700.	2012	*
Chile	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Chile). Chile National Progress Report UNGASS 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1986-2010	*
Chile	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Chile	Rojas S, Maturana C, Maira G, Corporación La Morada. Femicidio en Chile [Femicide in Chile]. New York, United States: United Nations (UN), 2004.	2001-2002	
Chile	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Chile	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Chile	Monckeberg F, Valiente S, Mardones F. Infant and pre-school nutrition: Economical development, versus intervention strategies; The case of Chile. Nutr Res. 1987; 7(3): 327-42. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1984	
Chile	Monckeberg F, Valiente S, Mardones F. Infant and pre-school nutrition: Economical development, versus intervention strategies; The case of Chile. Nutr Res. 1987; 7(3): 327-42. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980-1984	
Chile	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Chile	Ministry of Health (Chile). Chile Breastfeeding Program Effectiveness: National Survey Results 1993-2000. Santiago, Chile: Ministry of Health (Chile), 2005.	1993, 1996, 2000, 2002	
Chile	Pino P, Walter T, Oyarzún MJ, Burden MJ, Lozoff B. Rapid drop in infant blood lead levels during the transition to unleaded gasoline use in Santiago, Chile. Arch Environ Health. 2004; 59(4): 182-7.	1995, 1997	
Chile	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1997-2004, 2011-2012	
Chile	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Center for Demography and Ecology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), Institute of Nutrition and Food Technology (INTA), University of Chile, Center for Geriatrics and Gerontology, Pontifical Catholic University of Chile. Chile - Santiago Survey on Health, Well-Being, and Aging in Latin America and the Caribbean 1999-2000. Ann Arbor, United States: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).	1999-2000	
Chile	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008, 2010-2012	
Chile	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008, 2010-2012	
Chile	Chile National Health Service System 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003-2004	
Chile	Chile National Survey of Breastfeeding 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005-2006	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Chile	Chile Survey of State Preschool Institutions 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005-2006	
Chile	Ministry of Health (Chile). Chile National Health Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	*
Chile	Ministry of the Environment (Chile). Chile National Air Quality Information System Monitoring Station Database. Santiago, Chile: Ministry of the Environment (Chile).	2010, 2012	*
China	A mass survey of diabetes mellitus in a population of 300,000 in 14 provinces and municipalities in China (author's transl). Zhonghua Nei Ke Za Zhi. 1981; 20(11): 678-83.	1980	
China	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
China	Li Y, Schouten EG, Hu X, Cui Z, Luan D, Ma G. Obesity prevalence and time trend among youngsters in China, 1982-2002. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2008; 17(1): 131-7.	1982	
China	China - Tianjin Cohort Survey 1984.	1984	
China	Weng XZ, Hong ZG, Chen DY. Smoking prevalence in Chinese aged 15 and above. Chin Med J (Engl). 1987; 100(11): 886-92.	1984	
China	China - East Beijing Cohort Study Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
China	Hong Kong - Shatin New Town Morbidity and Mortality Cohort Study 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
China	Hong Kong - Shatin New Town Survey Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
China	Qu JB, Jin C, Liu YT, Yin SN, Watanabe T, Nakatsuka H, Seiji K, Inoue O, Ikeda M. Blood lead levels of the general populations of three Chinese cities. Sci Total Environ. 1988; 77(1): 35-44.	1986	
China	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. China INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
China	China National Growth Development Survey of Children 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
China	China - East Beijing Cohort Study Blood Pressure Data 1988, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1988	
China	Chang Y, Zhai F, Li W, Ge K, Jin D, de Onis M. Nutritional status of preschool children in poor rural areas of China. Bull World Health Organ. 1994; 72(1): 105-12. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
China	Chen Z, Yang G, Zhou M, Smith M, Offer A, Ma J, Wang L, Pan H, Whitlock G, Collins R, Niu S, Peto R. Body mass index and mortality from ischaemic heart disease in a lean population: 10 year prospective study of 220,000 adult men. Int J Epidemiol. 2006; 35(1): 141-50.	1990	
China	China - East Beijing Cohort Study Blood Pressure Data 1990, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1990	
China	China Data Center, University of Michigan, National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Population and Housing Census 1990 - China Data Center.	1990	
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990	
China	China Pilot Study for the Food and Nutrition Surveillance System 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
China	China Review of the 100 County Growth Survey Procedures and Results as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
China	Tang N, Nakatsuka H, Watanabe T, Liu S-J, Qu Q-S, Liu Y-T, Cai S-X, Jin C, Ikeda M. Blood lead levels of Beijing (China) citizens. Sci Total Environ. 1990; 90: 31-9.	1990	
China	China - Beijing Anzhen Cohort Survey 1991.	1991	
China	He J, Gu D, Wu X, Reynolds K, Duan X, Yao C, Wang J, Chen CS, Chen J, Wildman RP, Klag MJ, Whelton PK. Major causes of death among men and women in China. N Engl J Med. 2005; 353(11): 1124-34.	1991	
China	Hong Kong Study Blood Pressure Data 1991, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1991	
China	Woo J, Ho SC, Sham A. Longitudinal changes in body mass index and body composition over 3 years and relationship to health outcomes in Hong Kong Chinese age 70 and older. J Am Geriatr Soc. 2001; 49(6): 737-46.	1991	
China	World Bank (WB). China Health and Nutrition Survey 1991.	1991	
China	Zhou M, Offer A, Yang G, Smith M, Hui G, Whitlock G, Collins R, Huang Z, Peto R, Chen Z. Body Mass Index, Blood Pressure, and Mortality From Stroke: A Nationally Representative Prospective Study of 212 000 Chinese Men. Stroke. 2008; 39(3): 753-9.	1991	
China	China - Anzhen 02 Cohort Study 1992.	1992	
China	China - Huashan Study Blood Pressure Data 1992, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1992	
China	China Dietary and Nutritional Status of Chinese Population as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
China	China Dietary and Nutritional Status of Chinese Population as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
China	Ministry of Public Health (China). China National Nutrition Survey 1992 - China CDC.	1992	*
China	Nan Y, Tian HG, Shao RC, Hu G, Dong QN, Pietinen P, Nissinen A. Assessment of sodium and potassium in processed foods in an urban area in China. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1995; 49(4): 299-306. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
China	Hong Kong Growth Standards Territory Wide Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China National Health Services Survey 1993 - China CDC.	1993	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China National Health Services Survey 1993.	1993	*
China	Shen XM, Yan CH, Guo D, Wu SM, Li RQ, Huang H, Ao LM, Zhou JD, Hong ZY, Xu JD, Jin XM, Tang JM. Umbilical cord blood lead levels in Shanghai, China. Biomed Environ Sci. 1997; 10(1): 38-46.	1993	
China	World Bank (WB). China Health and Nutrition Survey 1993.	1993	
China	Tsai KS, Cheng WC, Chen CK, Sanchez TV, Su CT, Chieng PU, Yang RS. Effect of bone area on spine density in Chinese men and women in Taiwan. Bone . 1997; 21(6): 547-51.	1994	
China	Zhang ZW, Moon CS, Watanabe T, Shimbo S, He FS, Wu YQ, Zhou SF, Su DM, Qu JB, Ikeda M. Background exposure of urban populations to lead and cadmium: comparison between China and Japan. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1997; 69(4): 273-81.	1994	
China	China Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
China	China Pilot Survey of the Food and Nutrition Surveillance System 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
China	Murata K, Araki S, Yokoyama K, Nomiya K, Nomiya H, Tao YX, Liu SJ. Autonomic and central nervous system effects of lead in female glass workers in China. Am J Ind Med. 1995; 28(2): 233-44.	1995	
China	National Bureau of Statistics of China. China 1% National Population Sample Survey 1995. Ann Arbor, United States: China Data Center, University of Michigan.	1995	
China	Pan X, Yang W, Liu J. Prevalence of diabetes and its risk factors in China 1994. National Diabetes Prevention and Control Cooperative Group. Chin J Intern Med. 1997; 36(6): 384-9.	1995	
China	Riskin, Carl, Zhao Renwei, and Li Shi. Chinese Household Income Project, 1995 [Computer file]. ICPSR03012-v2. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2010-07-28.	1995	
China	Thomas GN, Schooling CM, McGhee SM, Ho S-Y, Cheung BM, Y, Wat NMS, Janus ED, Lam KSL, Lam TH, Committee for the HKCRFPSS. Metabolic syndrome increases all-cause and vascular mortality: the Hong Kong Cardiovascular Risk Factor Study. Clin Endocrinol (Oxf). 2007; 66(5): 666-71.	1995	
China	Woo J, Leung SS, Ho SC, Sham A, Lam TH, Janus ED. Influence of educational level and marital status on dietary intake, obesity and other cardiovascular risk factors in a Hong Kong Chinese population. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999; 53(6): 461-7.	1995	
China	China Energy Statistical Yearbook 1991-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
China	China Lead Exposure Data 1996 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1996	
China	Chinese Academy of Preventive Medicine, Chinese Association on Smoking and Health, Johns Hopkins University (JHU), Ministry of Health (China). China National Prevalence Survey on Smoking 1996.	1996	
China	Hao W, Xiao S, Liu T, Young D, Chen S, Zhang D, Li C, Shi J, Chen G, Yang K. The second National Epidemiological Survey on illicit drug use at six high-prevalence areas in China: prevalence rates and use patterns. Addiction. 2002; 97(10): 1305-15.	1996	*
China	Ho SC, Chen YM, Woo JL, Leung SS, Lam TH, Janus ED. Association between simple anthropometric indices and cardiovascular risk factors. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2001; 25(11): 1689-97.	1996	
China	Ho SC, Lau EM, Woo J, Sham A, Chan KM, Lee S, Leung PC. The prevalence of osteoporosis in the Hong Kong Chinese female population. Maturitas . 1999; 32(3): 171-8.	1996	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China Health Statistics Yearbook 2006.	1996	
China	Zhang ZW, Qu JB, Xu GF, Song LH, Wang JJ, Simbo S, Watanabe T, Nakatsuka H, Higashikawa K, Ikeda M. Maize and foxtail millet as substantial sources of dietary lead intake. Sci Total Environ. 1997; 208(1-2): 81-8.	1996	



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China	China INTERMAP Blood Pressure Data 1997, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1997	
China	Gao W, Li Z, Kaufmann RB, Jones RL, Wang Z, Chen Y, Zhao X, Wang N. Blood lead levels among children aged 1 to 5 years in Wuxi City, China. Environ Res. 2001; 87(1): 11-9.	1997	
China	The DECODA Study Group. Age- and Sex-Specific Prevalence of Diabetes and Impaired Glucose Regulation in 11 Asian Cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(6): 1770-80.	1997	
China	Wang W, Zhao D, Sun JY, Liu J, Qin LP, Wu ZS. Impact of new criterion of glucose level on the prevalence of impaired fasting glucose and risk of ischemic cardiovascular diseases. Chin J Intern Med. 2007; 46(1): 20-4.	1997	
China	World Bank (WB). China Health and Nutrition Survey 1997.	1997	
China	Xiaoge D, Eryuan L, Xianping W, Zhiguang Z, Gan H, Zaijing J, Xiaoli P, Hongzhuan T, Hanwen W. Bone Mineral Density Differences at the Femoral Neck and Ward's Triangle: A Comparison Study on the Reference Data Between Chinese and Caucasian Women. Calcif Tissue Int . 2000; 67(3): 195-8.	1997	
China	China Guangdong Provincial Diabetic Survey Blood Pressure Data, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1998	
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
China	Lin S, Cheng TO, Liu X, Mai J, Rao X, Gao X, Deng H, Shi M. Impact of dysglycemia, body mass index, and waist-to-hip ratio on the prevalence of systemic hypertension in a lean Chinese population. Am J Cardiol. 2006; 97(6): 839-42.	1998	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China National Health Services Survey 1998 .	1998	
China	Woo J, Li M, Lau E. Population Bone Mineral Density Measurements for Chinese Women and Men in Hong Kong. Osteoporos Int . 2001; 12(4): 289-95.	1998	
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Chongqing Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Guangdong Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Tianjin Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). China - Shandong Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	*
China	Dang S, Yan H, Yamamoto S, Wang X, Zeng L. Poor nutritional status of younger Tibetan children living at high altitudes. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2004; 58(6): 938-46. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
China	Liao E-Y, Wu X-P, Deng X-G, Huang G, Zhu X-P, Long Z-F, Wang W-B, Tang W-L, Zhang H. Age-related bone mineral density, accumulated bone loss rate and prevalence of osteoporosis at multiple skeletal sites in chinese women. Osteoporos Int . 2002; 13(8): 669-76.	1999	
China	Qi Q, Yang Y, Yao X, Ding L, Wang W, Liu Y, Chen Y, Yang Z, Sun Y, Yuan B, Yu C, Han L, Liu X, Hu X, Liu Y, Du Z, Qu L, Sun F. [Blood lead level of children in the urban areas in China]. Chin J Epidemiol. 2002; 23(3): 162-6.	1999	
China	Chen J, Dunne M, Wang X. Childhood Sexual Abuse, An Investigation among 239 Male High School Students. Chin Ment Health J. 2003; 17(5): 345-7.	2000	
China	Chen J. Prevalence of childhood sexual abuse among female students in a senior high school. Chin J School Health. 2002; 23: 108-10.	2000	
China	China - Migration in Towns in China, a Tale of Three Provinces: Evidence from Preliminary Tabulations of the 2000 Census as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
China	China Data Center, University of Michigan, National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Census 2000 - China Data Center.	2000	
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
China	Gu D, Reynolds K, Wu X, Chen J, Duan X, Reynolds RF, Whelton PK, He J, InterASIA Collaborative Group. Prevalence of the metabolic syndrome and overweight among adults in China. Lancet. 2005; 365(9468): 1398-405.	2000	
China	Gu D, Wu X, Reynolds K, Duan X, Xin X, Reynolds RF, Whelton PK, He J. Cigarette smoking and exposure to environmental tobacco smoke in China: The International Collaborative Study of Cardiovascular Disease in Asia. Am J Public Health. 2004; 94(11): 1972-6.	2000	
China	Jia W, Xiang K, Chen L, Lu J, Wu Y. Epidemiological study on obesity and its comorbidities in urban Chinese older than 20 years of age in Shanghai, China. Obes Rev. 2002; 3(3): 157-65.	2000	



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China	Reynolds K, Gu D, Whelton PK, Wu X, Duan X, Mo J, He J, InterASIA Collaborative Group. Prevalence and risk factors of overweight and obesity in China. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2007; 15(1): 10-8.	2000	
China	World Bank (WB). China Health and Nutrition Survey 2000.	2000	
China	Zhang D, Xu X, Gao W. [Study on the awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Qingdao rural residents]. <i>J Hyg Res</i> . 2001; 30(2): 100-2.	2000	
China	Zou C, Zhao Z, Tang L, Chen Z, Du L. The effect of lead on brainstem auditory evoked potentials in children. <i>Chin Med J (Engl)</i> . 2003; 116(4): 565-8.	2000	
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Macao Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	*
China	Chen X-X, Teng H-H, Wang F-Z, He J-P, Zhou S-Z, Jian Y-J, Xiao X, Liu G. [Blood lead level and related risk factors among children aged 0-6 years in Beijing]. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 2003; 24(10): 868-71.	2001	
China	Gu D, Reynolds K, Duan X, Xin X, Chen J, Wu X, Mo J, Whelton PK, He J; InterASIA Collaborative Group. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired fasting glucose in the Chinese adult population: International Collaborative Study of Cardiovascular Disease in Asia (InterASIA). <i>Diabetologia</i> . 2003; 46(9): 1190-8.	2001	
China	Gu DF, Jiang H, Wu XG, Reynolds K, Gan WQ, Liu DH, Su SY, Duan XF, Huang GY, Whelton PK. [Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Chinese adults]. <i>Chin J Prev Med</i> . 2003; 37(2): 84-9.	2001	
China	Li S, Zhenyia Z, Lon L, Hanyun C. Preschool children's lead levels in rural communities of Zhejiang province, China. <i>Int J Hyg Environ Health</i> . 2004; 207(5): 437-40.	2001	
China	Mi J, Lin L, Ma G, Gu X, Liu M, Cheng H, Hou D, Tan Z, Liu C. [Prevalence of vitamin A deficiency in children under six years of age in Tibet, China]. <i>Chin J Prev Med</i> . 2003; 37(6): 419-22. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	
China	Shi JP, Wang HL, Li H, Dong W, Fu LY, Qi GX, Jia ZM, Yang HY, Gong W, Kang H, Gao XG, Wang WL, Jiang YS, Li JG. [The epidemiological survey of prevalence rate of hypertension in the countryside of Zhangwu county, Liaoning province]. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 2003; 24(7): 547-50.	2001	
China	China Nutrition and Health Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
China	Dong Y, Gao W, Nan H, Yu H, Li F, Duan W, Wang Y, Sun B, Qian R, Tuomilehto J, Qiao Q. Prevalence of Type 2 diabetes in urban and rural Chinese populations in Qingdao, China. <i>Diabet Med</i> . 2005; 22(10): 1427-33.	2002	
China	He J, Gu D, Reynolds K, Wu X, Muntner P, Zhao J, Chen J, Liu D, Mo J, Whelton PK. Serum Total and Lipoprotein Cholesterol Levels and Awareness, Treatment, and Control of Hypercholesterolemia in China. <i>Circulation</i> . 2004; 110(4): 405-11.	2002	
China	Ho SC, Chan SG, Yip YB, Chan CSY, Woo JLF, Sham A. Change in bone mineral density and its determinants in pre- and perimenopausal Chinese women: the Hong Kong Perimenopausal Women Osteoporosis Study. <i>Osteoporos Int</i> . 2008; 19(12): 1785-96.	2002	
China	Lee S-A, Wen W, Xu WH, Zheng W, Li H, Yang G, Xiang Y-B, Shu X-O. Prevalence of obesity and correlations with lifestyle and dietary factors in Chinese men. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2008; 16(6): 1440-7.	2002	
China	Ministry of Health (China), National Bureau of Statistics of China. China National Nutrition Survey 2002 - China CDC.	2002	
China	Ministry of Health (China), National Bureau of Statistics of China. China National Nutrition Survey 2002.	2002	
China	Sung RYT, Yu CCW, Choi KC, McManus A, Li AMC, Xu SLY, Chan D, Lo AFC, Chan JCN, Fok TF. Waist circumference and body mass index in Chinese children: cutoff values for predicting cardiovascular risk factors. <i>Int J Obes (Lond)</i> . 2007; 31(3): 550-8.	2002	
China	Wong JPS, Ho SY, Lai MK, Leung GM, Stewart SM, Lam TH. Overweight, obesity, weight-related concerns and behaviours in Hong Kong Chinese children and adolescents. <i>Acta Paediatr</i> . 2005; 94(5): 595-601.	2002	
China	World Health Organization (WHO). China World Health Survey 2002. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002	
China	Xiaoguang Y, Zhihong W, Yuna H, Wentao Y, Yisong H, Fengying Z. Trends and prevalence of malnutrition among Chinese children under five years old. <i>Acta Nutri Sin</i> . 2004; 27(3): 185-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
China	Xie B, Chou C-P, Spruijt-Metz D, Reynolds K, Clark F, Palmer PH, Gallaher P, Sun P, Guo Q, Johnson CA. Socio-demographic and economic correlates of overweight status in Chinese adolescents. <i>Am J Health Behav</i> . 2007; 31(4): 339-52.	2002	
China	Hou X, Jia W, Bao Y, Lu H, Jiang S, Zuo Y, Gu H, Xiang K. Risk factors for overweight and obesity, and changes in body mass index of Chinese adults in Shanghai. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2008; 389.	2003	

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China	Ko GTC, Ozaki R, Wong GWK, Kong APS, So W-Y, Tong PCY, Chan MHM, Ho C-S, Lam CWK, Chan JCN. The problem of obesity among adolescents in Hong Kong: a comparison using various diagnostic criteria. BMC Pediatr. 2008; 10.	2003	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China National Health Services Survey 2003 .	2003	
China	Strand MA, Perry J, Zhao J, Fischer PR, Yang J, Li S. Severe vitamin D-deficiency and the health of North China children. Matern Child Health J. 2009; 13(1): 144-50.	2003	
China	World Health Organization (WHO), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). China Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	*
China	Zhang ZL, Qin YJ, Huang QR, Hu YQ, Li M, He JW, Zhang H, Liu YJ, Hu WW. Bone mineral density of the spine and femur in healthy Chinese men. Asian J Androl . 2006; 8(4): 419-27.	2003	
China	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Health and Nutrition Survey 2004.	2004	
China	Chen J, Dunne MP, Han P. Child sexual abuse in Henan province, China: associations with sadness, suicidality, and risk behaviors among adolescent girls. J Adolesc Health. 2006; 38(5): 544-9.	2004	
China	Cheng X-G, Yang D-Z, Zhou Q, Zhuo T-J, Zhang H-C, Xiang J, Wang H-F, Ou P-Z, Liu J-L, Xu L, Huang G-Y, Huang Q-R, Barden HS, Weyand LS, Faulkner KG, Meng X-W. Age-Related Bone Mineral Density, Bone Loss Rate, Prevalence of Osteoporosis, and Reference Database of Women at Multiple Centers in China. J Clin Densitom . 2007; 10(3): 276-84.	2004	
China	Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Chronic Disease and Risk Factor Surveillance 2004. [Unpublished].	2004	*
China	Huo X, Peng L, Xu X, Zheng L, Qiu B, Qi Z, Zhang B, Han D, Piao Z. Elevated blood lead levels of children in Guiyu, an electronic waste recycling town in China. Environ Health Perspect. 2007; 115(7): 1113-7.	2004	
China	Jiang J, Rosenqvist U, Wang H, Greiner T, Ma Y, Toschke AM. Risk factors for overweight in 2- to 6-year-old children in Beijing, China. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2006; 1(2): 103-8.	2004	
China	Jiang Y-M, Shi H, Li J-Y, Shen C, Liu J-H, Yang H. Environmental lead exposure among children in Chengdu, China: blood lead levels and major sources. Bull Environ Contam Toxicol. 2010; 84(1): 1-4.	2004	
China	Lao XQ, Neil Thomas G, Jiang C, Zhang W, Adab P, Lam TH, Cheng KK. White blood cell count and the metabolic syndrome in older Chinese: The Guangzhou Biobank Cohort Study. Atherosclerosis. 2008; 201(2): 418-24.	2004	
China	Li M, Dibley MJ, Sibbritt D, Yan H. An assessment of adolescent overweight and obesity in Xi'an City, China. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2006; 1(1): 50-8.	2004	
China	Tian H, Song G, Xie H, Zhang H, Tuomilehto J, Hu G. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired fasting glucose among 769,792 rural Chinese adults. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2009; 84(3): 273-8.	2004	
China	Tian H, Xie H, Song G, Zhang H, Hu G. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among 2.6 million rural Chinese adults. Prev Med. 2009; 48(1): 59-63.	2004	
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China	Zhang X, Sun Z, Zhang X, Zheng L, Liu S, Xu C, Li J, Zhao F, Li J, Hu D, Sun Y. Prevalence and associated factors of overweight and obesity in a Chinese rural population. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2008; 16(1): 168-71.	2004	
China	Zhu L, Chen F, Yan S, Mi J. Growth evaluation of children under 5-year-old in Beijing and Shenzhen. Chin J Child Health Care. 2007. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Puyang Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Shanghai Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). China-Zhuhai Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Macao Special Administrative Region of China Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). China - Tianjin Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
China	China Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
China	Chowdhury Z, Campanella L, Gray C, Al Masud A, Marter-Kenyon J, Pennise D, Charron D, Zuzhang X. Measurement and modeling of indoor air pollution in rural households with multiple stove interventions in Yunnan, China. Atmospheric Environment. 2013; 161-9.	2005	*
China	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2005	
China	Le C, Chongsuvivatwong V, Geater A. Contextual socioeconomic determinants of cardiovascular risk factors in rural south-west China: a multilevel analysis. BMC Public Health. 2007; 72.	2005	
China	Lu F, Wang N, Wu Z, Sun X, Rehnstrom J, Poundstone K, Yu W, Pisani E. Estimating the number of people at risk for and living with HIV in China in 2005: methods and results. Sex Transm Infect. 2006; 82(Suppl 3): iii87-91.	2005	*
China	National Bureau of Statistics. China 1% National Population Sample Survey 2005. Ann Arbor, United States: China Data Center, University of Michigan.	2005	
China	Pang W, Sun Z, Zhang X, Liu S, Xu C, Li J, Sun Y, Zheng L, Li J, Hu D. Body mass index and the prevalence of prehypertension and hypertension in a Chinese rural population. Intern Med. 2008; 47(10): 893-7.	2005	
China	Report on 2005 Food and Nutrition Surveillance and Mid-term Evaluation for NPA as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2005	
China	Shang B, Xu D, Cui H, Zhang L, Chen B, Wu J, Wang Y, Gao Y, Li Z, Sun Q. Radon levels survey in residences in China. National Institute for Radiological Protection, China; 2006.	2005	
China	Tso MY, Leung JK. Survey of indoor 222Rn concentrations in Hong Kong. Health Phys. 1991; 60(2): 237-41.	2005	
China	Wong WCW, Leung PWS, Tang CSK, Chen W-Q, Lee A, Ling DC. To unfold a hidden epidemic: prevalence of child maltreatment and its health implications among high school students in Guangzhou, China. Child Abuse Negl. 2009; 33(7): 441-50.	2005	
China	Wu Y, Li H, Loos RJ, Yu Z, Ye X, Chen L, Pan A, Hu FB, Lin X. Common variants in CDKAL1, CDKN2A/B, IGF2BP2, SLC30A8, and HHEX/IDE genes are associated with type 2 diabetes and impaired fasting glucose in a Chinese Han population. Diabetes. 2008; 57(10): 2834-42.	2005	
China	Xian Center for Disease Control and Prevention. China - Shaanxi Hygiene Promotion Survey 2005.	2005	*
China	Ye X, Yu Z, Li H, Franco O, Liu Y, Lin X. Distributions of C-Reactive Protein and its Association With Metabolic Syndrome in Middle-Aged and Older Chinese People. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2007; 49(17): 1798-805.	2005	
China	Zhi XY, Wang JH. Prevalence of impaired glucose regulation in the population of Tianjin. Chin Med Sci J. 2008; 23(4): 249-52.	2005	
China	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Health and Nutrition Survey 2006.	2006	
China	Dong G, Sun Z, Zheng L, Li J, Zhang X, Zhang X, Xu C, Li J, Hu D, Sun Y. Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment, and Control of Hypertension in Rural Adults from Liaoning Province, Northeast China. Hypertens Res. 2007; 30(10): 951-8.	2006	
China	Dong GH, Sun ZQ, Zhang XZ, Li JJ, Zheng LQ, Li J, Hu DY, Sun YX. Prevalence, awareness, treatment & control of hypertension in rural Liaoning province, China. Indian J Med Res. 2008; 128(2): 122-7.	2006	
China	Mak KK, Ho SY, Lo WS, Thomas NG, McManus AM, Lam TH. The use of waist-to-stature ratio to identify underweight and overweight in adolescents. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2010; 5(5): 390-5.	2006	
China	National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Statistical Yearbook 2007. Beijing, China: National Bureau of Statistics of China.	2006	
China	Ouyang F, Wang X, Arguelles L, Rosul LL, Venners SA, Chen C, Hsu Y-H, Terwedow H, Wu D, Tang G, Yang J, Xing H, Zang T, Wang B, Xu X. Menstrual cycle lengths and bone mineral density: a cross-sectional, population-based study in rural Chinese women ages 30-49 years. Osteoporos Int. 2007; 18(2): 221-33.	2006	
China	Sichuan Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Sichuan, China). China - Sichuan Hygiene Promotion Survey Report 2006. Chengdu, China: Sichuan Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Sichuan, China), 2006.	2006	*
China	Xie XW, Wang YX, Wang YX, Jonas JB. Body height and ocular diseases. The Beijing Eye Study. Graefes Arch Clin Exp Ophthalmol. 2009; 247(12): 1651-7.	2006	
China	Xu Y-Q, Ji C-Y. Prevalence of the metabolic syndrome in secondary school adolescents in Beijing, China. Acta Paediatr. 2008; 97(3): 348-53.	2006	
China	Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Chronic Disease and Risk Factor Surveillance 2007. [Unpublished].	2007	*
China	Mak K-K, Lai C-M. Assessment of dietary restraint: psychometric properties of the revised restraint scale in Hong Kong adolescents. Int J Behav Med. 2012; 19(2): 199-207.	2007	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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China	China - Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old in China (2008) - National (26 Nutrition Surveillance Sites from Rural Areas) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
China	China Center for Economic Research, Peking University. China Health and Retirement Longitudinal Study 2008. Beijing, China: China Center for Economic Research, Peking University.	2008	*
China	Huang W, Baumgartner J, Zhang Y, Wang Y, Schauer JJ. Source apportionment of air pollution exposures of rural Chinese women cooking with biomass fuels. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> . 2015; 79-87.	2008	*
China	Jiang R, Bell ML. A comparison of particulate matter from biomass-burning rural and non-biomass-burning urban households in northeastern China. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2008; 116(7): 907-14. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2008	
China	Li C, Kang S, Chen P, Zhang Q, Guo J, Mi J, Basang P, Luosang Q, Smith KR. Personal PM2.5 and indoor CO in nomadic tents using open and chimney biomass stoves on the Tibetan Plateau. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> . 2012; 207-13.	2008	*
China	Ma Y-N, Chen T, Wang D, Liu M-M, He Q-C, Dong G-H. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among preschool children from six cities of northeast China. <i>Arch Med Res</i> . 2011; 42(7): 633-40.	2008	
China	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2008	*
China	Ministry of Health (China). China National Health Services Survey 2008 .	2008	
China	Sakai R. Relationship between prevalence of childhood obesity in 17-year-olds and socioeconomic and environmental factors: prefecture-level analysis in Japan. <i>Asia Pac J Public Health</i> . 2013; 25(2): 159-69.	2008	*
China	Wang S, Wei W, Li D, Aunan K, Hao J. Air pollutants in rural homes in Guizhou, China – concentrations, speciation, and size distribution. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> . 2010; 44(36): 4575-81.	2008	*
China	Yang W, Lu J, Weng J, Jia W, Ji L, Xiao J, Shan Z, Liu J, Tian H, Ji Q, Zhu D, Ge J, Lin L, Chen L, Guo X, Zhao Z, Li Q, Zhou Z, Shan G, He J; China National Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders Study Group. Prevalence of diabetes among men and women in China. <i>N Engl J Med</i> . 2010; 36(12): 1090-101.	2008	
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Hong Kong Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
China	China Blood Pressure Data 2009, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2009	
China	Gao X, Yu Q, Gu Q, Chen Y, Ding K, Zhu J, Chen L. Indoor air pollution from solid biomass fuels combustion in rural agricultural area of Tibet, China. <i>Indoor Air</i> . 2009; 19(3): 198-205. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2009	
China	Hu W, Downward GS, Reiss B, Xu J, Bassig BA, Hosgood HD, Zhang L, Seow WJ, Wu G, Chapman RS, Tian L, Wei F, Vermeulen R, Lan Q. Personal and Indoor PM2.5 Exposure from Burning Solid Fuels in Vented and Unvented Stoves in a Rural Region of China with a High Incidence of Lung Cancer. <i>Environ Sci Technol</i> . 2014; 48(15): 8456-64.	2009	*
China	Lin D, Li X, Fan X, Fang X. Child sexual abuse and its relationship with health risk behaviors among rural children and adolescents in Hunan, China. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> . 2011; 35(9): 680-7.	2009	*
China	Tian L, Zheng G, Sommar JN, Liang Y, Lundh T, Broberg K, Lei L, Guo W, Li Y, Tan M, Skerfving S, Jin T, Bergdahl IA. Lead concentration in plasma as a biomarker of exposure and risk, and modification of toxicity by d-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase gene polymorphism. <i>Toxicol Lett</i> . 2013; 221(2): 102-9.	2009	*
China	Zhao X, Li S, Ba S, He F, Li N, Ke L, Li X, Lam C, Yan LL, Zhou Y, Wu Y. Prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension among herdsmen living at 4,300 m in Tibet. <i>Am J Hypertens</i> . 2012; 25(5): 583-9.	2009	*
China	Alnes LWH, Mestl HES, Berger J, Zhang H, Wang S, Dong Z, Ma L, Hu Y, Zhang W, Aunan K. Indoor PM and CO concentrations in rural Guizhou, China. <i>Energy for Sustainable Development</i> . 2014; 51-9.	2010	*
China	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Macao Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	*
China	China - Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-5 Years Old in China (2010) - National (38 Nutrition Surveillance Sites from 25 Provinces) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2010	
China	Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Chronic Disease and Risk Factor Surveillance 2010. [Unpublished].	2010	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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China	National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Population and Housing Census 2010.	2010	*
China	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
China	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
China	Zhang Y-X, Wang S-R. Differences in development and the prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in different socioeconomic status districts in Shandong, China. <i>Ann Hum Biol.</i> 2012; 39(4): 290-6.	2010	
China	Zheng X, Yao D-K, Zhuo-Ma C-R, Tang J, Wang T-R, Zhang H-H, Wang L-X. Prevalence, self-awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension in Lhasa, Tibet. <i>Clin Exp Hypertens.</i> 2012; 34(5): 328-33.	2010	*
China	Baumgartner J, Schauer JJ, Ezzati M, Lu L, Cheng C, Patz J, Bautista LE. Patterns and predictors of personal exposure to indoor air pollution from biomass combustion among women and children in rural China. <i>Indoor Air.</i> 2011; 21(6): 479-88. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2011	
China	Baumgartner J, Schauer JJ, Ezzati M, Lu L, Cheng C, Patz JA, Bautista LE. Indoor air pollution and blood pressure in adult women living in rural China. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(10): 1390-5. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2011	
China	Chang L, Liu X, Shi H, Dai W, Wang H, Jiang Y. Association of 25-hydroxyvitamin D with Hb and lead in children: a Chinese population-based study. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2013; 17(4): 1-6.	2011	*
China	Jie Y, Houjin H, Xun M, Kebin L, Xuesong Y, Jie X. Relationship between pulmonary function and indoor air pollution from coal combustion among adult residents in an inner-city area of southwest China. <i>Braz J Med Biol Res.</i> 2014.	2011	*
China	Li C, Kang S, Chen P, Zhang Q, Fang GC. Characterizations of particle-bound trace metals and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) within Tibetan tents of south Tibetan Plateau, China. <i>Environ Sci Pollut Res Int.</i> 2013; 19(5): 1620-8.	2011	
China	Ministry of Health (China). China Health Statistical Digest 2012.	2011	*
China	Hou S, Yuan L, Jin P, Ding B, Qin N, Li L, Liu X, Wu Z, Zhao G, Deng Y. A clinical study of the effects of lead poisoning on the intelligence and neurobehavioral abilities of children. <i>Theor Biol Med Model.</i> 2013; 10: 13.	2012	*
China	Clean Air Asia, National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Air Quality Annual PM2.5 and PM10 Averages 2010, 2012, 2013. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2013	*
China	Greenpeace. China City Rankings Released for PM 2.5 Pollution 2013. Greenpeace East Asia [Internet]. Hong Kong, China: Greenpeace, 2014.	2013	*
China	Zhao GS, Yuan XY, Gong BQ. [Nutrition, metabolism and hypertension--a comparative survey between dietary variables and blood pressure among three nationalities in China]. <i>Chin J Cardiol.</i> 1986; 14(1): 8-12, 61. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1982-1984	
China	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. <i>J Hum Hypertens</i> 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
China	Liu L, Mizushima S, Ikeda K, Hattori H, Miura A, Gao M, Nara Y, Yamori Y. Comparative Studies of Diet-Related Factors and Blood Pressure among Chinese and Japanese: Results from the China-Japan Cooperative Research of the WHO-CARDIAC Study. <i>Hypertens Res.</i> 2000; 23(5): 413-20. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1999	
China	Au KI, Beh SL. Injury patterns of sharp instrument homicides in Hong Kong. <i>Forensic Sci Int.</i> 2011; 204(1-3): 201-4.	1996-2005	*
China	Jiang J, Toschke AM, von Kries R, Koletzko B, Lin L. Vitamin A status among children in China. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2006; 9(8): 955-60. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999-2000	
China	Luo Y, Parish WL, Laumann EO. A population-based study of childhood sexual contact in China: prevalence and long-term consequences. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2008; 32(7): 721-31.	1999-2000	
China	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
China	Chen J, Dunne MP, Han P. Child sexual abuse in China: a study of adolescents in four provinces. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2004; 28(11): 1171-86.	2001, 2004	
China	Guo SF, Wu JL, Qu CY, Yan RY. Physical and sexual abuse of women before, during, and after pregnancy. <i>Int J Gynaecol Obstet.</i> 2004; 84(3): 281-6.	2001-2002	

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China	Ministry of Health (China), National Center for Chronic and Noncommunicable Disease Control and Prevention (China), World Health Organization (WHO). China WHO Study on Global AGEing and Adult Health 2008-2010.	2007-2010	
China	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (China). China AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2007-2011	*
China	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
China	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
China	China - East Beijing Cohort Study Blood Pressure Data 1980-1982, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1980-1982	
China	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
China	Zhou BF, Wu XG, Tao SQ, Yang J, Cao TX, Zheng RP, Tian XZ, Lu CQ, Miao HY, Ye FM, Zhu LG, Zhu C, Jiang JP, He HQ, Ma F, Du FC, Wang B. Dietary patterns in 10 groups and the relationship with blood pressure. Collaborative Study Group for Cardiovascular Diseases and Their Risk Factors. Chin Med J (Engl). 1989; 102: 257-261.	1982-1984	
China	Pan X. [Changes of risk factors in the population in cardiovascular diseases in Shanghai]. Chin J Cardiol. 1990; 18(6): 362-4.	1983, 1986	
China	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1985-1993	
China	Hsiao RL, Miao TS, Lu CC, Tsai CH, Lin MT, Wu CC, Lin MH, Lin SP, Lin WH, Liu CT. [A survey on weight and height of children (1 month-7 years) and plotting of growth curves (1 month-18 years) in Taiwan, 1987-1988]. Acta Paediatr Sin. 1990; 31(3): 166-75. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1988	
China	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Health and Nutrition Survey 1989. Chapel Hill, United States: Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.	1989-1990	
China	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC). China Health and Nutrition Survey. Chapel Hill, United States: Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.	1989-2011	
China	National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Statistical Yearbook 2009. Beijing, China: National Bureau of Statistics of China.	1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, 2007-2008	
China	Gu DF, Duan XF. China - Fangshan Cohort Study 1991-1992.	1991-1992	
China	Wildman RP, Gu D, Muntner P, Wu X, Reynolds K, Duan X, Chen C-S, Huang G, Bazzano LA, He J. Trends in overweight and obesity in Chinese adults: between 1991 and 1999-2000. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2008; 16(6): 1448-53.	1991-1999	
China	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
China	Chen N, Wang W, Huang Y, Shen P, Pei D, Yu H, Shi H, Zhang Q, Xu J, Lv Y, Fan Q. Community-based study on CKD subjects and the associated risk factors. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2009; 24(7): 2117-23.	1992, 1999, 2002, 2006	
China	Tang GW, Yip PS, Li BY. The Profile of Bone Mineral Density in Chinese Women: Its Changes and Significance in a Longitudinal Study. Osteoporos Int . 2001; 12(8): 647-53.	1993-1997	
China	Wang S, Zhang J. Blood lead levels in children, China. Environ Res. 2006; 101(3): 412-8.	1994-2004	
China	Kung AWC, Lee K-K, Ho AY, Tang G, Luk KD. Ten-Year Risk of Osteoporotic Fractures in Postmenopausal Chinese Women According to Clinical Risk Factors and BMD T-Scores: A Prospective Study. J Bone Miner Res . 2007; 22(7): 1080-7.	1995-2002	
China	Shen X, Yan C, Zhang Y. [Comparison of children's blood lead levels in Shanghai before and after the introduction of lead free gasoline]. Nat Med J Chin. 1999; 79(10): 739-41.	1996, 1998	
China	Kung AW, Tang GW, Luk KD, Chu LW. Evaluation of a New Calcaneal Quantitative Ultrasound System and Determination of Normative Ultrasound Values in Southern Chinese Women. Osteoporos Int . 1999; 9(4): 312-7.	1996-1997	
China	Wu X-P, Liao E-Y, Zhang H, Dai R-C, Shan P-F, Cao X-Z, Liu S-P, Jiang Y. Determination of age-specific bone mineral density and comparison of diagnosis and prevalence of primary osteoporosis in Chinese women based on both Chinese and World Health Organization criteria. J Bone Miner Metab . 2004; 22(4): 382-91.	1996-2002	

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China	Hou Y-L, Wu X-P, Luo X-H, Zhang H, Cao X-Z, Jiang Y-B, Liao E-Y. Differences in age-related bone mass of proximal femur between Chinese women and different ethnic women in the United States. <i>J Bone Miner Metab</i> . 2007; 25(4): 243-52.	1996-2006	
China	Yang R, Zhu Z, Zhao Z. [Analysis of blood lead levels of preschool children in Zhejiang Province with historical comparison]. <i>J Zhejiang Univ Med Sci</i> . 2006; 35(6): 658-61.	1997, 2003	
China	Stamler J, Elliott P, Chan Q. INTERMAP Appendix Tables. <i>J Hum Hypertens</i> . 2003; 17: 665-775. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997-1998	
China	Yan C, Wu S, Shen X, Zhang Y, Jiang F, Yin J, Zhou J, He J, Ao L, Zhang Y, Li R. The trends of changes in children's blood lead levels since the introduction of lead free gasoline in Shanghai. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 2002; 23(3): 172-4.	1997-1999	
China	National Opinion Research Center, University of Chicago (NORC), Renmin University, Beijing, Peking Union Medical College, Beijing, University of North Carolina. China Health and Family Life Survey 1999-2000. Chicago, USA: Population Research Center, University of Chicago.	1999-2000	
China	Chen J, Wildman RP, Gu D, Kusek JW, Spruill M, Reynolds K, Liu D, Hamm LL, Whelton PK, He J. Prevalence of decreased kidney function in Chinese adults aged 35 to 74 years. <i>Kidney Int</i> . 2005; 68(6): 2837-45.	1999-2001	
China	Ho SC, Chen Y, Woo JLF. Educational level and osteoporosis risk in postmenopausal Chinese women. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2005; 161(7): 680-90.	1999-2001	
China	Luo W, Zhang Y, Li H. Children's blood lead levels after the phasing out of leaded gasoline in Shantou, China. <i>Arch Environ Health</i> . 2003; 58(3): 184-7.	1999-2001	
China	Wu X-P, Hou Y-L, Zhang H, Shan P-F, Zhao Q, Cao X-Z, Dai R-C, Luo X-H, Liao E-Y. Establishment of BMD reference databases for the diagnosis and evaluation of osteoporosis in central southern Chinese men. <i>J Bone Miner Metab</i> . 2008; 26(6): 586-94.	1999-2006	
China	Institute of Social Medicine and Health Policy, Shandong University, Shandong University School of Medicine, World Health Organization (WHO). China WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
China	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2000-2001, 2007-2008	
China	Xu MG, Sun GX, Zhou ZY, Li JQ, Yu RB, Gu DF. [Assessment and analysis on the risk and community treatment of hypertension in rural areas in Changshu city]. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 2004; 25(1): 33-5.	2001-2003	
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China	Kin CFW, Shan WSY, Shun LJC, Chung LP, Jean W. Experience of famine and bone health in post-menopausal women. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2007; 36(5): 1143-50.	2002-2003	
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China	National Bureau of Statistics of China. China Statistical Yearbook 2005. Beijing, China: National Bureau of Statistics of China.	2003-2004	
China	Liu J, Ai Y, McCauley L, Pinto-Martin J, Yan C, Shen X, Needleman H. Blood lead levels and associated sociodemographic factors among preschool children in the South Eastern region of China. <i>Paediatr Perinat Epidemiol</i> . 2012; 26(1): 61-9.	2004-2005	
China	Liu J, Li L, Wang Y, Yan C, Liu X. Impact of low blood lead concentrations on IQ and school performance in Chinese children. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e65230.	2004-2005	*
China	Zhang S-M, Dai Y-H, Xie X-H, Fan Z-Y, Tan Z-W, Zhang Y-F. Surveillance of childhood blood lead levels in 14 cities of China in 2004-2006. <i>Biomed Environ Sci</i> . 2009; 22(4): 288-96.	2004-2006	
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China	Zhang L, Zhang P, Wang F, Zuo L, Zhou Y, Shi Y, Li G, Jiao S, Liu Z, Liang W, Wang H. Prevalence and factors associated with CKD: a population study from Beijing. <i>Am J Kidney Dis</i> . 2008; 51(4): 373-84.	2006-2008	
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China	Shi H, Jiang Y, Li J, Liu F, Wang H, Yu F, Yang H. Environmental lead exposure among children in Chengdu, China, 2007-2009. <i>Biol Trace Elem Res</i> . 2011; 143(1): 97-102.	2007-2009	
China	Ji G-Z, Deng F-M, Wu X-Y, Li Q-X, Song J-H, Li W-H, Yin F. [An epidemiologic survey on blood lead levels in preschool children living in towns of Hunan Province]. <i>Chin J Contemp Pediatr</i> . 2010; 12(8): 645-9.	2008-2009	



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China	Wang H, Shi H, Chang L, Zhang X, Li J, Yang Y, Jiang Y. Association of blood lead with calcium, iron, zinc and hemoglobin in children aged 0-7 years: a large population-based study. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2012; 149(2): 143-7.	2008-2011	*
China	CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CCDC), Ministry of Health (China), World Health Organization (WHO). China Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009-2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009-2010	*
China	China - Nutrition and Rapid Economic Development - 2010 Research Report on Nutrition Policy in China as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009-2010	
China	Meng X-J, Dong G-H, Wang D, Liu M-M, Lin Q, Tian S, Xu L-X, Hou H, Ren Y-F, Lee YL. Prevalence, awareness, treatment, control, and risk factors associated with hypertension in urban adults from 33 communities of China: the CHPSNE study. J Hypertens. 2011; 29(7): 1303-10.	2009-2010	*
China	Ministry of Health (China). China Health Statistical Digest 2011. Beijing, China: Ministry of Health (China).	2009-2010	*
China	Wu Y, Yang X, Ge J, Zhang J. Blood lead level and its relationship to certain essential elements in the children aged 0 to 14 years from Beijing, China. Sci Total Environ. 2011; 409(16): 3016-20.	2009-2010	
China	Zhang L, Wang F, Wang L, Wang W, Liu B, Liu J, Chen M, He Q, Liao Y, Yu X, Chen N, Zhang J, Hu Z, Liu F, Hong D, Ma L, Liu H, Zhou X, Chen J, Pan L, Chen W, Wang W, Li X, Wang H. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in China: a cross-sectional survey. Lancet. 2012; 379(9818): 815-22.	2009-2010	
China	Fulu E, Jewkes R, Roselli T, Garcia-Morena C, UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence research team. Prevalence of and factors associated with male perpetration of intimate partner violence: findings from the UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific. Lancet Glob Health. 2013; 1(4): e187-e207.	2010-2013	*
Colombia	Ministry of Health (Colombia), Regional Population Center (Colombia), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Colombia Demographic and Health Survey 1986. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1986	
Colombia	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Colombia INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
Colombia	Aschner P, King H, Triana de Torrado M, Rodriguez BM. Glucose intolerance in Colombia. A population-based survey in an urban community. Diabetes Care. 1993; 16(1): 90-3.	1989	
Colombia	Mora JO, de Paredes B, de Navarro L, Rodríguez E. Consistent improvement in the nutritional status of Colombian children between 1965 and 1989. Bull Pan Am Health Organ. 1992; 26(1): 1-13. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Colombia	Mora JO, de Paredes B, de Navarro L, Rodríguez E. Consistent improvement in the nutritional status of Colombian children between 1965 and 1989. Bull Pan Am Health Organ. 1992; 26(1): 1-13. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
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Colombia	Macro International, Inc, Profamilia. Colombia Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Colombia	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Colombia	Bautista LE, Oróstegui M, Vera LM, Prada GE, Orozco LC, Herrán OF. Prevalence and impact of cardiovascular risk factors in Bucaramanga, Colombia: results from the Countrywide Integrated Noncommunicable Disease Intervention Programme (CINDI/CARMEN) baseline survey. Eur J Cardiovasc Prev Rehabil. 2006; 13(5): 769-75.	2001	
Colombia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Colombia-Bogota Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
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Colombia	Olivero-Verbel J, Duarte D, Echenique M, Guette J, Johnson-Restrepo B, Parsons PJ. Blood lead levels in children aged 5-9 years living in Cartagena, Colombia. Sci Total Environ. 2007; 372(2-3): 707-16.	2004	
Colombia	McDonald CM, Baylin A, Arsenault JE, Mora-Plazas M, Villamor E. Overweight is more prevalent than stunting and is associated with socioeconomic status, maternal obesity, and a snacking dietary pattern in school children from Bogota, Colombia. J Nutr. 2009; 139(2): 370-6.	2006	
Colombia	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Colombia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Colombia-Bogota Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Colombia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Colombia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007.	2007	*
Colombia	Ministry of Social Protection (Colombia). Colombia National Study of Psychoactive Substance Consumption 2008.	2008	
Colombia	Colombian Family Welfare Institute, Ministry of Social Protection (Colombia), National Institute of Health (Colombia), Profamilia. Colombia National Survey of the Nutritional Situation 2010.	2010	
Colombia	Santander Center for Public Health (Colombia), Santander Ministry of Health (Colombia), World Health Organization (WHO). Colombia - Santander STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010.	2010	*
Colombia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Colombia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Colombia	Filigrana PA, Méndez F. Blood lead levels in schoolchildren living near an industrial zone in Cali, Colombia: the role of socioeconomic condition. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2012; 149(3): 299-306.	2011	*
Colombia	Bogota District Department of the Environment. Colombia - Bogotá Annual Air Quality Report 2012. Bogota, Colombia: Bogota District Department of the Environment, 2013.	2012	*
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Colombia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Colombia	Macro International, Inc, Profamilia. Colombia Demographic and Health Survey 2004-2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2004-2005	
Colombia	ICF Macro, Profamilia. Colombia Demographic and Health Survey 2009-2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2011.	2009-2010	
Colombia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Colombia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Colombia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Colombia	National Administrative Department of Statistics (DANE) (Colombia), Minnesota Population Center. Colombia National Population and Housing Census 1985-1986 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1985-1986	
Colombia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1995	
Colombia	National Administrative Department of Statistics (DANE) (Colombia), Minnesota Population Center. Colombia National Population and Housing Census 1993-1994 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1993-1994	
Colombia	Pontificia Universidad Javeriana (Colombia), World Health Organization (WHO). Colombia WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2001	

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Colombia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Colombia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Colombia	Colombia National Survey of the Nutritional Situation 2004-2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004-2005	
Colombia	Colombia National Survey of the Nutritional Situation 2004-2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004-2005	
Colombia	Colombian Family Welfare Institute, National Institute of Health (Colombia), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Profamilia, Universidad de Antioquia (Colombia). Colombia National Survey of the Nutritional Situation 2004-2005.	2004-2005	
Colombia	Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission (CICAD), Organization of American States (OAS), Ministry of Health and Social Protection (Colombia), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC). Colombia National Survey of Psychoactive Substances Consumption in Students 2011.	2004-2011	*
Colombia	National Administrative Department of Statistics (DANE) (Colombia), Minnesota Population Center. Colombia General Census 2005-2006 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2005-2006	
Colombia	Administrative Department of Science, Technology, and Innovation (Colombia), Center for Development Projects, Pontifical Xavierian University, Ministry of Social Protection (Colombia), Specialized Information Systems. Colombia National Health Survey 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Comoros	Comoros Demographic and Health Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Comoros	Macro International, Inc, National Centre of Documentation and Scientific Research (Comoros). Comoros Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Comoros	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Comoros Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Comoros	World Health Organization (WHO). Comoros World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Comoros	Comoros Household Survey 2004 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2004	
Comoros	Comoros Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Comoros	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Comoros Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Comoros	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Comoros	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Comoros	World Health Organization (WHO). Comoros STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
Comoros	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004, 2007-2010	*
Comoros	General Directorate of Statistics and Forecasting (Comoros), ICF International. Comoros Demographic and Health Survey 2012-2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012-2013	*
Comoros	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Comoros	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Comoros	Comoros Report on the Nutritional Status and the Factors Involved in Children Less Than Two Years 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1992	
Comoros	Comoros Report on the Nutritional Status and the Factors Involved in Children Less Than Two Years 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991-1992	
Congo	Congo - Brazzaville Nutritional Status of Preschool Age Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
Congo	Congo - Brazzaville Anthropometric Characteristics of a Socio-Economically Privileged Group of Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Congo	Congo National Survey on the Nutritional Status of Preschool Age Children 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Congo	Congo National Survey on the Nutritional Status of Preschool Age Children 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Congo	Cornu A, Massamba JP, Traissac P, Simondon F, Villeneuve P, Delpeuch F. Nutritional change and economic crisis in an urban Congolese community. Int J Epidemiol. 1995; 24(1): 155-64. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Congo	Congo Nutrition Status of the Population 2000 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2000	
Congo	Samba C, Gourmel B, Houze P, Malvy D. Assessment of vitamin A status of preschool children in a sub-Saharan African setting: comparative advantage of modified relative-dose response test. J Health Popul Nutr. 2010; 28(5): 484-93.	2003	*
Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). Congo, Rep. World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Congo	Congo, Rep. - Brazzaville STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Congo	Ministry of Health (Congo, Rep.), World Health Organization (WHO). Congo, Rep. - Brazzaville STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Congo	Macro International, Inc, National Center for Statistics and Economic Studies (Congo, Rep.). Congo, Rep. Demographic and Health Survey 2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005	
Congo	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Congo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Congo	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Congo, Rep. Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Congo	ICF Macro, National Center for Statistics and Economic Studies (Congo, Rep.). Congo, Rep. AIDS Indicator Survey 2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2009	
Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Congo	Samba C, Tchibindat F, Houze P, Gourmel B, Malvy D. Prevalence of infant Vitamin A deficiency and undernutrition in the Republic of Congo. Acta Trop. 2006; 97(3): 270-83. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998-1999	
Congo	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2010	*
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Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2006	
Congo	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Congo	Martin-Prével Y, Delpeuch F, Traissac P, Massamba JP, Adoua-Oyila G, Coudert K, Trèche S. Deterioration in the nutritional status of young children and their mothers in Brazzaville, Congo, following the 1994 devaluation of the CFA franc. Bull World Health Organ. 2000; 78(1): 108-18. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993, 1996	
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Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Nutrition Survey 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1982	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Population and Housing Census 1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1984	



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Costa Rica	Department of Statistics and Censuses (Costa Rica), Minnesota Population Center. Costa Rica National Population and Housing Census 1984 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1984	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Height Census of Schoolchildren in First Grade 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Costa Rica	Carvajal Fernández D, Alfaro Calvo T, Monge-Rojas R. [Vitamin A deficiency among preschool children: a re-emerging problem in Costa Rica?]. Arch Latinoam Nutr. 2003; 53(3): 267-70. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	*
Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Nutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Nutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Costa Rica	Monge R, Beita O. Prevalence of coronary heart disease risk factors in Costa Rican adolescents. J Adolesc Health. 2000; 27(3): 210-7.	1996	
Costa Rica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Costa Rica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Permanent Household Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Costa Rica	Institute on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence (IAFA) (Costa Rica), Ministry of Health (Costa Rica), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Costa Rica - Cartago Risk Factors Survey For Noncommunicable Diseases 2000.	2000	
Costa Rica	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (INEC) (Costa Rica), Minnesota Population Center. Costa Rica National Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Costa Rica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Costa Rica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Costa Rica	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Costa Rica Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2003. [Unpublished].	2003	
Costa Rica	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Costa Rica	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
Costa Rica	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Costa Rica	Park E, Lee K. Particulate exposure and size distribution from wood burning stoves in Costa Rica. Indoor Air. 2003; 13(3): 253-9. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2003	
Costa Rica	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Costa Rica	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004	*
Costa Rica	Rosero-Bixby L, Dow WH. Surprising SES Gradients in mortality, health, and biomarkers in a Latin American population of adults. J Gerontol B Psychol Sci Soc Sci. 2009; 64(1): 105-17.	2005	
Costa Rica	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Costa Rica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Costa Rica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Costa Rica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Costa Rica Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2009	
Costa Rica	Institute on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence (IAFA) (Costa Rica). Costa Rica National Drug Survey 2010.	2010	
Costa Rica	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2010	*
Costa Rica	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Costa Rica	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Costa Rica	Costa Rican Demographic Association, Ministry of Health (Costa Rica), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Costa Rica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Costa Rica	Fourth Annual Report of Air Quality of the Greater Metropolitan Area of Costa Rica 2011 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2011	*
Costa Rica	Carcedo A, Sagot M. Femicidio en Costa Rica 1990-1999 [Costa Rica Femicide 1990-1999]. Washington, DC: Pan American Health Organization; 2000.	1990-1999	*
Costa Rica	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Costa Rica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Costa Rica	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Costa Rica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Change in Stunting in High Prevalence Cantons as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981, 1983, 1985	
Costa Rica	Campos H, Mata L, Siles X, Vives M, Ordovas JM, Schaefer EJ. Prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in rural and urban Costa Rica. Circulation. 1992; 85(2): 648-58.	1987-1988	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Analysis of the Nutritional Status of the Population 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989-1992	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Analysis of the Nutritional Status of the Population 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989-1992	
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Costa Rica	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008, 2010	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Social Security Institute and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Costa Rica 1993 Reproductive Health Survey. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1992-1993	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Nutritional Status of Preschoolers Served by the Primary Care Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993-1994	
Costa Rica	Costa Rica Nutritional Status of Preschoolers Served by the Primary Care Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993-1994	
Costa Rica	University of Costa Rica, Center for Population Studies. Costa Rica Reproductive Health and Migration Study 1999-2000.	1999-2000	
Costa Rica	Institute on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence (IAFA) (Costa Rica). Costa Rica National Survey on Drug Use 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Costa Rica	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Costa Rica). Costa Rica Statistical Yearbook 2002-2004. San José, Costa Rica: National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Costa Rica), 2005.	2002-2004	
Costa Rica	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Costa Rica). Costa Rica National Household Survey, Total Households by Cooking Fuel 2003-2009.	2003-2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Costa Rica	Rosero-Bixby, Luis, Xinia Fernández, and William H. Dow. CRELES-2: Costa Rican Longevity and Healthy Aging Study - Wave 2, 2006-2008 (Costa Rica Estudio de Longevidad y Envejecimiento Saludable, Ronda 2). ICPSR31263-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2013-10-23. doi:10.3886/ICPSR31263.v1	2006-2008	*
Costa Rica	Costa Rica National Nutrition Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008-2009	
Côte d'Ivoire	Cote d'Ivoire - Bas-Sassandra Nutritional Survey of a Population of Liberian Refugees in the Prefecture of Tabou 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire Evaluation of Vitamin A Status of Children Aged 6-59 Months as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Côte d'Ivoire	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Demographic and Health Survey 1994. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1994	
Côte d'Ivoire	Varaine F, Michelet MJ. Mortality and malnutrition among displaced Liberians in Ivory Coast. Lancet. 1995; 345(8957): 1114-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Côte d'Ivoire	Development of a food fortification strategy to combat iron deficiency in the Ivory Coast as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	
Côte d'Ivoire	Hess SY, Zimmermann MB, Staubli-Asobayire F, Tebi A, Hurrell RF. An evaluation of salt intake and iodine nutrition in a rural and urban area of the Côte d'Ivoire. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1999; 53(9): 680-6. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
Côte d'Ivoire	National School for Statistics and Economics Applied (ENSEA), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO). Côte d'Ivoire Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Côte d'Ivoire	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Côte d'Ivoire-Abidjan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Côte d'Ivoire	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Côte d'Ivoire-Ville Sud Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Côte d'Ivoire	World Health Organization (WHO). Côte d'Ivoire World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire Nutrition and Mortality Survey 2004 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2004	
Côte d'Ivoire	Ministry of Health (Côte d'Ivoire), World Health Organization (WHO). Côte d'Ivoire - Lagunes STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Côte d'Ivoire	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Institute of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire Evaluation of Vitamin A and Iron Deficiencies 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Côte d'Ivoire	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Côte d'Ivoire Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Côte d'Ivoire	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Côte d'Ivoire	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Côte d'Ivoire	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2002, 2005, 2007-2012	*
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Côte d'Ivoire	ICF International, Ministry of the Fight Against AIDS (Côte d'Ivoire), National Institute of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Demographic and Health Survey 2011-2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2011-2012	*
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Côte d'Ivoire	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1985-1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1985-1986	
Côte d'Ivoire	Department of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire), World Bank (WB). Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1985-1986. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB)	1985-1986	
Côte d'Ivoire	Malnutrition in Côte d'Ivoire: Prevalence and Determinants as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1987	
Côte d'Ivoire	Malnutrition in Côte d'Ivoire: Prevalence and Determinants as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985-1987	
Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1986-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1986-1987	
Côte d'Ivoire	Department of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire), World Bank (WB). Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1986-1987. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB)	1986-1987	
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Côte d'Ivoire	Department of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1987-1988. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	1987-1988	
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Côte d'Ivoire	Department of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Living Standards Measurement Survey 1988-1989. Washington, DC, United States: World Bank (WB).	1988-1989	
Côte d'Ivoire	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Côte d'Ivoire). Côte d'Ivoire Demographic and Health Survey 1998-1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998-1999	
Croatia	Croatia Growth and Nutritional Status of Children in Kindergartens 1988-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990	
Croatia	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Croatia	Turek S, Rudan I, Smolej-Naranci? N, Szirovicza L, Cubrilo-Turek M, Zerjavi?-Hrabak V, Rak-Kai? A, Vrhovski-Hebrang D, Prebeg Z, Ljubici? M, Jani?ijevi? B, Rudan P. A large cross-sectional study of health attitudes, knowledge, behaviour and risks in the post-war Croatian population (the First Croatian Health Project). Coll Antropol. 2001; 25(1): 77-96.	1995	
Croatia	Grgurić J, Kolacek S, Lulić-Jurjević R. Multi-indicator survey on children's nutrition in Croatia (MICS) (up to 5 years of age). Coll Antropol. 1998; 22(1): 85-95.	1996	
Croatia	Canadian Society for International Health, Ministry of Health (Croatia). Croatia Adult Health Survey 2003.	2003	
Croatia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Croatia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Croatia	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Croatia	Uhernik AI, Erceg M, Milanovic SM. Association of BMI and nutritional habits with hypertension in the adult population of Croatia. Public Health Nutr. 2009; 12(1): 97-104.	2003	
Croatia	World Health Organization (WHO). Croatia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Croatia	Telisman S, Colak B, Pizent A, Jurasović J, Cvitković P. Reproductive toxicity of low-level lead exposure in men. Environ Res. 2007; 105(2): 256-66.	2004	
Croatia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
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Croatia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Croatia	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	



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Croatia	Ajdukovic M, Ogresta J, Rusac S. Family Violence and Health Among Elderly in Croatia. J Aggress Maltreat Trauma. 2009; 18(3): 261-79.	2007	
Croatia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Croatia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Croatia	Kolarić B, Stajduhar D, Gajnik D, Rukavina T, Wiessing L. Seroprevalence of blood-borne infections and population sizes estimates in a population of injecting drug users in Croatia. Cent Eur J Public Health. 2010; 18(2): 104–9.	2007	*
Croatia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Croatia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Croatia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Croatia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Croatia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Croatia	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Croatia	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2012	*
Croatia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1999, 2004	
Croatia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2000, 2005, 2009	
Croatia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006-2012	*
Croatia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1987-2009	
Croatia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1991-2008	
Croatia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Croatia	Croatia Growth Monitoring of Preschool Children Overall Report 1993-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992-2011	
Croatia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-1996	
Croatia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2012	
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Croatia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2001-2002	
Croatia	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Speváčková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2005-2006	
Croatia	State Statistics Committee (Cuba). Cuba Population and Housing Census 1981.	2007-2008	
Cuba		1981	



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Cuba	Cuba National Survey of the Food Hygiene Institute 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Cuba	Díaz-Díaz O, Hernández M, Collado F, Seuc A, Márquez A. Prevalence of Diabetes Mellitus and Impaired Glucose Tolerance, and Their Changes in 20 Years in a Community of Havana. First Joint Scientific Meeting GLED/EDEG, Scientific Program, Buenos Aires, Argentina, 1999.	1998	
Cuba	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Cuba-Havana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Cuba	Ministry of Public Health (Cuba), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Cuba Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Cuba	Cuba Census of Population and Dwellings 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Cuba	Valdes, Juan Aguilar, Bermejo, Pedro Mas, Placeres, Manuel Romero, Roche, Rene Garcia, Pena, Olivia Sardinias, Orris, Peter. Niveles de plomo en sangre y factores asociados, en niños del municipio de Centro Habana. Rev Cubana Hig Epidemiol. 2003; 41(2).	2002	
Cuba	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Cuba-Havana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Cuba	Cuba National Survey of the Food Hygiene Institute 2005 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2005	
Cuba	Esquivel M, González C. [Desarrollo físico y nutrición de preescolares habaneros según nuevos patrones de crecimiento de la OMS]. Rev Cubana Salud Publica. 2009; 31(1). as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Cuba	Tomás Zerquera J, Alonso MP, Flores OB, Pérez AH. Study on external exposure doses received by the Cuban population from environmental radiation sources. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2001; 95(1): 49-52.	2005	
Cuba	Tomás Zerquera J, Prendes Alonso M, Fernández Gómez IM, Rodríguez Castro GV, Martínez Ricardo N, López Bejerano G, Ara do López JO, Acosta Rodríguez N, Carrazana González J, Brígido Flores O, Hernández Pérez A, Díaz Rizo O. Studies on internal exposure doses received by the Cuban population due to the intake of radionuclides from the environmental sources. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2006; 121(2): 168-74.	2005	
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Cuba	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Cuba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
Cuba	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Cuba	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Cuba	Matos CM, Rodríguez GP, Gutiérrez PM, Jiménez EA, Ramos Mesa MA. Estado nutricional de la vitamina A en niños Cubanos de 6 a 24 meses de edad. Rev Cubana Aliment Nutr. 2002; 95-104. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999-2000	
Cuba	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Cuba	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Cuba	Cuba - La Habana Analysis of Changes in the Physical Development Occuring in the Child Population of the City of Havana Between 1972-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1972-1993	
Cuba	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
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Cuba	Hernández C. Manual de Procedimientos para Diagnostico. Rev Cubana Aliment Nutr. 2008; 18(2 Supl 2): S1-84.	1998-2007	
Cuba	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Center for Demography and Ecology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), Centre for Population and Development Studies, National Statistics Office (Cuba), Iberoamerican Center for the Third Age. Cuba - Havana Survey on Health, Well-Being, and Aging in Latin America and the Caribbean 1999-2000. Ann Arbor, United States: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).	1999-2000	
Cuba	National Institute of Hygiene, Epidemiology and Microbiology (Cuba), National Office of Statistics (Cuba). Cuba National Survey of Risk Factors 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Cuba	Cuba Evaluation Figures for the Millennium Development Goals, Update 2006-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2008	
Cuba	Ministry of Public Health (Cuba), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Cuba Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010-2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010-2011	*
Cyprus	Savva SC, Tornaritis M, Chadjigeorgiou C, Kourides YA, Savva ME, Panagi A, Chriktodoulou E, Kafatos A. Prevalence and socio-demographic associations of undernutrition and obesity among preschool children in Cyprus. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2005; 59(11): 1259-65.	2004	
Cyprus	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Cyprus Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
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Cyprus	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Cyprus	Lazarou C, Soteriades ES. Children's physical activity, TV watching and obesity in Cyprus: the CYKIDS study. Eur J Public Health. 2010; 20(1): 70-7.	2005	
Cyprus	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Cyprus	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction Statistical Bulletin 2009. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA).	2007	*
Cyprus	Statistical Service of Cyprus (CYSTAT). Cyprus European Health Interview Survey 2008.	2008	
Cyprus	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Cyprus	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Report on the Global Tobacco Epidemic 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2009.	2009	
Cyprus	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010	*
Cyprus	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Cyprus	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Cyprus	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2012	*
Cyprus	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	1996-1997, 2003	
Cyprus	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2006-2012	*
Cyprus	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1961-2009	
Cyprus	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1970-2009	
Cyprus		1980-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Cyprus	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999-2012	
Cyprus	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2008	
Cyprus	Hadjigeorgiou C, Tornaritis M, Savvas S, Solea A, Kafatos A. Obesity and psychological traits associated with eating disorders among Cypriot adolescents: comparison of 2003 and 2010 cohorts. East Mediterr Health J. 2012; 18(8): 842-9.	2003, 2010	
Cyprus	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Czech Republic	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Czech Republic	Máchová L, Janout V, Cízek L, Beska F, Lorenc J, Koutná J. Risk factors for tumors, cardiovascular and metabolic diseases in the population of the Sumperk District. Cas Lek Cesk. 2004; 143(2): 90-3.	1981	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic Fifth Nationwide Anthropological Survey of Children and Adolescents 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic Fifth Nationwide Anthropological Survey of Children and Adolescents 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Czech Republic	Weiss P, Zverina J. Experiences with sexual aggression within the general population in the Czech Republic. Arch Sex Behav. 1999; 28(3): 265-9.	1991	
Czech Republic	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), ORC Macro. Reproductive, Maternal and Child Health in Eastern Europe and Eurasia: A Comparative Report 1993-2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	1993	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic Statistical Office, World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Center for Perinatal Medicine/Institute for the Care of Mother and Child, Prague, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Czech Republic Reproductive Health Survey 1993. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1995.	1993	
Czech Republic	Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic. Czech Republic Health Status Sample Survey 1993.	1993	
Czech Republic	Stozicky F, Solc J, Aujezdska A. Comparison of the Breastfeeding Rate on the Territory of Plzeň and České Budějovice in 1994-1996. Cesk Pediatr. 1997; 52(5): 307-10.	1995	
Czech Republic	Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic. Czech Republic Health Status Sample Survey 1996.	1996	
Czech Republic	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Czech Republic	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1999	
Czech Republic	Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic. Czech Republic Health Status Sample Survey 1999.	1999	
Czech Republic	Schneidrová D, Müllerová D, Janout V, Paulová M, Kudlová E. Impact of breast-feeding promotion on infant feeding in the Czech Republic. J Nutr Educ Behav. 2003; 35(5): 228-35.	1999	
Czech Republic	Bianchi G, Tripodi G, Manunta P. Na <sup>+</sup> , kidney, hypertension and genes: lessons from rats. J Hypertens. 2004; 22(8): 1461-4.	2001	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic Sixth Nationwide Anthropological Survey of Children and Adolescents 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Czech Republic	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Czech Republic Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2002. [Unpublished].	2002	
Czech Republic	Batářiiová A, Spevácková V, Benes B, Cejchanová M, Smíd J, Cerná M. Blood and urine levels of Pb, Cd and Hg in the general population of the Czech Republic and proposed reference values. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2006; 209(4): 359-66.	2002	
Czech Republic	Boylan S, Welch A, Pikhart H, Malyutina S, Pajak A, Kubinova R, Bragina O, Simonova G, Stepaniak U, Gilis-Januszewska A, Milla L, Peasey A, Marmot M, Bobak M. Dietary habits in three Central and Eastern European countries: the HAPIEE study. BMC Public Health. 2009; 439.	2002	
Czech Republic	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Czech Republic Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Czech Republic	Kettl Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2002	
Czech Republic	National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Smoking of Cigarettes and Alcohol Drinking in the Czech Republic 2002.	2002	
Czech Republic	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Czech Republic	National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Smoking of Cigarettes in the Czech Republic 2003.	2003	
Czech Republic	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
Czech Republic	National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Czech Smoking Prevalence Survey 2004.	2004	
Czech Republic	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Czech Republic	Hrncířová D, Batáříová A, Cerná M, Procházka B, Dlouhý P, Anđel M. Exposure of Prague's homeless population to lead and cadmium, compared to Prague's general population. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2008; 211(5-6): 580-6.	2005	
Czech Republic	Hulka J, Thomas J. National Radon Programme: 20 years of experience in Czech Republic. In: Proceedings of the 11th Congress of the International Radiation Protection Association (IRPA-11); 2004 May 23-28; Madrid, Spain.	2005	
Czech Republic	Marusiaková M, Hulka J. Estimates of the annual average indoor radon concentration in Teleč in the Czech Republic. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2011; 145(2-3): 145-9.	2005	
Czech Republic	National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Czech Smoking Prevalence Survey 2005.	2005	
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Czech Republic	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Czech Republic	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Czech Republic Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Czech Republic	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction Statistical Bulletin 2009. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA).	2007	*
Czech Republic	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Czech Republic	Cífková R, Skodová Z, Bruthans J, Adámková V, Jozířová M, Galovcová M, Wohlfahrt P, Krajcoviechová A, Poledne R, Stávek P, Lánská V. Longitudinal trends in major cardiovascular risk factors in the Czech population between 1985 and 2007/8. Czech MONICA and Czech post-MONICA. Atherosclerosis. 2010; 211(2): 676-81.	2008	
Czech Republic	Eurostat, Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic. Czech Republic European Health Interview Survey 2008.	2008	
Czech Republic	Kuneřová M, Vignerová J, Parířková J, Procházka B, Braunerová R, Riedlová J, Zamrazilová H, Hill M, Bláha P, Steřlová A. Long-term changes in prevalence of overweight and obesity in Czech 7-year-old children: evaluation of different cut-off criteria of childhood obesity. Obes Rev. 2011; 12(7): 483-91.	2008	
Czech Republic	National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Czech Republic Tobacco Smoking Survey 2008.	2008	
Czech Republic	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*



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Czech Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Czech Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Czech Republic	Bull FC, Maslin TS, Armstrong T. Global physical activity questionnaire (GPAQ): nine country reliability and validity study. J Phys Act Health. 2009; 6(6): 790–804.	2011	*
Czech Republic	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Czech Republic Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Czech Republic	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Czech Republic	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2012	*
Czech Republic	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), National Institute of Public Health (Czech Republic). Czech Republic Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1987, 1989-2011	*
Czech Republic	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Czech Republic	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2002-2003	*
Czech Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). Czech Republic World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Czech Republic	Czech Republic National Food Consumption Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Czech Republic	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Czech Republic	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Czech Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Czech Republic	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Czech Republic	Tlaskal P, Michkova E, Cerna M. Effect of the Lactation Promoting Programme on Infant Nutrition. Cesk Pediatr. 50: 333-8.	1984, 1994	
Czech Republic	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1985-1992	
Czech Republic	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Czech Republic	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-2012	
Czech Republic	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-2012	
Czech Republic	Cerná M, Speváčková V, Benes B, Cejchanová M, Smíd J. Reference values for lead and cadmium in blood of Czech population. Int J Occup Med Environ Health. 2001; 14(2): 189-92.	1996-1998	
Czech Republic	Cerná M, Krsková A, Cejchanová M, Speváčková V. Human biomonitoring in the Czech Republic: an overview. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2012; 215(2): 109-19.	1996-2009	
Czech Republic	Cífková R, Skodová Z, Lánská V, Adámková V, Novozámská E, Jozífová M, Plásková M, Hejl Z, Petrzílková Z, Galovcová M, Palous D. Prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension in the Czech Republic. Results of two nationwide cross-sectional surveys in 1997/1998 and 2000/2001, Czech Post-MONICA Study. J Hum Hypertens. 2004; 18(8): 571-9.	1998, 2001	
Czech Republic	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Czech Republic	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Czech Republic	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Czech Republic	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Speváčková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2007-2008	
Czech Republic	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2011	*
Czech Republic	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2011	*
Czech Republic	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	M'Buyamba-Kabangu JR, Fagard R, Lijnen P, Mbuy wa Mbuy R, Staessen J, Amery A. Blood pressure and urinary cations in urban Bantu of Zaire. Am J Epidemiol. 1986; 124(6): 957-68.	1983	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	The Kasongo Project Team. Anthropometric assessment of young children's nutritional status as an indicator of subsequent risk of dying. J Trop Pediatr. 1983; 29(2): 69-75. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congo, DR - Nutritional Surveillance: Classical Nutritional Survey and Reports of Health Centers in Kinshasa as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congo, DR Study of Mothers Motivators on Attendance and Non-Attendance at the Pre-School Consultation as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zaire Cassava and Child Health Among Sakata: A Nutritional Study of an Ethnic Group in Northern Bandundu Region as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Van Den Broeck J, Eeckels R, Vuylsteke J. Influence of nutritional status on child mortality in rural Zaire. Lancet. 1993; 341(8859): 1491-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Goma Epidemiology Group. Public health impact of Rwandan refugee crisis: what happened in Goma, Zaire, in July, 1994?. Lancet. 1995; 345(8946): 339-44. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Lambert ML, Brown V, Villagi F, Voiret I. Malnutrition in displaced persons in Zaire. Lancet. 1994; 343(8908): 1296. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Zaire Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1995	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zaire - Kinshasa Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zaire Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zaire Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Ministry of Planning and Reconstruction (Congo, DR), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Congo, DR Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2001. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2001	

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Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congo, DR - Kinshasa STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Ministry of Health (Congo, DR), World Health Organization (WHO). Congo, DR - Kinshasa STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Sumaili EK, Krzesinski JM, Zinga CV, Cohen EP, Delanaye P, Munyanga SM, Nseka NM. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in Kinshasa: results of a pilot study from the Democratic Republic of Congo. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2009; 24(1): 117-22.	2006	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Planning (Congo, DR). Congo, DR Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Congo, DR - Kinshasa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Tuakuila J, Lison D, Mbuyi F, Haufried V, Hoet P. Elevated blood lead levels and sources of exposure in the population of Kinshasa, the capital of the Democratic Republic of Congo. J Expo Sci Environ Epidemiol. 2013; 23(1): 81-7.	2008	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Johnson K, Scott J, Rughita B, Kisielewski M, Asher J, Ong R, Lawry L. Association of sexual violence and human rights violations with physical and mental health in territories of the Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo. JAMA. 2010; 304(5): 533-62.	2010	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	National Statistical Institute (Congo, DR), Ministry of Planning (Congo, DR), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Congo, DR Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Tuakuila J, Kabamba M, Mata H, Mata G. Blood lead levels in children after phase-out of leaded gasoline in Kinshasa, the capital of Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). Arch Public Health. 2013; 71(1): 5. Importance de la carence en vitamine A en Republique Democratique du Congo [Significance of Vitamin A Deficiency in the Democratic Republic of the Congo] as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2011	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1998-1999 1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2012	*
Democratic Republic of the Congo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Bertrand WE, Mock NB, Franklin RR. Differential correlates of nutritional status in Kinshasa, Zaire. Int J Epidemiol. 1988; 17(3): 556-67. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Congo, DR - Bandundu Nutritional Surveillance Activity Report 1985-1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Zaire Child Population Groups from 0-5 Years of Age: Percentage of Children Below -2 SDs of the National Center for Health Statistics Reference as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Arbyn M, Dedeurwaerder M, Miakala M, Bikangi N, Boelaert M. [Surveillance of the nutritional status of the population in Kinshasa, Zaire (1991-1994)]. Ann Soc Belg Med Trop. 1995; 75(2): 115-24. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1994	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Bukabau JB, Makulo J-RR, Pakasa NM, Cohen EP, Lepira FB, Kayembe PK, Nseka NM, Sumaili EK. Chronic kidney disease among high school students of Kinshasa. BMC Nephrol. 2012; 13: 24.	2009-2011	
Denmark	Grandjean P, Olsen NB, Hollnagel H. Influence of smoking and alcohol consumption on blood lead levels. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1981; 48(4): 391-7.	1978	
Denmark	Hansen JC, Kromann N, Wulf HC, Albøge K. Human exposure to heavy metals in East Greenland. II. Lead. Sci Total Environ. 1983; 26(3): 245-54.	1980	
Denmark	Ibsen KK. Smoking Habits in 9000 Danish Schoolchildren. Acta Paediatr. 1982; 71(1): 131-4. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	



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Denmark	Jennum P, Schultz-Larsen K, Christensen NJ. Snoring and atherosclerotic manifestations in a 70-year-old population. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 1996; 12(3): 285-90.	1985	
Denmark	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Denmark INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). <i>Faits et Opinions</i> , Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 29 (Mar-Apr 1988). <i>Faits et Opinions</i> , Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1714 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10886	1988	
Denmark	Michaelsen KF, Larsen PS, Thomsen BL, Samuelson G. The Copenhagen cohort study on infant nutrition and growth: duration of breast feeding and influencing factors. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 1994; 83(6): 565-71.	1988	
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 34.1 (Nov 1990). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1961 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10893	1990	*
Denmark	Denmark Longitudinal Health Behavior Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Denmark	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Denmark	Danish National Institute of Public Health. Denmark Health Interview Survey 1994.	1994	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
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Denmark	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
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Denmark	Thinggaard M, Jacobsen R, Jeune B, Martinussen T, Christensen K. Is the relationship between BMI and mortality increasingly U-shaped with advancing age? A 10-year follow-up of persons aged 70-95 years. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci.</i> 2010; 65(5): 526-31.	1995	
Denmark	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Denmark	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1996	*
Denmark	Mosekilde L, Hermann AP, Beck-Nielsen H, Charles P, Nielsen SP, Sørensen OH. The Danish Osteoporosis Prevention Study (DOPS): project design and inclusion of 2000 normal perimenopausal women. <i>Maturitas.</i> 1999; 31(3): 207-19.	1996	
Denmark	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Denmark	Talleruphuus U, Bang LE, Wiinberg N, Mehlsen J, Svendsen TL, Bentzon MW. Isolated systolic hypertension in an elderly Danish population. Prevalence and daytime ambulatory Blood Press. <i>Blood Press.</i> 2006; 15(6): 347-53.	1998	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Denmark	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Denmark	Kronborg H, Vaeth M. The influence of psychosocial factors on the duration of breastfeeding. Scand J Public Health. 2004; 32(3): 210-6.	1999	
Denmark	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Denmark	Jørgensen ME, Glümer C, Bjerregaard P, Gyntelberg F, Jørgensen T, Borch-Johnsen K, Grennland Population Study. Obesity and central fat pattern among Greenland Inuit and a general population of Denmark (Inter99): relationship to metabolic risk factors. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2003; 27(12): 1507-15.	2000	
Denmark	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Denmark	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Denmark	Ekelund U, Sardinha LB, Anderssen SA, Harro M, Franks PW, Brage S, Cooper AR, Andersen LB, Riddoch C, Froberg K. Associations between objectively assessed physical activity and indicators of body fatness in 9- to 10-y-old European children: a population-based study from 4 distinct regions in Europe (the European Youth Heart Study). Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(3): 584-90.	2001	
Denmark	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Denmark	Helweg-Larsen K, Larsen HB. The prevalence of unwanted and unlawful sexual experiences reported by Danish adolescents: Results from a national youth survey in 2002. Acta Paediatr. 2006; 95(10): 1270-6.	2002	
Denmark	Nielsen TL, Wraae K, Brixen K, Hermann AP, Andersen M, Hagen C. Prevalence of overweight, obesity and physical inactivity in 20- to 29-year-old, Danish men. Relation to sociodemography, physical dysfunction and low socioeconomic status: the Odense Androgen Study. Int J Obes (Lond). 2006; 30(5): 805-15.	2002	
Denmark	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Denmark Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2003. [Unpublished].	2003	
Denmark	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Denmark	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Denmark	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Denmark	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Denmark	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grjibovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, Ramboll. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2004.	2004	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, Ramboll. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2005.	2005	
Denmark	Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Risø National Laboratory. Denmark National Household Radon Survey 1995-1997.	2005	
Denmark	Danish National Institute of Public Health. Denmark Health Interview Survey 2005.	2005	

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Denmark	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Denmark	Hare-Bruun H, Togo P, Andersen LB, Heitmann BL. Adult food intake patterns are related to adult and childhood socioeconomic status. J Nutr. 2011; 141(5): 928-34.	2005	
Denmark	National Institute of Radiation Hygiene (SIS) (Denmark), Risoe National Laboratory. Natural Radiation in Danish Dwellings. Broenshoej, Denmark: National Institute of Radiation Hygiene (SIS) (Denmark), 1987.	2005	
Denmark	Ramboll. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2004-2005.	2005	
Denmark	Andersen L, Rasmussen LB, Larsen EH, Jakobsen J. Intake of household salt in a Danish population. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2009; 63(5): 598-604. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, Ramboll. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2006.	2006	
Denmark	Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
Denmark	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, TNS Gallup. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2007.	2007	
Denmark	Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2007	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Lung Association, Ramboll. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2008.	2008	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, TNS Gallup. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2009.	2009	
Denmark	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Denmark	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, TNS Gallup. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2010.	2010	
Denmark	Danish National Institute of Public Health. Denmark Health Interview Survey 2010.	2010	
Denmark	OSPAR Commission. EBAS Database CAMP Framework - OSPARCOM Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 2000-2013.	2010	*
Denmark	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Denmark	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, TNS Gallup. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2011.	2011	*
Denmark	Danish Cancer Society, Danish Health and Medicines Authority, Danish Heart Foundation, Danish Lung Association, TNS Gallup. Denmark Monitoring Smoking Habits in the Danish Population 2012.	2012	*
Denmark	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Denmark	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2013	*
Denmark	Leth PM. Homicides in Southern Denmark During 25 Years. Homicide Stud. 2010; 14(4): 419-35.	1983-2007	
Denmark	Leth PM. Intimate partner homicide. Forensic Sci Med Pathol. 2009; 5(3): 199-203.	1983-2007	
Denmark	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	

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Denmark	Curtis T, Larsen FB, Helweg-Larsen K, Bjerregaard P. Violence, sexual abuse and health in Greenland. Int J Circumpolar Health. 2002; 61(2): 110-22.	1993-1994	
Denmark	Denmark National Dietary Habits Survey 2000-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000-2002	
Denmark	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Denmark	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Denmark	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Denmark	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Denmark	Grubman MJ, Mason PW. Prospects, including time-frames, for improved foot and mouth disease vaccines. Rev Sci Tech. 2002; 21(3): 589-600.	1982, 1993	
Denmark	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1983-1994	
Denmark	Osler M. Smoking habits in Denmark from 1953 to 1991: a comparative analysis of results from three Nationwide Health Surveys among adult Danes in 1953-1954, 1986-1987, and 1990-1991. Int J Epidemiol. 1992; 21(5): 862-71.	1986, 1990	
Denmark	Denmark Health Interview Survey 1986-1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986-1987	
Denmark	Danish National Institute of Public Health. Denmark Health Interview Survey Database - Overweight and Underweight.	1987, 2000	
Denmark	Nielsen J, Grandjean P, Jorgensen P. Predictors of blood lead concentrations in the lead-free gasoline era. Scand J Work Environ Health. 1998; 24(2): 153-6.	1989, 1994	
Denmark	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1998, 2000-2012	
Denmark	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1998, 2000-2012	
Denmark	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2001	
Denmark	Rasmussen M, Holstein BE, Due P. Tracking of overweight from mid-adolescence into adulthood: consistent patterns across socio-economic groups. Eur J Public Health. 2012; 22(6): 885-7.	1994, 2002	
Denmark	Danish Health and Medicines Authority. Denmark Alcohol, Drugs and Tobacco Statistics 2003. Copenhagen, Denmark: Danish Health and Medicines Authority, 2004.	1994-2003	
Denmark	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Denmark	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Denmark	Heiberg MS, Kaufmann C, Rodevand E, Mikkelsen K, Koldingsnes W, Mowinckel P, Kvien TK. The comparative effectiveness of anti-TNF therapy and methotrexate in patients with psoriatic arthritis: 6 month results from a longitudinal, observational, multicentre study. Ann Rheum Dis . 2007; 66(8): 1038-42.	2002-2003	
Denmark	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Denmark	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Denmark	Danish National Institute of Public Health. Greenland Inuit Health in Transition Study 2005-2009.	2005-2009	
Denmark	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*



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Denmark	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2009	*
Denmark	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2011	*
Denmark	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Djibouti	Djibouti Immunization Coverage and Malnutrition Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1990	
Djibouti	Djibouti Survey of Nutrition and Risk Factors for Cardiovascular Diseases 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Djibouti	Djibouti Household Survey - Social Indicators 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Djibouti	Djibouti Household Survey - Social Indicators 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Djibouti	Djibouti Household Survey - Social Indicators 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Djibouti	Department of Statistics and Demographic Studies (Djibouti), League of Arab States, Ministry of Health (Djibouti), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Djibouti Family Health Survey 2002.	2002	
Djibouti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Djibouti Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Djibouti	Djibouti Household Energy Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Djibouti	Ministry of Economy, Finance, and Planning in charge of Privatization (Djibouti), Ministry of Health (Djibouti), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Djibouti Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Djibouti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Djibouti), Ministry of National and Higher Education (Djibouti), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Djibouti Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	*
Djibouti	Djibouti Survey on the Nutritional Status of Children Aged 6 to 59 Months as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2007	
Djibouti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Djibouti Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Djibouti	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Djibouti	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Djibouti	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2003, 2005-2012	*
Djibouti	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Germany Global AIDS Response Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2004-2010	*
Djibouti	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Djibouti	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Djibouti	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Djibouti	Djibouti Immunization Coverage and Malnutrition Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989-1990	
Djibouti	Djibouti Immunization Coverage and Malnutrition Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989-1990	
Dominica	Central Statistical Office, Ministry of Finance (Dominica). Dominica Population and Housing Census 1970.	1970	



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Dominica	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Central Statistical Office, Ministry of Finance (Dominica). Dominica Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Dominica	Close GC, van den Hazel P. Nutritional status of young children in Dominica. West Indian Med J. 1986; 35(2): 103-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Dominica	Hollak CE, Hoogendijk WJ, Griffioen FM, Oosting IJ. Anthropometric study of Dominican pre-school children. J Trop Pediatr. 1988; 34(1): 42-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Dominica	Hollak CE, Hoogendijk WJ, Griffioen FM, Oosting IJ. Anthropometric study of Dominican pre-school children. J Trop Pediatr. 1988; 34(1): 42-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1984	
Dominica	Central Statistical Office, Ministry of Finance (Dominica). Dominica Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	
Dominica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Dominica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2000	*
Dominica	Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA), Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Dominica Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Dominica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Dominica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Dominica	Dominica STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Dominica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Dominica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Dominica	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Dominica	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Dominica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Dominica	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Dominica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Dominica	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991, 1997, 1999, 2001	
Dominica	World Health Organization (WHO). Dominica STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Dominican Republic	National Council for Population and Family (Dominican Republic), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Dominican Republic Demographic and Health Survey 1986. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1986	
Dominican Republic	Macro International, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Planning Office (Dominican Republic), Profamilia. Dominican Republic Demographic and Health Survey 1991. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991	
Dominican Republic	Vitamin A Deficiency in the Southwest Region of the Dominican Republic as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1991	
Dominican Republic	Center for Social and Demographic Studies (CESDEM), Macro International, Inc, National Planning Office (Dominican Republic), Profamilia. Dominican Republic Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Dominican Republic	Pichardo R. Estudio factores de riesgo cardiovascular en la República Dominicana (EFRICARD) 1996-1998. Arch Dominicanos Cardiol. 1998; 2(3).	1996	
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Dominican Republic	Center for Social and Demographic Studies (CESDEM), Macro International, Inc. Dominican Republic Demographic and Health Survey 2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002	
Dominican Republic	Dominican Republic Population and Housing Census 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic). Dominican Republic Population and Housing Census 2002.	2002	
Dominican Republic	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
Dominican Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). Dominican Republic World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Dominican Republic	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Dominican Republic Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic). Dominican Republic National Multipurpose Household Survey 2005. Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic: National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic).	2005	
Dominican Republic	Dominican Republic Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Dominican Republic	Dominican Republic National Multipurpose Household Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Dominican Republic Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006.	2006	
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Dominican Republic National Multipurpose Household Survey 2006. Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic: National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic).	2006	
Dominican Republic	Center for Social and Demographic Studies (CESDEM), Macro International, Inc. Dominican Republic Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Dominican Republic	Center for Social and Demographic Studies (CESDEM), Macro International, Inc. Dominican Republic Special Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic). Dominican Republic National Multipurpose Household Survey 2007. Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic: National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic).	2007	
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Dominican Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Dominican Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Dominican Republic	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2003	*
Dominican Republic	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
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Dominican Republic	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Dominican Republic	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
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Dominican Republic	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2007, 2009-2010	
Dominican Republic	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2007, 2009-2010	
Dominican Republic	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Dominican Republic	National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic). Dominican Republic National Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2007-2008. Dominican Republic: National Statistics Office (Dominican Republic).	2007-2008	
Ecuador	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador), Minnesota Population Center. Ecuador Population and Housing Census 1982 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1982	
Ecuador	Ecuador Diagnosis of Food, Nutrition, and Health Situation of the Under-5 Population as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1986	
Ecuador	Center for Population Studies and Responsible Parenthood (CEPAR) (El Salvador), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Ecuador Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Ecuador	Center for Studies of Population and Social Development (CEPAR), Ecuador Ministry of Health (MSP), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). English Language Report (1992) Ecuador Family Planning/Maternal and Child Health Survey 1989. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1989	
Ecuador	Ecuador Lead Exposure Data 1990 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1990	
Ecuador	Ecuador Population and Housing Census 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1990	
Ecuador	Lacasaña M, Romieu I, McConnell R, Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Problema de Exposición al Plomo en América Latina y el Caribe [Problem of Lead Exposure in Latin America and the Caribbean]. Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), 1996.	1990	
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Ecuador	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador), World Bank. Ecuador Living Standards Measurement Survey 1995.	1995	
Ecuador	Ecuador Lead Exposure Data 1998 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1998	
Ecuador	Ecuador Living Standards Measurement Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Ecuador	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador), World Bank. Ecuador Living Standards Measurement Survey 1998. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1998	
Ecuador	Center for Studies of Population and Social Development (CEPAR) (Ecuador), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Ecuador Reproductive Health Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	1999	
Ecuador	Ecuador Measurement Indicators Survey of Children and Households 2000 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2000	
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Guayaquil Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Quito Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Zamora Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Ecuador	Ecuador Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	



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Ecuador	World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Ecuador	Center for Studies of Population and Social Development (CEPAR) (Ecuador) and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2005) Ecuador Reproductive Health Survey 2004. Quito, Ecuador: CEPAR.	2004	
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Guayaquil Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Quito Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador-Zamora Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Ecuador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Ecuador Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007.	2007	*
Ecuador	Ecuador - Cuenca Report on Air Quality 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2011.	2009	
Ecuador	Ecuador - Quito Annual Report on Air Quality 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2011.	2009	
Ecuador	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics and Census (INEC) (Ecuador). Ecuador Population and Housing Census 2010 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2013.	2010	*
Ecuador	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
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Ecuador	Ecuador - Quito and Cuenca Environmental Indicators: Annual Average PM10 Concentration of Particulate Matter in the Air 2005-2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Ecuador	Ecuador - Quito Environmental Indicators: Annual Average PM2.5 Concentration of Particulate Matter in the Air 2005-2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Ecuador	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002	*
Ecuador	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
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Ecuador	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Ecuador	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-1994	
Ecuador	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2006	
Ecuador	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2006, 2009-2010	



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Ecuador	Ecuador Living Conditions Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1998-1999	
Ecuador	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador). Ecuador Living Conditions Survey 1998-1999. Quito, Ecuador: National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador).	1998-1999	
Ecuador	Ecuador Living Conditions Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Ecuador	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador), Inter-American Development Bank (IDB). Ecuador Living Conditions Survey 2005-2006. Quito, Ecuador: National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Ecuador).	2005-2006	
Ecuador	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Speváčková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2007-2008	
Egypt	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Egypt	Egypt Nutrition Status Survey 1980 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980	
Egypt	Abolfotouh MA, Nofal LM, Safwat H. Growth and nutritional status of preschool children attending the well-baby clinics. J Egypt Public Health Assoc. 1990; 65(5-6): 485-507. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Egypt	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (Egypt), League of Arab States. Egypt Maternal and Child Health Survey 1991.	1991	
Egypt	Kamal AA, Eldamaty SE, Faris R. Blood lead level of Cairo traffic policemen. Sci Total Environ. 1991; 165-70.	1991	
Egypt	Ibrahim MM, Rizk H, Appel LJ, el Aroussy W, Helmy S, Sharaf Y, Ashour Z, Kandil H, Roccella E, Whelton PK. Hypertension prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control in Egypt. Results from the Egyptian National Hypertension Project (NHP). NHP Investigative Team. Hypertension. 1995; 26(6): 886-90.	1992	
Egypt	Egypt Multicenter Study of the Mediterranean Group for the Study of Diabetes 1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Egypt	Egypt National Survey for Assessment of Vitamin A Status 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Egypt	Herman WH, Ali MA, Aubert RE, Engelgau MM, Kenny SJ, Gunter EW, Malarcher AM, Brechner RJ, Wetterhall SF, DeStefano F. Diabetes mellitus in Egypt: risk factors and prevalence. Diabet Med. 1995; 12(12): 1126-31.	1995	
Egypt	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (Egypt), Minnesota Population Center. Egypt Population, Housing, and Establishment Census 1996 - IPUMS. University of Minnesota.	1996	
Egypt	Egypt Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Egypt	Social Research Centre, American University in Cairo and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Egypt Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1996	
Egypt	Egypt - Menia, Assiut, and Sohag Assessment of Protein Energy Malnutrition, Iron Deficiency Anemia and Vitamin A Deficiency as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Egypt	Egypt - Menia, Assiut, and Sohag Assessment of Protein Energy Malnutrition, Iron Deficiency Anemia and Vitamin A Deficiency as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Egypt	El-Zanaty and Associates, Macro International, Inc. Egypt Interim Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Egypt	El Sayed N, Zeid HA, Ismail H, Nofal L, Mahfouz A, Gad A. Assessment of vitamin A deficiency (VAD) among preschool children in Alexandria Governorate: Community-Based Study. Bull High Inst Public Health. 1999; 389-398. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999	
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Egypt	Boseila SA, Gabr AA, Hakim IA. Blood lead levels in Egyptian children: influence of social and environmental factors. Am J Public Health. 2004; 94(1): 47-9.	2001	
Egypt	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	*
Egypt	Hassan F, Sadowski LS, Bangdiwala SI, Vizcarra B, Ramiro L, De Paula CS, Bordin IA, Mitra MK. Physical intimate partner violence in Chile, Egypt, India and the Philippines. Inj Control Saf Promot. 2004; 11(2): 111-6.	2001	
Egypt	Egyptian Smoking Prevention Research Institute (ESPRI). Egypt National Survey of Smoking, Obesity, Blood Pressure, and Blood Glucose 2002.	2002	
Egypt	El-Zanaty and Associates, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Population (Egypt), National Population Council (Egypt). Egypt Interim Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003	
Egypt	Diaa Marzouk A, Justine S, Iman B, El-Hosseiny M, ElHamid M, Claire R, et al. Coronary Heart Disease Risk in Rural Population of Egypt. Egypt Heart J. 2005; 365-72.	2004	
Egypt	Marzouk D, Sass J, Bakr I, El Hosseiny M, Abdel-Hamid M, Rekacewicz C, Chaturvedi N, Mohamed MK, Fontanet A. Metabolic and cardiovascular risk profiles and hepatitis C virus infection in rural Egypt. Gut. 2007; 56(8): 1105-10.	2004	
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Egypt	Abd-Elzaher M. Measurement of indoor radon concentration and assessment of doses in different districts of Alexandria city, Egypt. Environ Geochem Health. 2013; 35(3): 299-309.	2005	*
Egypt	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Egypt	El-Zanaty and Associates, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Population (Egypt), National Population Council (Egypt). Egypt Demographic and Health Survey 2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005	
Egypt	Kenawy M, Morsy A. Measurements of environmental radon-222 concentration in indoor and outdoors in Egypt. Int J Rad Appl Instrum D. 1991; 343-6.	2005	
Egypt	Ministry of Health and Population (Egypt), USAID, World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	*
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Egypt	Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (Egypt), Minnesota Population Center. Egypt General Census for Population, Housing, and Establishments 2006 - IPUMS. University of Minnesota, 2011.	2006	
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Egypt	Mostafa A, Mohamed MK, Saeed M, Hasan A, Fontanet A, Godslan I, Coady E, Esmat G, El-Hoseiny M, Abdul-Hamid M, Hughes A, Chaturvedi N. Hepatitis C infection and clearance: impact on atherosclerosis and cardiometabolic risk factors. Gut. 2010; 59(8): 1135-40.	2008	
Egypt	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Central Agency for Public Mobilization and Statistics (Egypt), Ministry of Health and Population (Egypt), World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Egypt	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
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Egypt	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Egypt	Abdel Rasoul GM, Al-Batanony MA, Mahrous OA, Abo-Salem ME, Gabr HM. Environmental lead exposure among primary school children in Shebin El-Kom District, Menoufiya Governorate, Egypt. Int J Occup Environ Med. 2012; 3(4): 186-94.	2011	*
Egypt	Ministry of Health and Population (Egypt), USAID, World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011-2012.	2012	*
Egypt	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Egypt	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2007-2008, 2012	*

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Egypt	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Egypt	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Population Council (Egypt). Egypt Demographic and Health Survey 1988-1989. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988-1989	
Egypt	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1995, 1997-2007, 2009-2012	
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Egypt	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Egypt	Macro International, Inc, National Population Council (Egypt). Egypt Demographic and Health Survey 1992-1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992-1993	
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Egypt	El-Zanaty and Associates, Macro International, Inc. Egypt Interim Demographic and Health Survey 1997-1998.	1997-1998	
Egypt	Health Care International, World Health Organization (WHO). Egypt WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2001	
Egypt	Egyptian Smoking Prevention Research Institute (ESPRI), WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean. Egypt Tobacco Use in Shisha: Studies on Waterpipe Smoking. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2006.	2002, 2005	
Egypt	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2007-2008	
Egypt	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
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El Salvador	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). El Salvador Family Planning/Maternal and Child Health Survey 1988. Final English Language Report. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1988	
El Salvador	El Salvador Assessment of Nutritional Food Situation 1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988	
El Salvador	El Salvador Assessment of Nutritional Food Situation 1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1988	
El Salvador	Minnesota Population Center, General Administration of Statistics and Censuses (El Salvador), Ministry of Economy (El Salvador). El Salvador Population and Housing Census 1992 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1992	
El Salvador	El Salvador Demographic Association (ADS), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). El Salvador Family Planning/Maternal and Child Survey 1993. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1993	
El Salvador	El Salvador Final Report on the Baseline Evaluation of the National Nutrition Education Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
El Salvador	Barthauer LM, Leventhal JM. Prevalence and effects of child sexual abuse in a poor, rural community in El Salvador: a retrospective study of women after 12 years of civil war. Child Abuse Negl. 1999; 23(11): 1117-26.	1996	
El Salvador	Brentlinger PE, Hernán MA, Hernández-Díaz S, Azaroff LS, McCall M. Childhood malnutrition and postwar reconstruction in rural El Salvador: a community-based survey. JAMA. 1999; 281(2): 184-90. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
El Salvador	El Salvador Demographic Association (ADS), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). El Salvador Reproductive Health Survey 1998. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1998	
El Salvador	El Salvador Reproductive Health Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
El Salvador	El Salvador Multipurpose Household Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
El Salvador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). El Salvador Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
El Salvador	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
El Salvador	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
El Salvador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Institute of Nutrition of Central America and Panama, Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). El Salvador - Santa Tecla Diabetes Hypertension and Chronic Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
El Salvador	Vaquerano G, Organization of Salvadoran Women for Peace (ORMUSA). El Femicidio en El Salvador: una forma de violencia, control y dominación en contra de las mujeres [Femicide in El Salvador: A form of violence, control, and domination against women]. San Salvador, El Salvador: Organization of Salvadoran Women for Peace (ORMUSA).	2006	*
El Salvador	El Salvador Multipurpose Household Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
El Salvador	Minnesota Population Center, General Administration of Statistics and Censuses (El Salvador), Ministry of Economy (El Salvador). El Salvador Population and Housing Census 2007 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2007	
El Salvador	Asociación Demográfica Salvadoreña (ADS), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2009) El Salvador Reproductive Health Survey 2008. San Salvador, El Salvador: ADS.	2008	
El Salvador	El Salvador Reproductive Health Survey 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
El Salvador	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). El Salvador Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
El Salvador	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
El Salvador	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
El Salvador	Vaquerano FM, Institute of Legal Medicine, Supreme Court of El Salvador. Defunciones por Homicidios en El Salvador Año 2001, 2002 [Deaths by Homicide in El Salvador 2001, 2002]. San Salvador, El Salvador: Institute of Legal Medicine, Supreme Court of El Salvador, 2005.	2001-2002	*
El Salvador	Asociación Demográfica Salvadoreña (ADS), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2004) El Salvador Reproductive Health Survey 2002-2003. San Salvador, El Salvador: ADS.	2002-2003	
El Salvador	Pallitto CC, Murillo V. Childhood Abuse as a Risk Factor for Adolescent Pregnancy in El Salvador. J Adolesc Health. 2008; 42(6): 580-6.	2002-2003	
El Salvador	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2007, 2012	*
El Salvador	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
El Salvador	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
El Salvador	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
El Salvador	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1992, 1994-2007	
El Salvador	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1992, 1994-2007	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Equatorial Guinea	Equatorial Guinea Assessment of Nutritional Status and Infant Mortality in the Continental Region as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Equatorial Guinea	Ministry of Planning and Economic Development (Equatorial Guinea). Equatorial Guinea Population and Housing Census 1994.	1994	
Equatorial Guinea	Custodio E, Descalzo MA, Roche J, Molina L, Sánchez I, Lwanga M, Torres AM, Fernández-Zincke E, Bernis C, Villamor E, Baylin A. The economic and nutrition transition in Equatorial Guinea coincided with a double burden of over- and under nutrition. Econ Hum Biol. 2010; 8(1): 80-7. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Equatorial Guinea	Ministry of Planning, Economic Development and Public Investment (Equatorial Guinea), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Equatorial Guinea Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Equatorial Guinea	Custodio E, Descalzo MA, Roche J, Sánchez I, Molina L, Lwanga M, Bernis C, Villamor E, Baylin A. Nutritional status and its correlates in Equatorial Guinean preschool children: results from a nationally representative survey. Food Nutr Bull. 2008; 29(1): 49-58. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Equatorial Guinea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Equatorial Guinea Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Equatorial Guinea	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2010	*
Equatorial Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Equatorial Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Equatorial Guinea	ICF International, Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Equatorial Guinea), Ministry of Planning, Economic Development and Public Investment (Equatorial Guinea). Equatorial Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 2011.	2011	*
Equatorial Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1983-2007	
Eritrea	Eritrea - Gash Barka Nutritional Baseline Survey for the Integrated Food Security Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Eritrea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996	
Eritrea	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics and Evaluation Office (Eritrea). Eritrea Demographic and Health Survey 2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002	
Eritrea	Eritrea STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Eritrea	Ministry of Health (Eritrea), World Health Organization (WHO). Eritrea STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Eritrea	Mufunda J, Debesay A, Mosazghi A, Nyarango P, Usman A, Mebrahtu G, Kosia A, Equbamichael M, Yohannes E, Ghebrat Y, Paulos E, Rizzo S, Masjuan M, Gebremichael A. Prevalence of tobacco use in Eritrea: results from a noncommunicable disease risk factor survey. Nicotine Tob Res. 2007; 9(7): 777-9.	2005	
Eritrea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Eritrea Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Eritrea	World Health Organization (WHO). Eritrea STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010.	2010	
Eritrea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Eritrea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Eritrea	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Eritrea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Eritrea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Eritrea	Eritrea Government of the State of Eritrea/ UNICEF Situation Analysis: Children and Women in Eritrea 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993-1994	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Eritrea	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Office (Eritrea). Eritrea Demographic and Health Survey 1995-1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995-1996	
Estonia	Olfefev AM, Volozh OI, Sokolova MA, Chudakova IA, Gal'perina TN, Solodkaya ES, Tagger YKh. Characteristics of the blood serum lipoprotein pattern in female Tallinn residents aged 35-54 years. Cor Vasa. 1991; 33(6): 472-9.	1991	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 1994.	1994	
Estonia	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 1996.	1996	
Estonia	Baltic Health and Nutrition Surveys 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
Estonia	Johansson J, Viigimaa M, Jensen-Urstad M, Krakau I, Hansson L-O. Risk factors for coronary heart disease in 55- and 35-year-old men and women in Sweden and Estonia. J Intern Med. 2002; 252(6): 551-60.	1997	
Estonia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 1998.	1998	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2000.	2000	
Estonia	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2001	
Estonia	Ekelund U, Sardinha LB, Anderssen SA, Harro M, Franks PW, Brage S, Cooper AR, Andersen LB, Riddoch C, Froberg K. Associations between objectively assessed physical activity and indicators of body fatness in 9- to 10-y-old European children: a population-based study from 4 distinct regions in Europe (the European Youth Heart Study). Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(3): 584-90.	2001	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2002.	2002	
Estonia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Estonia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Estonia	World Health Organization (WHO). Estonia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Estonia	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2004	*
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2004.	2004	
Estonia	Estonian Radiation Protection Centre, Swedish Radiation Protection Authority (SSI). Estonia National Radon Survey 1998-2001.	2005	
Estonia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Estonia	Petersell V, Åkerblom G, Ek B, Enel M, Mottus V, Täht K. Radon risk map of Estonia: Explanatory text to the radon risk map set of Estonia at scale of 1:500 000. Tallin-Stockholm: Geological Survey of Estonia; 2005. Report No.: SSI Rapport 2005:16/SGU Dnr. 08-466/2002.	2005	
Estonia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2006.	2006	
Estonia	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Estonia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Estonia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Estonia	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008	*
Estonia	Kull M, Matsi J, Raudsepp L. Relationship between various physical activity domains and self-perceived health and obesity in women. Women Health. 2010; 50(7): 639-51.	2008	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2008.	2008	
Estonia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Estonia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Estonia	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010	*
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2010.	2010	
Estonia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Estonia	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2012.	2012	*
Estonia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Estonia	Volozh O, Solodkaya E, Abina J, Kaup R, Goldsteine G, Olferiev A, Deev A. Some biological cardiovascular risk factors and diet in samples of the male population of Tallinn, Estonia in 1984/1985 and 1992/1993. Eur J Public Health. 2002; 12(1): 16-21.	1985, 1993	
Estonia	Abina J, Volozh O, Solodkaya E, Saava M. Blood Pressure and Contributing Factors in Inhabitants of Estonia: 15-year Trends. Blood Press. 2003; 12(2): 111-21.	1985, 1993, 2000	
Estonia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1989-2008, 2011-2012	
Estonia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1989-2012	
Estonia	Estonian Centre for Health Education and Promotion. Estonia Health Behaviour Among the Estonian Adult Population Obesity Estimates 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996. [Unpublished].	1990, 1992, 1994, 1996	
Estonia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2010	
Estonia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Estonia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Estonia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Estonia	Institute of Experimental and Clinical Medicine (Estonia). Estonia Health Interview Survey 1996-1997. Centre of Health Economics (Latvia), Lithuanian University of Health Sciences, National Institute for Health Development (Estonia), National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Social Determinants of Health Behaviors Finbalt Health Monitor 1998-2008. Helsinki, Finland: National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland), 2011.	1996-1997	
Estonia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	1998, 2000, 2002	*
Estonia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2001-2002	
Estonia	National Institute for Health Development (Estonia). Estonia Health Interview Survey 2006-2007.	2005-2006	
Estonia	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2007	
Estonia	Ethiopia - Addis Ababa Impact of Supplementary Feeding Programmes on the Nutritional Status of Beneficiaries as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2010-2012	*
Ethiopia	Zein ZA, Assefa M. Blood-pressure levels and hypertension in rural Ethiopian communities. Ethiop Med J. 1986; 24(4): 169-78.	1980	
Ethiopia		1983	

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Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United States Agency for International Development (USAID). Ethiopia Population and Housing Census 1994.	1994	
Ethiopia	Hailu A, Tessema T. Anthropometric study of Ethiopian pre-school children. Ethiop Med J. 1997; 35(4): 235-44. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Ethiopia	Deyessa N, Kassaye M, Demeke B, Taffa N. Magnitude, type and outcomes of physical violence against married women in Butajira, southern Ethiopia. Ethiop Med J. 1998; 36(2): 83-92.	1995	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia Welfare Monitoring Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Ethiopia	Haidar J, Demissie T. Malnutrition and xerophthalmia in rural communities of Ethiopia. East Afr Med J. 1999; 76(10): 590-3. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	
Ethiopia	Abate G, Kogi-Makau W, Muroki NM. Health seeking and hygiene behaviours predict nutritional status of pre-school children in a slum area of Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. Ethiop Med J. 2000; 38(4): 253-65. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Ethiopia	Getahun H. Marriage through abduction ('Telefa') in rural north west Ethiopia. Ethiop Med J. 2001; 39(2): 105-12.	1997	
Ethiopia	World Vision Ethiopia MICA Program. Final Evaluation Report. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia Health and Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1998	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia Welfare Monitoring Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1998	
Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia), ORC Macro. Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: ORC Macro, 2001.	2000	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia Welfare Monitoring Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Ethiopia	Salama P, Assefa F, Talley L, Spiegel P, van Der Veen A, Gotway CA. Malnutrition, measles, mortality, and the humanitarian response during a famine in Ethiopia. JAMA. 2001; 286(5): 563-71. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Ethiopia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ethiopia-Addis Ababa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). Ethiopia - Butajira STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	*
Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). Ethiopia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia Welfare Monitoring Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Ethiopia	Tesfaye F, Nawi NG, Van Minh H, Byass P, Berhane Y, Bonita R, Wall S. Association between body mass index and blood pressure across three populations in Africa and Asia. J Hum Hypertens. 2007; 21(1): 28-37.	2004	
Ethiopia	Macro International, Inc, Population and Housing Census Commissions Office (PHCCO). Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey 2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005	
Ethiopia	Worku D, Gebremariam A, Jayalakshmi S. Child sexual abuse and its outcomes among high school students in southwest Ethiopia. Trop Doct. 2006; 36(3): 137-40.	2005	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia - Addis Ababa STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). Ethiopia - Addis Ababa STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	*
Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia), Government of Ethiopia, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Ethiopia Population and Housing Census 2007. Addis Ababa, Ethiopia: Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia).	2007	
Ethiopia	Pennise D, Brant S, Agbeve SM, Quaye W, Mengesha F, Tadele W, Wofchuck T. Indoor air quality impacts of an improved wood stove in Ghana and an ethanol stove in Ethiopia. Energy Sustain Dev. 2009; 13(2): 71-6. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2009	



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Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Ethiopia	Abeya SG, Afework MF, Yalew AW. Intimate partner violence against women in western Ethiopia: prevalence, patterns, and associated factors. BMC Public Health. 2011; 913.	2011	*
Ethiopia	Biran A, Schmidt WP, Zeleke L, Emukule H, Khay H, Parker J, Peprah D. Hygiene and sanitation practices amongst residents of three long-term refugee camps in Thailand, Ethiopia and Kenya. Trop Med Int Health. 2012; 17(9): 113-41.	2011	*
Ethiopia	Sanbata H, Asfaw A, Kumie A. Indoor air pollution in slum neighbourhoods of Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. Atmospheric Environment. 2014; 230-4.	2012	*
Ethiopia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Ethiopia	Addis Ababa University, Program for Appropriate Technology in Health (PATH), Umeå University, World Health Organization (WHO). Ethiopia WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2002.	2000-2002	
Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia), ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Ethiopia). Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010-2011	
Ethiopia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Ethiopia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Ethiopia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia National Rural Nutrition Survey 1982-1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983, 1992	
Ethiopia	Ethiopia WHO/UNICEF Joint Nutrition Program Annual Report 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984-1985	
Ethiopia	Lindtjørn B, Alemu T, Bjorvatn B. Dietary pattern and state of nutrition among children in drought-prone areas of southern Ethiopia. Ann Trop Paediatr. 1993; 13(1): 21-32. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989-1991	
Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia). Ethiopia National Fertility and Family Survey 1990-1991. Addis Ababa, Ethiopia: Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia).	1990-1991	
Ethiopia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2011	
Ethiopia	Central Statistical Agency (Ethiopia), World Bank. Ethiopia Living Standards Measurement Study - Integrated Survey on Agriculture 2011-2012. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2011-2012	*
Ethiopia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2011-2012	
Federated States of Micronesia	Micronesia - Maternal-Child Health Survey: Pohnpei, Federated States of Micronesia, 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1993	
Federated States of Micronesia	Micronesia Lead Exposure Data 1995 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1995	
Federated States of Micronesia	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1997	
Federated States of Micronesia	Results of vitamin A, Anemia and Blood Lead Survey Among 2-4 Year Old Children and Reproductive-aged Women in Yap Proper and Kosrae State, Federated States of Micronesia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	
Federated States of Micronesia	Micronesia Population and Housing Census 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Federated States of Micronesia	Vitamin A deficiency among children--Federated States of Micronesia, 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Federated States of Micronesia	Brown LM, Kim D, Yomai A, Meyer PA, Noonan GP, Huff D, Flanders WD. Blood lead levels and risk factors for lead poisoning in children and caregivers in Chuuk State, Micronesia. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2005; 208(4): 231-6.	2001	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Federated States of Micronesia	Centre for Physical Activity and Health, University of Sydney (Australia), Department of Health and Social Affairs (Micronesia), Fiji School of Medicine, Micronesia Human Resources Development Center, Pohnpei State Department of Health Services, World Health Organization (WHO). Micronesia - Pohnpei STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2002	
Federated States of Micronesia	Micronesia - Pohnpei STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
Federated States of Micronesia	Vitamin A Deficiency Among Children and Caregivers in Chuuk State, Federated States of Micronesia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002	
Federated States of Micronesia	Micronesia Analysis of the 2005 Household Income and Expenditure Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Federated States of Micronesia	Chuuk Department of Health Services (Micronesia), Department of Health and Social Affairs (Micronesia), World Health Organization (WHO). Micronesia - Chuuk STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	*
Federated States of Micronesia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Federated States of Micronesia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Federated States of Micronesia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Federated States of Micronesia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Federated States of Micronesia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002, 2004-2005	*
Federated States of Micronesia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2006	
Fiji	King H, Zimmet P, Raper LR, Balkau B. Risk factors for diabetes in three Pacific populations. Am J Epidemiol. 1984; 119(3): 396-409.	1980	
Fiji	Zimmet P, Taylor R, Ram P, King H, Sloman G, Raper LR, Hunt D. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired glucose tolerance in the biracial (Melanesian and Indian) population of Fiji: a rural-urban comparison. Am J Epidemiol. 1983; 118(5): 673-88.	1980	
Fiji	Fiji National Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Fiji	Fiji National Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Fiji	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996	
Fiji	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Fiji	Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID), Fiji School of Medicine, Menzies Center for Population Health Research, University of Tasmania (Australia), Ministry of Health (Fiji), World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2002	
Fiji	National Food and Nutrition Centre (Fiji). Fiji National Nutrition Survey 2004.	2004	*
Fiji	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Fiji	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Fiji	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Fiji), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	
Fiji	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Fiji	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Fiji	World Health Organization (WHO). Fiji STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Fiji	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Fiji). Fiji Global AIDS Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1986-2011	*
Fiji	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Fiji	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Fiji	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Finland	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Finland	Rissanen A, Knekt P, Heliövaara M, Aromaa A, Reunanen A, Maatela J. Weight and mortality in Finnish women. J Clin Epidemiol. 1991; 44(8): 787-95.	1966	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Finland	Porkka KV, Viikari JS, Akerblom HK. Tracking of serum HDL-cholesterol and other lipids in children and adolescents: the Cardiovascular Risk in Young Finns Study. Prev Med. 1991; 20(6): 713-24.	1980	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 1982.	1982	
Finland	World Health Organization. Finland CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1982, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1982	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
Finland	Nissinen A, Kivela SL, Pekkanen J, Tuomilehto J, Kostiainen E, Piippo H, Lammi UK, Kaarsalo E, Romo M, Punsar S. Levels of some biological risk indicators among elderly men in Finland. Age Ageing. 1986; 15(4): 203-11.	1984	
Finland	Tuomilehto J, Nissinen A, Kivelä SL, Pekkanen J, Kaarsalo E, Wolf E, Aro A, Punsar S, Karvonen MJ. Prevalence of diabetes mellitus in elderly men aged 65 to 84 years in eastern and western Finland. Diabetologia. 1986; 29(9): 611-5.	1984	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Finland	Sulander T, Rahkonen O, Nissinen A, Uutela A. Association of smoking status with obesity and diabetes among elderly people. Arch Gerontol Geriatr. 2007; 45(2): 159-67.	1985	
Finland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Finland INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Finland	Raitakari OT, Porkka KV, Räsänen L, Viikari JS. Relations of life-style with lipids, blood pressure and insulin in adolescents and young adults. The Cardiovascular Risk in Young Finns Study. Atherosclerosis. 1994; 111(2): 237-46.	1986	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	



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Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Finland	Kuusisto J, Mykkanen L, Pyörälä K, Laakso M. Non-insulin-dependent diabetes and its metabolic control are important predictors of stroke in elderly subjects. Stroke. 1994; 25(6): 1157-64.	1987	
Finland	Lakka TA, Salonen JT. Physical activity and serum lipids: a cross-sectional population study in Eastern Finnish Men. Am J Epidemiol. 1992; 136(7): 806-18.	1987	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 1987.	1987	
Finland	Stahlhofen W, Möller W. In vivo and in vitro studies of the cellular defense system of the human lung. Toxicol Lett. 1994; 72(1-3): 1-3.	1987	
Finland	Tuomilehto J, Korhonen HJ, Kartovaara L, Salomaa V, Stengård JH, Pitkänen M, Aro A, Javela K, Uusitupa M, Pitkaniemi J. Prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in the middle-aged population of three areas in Finland.. Int J Epidemiol. 1991; 20(4): 1010-7.	1987	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Finland	Laitinen K, Välimäki M, Keto P. Bone mineral density measured by dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry in healthy Finnish women. Calcif Tissue Int. 1991; 48(4): 224-31.	1988	
Finland	Aijänsäpää S, Kivinen P, Helkala E-L, Kivelä S-L, Tuomilehto J, Nissinen A. Serum cholesterol and depressive symptoms in elderly Finnish men. Int J Geriatr Psychiatry. 2002; 17(7): 629-34.	1989	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Finland	Kröger H, Heikkinen J, Laitinen K, Kotaniemi A. Dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry in normal women: A cross-sectional study of 717 finnish volunteers. Osteoporos Int. 1992; 2(3): 135-40.	1989	
Finland	Lindroos M, Kupari M, Valvanne J, Strandberg T, Heikkilä J, Tilvis R. Factors associated with calcific aortic valve degeneration in the elderly. Eur Heart J. 1994; 15(7): 865-70.	1989	
Finland	Mykkanen L, Laakso M, Uusitupa M, Pyörälä K. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired glucose tolerance in elderly subjects and their association with obesity and family history of diabetes. Diabetes Care. 1990; 13(11): 1099-105.	1989	
Finland	Tilvis RS, Valvanne JN, Strandberg TE, Miettinen TA. Prognostic significance of serum cholesterol, lathosterol, and sitosterol in old age; a 17-year population study. Ann Med. 2011; 43(4): 292-301.	1989	*
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Finland	Sariola H, Uutela A. The prevalence of child sexual abuse in Finland. Child Abuse Negl. 1994; 18(10): 827-35.	1991	
Finland	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1992	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
Finland	Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 1992 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 1992.	1992	
Finland	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
Finland	Ylihärsilä H, Lindström J, Eriksson JG, Jousilahti P, Valle TT, Sundvall J, Tuomilehto J. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 45- to 64-year-old individuals in three areas of Finland. Diabet Med. 2005; 22(1): 88-91.	1992	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	



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Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Finland	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Finland	Laitinen J, Ek E, Sovio U. Stress-related eating and drinking behavior and body mass index and predictors of this behavior. Prev Med. 2002; 34(1): 29-39.	1997	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 1997.	1997	
Finland	Saari K, Jokelainen J, Veijola J, Koponen H, Jones PB, Savolainen M, Järvelin M-R, Lauren L, Isohanni M, Lindeman S. Serum lipids in schizophrenia and other functional psychoses: a general population northern Finland 1966 birth cohort survey. Acta Psychiatr Scand. 2004; 110(4): 279-85.	1997	
Finland	Statistics Finland. Finland Women's Safety Survey 1997.	1997	
Finland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1998.	1998	
Finland	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Finland	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Finland	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Finland	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). Finland European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
Finland	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	

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Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Finland	Juonala M, Viikari JSA, Hutri-Kähönen N, Pietikäinen M, Jokinen E, Taittonen L, Marniemi J, Rönnemaa T, Raitakari OT. The 21-year follow-up of the Cardiovascular Risk in Young Finns Study: risk factor levels, secular trends and east-west difference. J Intern Med. 2004; 255(4): 457-68.	2001	*
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2001.	2001	
Finland	Pirkola J, Tammelin T, Bloigu A, Pouta A, Laitinen J, Ruokonen A, Tapanainen P, Järvelin M-R, Vääräsmäki M. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome at age 16 using the International Diabetes Federation paediatric definition. Arch Dis Child. 2008; 93(11): 945-51.	2001	
Finland	Raitakari OT, Juonala M, Viikari JS. Obesity in childhood and vascular changes in adulthood: insights into the Cardiovascular Risk in Young Finns Study. Int J Obes (Lond). 2005; 101-4.	2001	
Finland	Veltsista A, Laitinen J, Sovio U, Roma E, Järvelin M-R, Bakoula C. Relationship between eating behavior, breakfast consumption, and obesity among Finnish and Greek adolescents. J Nutr Educ Behav. 2010; 42(6): 417-21.	2001	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Finland	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2002	*
Finland	Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2002.	2002	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 2002.	2002	
Finland	Reinivuo H, Valsta LM, Laatikainen T, Tuomilehto J, Pietinen P. Sodium in the Finnish diet: II trends in dietary sodium intake and comparison between intake and 24-h excretion of sodium. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2006; 60(10): 1160-7. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
Finland	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Finland	Koskenvuo K, Hublin C, Partinen M, Paunio T, Koskenvuo M. Childhood adversities and quality of sleep in adulthood: A population-based study of 26,000 Finns. Sleep Med. 2010; 11(1): 17-22.	2003	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2003.	2003	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Elderly 2003.	2003	
Finland	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Finland	Tikkinen KAO, Auvinen A, Johnson TM 2nd, Weiss JP, Keränen T, Tiitinen A, Polo O, Partinen M, Tammela TLJ. A systematic evaluation of factors associated with nocturia--the population-based FINNO study. Am J Epidemiol. 2009; 170(3): 361-8.	2003	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2004.	2004	

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Finland	Arvela H, Holmgren O, Reisbacka H. Radon prevention in new construction in Finland: a nationwide sample survey in 2009. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 148(4): 465-474.	2005	
Finland	Arvela H. Population distribution of doses from natural radiation in Finland. In: Burkart W, Sohrabi M, Bayer A, editors. High levels of natural radiation and radon areas: radiation dose and health effects. 5th International Conference on High Levels of Natural Radiation and Radon Areas; 2000 Sept 4-7; Munich. Amsterdam, Netherlands: Elsevier, 2002. (ICS; 1225). p. 9-14.	2005	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Finland	Finnish Centre for Radiation and Nuclear Safety. Finland Residential Radon Survey 1990-1991.	2005	
Finland	Isomaa R, Isomaa A-L, Marttunen M, Kaltiala-Heino R, Björkqvist K. Longitudinal concomitants of incorrect weight perception in female and male adolescents. Body Image. 2011; 8(1): 58-63.	2005	
Finland	Mèantyselkèa P, Miettola J, Niskanen L, Kumpusalo E. Glucose regulation and chronic pain at multiple sites. Rheumatology (Oxford). 2008; 47(8): 1235-8.	2005	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2005.	2005	
Finland	Valmari T, Arvela H, Reisbacka H. Radon in Finnish apartment buildings. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 152(1-3): 146-9.	2005	
Finland	Breastfeeding Support Association (Finland). Finland - Report on the Situation of Infant and Young Child Feeding in Finland.	2006	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2006.	2006	
Finland	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2007	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2007	
Finland	Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2007.	2007	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland National FINRISK Health Survey 2007.	2007	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2008 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2008	
Finland	National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2008.	2008	
Finland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Finland	Finland Adolescent Health and Lifestyle Survey 2009 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2009	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2009 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2009	
Finland	Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Finnish Elderly Population 2009 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2009	



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Finland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Finland	National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Finland Health Behavior and Health Among the Adult Population 2010.	2010	
Finland	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Finland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Finland	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2011	*
Finland	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Finland	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. Laatikainen T, Pietinen P, Valsta L, Sundvall J, Reinivuo H, Tuomilehto J. Sodium in the Finnish diet: 20-year trends in urinary sodium excretion among the adult population. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2006; 60(8): 965-70. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2012	*
Finland	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1982, 1987, 2002	
Finland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985, 1990, 1998	
Finland	Finland Type 1 Diabetes Prediction and Prevention (DIPP) Nutrition Study as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].		
Finland	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2003-2005	
Finland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2006-2012	*
Finland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1961-2009	
Finland	Vuorela N, Saha M-T, Salo MK. Change in prevalence of overweight and obesity in Finnish children - comparison between 1974 and 2001. Acta Paediatr. 2011; 100(1): 109-15.	1970-2009	
Finland	Kautiainen S, Koivisto A-M, Koivusilta L, Lintonen T, Virtanen SM, Rimpelä A. Sociodemographic factors and a secular trend of adolescent overweight in Finland. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2009; 4(4): 360-70.	1974, 1981, 2001	
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Finland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980, 1986	
Finland	National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Finland Tobacco Statistics 2011. Helsinki, Finland: National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland), 2012.	1980-2011	*
Finland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1980-2011	
Finland	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1981-2012	
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Finland	Ahti TM, Mäkiäara LA, Luukkaala T, Hakama M, Laurikka JO. Lifestyle factors and varicose veins: does cross-sectional design result in underestimate of the risk?. Phlebology. 2010; 25(4): 201-6.	1985, 2001	
Finland		1989, 1994	



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Finland	Huopio J, Kröger H, Honkanen R, Saarikoski S, Alhava E. Risk factors for perimenopausal fractures: a prospective study. Osteoporos Int. 2000; 11(3): 219-27.	1990-1994	
Finland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2007	
Finland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Finland	Kastarinen MJ, Antikainen RL, Laatikainen TK, Salomaa VV, Tuomilehto JO, Nissinen AM, Vartiainen EA. Trends in hypertension care in eastern and south-western Finland during 1982-2002. J Hypertens. 2006; 24(5): 829-36.	1992, 1997, 2002	
Finland	ESPAD Report 2007: Substance Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995-2007	
Finland	Centre of Health Economics (Latvia), Lithuanian University of Health Sciences, National Institute for Health Development (Estonia), National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Social Determinants of Health Behaviors Finbalt Health Monitor 1998-2008. Helsinki, Finland: National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland), 2011.	1998, 2000	*
Finland	Wasén E, Isoaho R, Mattila K, Vahlberg T, Kivelä SL, Irjala K. Estimation of glomerular filtration rate in the elderly: a comparison of creatinine-based formulae with serum cystatin C. J Intern Med. 2004; 256(1): 70-8.	1998-1999	
Finland	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Finland	Finland Health Examination Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000-2001	
Finland	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Finland Health Examination Survey 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Finland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Finland	Gudmundsdottir SL, Indridason OS, Franzson L, Sigurdsson G. Age-related decline in bone mass measured by dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry and quantitative ultrasound in a population-based sample of both sexes: identification of useful ultrasound thresholds for osteoporosis screening. J Clin Densitom. 2005; 8(1): 80-6.	2001-2003	
Finland	Viiri LE, Loimaala A, Nenonen A, Islam S, Vuori I, Karhunen PJ, Lehtimäki T. The association of the apolipoprotein E gene promoter polymorphisms and haplotypes with serum lipid and lipoprotein concentrations. Atherosclerosis. 2005; 179(1): 161-7.	2002-2004	
Finland	Saaristo TE, Barengo NC, Korpi-Hyövälti E, Oksa H, Puolijoki H, Saltevo JT, Vanhala M, Sundvall J, Saarikoski L, Peltonen M, Tuomilehto J. High prevalence of obesity, central obesity and abnormal glucose tolerance in the middle-aged Finnish population. BMC Public Health. 2008; 8(1): 423.	2004-2005	
Finland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Finland	Komulainen P, Pedersen M, Hanninen T, Bruunsgaard H, Lakka T, Kivipelto M, Hassinen M, Rauramaa T, Pedersen B, Rauramaa R. BDNF is a novel marker of cognitive function in ageing women: The DR's EXTRA Study. Neurobiol Learn Mem. 2008; 90(4): 596-603.	2005-2007	
Finland	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Finland	National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Finland Children and Young People's Health Follow up Study (LATE) 2007-2009.	2007-2009	
Finland	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008, 2010-2011	*
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
France	France Decennial Survey on Health and Medical Care 1980-1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
France	King H, Taylor R, Koteka G, Nemaia H, Zimmet P, Bennett PH, Raper LR. Glucose tolerance in Polynesia. Population-based surveys in Rarotonga and Niue. Med J Aust. 1986; 145(10): 505-10.	1980	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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France	National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE) (France), Minnesota Population Center. France General Population Census 1982 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1982	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
France	France Adult Health Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
France	France Household Living Conditions Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
France	Berraho M, Nejari C, Raherison C, El Achhab Y, Tachfouti N, Serhier Z, Dartigues JF, Barberger-Gateau P. Body mass index, disability, and 13-year mortality in older French adults. J Aging Health. 2010; 22(1): 68-83.	1988	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 29 (Mar-Apr 1988). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1714 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10886	1988	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
France	France Adult Health Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
France	Tran PD, Leclerc A, Chastang JF, Goldberg M. Regional disparities in cardiovascular risk factors in France: a five-year analysis of the GAZEL cohort. Eur J Epidemiol. 1998; 14(6): 535-43.	1989	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 34.1 (Nov 1990). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1961 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10893	1990	*
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
France	National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE) (France), Minnesota Population Center. France Population Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
France	France Decennial Survey on Health and Medical Care 1990-1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
France	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
France	France Adult Health Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
France	Choquet M, Darves-Bornoz J-M, Ledoux S, Manfredi R, Hassler C. Self-reported health and behavioral problems among adolescent victims of rape in France: Results of a cross-sectional survey. Child Abuse Negl. 1997; 21(9): 823-32.	1993	
France	France Adult Health Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	

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France	New Caledonia Northern Province Nutritional Study 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
France	Flurin V, Mauras Y, Le Bouil A, Krari N, Kerjan A, Allain P. [Lead blood levels in children under 6 years of age in the Mans region]. Presse Med. 1998; 27(2): 57-9.	1995	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
France	France Adult Health Survey 1995-1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
France	France Lead Exposure Data 1995 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1995	
France	Asmar R, Vol S, Pannier B, Brisac AM, Tichet J, El Hasnaoui A. High blood pressure and associated cardiovascular risk factors in France. J Hypertens. 2001; 19(10): 1727-32.	1996	
France	Defay R, Delcourt C, Ranvier M, Lacroux A, Papoz L. Relationships between physical activity, obesity and diabetes mellitus in a French elderly population: the POLA study. Pathologies Oculaires liées à l' Age. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2001; 25(4): 512-8.	1996	
France	Gourdy P, Ruidavets JB, Ferrieres J, Ducimetiere P, Amouyel P, Arveiler D, Cottel D, Lamamy N, Bingham A, Hanaire-Broutin H; MONICA Study. Prevalence of type 2 diabetes and impaired fasting glucose in the middle-aged population of three French regions - the MONICA study 1995-97. Diabetes Metab. 2001; 27(3): 347-58.	1996	
France	France Adolescent Health Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
France	France Adult Health Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
France	Lioret S, Maire B, Volatier J-L, Charles M-A. Child overweight in France and its relationship with physical activity, sedentary behaviour and socioeconomic status. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2007; 61(4): 509-16.	1998	
France	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. France Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1999. [Unpublished].	1999	
France	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
France	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1999	*
France	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
France	France Adult Health Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
France	France Individual and National Food Consumption Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1999	
France	National Institute of Statistics and Economic Studies (INSEE) (France), Minnesota Population Center. France Population Census 1999 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1999	
France	Bourdel-Marchasson I, Helmer C, Barberger-Gateau P, Peuchant E, Février B, Ritchie K, Dartigues JF. Characteristics of undiagnosed diabetes in community-dwelling French elderly: the 3C study. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2007; 76(2): 257-64.	2000	
France	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
France	France Survey on Health and Consumption During the Day of Defense Preparation 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
France	Kony S, Zureik M, Neukirch C, Leynaert B, Vervloet D, Neukirch F. Rhinitis is associated with increased systolic blood pressure in men: a population-based study. Am J Respir Crit Care Med. 2003; 167(4): 538-43.	2000	



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France	National Center for Scientific Research (CNRS) (France), National Institute for Demographic Studies (France), National Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM) (France), Paris Demography Institute (IDUP). France National Survey of Violence Against Women 2000.	2000	
France	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). France European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
France	Péneau S, Rouchaud A, Rolland-Cachera M-F, Arnault N, Hercberg S, Castetbon K. Body size and growth from birth to 2 years and risk of overweight at 7-9 years. <i>Int J Pediatr Obes.</i> 2011; 6(2-2): e162-169.	2000	
France	Rolland-Cachera M-F, Castetbon K, Arnault N, Bellisle F, Romano M-C, Lehingue Y, Frelut M-L, Hercberg S. Body mass index in 7-9-y-old French children: frequency of obesity, overweight and thinness. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 2002; 26(12): 1610-6.	2000	
France	Du Cailar G, Mimran A, Fesler P, Ribstein J, Blacher J, Safar ME. Dietary sodium and pulse pressure in normotensive and essential hypertensive subjects. <i>J Hypertens.</i> 2004; 22(4): 697-703. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001	
France	France Survey on Health and Consumption During the Day of Defense Preparation 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
France	Klein-Platat C, Wagner A, Haan MC, Arveiler D, Schlienger JL, Simon C. Prevalence and sociodemographic determinants of overweight in young French adolescents. <i>Diabetes Metab Res Rev.</i> 2003; 19(2): 153-8.	2001	
France	Centre for Research and Documentation in Health Economics (CREDES) (France). France Survey of Health and Welfare 2002.	2002	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
France	France Survey on Health and Consumption During the Day of Defense Preparation 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
France	Albrand G, Munoz F, Sornay-Rendu E, DuBoeuf F, Delmas P. Independent predictors of all osteoporosis-related fractures in healthy postmenopausal women: The OFELY Study. <i>Bone</i> . 2003; 32(1): 78-85.	2003	
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM). France National Perinatal Survey 2003.	2003	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
France	France Lead Exposure Data 2003 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	2003	
France	France Survey on Health and Consumption During the Day of Defense Preparation 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
France	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. <i>Qual Life Res.</i> 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
France	Pigeyre M, Duhamel A, Poulain J-P, Rousseaux J, Barbe P, Jeanneau S, Tibère L, Romon M. Influence of social factors on weight-related behaviors according to gender in the French adult population. <i>Appetite.</i> 2012; 58(2): 703-9.	2003	
France	Roche (France). France National Survey of Overweight and Obesity 2003.	2003	
France	World Health Organization (WHO). France World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
France	France Lead Exposure Data 2004 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	2004	
France	Institute for Research and Documentation in Health Economics (IRDES) (France). France Survey of Health and Welfare 2004.	2004	
France	Thibault H, Contrand B, Saubusse E, Baine M, Maurice-Tison S. Risk factors for overweight and obesity in French adolescents: physical activity, sedentary behavior and parental characteristics. <i>Nutrition.</i> 2010; 26(2): 192-200.	2004	
France	Baysson H, Billon S, Laurier D, Rogel A, Tirmarche M. Seasonal correction factors for estimating radon exposure in dwellings in France. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry.</i> 2003; 104(3): 245-52.	2005	
France	Billon S, Morin A, Caër S, Baysson H, Gambard JP, Backe JC, Rannou A, Tirmarche M, Laurier D. French population exposure to radon, terrestrial gamma and cosmic rays. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry.</i> 2005; 113(3): 314-20.	2005	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
France	France Survey on Health and Consumption During the Day of Defense Preparation 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
France	French Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM), Roche (France), TNS Sofres (France). France National Survey of Overweight and Obesity 2006.	2006	
France	Institute for Research and Documentation in Health Economics (IRDES) (France). France Survey of Health and Welfare 2006.	2006	
France	Péneau S, Salanave B, Rolland-Cachera M-F, Hercberg S, Castetbon K. Correlates of sedentary behavior in 7 to 9-year-old French children are dependent on maternal weight status. Int J Obes (Lond). 2011; 35(7): 907-15.	2007	
France	Salanave B, Peneau S, Rolland-Cachera M-F, Hercberg S, Castetbon K. Stabilization of overweight prevalence in French children between 2000 and 2007. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2009; 4(2): 66-72.	2007	
France	Thibault H, Carriere C, Langevin C, Kossi Déti E, Barberger-Gateau P, Maurice S. Prevalence and factors associated with overweight and obesity in French primary-school children. Public Health Nutr. 2013; 16(2): 193-201.	2007	*
France	Institute for Research and Documentation in Health Economics (IRDES) (France). France Survey of Health and Welfare 2008.	2008	
France	Léger D, Roscoat E du, Bayon V, Guignard R, Pâquereau J, Beck F. Short sleep in young adults: Insomnia or sleep debt? Prevalence and clinical description of short sleep in a representative sample of 1004 young adults from France. Sleep Med. 2011; 12(5): 454-62.	2008	
France	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
France	French Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM), Kantar Health, Roche (France). France National Survey of Overweight and Obesity 2009.	2009	
France	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
France	Beck F, Guignard R, Richard JB, Wilquin JL, Peretti-Watel P. Recent Increase in smoking in France: main results of the Health Barometer. Bull Epidemiol Hebd (Paris). 2011; 230-3.	2010	
France	Institute for Research and Documentation in Health Economics (IRDES) (France). France Survey of Health and Welfare 2010.	2010	
France	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
France	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
France	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
France	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
France	French Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM), Kantar Health, Roche (France). France National Survey of Overweight and Obesity 2012.	2012	*
France	Meneton P, Lafay L, Tard A, Dufour A, Ireland J, Ménard J, Volatier JL. Dietary sources and correlates of sodium and potassium intakes in the French general population. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2009; 63(10): 1169-75. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998-1999	
France	France National Nutrition and Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006-2007	
France	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
France	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
France	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
France	Blondel B, Bréart G, du Mazaubrun C, Badeyan G, Wcislo M, Lordier A, Matet N. [The perinatal situation in France. Trends between 1981 and 1995]. J Gynecol Obstet Biol Reprod (Paris). 1997; 26(8): 770-80.	1981, 1995	

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France	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2008	
France	Grasmick C, Huel G, Moreau T, Sarmini H. The combined effect of tobacco and alcohol consumption on the level of lead and cadmium in blood. Sci Total Environ. 1985; 41(3): 207-17.	1982-1983	
France	French Guiana Evaluation of Nutritional Status of Children Aged 0-6 Years in the Valley of Maroni as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1987	
France	New Caledonia Development of Children on the Island of Mar as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1987	
France	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1986-1996	
France	Heude B, Lafay L, Borys JM, Thibult N, Lommez A, Romon M, Ducimetière P, Charles MA. Time trend in height, weight, and obesity prevalence in school children from Northern France, 1992-2000. Diabetes Metab. 2003; 29(3): 235-40.	1992, 2000	
France	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1994	
France	Szulec P, Marchand F, Duboeuf F, Delmas PD. Cross-sectional assessment of age-related bone loss in men: the MINOS study. Bone . 2000; 26(2): 123-9.	1995-1998	
France	Stengel B, Jaussent I, Guiserix J, Bourgeon B, Papoz L, Favier F; REDIA Study Group. High prevalence of chronic kidney disease in La Réunion island and its association with the metabolic syndrome in the non-diabetic population: La Réunion Diabetes (REDIA) Study. Diabetes Metab. 2007; 33(6): 444-52.	1999-2001	
France	Stengel B, Metzger M, Froissart M, Rainfray M, Berr C, Tzourio C, Helmer C. Epidemiology and prognostic significance of chronic kidney disease in the elderly – the Three-City prospective cohort study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2011; 26(10): 3286-95.	1999-2001	
France	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (France). France Health of Children Aged Six through School Health Assessments 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
France	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (France). France Health of Adolescents in Third Grade 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
France	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003-2012	
France	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003-2012	
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (France). France Health of Schoolchildren in CM2 2004-2005.	2004-2005	
France	National Institute for Prevention and Health Education (France). France Health Barometer 2005.	2004-2005	
France	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (France). France Health of Kindergarden Children 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
France	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
France	Falq G, Zeghnoun A, Pascal M, Vernay M, Le Strat Y, Garnier R, Olichon D, Bretin P, Castetbon K, Fréry N. Blood lead levels in the adult population living in France the French Nutrition and Health Survey (ENNS 2006-2007). Environ Int. 2011; 37(3): 565-71.	2006-2007	
France	French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), French National Health Insurance Fund for Salaried Workers (CNAMTS), National Conservatory of Arts and Trades (CNAM) (France), University of Paris 13. France National Nutrition and Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
France	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
France	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
France	Directorate for Research, Studies, Evaluation, and Statistics (France), French Institute for Public Health Surveillance (INVS), Ministry of Social Affairs and Health (France). France Health of CM2 Students 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
France	Oulhote Y, Tertre AL, Etchevers A, Bot BL, Lucas J-P, Mandin C, Le Strat Y, Lanphear B, Glorennec P. Implications of different residential lead standards on children's blood lead levels in France: Predictions based on a national cross-sectional survey. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2013; 216(6): 743-50.	2008-2009	*
France	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
France	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
France	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Gabon	Gabon Nutrition Survey 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Gabon	Gabon - Moyen-Ogooué Evaluation of the Nutritional Status of Preschool Children in the Region Lambarene as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Gabon	Gabon - Estuaire STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2009	
Gabon	World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health and Public Hygiene (Gabon). Gabon - Estuaire STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2009	
Gabon	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Gabon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Gabon	General Directorate of Statistics (Gabon), ICF International, Ministry of Economy, Employment and Sustainable Development (Gabon), Ministry of Health (Gabon). Gabon Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Gabon	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2003, 2007-2009, 2012	*
Gabon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Gabon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Gabon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Gabon	General Directorate of Statistics and Economic Studies (Gabon), Macro International, Inc. Gabon Demographic and Health Survey 2000-2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000-2001	
Georgia	Grim CE, Grim CM, Petersen JR, Li J, Tavill F, Kipshidze NN, Chawla PS, Kipshidze N. Prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in the Republic of Georgia. J Hum Hypertens. 1999; 13(4): 243-7.	1998	
Georgia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), ORC Macro. Reproductive, Maternal and Child Health in Eastern Europe and Eurasia: A Comparative Report 1993-2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	1999	
Georgia	National Center for Disease Control (Georgia), State Department of Statistics of Georgia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Georgia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999.	1999	
Georgia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Georgia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	
Georgia	World Health Organization (WHO). Georgia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Georgia	Georgia Center for Disease Control (NCDC), Georgian Ministry of Labor Health and Social Affairs (MOLHSA), Division of Reproductive Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Georgia Reproductive Health Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Georgia	National Center for Disease Control (Georgia), State Department of Statistics of Georgia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Georgia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Georgia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Georgia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Georgia	Georgia National Nutrition Survey 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009	
Georgia	World Health Organization (WHO). Georgia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010.	2010	*
Georgia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Georgia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Georgia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Georgia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Georgia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), National Center for Disease Control and Public Health (Georgia). Georgia Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2007-2011	*
Georgia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2009	
Georgia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Georgia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Georgia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998-2007	
Georgia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998-2007	
Georgia	Georgia Center for Disease Control (NCDC), Georgia Ministry of Labor, Health and Social Affairs (MOLHSA), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2001) Georgia Reproductive Health Survey 1999-2000. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999-2000	
Georgia	Georgia Nutritional Status of Children Less than Five Years of Age in Six Drought Affected Regions 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000-2001	
Georgia	Georgia Nutritional Status of Children Less than Five Years of Age in Six Drought Affected Regions 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000-2001	
Georgia	Institute for Polling and Marketing (Georgia), World Health Organization (WHO). Georgia WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Georgia	Georgia Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Georgia	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfer C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Georgia	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2008-2009	
Georgia	Division of Reproductive Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Georgia Ministry of Labor, Health and Social Affairs, National Center for Disease Control and Public Health (Georgia), National Statistics Office of Georgia. Georgia Reproductive Health Survey 2010-2011.	2010-2011	*
Germany	Pollak A, Binder R, Vycudilik W. [The umbilical cord blood lead concentration: a comparison between an urban and rural population (author's transl)]. Wien Klin Wochenschr. 1976; 88(17): 567-9.	1973	
Germany	Hense HW, Stieber J, Chambless L. Factors associated with measured differences between fourth and fifth phase diastolic Blood Press. Int J Epidemiol. 1986; 15(4): 513-8.	1981	
Germany	Koenig W, Keil U, Perz S, Stieber J, Döring A. Treatment of hypertension. Patterns of drug utilization in a metropolitan population. Klin Wochenschr. 1986; 64(23): 1229-36.	1982	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Germany	Winneke G, Beginn U, Ewert T, Havestadt C, Kraemer U, Krause C, Thron HL, Wagner HM. Comparing the effects of perinatal and later childhood lead exposure on neuropsychological outcome. <i>Environ Res.</i> 1985; 38(1): 155-67.	1982	
Germany	Herbold M, Hense HW, Keil U. Effects of road traffic noise on prevalence of hypertension in men: results of the Luebeck Blood Pressure Study. <i>Soz Praventivmed.</i> 1989; 34(1): 19-23.	1984	
Germany	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Germany INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Germany	World Health Organization. Germany CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Germany	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). <i>Faits et Opinions</i> , Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
Germany	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Germany	Kollerits B, Heinrich J, Pichler M, Rantner B, Klein-Weigel P, Wölke G, Brasche S, Strube G, Kronenberg F. Intermittent claudication in the Erfurt Male Cohort (ERFORT) Study: Its determinants and the impact on mortality. <i>Atherosclerosis.</i> 2008; 198(1): 214-22.	1989	
Germany	Schötensack K, Elliger T, Gross A, Nissen G. Prevalence of sexual abuse of children in Germany. <i>Acta Paedopsychiatr.</i> 1992; 55(4): 211-6.	1989	
Germany	Titterington V, Grundies V. An Exploratory Analysis of German and U.S. Youthful Homicide Offending. <i>Homicide Stud.</i> 2007; 11(3): 189-212.	1990	
Germany	Apfelbacher CJ, Loerbroks A, Cairns J, Behrendt H, Ring J, Krämer U. Predictors of overweight and obesity in five to seven-year-old children in Germany: results from cross-sectional studies. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2008; 171.	1991	
Germany	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Germany	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991	
Germany	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Germany	Germany Microcensus 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
Germany	Trenkwalder P, Ruland D, Stender M, Gebhard J. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in a population over the age of 65 years: results from the Starnberg Study on Epidemiology of Parkinsonism and Hypertension in the Elderly (STEPHY). <i>J Hypertens.</i> 1994; 12(6): 709.	1993	
Germany	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Germany	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Germany	Federal Statistical Office (Germany). Germany Microcensus 1995.	1995	
Germany	Liese AD, Hirsch T, von Mutius E, Weiland SK. Burden of overweight in Germany: prevalence differences between former East and West German children. <i>Eur J Public Health.</i> 2006; 16(5): 526-31.	1995	
Germany	Kroke A, Bergmann M, Klipstein-Grobusch K, Boeing H. Obesity, body fat distribution and body build: their relation to blood pressure and prevalence of hypertension. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 1998; 22(11): 1062-70.	1996	
Germany	Federal Centre for Health Education (BZGA) (Germany). Germany Youth Drug Use in Germany 1997.	1997	
Germany	Mond JM, Stich H, Hay PJ, Kraemer A, Baune BT. Associations between obesity and developmental functioning in pre-school children: a population-based study. <i>Int J Obes (Lond).</i> 2007; 31(7): 1068-73.	1997	
Germany	Thefeld W. Verbreitung der Herz-Kreislauf-Risikofaktoren Hypercholesterinämie, Übergewicht, Hypertonie und Rauchen in der Bevölkerung. <i>Bundesgesundheitsblatt.</i> 2000; 43(6): 415-23.	1997	
Germany	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. <i>J Public Health.</i> 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1998	
Germany	Kersting M, Dulon M. Assessment of breast-feeding promotion in hospitals and follow-up survey of mother-infant pairs in Germany: the SuSe Study. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2002; 5(4): 547-52.	1998	
Germany	Thefeld W. [Prevalence of diabetes mellitus in the adult German population]. <i>Gesundheitswesen.</i> 1999; S85-89.	1998	
Germany	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Germany	Germany Microcensus 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Germany	Meisinger C, Heier M, Volzke H, Lowel H, Mitusch R, Hense H-W, Ludemann J. Regional disparities of hypertension prevalence and management within Germany. <i>J Hypertens.</i> 2006; 24(2): 293-300.	1999	

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Germany	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Germany Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2000. [Unpublished].	2000	
Germany	Federal Ministry of Health (Germany), Institute for Therapy and Health Research (IFT). Germany Population Survey on the Consumption of Psychoactive Substances in the German Adult Population 2000.	2000	
Germany	Icks A, Kruse J, Dragano N, Broecker-Preuss M, Slomiany U, Mann K, Jöckel KH, Erbel R, Giani G, Moebus S; Heinz Nixdorf Recall Study Investigator Group. Are symptoms of depression more common in diabetes? Results from the Heinz Nixdorf Recall study. Diabet Med. 2008; 25(11): 1330-6.	2000	
Germany	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). Germany European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
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Germany	State Police of North Rhine-Westphalia. Polizeiliche Kriminalstatistik 2009 [Police Crime Statistics 2009]. Düsseldorf, Germany: State Police of North Rhine-Westphalia, 2010.	2009	*
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Germany	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
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Germany	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Germany Global AIDS Response Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2011	*
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Germany	Germany National Nutrition Survey II 2005-2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2007	
Germany	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Germany	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Germany	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Germany	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
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Germany	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1983-1995	
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Germany	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Germany	Frye C, Heinrich J. Trends and predictors of overweight and obesity in East German children. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2003; 27(8): 963-9.	1992, 1995, 1998	
Germany	Meyer I, Hoelscher B, Frye C, Becker K, Wichmann HE, Heinrich J. Temporal changes in blood lead levels of children in east Germany. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2003; 206(3): 181-92.	1992-1993, 1995-1996, 1998-1999	
Germany	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993, 1995-2012	
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Germany	Federal Environment Agency (Germany), Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices (Germany), Max Planck Institute of Psychiatry, Robert Koch Institute. Germany National Health Interview and Examination Survey 1997-1999. Berlin, Germany: Robert Koch Institute, 2000.	1997-1999	
Germany	Federal Environment Agency (Germany), Robert Koch Institute. Germany Environmental Survey 1997-1999.	1997-1999	
Germany	Ernst Moritz Arndt University of Greifswald. Germany Study of Health in Pomerania 1997-2001.	1997-2001	
Germany	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	



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Germany	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Germany	Germany Telephone Health Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002-2003	
Germany	Robert Koch Institute. Germany Telephone Health Survey 2002-2003.	2002-2003	
Germany	Ernst Moritz Arndt University of Greifswald. Germany Study of Health in Pomerania 2002-2006.	2002-2006	
Germany	Schumann B, Kluttig A, Tiller D, Werdan K, Haerting J, Greiser KH. Association of childhood and adult socioeconomic indicators with cardiovascular risk factors and its modification by age: the CARLA Study 2002-2006. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; 289.	2002-2006	*
Germany	Federal Environment Agency (Germany), Robert Koch Institute. Germany Environmental Survey for Children 2003-2006. Berlin, Germany: Federal Environment Agency (Germany).	2003-2006	
Germany	Germany Environmental Survey for Children 2003-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003-2006	
Germany	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Germany	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Germany	Federal Ministry of Food, Agriculture, and Consumer Protection (Germany), Max Rubner Institute. Germany National Nutrition Survey II 2005-2007. Max Rubner Institute.	2005-2007	
Germany	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Germany	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Germany	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Germany	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Germany	Robert Koch Institute. Germany Health Interview and Examination Survey 2008 - 2011.	2008-2011	*
Germany	Rothenbacher D, Klenk J, Denking M, Karakas M, Nikolaus T, Peter R, Koenig W, ActiFE Study Group. Prevalence and determinants of chronic kidney disease in community-dwelling elderly by various estimating equations. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2012; 12: 343.	2009-2010	
Germany	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
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Ghana	Brugha R, Kevany J. Determinants of nutrition status among children in the eastern region of Ghana. <i>J Trop Pediatr.</i> 1994; 40(5): 307-11. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Ghana	Ankrah NA, Nyarko AK, Ofosuhen M, Appiah-Opong R, Akyeampon YA. Lead exposure in urban and rural school children in Ghana. <i>Afr J Health Sci.</i> 1998; 5(1-2): 85-8.	1995	
Ghana	Ministry of Health (Ghana), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ghana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Ghana	Amoah AGB, Owusu SK, Adjei S. Diabetes in Ghana: a community based prevalence study in Greater Accra. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract.</i> 2002; 56(3): 197-205.	1997	
Ghana	Ghana - Proceedings of the Workshop on Dissemination of Findings of Vitamin A and Anaemia Prevalence Surveys - 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Ghana	Takyi EE. Nutritional status and nutrient intake of preschool children in northern Ghana. <i>East Afr Med J.</i> 1999; 76(9): 510-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Ghana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*

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Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service. Ghana Child Labor Survey 2001. Accra, Ghana Statistical Service.	2001	
Ghana	Community Water and Sanitation Agency (Ghana), Global Public-Private Partnership for Handwashing with Soap (PPPHW), London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, Research International. What Motivates Handwashing in Ghana? A Re-analysis of the Results of the Formative Research.	2003	*
Ghana	Duda RB, Kim MP, Darko R, Adanu RMK, Seffah J, Anarfi JK, Hill AG. Results of the Women's Health Study of Accra: assessment of blood pressure in urban women. Int J Cardiol. 2007; 117(1): 115-22.	2003	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service, Macro International, Inc. Ghana Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003	
Ghana	Scott BE, Lawson DW, Curtis V. Hard to handle: understanding mothers' handwashing behaviour in Ghana. Health Policy Plan. 2007; 22(4): 216-24.	2003	*
Ghana	World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Ghana	Oppon OC, Aniagyei HM, Kyere AWK, National Nuclear Research Institute. Monitoring of natural background radiation in some Ghanaian homes. In: Sohrabi M, Ahmed JU, Durrani SA, editors. Proceedings of an International Conference on High Levels of Natural Radiation; 1990 Nov 3-7; Ramsar, Iran. Vienna, Austria: IAEA; 1993. p. 385-389.	2005	
Ghana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Ghana	Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE), Ghana Statistical Service. Ghana Urban Household Panel Survey 2006. Oxford, United Kingdom: Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE).	2006	
Ghana	Ministry of Health (MOH) (Ghana), Ghana Statistical Service and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ghana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Ghana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Ghana). Ghana Demographic and Health Survey 2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2008	
Ghana	Arogundade FA, Sanusi AA, Hassan MO, Akinsola A. The pattern, clinical characteristics and outcome of ESRD in Ile-Ife, Nigeria: is there a change in trend?. Afr Health Sci. 2011; 11(4): 594-601.	2009	
Ghana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Ghana	Cook-Huynh M, Ansong D, Steckelberg RC, Boakye I, Seligman K, Appiah L, Kumar N, Amuasi JH. Prevalence of hypertension and diabetes mellitus in adults from a rural community in Ghana. Ethn Dis. 2012; 22(3): 347-52.	2009	
Ghana	Ghana AIDS Commission, Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Ghana Country AIDS Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2009	*
Ghana	Ofori FG, Hopke PK, Aboh IJK, Bamford SA. Biomass burning contribution to ambient air particulate levels at Navrongo in the Savannah zone of Ghana. J Air Waste Manag Assoc. 2013; 63(9): 1036-45.	2009	*
Ghana	Pennise D, Brant S, Agbeve SM, Quaye W, Mengesha F, Tadele W, Wofchuck T. Indoor air quality impacts of an improved wood stove in Ghana and an ethanol stove in Ethiopia. Energy Sustain Dev. 2009; 13(2): 71-6. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2009	
Ghana	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009	*
Ghana	Mariwah S, Hampshire K, Kasim A. The impact of gender and physical environment on the handwashing behaviour of university students in Ghana. Trop Med Int Health. 2012; 17(4): 447-54.	2010	*
Ghana	Pereko KKA, Setorglo J, Owusu WB, Tiweh JM, Achampong EK. Overnutrition and associated factors among adults aged 20 years and above in fishing communities in the urban Cape Coast Metropolis, Ghana. Public Health Nutr. 2013; 16(4): 591-5.	2010	*
Ghana	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*

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Ghana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ghana Statistical Service, Government of Japan, Ministry of Health (Ghana), Navrongo Health Research Centre, USAID, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Ghana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Ghana	Van Vliet EDS, Asante K, Jack DW, Kinney PL, Whyatt RM, Chillrud SN, Abokyi L, Zandoh C, Owusu-Agyei S. Personal exposures to fine particulate matter and black carbon in households cooking with biomass fuels in rural Ghana. Environ Res. 2013; 40-8.	2011	*
Ghana	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2010, 2012	*
Ghana	Kerry SM, Emmett L, Micah FB, Martin-Pepurah R, Antwi S, Phillips RO, Plange-Rhule J, Eastwood JB, Cappuccio FP. Rural and semi-urban differences in salt intake, and its dietary sources, in Ashanti, West Africa. Ethn Dis. 2005; 15(1): 33-9. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Ghana	Ghana Health Service, Ministry of Health (Ghana), University of Ghana, World Health Organization (WHO). Ghana WHO Study on Global AGEing and Adult Health 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Ghana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Ghana	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Ghana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Ghana	Ghana Nutritional Status in Ghana and its Determinants 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1988	
Ghana	Ghana Nutritional Status in Ghana and its Determinants 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987-1988	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service, Macro International, Inc. Ghana Demographic and Health Survey 1993-1994. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993-1994	
Ghana	Ghana Core Welfare Indicators Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997-1998	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service. Ghana Core Welfare Indicators Survey 1997-1998.	1997-1998	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service, Macro International, Inc. Ghana Demographic and Health Survey 1998-1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998-1999	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service. Ghana Living Standards Survey 1998-1999.	1998-1999	
Ghana	Amoah AG. Hypertension in Ghana: a cross-sectional community prevalence study in greater Accra. Ethn Dis. 2003; 13(3): 310-5.	2000-2002	
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service. Ghana Living Standards Measurement Survey 2005-2006. Accra, Ghana Statistical Service.	2005-2006	
Ghana	Ghana Health Service, Ghana Statistical Service, Macro International, Inc. Ghana Special Demographic and Health Survey 2007-2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc, 2010.	2007-2008	*
Ghana	Ghana Statistical Service, Ministry of Health (Ghana), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ghana District Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Ghana	Institute of Statistical, Social and Economic Research, University of Ghana, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ghana - Accra Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010-2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2014.	2010-2011	*
Greece	Drossos CG, Mavroidis KT, Papadopoulou-Daifotis Z, Michalodimitrakis DN, Salamalikis LX, Gounaris AK, Varonos DD. Environmental lead pollution in Greece. Am Ind Hyg Assoc J. 1982; 43(10): 796-8.	1979	
Greece	Tsakraklides V, Mentis A, Efstathiou P, Trichopoulos D. Tobacco smoking by young adult males in Greece. Hygie. 1983; 2(2): 26-30. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Greece	National Statistical Service of Greece, Minnesota Population Center. Greece Population and Housing Census 1981 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1981	
Greece	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
Greece	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Greece	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 34.1 (Nov 1990). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1961 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10893	1990	*
Greece	Georgiadis G, Nassis GP. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in a national representative sample of Greek children and adolescents. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2007; 61(9): 1072-4.	1990	
Greece	National Statistical Service of Greece, Minnesota Population Center. Greece Population and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Greece	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Greece	Petridou E, Malamou H, Doxiadis S, Pantelakis S, Kanellopoulou G, Toupadaki N, Trichopoulou A, Flytzani V, Trichopoulos D. Blood lipids in Greek adolescents and their relation to diet, obesity, and socioeconomic factors. Ann Epidemiol. 1995; 5(4): 286-91.	1992	
Greece	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Greece	Kokkevi A, Terzidou M, Politikou K, Stefanis C. Substance use among high school students in Greece: outburst of illicit drug use in a society under change. Drug Alcohol Depend. 2000; 58(1-2): 181-8.	1993	
Greece	Bamia C, Trichopoulou A, Lenas D, Trichopoulos D. Tobacco smoking in relation to body fat mass and distribution in a general population sample. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2004; 28(8): 1091-6.	1994	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Greece	Hadjidakis D, Kokkinakis E, Giannopoulos G, Merakos G, Raptis SA. Bone mineral density of vertebrae, proximal femur and os calcis in normal Greek subjects as assessed by dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry: comparison with other populations. Eur J Clin Invest. 1997; 27(3): 219-27.	1994	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Greece	Greece Multicenter Study of the Mediterranean Group for the Study of Diabetes 1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Greece	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Greece	Dussias V, Stefanis T, Stefanidis K, Paraskevaidis E, Karabini F, Lolis D, Vasilios D, Theodor S, Konstantinos S, Evangelos P, Fotini K, Dimitrios L. Lead concentrations in maternal and umbilical cord blood in areas with high and low air pollution. Clin Exp Obstet Gynecol. 1997; 24(4): 187-9.	1997	
Greece	Karayiannis D, Yannakoulia M, Terzidou M, Sidossis LS, Kokkevi A. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Greek school-aged children and adolescents. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2003; 57(9): 1189-92.	1997	
Greece	Stergiou GS, Thomopoulou GC, Skeva II, Mountokalakis TD. Prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension in Greece: the Didima study. Am J Hypertens. 1999; 12(10): 959-65.	1997	
Greece	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Greece	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Greece	Savva SC, Kourides Y, Tornaritis M, Epiphaniou-Savva M, Chadjigeorgiou C, Kafatos A. Obesity in children and adolescents in Cyprus. Prevalence and predisposing factors. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2002; 26(8): 1036-45.	1999	
Greece	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Greece	Antoniou E, Daglas M, Iatrakis G, Kourounis G, Greatsas G. Factors associated with initiation and duration of breastfeeding in Greece. Clin Exp Obstet Gynecol. 2005; 32(1): 37-40.	2001	
Greece	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2001	
Greece	Karalis IK, Alegakis AK, Kafatos AG, Koutis AD, Vardas PE, Lionis CD. Risk factors for ischaemic heart disease in a Cretan rural population: a twelve year follow-up study. BMC Public Health. 2007; 351.	2001	
Greece	Manios Y, Yiannakouris N, Papoutsakis C, Moschonis G, Magkos F, Skenderi K, Zampelas A. Behavioral and physiological indices related to BMI in a cohort of primary schoolchildren in Greece. Am J Hum Biol. 2004; 16(6): 639-47.	2001	
Greece	National Statistical Service of Greece, Minnesota Population Center. Greece Population and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Greece	Veltsista A, Laitinen J, Sovio U, Roma E, Järvelin M-R, Bakoula C. Relationship between eating behavior, breakfast consumption, and obesity among Finnish and Greek adolescents. J Nutr Educ Behav. 2010; 42(6): 417-21.	2001	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Greece	Yannakoulia M, Panagiotakos DB, Pitsavos C, Stefanadis C. Correlates of BMI misreporting among apparently healthy individuals: the ATTICA study. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2006; 14(5): 894-901.	2001	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Greece	Panagiotakos DB, Fitzgerald AP, Pitsavos C, Pipilis A, Graham I, Stefanadis C. Statistical modelling of 10-year fatal cardiovascular disease risk in Greece: the HellenicSCORE (a calibration of the ESC SCORE project). <i>Hellenic J Cardiol</i> . 2007; 48(2): 55-63.	2002	
Greece	Panagiotakos DB, Pitsavos C, Manios Y, Polychronopoulos E, Chrysoshoou CA, Stefanadis C. Socio-economic status in relation to risk factors associated with cardiovascular disease, in healthy individuals from the ATTICA study. <i>Eur J Cardiovasc Prev Rehabil</i> . 2005; 12(1): 68-74.	2002	
Greece	Pitsavos C, Panagiotakos DB, Chrysoshoou C, Stefanadis C. Epidemiology of cardiovascular risk factors in Greece; aims, design and baseline characteristics of the ATTICA study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2003; 32.	2002	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Greece	Manios Y, Costarelli V, Kolotourou M, Kondakis K, Tzavara C, Moschonis G. Prevalence of obesity in preschool Greek children, in relation to parental characteristics and region of residence. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2007; 178.	2003	
Greece	Tokmakidis SP, Kasambalis A, Christodoulos AD. Fitness levels of Greek primary schoolchildren in relationship to overweight and obesity. <i>Eur J Pediatr</i> . 2006; 165(12): 867-74.	2003	
Greece	Tzotzas T, Kapantais E, Tziomalos K, Ioannidis I, Mortoglou A, Bakatselos S, Kaklamanou M, Lanaras L, Kaklamanos I. Epidemiological survey for the prevalence of overweight and abdominal obesity in Greek adolescents. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2008; 16(7): 1718-22.	2003	
Greece	Miliadis GA, Panagiotakos DB, Pitsavos C, Xenaki D, Panagopoulos G, Stefanadis C. Prevalence of self-reported hypercholesterolaemia and its relation to dietary habits, in Greek adults; a national nutrition & health survey. <i>Lipids Health Dis</i> . 2006; 5(1): 1-7.	2004	
Greece	Tokmakidis SP, Christodoulos AD, Mantzouranis NI. Validity of self-reported anthropometric values used to assess body mass index and estimate obesity in Greek school children. <i>J Adolesc Health</i> . 2007; 40(4): 305-10.	2004	
Greece	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Greece Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Greece	Clouvas A, Xanthos S, Kolovou M, Potiriadis C, Takoudis G, Guilhot J. Follow-up study of indoor radon in Greek buildings. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry</i> . 2013; 157(2): 291-7.	2005	*
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Greece	Manousakas M, Fouskas A, Papaefthymiou H, Koukoulidou V, Siavalas G, Kritidis P. Indoor radon measurements in a Greek city located in the vicinity of lignite-fired power plants. <i>Radiat Meas</i> . 2010; 45(9): 1060-7.	2005	
Greece	Nikolopoulos D, Louizi A, Koukoulidou V, Serefoglou A, Georgiou E, Ntalles K, Proukakis C. Radon survey in Greece--risk assesment. <i>J Environ Radioact</i> . 2002; 63(2): 173-86.	2005	
Greece	Nikolopoulos D, Louizi A. Study of indoor radon and radon in drinking water in Greece and Cyprus: Implications to exposure and dose. <i>Radiat Meas</i> . 2008; 43(7): 1305-14.	2005	
Greece	Papadimitriou A, Kounadi D, Konstantinidou M, Xepapadaki P, Nicolaidou P. Prevalence of obesity in elementary schoolchildren living in Northeast Attica, Greece. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2006; 14(7): 1113-7.	2005	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Greece	Tountas Y, Oikonomou N, Pallikarona G, Dimitrakaki C, Tzavara C, Souliotis K, Mariolis A, Pappa E, Kontodimopoulos N, Niakas D. Sociodemographic and socioeconomic determinants of health services utilization in Greece: the Hellas Health I study. <i>Health Serv Manage Res</i> . 2011; 24(1): 8-18.	2006	
Greece	Triantafyllou A, Douma S, Petidis K, Doumas M, Panagopoulou E, Pyrpasopoulou A, Tsotoulidis S, Zamboulis C. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in an elderly population in Greece. <i>Rural Remote Health</i> . 2010; 10(2): 1225.	2006	*
Greece	Yannakoulia M, Panagiotakos D, Pitsavos C, Lentzas Y, Chrysoshoou C, Skoumas I, Stefanadis C. Five-year incidence of obesity and its determinants: the ATTICA study. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2009; 12(1): 36-43.	2006	
Greece	Androutsos O, Grammatikaki E, Moschonis G, Roma-Giannikou E, Chrousos GP, Manios Y, Kanaka-Gantenbein C. Neck circumference: a useful screening tool of cardiovascular risk in children. <i>Pediatr Obes</i> . 2012; 7(3): 187-95.	2007	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Greece	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction Statistical Bulletin 2009. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA).	2007	*
Greece	Giannouli P, Zervas I, Armeni E, Koundi K, Spyropoulou A, Alexandrou A, Kazani A, Areti A, Creatsa M, Lambrinouadaki I. Determinants of quality of life in Greek middle-age women: a population survey. Maturitas. 2012; 71(2): 154-61.	2007	
Greece	Kontogianni MD, Farmaki A-E, Vidra N, Sofrona S, Magkanari F, Yannakoulia M. Associations between lifestyle patterns and body mass index in a sample of Greek children and adolescents. J Am Diet Assoc. 2010; 110(2): 215-21.	2007	
Greece	Mavrakanas TA, Konsoula G, Patsonis I, Merkouris BP. Childhood obesity and elevated blood pressure in a rural population of northern Greece. Rural Remote Health. 2009; 9(2): 1150.	2007	
Greece	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Greece	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Greece	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. PLoS One. 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Greece	Filippidis FT, Vardavas CI, Loukopoulou A, Behrakis P, Connolly GN, Tountas Y. Prevalence and determinants of tobacco use among adults in Greece: 4 year trends. Eur J Public Health. 2013; 23(5): 772-6.	2010	*
Greece	Hassapidou M, Papadopoulou S, Tzotzas T. Prevalence of obesity in preschool children in northern Greece. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2010; 57. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2010	
Greece	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Greece	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Greece	Hellenic Centre for Diseases Control and Prevention (Greece), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health and Social Solidarity (Greece). Greece Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2011	*
Greece	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Greece	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1981, 1987, 1998, 2004	
Greece	Greece European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) Study as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994-1999	
Greece	Greece ATTICA Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Greece	Greece Growth, Exercise and Nutrition Epidemiological Study In preSchoolers 2003-2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Greece	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Greece	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Greece	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Greece	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Greece	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2003	
Greece	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1982, 1984, 1988	
Greece	Magkos F, Manios Y, Christakis G, Kafatos AG. Secular trends in cardiovascular risk factors among school-aged boys from Crete, Greece, 1982-2002. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2005; 59(1): 1-7.	1982, 2002	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Greece	Kokkevi A, Loukadakis M, Plagianakou S, Politikou K, Stefanis C. Sharp increase in illicit drug use in Greece: trends from a general population survey on licit and illicit drug use. Eur Addict Res. 2000; 6(1): 42–9.	1984, 1998	
Greece	Lindholm LH, Koutis AD, Lionis CD, Vlachonikolis IG, Isacson A, Fioretos M. Risk factors for ischaemic heart disease in a Greek population. A cross-sectional study of men and women living in the village of Spili in Crete. Eur Heart J. 1992; 13(3): 291-8.	1989-1991	
Greece	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Greece	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Greece	Smpokos EA, Linardakis M, Papadaki A, Kafatos A. Secular changes in anthropometric measurements and blood pressure in children of Crete, Greece, during 1992/93 and 2006/07. Prev Med. 2011; 52(3-4): 213-7.	1992, 2006	
Greece	Mamalakis G, Kafatos A, Manios Y, Anagnostopoulou T, Apostolaki I. Obesity indices in a cohort of primary school children in Crete: a six year prospective study. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2000; 24(6): 765-71.	1992,1995, 1998	
Greece	Tambalis KD, Panagiotakos DB, Psarra G, Sidossis LS. Inverse but independent trends in obesity and fitness levels among Greek children: a time-series analysis from 1997 to 2007. Obes Facts. 2011; 4(2): 165-74.	1997-2007	
Greece	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Greece	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Greece	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Greece	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Greece	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Greece	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010-2011	*
Grenada	University of the West Indies. Grenada Population and Housing Census 1970.	1970	
Grenada	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Grenada Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Grenada	Central Statistical Office (Grenada). Grenada Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	
Grenada	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Grenada Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Grenada	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Grenada Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Grenada	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Grenada Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	
Grenada	Central Statistical Office (Grenada). Grenada Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2005.	2005	
Grenada	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Grenada Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Grenada	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Grenada	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Grenada	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Grenada	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Grenada	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2007	
Grenada	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994, 1996, 1998	



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Guatemala	National Statistical System (Guatemala). Guatemala Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Guatemala	Institute of Nutrition of Central America and Panama, Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Guatemala Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Guatemala	Guatemala National Micronutrient Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1995	
Guatemala	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Institute (Guatemala). Guatemala Demographic and Health Survey 1995. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995	
Guatemala	Melse-Boonstra A, Rozendaal M, Rexwinkel H, Gerichhausen MJ, van den Briel T, Bulux J, Solomons NW, West CE. Determination of discretionary salt intake in rural Guatemala and Benin to determine the iodine fortification of salt required to control iodine deficiency disorders: studies using lithium-labeled salt. Am J Clin Nutr. 1998; 68(3): 636-41. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996	
Guatemala	McCracken J, Smith K. Emissions and efficiency of improved woodburning cookstoves in highland Guatemala. Environment Int. 1988; 24(7): 739-47. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	1998	
Guatemala	Stein AD, Conlisk A, Torun B, Schroeder DG, Grajeda R, Martorell R. Cardiovascular disease risk factors are related to adult adiposity but not birth weight in young guatemalan adults. J Nutr. 2002; 132(8): 2208-14.	1998	
Guatemala	McCracken J, Albalak R, Boy E, Bruce N, Hessen J, Schei M, Smith K. Improved Stove or Inter-Fuel Substitution for Decreasing Indoor Air Pollution from Cooking with Biomass Fuels in Highland Guatemala. Indoor Air. 1999; 118-23. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	1999	
Guatemala	Guatemala Malnutrition and Poverty as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Guatemala	Guatemala Malnutrition and Poverty as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Guatemala	Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), National Statistics Institute (Guatemala), World Bank. Guatemala Living Standards Measurement Survey 2000. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2000	
Guatemala	Naeher LP, Leaderer BP, Smith KR. Particulate matter and carbon monoxide in highland Guatemala: indoor and outdoor levels from traditional and improved wood stoves and gas stoves. Indoor Air. 2000; 10(3): 200-5. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2000	
Guatemala	Naeher LP, Smith KR, Leaderer BP, Mage D, Grajeda R. Indoor and outdoor PM2.5 and CO in high- and low- density Guatemalan villages. J Expo Anal Environ Epidemiol. 2000; 10(6): 544-51. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2000	
Guatemala	Guatemala Second National Height Census of Schoolchildren in First Grade 16-20 July 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Guatemala	Naeher LP, Smith KR, Leaderer BP, Neufeld L, Mage DT. Carbon monoxide as a tracer for assessing exposures to particulate matter in wood and gas cookstove households of highland Guatemala. Environ Sci Technol. 2001; 35(3): 575-81. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2001	
Guatemala	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Guatemala - Chimaltenango Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Guatemala	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Guatemala-Guatemala City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Guatemala	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Institute of Nutrition of Central America and Panama, Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Guatemala - Villa Nueva Diabetes Hypertension and Chronic Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2002	
Guatemala	Guatemala Ministry of Health and Social Assistance, University of Valle, Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2003) Guatemala Reproductive Health Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	
Guatemala	Guatemala Population and Housing Census 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Guatemala	Speizer IS, Goodwin M, Whittle L, Clyde M, Rogers J. Dimensions of child sexual abuse before age 15 in three Central American countries: Honduras, El Salvador, and Guatemala. Child Abuse Negl. 2008; 32(4): 455-62.	2002	
Guatemala	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
Guatemala	Gregory CO, Dai J, Ramirez-Zea M, Stein AD. Occupation is more important than rural or urban residence in explaining the prevalence of metabolic and cardiovascular disease risk in Guatemalan adults. J Nutr. 2007; 137(5): 1314-9.	2003	
Guatemala	McCracken JP, Smith KR, Díaz A, Mittleman MA, Schwartz J. Chimney stove intervention to reduce long-term wood smoke exposure lowers blood pressure among Guatemalan women. Environ Health Perspect. 2007; 115(7): 996-1001.	2003	*
Guatemala	World Health Organization (WHO). Guatemala World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Guatemala	National Institute of Statistics (Guatemala), National Statistical System (Guatemala), World Bank (WB), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (CEPAL), Rafael Landívar University, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), Norwegian Agency for Development (NORAD), Swedish International Development Agency (SIDA), Secretary of Planning and Programming (SEGEPLAN) (Guatemala), Bank of Guatemala. Guatemala National Survey of Living Conditions 2006. Guatemala City, Guatemala: National Statistics Institute (Guatemala).	2006	
Guatemala	Clark M, Paulsen M, Smith KR, Canuz E, Simpson CD. Urinary Methoxyphenol biomarkers and woodsmoke exposure: Comparisons in rural Guatemala with personal CO and kitchen Levoglucosan and PM2.5. Environ Sci Technol. 2007; 41(10): 3481-7. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2007	
Guatemala	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Guatemala Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Guatemala	Northcross A, Chowdhury Z, McCracken J, Canuz E, Smith KR. Estimating personal PM 2.5 exposures using CO measurements in Guatemalan households cooking with wood fuel. J Environ Monit. 2010; 12(4): 873-8. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2010	
Guatemala	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Guatemala	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Guatemala	McCracken J, Smith KR, Stone P, Diaz A, Arana B, Schwartz J. Intervention to Lower Household Wood Smoke Exposure in Guatemala Reduces ST-Segment Depression on Electrocardiograms. Environ Health Perspect. 2011; 119(11): 1562-8. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2011	
Guatemala	Guatemala City Annual Air Monitoring Report 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Guatemala	Northcross AL, Katharine Hammond S, Canuz E, Smith KR. Dioxin inhalation doses from wood combustion in indoor cookfires. Atmospheric Environ. 2012; 415-8. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2012	
Guatemala	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Guatemala	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002, 2004-2005, 2007-2012	*
Guatemala	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Guatemala	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Guatemala	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Guatemala	Guatemala Prevalence of Undernutrition in the Western Highlands during the 1980s as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983, 1985, 1987, 1988	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Guatemala	Stein AD, Wang M, Digirolamo A, Hoddinott J, Martorell R, Ramirez-Zea M, Yount K. Height for age increased while body mass index for age remained stable between 1968 and 2007 among Guatemalan children. J Nutr. 2009; 139(2): 365-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988-1989, 1996-1999, 2006-2007	
Guatemala	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Institute (Guatemala). Guatemala Interim Demographic and Health Survey 1998-1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998-1999	
Guatemala	Guatemala Ministry of Health and Social Assistance, University of Valle and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Guatemala Reproductive Health Survey 2008-2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008-2009	
Guinea	Directorate General of Planning and Statistics (Guinea), Ministry of the Interior and Security (Guinea), Minnesota Population Center. Guinea General Census of Population and Housing 1983 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1983	
Guinea	Health and nutritional status of Liberian refugee children--Guinea, 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Guinea	Household Consumption Survey of Conakry as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Guinea	Mock NB, Magnani RJ, Abdoh AA, Kondé MK. Intra-household correlations in maternal-child nutritional status in rural Guinea: implications for programme-screening strategies. Bull World Health Organ. 1994; 72(1): 119-27. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Guinea	Survey of Average Food and Nutrition in Guinea as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Guinea	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Directorate (Guinea). Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 1992.	1992	
Guinea	National Statistics Directorate (Guinea), Ministry of Economy, Finance, and Planning (Guinea), Minnesota Population Center. Guinea General Census of Population and Housing 1996 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1996	
Guinea	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Directorate (Guinea). Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Guinea	Guinea National Survey of Iron Deficiency Anemia 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Guinea	Guinea National Survey of Iron Deficiency Anemia 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Guinea	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Directorate (Guinea). Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005	
Guinea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Guinea Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). Guinea - Conakry STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	*
Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Guinea	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health and Public Hygiene (Guinea), National Institute of Statistics (Guinea). Guinea Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2014.	2012	*
Guinea	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2008, 2010- 2012	*
Guinea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Guinea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Guinea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1990-1996	
Guinea	Guinea Household Living Conditions Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994-1995	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Guinea	Guinea Household Living Conditions Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1994-1995	
Guinea	Guinea Unified Questionnaire on Basic Indicators of Well-Being 2002-2003 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2002-2003	
Guinea	Guinea Unified Questionnaire on Basic Indicators of Well-Being 2002-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002-2003	
Guinea	Guinea National Survey on Nutritional Status and Tracking Key Indicators of Child Survival 2007-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007-2008	
Guinea-Bissau	Guinea-Bissau Family Priority Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991	
Guinea-Bissau	Guinea-Bissau Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Guinea-Bissau	Secretary State of Planning, National Institute of Statistics and Census (INEC), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Guinea-Bissau Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Guinea-Bissau	Guinea-Bissau Core Welfare Indicator Questionnaire Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Guinea-Bissau	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Government of Guinea-Bissau. Guinea-Bissau Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Guinea-Bissau	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Guinea-Bissau - Bissau Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Guinea-Bissau	Guinea-Bissau SMART Nutrition Survey 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Guinea-Bissau	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Statistics Institute (Guinea-Bissau), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Guinea-Bissau Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010.	2010	
Guinea-Bissau	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Guinea-Bissau	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Guinea-Bissau	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002, 2004, 2007-2012	*
Guinea-Bissau	Danneskiold-Samsøe N, Fisker AB, Jørgensen MJ, Ravn H, Andersen A, Balde ID, Leo-Hansen C, Rodrigues A, Aaby P, Benn CS. Determinants of vitamin a deficiency in children between 6 months and 2 years of age in Guinea-Bissau. BMC Public Health. 2013; 172.	2007-2010	*
Guinea-Bissau	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Guinea-Bissau	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Guinea-Bissau	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Guinea-Bissau	Mølbak K, Gottschau A, Aaby P, Højlyng N, Ingholt L, da Silva AP. Prolonged breast feeding, diarrhoeal disease, and survival of children in Guinea-Bissau. Br Med J. 1994; 308(6941): 1403-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1990	
Guyana	Guyana Nutritional Status Survey 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981	
Guyana	Guyana Nutritional Status Survey 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981	
Guyana	Bureau of Statistics (Guyana). Guyana Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	
Guyana	Bureau of Statistics (Guyana), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Guyana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	2000	*
Guyana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Guyana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Guyana	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002	
Guyana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Guyana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Guyana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Guyana Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2004 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004	
Guyana	Guyana AIDS Indicator Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Guyana	Bureau of Statistics (Guyana), ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Guyana). Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2011.	2009	
Guyana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Guyana), World Health Organization (WHO). Guyana Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010.	2010	*
Guyana	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Guyana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
Guyana	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Guyana	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Guyana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Guyana	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Guyana	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Guyana	Guyana Strategies for Reducing Poverty as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981, 1993	
Guyana	Guyana Strategies for Reducing Poverty as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981, 1993	
Guyana	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-1997, 1999-2000	
Guyana	Bureau of Statistics (Guyana), World Bank. Guyana Living Standards Measurement Survey 1992-1993. Guyana Micronutrient Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992-1993	
Guyana	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-1997	
Guyana	Bureau of Statistics (Guyana). Guyana Population and Housing Census 2002-2003 - CARICOM. Turkeyen, Guyana: Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, 2009	1997, 2002	
Guyana	Guyana Population and Housing Census 2002-2003 - Bureau of Statistics (Guyana) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002-2003	
Guyana	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Bureau of Statistics (Guyana). Guyana Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2002-2003	
Haiti	Haiti Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006-2007	
Haiti	Nutritional assessment of children in drought-affected areas--Haiti, 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Haiti	Haiti Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Haiti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Haiti-Port Au Prince Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	1995	
Haiti	Haiti Child Health Institute (CHI), Macro International, Inc. Haiti Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	*
Haiti	Haiti Living Condition Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Haiti		2001	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Haiti	Haitian Institute of Statistics and Informatics, The Fafo Research Foundation. Haiti Living Condition Survey 2001, Haiti: Haitian Institute of Statistics and Informatics.	2001	
Haiti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Haiti Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Haiti	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Haiti	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Haiti	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Haiti Child Health Institute (CHI), Haitian Institute of Statistics and Informatics, Macro International, Inc. Haiti Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Haiti	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2003, 2005, 2010-2012	*
Haiti	Haiti Survey on the Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency and Iodine Deficiency 2004-2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004-2005	
Haiti	Haiti Child Health Institute (CHI), Haitian Institute of Statistics and Informatics, Macro International, Inc. Haiti Demographic and Health Survey 2005-2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005-2006	
Haiti	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Haiti	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Haiti	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Haiti	Haiti Child Health Institute (CHI), Macro International, Inc. Haiti Demographic and Health Survey 1994-1995. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1994-1995	
Honduras	Honduras Family Planning Association (ASHONPLAFA), Ministry of Health (Honduras), Family Health International (FHI). (1989): Honduras Epidemiology and Family Health Survey 1987. Tegucigalpa, Honduras: ASHONPLAFA.	1987	
Honduras	Honduras National Nutrition Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Honduras	Honduras National Nutrition Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Honduras	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Tobacco or Health: Status in the Americas. Washington, D.C., United States: Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), 1992.	1987	
Honduras	Department of Statistics and Censuses (Honduras). Honduras Population and Housing Census 1988.	1988	
Honduras	Honduras Nutritional Assessment of Children Under Five Years in a Pech Indiana Community as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Honduras	Honduras National Micronutrients Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Honduras	Honduras National Micronutrients Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Honduras	Honduras National Micronutrients Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	
Honduras	Ministry of Health (Honduras), Honduras Family Planning Association (ASHONPLAFA) and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (1997) Honduras Reproductive Health Survey 1996. Tegucigalpa, Honduras: ASHONPLAFA.	1996	
Honduras	Honduras Family Planning Association (ASHONPLAFA), Ministry of Health (Honduras), and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Honduras Reproductive Health Survey 2001. Tegucigalpa, Honduras: Honduras Family Planning Association (ASHONPLAFA).	2001	
Honduras	Honduras Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Honduras	Honduras Reproductive Health Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Honduras	Speizer IS, Goodwin M, Whittle L, Clyde M, Rogers J. Dimensions of child sexual abuse before age 15 in three Central American countries: Honduras, El Salvador, and Guatemala. Child Abuse Negl. 2008; 32(4): 455-62.	2001	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Honduras	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Honduras Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Honduras	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Honduras-San Pedro Sula La Ceiba Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Honduras	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Honduras - Tegucigalpa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Honduras	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
Honduras	National Institute of Statistics (Honduras). Honduras Survey of Living Conditions 2004. Tegucigalpa, Honduras: National Institute of Statistics (Honduras).	2004	
Honduras	Clark ML, Reynolds SJ, Burch JB, Conway S, Bachand AM, Peel JL. Indoor air pollution, cookstove quality, and housing characteristics in two Honduran communities. Environ Res. 2010; 110(1): 12-8.	2005	*
Honduras	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Honduras	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Honduras	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Honduras	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Secretary of Health (Honduras). Honduras UNAIDS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1985-2011	*
Honduras	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2012	*
Honduras	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Honduras), Secretary of Health (Honduras). Honduras Demographic and Health Survey 2005-2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005-2006	
Honduras	ICF International, National Institute of Statistics (Honduras). Honduras Demographic and Health Survey 2011-2012. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2013.	2011-2012	*
Honduras	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Honduras	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Honduras	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Honduras	Honduras Family Planning Association (ASHONPLAFA), Ministry of Health (Honduras), Family Health International (FHI). (1992): Honduras Family Planning/Maternal and Child Survey 1991-1992. Tegucigalpa, Honduras: ASHONPLAFA.	1991-1992	
Honduras	Honduras Family Planning/Maternal and Child Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1992	
Honduras	Honduras Family Planning/Maternal and Child Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991-1992	
Honduras	Honduras National Survey of Socio-Economic Indicators 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993-1994	
Honduras	Honduras National Survey of Socio-Economic Indicators 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993-1994	
Hungary	Hungarian Central Statistical Office (HCSO), Minnesota Population Center. Hungary Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
Hungary	Cholnoky P. Is breast-feeding in Hungary satisfactory?. Acta Paediatr Hung. 1984; 25(1-2): 33-8.	1982	
Hungary	World Health Organization. Hungary CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Hungary	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Hungary INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Hungary	Biró G. Nutrition and cardiovascular risk: the Hungarian experience. Acta Cardiol. 1990; 45(1): 3-14.	1987	
Hungary	Hungarian Central Statistical Office (HCSO), Minnesota Population Center. Hungary Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Hungary	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991	
Hungary	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dodenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int . 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
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Hungary	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Hungary Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Hungary	Hungary National Population Health Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
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Hungary	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Hungary Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Hungary	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
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Hungary	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. PLoS One. 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Hungary	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Hungary	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Hungary	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Hungary	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
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Hungary	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2008-2012	*
Hungary	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Hungary	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Hungary	Hungary National Longitudinal Child Growth Study as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1988	
Hungary	Hungary National Longitudinal Child Growth Study as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980-1988	
Hungary	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Hungary	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1982-1988	
Hungary	Lovei, M. Phasing Out Lead from Gasoline in Central and Eastern Europe: Health Issues, Feasibility, and Policies. Washington, D.C., United States: World Bank, 1997.	1986, 1995	
Hungary	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Hungary	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1992-2012	
Hungary	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995-2012	
Hungary	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	



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Hungary	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
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Hungary	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
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Iceland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Israel INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
Iceland	Iceland Dietary Survey 1990 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1990	
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Iceland	Thome M, Alder EM, Ramel A. A population-based study of exclusive breastfeeding in Icelandic women: is there a relationship with depressive symptoms and parenting stress?. Int J Nurs Stud. 2006; 43(1): 11-20.	1992	
Iceland	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Iceland	Atladdottir H, Thorsdottir I. Energy intake and growth of infants in Iceland-a population with high frequency of breast-feeding and high birth weight. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2000; 54(9): 695-701.	2000	
Iceland	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
Iceland	Pricewaterhouse Coopers. Iceland Medical Association Survey 2000.	2000	
Iceland	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Iceland Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2001. [Unpublished].	2001	
Iceland	Iceland Dietary Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
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Iceland	Asgeirsdottir BB, Sigfusdottir ID, Gudjonsson GH, Sigurdsson JF. Associations between sexual abuse and family conflict/violence, self-injurious behavior, and substance use: the mediating role of depressed mood and anger. Child Abuse Negl. 2011; 35(3): 210-9.	2004	
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Iceland	Gallup Poll. Iceland Prevalence of Smoking 2005.	2005	
Iceland	Olafsdottir LB, Gudjonsson H, Jonsdottir HH, Thjodleifsson B. Natural history of heartburn: a 10-year population-based study. World J Gastroenterol. 2011; 17(5): 639-45.	2006	
Iceland	Directorate of Health (Iceland), Public Health Institute of Iceland, University of Iceland. Iceland Survey of Health and Wellbeing 2007.	2007	
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Iceland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Iceland	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Iceland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Iceland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Iceland	Iceland Dietary Survey of School Children 1992-1993 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992-1993	
Iceland	Iceland Infant Nutrition 1995-1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995-1997	
Iceland	Iceland Dietary Survey of 9 and 15 Year Old Children and Adolescents 2003-2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Iceland	Svavarsdottir EK, Orlygsdottir B. Intimate partner abuse factors associated with women's health: a general population study. J Adv Nurs. 2009; 65(7): 1452-62.	2005-2006	*
Iceland	Iceland Infant Diet Survey 2005-2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2007	
Iceland	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006, 2008-2011	*
Iceland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Iceland	Viktorsdottir O, Palsson R, Andresdottir MB, Aspelund T, Gudnason V, Indridason OS. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease based on estimated glomerular filtration rate and proteinuria in Icelandic adults. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2005; 20(9): 1799-807.	1967-1996	
Iceland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Iceland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Iceland	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1983-1993	
Iceland	Statistics Iceland. Iceland Smoking Habits 15-79 Years.	1987-2011	
Iceland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008, 2011-2012	
Iceland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Iceland	Eiðsdóttir SP, Kristjánsson AL, Sigfúsdóttir ID, Garber CE, Allegrante JP. Trends in body mass index among Icelandic adolescents and young adults from 1992 to 2007. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2010; 7(5): 2191-207.	1992, 1997, 2000, 2004, 2006-2007	
Iceland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2006	
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Iceland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Iceland	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010-2011	*
Iceland	Public Health Institute of Iceland. Iceland Dietary Survey 2010-2011.	2010-2011	*
India	Sinclair S, Mittal SK, Basu N, Ghai OP, Bhide NK. Hazard from lead to children in Delhi. Indian Pediatr. 1973; 10(1): 13-8.	1970	
India	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	

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India	Sachdev HPS, Osmond C, Fall CHD, Lakshmy R, Ramji S, Dey Biswas SK, Prabhakaran D, Tandon N, Reddy KS, Barker DJP, Bhargava SK. Predicting adult metabolic syndrome from childhood body mass index: follow-up of the New Delhi birth cohort. Arch Dis Child. 2009; 94(10): 768-74.	1983	
India	Steinboff MC, Hilder AS, Srilatha VL, Mukarji D. Prevalence of malnutrition in Indian preschool-age children: a survey of wasting and stunting in rural Tamil Nadu, 1983. Bull World Health Organ. 1986; 64(3): 457-463. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
India	Kaul PS, Kaul B. Erythrocyte protoporphyrin and blood lead levels of children from Jammu and Srinagar and papier mache trainees. Indian J Pediatr. 1986; 53(5): 641-6.	1985	
India	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. India INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
India	Baird GS, Fitzgerald RL, Aggarwal SK, Herold DA. Blood Lead Analysis by Negative Chemical Ionization GC-MS. In: Proceedings of the ASMS Conference on Mass Spectrometry and Allied Topics. 1994: 1137.	1987	
India	India Profiles of Undernutrition and Underdevelopment: Studies of Poor Communities in Seven Regions of the Country as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
India	Khandekar RN, Raghunath R, Mishra UC. Levels of lead, cadmium, zinc and copper in the blood of an urban population. Sci Total Environ. 1987; 185-91.	1987	
India	Naidu AN, Rao NP. Body mass index: a measure of the nutritional status in Indian populations. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1994; S131-140.	1988	
India	Shenoi RP, Khandekar RN, Jaykar AV, Raghunath R. Sources of lead exposure in urban slum school children. Indian Pediatr. 1991; 28(9): 1021-7.	1989	
India	Kumar S, Kaushik A, Kaushik CP. Blood lead levels among populations differentially exposed to vehicular exhaust in Rohtak, India. Environ Pollut. 1993; 80(2): 173-6.	1990	
India	Saxena DDK, Singh C, Murthy RC, Mathur N, Chandra SV. Blood and placental lead levels in an Indian city: a preliminary report. Arch Environ Health. 1994; 49(2): 106-10.	1990	
India	India Lead Exposure Data 1991 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1991	
India	India Population and Housing Census 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991	
India	Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner (India). India Population and Housing Census 1991. New Delhi, India: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner (India).	1991	
India	Ramachandran A, Snehalatha C, Shyamala P, Vijay V, Viswanathan M. High prevalence of NIDDM and IGT in an elderly south Indian population with low rates of obesity. Diabetes Care. 1994; 17(10): 1190-2.	1991	
India	Reddy KS, Prabhakaran D, Shah P, Shah B. Differences in body mass index and waist: hip ratios in North Indian rural and urban populations. Obes Rev. 2002; 3(3): 197-202.	1991	
India	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (India). India National Sample Survey Round 49 1993.	1993	
India	Singh RB, Bajaj S, Niaz MA, Rastogi SS, Moshiri M. Prevalence of type 2 diabetes mellitus and risk of hypertension and coronary artery disease in rural and urban population with low rates of obesity. Int J Cardiol. 1998; 66(1): 65-72.	1993	
India	D'Souza SJ, Narurkar LM, Narurkar MV. Effect of environmental exposures to lead and cadmium on human lymphocytic detoxifying enzymes. Bull Environ Contam Toxicol. 1994; 53(3): 458-63.	1994	
India	Gogte ST, Basu N, Sinclair S, Ghai OP, Bhide NK. Blood lead levels of children with pica and surma use. Indian J Pediatr. 1991; 58(4): 513-9.	1994	
India	Pednekar MS, Gupta R, Gupta PC. Association of blood pressure and cardiovascular mortality in India: Mumbai cohort study. Am J Hypertens. 2009; 22(10): 1076-84.	1994	
India	Awasthi S, Awasthi R, Pande VK, Srivastav RC, Frumkin H. Blood lead in pregnant women in the urban slums of Lucknow, India. Occup Environ Med. 1996; 53(12): 836-40.	1995	
India	Kumar RK, Kesaree N. Blood lead levels in urban and rural Indian children. Indian Pediatr. 1999; 36(3): 303-6.	1995	
India	Malhotra P, Kumari S, Kumar R, Jain S, Sharma BK. Prevalence and determinants of hypertension in an un-industrialised rural population of North India. J Hum Hypertens. 1999; 13(7): 467-72.	1995	
India	Saxena N, Nayar D, Kapil U. Prevalence of underweight, stunting and wasting. Indian Pediatr. 1997; 34(7): 627-31. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
India	Kusuma YS, Babu BV, Naidu JM. Blood pressure levels among cross-cultural populations of Visakhapatnam district, Andhra Pradesh, India. Ann Hum Biol. 2002; 29(5): 502-12.	1996	



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India	Thulasiraj RD, Nirmalan PK, Ramakrishnan R, Krishnadas R, Manimekalai TK, Baburajan NP, Katz J, Tielsch JM, Robin AL. Blindness and vision impairment in a rural south Indian population: the Aravind Comprehensive Eye Survey. Ophthalmology. 2003; 110(8): 1491-8.	1996	
India	India Chennai Urban Population Study Metabolics Data, as cited by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1997	
India	Mohan V, Deepa M, Anjana RM, Lanthorn H, Deepa R. Incidence of diabetes and pre-diabetes in a selected urban south Indian population (CUPS - 19). J Assoc Physicians India. 2008; 56(MAR): 152-7.	1997	
India	Ramachandran A, Snehalatha C, Latha E, Manoharan M, Vijay V. Impacts of urbanisation on the lifestyle and on the prevalence of diabetes in native Asian Indian population. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 1999; 44(3): 207-13.	1997	
India	Reddy KK, Rao AP, Reddy TP. Socioeconomic status and the prevalence of coronary heart disease risk factors. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2002; 11(2): 98-103.	1997	
India	Tripathi RM, Raghunath R, Mahapatra S, Sadasivan S. Blood lead and its effect on Cd, Cu, Zn, Fe and hemoglobin levels of children. Sci Total Environ. 2001; 277(1-3): 161-8.	1997	
India	Bharati S, Pal M, Bhattacharya BN, Bharati P. Prevalence and causes of chronic energy deficiency and obesity in Indian women. Hum Biol. 2007; 79(4): 395-412.	1998	
India	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (India). India National Sample Survey Round 54 1998. New Delhi, India: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (India).	1998	
India	Patel AB, Williams SV, Frumkin H, Kondawar VK, Glick H, Ganju AK. Blood lead in children and its determinants in Nagpur, India. Int J Occup Environ Health. 2001; 7(2): 119-26.	1998	
India	Patel V, Andrew G. Gender, sexual abuse and risk behaviours in adolescents: a cross-sectional survey in schools in Goa. Natl Med J India. 2001; 14(5): 263-7.	1998	
India	Subramanian SV, Smith GD. Patterns, distribution, and determinants of under- and overnutrition: a population-based study of women in India. Am J Clin Nutr. 2006; 84(3): 633-40.	1998	
India	India Lead Exposure Data 1999 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1999	
India	Ramachandran A, Snehalatha C, Vinitha R, Thayyil M, Kumar CKS, Sheeba L, Joseph S, Vijay V. Prevalence of overweight in urban Indian adolescent school children. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2002; 57(3): 185-90.	1999	
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India	Mohanty MK, Panigrahi MK, Mohanty S, Das SK. Victimologic study of female homicide. Leg Med (Tokyo). 2004; 6(3): 151-6.	1998-2001	*
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India	International Institute for Population Sciences (India). India District Level Household Survey 2002-2005 . Mumbai, India: International Institute for Population Sciences (India).	2002-2005	
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India	India National Sample Survey Round 63 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
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India	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2008-2009	
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India	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (India), ORG Centre for Social Research (ORG CSR), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). India Coverage Evaluation Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	
India	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (India). India National Sample Survey Round 66 2009-2010. New Delhi, India: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (India).	2009-2010	
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Indonesia	Minnesota Population Center, Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia). Indonesia Population Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1980	
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Indonesia	Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Indonesia	Soekirman, Hardinsyah, Jus'at I, Jahari AB. Regional study of nutritional status of urban primary schoolchildren. 2. West Jakarta and Bogor, Indonesia. Food Nutr Bull. 2002; 23(1): 31-40.	1989	
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Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia). Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1992.	1992	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia). Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1993.	1993	
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Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1995.	1995	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia). Indonesia Intercensal Population Survey 1995.	1995	
Indonesia	Indonesia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1995	
Indonesia	Indonesia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Indonesia	Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	

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Indonesia	Minnesota Population Center, Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia). Indonesia Intercensal Population Survey 1995 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1995	
Indonesia	National Institute of Health Research and Development (NIHRD), Ministry of Health (Indonesia). Household Health Survey Series: Smoking Behavior In Indonesia 1995.	1995	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1996.	1996	
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Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Family Planning Coordinating Board (Indonesia). Indonesia Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1997.	1997	
Indonesia	Macro International, Inc, RAND Corporation, University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA), University of Indonesia. Indonesia Family Life Survey 1997.	1997	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), World Bank. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1998.	1998	
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), World Bank. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1999.	1999	
Indonesia	Indonesia - Ambon Island Nutrition Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Indonesia	Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 1999 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1999	
Indonesia	Albalak R, Noonan G, Buchanan S, Flanders WD, Gotway-Crawford C, Kim D, Jones RL, Sulaiman R, Blumenthal W, Tan R, Curtis G, McGeehin MA. Blood lead levels and risk factors for lead poisoning among children in Jakarta, Indonesia. Sci Total Environ. 2003; 301(1-3): 75-85.	2000	
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Indonesia	Pangaribuan R, Erhardt JG, Scherbaum V, Biesalski HK. Vitamin A capsule distribution to control vitamin A deficiency in Indonesia: effect of supplementation in pre-school children and compliance with the programme. Public Health Nutr. 2003; 6(2): 209-16. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	*
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Indonesia	Ministry of Health (Indonesia), World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2001.	2001	
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Indonesia	Indonesia Agricultural Census 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Indonesia	Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
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Indonesia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia - Jakarta Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Indonesia	Indonesia National Health Survey - Round 2 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2004.	2004	
Indonesia	The Determinant Factors of Hypertension Among Adults in West Sumatra, Indonesia as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
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Indonesia	Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Indonesia	Minnesota Population Center, Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Intercensal Population Survey 2005 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2005	
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2005.	2005	
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Indonesia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Indonesia), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007.	2007	*
Indonesia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Family Planning Coordinating Board (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Indonesia	Macro International, Inc, Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Special Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	*
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2007.	2007	
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2008.	2008	
Indonesia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2009.	2009	
Indonesia	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada). 2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Indonesia	Minnesota Population Center, Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Population Census 2010 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2010	
Indonesia	National Institute of Health Research and Development (NIHRD), Ministry of Health (Indonesia). Indonesia Basic Health Research 2010.	2010	
Indonesia	Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia National Socioeconomic Survey 2010.	2010	
Indonesia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Indonesia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Indonesia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Institute of Health Research and Development (NIHRD), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia, World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2011	*
Indonesia	Huboyo HS, Tohno S, Lestari P, Mizohata A, Okumura M. Characteristics of indoor air pollution in rural mountainous and rural coastal communities in Indonesia. Atmospheric Environment. 2014; 343-50.	2011	*
Indonesia	Iriani DU, Matsukawa T, Tadjudin MK, Itoh H, Yokoyama K. Cross-sectional study on the effects of socioeconomic factors on lead exposure in children by gender in Serpong, Indonesia. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2012; 9(11): 4135-49.	2011	*
Indonesia	Ministry of Home Affairs (Indonesia), National Development Planning Agency (BAPPENAS) (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Indonesia - Papua Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Indonesia	Ministry of Home Affairs (Indonesia), National Development Planning Agency (BAPPENAS) (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Indonesia - West Papua Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Indonesia	Santoso M, Dwiana Lestiani D, Hopke PK. Atmospheric black carbon in PM2.5 in Indonesian cities. J Air Waste Manag Assoc. 2013; 63(9): 1022-5.	2011	*
Indonesia	ICF International, Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Population and Family Planning Board (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Indonesia	ICF International, Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Population and Family Planning Board (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Special Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Indonesia	Review of USAID/VITAL-Supported Vitamin A Deficiency Surveys as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-1991 1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2012	*
Indonesia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2000, 2005, 2009	
Indonesia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	*
Indonesia	Macro International, Inc, Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Special Demographic and Health Survey 2002-2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1961-2009	
Indonesia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1970-2009	
Indonesia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1980-2011	
Indonesia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1987-1999	
Indonesia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1989, 1992, 1998-2000	
Indonesia	Atmarita, Jahari AB, Latief D, Soekirman, Tilden RL. The effect of economic crisis on the nutritional status of Indonesian pre-school children. Gizi Indon. 2000; 33-41. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989, 1992, 1998-2000	
Indonesia	Atmarita, Jahari AB, Latief D, Soekirman, Tilden RL. The effect of economic crisis on the nutritional status of Indonesian pre-school children. Gizi Indon. 2000; 33-41. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991-1993	
Indonesia	Indonesia SEAMEO-GTZ Combined Nutrition Surveys as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.		



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Indonesia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
Indonesia	RAND Corporation, University of Indonesia. Indonesia Family Life Survey 1993-1994. Santa Monica, United States: RAND Corporation.	1993-1994	
Indonesia	Indonesia - South Kalimantan and South Sulawesi Localvita Project Baseline Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996-1997	
Indonesia	Indonesia Monitoring the Economic Crisis: Impact and Transition 1998-2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999-2000	
Indonesia	Indonesia Nutrition and Health Surveillance System Annual Report 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000-2001	
Indonesia	National Institute of Health Research and Development (NIHRD), Ministry of Health (Indonesia), World Health Organization (WHO). Indonesia WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2001.	2000-2001	
Indonesia	Atmarita, Sandjaya, Taha R, Atmawikarta A, Tilden R. Impact of the Economic Crisis and Supplemental Feeding on Growth Faltering Rates in Indonesia (in press) (and additional analysis). as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001-2002	
Indonesia	Indonesia 1989-2005 Child Nutrition Status and Most Important Risk Factors as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001-2002	
Indonesia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Indonesia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Indonesia), National Family Planning Coordinating Board (Indonesia), Statistics Indonesia. Indonesia Demographic and Health Survey 2002-2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002-2003	
Indonesia	Center for Population and Policy Studies, Gadjah Mada University (Indonesia), RAND Corporation, SurveyMETER. Indonesia Family Life Survey 2007-2008. Santa Monica, United States: RAND Corporation.	2007-2008	
Indonesia	Indonesia Basic Health Research 2007-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007-2008	
Indonesia	National Institute of Health Research and Development (NIHRD), Ministry of Health (Indonesia). Indonesia Basic Health Research 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Indonesia	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2008, 2010	*
Indonesia	Fulu E, Jewkes R, Roselli T, Garcia-Morena C, UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence research team. Prevalence of and factors associated with male perpetration of intimate partner violence: findings from the UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific. Lancet Glob Health. 2013; 1(4): e187-e207.	2010-2013	*
Iran	Iran Nutritional Status of Rural Iranian Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980	
Iran	Navab SW, Hamed P, Sadre M. Heights and weights of Iranian preschool children in a rural health care network. J Trop Pediatr. 1982; 28(4): 180-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Iran	Statistical Centre of Iran. Iran Population and Housing Census 1986.	1986	
Iran	Soori H. Pattern of dietary behaviour and obesity in Ahwaz, Islamic Republic of Iran. East Mediterr Health J. 2001; 7(1-2): 163-70.	1988	
Iran	Amini M, Afshin-Nia F, Bashardoost N, Aminorroaya A, Shahparian M, Kazemi M. Prevalence and risk factors of diabetes mellitus in the Isfahan city population (aged 40 or over) in 1993. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 1997; 38(3): 185-90.	1993	
Iran	SarrafiZadegan N, AminiNik S. Blood pressure pattern in urban and rural areas in Isfahan, Iran. J Hum Hypertens. 1997; 11(7): 425-8.	1993	
Iran	Rafiei M, Boshtam M, Sarraf-Zadegan N. Lipid profiles in the Isfahan population: an Isfahan cardiovascular disease risk factor survey, 1994. East Mediterr Health J. 1999; 5(4): 766-77.	1994	
Iran	Sarrafi-Zadegan N, Sayed-Tabatabaei FA, Bashardoost N, Maleki A, Totonchi M, Habibi HR, Sotodehmaram E, Tafazoli F, Karimi A. The prevalence of coronary artery disease in an urban population in Isfahan, Iran. Acta Cardiol. 1999; 54(5): 257-63.	1994	
Iran	Dorosty AR, Siassi F, Reilly JJ. Obesity in Iranian children. Arch Dis Child. 2002; 87(5): 388-391.	1995	
Iran	Iran Cluster Survey for Evaluation of Mid-decade Goal Indicators 1995 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1995	
Iran	Iran Cluster Survey for Evaluation of Mid-decade Goal Indicators 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), Statistical Centre of Iran, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Iran Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1995	
Iran	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Iran Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1997.	1997	

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Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran). Iran Anthropometric Nutritional Indicators Survey 1998.	1998	
Iran	Azizi F, Rahmani M, Emami H, Mirmiran P, Hajipour R, Madjid M, Ghanbili J, Ghanbarian A, Mehrabi Y, Saadat N, Salehi P, Mortazavi N, Heydarian P, Sarbazi N, Allahverdian S, Saadati N, Ainy E, Moeini S. Cardiovascular risk factors in an Iranian urban population: Tehran lipid and glucose study (phase 1). <i>Soz Praventivmed.</i> 2002; 47(6): 408-26.	1999	
Iran	Bakhshi E, Eshraghian MR, Mohammad K, Foroushani AR, Zeraati H, Fotouhi A, Siassi F, Seifi B. Sociodemographic and smoking associated with obesity in adult women in Iran: results from the National Health Survey. <i>J Public Health (Oxf).</i> 2008; 30(4): 429-35.	1999	
Iran	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Iran	Azizi F, Emami H, Salehi P, Ghanbarian A, Mirmiran P, Mirbolooki M, Azizi T. Cardiovascular risk factors in the elderly: the Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>J Cardiovasc Risk.</i> 2003; 10(1): 65-73.	2000	
Iran	Azizi F, Rahmani M, Ghanbarian A, Emami H, Salehi P, Mirmiran P, Sarbazi N. Serum lipid levels in an Iranian adults population: Tehran Lipid and Glucose Study. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; 18(4): 311-9.	2000	
Iran	Ghazizadeh A. Domestic violence: a crosssectional study in an Iranian city. <i>East Mediterr Health J.</i> 2005; 11(5-6): 880-7.	2000	
Iran	Kelishadi R, Gharipour M, Sadri GH, Tavasoli AA, Amani A. Cardiovascular disease risk factors, metabolic syndrome and obesity in an Iranian population. <i>East Mediterr Health J.</i> 2008; 14(5): 1070-9.	2000	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), Statistical Centre of Iran. Iran Demographic and Health Survey 2000.	2000	
Iran	Rahmani M, Koohkan A, Allahverdian S, Hedayati M, Azizi F. Comparison of dietary iodine intake and Urinary excretion in urban and rural Households of Ilam in 2000. <i>Iran J Endocrin Metab.</i> 2000; 2(1): 31-7. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000	
Iran	An Investigation of Undernutrition in Iran Year 1380 [2001] as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	
Iran	Fazizi F, Esmailzadeh A, Mirmiran FP. Obesity and cardiovascular disease risk factors in Tehran adults: a population-based study. <i>East Mediterr Health J.</i> 2004; 10(6): 887-97.	2001	
Iran	Iran Water and Sanitation Data 2001.	2001	
Iran	Qazvin University of Medical Sciences, Zanjan University of Medical Sciences. Iran Community-Based Pilot Study for Primary Prevention of the Major Noncommunicable Diseases in Qazvin and Abhar 2001.	2001	
Iran	Rafiei M, Boshtam M, Sarraf-Zadegan N, Seirafian S. The relation between salt intake and blood pressure among Iranians. <i>Kuwait Med J.</i> 2008; 40(3): 191-95. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001	
Iran	Sadeghi M, Roohafza H, Shirani S, Poormoghadas M, Kelishadi R, Baghaii A, Sarraf-Zadegan N. Diabetes and associated cardiovascular risk factors in Iran: the Isfahan Healthy Heart Programme. <i>Ann Acad Med Singapore.</i> 2007; 36(3): 175-80.	2001	
Iran	Sadeghi M, Roohafza HR, Kelishadi R. Blood Pressure and Associated Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Iran: Isfahan Healthy Heart Programme. <i>Med J Malaysia.</i> 2004; 59(4): 460-7.	2001	
Iran	Mousavi SM, Eshagian A. Wife abuse in Esfahan, Islamic Republic of Iran, 2002. <i>East Mediterr Health J.</i> 2005; 11(5-6): 860-9.	2002	
Iran	Nojomi M, Tehrani A, Najm-Abadi S. Risk analysis of growth failure in under-5-year children. <i>Arch Iran Med.</i> 2004; 7(3): 195-200. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Iran	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Iran, Islamic Rep. Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Iran	Dastgiri S, Mahdavi R, TuTunchi H, Faramarzi E. Prevalence of obesity, food choices and socio-economic status: a cross-sectional study in the north-west of Iran. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2006; 9(8): 996-1000.	2003	
Iran	Esmailzadeh A, Mirmiran P, Azizi F. Comparative evaluation of anthropometric measures to predict cardiovascular risk factors in Tehranian adult women. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2006; 9(1): 61-9.	2003	
Iran	Kelishadi R, Ardalan G, Gheiratmand R, Majdzadeh R, Hosseini M, Gouya MM, Razaghi EM, Delavari A, Motaghian M, Barekati H, Mahmoud-Arabi MS, Lock K, Caspian Study Group. Thinness, overweight and obesity in a national sample of Iranian children and adolescents: CASPIAN Study. <i>Child Care Health Dev.</i> 2008; 34(1): 44-54.	2003	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Iran	Larijani B, Moayyeri A, Keshtkar AA, Hossein-Nezhad A, Soltani A, Bahrami A, Omrani GH, Rajabian R, Nabipour I. Peak bone mass of Iranian population: the Iranian Multicenter Osteoporosis Study. <i>J Clin Densitom</i> . 2006; 9(3): 367-74.	2003	
Iran	Nabipour I, Amiri M, Imami SR, Jahfari SM, Nosrati A, Iranpour D, Soltanian AR. Unhealthy lifestyles and ischaemic electrocardiographic abnormalities: the Persian Gulf Healthy Heart Study. <i>East Mediterr Health J</i> . 2008; 14(4): 858-68.	2003	
Iran	Omrani GR, Masoompour SM, Hamidi A, Mardanifard HA, Taghavi SM, Talezadeh P, Larijani B. Bone mineral density in the normal Iranian population: a comparison with American reference data. <i>Arch Osteoporos</i> . 2006; 1(1-2): 29-35.	2003	
Iran	Farzin L, Amiri M, Shams H, Ahmadi Faghih MA, Moassesi ME. Blood levels of lead, cadmium, and mercury in residents of Tehran. <i>Biol Trace Elem Res</i> . 2008; 123(1-3): 14-26.	2004	
Iran	Hajian-Tilaki KO, Heidari B. Prevalence of obesity, central obesity and the associated factors in urban population aged 20-70 years, in the north of Iran: a population-based study and regression approach. <i>Obes Rev</i> . 2007; 8(1): 3-10.	2004	
Iran	Hosseinpanah F, Rambod M, Hossein-nejad A, Larijani B, Azizi F. Association between vitamin D and bone mineral density in Iranian postmenopausal women. <i>J Bone Miner Metab</i> . 2008; 26(1): 86-92.	2004	
Iran	Janghorbani M, Amini M, Rezvanian H, Gouya M-M, Delavari A, Alikhani S, Mahdavi A. Association of body mass index and abdominal obesity with marital status in adults. <i>Arch Iran Med</i> . 2008; 11(3): 274-81.	2004	
Iran	Maddah M. Overweight and obesity among Iranian female adolescents in Rasht: more overweight in the lower social group. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2007; 10(5): 450-3.	2004	
Iran	Mahram M, Mousavinasab N, Dinmohammadi H, Soroush S, Sarkhosh F. Effect of living in lead mining area on growth. <i>Indian J Pediatr</i> . 2007; 74(6): 555-9.	2004	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran). Iran Anthropometric Nutritional Indicators Survey 2004.	2004	
Iran	Shah-Farhat A, Parizadeh MJ, xKhademy MJ, Balali-Mood M. Blood lead concentrations in one- to seven-year-old children in Mashhad, Iran. <i>Clin Toxicol (Phila)</i> . 2007; 45(7): 812-3.	2004	
Iran	Azadbakht L, Esmailzadeh A. Dietary and non-dietary determinants of central adiposity among Tehrani women. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2008; 11(5): 528-34.	2005	
Iran	Hadad K, Doulatdar R, Mehdizadeh S. Indoor radon monitoring in Northern Iran using passive and active measurements. <i>J Environ Radioact</i> . 2007; 95(1): 39-52.	2005	
Iran	Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Iran	Mowlavi AA, Fornasier MR, Binesh A, de Denaro M. Indoor radon measurement and effective dose assessment of 150 apartments in Mashhad, Iran. <i>Environ Monit Assess</i> . 2012; 184(2): 1085-8.	2005	
Iran	World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), Center for Non-Communicable Diseases Control (Iran). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Iran	Fakhrzadeh H, Ghaderpanahi M, Sharifi F, Badamchizade Z, Mirarefin M, Larijani B. Increased risk of chronic kidney disease in elderly with metabolic syndrome and high levels of C-reactive protein: Kahrizak Elderly Study. <i>Kidney Blood Press Res</i> . 2009; 32(6): 457-63.	2006	
Iran	Golmohammadi T, Ansari M, Nikzamir A, Safary R, Elahi S. Association of lead concentration in colostrum, maternal and cord blood with newborn weight in polluted vs. non-polluted areas of Iran. <i>Tehran Univ Med J</i> . 2007; 65(8): 74-8.	2006	
Iran	Iran Water and Sanitation Data 2006.	2006	
Iran	Maddah M, Nikooyeh B. Factors associated with overweight in children in Rasht, Iran: gender, maternal education, skipping breakfast and parental obesity. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2010; 13(2): 196-200.	2006	
Iran	Maddah M, Nikooyeh B. Obesity among Iranian adolescent girls: location of residence and parental obesity. <i>J Health Popul Nutr</i> . 2010; 28(1): 61-6.	2006	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), World Health Organization (WHO). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Iran	Statistical Centre of Iran, Minnesota Population Center. Iran General Census of Population and Housing 2006 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: Version 6.1 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2006	
Iran	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Islamic Republic of Iran Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Iran	Esteghamati A, Meysamie A, Khalilzadeh O, Rashidi A, Haghazali M, Asgari F, Kamgar M, Gouya MM, Abbasi M. Third national Surveillance of Risk Factors of Non-Communicable Diseases (SuRFNCD-2007) in Iran: methods and results on prevalence of diabetes, hypertension, obesity, central obesity, and dyslipidemia. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2009; 167.	2007	
Iran	Shirani S, Heidari K, Sabzghabae AM, Mirmoghtadaee P, Hoseini L, Aalifar H, Fadaei H, Esnaashari H, Soltani R. The modifiable noncommunicable risk factors among an Iranian population. <i>Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health</i> . 2012; 43(5): 1227-32.	2007	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Iran	World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), Center for Non-Communicable Diseases Control (Iran). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	*
Iran	Khazaie H, Najafi F, Rezaie L, Tahmasian M, Sepehry AA, Herth FJF. Prevalence of symptoms and risk of obstructive sleep apnea syndrome in the general population. Arch Iran Med. 2011; 14(5): 335-8.	2008	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), World Health Organization (WHO). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	*
Iran	WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean. WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean Annual Report 2008. Cairo, Egypt: WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean, 2009.	2008	
Iran	Malekiran AA, Oryan S, Fani A, Babapor V, Hashemi M, Baeeri M, Bayrami Z, Abdollahi M. Study on clinical and biochemical toxicity biomarkers in a zinc-lead mine workers. Toxicol Ind Health. 2010; 26(6): 331-7.	2009	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), World Health Organization (WHO). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	*
Iran	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009	*
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), Statistical Centre of Iran. Iran Multiple Indicator Demographic and Health Survey 2010.	2010	
Iran	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Iran	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran). Iran STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011. [Unpublished].	2011	*
Iran	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran). Iran AIDS Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1995-2000, 2002, 2005-2010	*
Iran	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Iran	Iran National Comprehensive Study on Household Food Consumption Pattern and Nutritional Status 2001-2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2003	
Iran	Mozaffarian D, Abdollahi M, Campos H, Houshiarad A, Willett WC. Consumption of trans fats and estimated effects on coronary heart disease in Iran. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2007; 61(8): 1004-10. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2003	
Iran	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Iran	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Iran	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Iran	Iran National Comprehensive Study on Household Food Consumption and Nutritional Status 1991-1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1995	
Iran	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996, 2005-2009	
Iran	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996, 2005-2010	
Iran	Ministry of Health and Medical Education (Iran), World Health Organization (WHO). Iran WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2001	
Iran	Hoosiernorm. Epidemiology of Drug Use in Iran. In: Spengler Forum [Internet]. Hong Kong, China: Asia Times Online; 2008 May 18.	2001, 2006	*
Iran	Safarinejad MR. The epidemiology of adult chronic kidney disease in a population-based study in Iran: prevalence and associated risk factors. J Nephrol. 2009; 22(1): 99-108.	2002-2005	
Iran	Bushehr University of Medical Sciences. Iran Persian Gulf Healthy Heart Study (PGHHS) Phase I 2003-2004.	2003-2004	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Iran	Najafi I, Attari F, Islami F, Shakeri R, Malekzadeh F, Salahi R, Gharavi MY, Hosseini M, Broumand B, Haghighi AN, Larijani B, Malekzadeh R. Renal function and risk factors of moderate to severe chronic kidney disease in Golestan Province, northeast of Iran. PLoS One. 2010; 5(12): e14216.	2007-2009	
Iran	Najafi I, Shakeri R, Islami F, Malekzadeh F, Salahi R, Yapan-Gharavi M, Hosseini M, Hakemi M, Alatab S, Rahmati A, Broumand B, Nobakht-Haghighi A, Larijani B, Malekzadeh R. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease and its associated risk factors: the first report from Iran using both microalbuminuria and urine sediment. Arch Iran Med. 2012; 15(2): 70-5.	2007-2009	
Iran	Department of the Environment (Iran). Iran Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Data 2005, 2008-2013. [Unpublished].	2010, 2012	*
Iran	Department of the Environment (Iran). Iran - Tehran Air Quality PM2.5 and PM10 Data 2005, 2010, 2012. [Unpublished].	2010, 2013	*
Iraq	Field JO, Russell RM. Nutrition mission to Iraq for UNICEF. Nutr Rev. 1992; 50(2): 41-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Iraq	Iraq Infant and Child Mortality and Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Iraq	Iraq Infant and Child Mortality and Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Iraq	Iraq Rapid Nutritional Assessment of 0 to 5 Year Old Kurdish Refugee Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Iraq	Sato N, Obeid O, Brun T. Malnutrition in southern Iraq. Lancet. 1991; 338(8776): 1202. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Iraq	Yip R, Sharp TW. Acute malnutrition and high childhood mortality related to diarrhea. Lessons from the 1991 Kurdish refugee crisis. JAMA. 1993; 270(5): 587-90. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Iraq	Zaidi S, Fawzi MC. Health of Baghdad's children. Lancet. 1995; 346(8988): 1485. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Iraq	Iraq Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Iraq	Central Statistical Organization (Iraq), Minnesota Population Center. Iraq Population and Housing Census 1997 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1997	
Iraq	Iraq FAO/WHO Food Supply and Nutrition Assessment Mission as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Iraq	Iraq Nutritional Status of Children Under 5 in the Autonomous Northern Region as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Iraq	Iraq Nutritional Status Survey at Primary Health Centres During Polio National Immunization Days 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Iraq	Iraq Nutritional Status Survey of Infants as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Iraq	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Iraq	Iraq Nutrition Survey of Children Under Two Attending Routine Immunization Sessions at Primary Health Care Centres 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Iraq	Iraq Nutritional Status Survey at Primary Health Centres During Polio National Immunization Days in Centre/South Iraq 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Iraq	Central Statistical Organization (Iraq), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Iraq Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Iraq	Iraq - Integrated Nutritional Status Survey of Under Five Years and Breastfeeding and Complementary Feeding Practices of Under Two Years 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Iraq	Amowitz LL, Kim G, Reis C, Asher JL, Iacopino V. Human rights abuses and concerns about women's health and human rights in southern Iraq. JAMA. 2004; 291(12): 1471-9.	2003	
Iraq	Iraq Baseline Food Security Analysis as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
Iraq	Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology (Iraq). Iraq Living Conditions Survey 2004.	2004	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Iraq	Iraq Living Conditions Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Iraq	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Iraq-Kurdistan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Iraq	Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology (Iraq), Ministry of Health (Iraq), World Health Organization (WHO). Iraq STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Iraq	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology (Iraq), Kurdistan Regional Statistics Office. Iraq Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Iraq	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2006	*
Iraq	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Iraq - Baghdad Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Iraq	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Iraq	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Iraq	Al-Dosky AH, Al-Timimi DJ, Al-Dabbag SA. Lead exposure among the general population of Duhok governorate, Kurdistan region, Iraq. East Mediterr Health J. 2012; 18(9): 974-9.	2011	*
Iraq	Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology (Iraq), Kurdistan Regional Statistics Office, Ministry of Health (Iraq), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Iraq Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Iraq	Directorate General of Health-Duhok (Iraq), Kurdistan Regional Government (Iraq), Ministry of Health (Iraq), World Health Organization (WHO). Iraq - Dah?k STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
Iraq	Ministry of Health (Iraq), Central Organization for Statistics and Information Technology (Iraq), Kurdistan Regional Statistics Office, World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health (Kurdistan). Iraq Family Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Iraq	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Iraq	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Ireland	IARC Monographs On The Evaluation Of The Carcinogenic Risk Of Chemicals To Humans: Tobacco Smoking as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Ireland	Shelley E, Daly L, Kilcoyne D, Graham I. Obesity: a public health problem in Ireland?. Ir J Med Sci. 1991; 29-34.	1985	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Ireland	Flynn A, Shortt C, Morrissey PA. Sodium and potassium intakes in Ireland. Proc Nutr Soc. 1990; 49(2): 323-32. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1987	

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Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Ireland	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Media Research Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Listenership Research Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Listenership Research Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Ireland	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Listenership Research Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
Ireland	Donne B, Kelly M, Kelly A, Barniville G, O'Brien M, Corlett L. Bone density profiles and osteoporosis incidence in Irish females. Ir Med J . 1996; 89(3): 92-4.	1993	
Ireland	Ireland Joint National Listenership Research Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Ireland	Sayers G, Thornton L, Corcoran R, Burke M. Influences on breast feeding initiation and duration. Ir J Med Sci. 1995; 164(4): 281-4.	1993	
Ireland	Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) (Ireland), Women's Aid (Ireland). Ireland Making the Links Study 1995.	1995	
Ireland	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Ireland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Ireland	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1996	*
Ireland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Ireland	Centre for Health Promotion Studies, National University of Ireland, Galway, Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland). Ireland Survey of Lifestyle Attitudes and Nutrition 1998. Dublin, Ireland: Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland).	1998	
Ireland	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Ireland	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Ireland	McGee H, Garavan R, Byrne J, O'Higgins M, Conroy RM. Secular trends in child and adult sexual violence - one decreasing and the other increasing: a population survey in Ireland. Eur J Public Health. 2011; 21(1): 98-103.	2001	
Ireland	McMaster C, Cullen L, Raymond N. Overweight and obesity in Irish primary schools: retrospective cohort study. Child Care Health Dev. 2005; 31(5): 499-506.	2001	
Ireland	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Ireland Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2002. [Unpublished].	2002	
Ireland	Centre for Health Promotion Studies, National University of Ireland, Galway, Department of Public Health Medicine and Epidemiology, University College Dublin, Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland). Ireland Survey of Lifestyle Attitudes and Nutrition 2002. Dublin, Ireland: Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland).	2002	



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Ireland	Whelton H, Harrington J, Crowley E, Kelleher V, Cronin M, Perry IJ. Prevalence of overweight and obesity on the island of Ireland: results from the North South Survey of Children's Height, Weight and Body Mass Index, 2002. BMC Public Health. 2007; 187.	2002	
Ireland	Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) (Ireland), National Crime Council (Ireland). Ireland National Study of Domestic Abuse 2003.	2003	
Ireland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Ireland	World Health Organization (WHO). Ireland World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Ireland	Department of Health (Ireland). Ireland Cigarette Smoking Trends 2005.	2005	
Ireland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Ireland	Marsh D. Radiation mapping and soil radioactivity in the Republic of Ireland. [master's thesis]. [Dublin]: Trinity College Dublin; 1992.	2005	
Ireland	McLaughlin J, Murray M, Currivan L, Pollard D, Smith V, Tokonami S, Sorimachi A, Janik M. Long-term measurements of thoron, its airborne progeny and radon in 205 dwellings in Ireland. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2011; 145(2-3): 189-93.	2005	
Ireland	Radiological Protection Institute of Ireland. Ireland National Radon Survey 1992-1999.	2005	
Ireland	Tarrant RC, Younger KM, Sheridan-Pereira M, White MJ, Kearney JM. The prevalence and determinants of breast-feeding initiation and duration in a sample of women in Ireland. Public Health Nutr. 2010; 13(6): 760-70.	2005	
Ireland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Ireland	Glynn LG, Anderson J, Reddan D, Murphy AW. Chronic kidney disease in general practice: prevalence, diagnosis, and standards of care. Ir Med J. 2009; 102(9): 285-8.	2006	
Ireland	Office of Tobacco Control (Ireland). Ireland Cigarette Smoking Trends 2006.	2006	
Ireland	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Ireland	Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) (Ireland), Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland), National University of Ireland, Galway, Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland (RCSI), University College Cork. Ireland Survey of Lifestyle Attitudes and Nutrition 2007. Dublin, Ireland: Health Promotion Unit, Department of Health and Children (Ireland).	2007	
Ireland	Ireland Survey of Lifestyle Attitudes and Nutrition 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Ireland	Lutomski JE, van den Broeck J, Harrington J, Shiely F, Perry IJ. Sociodemographic, lifestyle, mental health and dietary factors associated with direction of misreporting of energy intake. Public Health Nutr. 2011; 14(3): 532-41.	2007	
Ireland	McCrory C, Layte R. Breastfeeding and risk of overweight and obesity at nine-years of age. Soc Sci Med. 2012; 75(2): 323-30.	2007	
Ireland	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Ireland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Ireland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Ireland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Ireland	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Ireland	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1987, 1994, 1999	
Ireland	Department of Justice, Equality and Law Reform (Ireland). Ireland Homicide 1992-1996. Dublin, Ireland: The Stationery Office, 2001.	1992-1996	



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Ireland	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Ireland	Ireland National Children's Food Study 2003-2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Ireland	Ireland National Teens' Food Study 2005-2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Ireland	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006, 2008-2012	*
Ireland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Ireland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2010	
Ireland	Medicine: Statistics of Smoking in the Member States of the European Community as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980-1985	
Ireland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Ireland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1983-2008, 2011-2012	
Ireland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1983-2012	
Ireland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
Ireland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Ireland	Evans DS, Glacken M, Goggin D. Childhood obesity: the extent of the problem among 6-year-old Irish national school children. Child Care Health Dev. 2011; 37(3): 352-9.	2004-2007	
Ireland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Ireland	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Ireland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Ireland	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008, 2010-2011	*
Ireland	Irish Universities Nutrition Alliance (IUNA), University College Cork, University College Dublin. Ireland National Adult Nutrition Survey 2008-2010.	2008-2010	
Israel	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Israel	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Israel	Ashkenazi I, Shemer J. [Smoking habits of young Israeli soldiers]. Harefuah. 1997; 132(7): 502-526. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Israel	Zoller U, Maymon T. Smoking Behavior of High School Students in Israel. J Sch Health. 1983; 53(10): 613-7. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Israel	Central Bureau of Statistics (Israel), Minnesota Population Center. Israel Census of Population and Housing 1983 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1983	

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Israel	Kark JD, Laor A. Cigarette smoking and educational level among young Israelis upon release from military service in 1988--a public health challenge. Isr J Med Sci. 1992; 28(1): 33-7. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Israel	Bar-On H, Friedlander Y, Kidron M, Kark JD. Serum glucose and insulin characteristics and prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in the adult Jewish population of Jerusalem. Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis. 1992; 2: 75-8.	1990	
Israel	Bursztyn M, Shpilberg O, Ginsberg GM, Cohen A, Stessman J. Hypertension in the Jerusalem 70 year olds study population: prevalence, awareness, treatment and control. Isr J Med Sci. 1996; 32(8): 629-33.	1991	
Israel	Amitai Y, Katz D, Lifshitz M, Gofin R, Tepferberg M, Almog S. Prenatal lead exposure in Israel: an international comparison. Isr Med Assoc J. 1999; 1(4): 250-3.	1995	
Israel	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Israel	Rosen L, Manor O, Engelhard D, Brody D, Rosen B, Peleg H, Meir M, Zucker D. Can a handwashing intervention make a difference? Results from a randomized controlled trial in Jerusalem preschools. Prev Med. 2006; 42(1): 27-32.	2000	*
Israel	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Israel Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2001. [Unpublished].	2001	
Israel	Khoury-Kassabri M. Student victimization by educational staff in Israel. Child Abuse Negl. 2006; 30(6): 691-707.	2002	
Israel	World Health Organization (WHO). Israel World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Israel	Haquin G, Riemer T, Shamai Y, Margalio M, Shirav-Schwartz M, Kennet R. Radon Survey of Israel [Internet]. In: Proceedings of the 23rd Conference of the Nuclear Societies in Israel; 2006 Feb.	2005	
Israel	Leibowitz D, Bursztyn M, Jacobs JM, Ein-Mor E, Stessman J. High prevalence of left ventricular hypertrophy in octogenarian women: The Jerusalem Longitudinal Cohort Study. Blood Press. 2010; 19(2): 86-91.	2005	
Israel	Central Bureau of Statistics (Israel), Ministry of Health (Israel). Israel Health Survey 2009.	2009	
Israel	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Israel	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Israel	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Israel	Israel National Health and Nutrition Survey 1999-2001 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1999-2001	
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Israel	Eisikovits Z, Winstok Z, Fishman G. The First Israeli National Survey on Domestic Violence. Violence Against Women. 2004; 10(7): 729-48.	2000-2001	
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Israel	Lowenstein A, Eisikovits Z, Band-Winterstein T, Enosh G. Is Elder Abuse and Neglect a Social Phenomenon? Data from the First National Prevalence Survey in Israel. J Elder Abuse Negl. 2009; 21(3): 253-77.	2004-2005	
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Israel	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
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Israel	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Israel	Gerber Y, Dankner R, Chetrit A, Novikov I, Goldbourt U. The role of risk factor time trends in the steep decline of CHD mortality between two Israeli cohort studies. Prev Med. 2005; 41(1): 85-91.	1981, 2002	
Israel	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1985-1986	
Israel	Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School, Hebrew University of Jerusalem. Israel - Jerusalem Longitudinal Cohort Study Phase I 1990-1991.	1990-1991	
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Israel	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Israel	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1992-2012	
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Israel	Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School, Hebrew University of Jerusalem. Israel - Jerusalem Longitudinal Cohort Study Phase II 1997-1998.	1997-1998	
Israel	Food and Nutrition Services, Ministry of Health (Israel), Israel Center for Disease Control (ICDC). Israel National Health and Nutrition Survey 1999-2001.	1999-2001	
Israel	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Israel	Food and Nutrition Services, Ministry of Health (Israel), Israel Center for Disease Control (ICDC). Israel National Health and Nutrition Survey of Youth 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
Israel	Israel Center for Disease Control (ICDC), Ministry of Health (Israel), WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Israel National Health Interview Survey 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
Israel	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Israel	Hebrew University Hadassah Medical School, Hebrew University of Jerusalem. Israel - Jerusalem Longitudinal Cohort Study Phase III 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
Israel	Israel Center for Disease Control (ICDC), Nutrition Department, Ministry of Health (Israel). Israel National Health and Nutrition Survey of the Elderly Aged 65 And Over 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
Israel	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
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Israel	Ministry of Environmental Protection (Israel). Israel Air Quality Annual PM2.5 and PM10 Averages 2000, 2005, 2010, 2012. [Unpublished].	2010, 2012	*
Israel	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011-2012	*
Italy	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Italy	Italy National Health Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Italy	Pallotti G, Consolino A, Bencivenga B, Iacoponi V, Morisi G, Taggi F. Lead levels in whole blood of an adult population group from Rome. Sci Total Environ. 1983; 31(1): 81-7.	1980	
Italy	Gualandri V, Orsini GB, Cerrone A, Franceschini G, Sirtori CR. Familial associations of lipids and lipoproteins in a highly consanguineous population: the Limone sul Garda study. Metab Clin Exp. 1985; 34(3): 212-21.	1981	



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Italy	Verrillo A, de Teresa A, La Rocca S, Giarrusso PC. Prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in a rural area of Italy. <i>Diabetes Res.</i> 1985; 2(6): 301-6.	1982	
Italy	Pagano R, Negri E, Decarli A, La Vecchia C. Smoking and Weight in the 1983 Italian National Health Survey. <i>Int J Obes (Lond).</i> 1987; 11(4): 333-8.	1983	
Italy	Laurenzi M, Mancini M, Menotti A, Stamler J, Stamler R, Trevisan M, Zanchetti A. Multiple risk factors in hypertension: results from the Gubbio Study. <i>J Hypertens.</i> 1990; 8(Supplement 1): S7-S12.	1984	
Italy	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Italy INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Italy	Italy National Health Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Italy	Palli D, Decarli A, Russo A, Cipriani F, Giacosa A, Amadori D, Salkeld R, Salvini S, Buiatti E. Plasma levels of antioxidant vitamins and cholesterol in a large population sample in central-northern Italy. <i>Eur J Nutr.</i> 1999; 38(2): 90-8.	1987	
Italy	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 29 (Mar-Apr 1988). <i>Faits et Opinions</i> , Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1714 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10886	1988	
Italy	Barbagallo CM, Cavera G, Sapienza M, Noto D, Cefalù AB, Pagano M, Montalto G, Notarbartolo A, Aversa MR. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in a rural southern Italy population and relationships with total and cardiovascular mortality: the Ventimiglia di Sicilia project. <i>Int J Obes (Lond).</i> 2001; 25(2): 185-90.	1989	
Italy	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Italy	Noto D, Barbagallo CM, Cefalu' AB, Cavera G, Sapienza M, Notarbartolo A, Davi' G, Aversa MR. Factor VII activity is an independent predictor of cardiovascular mortality in elderly women of a Sicilian population: results of an 11-year follow-up. <i>Thromb Haemost.</i> 2002; 87(2): 206-10.	1989	
Italy	Seidell JC, Cigolini M, Deslypere JP, Charzewska J, Ellsinger BM, Cruz A. Body fat distribution in relation to serum lipids and blood pressure in 38-year-old European men: the European fat distribution study. <i>Atherosclerosis.</i> 1991; 86(2-3): 2-3.	1989	
Italy	Bonora E, Kiechl S, Willeit J, Oberhollenzer F, Egger G, Meigs JB, Bonadonna RC, Muggeo M, Bruneck study. Population-based incidence rates and risk factors for type 2 diabetes in white individuals: the Bruneck study. <i>Diabetes.</i> 2004; 53(7): 1782-9.	1990	
Italy	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 34.1 (Nov 1990). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1961 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10893	1990	*
Italy	Garancini MP, Calori G, Manara E, Izzo A, Ebbli E, Galli L, Boari L, Gallus G. An Italian population-based study of the prevalence of diabetes: some methodological aspects. <i>Diabete Metab.</i> 1993; 19(1 Pt 2): 116-20.	1990	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Italy	Kiechl S, Lorenz E, Reindl M, Wiedermann CJ, Oberhollenzer F, Bonora E, Willeit J, Schwartz DA. Toll-like receptor 4 polymorphisms and atherogenesis. <i>N Engl J Med.</i> 2002; 347(3): 185-92.	1990	
Italy	Pagano R, La Vecchia C. Overweight and obesity in Italy, 1990-91. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 1994; 18(10): 665-9.	1990	
Italy	Bijnen FC, Feskens EJ, Caspersen CJ, Giampaoli S, Nissinen AM, Menotti A, Mosterd WL, Kromhout D. Physical activity and cardiovascular risk factors among elderly men in Finland, Italy, and the Netherlands. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1996; 143(6): 553-61.	1991	
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Italy	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1991	
Italy	Italy National Health Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Italy	Pasini GF, Donato F, Buizza MA, Fantoni C, Gelatti U, Tani M, Grassi V. Prevalence of risk factors for coronary heart disease in a mountain community in northern Italy. <i>G Ital Cardiol (Rome).</i> 1999; 29(8): 891-7.	1991	
Italy	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*



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Italy	Mancia G, Sega R, Milesi C, Cesana G, Zanchetti A. Blood-pressure control in the hypertensive population. <i>Lancet.</i> 1997; 349(9050): 454-7.	1992	
Italy	Celi F, Bini V, De Giorgi G, Molinari D, Faraoni F, Di Stefano G, Bacosi ML, Berioli MG, Contessa G, Falorni A. Epidemiology of overweight and obesity among school children and adolescents in three provinces of central Italy, 1993-2001: study of potential influencing variables. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2003; 57(9): 1045-51.	1993	
Italy	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Italy	Italy National Health Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Italy	Menditto A, Chiodo F, Patriarca M, Morisi G. [Lead exposure: risk evaluation for the general Italian population in 1990]. <i>Ann Ist Super Sanita.</i> 1998; 34(1): 27-39.	1994	
Italy	Pavan L, Casiglia E, Pauletto P, Batista SL, Ginocchio G, Kwankam MM, Biasin R, Mazza A, Puato M, Russo E, Pessina AC. Blood pressure, serum cholesterol and nutritional state in Tanzania and in the Amazon: comparison with an Italian population. <i>J Hypertens.</i> 1997; 15(10): 1083-90. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994	
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Italy	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Italy	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Italy	Riva E, Banderali G, Agostoni C, Silano M, Radaelli G, Giovannini M. Factors associated with initiation and duration of breastfeeding in Italy. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 1999; 88(4): 411-5.	1995	
Italy	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1996	*
Italy	Faldella G, Di Comite A, Marchiani E, Govoni M, Salvioli GP. Breastfeeding duration and current neonatal feeding practices in Emilia Romagna, Italy. <i>Acta Paediatr Suppl.</i> 1999; 88(430): 23-6.	1996	
Italy	Perrone L, Ponticiello E, Marotta A, Lorenzo E, Di Toro R. [Epidemiological study of blood lead levels in young subjects in the Campania region: preliminary data]. <i>Ann Ist Super Sanita.</i> 1998; 34(1): 113-6.	1996	
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Italy	Sanna E, De Micco A, Vallascas E. Evaluation of association between biomarkers of lead exposure in Sardinian children (Italy). <i>Biol Trace Elem Res.</i> 2011; 143(3): 1383-92.	1998	
Italy	Sanna E, Liguori A, Palmas L, Soro MR, Floris G. Blood and hair lead levels in boys and girls living in two Sardinian towns at different risks of lead pollution. <i>Ecotoxicol Environ Saf.</i> 2003; 55(3): 293-9.	1998	
Italy	Antonelli-Incalzi R, Pedone C, McDermott MM, Bandinelli S, Miniati B, Lova RM, Lauretani F, Ferrucci L. Association between nutrient intake and peripheral artery disease: results from the InCHIANTI study. <i>Atherosclerosis.</i> 2006; 186(1): 200-6.	1999	
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Italy	Capuano V, Bambacaro A, D'Arminio T, Del Regno B, Dantonio V, Lanzara C. Changes in total serum cholesterol for cardiovascular disease in a Mediterranean area, 1989-1999. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; 18(1): 27-32.	1999	
Italy	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
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Italy	Ferrucci L, Bandinelli S, Benvenuti E, Di Iorio A, Macchi C, Harris TB, Guralnik JM. Subsystems contributing to the decline in ability to walk: bridging the gap between epidemiology and geriatric practice in the InCHIANTI study. <i>J Am Geriatr Soc.</i> 2000; 48(12): 1618-25.	1999	
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Italy	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. <i>J Public Health.</i> 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	

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Italy	Gualdi-Russo E, Albertini A, Argnani L, Celenza F, Nicolucci M, Toselli S. Weight status and body image perception in Italian children. <i>J Hum Nutr Diet.</i> 2008; 21(1): 39-45.	2000	
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Italy	Italy Blood Pressure Data 2000, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2000	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Smoking 2000.	2000	
Italy	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). Italy European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
Italy	Panico S, Palmieri L, Vanuzzo D, Ferrario M, Giampaoli S. [Risk of major first cardiovascular event among Italian women: results of the CUORE Project]. <i>Ital Heart J.</i> 2004; 59S-121S.	2000	
Italy	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Istat) (Italy), Minnesota Population Center. Italy General Population and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Smoking 2001.	2001	
Italy	Turconi G, Maccarini L, Bazzano R, Roggi C. Overweight and blood pressure: results from the examination of a selected group of adolescents in northern Italy. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2008; 11(9): 905-13.	2001	
Italy	Bo S, Durazzo M, Guidi S, Carello M, Sacerdote C, Silli B, Rosato R, Cassader M, Gentile L, Pagano G. Dietary magnesium and fiber intakes and inflammatory and metabolic indicators in middle-aged subjects from a population-based cohort. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2006; 84(5): 1062-9.	2002	
Italy	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Italy	Maffei C, Consolaro A, Cavarzere P, Chini L, Banzato C, Grezzani A, Silvagni D, Salzano G, De Luca F, Tatò L. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in 2- to 6-year-old Italian children. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring).</i> 2006; 14(5): 765-9.	2002	
Italy	Muesan ML, Salvetti M, Paini A, Monteduro C, Rosei CA, Aggiusti C, Belotti E, Bertacchini F, Galbassini G, Stassaldi D, Castellano M, Rosei EA. Pulse wave velocity and cardiovascular risk stratification in a general population: The Vobarno study. <i>J Hypertens.</i> 2010; 28(9): 1935-43.	2002	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2002.	2002	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Smoking 2002.	2002	
Italy	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Italy	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Italy	Frediani B, Acciai C, Falsetti P, Baldi F, Filippou G, Siagkri C, Spreafico A, Galeazzi M, Marcolongo R. Calcaneus Ultrasonometry and Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry for the Evaluation of Vertebral Fracture Risk. <i>Calcif Tissue Int.</i> 2006; 79(4): 223-9.	2003	
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2003.	2003	
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Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
Italy	Menotti A, Lanti M, Angeletti M, Panarelli W, Scavizzi P, Botta G, Cirillo M, Laurenzi M, Mancini M, Terradura-Vagnarelli O, Zanchetti A. Twenty-year cardiovascular and all-cause mortality trends and changes in cardiovascular risk factors in Gubbio, Italy: The role of blood pressure changes. <i>J Hypertens</i> . 2009; 27(2): 266-74.	2004	
Italy	Bertolo A, Bigliotto C, Giovani C, Garavaglia M, Spinella M, Verdi L, Pegoretti S. Spatial distribution of indoor radon in Triveneto (Northern Italy): a geostatistical approach. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry</i> . 2009; 137(3-4): 318-23.	2005	
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Italy	Catalano R, Immè G, Mangano G, Morelli D, Tazzer AR. Indoor radon survey in Eastern Sicily. <i>Radiat Meas</i> . 2012; 47(1): 105-10.	2005	
Italy	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Italy	Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Italy	Italy Tobacco Use Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Aspects of Daily Life 2005.	2005	
Italy	National Institute of Statistics (Italy). Italy Smoking 2005.	2005	
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Italy	Italy Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2008 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2008	
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Italy	National Research Council (Italy). Italian Longitudinal Study on Ageing (ILSA) 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
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Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
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Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Jamaica	Forrester T, Wilks R, Bennett F, McFarlane-Anderson N, McGee D, Cooper R, Fraser H. Obesity in the Caribbean. Ciba Found Symp. 1996; 17-36.	1993	
Jamaica	Jamaica National Family Planning Board (NFPB), Jamaica Ministry of Health, Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (1994): Jamaica Contraceptive Prevalence Survey 1993. Kingston, Jamaica.	1993	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
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Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Jamaica	McFarlane-Anderson N, Bennett F, Wilks R, Howell S, Newsome C, Cruickshank K, Forrester T. The Trp64Arg mutation of the beta3-adrenergic receptor is associated with hyperglycemia and current body mass index in Jamaican women. Metab Clin Exp. 1998; 47(5): 617-21.	1995	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Jamaica	Wilks R, Rotimi C, Bennett F, McFarlane-Anderson N, Kaufman JS, Anderson SG, Cooper RS, Cruickshank JK, Forrester T. Diabetes in the Caribbean: results of a population survey from Spanish Town, Jamaica. Diabet Med. 1999; 16(10): 875-83.	1996	
Jamaica	Jamaica National Family Planning Board (NFPB), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Jamaica Reproductive Health Survey 1997. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1997	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Jamaica	Planning Institute of Jamaica, Statistical Institute of Jamaica. Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1997.	1997	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Jamaica	Lalor G, Rattray R, Vutckov M, Campbell B, Lewis-Bell K. Blood lead levels in Jamaican school children. Sci Total Environ. 2001; 269(1-3): 171-81.	1998	
Jamaica	Ichinohe M, Mita R, Saito K, Shinkawa H, Nakaji S, Coombs M, Carney A, Wright B, Fuller EL. The prevalence of obesity and its relationship with lifestyle factors in Jamaica. Tohoku J Exp Med. 2005; 207(1): 21-32.	1999	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Jamaica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Jamaica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2000	*
Jamaica	Figuerola JP, Ward E, Walters C, Ashley DE, Wilks RJ. High risk health behaviours among adult Jamaicans. West Indian Med J. 2005; 54(1): 70-6.	2000	
Jamaica	Geary CW, Wedderburn M, McCarraher D, Cuthbertson C, Pottinger A. Sexual Violence and Reproductive Health Among Young People in Three Communities in Jamaica. J Interpers Violence. 2006; 21(11): 1512-33.	2000	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Jamaica	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Jamaica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Jamaica	Planning Institute of Jamaica, Statistical Institute of Jamaica. Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2001.	2001	
Jamaica	Ragoobirsingh D, Morrison EYSA, Johnson P, Lewis-Fuller E. Obesity in the Caribbean: the Jamaican experience. Diabet Obes Metab. 2004; 6(1): 23-7.	2001	
Jamaica	Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN), Minnesota Population Center. Jamaica Population Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2001	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	



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Jamaica	Statistical Institute of Jamaica (STATIN) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Jamaica Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Jamaica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Jamaica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Jamaica	Fox K, Gordon-Strachan G, Johnson A, Ashley D. Jamaican youth health status 2005. West Indian Med J. 2009; 58(6): 533-8.	2006	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Jamaica	Jamaica Survey of Living Conditions 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Jamaica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Jamaica Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	
Jamaica	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Jamaica Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
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Jamaica	Jackson M, Walker S, Forrester T, Cruickshank JK, Wilks R. Social and dietary determinants of body mass index of adult Jamaicans of African origin. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2003; 57(4): 621-7. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1995	
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Jamaica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Jamaica	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Jamaica	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Jamaica	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998-2008	
Jamaica	Jamaica Family Planning Board, Jamaica Statistical Institute (STATIN), Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Jamaica Reproductive Health Survey 2002-2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002-2003	
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Japan	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Japan	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
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Japan	Watanabe T, Fujita H, Koizumi A, Chiba K, Miyasaka M, Ikeda M. Baseline level of blood lead concentration among Japanese farmers. Arch Environ Health. 1985; 40(3): 170-6.	1982	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1983.	1983	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1984.	1984	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1985.	1985	
Japan	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Japan INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1986.	1986	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1987.	1987	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1988.	1988	
Japan	Niwa Y, Yatsuya H, Tamakoshi K, Nishio K, Kondo T, Lin Y, Suzuki S, Wakai K, Tokudome S, Yamamoto A, Hamajima N, Toyoshima H, Tamakoshi A, JACC Study Group. Relationship between body mass index and the risk of ovarian cancer in the Japanese population: findings from the Japanese Collaborate Cohort (JACC) study. J Obstet Gynaecol Res. 2005; 31(5): 452-8.	1988	
Japan	Ohmori S, Kiyohara Y, Kato I, Ohmura T, Iwamoto H, Nakayama K, Nomiyama K, Yoshitake T, Ueda K, Fujishima M. Hyperinsulinaemia and blood pressure in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama Study. J Hypertens. 1994; 12(10): 1191-7.	1988	
Japan	Japan - Aito Town Study Blood Pressure Data 1989, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1989	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Japan	Kasamatsu T, Morioka S, Hashimoto T, Kinoshita H, Yamada H, Tamaki T. Epidemiological study on the bone mineral density of inhabitants in Miyama Village, Wakayama prefecture (Part I) background of study population and sampling method. J Bone Miner Metab . 1991; 9(1): 50-5.	1989	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1989.	1989	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Japan	Kadota A, Hozawa A, Okamura T, Kadowak T, Nakmaura K, Murakami Y, Hayakawa T, Kita Y, Okayama A, Nakamura Y, Kashiwagi A, Ueshima H, NIPPON DATA Research Group. Relationship between metabolic risk factor clustering and cardiovascular mortality stratified by high blood glucose and obesity: NIPPON DATA90, 1990-2000. Diabetes Care. 2007; 30(6): 1533-8.	1990	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1990.	1990	
Japan	Sekikawa A, Eguchi H, Tominaga M, Igarashi K, Abe T, Manaka H, Sasaki H, Fukuyama H, Kato T, Kiyohara Y, Fujishima M. Prevalence of type 2 diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in a rural area of Japan. The Funagata diabetes study. J Diabet Complications. 2000; 14(2): 78-83.	1990	
Japan	Yamamoto A, Temba H, Horibe H, Mabuchi H, Saito Y, Matsuzawa Y, Kita T, Nakamura H. Life Style and Cardiovascular Risk Factors in the Japanese Population - From an Epidemiological Survey on Serum Lipid Levels in Japan 1990 Part 2: Association of Lipid Parameters with Hypertension. J Atheroscler Thromb. 2003; 10(3): 176-85.	1990	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1991.	1991	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1992.	1992	
Japan	Sekine M, Yamagami T, Hamanishi S, Handa K, Saito T, Nanri S, Kawaminami K, Tokui N, Yoshida K, Kagamimori S. Parental obesity, lifestyle factors and obesity in preschool children: results of the Toyama Birth Cohort study. J Epidemiol. 2002; 12(1): 33-9.	1992	
Japan	Fukuda M, Ohkubo T, Katsuya T, Hozawa A, Asai T, Matsubara M, Kitaoka H, Tsuji I, Araki T, Satoh H, Higaki J, Hisamichi S, Imai Y, Ogihara T. Association of a Mast Cell Chymase Gene Variant with HDL Cholesterol, but not with Blood Pressure in the Ohasama Study. Hypertens Res. 2002; 25(2): 179-84.	1993	
Japan	Hayashi R, Iwasaki M, Otani T, Wang N, Miyazaki H, Yoshiaki S, Aoki S, Koyama H, Suzuki S. Body mass index and mortality in a middle-aged Japanese cohort. J Epidemiol. 2005; 15(3): 70-7.	1993	
Japan	Japan - Shirakawa Health Study Blood Pressure Data 1993, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1993	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1993.	1993	
Japan	Watanabe T, Nakatsuka H, Shimbo S, Iwami O, Imai Y, Moon CS, Zhang ZW, Iguchi H, Ikeda M. Reduced cadmium and lead burden in Japan in the past 10 years. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1996; 65(5): 305-14.	1993	
Japan	Yoshimura N, Hashimoto T, Morioka S, Sakata K, Kasamatsu T, Cooper C. Determinants of bone loss in a rural Japanese community: the Taiji Study. Osteoporos Int . 1998; 8(6): 604-10.	1993	
Japan	Japan - Tanno-Soubetsu Study Blood Glucose Data 1994, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1994	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1994.	1994	
Japan	Zhang ZW, Moon CS, Watanabe T, Shimbo S, He FS, Wu YQ, Zhou SF, Su DM, Qu JB, Ikeda M. Background exposure of urban populations to lead and cadmium: comparison between China and Japan. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1997; 69(4): 273-81.	1994	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Japan	Japan National Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1995.	1995	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1996.	1996	
Japan	National Hospital Organization (Japan). Japan National Survey on Underage Smoking and Drinking 1996.	1996	
Japan	Sasaki S, Ishihara J, Tsugane S. Validity of a self-administered food frequency questionnaire in the 5-year follow-up survey of the JPHC Study Cohort I to assess sodium and potassium intake: comparison with dietary records and 24-hour urinary excretion level. J Epidemiol. 2003; 13(1 Supp): S102-S105. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996	
Japan	Japan - Shirakawa Health Study Blood Pressure Data 1997, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1997	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
Japan	Mannami T, Baba S, Ogata J. Potential of Carotid Enlargement as a Useful Indicator Affected by High Blood Pressure in a Large General Population of a Japanese City The Suita Study. Stroke. 2000; 31(12): 2958-65.	1997	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1997.	1997	
Japan	Iki M, Kagamimori S, Kagawa Y, Matsuzaki T, Yoneshima H, Marumo F. Bone mineral density of the spine, hip and distal forearm in representative samples of the Japanese female population: Japanese Population-Based Osteoporosis (JPOS) Study. Osteoporos Int . 2001; 12(7): 529-37.	1998	
Japan	Japan - Akabane Health Survey Blood Glucose Data 1998, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1998	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Japan	Japan National Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998	

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	Nakaoka D, Sugimoto T, Kaji H, Kanzawa M, Yano S, Yamauchi M, Sugishita T, Chihara K. Determinants of bone mineral density and spinal fracture risk in postmenopausal Japanese women. Osteoporos Int . 2001; 12(7): 548-54.	1998	
Japan	Tanaka K, Kiyohara Y, Kubo M, Matsumoto T, Tanizaki Y, Okubo K, Ninomiya T, Oishi Y, Shikata K, Iida M. Secular trends in the incidence, mortality, and survival rate of gastric cancer in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama study. Cancer Causes Control. 2005; 16(5): 573-8.	1998	
Japan	Weingourt R, Maruyama T, Sawada I, Yoshino J. Domestic violence and women's mental health in Japan. Int Nurs Rev. 2001; 48(2): 102-8.	1998	
Japan	Ikedo Y, Iki M, Morita A, Aihara H, Kagamimori S, Kagawa Y, Matsuzaki T, Yoneshima H, Marumo F. Age-specific values and cutoff levels for the diagnosis of osteoporosis in quantitative ultrasound measurements at the calcaneus with SAHARA in healthy Japanese women: Japanese population-based osteoporosis (JPOS) study. Calcif Tissue Int . 2002; 71(1): 1-9.	1999	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Japan	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	1999	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan), National Institute of Health and Nutrition (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 1999.	1999	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Survey on Smoking and Health 1999.	1999	
Japan	Sekine M, Yamagami T, Hamanishi S, Kagamimori S. Accuracy of the estimated prevalence of childhood obesity from height and weight values reported by parents: results of the Toyama Birth Cohort study. J Epidemiol. 2002; 12(1): 9-13.	1999	
Japan	Yamada Y, Ando F, Niino N, Ohta S, Shimokata H. Association of polymorphisms of the estrogen receptor alpha gene with bone mineral density of the femoral neck in elderly Japanese women. J Mol Med . 2002; 80(7): 452-60.	1999	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 2000.	2000	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Survey of Cardiovascular Diseases 2000.	2000	
Japan	National Hospital Organization (Japan). Japan National Survey on Underage Smoking and Drinking 2001.	2000	
Japan	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Japan	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Japan Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2001. [Unpublished].	2001	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
Japan	Japan Association of Health Service Database Blood Pressure Data 2001, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2001	
Japan	Kaneko A, Kaneita Y, Yokoyama E, Miyake T, Harano S, Suzuki K, Ibuka E, Tsutsui T, YukoYamamoto, Ohida T. Factors associated with exclusive breast-feeding in Japan: for activities to support child-rearing with breast-feeding. J Epidemiol. 2006; 16(2): 57-63.	2001	
Japan	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 2001.	2001	
Japan	Nakagami T, Qiao Q, Carstensen B, Nhr-Hansen C, Hu G, Tuomilehto J, Balkau B, Borch-Johnsen K. Age, body mass index and Type 2 diabetes-associations modified by ethnicity. Diabetologia. 2003; 46(8): 1063-70.	2001	
Japan	Suka M, Yoshida K, Yamauchi K. Impact of body mass index on cholesterol levels of Japanese adults. Int J Clin Pract. 2006; 60(7): 770-82.	2001	
Japan	Hasegawa M, Bessho Y, Hosoya T, Deguchi Y. [Prevalence of intimate partner violence and related factors in a local city in Japan]. Jpn J Public Health. 2005; 52(5): 411-21.	2002	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Japan	Japan Hisayama Study Metabolics Data, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2002	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Nutrition Survey 2002.	2002	
Japan	Sun Y, Sekine M, Kagamimori S. Lifestyle and overweight among Japanese adolescents: the Toyama Birth Cohort Study. J Epidemiol. 2009; 19(6): 303-10.	2002	
Japan	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Japan	Kurihama Alcoholism Center (Japan), National Hospital Organization (Japan). Japan Survey on Adult Drinking Patterns and Prevention for Related Problems 2003.	2003	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2003.	2003	
Japan	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Japan	Takahashi Y, Sakai M, Tokuda Y, Takahashi O, Ohde S, Nakayama T, Fukuhara S, Fukui T, Shimbo T. The relation between self-reported body weight and health-related quality of life: a cross-sectional study in Japan. J Public Health (Oxf). 2011; 33(4): 518-26.	2003	
Japan	Aoyagi K, Kusano Y, Takamura N, Abe Y, Osaki M, Une H. Obesity and cardiovascular risk factors among men and women aged 40 years and older in a rural area of Japan. J Physiol Anthropol. 2006; 25(6): 371-5.	2004	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
Japan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2004	*
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2004.	2004	
Japan	National Hospital Organization (Japan). Japan National Survey on Underage Smoking and Drinking 2004.	2004	
Japan	Niizeki T, Takeishi Y, Takabatake N, Shibata Y, Konta T, Kato T, Kawata S, Kubota I. Circulating levels of heart-type fatty acid-binding protein in a general Japanese population: effects of age, gender, and physiologic characteristics. Circ J. 2007; 71(9): 1452-7.	2004	
Japan	Saito I, Mori M, Shibata H, Hirose H, Tsujioka M, Kawabe H. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome in young men in Japan. J Atheroscler Thromb. 2007; 14(1): 27-30.	2004	
Japan	Fujimoto K, Kobayashi S, Uchiyama M, Doi M, Nakamura Y. Nationwide Indoor Radon Survey in Japan. Hoken Butsuri. 1997; 32(1): 41-51.	2005	
Japan	Imai E, Horio M, Watanabe T, Iseki K, Yamagata K, Hara S, Ura N, Kiyohara Y, Moriyama T, Ando Y, Fujimoto S, Konta T, Yokoyama H, Makino H, Hishida A, Matsuo S. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in the Japanese general population. Clin Exp Nephrol. 2009; 13(6): 621-30.	2005	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Japan	Kobayashi J, Nishimura K, Matoba M, Maekawa N, Mabuchi H. Generation and Gender Differences in the Components Contributing to the Diagnosis of the Metabolic Syndrome According to the Japanese Criteria. Circ J. 2007; 71(11): 1734-7.	2005	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2005.	2005	
Japan	Prasad G, Ishikawa T, Hosoda M, Sahoo SK, Kavasi N, Sorimachi A, Tokonami S, Uchida S. Measurement of radon/thoron exhalation rates and gamma-ray dose rate in granite areas in Japan. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 152(1-3): 130-4.	2005	
Japan	Sanada T, Fujimoto K, Miyano K, Doi M, Tokonami S, Uesugi M, Takata Y. Measurement of nationwide indoor Rn concentration in Japan. J Environ Radioact. 1999; 45(2): 129-37.	2005	
Japan	Suzuki G, Yamaguchi I, Ogata H, Sugiyama H, Yonehara H, Kasagi F, Fujiwara S, Tatsukawa Y, Mori I, Kimura S. A nation-wide survey on indoor radon from 2007 to 2010 in Japan. J Radiat Res. 2010; 51(6): 683-9.	2005	
Japan	Japan Annual Market Tobacco Survey 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2006.	2006	



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Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2007.	2007	
Japan	Japan Metabolics Data 2008, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2008	
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2008.	2008	
Japan	Sakai R. Relationship between prevalence of childhood obesity in 17-year-olds and socioeconomic and environmental factors: prefecture-level analysis in Japan. Asia Pac J Public Health. 2013; 25(2): 159-69.	2008	*
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2009.	2009	
Japan	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2010.	2010	
Japan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Japan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Japan	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Japan	Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (Japan). Japan National Health and Nutrition Survey 2011.	2011	*
Japan	Liu L, Mizushima S, Ikeda K, Hattori H, Miura A, Gao M, Nara Y, Yamori Y. Comparative Studies of Diet-Related Factors and Blood Pressure among Chinese and Japanese: Results from the China-Japan Cooperative Research of the WHO-CARDIAC Study. Hypertens Res. 2000; 23(5): 413-20. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE).	1984-1999	
Japan	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Japan	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Japan Report to UNAIDS--HIV/AIDS Trends 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1985-2010	*
Japan	Finch A. Homicide in Contemporary Japan. Br J Criminol. 2001; 41(2): 219-35.	1989-1995	
Japan	Kawamura M, Kimura Y, Takahashi K, Satoh N, Oku K, Adachi T, Nakajima J, Murooka M, Fujiwara T, Hiramori K. Relation of Urinary Sodium Excretion to Blood Pressure, Glucose Metabolism, and Lipid Metabolism in Residents of an Area of Japan with High Sodium Intake. Hypertens Res. 1997; 20(4): 287-93. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1994	
Japan	Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Five-year Follow-up 1995-1998 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995-1998	
Japan	Kimira M, Kudo Y, Takachi R, Haba R, Watanabe S. [Associations between dietary intake and urinary excretion of sodium, potassium, phosphorus, magnesium, and calcium]. Jpn J Hyg. 2004; 59(1): 23-30. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997-2002	
Japan	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Japan	National Institute of Population and Social Security Research (Japan), Ochanomizu University, Toyo Eiwa University, University of Tokyo, World Health Organization (WHO). Japan WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2000-2001.	2000-2002	
Japan	Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Ten-year Follow-up 2000-2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000-2003	
Japan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Japan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	

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Japan	Japan - Hisayama Study Blood Pressure Data 1980-1981, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1980-1981	
Japan	Japan - Aito Town Baseline Survey 1980-1983.	1980-1983	
Japan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Japan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2008	
Japan	Iseki K, Iseki C, Ikemiya Y, Kinjo K, Takishita S. Risk of developing low glomerular filtration rate or elevated serum creatinine in a screened cohort in Okinawa, Japan. <i>Hypertens Res.</i> 2007; 30(2): 167-74.	1983, 1993	
Japan	Japan - Akabane Health Survey 1985-1986.	1985-1986	
Japan	Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. Japan - Konan Health and Nutrition Study 1987-1995.	1987-1995	
Japan	Japan - Miyama Baseline Cohort Survey 1988-1990.	1988-1990	
Japan	Imai E, Horio M, Yamagata K, Iseki K, Hara S, Ura N, Kiyohara Y, Makino H, Hishida A, Matsuo S. Slower decline of glomerular filtration rate in the Japanese general population: a longitudinal 10-year follow-up study. <i>Hypertens Res.</i> 2008; 31(3): 433-41.	1988-2003	
Japan	Yoshinaga M, Shimago A, Koriyama C, Nomura Y, Miyata K, Hashiguchi J, Arima K. Rapid increase in the prevalence of obesity in elementary school children. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 2004; 28(4): 494-9.	1989-2002	
Japan	Matsushita Y, Takahashi Y, Mizoue T, Inoue M, Noda M, Tsugane S, JPHC Study Group. Overweight and obesity trends among Japanese adults: a 10-year follow-up of the JPHC Study. <i>Int J Obes (Lond).</i> 2008; 32(12): 1861-7.	1990, 1993, 1995, 1998, 2000, 2003	
Japan	Japan - Shigaraki Town Study 1991-1997.	1991-1997	
Japan	Shimbo S, Zhang ZW, Moon CS, Watanabe T, Nakatsuka H, Matsuda-Inoguchi N, Higashikawa K, Ikeda M. Correlation between urine and blood concentrations, and dietary intake of cadmium and lead among women in the general population of Japan. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health.</i> 2000; 73(3): 163-70.	1991-1998	
Japan	Kouda K, Nakamura H, Tokunaga R, Takeuchi H. Trends in levels of cholesterol in Japanese children from 1993 through 2001. <i>J Epidemiol.</i> 2004; 14(3): 78-82.	1993-2001	
Japan	Fujiwara S, Kasagi F, Masunari N, Naito K, Suzuki G, Fukunaga M. Fracture Prediction From Bone Mineral Density in Japanese Men and Women. <i>J Bone Miner Res.</i> 2003; 18(8): 1547-53.	1994-2000	
Japan	Suzuki T, Yoshida H. Low bone mineral density at femoral neck is a predictor of increased mortality in elderly Japanese women. <i>Osteoporos Int.</i> 2010; 21(1): 71-9.	1994-2006	
Japan	Japan INTERMAP Blood Pressure Data 1997-1998, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1997-1998	
Japan	Stamler J, Elliott P, Chan Q. INTERMAP Appendix Tables. <i>J Hum Hypertens.</i> 2003; 17: 665-775. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997-1998	
Japan	Sakamoto N, Yang L. BMI centile curves for Japanese children aged 5-17 years in 2000-2005. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2009; 12(10): 1688-92.	2000, 2005	
Japan	Konta T, Hao Z, Abiko H, Ishikawa M, Takahashi T, Ikeda A, Ichikawa K, Takasaki S, Kubota I. Prevalence and risk factor analysis of microalbuminuria in Japanese general population: the Takahata study. <i>Kidney Int.</i> 2006; 70(4): 751-6.	2000-2004	
Japan	Nakano T, Sei M, Ewis AA, Munakata H, Onishi C, Nakahori Y. Tracking overweight and obesity in Japanese children; a six years longitudinal study. <i>J Med Invest.</i> 2010; 57(1-2): 114-23.	2001-2007	
Japan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Japan	Iseki K, Horio M, Imai E, Matsuo S, Yamagata K. Geographic difference in the prevalence of chronic kidney disease among Japanese screened subjects: Ibaraki versus Okinawa. <i>Clin Exp Nephrol.</i> 2009; 13(1): 44-9.	2005-2006	
Japan	Yoshinaga J, Takagi M, Yamasaki K, Tamiya S, Watanabe C, Kaji M. Blood lead levels of contemporary Japanese children. <i>Environ Health Prev Med.</i> 2012; 17(1): 27-33.	2005-2010	
Japan	Iki M, Fujita Y, Tamaki J, Kouda K, Yura A, Kadowaki E, Sato Y, Moon J-S, Okamoto N, Kurumatani N. Design and baseline characteristics of a prospective cohort study for determinants of osteoporotic fracture in community-dwelling elderly Japanese men: the Fujiwara-kyo osteoporosis risk in men (FORMEN) study. <i>BMC Musculoskelet Disord.</i> 2009; 165.	2007-2008	
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Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), United Nations, US Census Bureau. Jordan Population and Housing Census 1979. Amman, Jordan: Department of Statistics (Jordan).	1979	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Jordan	Assessment of the Nutritional Status of Pre-School Children in Jordan as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1991	
Jordan	Jaddou HY, Bateiha AM, Ajlouni KM. Prevalence, awareness and management of hypertension in a recently urbanised community, eastern Jordan. J Hum Hypertens. 2000; 14(8): 497-501.	1995	
Jordan	Jaddou HY, Batiehah AM, Ajlouni KM. Prevalence and associated factors of hypertension: results from a three community-based survey, Jordan. J Hum Hypertens. 1996; 10(12): 815-21.	1995	
Jordan	Safi J, Fischbein A, El Haj S, Sansour R, Jaghabir M, Hashish MA, Suleiman H, Safi N, Abu-Hamda A, Witt JK, Platkov E, Reingold S, Alayyan A, Berman T, Bercovitch M, Choudhri Y, Richter ED. Childhood lead exposure in the palestinian authority, Israel, and Jordan: results from the Middle Eastern regional cooperation project, 1996-2000. Environ Health Perspect. 2006; 114(6): 917-22.	1995	
Jordan	Dabbas MA, Al-Zoubi MA. Blood lead level in the Jordanian population. Saudi Med J. 2000; 21(10): 964-7.	1997	
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), Macro International, Inc. Jordan Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), Macro International, Inc. Jordan Demographic and Health Survey 2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002	
Jordan	Jordan National Baseline Survey on Iron Deficiency Anemia and Vitamin A Deficiency 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002	
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Jordan), Ministry of Health (Jordan), World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2004. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004	
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), Minnesota Population Center. Jordan Population and Housing Census 2004 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2004	
Jordan	Ministry of Health (Jordan), World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Jordan	Zindah M, Belbeisi A, Walke H, Mokdad AH. Obesity and diabetes in Jordan: Findings from the Behavioural Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2004. Prev Chronic Dis. 2008; 5(1): A17.	2004	
Jordan	Abumurad K, Al-Bataina B, Ismail A, Kullab M, Al-Eloosy A. A Survey of Radon Levels in Jordanian Dwellings during an Autumn Season. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 1997; 69(3): 221-226.	2005	
Jordan	Abumurad KM, Al-Omari RA. Indoor radon levels in Irbid and health risk from internal doses. Radiat Meas. 2008; 43(Suppl. 1): S389-S391.	2005	
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Jordan	Khader YS, Batieha A, El-Khateeb M, Al Omari M, Ajlouni K. Prevalence of dyslipidemia and its associated factors among Jordanian adults. J Clin Lipidol. 2010; 4(1): 53-8.	2006	*
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Jordan), Ministry of Health (Jordan), World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	*
Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Jordan), World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), Macro International, Inc. Jordan Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Jordan	Hamaideh SH, Al-Khateeb RY, Al-Rawashdeh AB. Overweight and obesity and their correlates among Jordanian adolescents. J Nurs Scholarsh. 2010; 42(4): 387-94.	2007	
Jordan	Jordan STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Jordan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Jordan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), ICF Macro. Jordan Interim Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2010.	2009	
Jordan	Khader YS, Batieha A, Jaddou H, Batieha Z, El-Khateeb M, Ajlouni K. Metabolic abnormalities associated with obesity in children and adolescents in Jordan. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2011; 6(3-4): 215-22.	2009	
Jordan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Jordan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Jordan	Department of Statistics (Jordan), ICF International. Jordan Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Jordan	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Jordan). Jordan Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010-2011	*
Jordan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Jordan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Jordan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Jordan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-1999, 2001-2006	
Jordan	Shilbayeh S. Prevalence of osteoporosis and its reproductive risk factors among Jordanian women: a cross-sectional study. Osteoporos Int . 2003; 14(11): 929-40.	2000-2002	
Jordan	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
Kazakhstan	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Nutrition (Kazakhstan). Kazakhstan Demographic and Health Survey 1995. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995	
Kazakhstan	Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan on Statistics, World Bank. Kazakhstan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1996. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1996	
Kazakhstan	Academy of Preventive Medicine (Kazakhstan), Macro International, Inc. Kazakhstan Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Kazakhstan	Estimation of vitamin A deficiency prevalence in Kazakhstan as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002	
Kazakhstan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Kazakhstan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Kazakhstan	Priest ND, Hoel D, Uralbekov B, Baizakova DO, Burkitbayev M. Childhood exposures to Rn-222 and background gamma radiation in the uranium provinces of south Kazakhstan and northern Kyrgyzstan. J Environ Radioact. 2013; 99-103.	2005	*
Kazakhstan	Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan on Statistics and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Kazakhstan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Kazakhstan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Kazakhstan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kazakhstan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Kazakhstan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Kazakhstan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Kazakhstan	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Kazakhstan	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Kazakhstan	World Health Organization (WHO). Kazakhstan World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Kazakhstan	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Kazakhstan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Kazakhstan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2007	
Kazakhstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1996, 1998-2008	
Kazakhstan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Kazakhstan	Dangour AD, Hill HL, Ismail SJ. Height, weight and haemoglobin status of 6 to 59-month-old Kazakh children living in Kzyl-Orda region, Kazakhstan. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2002; 56(10): 1030-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994-1995	
Kazakhstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2001-2010	
Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Kazakhstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Kazakhstan	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfert C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Kazakhstan	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Kazakhstan Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2002-2003. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Kazakhstan	Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan on Statistics, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Kazakhstan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010-2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2010-2011	*
Kenya	Poulter N, Khaw KT, Hopwood BE, Mugambi M, Peart WS, Rose G, Sever PS. Blood pressure and associated factors in a rural Kenyan community. Hypertension. 1984; 6(6): 810-3.	1980	
Kenya	Kenya Rural Child Nutrition Survey 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1982	
Kenya	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Kenya INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Kenya	Kenya Rural Child Nutrition Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Kenya	Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS) (Kenya), Minnesota Population Center. Kenya Population and Housing Census 1989 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1989	
Kenya	Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya), Macro International, Inc, National Council for Population Development (NCPD). Kenya Demographic and Health Survey 1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993	
Kenya	Kenya Baseline Survey on Nutrition and Health for the Marsabit Development Program as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Kenya	Kenya Child Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Kenya	Kenya Child Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	

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Kenya	Kenya Nutrition and Immunization Coverage Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Kenya	Kenya Welfare Monitoring Survey III 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997	
Kenya	Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya), Macro International, Inc, National Council for Population Development (NCPD). Kenya Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Kenya	Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS) (Kenya), Minnesota Population Center. Kenya Population and Housing Census 1999 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1999	
Kenya	Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Kenya Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Kenya	Seedat S, Nyamai C, Njenga F, Vythilingum B, Stein DJ. Trauma exposure and post-traumatic stress symptoms in urban African schools Survey in CapeTown and Nairobi. Br J Psychiatry. 2004; 184(2): 169-75.	2000	
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Kenya Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	*
Kenya	Erulkar AS. The Experience of Sexual Coercion among Young People in Kenya. Int Fam Plan Perspect. 2004; 30(4): 182-9.	2001	
Kenya	Kenya Anthropometric and Micronutrient Nutrition Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Kenya), National Council for Population and Development (Kenya). Kenya Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003	
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kenya Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2003 .	2003	
Kenya	World Health Organization (WHO). Kenya World Health Survey 2004. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2004	
Kenya	Gouws E, White PJ, Stover J, Brown T. Short term estimates of adult HIV incidence by mode of transmission: Kenya and Thailand as examples. Sex Transm Infect. 2006; 82(Suppl 3): 51-55.	2005	*
Kenya	Steyn NP, Nel JH, Parker W, Ayah R, Mbithe D. Urbanisation and the nutrition transition: a comparison of diet and weight status of South African and Kenyan women. Scand J Public Health. 2012; 40(3): 229-38.	2005	
Kenya	Aunger R, Schmidt WP, Ranpura A, Coombes Y, Maina PM, Matiko CN, Curtis V. Three kinds of psychological determinants for hand-washing behaviour in Kenya. Soc Sci Med. 2010; 70(3): 383-91.	2007	*
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Kenya Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Kenya	Njoroge GK, Njagi ENM, Orinda GO, Sekadde-Kigundu CB, Kayima JK. Environmental and occupational exposure to lead. East Afr Med J. 2008; 85(6): 284-91.	2007	
Kenya	Olewe TM, Mwanthi MA, Wang'ombe JK, Griffiths JK. Blood lead levels and potential environmental exposures among children under five years in Kibera slums, Nairobi. East Afr J Public Health. 2009; 6(1): 6-10.	2007	
Kenya	Schmidt WP, Aunger R, Coombes Y, Maina PM, Matiko CN, Biran A, Curtis V. Determinants of handwashing practices in Kenya: the role of media exposure, poverty and infrastructure. Trop Med Int Health. 2009; 14(12): 1534-41.	2007	*
Kenya	Steadman International. Kenya Formative and Baseline survey on Handwashing with Soap. 2007.	2007	*
Kenya	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Kenya National Bureau of Statistics. Kenya - Eastern Province Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2008. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2008	
Kenya	Kenya National Bureau of Statistics, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Kenya - Mombasa Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2009.	2009	
Kenya	Kenya National Bureau of Statistics, US Census Bureau, USAID, United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Kenya Population and Housing Census 2009.	2009	
Kenya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI), Kenya National Bureau of Statistics, Measure DHS, Ministry of Public Health and Sanitation (Kenya), Population Services International (PSI), President's Malaria Initiative (PMI), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Walter Reed Project. Kenya Malaria Indicator Survey 2010.	2010	

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Kenya	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Kenya	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Kenya	Biran A, Schmidt WP, Zeleke L, Emukule H, Khay H, Parker J, Peprah D. Hygiene and sanitation practices amongst residents of three long-term refugee camps in Thailand, Ethiopia and Kenya. Trop Med Int Health. 2012; 17(9): 113-41.	2011	*
Kenya	Kenya National Bureau of Statistics, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Kenya - Nyanza Province Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011.	2011	*
Kenya	Pickering AJ, Davis J, Blum AG, Scalmanini J, Oyier B, Okoth G, Breiman RF, Ram PK. Access to waterless hand sanitizer improves student hand hygiene behavior in primary schools in Nairobi, Kenya. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 2013; 89(3): 411-8.	2011	*
Kenya	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987 1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2010, 2012	*
Kenya	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2000, 2005, 2009	
Kenya	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].		
Kenya	ICF Macro, Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI), Kenya National Bureau of Statistics, Ministry of Public Health and Sanitation (Kenya), National AIDS and STI Control Program (Kenya), National Aids Control Council (NACC), National Coordinating Agency for Population and Development (Kenya). Kenya Demographic and Health Survey 2008-2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2008-2009	
Kenya	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Kenya	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Kenya	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Kenya	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Council for Population Development (NCPD). Kenya Demographic and Health Survey 1988-1989. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988-1989	
Kenya	Kenya Economic Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1994-1995	
Kenya	Kenya Integrated Household Budget Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005-2006	
Kenya	Kenya Integrated Household Budget Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Kenya	Kenya Integrated Household Budget Survey Tabular Data 2005-2006 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2005-2006	
Kiribati	King H, Taylor R, Zimmet P, Pargeter K, Raper LR, Beriki T, Tekanene J. Non-insulin-dependent diabetes (NIDDM) in a newly independent Pacific nation: The Republic of Kiribati. Diabetes Care. 1984; 7(5): 409-15.	1981	
Kiribati	King H, Zimmet P, Raper LR, Balkau B. Risk factors for diabetes in three Pacific populations. Am J Epidemiol. 1984; 119(3): 396-409.	1981	
Kiribati	Loo SG, Dowse GK, Finch C, Zimmet P. Bimodality analysis of frequency distributions of 2-hour plasma glucose concentrations in the urban Micronesian population of Kiribati. J Diabetes Complicat. 1993; 7(2): 73-80.	1981	
Kiribati	Kiribati National Nutrition Survey 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985	
Kiribati	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1999	
Kiribati	Kiribati National Statistics Office, Ministry of Internal and Social Affairs (Kiribati), Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), World Health Organization (WHO). Kiribati Family Health and Support Study 2008.	2008	*



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Kiribati	Kiribati National Statistics Office, Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC). Kiribati Demographic and Health Survey 2009.	2009	
Kiribati	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Kiribati	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Kiribati	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kiribati Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2011	*
Kiribati	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2003-2005	*
Kiribati	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Kiribati	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Kiribati	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2006	
Kiribati	Ministry of Health and Medical Services (Kiribati), World Health Organization (WHO). Kiribati STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004-2006.	2004-2006	*
Kuwait	Bayoumi A, Moussa MA. Kuwait nutritional survey: comparison of the nutritional status of Kuwaiti children aged 6-9 years with the NCHS/CDC reference population. Int J Epidemiol. 1985; 14(3): 415-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Kuwait	Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Health (Kuwait). Kuwait Child Health Survey 1987.	1987	
Kuwait	Abdella N, Al Arouj M, Al Nakhi A, Al Assoussi A, Moussa M. Non-insulin-dependent diabetes in Kuwait: prevalence rates and associated risk factors. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 1998; 42(3): 187-96.	1996	
Kuwait	Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Health (Kuwait), United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). Kuwait Family Health Survey 1996.	1996	
Kuwait	Kuwait Family Health Survey 1996 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1996	
Kuwait	Kuwait Family Health Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Kuwait	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Kuwait Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Kuwait	Al-Azmi D, Abu-Shady AI, Sayed AM, Al-Zayed Y. Indoor radon in Kuwait. Health Phys. 2008; 94(1): 49-56.	2005	
Kuwait	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Kuwait Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Kuwait	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2005	
Kuwait	Jackson RT, Al Hamad N, Prakash P, Al Somaie M. Waist circumference percentiles for Kuwaiti children and adolescents. Public Health Nutr. 2011; 14(1): 70-6.	2006	
Kuwait	Kuwait STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Kuwait	Ministry of Health (Kuwait), World Health Organization (WHO). Kuwait STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Kuwait	Al Zenki S, Al Omirah H, Al Hooti S, Al Hamad N, Jackson RT, Rao A, Al Jahmah N, Al Obaid I, Al Ghanim J, Al Somaie M, Zaghloul S, Al Othman A. High prevalence of metabolic syndrome among Kuwaiti adults--a wake-up call for public health intervention. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2012; 9(5): 1984-96.	2008	
Kuwait	Zaghloul S, Al-Hooti SN, Al-Hamad N, Al-Zenki S, Alomirah H, Alayan I, Al-Attar H, Al-Othman A, Al-Shami E, Al-Somaie M, Jackson RT. Evidence for nutrition transition in Kuwait: over-consumption of macronutrients and obesity. Public Health Nutr. 2013; 16(4): 596-607.	2008	*
Kuwait	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kuwait Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Kuwait	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Kuwait	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Kuwait	Kuwait National Nutrition Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008-2009	
Kuwait	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Kuwait	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Kuwait	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Kuwait	Bayoumi A, Moussa MA. Kuwait nutritional survey: comparison of the nutritional status of Kuwaiti children aged 0-5 years with the NCHS/CDC reference population. Bull World Health Organ. 1985; 63(3): 521-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1984	
Kuwait	Amine EK, Al-Awadi F. Nutritional status survey of preschool children in Kuwait. East Mediterr Health J. 1996; 2(3): 386-95. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994-1995	
Kuwait	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Kuwait), WHO Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean. Kuwait Nutrition Surveillance System.	1995-2009	
Kuwait	Kuwait Nutrition Surveillance System Report 2001-2005 Trends as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001-2005	
Kuwait	Mahussain S, Badr H, Al-Zaabi K, Mohammad M, Alnafisi N. Bone mineral density in healthy Kuwaiti women. Arch Osteoporos . 2006; 1(1-2): 51-7.	2001-2005	
Kuwait	Kuwait Nutrition Surveillance System Report 2006-2009 Trends as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006-2009	
Kuwait	Al-Shoumer KAS, Nair V. Prevalence of low bone mass in postmenopausal Kuwaiti women residents in the largest province of Kuwait. Arch Osteoporos . 2012; 7(1-2): 147-53.	2007-2010	*
Kyrgyzstan	Institute of Sociology, Russian Academy of Sciences, Paragon Research, University of North Carolina, World Bank. Kyrgyzstan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1993. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1993	
Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstan Nutritional Conditions of the Kyrgyz Population 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Kyrgyzstan	National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic, Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Bank. Kyrgyzstan Living Standards Measurement Survey, Fall 1996. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1996	
Kyrgyzstan	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Kyrgyzstan), Research Institute of Obstetrics and Pediatrics (Kyrgyzstan). Kyrgyzstan Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Kyrgyzstan	National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic, Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Bank. Kyrgyzstan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1997. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1997	
Kyrgyzstan	National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic, Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Bank. Kyrgyzstan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1998. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1998	
Kyrgyzstan	National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic, Minnesota Population Center. Kyrgyzstan National Population Census 1999 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1999	
Kyrgyzstan	Countrywide Integrated Noncommunicable Diseases Intervention Programme (CINDI), Kyrgyzstan Program of Ministry of Health and National Statistic Center. Kyrgyzstan CINDI Highlights 2002.	2002	
Kyrgyzstan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kyrgyzstan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Kyrgyzstan	Biran A, Tabyshalieva A, Salmorbekova Z. Formative research for hygiene promotion in Kyrgyzstan. Health Policy Plan. 2005; 20(4): 213-21.	2005	*
Kyrgyzstan	Ministry of Health (Kyrgyzstan). Kyrgyzstan National Epidemiological Study of Tobacco Use Prevalence 2005.	2005	
Kyrgyzstan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Kyrgyzstan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Kyrgyzstan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	

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Kyrgyzstan	National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic. Kyrgyzstan Population and Housing Census 2009.	2009	
Kyrgyzstan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Kyrgyzstan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Kyrgyzstan	ICF International, Ministry of Health (Kyrgyzstan), National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic. Kyrgyzstan Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012	*
Kyrgyzstan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2010	*
Kyrgyzstan	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Kyrgyzstan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1985-2007	
Kyrgyzstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1986-2008	
Kyrgyzstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Kyrgyzstan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Kyrgyzstan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Kyrgyzstan	Kyrgyzstan Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Kyrgyzstan	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfer C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Kyrgyzstan	Estimation of vitamin A deficiency prevalence in Kyrgyzstan as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002-2003	*
Kyrgyzstan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2006, 2009-2010	
Kyrgyzstan	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Statistical Committee of the Kyrgyz Republic. Kyrgyzstan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005-2006	
Laos	Laos Nutrition Services Assignment Report as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Laos	Laos Nutrition Surveillance Report as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
Laos	Laos Social Indicator Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Laos	Laos Social Indicator Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Laos	Laos Assessment of Nutritional Status and Food Consumption 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Laos	Laos Assessment of Nutritional Status and Food Consumption 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Laos	Khamhoung K, Bodhisane N, Pathammavong C, Ouenvilay S, Senthavisouk B, Pongpaew P, Tungtrongchitr R, Phonrat B, Saowakontha S, Merkle A, Schelp FP. Nutritional status of pre-school children and women in selected villages in the Suvannakhet Province, Lao PDR--an intervention trial. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 2000; 63-74. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Laos	Laos - Luangnamtha Nutrition Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Laos	Laos Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Laos	Laos National Health Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	*
Laos	Ministry of Health (Laos), National Institute of Public Health (NIOPH), National Statistical Center (Laos), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Laos Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Laos	Laos Nutrition and Poverty Situation in Nalae and Sing Districts: Achievements After Four Years of Intensive Interventions as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Savannakhet Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Vientiane Capital Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Vientiane Province Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Laos - Louangphabang Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Laos	World Health Organization (WHO). Laos World Health Survey 2003.	2003	
Laos	Laos Census 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Laos	National Statistical Center (Laos). Laos Reproductive Health Survey 2005.	2005	
Laos	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Department of Statistics (Laos), Ministry of Health (Laos). Laos Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Luang Prabang Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Savannakhet Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Vientiane Capital Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lao People's Democratic Republic-Vientiane Province Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Laos	Laos - Viangchan STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008	
Laos	Ministry of Health (Laos), World Health Organization (WHO). Laos - Viangchan STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	
Laos	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Laos	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Laos	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Laos Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Laos	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Laos Global AIDS Response Progress Country Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1991-2013	*
Laos	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007, 2009-2012	*
Laos	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Laos	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Laos	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Laos	Laos - Status of Renewable Energy Development in the Lao People's Democratic Republic as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1994-1995	
Laos	Department of Statistics (Laos). Laos Expenditure and Consumption Survey 2007-2008. Vientiane, Laos: Department of Statistics (Laos).	2007-2008	
Laos	Ministry of Education and Sports (Laos), Ministry of Health (Laos), Ministry of Planning and Investment (Laos). Laos Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011-2012. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011-2012	*
Latvia	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Latvia	Baltic Health and Nutrition Surveys 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
Latvia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Latvia	Health Promotion Centre (Latvia). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 1998.	1998	
Latvia	Health Promotion Centre (Latvia). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2000.	2000	
Latvia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Latvia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Latvia	Health Promotion Centre (Latvia). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2002.	2002	
Latvia	World Health Organization (WHO). Latvia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Latvia	Health Promotion Centre (Latvia). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2004.	2004	
Latvia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Latvia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Latvia	National Public Health Institute (Finland). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2006.	2006	
Latvia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Latvia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Latvia	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. <i>Pediatr Obes.</i> 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Latvia	Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2008.	2008	
Latvia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Latvia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Latvia	Centre of Health Economics (Latvia), National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2010.	2010	
Latvia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Latvia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Latvia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Latvia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Latvia	Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (Latvia), National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland), Riga Stradiņš University. Latvia Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2012.	2012	*
Latvia	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2012	*
Latvia		2000, 2005, 2009	



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Latvia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health of the Republic of Latvia. Latvia Global AIDS Response Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2000-2011	*
Latvia	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002-2004	
Latvia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2007-2011	*
Latvia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1980-2008	
Latvia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1987-2008	
Latvia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Latvia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Latvia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2012	
Latvia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2012	
Latvia	Centre of Health Economics (Latvia), Lithuanian University of Health Sciences, National Institute for Health Development (Estonia), National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland). Social Determinants of Health Behaviors Finbalt Health Monitor 1998-2008. Helsinki, Finland: National Institute for Health and Welfare (Finland), 2011.	1998, 2000, 2002	*
Latvia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Latvia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Latvia	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Latvia	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2010	*
Lebanon	Lebanon Physical Growth Patterns of Lebanese Infants and Children 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
Lebanon	Salti IS, Khogali M, Alam S, Haidar NA, Masri A. Epidemiology of diabetes mellitus in relation to other cardiovascular risk factors in Lebanon. East Mediterr Health J. 1997; 3(3): 462-71.	1995	
Lebanon	Ministry of Public Health (Lebanon), League of Arab States. Lebanon Maternal and Child Health Survey 1996.	1996	
Lebanon	Baddoura R, Wehbeh-Chidiac C. Prevalence of tobacco use among the adult Lebanese population. East Mediterr Health J. 2001; 7(4-5): 819-28.	1997	
Lebanon	Maalouf G, Salem S, Sandid M, Attallah P, Eid J, Saliba N, Nehmé I, Johnell O. Bone mineral density of the Lebanese reference population. Osteoporos Int. 2000; 11(9): 756-64.	1997	
Lebanon	Sibai AM, Hwalla N, Adra N, Rahal B. Prevalence and covariates of obesity in Lebanon: findings from the first epidemiological study. Obes Res. 2003; 11(11): 1353-61. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Lebanon	Nuwayhid I, Nabulsi M, Muwakkit S, Kouzi S, Salem G, Mikati M, Ariss M. Blood lead concentrations in 1-3 year old Lebanese children: a cross-sectional study. Environ Health. 2003; 2(1): 5.	1998	
Lebanon	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Lebanon	Central Administration of Statistics (Lebanon), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Lebanon Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Lebanon	Jabre P, Sikias P, Khater-Menassa B, Baddoura R, Awada H. Overweight children in Beirut: prevalence estimates and characteristics. Child Care Health Dev. 2005; 31(2): 159-65.	2000	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Lebanon	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lebanon Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Lebanon	Central Administration of Statistics (Lebanon), League of Arab States, Ministry of Social Affairs (Lebanon), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Lebanon Family Health Survey 2004.	2004	
Lebanon	Maalouf G, Maalouf NM, Schaaf N, Zebaze RM, Nehme A, Tannous Z, Wehbe J, Adib G, Gannagé-Yared M-H, Seeman E. The spinal curvature irregularity index independently identifies vertebral fractures. Osteoporos Int. 2007; 18(3): 279-83.	2004	
Lebanon	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lebanon Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
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Lebanon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Lebanon	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Lebanon Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
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Lebanon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Lebanon	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Lebanon	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
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Lebanon	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004, 2007	
Lebanon	Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Palestinians in Lebanon Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005-2006	
Lebanon	Palestinians in Lebanon Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005-2006	
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Lesotho	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999	
Lesotho	Bureau of Statistics (Lesotho), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Lesotho Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Lesotho	Lesotho Demographic Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Lesotho	Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Lesotho). Lesotho Survey of Diabetes and Hypertension 2001.	2001	
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Lesotho	Lesotho National Nutrition Survey 2007 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2007	
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Lesotho	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
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Lesotho	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2003-2005, 2007	*
Lesotho	Bureau of Statistics (Lesotho), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Lesotho). Lesotho Demographic and Health Survey 2004-2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2004-2005	
Lesotho	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Lesotho). Lesotho Demographic and Health Survey 2009-2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2009-2010	
Lesotho	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
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Liberia	Bureau of Statistics (Liberia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Liberia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
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Liberia	World Health Organization (WHO). Liberia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
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Liberia	Liberia National Nutrition Survey 1999-2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999-2000	
Liberia	Liberia Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
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Libya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Libya	Public Commission for Health Care Planning (Libya), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Libya Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2003.	2003	
Libya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Libya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Secretariat of Health and Environment (Libya), World Health Organization (WHO). Libya Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	*
Libya	League of Arab States, National Center for Disease Control (Libya), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Libya Family Health Survey 2007. [Unpublished].	2007	
Libya	Libya Family Health Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
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Libya	Secretariat of Health and Environment (Libya), World Health Organization (WHO). Libya STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	
Libya	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Libya Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010.	2010	
Libya	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Libya	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Libya	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Libya	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Libya	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
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Lithuania	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
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Lithuania	Baltic Health and Nutrition Surveys 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
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Lithuania	Kaunas University of Medicine. Lithuania Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2000.	2000	
Lithuania	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2001	
Lithuania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Lithuania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Lithuania	Kaunas University of Medicine, National Public Health Institute (Finland). Lithuania Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2002.	2002	
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Lithuania	Drug Control Department under the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). Lithuania National Report to the EMCDDA 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2006	*
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Lithuania	Kaunas University of Medicine, National Public Health Institute (Finland). Lithuania Health Behavior Among the Adult Population 2006.	2006	
Lithuania	Lithuania Nutrition Survey 2007 - Institute of Biochemical Research, Kaunas University of Medicine as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Lithuania	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
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Lithuania	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2011	*
Lithuania	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984-1992	
Lithuania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1984-2010	
Lithuania	Tutkuvienė J. Body mass index, prevalence of overweight and obesity in Lithuanian children and adolescents, 1985-2002. Coll Antropol. 2007; 31(1): 109-21.	1985, 2000, 2002	
Lithuania	Jakimaviciene EM, Tutkuvienė J. Trends in body mass index, prevalence of overweight and obesity in preschool Lithuanian children, 1986-2006. Coll Antropol. 2007; 31(1): 79-88.	1986, 2006	
Lithuania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
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Luxembourg	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Luxembourg	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Luxembourg	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Luxembourg	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Luxembourg	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Luxembourg). Luxembourg AIDS Surveillance Committee Activity Report 2011.	2011	*
Luxembourg	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Luxembourg	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Luxembourg	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Luxembourg	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2004, 2008	
Luxembourg	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2012	
Luxembourg	Tchicaya A, Lorentz N. Socioeconomic inequality and obesity prevalence trends in Luxembourg, 1995-2007. BMC Res Notes. 2012; 467.	1995, 2007	
Luxembourg	Origer A. Prevalence of problem drug use and injecting drug use in Luxembourg: a longitudinal and methodological perspective. Eur Addict Res. 2012; 18(6): 288-96.	1997, 2003, 2009	*
Luxembourg	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2000-2009	
Luxembourg	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2000-2011	
Luxembourg	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Luxembourg	Alkerwi A, Sauvageot N, Donneau A-F, Lair M-L, Couffignal S, Beissel J, Delagardelle C, Wagener Y, Albert A, Guillaume M. First nationwide survey on cardiovascular risk factors in Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg (ORISCAV-LUX). BMC Public Health. 2010; 10(1): 468.	2008-2012	*
Luxembourg	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2011-2012	
Macedonia	Institute for Mother and Child Health, Health Home Skopje (Macedonia), National Nutrition Institute (Italy), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Macedonia Health and Nutritional Status of the Elderly Survey 1999.	1999	
Macedonia	Macedonia - Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey in FYR Macedonia With Micronutrient Component as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Macedonia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Macedonia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Macedonia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2003	*
Macedonia	Dimitrovska Z, Kendrovski V, Spiroski I, Gudeva-Nikovska D, Aleksoski B. Nutritional status and early detection of health risk determinants in childhood. Makedon Med Pregl Suppl. 2006; 60(68): 119. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Macedonia	State Statistical Office (Macedonia) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Macedonia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Macedonia	Stojanovska Z, Januseski J, Boev B, Ristova M. Indoor exposure of population to radon in the FYR of Macedonia. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 148(2): 162-7.	2005	
Macedonia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Institute of Public Health (Macedonia), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Macedonia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	*
Macedonia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Macedonia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	



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Macedonia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Macedonia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Macedonia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Macedonia	Institute of Child Health (Greece), Saints Cyril and Methodius University of Skopje. Macedonia Balkan Epidemiological Study on Child Abuse and Neglect 2011.	2011	*
Macedonia	Institute of Public Health (Macedonia), Ipsos Strategic Puls, Ministry of Education and Science (Macedonia), Ministry of Labor and Social Policy (Macedonia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Macedonia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Macedonia	Kochubovski M. Monitoring and Modelling of Air Pollution and its Health Impacts: Country Situation in Macedonia. Presented at: Task Force on Health meeting; 2013 June 11-12; Bonn, Germany. [Unpublished].	2012	*
Macedonia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Macedonia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2007, 2009-2012	*
Macedonia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Macedonia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Macedonia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992-2009	
Macedonia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Macedonia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2008, 2011-2012	
Macedonia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2012	
Macedonia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Madagascar	Department of Applied Research for Development (Madagascar), Macro International, Inc. Madagascar Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Madagascar	Madagascar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Madagascar	Madagascar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Madagascar	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar). Madagascar Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Madagascar	Madagascar - Toliara Baseline Survey on the Situation of Food Security in the Bekily Area as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Madagascar	Mauny F, Viel JF, Roubaux F, Ratsimandresy R, Sellin B. Blood pressure, body mass index and socio-economic status in the urban population of Antananarivo (Madagascar). Ann Trop Med Parasitol. 2003; 97(6): 645-54.	1997	
Madagascar	Madagascar Household Priority Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Madagascar	Madagascar Survey on Vitamin A Deficiency in Women and Children and Survey of Anemia in Schoolchildren from 6-14 Years 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	

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Madagascar	Madagascar Household Priority Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Madagascar	Madagascar Household Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Madagascar	Madagascar Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Madagascar	Madagascar Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Madagascar	Madagascar - Antananarivo and Toliara STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Madagascar	Madagascar Household Priority Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Madagascar	Ministry of Health and Family Planning (Madagascar), World Health Organization (WHO). Madagascar - Antananarivo and Toliara STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Madagascar	National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar). Madagascar Household Priority Survey 2005.	2005	
Madagascar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Madagascar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Madagascar	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Madagascar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Madagascar	ICF International, National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar), National Program for the Fight Against Malaria (PNLP) (Madagascar), Pasteur Institute (IPM) (Madagascar). Madagascar Malaria Indicator Survey 2011. Fairfax, United States: ICF International.	2011	*
Madagascar	ICF International, National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar), National Program for the Fight Against Malaria (PNLP) (Madagascar), Pasteur Institute (IPM) (Madagascar). Madagascar Malaria Indicator Survey 2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2013	*
Madagascar	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Madagascar	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar). Madagascar Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003-2004	
Madagascar	ICF Macro, National Institute of Statistics (Madagascar). Madagascar Demographic and Health Survey 2008-2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2010.	2008-2009	
Madagascar	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Madagascar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Madagascar	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Madagascar	Madagascar Study of the Epidemiology of Breastfeeding as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1984	
Madagascar	Madagascar Study of the Epidemiology of Breastfeeding as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1984	
Madagascar	Madagascar Identification of Vulnerable Households in Vohipeno, Taolagnaro, Ravolondramiarama and Razafimanjato as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985, 1988	
Madagascar	Synthesis of Existing Data on Nutritional Status in Madagascar as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1986	
Madagascar	Madagascar Permanent Household Survey 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993-1994	
Madagascar	Madagascar Permanent Household Survey 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993-1994	
Madagascar	Madagascar Permanent Household Survey 1993-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1993-1994	

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Madagascar	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003, 2005	
Madagascar	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2005, 2010	
Malawi	Simmons D, Barbour G, Congleton J, Levy J, Meacher P, Saul H, Sowerby T. Blood pressure and salt intake in Malawi: an urban rural study. J Epidemiol Community Health. 1986; 40(2): 188-92. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1983	
Malawi	National Statistical Office (Malawi), Minnesota Population Center. Malawi Population and Housing Census 1987 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	1987	
Malawi	Macro International, Inc, National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Malawi Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Malawi	National Statistical Office (Malawi), Minnesota Population Center. Malawi Population and Housing Census 1998 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	1998	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi National Gender-Based Violence Study 2005.	1998	
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi-Blantyre Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi-Lilongwe Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Malawi	Macro International, Inc, National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Malawi	Malawi National Micronutrient Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	
Malawi	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Malawi	Malawi Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2002 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2002	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2002.	2002	
Malawi	World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi-Blantyre Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi-Lilongwe Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Welfare Monitoring Survey 2005.	2005	
Malawi	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Statistics Office (Malawi). Malawi Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Welfare Monitoring Survey 2007.	2007	
Malawi	National Statistical Office (Malawi), Minnesota Population Center. Malawi Population and Housing Census 2008 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2008	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Welfare Monitoring Survey 2008. Zomba, Malawi: National Statistical Office of Malawi.	2008	
Malawi	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Malawi	Malawi Micronutrient Survey 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009	



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Malawi	Malawi STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2009	
Malawi	Ministry of Health (Malawi), World Health Organization (WHO). Malawi STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Welfare Monitoring Survey 2009.	2009	
Malawi	ICF Macro, National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Demographic and Health Survey 2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010	
Malawi	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Malawi	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Malawi	ICF International, National Malaria Control Program (Malawi). Malawi Malaria Indicator Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Malawi	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Malawi	Macro International, Inc, National Statistical Office of Malawi. Malawi Demographic and Health Survey 2004-2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2004-2005	
Malawi	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Malawi	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Malawi	Malawi National Sample Survey of Agriculture 1980-1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1981	
Malawi	Malawi National Sample Survey of Agriculture 1980-1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980-1981	
Malawi	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Malawi	Lindskog U, Lindskog P, Gebre-Medhin M. Child health and household water supply: a longitudinal study of growth and its environmental determinants in rural Malawi. Hum Nutr Clin Nutr. 1987; 41(6): 409-23. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1985	
Malawi	Malawi A Relative Profile of Poverty in 1998: A Quintile-based Poverty Analysis of the Malawi Integrated Household Survey 1997-98 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997-1998	
Malawi	Malawi A Relative Profile of Poverty in 1998: A Quintile-based Poverty Analysis of the Malawi Integrated Household Survey 1997-98 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997-1998	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi, World Bank. Malawi Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004-2005.	2004-2005	
Malawi	National Statistical Office of Malawi, World Bank. Malawi Living Standards Measurement Survey 2010-2011. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2010-2011	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Status of Community Nutrition in Poverty Kampung as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980	
Malaysia	Kandiah M, Lee M, Ng TK, Chong YH. Malnutrition in malaria endemic villages of Bengkoka Peninsula, Sabah. J Trop Pediatr. 1984; 30(1): 23-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Malaysia	Gan CY, Chin B, Teoh ST, Chan MK. Nutritional status of Kadazan children in a rural district in Sabah, Malaysia. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 1993; 24(2): 293-301. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Malaysia	Tee E-S, Khor S-C, Ooi H-E, Young S-I, Zakiah O, Zulkafli H. Regional study of nutritional status of urban primary schoolchildren. 3. Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Food Nutr Bull. 2002; 23(1): 41-7.	1989	
Malaysia	Kiyu A, Teo B, Hardin S, Ong F. Nutritional status of children in rural Sarawak, Malaysia. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 1991; 22(2): 211-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Malaysia	Department of Statistics (Malaysia), Minnesota Population Center. Malaysia Population and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Malaysia	Marjan ZM, Kandiah M, Lin KG, Siong TE. Socioeconomic profile and nutritional status of children in rubber smallholdings. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2002; 11(2): 133-41. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Malaysia	Chin CY, Pengal S. Cardiovascular disease risk in a semirural community in Malaysia. Asia Pac J Public Health. 2009; 21(4): 410-20.	1993	*



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Malaysia	Hashim JH, Hashim Z, Omar A, Shamsudin SB. Blood lead levels of urban and rural Malaysian primary school children. Asia Pac J Public Health. 2000; 12(2): 65-70.	1996	
Malaysia	Lim TO, Morad Z, Hypertension Study Group. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in the Malaysian adult population: results from the national health and morbidity survey 1996. Singapore Med J. 2004; 45(1): 20-7.	1996	
Malaysia	Malaysia National Plan of Action for Children 2020 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Malaysia	Department of Statistics (Malaysia), Minnesota Population Center. Malaysia Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Malaysia	Malaysia Report on the Nutritional Status of Children Under 5 Years of Age for 2001 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2001	
Malaysia	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2002	*
Malaysia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Report on the Nutritional Status of Children Under 5 Years of Age for 2003 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2003	
Malaysia	Sumarni Mohd G, Muhammad Amir K, Ibrahim Md S, Mohd Rodi I, Izzuna Mudla MG, Nurziyana I. Obesity among schoolchildren in Kuala Selangor: a cross-sectional study. Trop Biomed. 2006; 23(2): 148-54.	2003	
Malaysia	World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Malaysia	Elias SM, Hashim Z, Marjan ZM, Abdullah AS, Hashim JH. Relationship between blood lead concentration and nutritional status among Malay primary school children in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Asia Pac J Public Health. 2007; 19(3): 29-37.	2004	
Malaysia	Rampal L, Rampal S, Azhar M, Rahman A. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Malaysia: A national study of 16,440 subjects. Public Health. 2008; 122(1): 11-8.	2004	
Malaysia	Rampal L, Rampal S, Khor GL, Zain AM, Ooyub SB, Rahmat RB, Ghani SN, Krishnan J. A national study on the prevalence of obesity among 16,127 Malaysians. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2007; 16(3): 561-6.	2004	
Malaysia	Rampal S, Rampal L, Rahmat R, Zain AM, Yap YG, Mohamed M, Taha M. Variation in the prevalence, awareness, and control of diabetes in a multiethnic population: a nationwide population study in Malaysia. Asia Pac J Public Health. 2010; 22(2): 194-202.	2004	
Malaysia	Malaysia Health Management Information System 2005 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2005	
Malaysia	Ministry of Health (Malaysia), World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005-2006.	2005	*
Malaysia	Muhammad NA, Omar K, Shah SA, Muthupalaniappen LAP, Arshad F. Parental perception of their children's weight status, and its association with their nutrition and obesity knowledge. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2008; 17(4): 597-602.	2005	
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Malaysia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Malaysia	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada). 2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Malaysia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Malaysia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Malaysia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Statistics (Malaysia), Institute for Public Health, Ministry of Health (Malaysia), International Islamic University Malaysia, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Ministry of Health (Malaysia), Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), University of Malaya, World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2011.	2011	*
Malaysia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Malaysia), World Health Organization (WHO). Malaysia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2012.	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report April 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report August 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report December 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report February 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report January 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report July 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report June 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report March 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report May 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report November 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report October 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Malaysia Monthly Air Quality Report September 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Malaysia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Malaysia). Malaysia Global AIDS Response Country Progress Report 2012.	1992-2011	*
Malaysia	Malaysia - A Study of Malnutrition in Under Five Children in Malaysia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999-2000	
Malaysia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Malaysia	Malaysia Adult Nutrition Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Malaysia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Malaysia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Malaysia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Malaysia	Malaysia Family Health Information System Annual Reports 1990-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1993	
Malaysia	Malaysia Family Health Information System Annual Reports 1990-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990-1993	
Malaysia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2002	
Malaysia	Khor G, Tee ES. Nutritional assessment of rural villages and estates in Peninsular Malaysia II. Nutritional status of children aged 18 years and below. Malays J Nutr. 1997; 3(1): 21-47. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992-1995	
Malaysia	Malaysia Family Health Information System Annual Reports 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994-1995	
Malaysia	Malaysia Family Health Information System Annual Reports 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994-1995	
Malaysia	Malaysia - A Study of Malnutrition in Under Five Children in Malaysia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999-2000	
Malaysia	Malaysia - A Study of Malnutrition in Under Five Children in Malaysia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999-2000	
Malaysia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Malaysia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Malaysia	Family Health Development Division, Ministry of Health (Malaysia). Malaysia Adult Nutrition Survey 2002-2003.	2002-2003	
Maldives	Maldives Country Health Programming 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981	
Maldives	Maldives Health Survey 1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983	
Maldives	Ministry of Planning and National Development (Maldives). Maldives Population and Housing Census 1985.	1985	
Maldives	Maldives Nutritional Status and Child Feeding Practices of Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Maldives	Maldives Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Maldives	Maldives National Control of Intestinal Parasitic Infection with a View to Improve Nutritional Status of Mothers and Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Maldives	Maldives Population and Housing Census 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Maldives	Maldives Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	
Maldives	Ministry of Health (Maldives), Republic of Maldives, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Maldives Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2001.	2001	
Maldives	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Maldives Urban Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Maldives	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Maldives Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Maldives	Diabetic and Cancer Society of Maldives (DCSM), Indhira Gandhi Memorial Hospital (Maldives), Ministry of Health (Maldives), World Health Organization (WHO). Maldives - Malé STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Maldives	Maldives Population and Housing Census 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Maldives	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Maldives Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Maldives	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Maldives). Maldives Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2010.	2009	



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Maldives	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Maldives	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Maldives Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Maldives	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002, 2007, 2009	*
Maldives	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Maldives	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Maldives	Maldives Nutrition Research Project on the Seenu Atoll as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981-1982	
Maldives	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000, 2006, 2008	
Maldives	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000, 2006, 2008, 2010	
Maldives	Maldives Vulnerability and Poverty Assessment 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997-1998	
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Mali	Mali - Gao Epidemiological Study of the Current Nutritional Demographic Status of Two Populations as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Mali	Mali Nutrition Situation in Vienna Area Transversal Survey July 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
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Mali	Mali Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
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Mali	Central Census Bureau (Mali), Minnesota Population Center. Mali General Population and Housing Census 1998 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1998	
Mali	Torheim LE, Granli GI, Sidibé CS, Traoré AK, Oshaug A. Women's iodine status and its determinants in an iodine-deficient area in the Kayes region, Mali. Public Health Nutr. 2005; 8(4): 387-94.	1999	
Mali	Macro International, Inc, National Directorate of Statistics and Informatics (Mali), Planning and Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health (Mali). Mali Demographic and Health Survey 2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2001	
Mali	World Health Organization (WHO). Mali World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Mali	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Mali), National Directorate of Statistics and Informatics (Mali). Mali Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006	
Mali	Mali - Dietary Diversity as a Measure of the Micronutrient Adequacy of Women's Diets: Results from Bamako, Mali Site as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	



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Mali	World Health Organization (WHO). Mali STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Mali	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Mali Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Mali	ICF Macro, INFO-STAT (Mali), National Malaria Control Program (Mali). Mali Special Demographic and Health Survey 2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2011.	2010	*
Mali	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Mali	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Mali	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Mali	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Mali	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Mali	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mali	Mali - Sikasso Food and Nutrition Situation in the Household Level and the Role of Women in the Management and Exploitation of Natural Resources for Food Security: Progress Report 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1992	
Mali	Hatløy A, Hallund J, Diarra MM, Oshaug A. Food variety, socioeconomic status and nutritional status in urban and rural areas in Koutiala (Mali). Public Health Nutr. 2000; 3(1): 57-65. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994-1995	
Mali	Macro International, Inc, National Directorate of Statistics and Informatics (Mali), Planning and Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health (Mali). Mali Demographic and Health Survey 1995-1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995-1996	
Mali	ICF International, INFO-STAT (Mali), Ministry of Health (Mali), National Institute of Statistics (INSTAT) (Mali), Planning and Statistics Unit, Ministry of Health (Mali). Mali Demographic and Health Survey 2012-2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012-2013	*
Malta	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1981	
Malta	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984	
Malta	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Malta INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1986	
Malta	Schranz AG. Abnormal glucose tolerance in the Maltese. A population-based longitudinal study of the natural history of NIDDM and IGT in Malta. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 1989; 7(1): 7-16.	1987	
Malta	Department of Health Information, Ministry for Health (Malta). Malta National Health Interview Survey 2002.	2002	
Malta	National Statistics Office (Malta). Malta Lifestyle Survey 2003.	2003	
Malta	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Malta	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Malta	Grech V, Farrugia Sant'Angelo V. Body mass index estimation in a school-entry aged cohort in Malta. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2009; 4(2): 126-8.	2007	
Malta	National Statistics Office (Malta). Malta Lifestyle Survey 2006-2007.	2007	
Malta	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskienė A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Malta	Eurostat, Ministry for Health, the Elderly, and Community Care (Malta), Ministry for Social Policy (Malta). Malta European Health Interview Survey 2008.	2008	

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Malta	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Malta	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Malta	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010	*
Malta	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Malta	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Malta	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012. The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Diet	2012	*
Malta	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Malta	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	1994-1995, 2000	
Malta	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2006-2008, 2010-2012	*
Malta	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Malta	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1980-2011	
Malta	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1988-2009	
Malta	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2000-2012	
Malta	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2002	
Malta	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2001-2012	
Marshall Islands	Fiji School of Medicine, Menzies Center for Population Health Research, University of Tasmania (Australia), Ministry of Health (Marshall Islands), World Health Organization (WHO). Marshall Islands STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2005-2006	
Marshall Islands	Marshall Islands Community Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Marshall Islands	Economic Policy, Planning and Statistics Office (Marshall Islands), Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC). Marshall Islands Demographic and Health Survey 2007.	2006	
Marshall Islands	Marshall Islands Demographic and Health Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
Marshall Islands	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Marshall Islands Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	
Marshall Islands	Government of the Marshall Islands, Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Marshall Islands). Marshall Islands Global AIDS Progress Report 2010-2011. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2009	
Marshall Islands	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2011	*
Marshall Islands		1999, 2001-2005, 2007	*

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Marshall Islands	Palafox NA, Gamble MV, Dancheck B, Ricks MO, Briand K, Semba RD. Vitamin A deficiency, iron deficiency, and anemia among preschool children in the Republic of the Marshall Islands. Nutrition. 2003; 19(5): 405-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1994-1995	*
Mauritania	Evaluation of drought-related acute undernutrition--Mauritania, 1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Mauritania	Department of Statistics and National Accounts (Mauritania). Mauritania Population and Housing Census 1988.	1988	
Mauritania	Mauritania Socio-Economic Determinants of Nutritional Status Among Children Under Five in Mauritania as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988	
Mauritania	Mauritania Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Mauritania	Mauritania Nutrition Survey in Amourj (Hodh el Chargui), Koboni (Hodh el Gharbi), Bababe (Brakna) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Mauritania	Mauritania Continuous Household Living Conditions Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Mauritania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Mauritania	World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritania World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Mauritania	Mauritania Continuous Household Living Conditions Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Mauritania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Mauritania	Mauritania - Nouakchott STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Mauritania	Ministry of Health (Mauritania), World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritania - Nouakchott STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Mauritania	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Office of Statistics (Mauritania). Mauritania Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2007. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2007	
Mauritania	Mauritania National Quick Survey on Nutrition and Child Survival as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Mauritania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Mauritania	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Mauritania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Mauritania	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002, 2004-2005, 2007-2012	*
Mauritania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Mauritania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Mauritania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mauritania	National Office of Statistics (Mauritania), League of Arab States. Mauritania Maternal and Child Health Survey 1990-1991.	1990-1991	
Mauritania	Macro International, Inc, National Office of Statistics (Mauritania). Mauritania Demographic and Health Survey 2000-2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000-2001	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Mauritania	Mauritania Special Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Mauritius	Mauritius Ministry of Health Child Underweight Data 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Mauritius	Central Statistical Office (Mauritius). Mauritius Population and Housing Census 1983.	1983	
Mauritius	Mauritius National Nutrition Survey 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Mauritius	Mauritius National Nutrition Survey 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985	
Mauritius	Dowse GK, Gareeboo H, Zimmet PZ, Alberti KG, Tuomilehto J, Fareed D, Brissonnette LG, Finch CF. High prevalence of NIDDM and impaired glucose tolerance in Indian, Creole, and Chinese Mauritians. Mauritius Noncommunicable Disease Study Group. Diabetes. 1990; 39(3): 390-6.	1987	
Mauritius	Dowse GK, Zimmet PZ, Gareeboo H, George K, Alberti MM, Tuomilehto J, Finch CF, Chitson P, Tulsidas H. Abdominal obesity and physical inactivity as risk factors for NIDDM and impaired glucose tolerance in Indian, Creole, and Chinese Mauritians. Diabetes Care. 1991; 14(4): 271-82.	1987	
Mauritius	Central Statistics Office (Mauritius). Mauritius Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
Mauritius	Dowse GK, Gareeboo H, Alberti KG, Zimmet P, Tuomilehto J, Purran A, Fareed D, Chitson P, Collins VR. Changes in population cholesterol concentrations and other cardiovascular risk factor levels after five years of the non-communicable disease intervention programme in Mauritius. Mauritius Non-communicable Disease Study Group. BMJ. 1995; 311(7015): 1255-9.	1992	
Mauritius	Hodge AM, Dowse GK, Zimmet PZ, Gareeboo H, Westerman RA, Tuomilehto J, Alberti KG. Factors associated with impaired vibration perception in Mauritians with normal and abnormal glucose tolerance. Mauritius NCD Study Group. J Diabet Complications. 1995; 9(3): 149-57.	1992	
Mauritius	Mauritius and Rodrigues Survey of Nutrition 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Mauritius	Mauritius and Rodrigues Survey of Nutrition 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Mauritius	Mauritius and Rodrigues Survey of Nutrition 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1995	
Mauritius	Ministry of Health and Quality of Life (Mauritius). Mauritius Non-Communicable Disease Survey and Risk Factor Prevalence 1998.	1998	
Mauritius	Söderberg S, Zimmet P, Tuomilehto J, de Courten M, Dowse GK, Chitson P, Gareeboo H, Alberti KGMM, Shaw JE. Increasing prevalence of Type 2 diabetes mellitus in all ethnic groups in Mauritius. Diabet Med. 2005; 22(1): 61-8.	1998	
Mauritius	Central Statistics Office (Mauritius). Mauritius Population and Housing Census 2000.	2000	
Mauritius	Mauritius Population and Housing Census 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Mauritius	Mauritius Institute of Health, Ministry of Health and Quality of Life (Mauritius). Mauritius Contraceptive Prevalence Survey 2002.	2002	
Mauritius	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Mauritius	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius-Rodriguez Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mauritius	World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Mauritius	Mauritius Continuous Multi Purpose Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Mauritius	Ministry of Health and Quality of Life (Mauritius), World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Mauritius	Caleyachetty R, Rudnicka AR, Echouffo-Tcheugui JB, Siegel KR, Richards N, Whincup PH. Prevalence of overweight, obesity and thinness in 9-10 year old children in Mauritius. Global Health. 2012; 28.	2006	
Mauritius	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health and Quality of Life (Mauritius), World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007.	2007	
Mauritius	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Mauritius Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Mauritius	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Mauritius	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Mauritius	Central Statistics Office (Mauritius). Mauritius Population and Housing Census 2011.	2011	*
Mauritius	Statistics Mauritius. Mauritius Crime, Justice, and Security Statistics 2010. Port Louis, Mauritius: Statistics Mauritius, 2011.	2009-2010	*
Mauritius	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Mauritius	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Mauritius	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mauritius	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Mauritius	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000, 2004-2008, 2010-2012	
Mauritius	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000-2012	
Mexico	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Mexico	Zúñiga Charles MA, Ballesteros GM, Recio YM, Trujillo C. Levels of blood lead and other biological indicators in children not exposed to the metal. Proc West Pharmacol Soc. 1983; 77-9.	1980	
Mexico	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Ministry of Health (Mexico). Mexico Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1987	
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Nutrition Survey 1988. Cuernavaca, Mexico: National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	1988	
Mexico	Sepulveda A, Lezana M, Tapia CR, Valdespino I, Madrigal H, Kumate J. Estado nutricional de preescolares y las mujeres en Mexico: resultados de una encuesta probabilística nacional. Gac Med Mex. 1990. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Mexico	Sepulveda A, Lezana M, Tapia CR, Valdespino I, Madrigal H, Kumate J. Estado nutricional de preescolares y las mujeres en Mexico: resultados de una encuesta probabilística nacional. Gac Med Mex. 1990. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988	
Mexico	Avila-Curiel A, Chávez-Villasana A, Shamah-Levy T, Madrigal-Fritsch H. [Child malnutrition in the Mexican rural environment: an analysis of national nutrition surveys]. Salud Publica Mex. 1993; 35(6): 658-66. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Mexico	Mexico National Nutrition Survey in Rural Areas 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Mexico	Mexico National Nutrition Survey in Rural Areas 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
Mexico	Hernandez Avila M, Romieu I, Rios C, Rivero A, Palazuelos E. Lead-glazed ceramics as major determinants of blood lead levels in Mexican women. Environ Health Perspect. 1991; 117-20.	1990	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Minnesota Population Center. Mexico General Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico). Mexico General Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
Mexico	Rothenberg SJ, Perez Guerrero IA, Perroni Hernandez E, Schnaas Arrieta L, Cansino Ortiz S, Suro Carcamo D, Flores Ortega J, Karchmer S. Fuentes de plomo en embarazadas de la cuenca de México. Salud Publica Mex. 1990; 32(6): 632-43.	1990	
Mexico	Hernández-Martínez E, Roldán-Fernández SG. [Prevalence of malnutrition in preschool children in Tabasco, Mexico]. Salud Publica Mex. 1995; 37(3): 211-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Mexico	Vega-Franco L, Mejía AM, Robles B, Moreno L, Pérez Y. [The intelligence quotient and malnutrition. Iron deficiency and the lead concentration as confusing variables]. Bol Med Hosp Infant Mex. 1991; 48(11): 826-31.	1991	
Mexico	Aguilar-Salinas CA, Olaiz G, Valles V, Torres JM, Gómez Pérez FJ, Rull JA, Rojas R, Franco A, Sepulveda J. High prevalence of low HDL cholesterol concentrations and mixed hyperlipidemia in a Mexican nationwide survey. J Lipid Res. 2001; 42(8): 1298-307.	1992	

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Mexico	Jiménez C, Romieu I, Palazuelos E, Muñoz I, Cortés M, Rivero A, Catalán J. [Environmental exposure factors and the concentrations of blood lead in Mexico City children]. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 1993; 35(6): 599-606.	1992	
Mexico	López-Carrillo L, Torres-Sánchez L, Garrido F, Papaqui-Hernández J, Palazuelos-Rendón E, López-Cervantes M. Prevalence and determinants of lead intoxication in Mexican children of low socioeconomic status. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1996; 104(11): 1208-11.	1992	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1992. Mexico City, México: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1992	
Mexico	Romieu I, Palazuelos E, Meneses F, Hernandez-Avila M. Vehicular Traffic as a Determinant of Blood-lead Levels in Children: A Pilot Study in Mexico City. <i>Arch Environ Health.</i> 1992; 47(4): 246-9.	1992	
Mexico	Yamamoto Kimura L, Zamora Gonzalez J, Garcia de la Torre G, Cardoso Saldana G, Fajardo Gutierrez A, Ayala Barajas C, Posadas Romero C. Prevalence of high blood pressure and associated coronary risk factors in an adult population of Mexico city. <i>Arch Med Res.</i> 1998; 29(4): 341-9.	1992	
Mexico	Aguilar-Salinas CA, Rojas R, Gómez-Pérez FJ, García E, Valles V, Ríos-Torres JM, Franco A, Olaiz G, Sepúlveda J, Rull JA. Prevalence and characteristics of early-onset type 2 diabetes in Mexico. <i>Am J Med.</i> 2002; 113(7): 569-74.	1993	
Mexico	Arroyo P, Fernández V, Loria A, Kuri-Morales P, Orozco-Rivadeneyra S, Olaiz G, Tapia-Conyer R. Hypertension in urban Mexico: the 1992-93 national survey of chronic diseases. <i>J Hum Hypertens.</i> 1999; 13(10): 671-5.	1993	
Mexico	Junco Muñoz P, Arrieta Alcalde ND. [Lead concentrations in the blood of residents of the city of Monterrey, Nuevo León]. <i>Gac Med Mex.</i> 1993; 129(1): 63-7.	1993	
Mexico	Romieu I, Carreon T, Lopez L, Palazuelos E, Rios C, Manuel Y, Hernandez-Avila M. Environmental urban lead exposure and blood lead levels in children of Mexico City. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1995; 103(11): 1036-40.	1993	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1994. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1994	
Mexico	Rojas-López M, Santos-Burgoa C, Ríos C, Hernández-Avila M, Romieu I. Use of lead-glazed ceramics is the main factor associated to high lead in blood levels in two Mexican rural communities. <i>J Toxicol Environ Health.</i> 1994; 42(1): 45-52.	1994	
Mexico	Farias P, Borja-Aburto VH, Rios C, Hertz-Picciotto I, Rojas-Lopez M, Chavez-Ayala R. Blood lead levels in pregnant women of high and low socioeconomic status in Mexico City. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1996; 104(10): 1070-4.	1995	
Mexico	Farias P. Determinants of bone and blood lead levels among teenagers living in urban areas with high lead exposure. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1998; 106(11): 733-7.	1995	
Mexico	Garrido Latorre F, Hernández-Avila M, Tamayo Orozco J, Albores Medina CA, Aro A, Palazuelos E, Hu H. Relationship of blood and bone lead to menopause and bone mineral density among middle-age women in Mexico City. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2003; 111(4): 631-6.	1995	
Mexico	Guerrero-Romero JF, Rodríguez-Morán M. Prevalencia de hipertensión arterial y factores asociados en la población rural marginada. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 1998; 40(4).	1995	
Mexico	Hernández-Avila M, Smith D, Meneses F, Sanin LH, Hu H. The influence of bone and blood lead on plasma lead levels in environmentally exposed adults. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1998; 106(8): 473-7.	1995	
Mexico	Lacasaña-Navarro M, Romieu I, Sanín-Aguirre LH, Palazuelos-Rendón E, Hernández-Avila M. [Calcium intake and blood lead in women in reproductive age]. <i>Rev Invest Clin.</i> 1996; 48(6): 425-30.	1995	
Mexico	Mexico - Mexico City Urban Food and Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Mexico	Mexico Lead Exposure Data 1995 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1995	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Minnesota Population Center. Mexico Population and Housing Census 1995 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1995	
Mexico	Avila-Curiel A, Shamah-Levy T, Galindo-Gómez C, Rodríguez-Hernández G, Barragán-Heredia LM. [Child malnutrition in the Mexican rural setting]. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 1998; 40(2): 150-60. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Mexico	Brauer M, Bartlett K, Regalado-Pineda J, Perez-Padilla R. Assessment of particulate concentrations from domestic biomass combustion in rural Mexico. <i>Environ Sci Technol.</i> 1996; 30(1): 104-9. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	1996	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Mexico	Hernandez-Avila M, Gonzalez-Cossio T, Palazuelos E, Romieu I, Aro A, Fishbein E, Peterson KE, Hu H. Dietary and environmental determinants of blood and bone lead levels in lactating postpartum women living in Mexico City. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1996; 104(10): 1076-82.	1996	
Mexico	Junco-Muñoz P, Ottman R, Lee JH, Barton SA, Rivas F, Cerda-Flores RM. Blood lead concentrations and associated factors in residents of Monterrey, Mexico. <i>Arch Med Res.</i> 1996; 27(4): 547-51.	1996	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1996. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1996	
Mexico	Olaiz G, Fortoul TI, Rojas R, Doyer M, Palazuelos E, Tapia CR. Risk factors for high levels of lead in blood of schoolchildren in Mexico City. <i>Arch Environ Health.</i> 1996; 51(2): 122-6.	1996	
Mexico	Rothenberg SJ, Karchmer S, Schnaas L, Perroni E, Zea F, Salinas V, Fernandez Alba J. Maternal influences on cord blood lead levels. <i>J Expo Anal Environ Epidemiol.</i> 1996; 6(2): 211-27.	1996	
Mexico	Delezé M, Cons-Molina F, Villa AR, Morales-Torres J, Gonzalez-Gonzalez JG, Calva JJ, Murillo A, Briceño A, Orozco J, Morales-Franco G, Peña-Rios H, Guerrero-Yeo G, Aguirre E, Elizondo J. Geographic Differences in Bone Mineral Density of Mexican Women. <i>Osteoporos Int.</i> 2000; 11(7): 562-9.	1997	
Mexico	Lacasaña M, Romieu I, Sanin LH, Palazuelos E, Hernandez-Avila M. Blood lead levels and calcium intake in Mexico City children under five years of age. <i>Int J Environ Health Res.</i> 2000; 10(4): 331-40.	1997	
Mexico	Monárrez J, Martínez H. [Prevalence of malnutrition in Tarahumara children under 5 years of age in the municipality of Guachochi, Chihuahua]. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 2000; 42(1): 8-16. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical. Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Mexico Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1998. [Unpublished].	1997	
Mexico	Azcona-Cruz MI, Rothenberg SJ, Schnaas-Arrieta L, Romero Placeres M, Perroni-Hernandez E. [Levels of plasmatic lead in children 8-10 years of age and its relation to changes in visual-motor system and balance]. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 2000; 42(4): 279-87.	1998	
Mexico	Eckhardt CL, Torheim LE, Monterrubio E, Barquera S, Ruel MT. The overlap of overweight and anaemia among women in three countries undergoing the nutrition transition. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2008; 62(2): 238-46.	1998	
Mexico	López Lara B, Cantú Martínez PC, Hernández Arizpe L, Gómez-Gúzman LG. Niveles de plomo en sangre en recién nacidos y su relación con el peso al nacer. <i>RESPYN.</i> 2000; 1(2): 1-7.	1998	
Mexico	Ministry of Health (Mexico), National Council Against Addictions (Mexico), National Institute of Psychiatry Ramón de la Fuente Muñiz (Mexico), National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Addiction Survey 1998.	1998	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1998. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1998	
Mexico	Guerra-Tamayo JL, Hernández-Cadena L, Téllez-Rojo MM, Mercado-García A del S, Solano-González M, Hernández-Avila M, Hu H. Exposición al plomo y su relación con el tiempo requerido para embarazo. <i>Salud Publica Mex.</i> 2003; S189-195.	1999	
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Monterrey Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Mexico	Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2000. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2000	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Minnesota Population Center. Mexico Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico). Mexico Population and Housing Census 2000. Aguascalientes, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico).	2000	
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico), World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	*
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Population Studies Center, University of Pennsylvania, University of Maryland, University of Wisconsin. Mexico Health and Aging Study 2001.	2001	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Mexico	Center for Research and Teaching in Economics (CIDE) (Mexico), National Institute of Perinatology (Mexico), National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico), Universidad Iberoamericana. Mexico Family Life Survey 2002.	2002	
Mexico	Ministry of Health (Mexico), National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico). Mexico National Addiction Survey 2002. Aguascalientes, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico).	2002	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2002. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2002	
Mexico	Pineda-Lucatero AG, Trujillo-Hernández B, Millán-Guerrero RO, Vásquez C. Prevalence of childhood sexual abuse among Mexican adolescents. Child Care Health Dev. 2009; 35(2): 184-9.	2002	
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Chetumal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Cuernavaca Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Guadalajara Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Juarez Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Mexico City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Nuevo Laredo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Oaxaca Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Puebla Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Tapachula Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Tijuana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Mexico	National Commission for the Development of Indigenous Peoples (Mexico), National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico), United Nations Women's Fund (UNIFEM). Mexico National Survey on the Dynamics of Household Relationships 2003. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2003	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Population Studies Center, University of Pennsylvania, University of Maryland, University of Wisconsin. Mexico Health and Aging Study 2003.	2003	
Mexico	Aradillas-García C, Malacara JM, Garay-Sevilla ME, Guízar JM, Camacho N, De la Cruz-Mendoza E, Quemada L, Sierra JFH. Prediabetes in rural and urban children in 3 states in Mexico. J Cardiometab Syndr. 2007; 2(1): 35-9.	2004	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2004. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2004	
Mexico	Benjet C, Borges G, Medina-Mora ME, Zambrano J, Cruz C, Méndez E. Descriptive Epidemiology of Chronic Childhood Adversity in Mexican Adolescents. J Adolesc Health. 2009; 45(5): 483-9.	2005	
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Chilpancingo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Culican Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Durango Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*



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Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Leon Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Merida Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Monterrey Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Tepic Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Toluca Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Veracruz Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Zacatecas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Mexico	Espinosa G, Golzarri JI, Bogard J, Gaso I, Ponciano G, Mena M, Segovia N. Indoor radon measurements in Mexico City. Radiat Meas. 2008; S431-S434.	2005	
Mexico	Hinojo Alonso NA, Kotsarenko A, Yutsis V, Hernandez Silva G, Perego P, Fazio M, Grimalsky V, Koshevaya S, Foglia F, Cortes Silva A, García Martínez R, Martínez Reyes J, Norini G, Gropelli G. Environmental and indoor study of Radon concentration in San Joaquin area, Queretaro, Mexico, first results. Radiat Meas. 2013; 149-53.	2005	*
Mexico	Martinez T, Cabrera L, Oliveres JL, Gonzalez P. Radon and thoron levels in Mexico city dwellings. In: Proceedings of the 5th Regional Congress on Radiation Protection and Safety; 2001 April 29-May 4; Recife, Brazil.	2005	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2005. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2005	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), Minnesota Population Center. Mexico Population and Housing Census 2005 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2005	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Tapachula Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico-Tijuana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico - Ciudad Juarez Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006 . Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Mexico	National Commission for the Development of Indigenous Peoples (Mexico), National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico), United Nations Women's Fund (UNIFEM). Mexico National Survey on the Dynamics of Household Relationships 2006. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2006	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2006. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	2006	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico), National Institute for Public Health (Mexico), National Population Council (Mexico). Mexico National Survey of Demographic Dynamics 2006. Aguascalientes, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico).	2006	
Mexico	Masera O, Edwards R, Arnez CA, Berrueta V, Johnson M, Bracho LR, Riojas-Rodríguez H, Smith KR. Impact of patsari improved cookstoves on indoor air quality Michoacan, Mexico. Energy Sustain Dev. 2007; 11(2): 45-56. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2007	
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Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico Population and Housing Census 2010. Aguascalientes, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico), 2011.	2010	
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Mexico	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Mexico	National Center for the Prevention and Control of Addictions (Mexico), National Council Against Addictions (Mexico), National Institute of Psychiatry Ramón de la Fuente Muñiz (Mexico), National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Addiction Survey 2011.	2011	*
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Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Diet Low in Fiber 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Diet Low in Nuts and Seeds 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Diet Low in Seafood Omega-3 Fatty Acids in Mg 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Dietary Intake in Grams Per Capita of Meat Preserved by Smoking, Curing, Salting, or Addition of Chemical Preservatives 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Dietary Intake of Calcium From all Sources Including Milk, Yogurt, and Cheese in Mg Per Day 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Dietary Intake of Fruits in Grams Per Day 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico Dietary Intake of Milk Including Non-Fat, Low-Fat, and Full-Fat Milk, but Excluding Soya Milk and Other Plant Derivatives in Grams Per Day 2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: Center for Nutrition and Health Research, National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2012	*
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Mexico	Mexico National Survey of Health and Nutrition 2005-2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2006	
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico), World Health Organization (WHO). Mexico WHO Study on Global AGEing and Adult Health 2009-2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2011.	2009-2010	
Mexico	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Mexico	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Mexico	Department of Statistics (Mexico), International Statistical Institute. Mexico World Fertility Survey 1976-1977. Voorburg, Netherlands: International Statistical Institute.	1976-1977	
Mexico	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mexico	Mexico Nutrition Collaborative Research Support Program 1982-1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984-1986	
Mexico	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1986-1990	
Mexico	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1988, 1991, 1993, 1995-2010	
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Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico INEGI Information Bank - Percent of Households with Sustainable Access to Improved Water Sources. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1990-2010	
Mexico	National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico). Mexico INEGI Information Bank - Proportion of Population with Improved Sanitation Facilities. Mexico City, Mexico: National Institute of Statistics and Geography (Mexico).	1990-2010	
Mexico	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991, 1993, 1995-2008	
Mexico	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Mexico	Braun JM, Hoffman E, Schwartz J, Sanchez B, Schnaas L, Mercado-García A, Solano-Gonzalez M, Bellinger DC, Lanphear BP, Hu H, Tellez-Rojo MM, Wright RO, Hernandez-Avila M. Assessing windows of susceptibility to lead-induced cognitive deficits in Mexican children. Neurotoxicology. 2012; 33(5): 1040-7.	1993-2006	
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Mexico	Afeiche M, Peterson KE, Sánchez BN, Schnaas L, Cantonwine D, Ettinger AS, Solano-González M, Hernández-Avila M, Hu H, Téllez-Rojo MM. Windows of lead exposure sensitivity, attained height, and body mass index at 48 months. J Pediatr. 2012; 160(6): 1044-9.	1994-2005	
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Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico), National Institute of Statistics, Geography, and Informatics (Mexico). Mexico National Nutrition Survey 1998-1999.	1998-1999	
Mexico	Rivera JA, Monterrubio EA, González-Cossío T, García-Feregrino R, García-Guerra A, Sepúlveda-Amor J. Nutritional status of indigenous children younger than five years of age in Mexico: results of a national probabilistic survey. Salud Publica Mex. 2003; S466-476. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998-1999	
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Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Health Survey 1999-2000.	1999-2000	
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Mexico	Guzmán Ibarra M, Ablanado Aguirre J, Armijo Delgadillo R, García Ruíz Esparza M. [Prevalence of osteopenia and osteoporosis assessed by densitometry in postmenopausal women]. Ginecol Obstet Mex. 2003; 225-32.	2001-2002	
Mexico	Ministry of Health (Mexico), National Institute of Public Health (Mexico), National Center for Gender Equality and Reproductive Health (Mexico). Mexico Violence Against Women by State 2003-2006. [Unpublished].	2003, 2006	*
Mexico	California Center for Population Research (CCPR), University of California Los Angeles (UCLA), Center for Research and Teaching in Economics (CIDE) (Mexico), National Institute of Public Health (Mexico), Universidad Iberoamericana. Mexico Family Life Survey 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
Mexico	Mexico National Survey of Health and Nutrition 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005-2006	
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Survey of Health and Nutrition 2005-2006. Cuernavaca, Mexico: National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2005-2006	
Mexico	Miller CL, Firestone M, Ramos R, Burris S, Ramos ME, Case P, Brouwer KC, Fraga MA, Strathdee SA. Injecting drug users' experiences of policing practices in two Mexican-U.S. border cities: public health perspectives. Int J Drug Policy. 2008; 19(4): 324-31.	2006-2007	*
Mexico	Ministry of the Environment (Federal District, Mexico). Mexico - Mexico City Automatic Air Quality Monitoring Network Database. Mexico City, Mexico: Ministry of the Environment (Federal District, Mexico).	2010-2012	*
Mexico	National Institute of Public Health (Mexico). Mexico National Survey of Health and Nutrition 2011-2012. Cuernavaca, Mexico: National Institute of Public Health (Mexico).	2011-2012	*
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Moldova	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), ORC Macro. Reproductive, Maternal and Child Health in Eastern Europe and Eurasia: A Comparative Report 1993-2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	1997	
Moldova	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Moldova Ministry of Health. (1998) Moldova Reproductive Health Survey 1997. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1997	
Moldova	National Scientific and Applied Center for Preventive Medicine (NCPM) (Moldova), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Moldova Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	*
Moldova	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2001	*
Moldova	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Moldova Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
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Moldova	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Moldova Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
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Moldova	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Moldova	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
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Moldova	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2006-2008	
Mongolia	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, Minnesota Population Center. Mongolia Population and Housing Census 1989 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1989	
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Mongolia	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, Minnesota Population Center. Mongolia Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Mongolia	National Statistical Office of Mongolia. Mongolia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
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Mongolia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mongolia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
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Mongolia	World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health (Mongolia), National Medical Research Institute (Mongolia), Health Sciences University (Mongolia), National Oncology Center of Mongolia (Mongolia). Mongolia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	
Mongolia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Public Health Institute, Ministry of Health (Mongolia), World Health Organization (WHO). Mongolia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010.	2010	
Mongolia	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada). 2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Mongolia	National Statistical Office of Mongolia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Mongolia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2010	*
Mongolia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Mongolia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Mongolia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007, 2010-2012	*
Mongolia	Mongolia - Vitamin A Deficiency in Mongolia and Results of "A" Vitaminization as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2002	
Mongolia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Mongolia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Mongolia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mongolia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-2008	
Mongolia	Physiologic and hygienic assessment of vitamin A deficiency in children, Mongolia as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997-1999	*
Mongolia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000, 2005-2008	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Montenegro	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Montenegro Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Montenegro	Antovic N, Vukotic P, Zekic R, Ilic R. Indoor radon concentrations in the town of Niksic, Montenegro. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2007; 124(4): 385-391.	2005	
Montenegro	Antovic N, Vukotic P, Zekic R, Svrkota R, Ilic R. Indoor radon concentrations in urban settlements on the Montenegrin Coast. Radiat Meas. 2007; 42(9): 1573-1579.	2005	
Montenegro	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Statistical Office of Montenegro. Montenegro Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Montenegro	United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation (UNSCEAR). Yugoslavia, Federal Republic - Montenegro United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation 2001 Survey. [Unpublished].	2005	
Montenegro	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Montenegro Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Montenegro	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Montenegro UNAIDS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1989-1990, 1992-2003, 2005-2011	*
Montenegro	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Montenegro	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Montenegro	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Montenegro	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003, 2005	
Montenegro	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003, 2005	
Montenegro	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2005-2009	
Morocco	Minnesota Population Center, Statistics Directorate (Morocco). Morocco Population and Housing Census 1982 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1982	
Morocco	Ministry of Public Health (Morocco), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Morocco Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Morocco	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Public Health (Morocco). Morocco Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Morocco	Minnesota Population Center, Statistics Directorate (Morocco). Morocco Population and Housing Census 1994 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1994	
Morocco	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Public Health (Morocco). Morocco Special Demographic and Health Survey 1995. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995	
Morocco	Nasri I, El Bouhali B, Aguenau H, Mokhtar N. Vitamin A deficiency among Moroccan women and children. Afr Health Sci. 2004; 4(1): 3-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	
Morocco	Khassouani CE, Allain P, Soulaymani R. [Lead impregnation in inhabitants of the Rabat region (Morocco)]. Presse Med. 1997; 26(36): 1714-6.	1997	
Morocco	Tazi MA, Abir-Khalil S, Chaouki N, Cherqaoui S, Lahmouz F, Sraïri JE, Mahjour J. Prevalence of the main cardiovascular risk factors in Morocco: results of a national survey 2000. J Hypertens. 2003; 21(5): 897-903.	2000	
Morocco	Tazi MA, Abir-Khalil S, Lahmouz F, Arrach ML, Chaouki N. Risk factors for hypertension among the adult Moroccan population. East Mediterr Health J. 2009; 15(4): 827-41.	2000	
Morocco	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*



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Morocco	World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Morocco	Minnesota Population Center, High Commission for Planning (Morocco). Morocco Population and Housing Census 2004 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2004	
Morocco	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Morocco	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Morocco), World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2006. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006	*
Morocco	El Maghraoui A, Ghazi M, Gassim S, Mounach A, Ghoulani I, Nouijai A, Achemlal L, Bezza A, Dehhaoui M. Bone mineral density of the spine and femur in a group of healthy Moroccan men. Bone . 2009; 44(5): 965-9.	2006	
Morocco	Ministry of Health (Morocco), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Morocco Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006.	2006	
Morocco	Jniene A, El Ftouh M, El Fassy Fihry MT. Study of the prevalence of sleep apnea syndrome's symptoms in a Moroccan population. Tuberk Toraks. 2012; 60(2): 108-13.	2009	
Morocco	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2010	*
Morocco	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Morocco	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Morocco	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Morocco	League of Arab States, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Morocco). Morocco Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003-2004	
Morocco	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Morocco	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Morocco	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Morocco	Directorate of Statistics of the High Commission for Planning (Morocco), World Bank. Morocco Living Standards Measurement Survey 1990-1991.	1990-1991	
Morocco	Ministry of Health (Morocco), League of Arab States. Morocco Maternal and Child Health Survey 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
Morocco	Morocco Maternal and Child Health Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996-1997	
Morocco	Statistics Directorate, Kingdom of Morocco High Commission for Planning. Morocco National Household Consumption and Expenditure Survey 2000-2001. Rabat, Morocco: Statistics Directorate, Kingdom of Morocco High Commissioner for Planning.	2000-2001	
Morocco	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008	
Morocco	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004-2008	
Morocco	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Spevácková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2007-2008	
Morocco	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Morocco), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Morocco Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010-2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2013.	2010-2011	*
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Mozambique	WHO/UNICEF Joint Nutrition Support Programme in Mozambique Plan of Action 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989	
Mozambique	Ministry of Health (Mozambique), National Department of Statistics (Mozambique), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Mozambique Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Mozambique	Mozambique - Gaza Nutrition Survey in the Guijo District 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Mozambique	Mozambique - Maputo Nutrition Survey in the Magude District 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Mozambique	Mozambique - Tete Nutritional Assessment of Northern Mutarara District 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Mozambique	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Institute (Mozambique). Mozambique Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Mozambique	Mozambique National Institute of Statistics, Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2003) Mozambique Young Adult Reproductive Health Survey 2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	
Mozambique	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Mozambique	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mozambique-Maputo City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Mozambique	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mozambique-Maputo Gaza Inhambane Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Mozambique	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Mozambique), National Statistics Institute (Mozambique). Mozambique - Maputo City STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2002.	2002	
Mozambique	Mozambique Emergency Vulnerability Report 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Mozambique	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Institute (Mozambique). Mozambique Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003	
Mozambique	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2004	
Mozambique	Ministry of Health (Mozambique), World Health Organization (WHO). Mozambique STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Mozambique	Mozambique STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Mozambique	Mozambique - Dietary Diversity as a Measure of the Micronutrient Adequacy of Women's Diets: Results from Rural Mozambique Site as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Mozambique	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Mozambique-Maputo City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
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Mozambique	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Mozambique	ICF Macro, Manhica Health Research Center (CISM), Ministry of Health (Mozambique), National Statistics Institute (Mozambique). Mozambique Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2013.	2011	*
Mozambique	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Mozambique	Mozambique Survey on Vitamin A Deficiency and Prevalence of Anemia and Malaria 2001-2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001-2002	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Mozambique	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Mozambique	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Mozambique	Mozambique Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000-2001	
Mozambique	Mozambique Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000-2001	
Mozambique	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Statistics Institute (Mozambique). Mozambique Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2008-2009. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2008-2009	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Myanmar	Ministry of Health (Myanmar), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Myanmar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Myanmar	Myanmar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1997 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1997	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Myanmar	Myanmar National Nutrition Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Myanmar	Central Statistical Office (Myanmar), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Myanmar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Myanmar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Myanmar	Kyaing, N. Tobacco Economics in Myanmar. Tobacco Control. 2003.	2001	
Myanmar	Myanmar Blood Glucose Data 2001, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease Metabolics Expert Group.	2001	
Myanmar	Kyu N, Kanai A. Prevalence, antecedent causes and consequences of domestic violence in Myanmar. Asian J Soc Psychol. 2005; 8(3): 244-71.	2002	
Myanmar	Ministry of Health (Myanmar), World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar - Yangon STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	
Myanmar	Myanmar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
Myanmar	World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Myanmar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Myanmar	Key Indicators for Asia and the Pacific 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Myanmar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Myanmar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	



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Myanmar	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Myanmar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Myanmar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Myanmar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Myanmar). Myanmar Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2011	*
Myanmar	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1991-2013 1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2012	*
Myanmar	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Myanmar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Myanmar	Myanmar Feeding Practices in Infants and Young Children in Rangoon Division 1980-1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1981	
Myanmar	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Myanmar	Myanmar Feeding Practices in Young Children and Infants as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1985	
Myanmar	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1996, 1999-2005, 2007-2008	
Myanmar	Ministry of Health (Myanmar), Ministry of National Planning and Economic Development (Myanmar), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Myanmar Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	
Namibia	Namibia Household Health and Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Namibia	Namibia Population and Housing Census 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991	
Namibia	Central Statistics Office (Namibia), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia). Namibia Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Namibia	Namibia Iodine Deficiency Disorders Prevalence Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992	
Namibia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia), National Planning Commission (Namibia). Namibia Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Namibia	Namibia Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Namibia	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Namibia	World Health Organization (WHO). Namibia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Namibia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Namibia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Namibia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia), World Health Organization (WHO). Namibia Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2004 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004	
Namibia	Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia). Namibia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Namibia	Namibia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	



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Namibia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Namibia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Namibia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2003, 2005, 2010, 2012	*
Namibia	Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia), National Planning Commission (Namibia), World Health Organization (WHO). Namibia WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2001.	2000-2002	
Namibia	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Social Services (Namibia). Namibia Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006-2007	
Namibia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Namibia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Namibia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Namibia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1990-2001	
Namibia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000, 2004	
Namibia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000, 2004	
Namibia	Central Bureau of Statistics (Namibia), National Planning Commission (Namibia). Namibia Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2003-2004. Windhoek, Namibia: Central Bureau of Statistics (Namibia), National Planning Commission (Namibia).	2003-2004	
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Nepal	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1980	
Nepal	Ohno Y, Hirai K, Sato N, Ito M, Yamamoto T, Tamura T, Shrestha MP. Food consumption patterns and nutrient intake among Nepalese living in the southern rural Terai region. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 1997; 6(4): 251-5. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1989	
Nepal	Pandey MR, Neupane RP, Gautam A, Shrestha IB. The effectiveness of smokeless stoves in reducing indoor air pollution in a rural hill region of Nepal. Mountain Research and Development. 1990; 10(4): 313-20. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	1990	
Nepal	Sasaki H, Kawasaki T, Ogaki T, Kobayashi S, Itoh K, Yoshimizu Y, Sharma S, Acharya GP. The prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired fasting glucose/glycaemia (IFG) in suburban and rural Nepal-the communities-based cross-sectional study during the democratic movements in 1990. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2005; 67(2): 167-74.	1990	
Nepal	Nepal Multiple Indicator Surveillance: Cycle I Health and Nutrition Report 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Nepal	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal), New ERA. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Nepal	Singh DL, Bhattarai MD. High prevalence of diabetes and impaired fasting glycaemia in urban Nepal. Diabet Med. 2003; 20(2): 170-1.	2000	
Nepal	World Bank, World Health Organization Regional Office for South-East Asia (SEARO). A Study on Tobacco Economics in Nepal. Washington DC, United States: World Bank, 2003.	2000	
Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Nepal	Central Bureau of Statistics (Nepal), Minnesota Population Center. Nepal National Population Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	*
Nepal	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal), New ERA. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2001	
Nepal	Shrestha UK, Singh DL, Bhattarai MD. The prevalence of hypertension and diabetes defined by fasting and 2-h plasma glucose criteria in urban Nepal. Diabet Med. 2006; 23(10): 1130-5.	2002	

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Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal-Biratnagar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO), Society for Local Integrated Development Nepal (SOLID Nepal), Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal). Nepal - Bāgmatī STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	*
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal-Biratnagar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal-Mahendranagar and Dhangad Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO), Society for Local Integrated Development Nepal (SOLID Nepal), Central Bureau of Statistics (Nepal), Government of Nepal. Nepal STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Nepal	Kurmi OP, Devereux GS, Smith WCS, Semple S, Steiner MFC, Simkhada P, Lam K-BH, Ayres JG. Reduced lung function due to biomass smoke exposure in young adults in rural Nepal. Eur Respir J. 2013; 41(1): 25-30.	2006	*
Nepal	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal), New ERA. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006	
Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Nepal	Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal), Society for Local Integrated Development Nepal, World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	*
Nepal	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2008	*
Nepal	Kurmi OP, Semple S, Steiner M, Henderson GD, Ayres JG. Particulate Matter Exposure during Domestic Work in Nepal. Ann Occup Hyg. 2008; 52(6): 509-17. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2008	
Nepal	Oshiro A, Poudyal AK, Poudel KC, Jimba M, Hokama T. Intimate Partner Violence Among General and Urban Poor Populations in Kathmandu, Nepal. J Interpers Violence. 2011; 26(10): 2073-92.	2008	*
Nepal	Lamichhane P, Puri M, Tamang J, Dulal B. Women's Status and Violence against Young Married Women in Rural Nepal. BMC Womens Health. 2011; 19.	2009	*
Nepal	Singh A, Tuladhar B, Bajracharya K, Pillarisetti A. Assessment of effectiveness of improved cook stoves in reducing indoor air pollution and improving health in Nepal. Energy for Sustainable Development. 2012; 16(4): 406-14.	2010	*
Nepal	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Central Bureau of Statistics (Nepal). Nepal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	*
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Nepal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Nepal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Nepal	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health and Population (Nepal), New ERA. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2011	
Nepal	Nepal Micronutrient Status Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997-1998	
Nepal	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Nepal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Nepal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Nepal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Nepal	Nepal Millennium Development Goals Progress Report 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1990, 1995, 2000, 2004	
Nepal	Hotchkiss DR, Mock NB, Seiber EE. The effect of the health care supply environment on children's nutritional status in rural Nepal. J Biosoc Sci. 2002; 34(2): 173-92. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995-1996	
Nepal	Nepal Micronutrient Status Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997-1998	
Nepal	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2001	
Nepal	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2001	
Nepal	Nepal Living Standards Measurement Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Nepal	Central Bureau of Statistics (Nepal). Nepal Hard Drug Users Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	*
Nepal	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2006-2009	
Netherlands	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Netherlands	Baecke JA, Burema J, Frijters JE, Hautvast JG, van der Wiel-Wetzels WA. Obesity in young Dutch adults: I, socio-demographic variables and body mass index. Int J Obes (Lond). 1983; 7(1): 1-12.	1980	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Netherlands	Roede MJ. The secular trend in The Netherlands. The third nation-wide growth study. Arztl Jugendkd. 1990; 81(5): 330-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Netherlands	Seidell JC, de Groot LC, van Sonsbeek JL, Deurenberg P, Hautvast JG. Associations of moderate and severe overweight with self-reported illness and medical care in Dutch adults. Am J Public Health. 1986; 76(3): 264-9.	1981	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Netherlands	Netherlands National School Survey on Substance Use 1983-1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Netherlands	van Loo JM, Drenthen AJ, Peer PG, Thien TA. Prevalentie, opsporing en behandeling van hypertensie in Lelystad (1982-1984); is de "regel van de helften" nog steeds van toepassing?. Ned Tijdschr Geneesk. 1987; 131(15): 624-7.	1983	
Netherlands	Loenen HM, Eshuis H, Löwik MR, Schouten EG, Hulshof KF, Odink J, Kok FJ. Serum uric acid correlates in elderly men and women with special reference to body composition and dietary intake (Dutch Nutrition Surveillance System). J Clin Epidemiol. 1990; 43(12): 1297-303.	1984	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Netherlands	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Netherlands INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Netherlands	Romkens R. Prevalence of Wife Abuse in the Netherlands: Combining Quantitative and Qualitative Methods in Survey Research. J Interpers Violence. 1997; 12(1): 99-125.	1986	



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Netherlands	Seidell JC, Cigolini M, Charzewska J, Ellsinger B-M, Di Biase G, Björntorp P, Hautvast JGA, Contaldo F, Szostak V, Scuro LA. Androgenicity in relation to body fat distribution and metabolism in 38-year-old women the European fat distribution study. <i>J Clin Epidemiol.</i> 1990; 43(1): 21-34.	1986	
Netherlands	van Poppel G, Schrijver J, Meulmeester JF, Kempen-Voogd N. Biochemical and anthropometric evaluation of the nutritional status of 35-year-old Dutch men with reference to smoking and drinking habits. <i>Int J Vitam Nutr Res.</i> 1989; 59(4): 381-7.	1986	
Netherlands	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). <i>Faits et Opinions</i> , Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
Netherlands	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
Netherlands	Van Reek J, Knibbe R, van Iwaarden T. Policy relevance of a survey on smoking and drinking behaviour among Dutch school children. <i>Health Policy.</i> 1991; 18(3): 261-8.	1989	
Netherlands	Bijnen FC, Feskens EJ, Caspersen CJ, Giampaoli S, Nissinen AM, Menotti A, Mosterd WL, Kromhout D. Physical activity and cardiovascular risk factors among elderly men in Finland, Italy, and the Netherlands. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1996; 143(6): 553-61.	1990	
Netherlands	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1990	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Netherlands	Burger H, van Daele PL, Algra D, van den Ouweland FA, Grobbee DE, Hofman A, van Kuijk C, Schütte HE, Birkenhäger JC, Pols HAP. The association between age and bone mineral density in men and women aged 55 years and over: The Rotterdam Study. <i>Bone Miner.</i> 1994; 25(1): 1-13.	1991	
Netherlands	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Netherlands	Mooy JM, Grootenhuis PA, de Vries H, Valkenburg HA, Bouter LM, Kostense PJ, Heine RJ. Prevalence and determinants of glucose intolerance in a Dutch caucasian population. The Hoorn Study. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 1995; 18(9): 1270-3.	1991	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
Netherlands	AGB Fresh Foods, Ministry of Agriculture, Nature Management, and Fisheries (Netherlands), TNO Nutrition. Netherlands Dutch National Food Consumption Survey 1992.	1992	
Netherlands	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
Netherlands	Netherlands Dutch National Food Consumption Survey 1992 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
Netherlands	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992	



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Netherlands	Vokó Z, Bots ML, Hofman A, Koudstaal PJ, Witteman JC, Breteler MM. J-shaped relation between blood pressure and stroke in treated hypertensives. <i>Hypertension</i> . 1999; 34(6): 1181-5.	1992	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*
Netherlands	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dodenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. <i>European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int</i> . 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1995. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1995	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Netherlands	Netherlands Continuous Survey of Smoking Habits 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Netherlands	Netherlands Health Interview Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Netherlands	Van Leer EM, Seidell JC, Kromhout D. Dietary calcium, potassium, magnesium and blood pressure in the Netherlands. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1995; 24(6): 1117-23.	1995	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1996. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1996	
Netherlands	Versluis RG, Petri H, van de Ven CM, Scholtes AB, Papapoulos SE, Springer MP. Prevalentie van osteoporose bij postmenopauzale vrouwen in een huisartspraktijk. <i>Ned Tijdschr Geneeskd</i> . 1999; 143(1): 20-4.	1996	
Netherlands	Beld AW van den, Jong FH de, Grobbee DE, Pols HAP, Lamberts SWJ. Measures of Bioavailable Serum Testosterone and Estradiol and Their Relationships with Muscle Strength, Bone Density, and Body Composition in Elderly Men. <i>J Clin Endocrinol Metab</i> . 2000; 85(9): 3276-82.	1997	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1997. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1997	
Netherlands	Twisk JW, Kemper HC, van Mechelen W. The relationship between physical fitness and physical activity during adolescence and cardiovascular disease risk factors at adult age. <i>The Amsterdam Growth and Health Longitudinal Study. Int J Sports Med</i> . 2002; 8-14.	1997	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1998. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1998	
Netherlands	Visscher TLS, Viet AL, Kroesbergen IHT, Seidell JC. Underreporting of BMI in adults and its effect on obesity prevalence estimations in the period 1998 to 2001. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring)</i> . 2006; 14(11): 2054-63.	1998	
Netherlands	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Netherlands - Limburg Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1999. [Unpublished].	1999	
Netherlands	Brewster LM, Mairuhu G, Bindraban NR, Koopmans RP, Clark JF, van Montfrans GA. Creatine kinase activity is associated with Blood Press. <i>Circulation</i> . 2006; 114(19): 2034-9.	1999	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1999. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1999	
Netherlands	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2000. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2000	
Netherlands	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	

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Netherlands	Schelleman H, Klungel OH, Kromhout D, de Boer A, Stricker BHC, Verschuren WMM. Prevalence and determinants of undertreatment of hypertension in the Netherlands. J Hum Hypertens. 2004; 18(5).	2000	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2000.	2000	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2001. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2001	
Netherlands	De Wit LM, van Straten A, van Herten M, Penninx BWJH, Cuijpers P. Depression and body mass index, a u-shaped association. BMC Public Health. 2009; 14.	2001	
Netherlands	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2001	*
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2001.	2001	
Netherlands	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2002	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2002. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2002	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Netherlands	Lanting CI, Van Wouwe JP, Reijneveld SA. Infant milk feeding practices in the Netherlands and associated factors. Acta Paediatr. 2005; 94(7): 935-42.	2002	
Netherlands	Scheltens T, Bots ML, Numans ME, Grobbee DE, Hoes AW. Awareness, treatment and control of hypertension: the "rule of halves" in an era of risk-based treatment of hypertension. J Hum Hypertens. 2007; 21(2): 99-106.	2002	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2002.	2002	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2003. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2003	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Netherlands	Netherlands National Food Consumption Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Netherlands	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
Netherlands	Snoek HM, van Strien T, Janssens JMAM, Engels RCME. Emotional, external, restrained eating and overweight in Dutch adolescents. Scand J Psychol. 2007; 48(1): 23-32.	2003	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2003.	2003	
Netherlands	Steenhuis IHM, Bos AER, Mayer B. (Mis)interpretation of body weight in adult women and men. J Hum Nutr Diet. 2006; 19(3): 219-28.	2003	
Netherlands	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grijbovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2004. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2004	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2004.	2004	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2005. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2005	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Netherlands	National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands). Netherlands National Survey on Radon in Dwellings 1995-1996. Bilthoven, Netherlands: National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands).	2005	
Netherlands	Netherlands Organisation for Applied Scientific Research (TNO). Netherlands Breastfeeding 2005.	2005	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2005.	2005	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2006. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2006	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Netherlands	Hendriksen MA, van Raaij JM, Geleijnse JM, Wilson-van den Hooven C, Ocké MC, van der A DL. Monitoring salt and iodine intakes in Dutch adults between 2006 and 2010 using 24 h urinary sodium and iodine excretions. Public Health Nutr. 2013; 1-8. [Epub ahead of print] as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	

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Netherlands	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2006.	2006	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2007. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2007	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2007.	2007	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2008. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2008	
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2008.	2008	
Netherlands	CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 2009. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	2009	
Netherlands	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Netherlands	Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Permanent Quality of Life Survey 2009.	2009	
Netherlands	Van Strien T, Herman CP, Verheijden MW. Eating style, overeating and weight gain. A prospective 2-year follow-up study in a representative Dutch sample. Appetite. 2012; 59(3): 782-9.	2009	
Netherlands	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Netherlands	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. PLoS One. 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Netherlands	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health, Welfare, and Sport (Netherlands), National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands). Netherlands UNGASS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010	*
Netherlands	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Netherlands	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
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Netherlands	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
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Netherlands	Netherlands National Food Consumption Survey Young Children 2005-2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2006	
Netherlands	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Netherlands	De Haas S, van Berlo W, Bakker F, Vanwesenbeeck I. Prevalence and characteristics of sexual violence in the Netherlands, the risk of revictimization and pregnancy: results from a national population survey. Violence Vict. 2012; 27(4): 592-608.	2008-2009	*
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Netherlands	Gilsing AMJ, Weijenberg MP, Hughes LAE, Ambergen T, Dagnelie PC, Goldbohm RA, Brandt PA van den, Schouten LJ. Longitudinal changes in BMI in older adults are associated with meat consumption differentially, by type of meat consumed. J Nutr. 2012; 142(2): 340-9.	1986, 1992, 2000	
Netherlands	AGB Attwood, Ministry of Agriculture, Nature Management, and Fisheries (Netherlands), TNO Nutrition. Netherlands Dutch National Food Consumption Survey 1987-1988.	1987-1988	
Netherlands	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1998, 2000-2012	
Netherlands	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Netherlands	Telepanel Foundation (STP), CentERdata. Netherlands Dutch National Bank Household Survey 1993-1994. Tillburg, Netherlands: CentERdata.	1993-1994	
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Netherlands	GfK, Netherlands Nutrition Centre Foundation, TNO Nutrition. Netherlands National Food Consumption Survey 1997-1998.	1997-1998	
Netherlands	Verhave JC, Gansevoort RT, Hillege HL, Bakker SJ, De Zeeuw D, de Jong PE; PREVEND Study Group. An elevated urinary albumin excretion predicts de novo development of renal function impairment in the general population. Kidney Int Suppl. 2004; 92(Suppl): S18-21.	1997-2002	
Netherlands	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1997-2008	
Netherlands	National Association of Community Health Services (Netherlands), National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands), Statistics Netherlands. Risk Factors and Health in the Netherlands, a Survey by Municipal Public Services 1998-2001.	1998-2001	
Netherlands	National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands), Statistics Netherlands. Netherlands Risk Factors and Health Survey 1998-2001.	1998-2001	
Netherlands	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
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Netherlands	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Netherlands	STIVORO (Netherlands). Netherlands STIVORO Annual National Report 2007.	2005-2007	
Netherlands	Netherlands - Doetinchem Risk Factors Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006-2007	
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Netherlands	Ministry of Health, Welfare, and Sport (Netherlands), National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands). Netherlands National Food Consumption Survey 2007-2010.	2007-2010	
Netherlands	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Netherlands	National Institute for Public Health and the Environment (Netherlands). Netherlands Measurement Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	*
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New Zealand	Simpson FO, Paulin JM, Phelan EL, Thaler BI, Waal-Manning HJ, Nye ER, Herbison GP. Further surveys in Milton, 1978 and 1981: blood pressure, height, weight and 24-hour excretion of sodium and potassium. N Z Med J. 1982; 95(722): 873-6.	1981	
New Zealand	Simpson FO, Paulin JM, Phelan EL, Thaler BI, Waal-Manning HJ, Nye ER, Herbison GP. Further surveys in Milton, 1978 and 1981: blood pressure, height, weight and 24-hour excretion of sodium and potassium. N Z Med J. 1982; 95(722): 873-6. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1981	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
New Zealand	Silva PA, Hughes P, Williams S, Faed JM. Blood lead, intelligence, reading attainment, and behaviour in eleven year old children in Dunedin, New Zealand. J Child Psychol Psychiatry. 1988; 29(1): 43-52.	1985	
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New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
New Zealand	Mann JI, Duncan A, Ball MJ, Robertson IK, Thomas M, Wilson NC, Russell DG. Blood lipid levels in New Zealand. N Z Med J. 1991; 104(919): 371-4.	1989	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Tracking the Obesity Epidemic 1977-2003. Wellington, New Zealand: Ministry of Health (New Zealand), 2004.	1989	
New Zealand	New Zealand Heart Health Behavior Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
New Zealand	Nye ER, Paulin J, Russell DG. Blood pressure in a random sample of the New Zealand population. N Z Med J. 1992; 105(926): 1-3.	1989	
New Zealand	Anderson J, Martin J, Mullen P, Romans S, Herbison P. Prevalence of Childhood Sexual Abuse Experiences in a Community Sample of Women. J Am Acad Child Adolesc Psychiatry. 1993; 32(5): 911-9.	1990	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
New Zealand	New Zealand Heart Health Behavior Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
New Zealand	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	

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New Zealand	Bullen C, Simmons G, Trye P, Lay-Yee R, Bonita R, Jackson R. Cardiovascular disease risk factors in 65-84 year old men and women: results from the Auckland University Heart and Health Study 1993-4. N Z Med J. 1998; 111(1058): 4-7.	1994	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
New Zealand	New Zealand Environmental Tobacco Smoke Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
New Zealand	Statistics New Zealand. New Zealand Census 1996.	1996	
New Zealand	New Zealand National Nutrition Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
New Zealand	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1997	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
New Zealand	Van Roode T, Dickson N, Herbison P, Paul C. Child sexual abuse and persistence of risky sexual behaviors and negative sexual outcomes over adulthood: Findings from a birth cohort. Child Abuse Negl. 2009; 33(3): 161-72.	1999	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
New Zealand	Adolescent Health Research Group, University of Auckland, Faculty of Medical and Health Sciences, University of Auckland. New Zealand Youth2000 Health and Wellbeing of Secondary School Students 2001.	2001	
New Zealand	Cook Islands Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
New Zealand	Fleming TM, Merry SN, Robinson EM, Denny SJ, Watson PD. Self-reported suicide attempts and associated risk and protective factors among secondary school students in New Zealand. Aust N Z J Psychiatry. 2007; 41(3): 213-21.	2001	
New Zealand	New Zealand Exposure to Secondhand Cigarette Smoke Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
New Zealand	New Zealand Youth2000 Health and Wellbeing of Secondary School Students 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
New Zealand	School of Population Health, University of Auckland, World Health Organization (WHO). New Zealand WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2003.	2001	
New Zealand	Massey University (New Zealand), University of Auckland (New Zealand), University of Otago (New Zealand). New Zealand National Children's Nutrition Survey 2002.	2002	
New Zealand	New Zealand National Children's Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	

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New Zealand	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. <i>Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act.</i> 2009; 21.	2003	*
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
New Zealand	Fanslow JL, Robinson EM, Crengle S, Perese L. Prevalence of child sexual abuse reported by a cross-sectional sample of New Zealand women. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2007; 31(9): 935-45.	2004	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
New Zealand	Rush E, Reed P, McLennan S, Coppinger T, Simmons D, Graham D. A school-based obesity control programme: Project Energize. Two-year outcomes. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2012; 107(4): 581-7.	2004	
New Zealand	New Zealand Omnibus Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
New Zealand	Rush E, Reed PW, Simmons D, Coppinger T, McLennan S, Graham D. Baseline measures for a school-based obesity control programme: Project Energize: differences by ethnicity, rurality, age and school socio-economic status. <i>J Paediatr Child Health.</i> 2013; 49(4): e324-331.	2005	*
New Zealand	Cook Islands Population and Housing Census 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
New Zealand	Garbutt C, Simmons G, Patrick D, Miller T. The public hand hygiene practices of New Zealanders: a national survey. <i>N Z Med J.</i> 2007; 120(1265): U2810.	2006	*
New Zealand	New Zealand - Tokelau Census of Population and Dwellings 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
New Zealand	New Zealand Tobacco Use Survey 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
New Zealand	New Zealand Year In-depth Survey 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
New Zealand	Statistics New Zealand. New Zealand Census 2006.	2006	
New Zealand	Wilkins C, Sweetsur P. Trends in population drug use in New Zealand: findings from national household surveying of drug use in 1998, 2001, 2003, and 2006. <i>N Z Med J.</i> 2008; 121(1274): 61-71.	2006	*
New Zealand	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. New Zealand Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2007. [Unpublished].	2007	
New Zealand	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). New Zealand Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
New Zealand	New Zealand Youth2007 Health and Wellbeing of Secondary School Students 2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2007	
New Zealand	Utter J, Denny S, Crengle S, Ameratunga S, Robinson E, Clark T, Percival T, Maddison R. Overweight among New Zealand adolescents: associations with ethnicity and deprivation. <i>Int J Pediatr Obes.</i> 2010; 5(6): 461-6.	2007	
New Zealand	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). New Zealand Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Tobacco Use Survey 2008.	2008	
New Zealand	Howe AS, Mandic S, Parnell WR, Skidmore PML. Attitudes to food differ between adolescent dieters and non-dieters from Otago, New Zealand, but overall food intake does not. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2013; 16(1): 36-45.	2009	*
New Zealand	Leong SL, Madden C, Gray A, Horwath C. Self-determined, autonomous regulation of eating behavior is related to lower body mass index in a nationwide survey of middle-aged women. <i>J Acad Nutr Diet.</i> 2012; 112(9): 1337-46.	2009	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Tobacco Use Survey 2009.	2009	
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New Zealand	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
New Zealand	Adolescent Health Research Group, University of Auckland, Auckland UniServices, University of Auckland (New Zealand), Faculty of Medical and Health Sciences, University of Auckland. New Zealand Youth2012 Health and Wellbeing of Secondary School Students 2012.	2012	*
New Zealand	Twenty-four hour urinary sodium excretion in seven hundred residents of Otago and Waikato as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1998	
New Zealand	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand), National Research Bureau Ltd (New Zealand). New Zealand Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
New Zealand	New Zealand Police. Police Statistics on Homicide Victims in New Zealand for the Period 2007-2008: A Summary of Statistics about Victims of Murder, Manslaughter, and Infanticide. Wellington, New Zealand: New Zealand Police, 2011.	2007-2008, 2010	
New Zealand	CBG Health Research Ltd., Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Health Survey 2011-2012.	2011-2012	*
New Zealand	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
New Zealand	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2010	
New Zealand	Fawcett JP, Williams SM, Heydon JL, Walmsley TA, Menkes DB. Distribution of blood lead levels in a birth cohort of New Zealanders at age 21. Environ Health Perspect. 1996; 104(12): 1332-5.	1972-1973 1975, 1977, 1979, 1981, 1983, 1985, 1987, 1990, 1993	
New Zealand	Williams S. Body Mass Index reference curves derived from a New Zealand birth cohort. N Z Med J. 2000; 113(1114): 308-11.		
New Zealand	Sims MR. Growth of Auckland preschool children. N Z Med J. 1982; 95(707): 305-7. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1979-1981 1980, 1983, 1985, 1989, 1994	
New Zealand	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.		
New Zealand	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Tobacco Facts 1981-2001.	1981-2001	
New Zealand	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1982-1993	
New Zealand	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (New Zealand). New Zealand Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1983-2011	*
New Zealand	Wickens K, Barry D, Friezema A, Rhodius R, Bone N, Purdie G, Crane J. Obesity and asthma in 11-12 year old New Zealand children in 1989 and 2000. Thorax. 2005; 60(1): 7-12.	1989, 2000	
New Zealand	Cook Islands Millennium Development Goals National Report 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991, 1996	
New Zealand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
New Zealand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
New Zealand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
New Zealand	Ministry of Health (New Zealand), University of Otago (New Zealand). New Zealand National Nutrition Survey 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
New Zealand	New Zealand Health Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996-1997	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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New Zealand	New Zealand Health Survey 2002-2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002-2004	
New Zealand	College of Medicine, Nursing and Health Sciences, Fiji National University, Ministry of Health (Cook Islands), World Health Organization (WHO). Cook Islands STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
New Zealand	New Zealand Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006-2007	
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New Zealand	CBG Health Research Ltd., Ministry of Health (New Zealand), University of Otago (New Zealand). New Zealand Adult Nutrition Survey 2008-2009.	2008-2009	*
New Zealand	Auckland Council (New Zealand). New Zealand - Auckland Annual PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Averages 1997-2012. [Unpublished].	2008-2011	*
Nicaragua	Nicaragua First National Height Census of Schoolchildren in First Grade 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
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Nicaragua	Nicaragua Living Standards Measurement Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
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Nicaragua	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua). Nicaragua Population and Housing Census 1995 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1995	
Nicaragua	Morales Bonilla C, Mauss EA. A community-initiated study of blood lead levels of Nicaraguan children living near a battery factory. Am J Public Health. 1998; 88(12): 1843-5.	1996	
Nicaragua	Olsson A, Ellsberg M, Berglund S, Herrera A, Zelaya E, Peña R, Zelaya F, Persson L-A. Sexual abuse during childhood and adolescence among Nicaraguan men and women: a population-based anonymous survey. Child Abuse Negl. 2000; 24(12): 1579-89.	1997	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua National Micronutrient Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000	
Nicaragua	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Nicaragua), National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua). Nicaragua Demographic and Health Survey 2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2001	
Nicaragua	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua), World Bank. Nicaragua Living Standards Measurement Survey 2001.	2001	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Demographic and Health Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua-Atlantico Bluefields Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua-Atlantico Puerto Cabezas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*

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Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua-Centro Managua Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua-Pacifico Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Nicaragua	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), World Health Organization (WHO). Nicaragua - Managua Diabetes, Hypertension and Non-Communicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003. Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), 2010.	2003	
Nicaragua	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). We will not forget nor will we accept: Femicide in Central America 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2010.	2003	*
Nicaragua	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Nicaragua Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2005. [Unpublished].	2005	
Nicaragua	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2005	
Nicaragua	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua). Nicaragua Population and Housing Census 2005 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2005	
Nicaragua	National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua), World Bank. Nicaragua Living Standards Measurement Survey 2005.	2005	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Integrated Surveillance System of Nutrition Interventions 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Population and Housing Census 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Nicaragua	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Nicaragua	O'Donnell JK, Tobey M, Weiner DE, Stevens LA, Johnson S, Stringham P, Cohen B, Brooks DR. Prevalence of and risk factors for chronic kidney disease in rural Nicaragua. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2011; 26(9): 2798-805.	2008	
Nicaragua	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
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Nicaragua	Clark ML, Bazemore H, Reynolds SJ, Heiderscheidt JM, Conway S, Bachand AM, Volckens J, Peel JL. A Baseline Evaluation of Traditional Cook Stove Smoke Exposures and Indicators of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Health among Nicaraguan Women. Int J Occup Environ Health. 2011; 17(2): 113-21. as it appears in University of California, Berkeley, World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Household Air Pollution Database Version 3, 2011.	2011	
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Nicaragua	Nicaragua Integrated Surveillance System of Nutrition Interventions 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003-2004	
Nicaragua	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Nicaragua	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Ministry of Health Child Underweight Data 1980-1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1982	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Ministry of Health Child Underweight Data 1980-1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980-1982	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Nicaragua	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2003	
Nicaragua	Profamilia and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (1993) Nicaragua Reproductive Health Survey 1992-1993. Profamilia, Managua, Nicaragua.	1992-1993	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Comparative Report National Household Survey on Measurement of Living 1993 and 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1993, 1998	
Nicaragua	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Nicaragua), National Institute of Statistics and Censuses (Nicaragua). Nicaragua Demographic and Health Survey 1997-1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997-1998	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Living Standards Measurement Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998-1999	
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Nicaragua	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003-2006	
Nicaragua	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003-2006, 2009-2010	
Nicaragua	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Institute for Development Information (Nicaragua). Nicaragua Reproductive Health Survey 2006-2007. Managua, Nicaragua: National Institute for Development Information (Nicaragua).	2006-2007	
Nicaragua	Nicaragua Reproductive Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
Niger	Niger Nutrition Survey 1980 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980	
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Niger	Niger National Survey on Morbidity and Mortality 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985	
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Niger	Department of Statistics and National Accounts (Niger), Macro International, Inc. Niger Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Niger	Niger Continuous Survey on Economic and Social Conditions 1995-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1995	
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Niger	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Government of Niger, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Niger Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996.	1996	
Niger	CARE International, Macro International, Inc. Niger Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Niger	Government of Niger, Macro International, Inc, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Niger Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Niger	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Niger Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*



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Niger	Ministry of Health (Niger), World Health Organization (WHO). Niger STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
Niger	Niger STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Niger	Niger Nutrition and Child Survival Survey 2008 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2008	
Niger	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Niger Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Niger	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Niger	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Niger	ICF International, Ministry of Public Health (Niger), National Institute of Statistics (Niger). Niger Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012	*
Niger	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2003, 2005, 2007-2012	*
Niger	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Niger	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Niger	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Niger	National Institute of Statistics (Niger), World Bank. Niger Living Standards Measurement Study - Integrated Survey on Agriculture 2011-2012.	2011-2012	*
Nigeria	Federal Office of Statistics (Nigeria), Macro International, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development. Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey 1990. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1990	
Nigeria	Ministry of Health (Nigeria). Nigeria Non-Communicable Diseases Survey 1990.	1990	
Nigeria	Nigeria Social Statistics 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1990	
Nigeria	Nigeria National Consumer Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1992	
Nigeria	Nigeria National Micronutrient Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Nigeria	Nigeria National Micronutrient Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Nigeria	Nigeria National Micronutrient Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1993	
Nigeria	Ezeoma IT, Abioye-Kuteyi EA, Oladeji AO. Body build and blood pressure in a rural Nigerian community. Niger Postgrad Med J. 2001; 8(3): 140-4.	1995	
Nigeria	Federal Office of Statistics (Nigeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Nigeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Nigeria	Nriagu J, Oleru NT, Cudjoe C, Chine A. Lead poisoning of children in Africa, III. Kaduna, Nigeria. Sci Total Environ. 1997; 197(1-3): 13-9.	1996	
Nigeria	Okesina AB, Oparinde DP, Akindoyin KA, Erasmus RT. Prevalence of some risk factors of coronary heart disease in a rural Nigerian population. East Afr Med J. 1999; 76(4): 212-6.	1998	
Nigeria	Macro International, Inc, National Population Commission of Nigeria. Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Nigeria	National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Nigeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999. Abuja, Nigeria: National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria).	1999	
Nigeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Nigeria-Cross River State Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Nigeria	Nigeria Food Consumption and Nutrition Survey 2001-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	



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Nigeria	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Nigeria	Ministry of Health (Nigeria), Nigerian Heart Foundation, World Health Organization (WHO). Nigeria - Lagos STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	
Nigeria	National Population Commission of Nigeria, ORC Macro, UK Department for International Development (DFID), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: ORC Macro.	2003	
Nigeria	Wright NJ, Thacher TD, Pfitzner MA, Fischer PR, Pettifor JM. Causes of lead toxicity in a Nigerian city. Arch Dis Child. 2005; 90(3): 262-6.	2003	
Nigeria	Owoaje ET, Olaolorun FM. Intimate partner violence among women in a migrant community in southwest Nigeria. Int Q Community Health Educ. 2005-2006; 25(4): 337-49.	2004	
Nigeria	Goon DT, Toriola AL, Shaw BS. Screening for body-weight disorders in Nigerian children using contrasting definitions. Obes Rev. 2010; 11(7): 508-15.	2005	
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Nigeria	Adedoyin RA, Mbada CE, Balogun MO, Martins T, Adebayo RA, Akintomide A, Akinwusi PO. Prevalence and pattern of hypertension in a semiurban community in Nigeria. Eur J Cardiovasc Prev Rehabil. 2008; 15(6): 683-7.	2006	*
Nigeria	Famodu AA, Awodu OA. Anthropometric indices as determinants of haemorheological cardiovascular disease risk factors in Nigerian adults living in a semi-urban community. Clin Hemorheol Microcirc. 2009; 43(4): 335-44.	2006	
Nigeria	National Population Commission of Nigeria. Nigeria Population and Housing Census 2006. National Population Commission of Nigeria.	2006	
Nigeria	Nwizu SE, Njokanma OF, Okoromah CA, David NA. Relationship between bioelectrical impedance analysis and body mass index in adolescent urban Nigerians. West Afr J Med. 2011; 30(2): 99-103.	2006	
Nigeria	Central Bank of Nigeria, National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria), Nigerian Communications Commission (NCC). Nigeria General Household Survey 2007. Abuja, Nigeria: National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria).	2007	
Nigeria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2007	
Nigeria	International Society of Nephrology (ISN). International Society of Nephrology Kidney Disease Data Center 2006-2009.	2007	
Nigeria	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria). Nigeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2007. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2007	
Nigeria	University of Ibadan (Nigeria). Nigeria - Ibadan Study of Aging (ISA) Cohort Follow-up Wave I 2007.	2007	
Nigeria	Adegoke SA, Olowu WA, Adeodu OO, Elusiyan JBE, Dedek IOF. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among children in Ile-ife, south-western Nigeria. West Afr J Med. 2009; 28(4): 216-21.	2008	
Nigeria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Nigeria - Abuja Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Nigeria	Central Bank of Nigeria, National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria), Nigerian Communications Commission (NCC). Nigeria General Household Survey 2008.	2008	
Nigeria	Goon DT, Toriola AL, Uever JN, Wuam S, Toriola OM. Prevalence of body weight disorders among adolescent school girls in Tarka, Nigeria. Minerva Pediatr. 2011; 63(6): 467-71.	2008	
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Nigeria	University of Ibadan (Nigeria). Nigeria - Ibadan Study of Aging (ISA) Cohort Follow-up Wave II 2008.	2008	
Nigeria	Alasia DD, Emem-Chioma PC, Wokoma FS. Association of lead exposure, serum uric acid and parameters of renal function in Nigerian lead-exposed workers. Int J Occup Environ Med. 2010; 1(4): 182-90.	2009	
Nigeria	University of Ibadan (Nigeria). Nigeria - Ibadan Study of Aging (ISA) Cohort Follow-up Wave III 2009.	2009	
Nigeria	ICF Macro, National Malaria Control Program (Nigeria), National Population Commission of Nigeria. Nigeria Malaria Indicator Survey 2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010	
Nigeria	Iliyasu Z, Abubakar IS, Abubakar S, Lawan UM, Gajida AU, Jibo AM. A survey of weight perception and social desirability of obesity among adults in Kano Metropolis, Northern Nigeria. Niger J Med. 2013; 22(2): 101-8.	2010	*
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Nigeria	Senbanjo IO, Oshikoya KA, Olutekunbi OA, Njokanma OF. Body fat distribution of children and adolescents in Abeokuta, Southwest Nigeria. Am J Phys Anthropol. 2013; 150(4): 647-54.	2010	*
Nigeria	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Nigeria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Nigeria	National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Nigeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Nigeria	CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Ministry of Health (Nigeria), National Bureau of Statistics (Nigeria), World Health Organization (WHO). Nigeria Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2012.	2012	*
Nigeria	ICF International, National Population Commission of Nigeria. Nigeria Demographic and Health Survey 2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2013	*
Nigeria	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadiri S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. Am J Public Health. 1997; 87(2): 160-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994 1999, 2001- 2005, 2007- 2012	*
Nigeria	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.		
Nigeria	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Nigeria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Nigeria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Nigeria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Nigeria	Nigeria Health and Nutrition Status Survey 1983-1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1984	
Nigeria	Nigeria Health and Nutrition Status Survey 1983-1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1984	
Nigeria	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Ministry of Health (Nigeria), National Population Bureau (Nigeria). Nigeria Ondo State Special Demographic and Health Survey 1986-1987. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1986-1987	
Nigeria	Nigeria - Nutritional Status of Women and Children in Nigeria as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992-1993	
Nigeria	Keating EM, Fischer PR, Pettifor JM, Pfizner M, Isichei CO, Thacher TD. The effect of calcium supplementation on blood lead levels in Nigerian children. J Pediatr. 2011; 159(5): 845-850.	1998-2000	
Nigeria	University of Ibadan (Nigeria), World Health Organization (WHO). Nigeria WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Nigeria	Nigeria Food Consumption and Nutrition Survey 2001-2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001-2003	
Nigeria	Nriagu J, Afeiche M, Linder A, Arowolo T, Ana G, Sridhar MKC, Oloruntoba EO, Obi E, Ebenebe JC, Orisakwe OE, Adesina A. Lead poisoning associated with malaria in children of urban areas of Nigeria. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2008; 211(5-6): 591-605.	2002, 2005- 2006	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Nigeria	University of Ibadan (Nigeria). Nigeria - Ibadan Study of Aging (ISA) Baseline Study 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
Nigeria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004, 2006	
North Korea	Katona-Apte J, Mokdad A. Malnutrition of children in the Democratic People's Republic of North Korea. J Nutr. 1998; 128(8): 1315-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
North Korea	Korea, North Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
North Korea	Central Bureau of Statistics (North Korea), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Korea, North Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
North Korea	Korea, North Nutrition Assessment 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
North Korea	Korea, North Nutrition Assessment 2004 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2004	
North Korea	Korea, North Nutrition Assessment 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
North Korea	Ministry of Public Health (North Korea), World Health Organization (WHO). Korea, North - P'yŏngyang STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
North Korea	Ministry of Public Health (North Korea), World Health Organization (WHO). Korea, North STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	
North Korea	Central Bureau of Statistics (North Korea). Korea, North Population Census 2008.	2008	
North Korea	Ministry of Public Health (North Korea), World Health Organization (WHO). Korea, North STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	*
North Korea	Central Bureau of Statistics (North Korea), Institute of Children's Nutrition (North Korea), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Korea, North Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2009.	2009	
North Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
North Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
North Korea	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
North Korea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
North Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-1975, 1986-2008	
North Korea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
North Korea	Cui L-H, Choi J-S, Shin M-H, Kweon S-S, Park K-S, Lee Y-H, Nam H-S, Jeong S-K, Im J-S. Prevalence of osteoporosis and reference data for lumbar spine and hip bone mineral density in a Korean population. J Bone Miner Metab . 2008; 26(6): 609-17.	2004-2005	
Norway	Graff-Iversen S, Selmer R, Løchen ML. Rose angina predicts 23-year coronary heart disease mortality in women and men aged 40-49 years. Heart. 2008; 94(4): 482-6.	1980	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Norway	Tambs K, Moum T, Holmen J, Eaves LJ, Neale MC, Lund-Larsen G, Naess S. Genetic and environmental effects on blood pressure in a Norwegian sample. Genet Epidemiol. 1992; 9(1): 11-26.	1985	
Norway	Jenum AK, Stensvold I, Thelle DS. Differences in cardiovascular disease mortality and major risk factors between districts in Oslo. An ecological analysis. Int J Epidemiol. 2001; 59-65.	1987	
Norway	Schei B. Prevalence of Sexual Abuse History in a Random Sample of Norwegian Women. Scand J Soc Med. 1990; 18(1): 63-8.	1987	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
Norway	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Norway	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
Norway	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*



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Norway	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dodenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int . 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
Norway	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Norway	Saleh FN, Schirmer H, Sundsfjord J, Jorde R. Parathyroid hormone and left ventricular hypertrophy. Eur Heart J. 2003; 24(22): 2054-60.	1995	
Norway	Getz L, Luise Kirkengen A, Hetlevik I, Romundstad S, Sigurdsson JA. Ethical dilemmas arising from implementation of the European guidelines on cardiovascular disease prevention in clinical practice. Scand J Prim Health Care. 2004; 22(4): 202-8.	1996	
Norway	Hildrum B, Mykletun A, Hole T, Midthjell K, Dahl AA. Age-specific prevalence of the metabolic syndrome defined by the International Diabetes Federation and the National Cholesterol Education Program: the Norwegian HUNT 2 study. BMC Public Health. 2007; 7: 220.	1996	
Norway	Norway NORKOST National Food Consumption Survey 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
Norway	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Norway	Brekke M, Hunskaar S, Straand J. Antihypertensive and lipid lowering treatment in 70-74 year old individuals--predictors for treatment and blood-pressure control: a population based survey. The Hordaland Health Study (HUSK). BMC Geriatr. 2006.	1998	
Norway	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1998	
Norway	Lande B, Andersen LF, Baerug A, Trygg KU, Lund-Larsen K, Veierød MB, Bjørneboe GEA. Infant feeding practices and associated factors in the first six months of life: the Norwegian infant nutrition survey. Acta Paediatr. 2003; 92(2): 152-61.	1998	
Norway	Norway Survey of Living Conditions Concerning Health, Care and Social Relations 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Norway	Norway Young Adult Drug Use Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Survey of Living Conditions Concerning Health, Care and Social Relations 1998. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.	1998	
Norway	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kjetil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Norway Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1999. [Unpublished].	1999	
Norway	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Norway	Kvaavik E, Tell GS, Klepp K-I. Predictors and tracking of body mass index from adolescence into adulthood: follow-up of 18 to 20 years in the Oslo Youth Study. Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med. 2003; 157(12): 1212-8.	1999	
Norway	Grøholt E-K, Stigum H, Nordhagen R. Overweight and obesity among adolescents in Norway: cultural and socio-economic differences. J Public Health (Oxf). 2008; 30(3): 258-65.	2000	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
Norway	Norway Nationwide Dietary Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000	
Norway	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Norway	Ekelund U, Sardinha LB, Anderssen SA, Harro M, Franks PW, Brage S, Cooper AR, Andersen LB, Riddoch C, Froberg K. Associations between objectively assessed physical activity and indicators of body fatness in 9- to 10-y-old European children: a population-based study from 4 distinct regions in Europe (the European Youth Heart Study). Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(3): 584-90.	2001	
Norway	Graff-Iversen S, Jenum AK, Grøtvedt L, Bakken B, Selmer RM, Sjøgaard AJ. Risikofaktorer for hjerteinfarkt, hjerneslag og diabetes i Norge. Tidsskr Nor Laegeforen. 2007; 127(19): 2537-41.	2002	



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Norway	Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Norway	Norway Young Adult Drug Use Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2002. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.	2002	
Norway	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Norway	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Norway	Júlíusson PB, Eide GE, Roelants M, Waaler PE, Hauspie R, Bjerknes R. Overweight and obesity in Norwegian children: prevalence and socio-demographic risk factors. Acta Paediatr. 2010; 99(6): 900-5.	2003	
Norway	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Norway	World Health Organization (WHO). Norway World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Norway	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grjibovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Norway	Jensen CL, Strand T, Ramberg GB, Ruden L, Anestad K, Norwegian Radiation Protection Authorities. The Norwegian radon mapping and remediation program. In: Proceedings of the 11th Congress of the International Radiation Protection Association (IRPA-11); 2004 May 23-28; Madrid, Spain.	2005	
Norway	Neroien AI, Schei B. Partner violence and health: results from the first national study on violence against women in Norway. Scand J Public Health. 2008; 36(2): 161-8.	2005	
Norway	Norway Adolescent Smoking Behavior Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Norway	Sundal AV, Jensen CL, Anestad K, Strand T. Anomalously high radon concentrations in dwellings located on permeable glacial sediments. J Radiol Prot. 2007; 27(3): 287-98.	2005	
Norway	Van der Sluis ME, Lien N, Twisk JWR, Steenhuis IHM, Bere E, Klepp K-I, Wind M. Longitudinal associations of energy balance-related behaviours and cross-sectional associations of clusters and body mass index in Norwegian adolescents. Public Health Nutr. 2010; 13(10A): 1716-21.	2005	
Norway	Directorate for Health and Social Affairs (Norway), Norwegian Institute for Alcohol and Drug Research (SIRUS). Norwegian Tobacco Statistics 1973-2006.	2006	
Norway	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	2006	*
Norway	Norway Young Adult Drug Use Survey 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
Norway	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Norway	Bjelland M, Bergh IH, Grydeland M, Klepp K-I, Andersen LF, Anderssen SA, Ommundsen Y, Lien N. Changes in adolescents' intake of sugar-sweetened beverages and sedentary behaviour: results at 8 month mid-way assessment of the HEIA study--a comprehensive, multi-component school-based randomized trial. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2011; 63.	2007	
Norway	Oellingrath IM, Svendsen MV, Brantsaeter AL. Eating patterns and overweight in 9- to 10-year-old children in Telemark County, Norway: a cross-sectional study. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2010; 64(11): 1272-9.	2007	
Norway	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Norway	Bere E, Westersjo JH. Nature trips and traditional methods for food procurement in relation to weight status. Scand J Public Health. 2013; 41(2): 180-4.	2008	*
Norway	Rø Ø, Reas DL, Rosenvinge J. The impact of age and BMI on Eating Disorder Examination Questionnaire (EDE-Q) scores in a community sample. Eat Behav. 2012; 13(2): 158-61.	2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Norway	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Norway	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. PLoS One. 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Norway	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Norway	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Norway	Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU). EBAS Database NILU Framework - Norwegian Background Air and Precipitation Monitoring Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2012.	2011	*
Norway	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2012	*
Norway	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1986-1988, 1992-1994, 1996-1998	
Norway	Pedersen W, Skrondal A. Alcohol and sexual victimization: a longitudinal study of Norwegian girls. Addiction. 1996; 91(4): 565-81.	1987-1993	
Norway	Stene LE, Dyb G, Jacobsen GW, Schei B. Psychotropic drug use among women exposed to intimate partner violence: A population-based study. Scand J Public Health. 2010; 38(5 Suppl): 88-95.	2000-2001	
Norway	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Norway	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Norway	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Norway	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Smoking Habits - Percentage Daily Smokers and Occasional Smokers, By Sex and Age. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.	1980-2012	
Norway	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
Norway	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Norway	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Norway	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1994	
Norway	Hallan SI, Coresh J, Astor BC, Asberg A, Powe NR, Romundstad S, Hallan HA, Lydersen S, Holmen J. International comparison of the relationship of chronic kidney disease prevalence and ESRD risk. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2006; 17(8): 2275-84.	1995-1997	
Norway	Hallan SI, Dahl K, Oien CM, Grootendorst DC, Aasberg A, Holmen J, Dekker FW. Screening strategies for chronic kidney disease in the general population: follow-up of cross sectional health survey. BMJ. 2006; 333(7577): 1047.	1995-2004	
Norway	ESPAD Report 2007: Substance Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995-2007	
Norway	ESPAD Report 2011: Substance Use Among Students in 36 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995-2011	
Norway	Gjesdal CG, Aanderud SJ, Haga H-J, Brun JG, Tell GS. Femoral and whole-body bone mineral density in middle-aged and older Norwegian men and women: suitability of the reference values. Osteoporos Int . 2004; 15(7): 525-34.	1997-2000 1998, 2005, 2012	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Lifestyle Habits by Gender and Age. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.		
Norway	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Norway	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Norway	Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2005-2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005-2006	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2005-2006. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.	2005-2006	
Norway	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Norway	Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2008-2009 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2008-2009	
Norway	Statistics Norway. Norway Survey of Living Conditions 2008-2009. Oslo, Norway: Statistics Norway.	2008-2009	
Norway	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Norway	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2011	*
Oman	Al-Lawati JA, Jousilahti PJ. Prevalence and 10-year secular trend of obesity in Oman. Saudi Med J. 2004; 25(3): 346-51.	1991	
Oman	Asfour MG, Lambourne A, Soliman A, Al-Behlani S, Al-Asfoor D, Bold A, Mahtab H, King H. High prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in the Sultanate of Oman: results of the 1991 national survey. Diabet Med. 1995; 12(12): 1122-5.	1991	
Oman	Oman - Health and Nutritional Status of Omani Families as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1991	
Oman	Oman National Nutrition Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Oman	Oman National Nutrition Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Oman	Hasab AA, Jaffer A, Hallaj Z. Blood pressure patterns among the Omani population. East Mediterr Health J. 1999; 5(1): 46-54.	1994	
Oman	Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Health (Oman). Oman Family Health Survey 1995.	1995	
Oman	Oman Family Health Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Oman	Oman Protein-Energy Malnutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1998	
Oman	Alasfoor D, Mohammed AJ. Implications of the use of the new WHO growth charts on the interpretation of malnutrition and obesity in infants and young children in Oman. East Mediterr Health J. 2009; 15(4): 890-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Oman	Al Riyami AA, Afifi M. Smoking in Oman: prevalence and characteristics of smokers. East Mediterr Health J. 2004; 10(4-5): 600-9.	2000	
Oman	Al-Riyami AA, Afifi MM. Prevalence and correlates of obesity and central obesity among Omani adults. Saudi Med J. 2003; 24(6): 641-6.	2000	
Oman	Ministry of Health (Oman). Oman National Health Survey 2000. Muscat, Oman: Ministry of Health (Oman).	2000	
Oman	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Oman Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Oman	Ministry of Health (Oman), Ministry of Education (Oman), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Oman Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Oman	Oman Food Fortification Study 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2004	
Oman	Ministry of Health (Oman), World Health Organization (WHO). Oman - Ash Sharqīyah STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Oman	Ministry of Health (Oman), Ministry of Education (Oman), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Oman Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	



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Oman	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Oman Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2010	*
Oman	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Oman	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Oman	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Oman). Oman Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1993-2011	*
Oman	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002, 2004	*
Oman	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Oman	Ministry of Health (Oman). Oman Child Health Survey 1988-1989.	1988-1989	
Oman	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993, 1996, 2000, 2010	
Oman	Oman National Study on the Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency Among Children 6 Months to 7 Years as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994-1995	
Oman	Oman National Study on the Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency Among Children 6 Months to 7 Years as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1994-1995	
Oman	Oman Protein-Energy Malnutrition Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008-2009	
Pakistan	Rehman K, Yaqub M, Sheri AN. Human Environmental Control: Lead Levels in Blood. J Pak Med Assoc. 1988; 220-1.	1988	
Pakistan	Pakistan - Balochistan and North West Frontier Afghan Refugee Infant Mortality and Childhood Nutritional Status Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan) and World Bank. Pakistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1991. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	1991	
Pakistan	Pakistan Survey of Nutritional Status and Infant Mortality of Afghan Refugee Children 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Pakistan	Bashir R, Khan DA, Saleem M, Zaman KU, Malik IA. Blood lead levels and anemia in lead exposed workers. J Pak Med Assoc. 1995; 45(3): 64-6.	1993	
Pakistan	Khan DA, Malik IA, Saleem M, Hashim R, Bashir R. Screening for chronic lead poisoning in lead factory workers. J Pak Med Assoc. 1994; 44(10): 239-41.	1993	
Pakistan	Basit A, Hydrie MZ, Ahmed K, Hakeem R. Prevalence of diabetes, impaired fasting glucose and associated risk factors in a rural area of Baluchistan province according to new ADA criteria. J Pak Med Assoc. 2002; 52(8): 357-60.	1994	
Pakistan	Hafeez A, Malik QU. Blood lead levels in preschool children in Rawalpindi. J Pak Med Assoc. 1996; 46(12): 272-4.	1994	
Pakistan	Pakistan Evaluation of the Nutritional Status of Afghan Refugee Children 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Pakistan	Khan MH, Khan I, Shah SH, Rashid Q. Lead poisoning--a hazard of traffic and industries in Pakistan. J Environ Pathol Toxicol Oncol. 1995; 14(2): 117-20.	1995	
Pakistan	Pakistan Evaluation of the Nutritional Status of Afghan Refugee Children 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Pakistan	Pakistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Pakistan	Shah SMA, Luby S, Rahbar M, Khan AW, McCormick JB. Hypertension and its determinants among adults in high mountain villages of the Northern Areas of Pakistan. J Hum Hypertens. 2001; 15(2): 107-12.	1995	
Pakistan	Shera AS, Jawad F, Maqsood A. Prevalence of diabetes in Pakistan. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2007; 76(2): 219-22.	1996	
Pakistan	Pakistan Nutrition Survey of Afghan Refugees 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1997	
Pakistan	Paracha PI, Jamil A, Northrop-Clewes CA, Thurnham DI. Interpretation of vitamin A status in apparently healthy Pakistani children by using markers of subclinical infection. Am J Clin Nutr. 2000; 72(5): 1164-9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Pakistan	Khan AH, Khan A, Ghani F, Khurshid M. Low-level lead exposure and blood lead levels in children: a cross-sectional survey. Arch Environ Health. 2001; 56(6): 501-5.	1998	
Pakistan	Pakistan - Sindh Maternal Care Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Pakistan	Population Census Organization (Pakistan), Minnesota Population Center. Pakistan Housing and Population Census 1998 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1998	
Pakistan	Pakistan - North-West Frontier Province Shamshatoo Refugee Camp Nutrition Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Pakistan	Rahbar MH, White F, Agboatwalla M, Hozhabri S, Luby S. Factors associated with elevated blood lead concentrations in children in Karachi, Pakistan. Bull World Health Organ. 2002; 80(10): 769-75.	2000	
Pakistan	Pakistan - Balochistan Baseline Nutritional Assessment Survey Report in Landi Karez Afghan Refugee Camp in Chaman District 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan-Islamabad Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan-Lahore Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Pakistan	Rahman S, Khalid N, Zaidi JH, Ahmad S, Iqbal MZ. Non-occupational lead exposure and hypertension in Pakistani adults. J Zhejiang Univ Sci B. 2006; 7(9): 732-7.	2003	
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan-Kasur Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan-Peshawar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan-Quetta Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Pakistan	Faheem M, Mati N, Matiullah. Seasonal variation in indoor radon concentrations in dwellings in six districts of the Punjab province, Pakistan. J Radiol Prot. 2007; 27(4): 493-500.	2005	
Pakistan	Faheem M, Matiullah X. Indoor radon concentration levels in several districts of the Punjab Province-Pakistan. Radiat Meas. 2008; S380-S384.	2005	
Pakistan	Matiullah, Malik F, Rafique M. Indoor radon monitoring near an in situ leach mining site in D G Khan, Pakistan. J Radiol Prot. 2012; 32(4): 427-37.	2005	
Pakistan	Rafique M, Rahman S, Rahman SU, Jabeen S, Shahzad MI, Rathore MH, Matiullah. Indoor radon concentration measurement in the dwellings of district Poonch (Azad Kashmir), Pakistan. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2010; 138(2): 158-65.	2005	
Pakistan	Rahman S, Matiullah, Ghauri BM. Comparison of seasonal and yearly average indoor radon levels using CR-39 detectors. Radiat Meas. 2010; 45(2): 247-52.	2005	
Pakistan	Rahman S, Matiullah, Rahman Z, Mati N, Ghauri BM. Measurement of indoor radon levels in North West Frontier Province and federally administered tribal areas-Pakistan during summer. Radiat Meas. 2007; 42(2): 304-10.	2005	
Pakistan	Rahman SU, Anwar J, Matiullah. Measurement of indoor radon concentration levels in Islamabad, Pakistan. Radiat Meas. 2008; S401-S404.	2005	
Pakistan	Tufail M, Amin M, Akhtar W, Khan H, Qureshi A, Manzoor S. Radon concentration in some houses of Islamabad and Rawalpindi, Pakistan. Int J Rad Appl Instrum D. 1991; 19(1): 429-30.	2005	
Pakistan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan - Karachi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Pakistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Pakistan Medical Research Council, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Pakistan	Yakub M, Iqbal MP. Association of blood lead (Pb) and plasma homocysteine: a cross sectional survey in Karachi, Pakistan. PLoS One. 2010; 5(7): e11706.	2009	
Pakistan	Government of Balochistan (Pakistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Pakistan - Balochistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Pakistan	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada). 2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Pakistan	Khan FS, Lotia-Farrukh I, Khan AJ, Siddiqui ST, Sajun SZ, Malik AA, Burfat A, Arshad MH, Codlin AJ, Reininger BM, McCormick JB, Afridi N, Fisher-Hoch SP. The burden of non-communicable disease in transition communities in an Asian megacity: baseline findings from a cohort study in Karachi, Pakistan. PLoS One. 2013; 8(2): e56008.	2010	*
Pakistan	Shah F, Kazi TG, Afridi HI, Baig JA, Khan S, Kolachi NF, Wadhwa SK, Shah AQ. Environmental exposure of lead and iron deficit anemia in children age ranged 1-5 years: a cross sectional study. Sci Total Environ. 2010; 408(22): 5325-30.	2010	
Pakistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Pakistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Pakistan	Aga Khan University, Ministry of National Health Services, Regulations & Coordination (Pakistan), Ministry of Planning and Development (Pakistan), Pakistan Medical Research Council, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 2011.	2011	*
Pakistan	Bureau of Statistics (Punjab), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Pakistan - Punjab Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2011	*
Pakistan	Khan AH, Iqbal R, Naureen G, Dar FJ, Ahmed FN. Prevalence of vitamin D deficiency and its correlates: results of a community-based study conducted in Karachi, Pakistan. Arch Osteoporos. 2012; 7(1-2): 275-82.	2011	*
Pakistan	Gilani SI, Leon DA. Prevalence and sociodemographic determinants of tobacco use among adults in Pakistan: findings of a nationwide survey conducted in 2012. Popul Health Metr. 2013; 11(1): 16.	2012	*
Pakistan	Pakistan National Health Survey 1990-1994 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994	
Pakistan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Pakistan	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Pakistan	Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 2001-2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001-2002	
Pakistan	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Population Studies (Pakistan). Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006-2007	
Pakistan	ICF International, National Institute of Population Studies (Pakistan), Pakistan Bureau of Statistics. Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey 2012-2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012-2013	*
Pakistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Pakistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Pakistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Pakistan	Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 1985-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985-1987	
Pakistan	Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 1985-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1985-1987	

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Pakistan	Poverty, Household Food Security, and Nutrition in Rural Pakistan as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1989	
Pakistan	Khwaja M. Lead Exposure And Children: Blood Lead Levels in School Children Resulting From Leaded Petrol Use and Increasing Road Traffic in Pakistan. Islamabad, Pakistan: Sustainable Development Policy Institute (Pakistan), 2003.	1990, 1994, 2000	
Pakistan	Macro International, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Institute of Population Studies (Pakistan). Pakistan Demographic and Health Survey 1990-1991. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1990-1991	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan), Pakistan Medical Research Council. Pakistan National Health Survey 1990-1994.	1990-1994	
Pakistan	Pakistan National Health Survey 1990-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990-1994	
Pakistan	Pakistan - Balochistan Survey of Nutritional Status of Children Under Five Among Afghan Refugees as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1992	
Pakistan	Nuruddin R, Lim MK, Hadden WC, Azam I. Comparison of estimates of under-nutrition for pre-school rural Pakistani children based on the WHO standard and the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) reference. Public Health Nutr. 2009; 12(5): 716-22. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992-1993	
Pakistan	Kadir MM, Janjua NZ, Kristensen S, Fatmi Z, Sathiakumar N. Status of children's blood lead levels in Pakistan: implications for research and policy. Public Health. 2008; 122(7): 708-15.	1996-1997, 2000, 2002, 2005	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan). Pakistan Integrated Household Survey 1998-1999. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	1998-1999	
Pakistan	Jafar TH, Schmid CH, Levey AS. Serum creatinine as marker of kidney function in South Asians: a study of reduced GFR in adults in Pakistan. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2005; 16(5): 1413-9.	2000-2001	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan). Pakistan Integrated Household Survey 2001-2002. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	2001-2002	
Pakistan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2002	
Pakistan	Pakistan Integrated Household Survey 2001-2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001-2002	
Pakistan	Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 2001-2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001-2002	
Pakistan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008	
Pakistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Pakistan World Health Survey 2003-2004. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003-2004	
Pakistan	Aga Khan University. Pakistan - Karachi Control of Blood Pressure and Risk Attenuation-1 (COBRA-1) Trial.	2004-2005	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan). Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004-2005. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	2004-2005	
Pakistan	Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004-2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004-2005	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan). Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey 2005-2006. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	2005-2006	
Pakistan	Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Pakistan	Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan). Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey 2007-2008. Islamabad, Pakistan: Federal Bureau of Statistics (Pakistan).	2007-2008	
Pakistan	Iqbal MP, Mehboobali N, Tareen AK, Yakub M, Iqbal SP, Iqbal K, Haider G. Association of body iron status with the risk of premature acute myocardial infarction in a Pakistani population. PLoS One. 2013; 8(6): e67981.	2009-2011	*
Palestine	Palestine Refugee Camps in Jordan, Gaza, and the West Bank Child Underweight Data 1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Palestine	UNRWA Nutrition Survey of Palestinian Refugees 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Palestine	Haj-Yahia MM. Wife abuse and its psychological consequences as revealed by the first Palestinian National Survey on Violence Against Women. J Fam Psychol. 1999; 13(4): 642-662.	1994	
Palestine	Palestine - Gaza Strip Assessment of the Nutritional Status of Children Under 5 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Palestine	Husseini A, Abdul-Rahim H, Awartani F, Giacaman R, Jervell J, Bjertness E. Type 2 diabetes mellitus, impaired glucose tolerance and associated factors in a rural Palestinian village. Diabet Med. 2000; 17(10): 746-8.	1996	
Palestine	Palestine Health Survey 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Palestine	Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, Minnesota Population Center. Palestine Population, Housing, and Establishment Census 1997 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1997	
Palestine	Abdul-Rahim HF, Abu-Rmeileh NM, Husseini A, Holmboe-Ottesen G, Jervell J, Bjertness E. Obesity and selected co-morbidities in an urban Palestinian population. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 2001; 25(11): 1736-40.	1998	
Palestine	Abdul-Rahim HF, Husseini A, Giacaman R, Jervell J, Bjertness E. Diabetes mellitus in an urban Palestinian population: prevalence and associated factors. East Mediterr Health J. 2001; 7(1-2): 67-78.	1998	
Palestine	Palestine - Gaza Strip Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Palestine	Abdeen Z, Qleibo M, Dkeidek S, Qasraui R, Bargouthy F. First Palestinian national health & nutrition survey. Public Health Rev. 2000; 28(1-4): 1-4.	2000	
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Occupied Palestinian Territory-Gaza Strip Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Occupied Palestinian Territory-West Bank Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Palestine	Palestine Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2000	
Palestine	Palestine Millennium Development Goals Progress Report 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Palestine	Palestine Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2002	
Palestine	Abdeen Z, Greenough PG, Chandran A, Qasrawi R. Assessment of the nutritional status of preschool-age children during the second Intifada in Palestine. Food Nutr Bull. 2007; 28(3): 274-82.	2003	
Palestine	Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics. Palestine Demographic and Health Survey 2004.	2004	
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Occupied Palestinian Territory-Gaza Strip Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Occupied Palestinian Territory-West Bank Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Palestine	Lekhrouz AA, Abu-Samreh MM, Awawdah KM, Abu-Taha MI, Saleh AM, Kitaneh RM, Darwish SM. Indoor 222Rn concentration measurements in some buildings of Hebron province during the winter season of the year 2000. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2007; 123(2): 226-33.	2005	
Palestine	Lekhrouz AA, Abu-Samreh MM, Shehadeh AK. Measurements of indoor radon concentration levels in dwellings in Bethlehem, Palestine. Health Phys. 2013; 104(2): 163-7.	2005	*
Palestine	Lekhrouz AA, Abu-Samreh MM, Shehadeh AK. Seasonal variation of indoor radon-222 levels in dwellings in Ramallah province and East Jerusalem suburbs, Palestine. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 148(2): 268-73.	2005	
Palestine	Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics. Palestine Household Energy Survey, January 2005.	2005	
Palestine	Yassin SS, Steck DJ. A preliminary survey of radon and radon progeny concentrations throughout the Gaza Strip in Palestine. In: Peter J, Schneider G, Bayer A, Trugenberger-Schnabel A, editors. High levels of natural radiation and radon areas: radiation dose and health effects. 5th International Conference on High Levels of Natural Radiation and Radon Areas; 2000 Sept 4-7; Munich. Vol. II: Poster presentations. Bremen, Germany: Bremerhaven Wirtschaftsverlag NW, 2002. (ICS; 1225). p. 253-256.	2005	
Palestine	Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, Minnesota Population Center. Palestine Population, Housing, and Establishment Census 2007 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2007	
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Palestine - Gaza Strip UNRWA Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Palestine - West Bank UNRWA Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*



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Palestine	Institute of Community and Public Health, Birzeit University. Palestine Smoking and Associated Factors Among Youth 2008.	2008	
Palestine	Magoni M, Jaber M, Piera R. Fighting anaemia and malnutrition in Hebron (Palestine): impact evaluation of a humanitarian project. Acta Trop. 2008; 105(3): 242-8.	2008	
Palestine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Palestine - West Bank Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Palestine	Sawalha AF, Wright RO, Bellinger DC, Amarasiriwardene C, Abu-Taha AS, Sweileh WM. Blood lead level among Palestinian schoolchildren: a pilot study. East Mediterr Health J. 2013; 19(2): 151-5.	2009	*
Palestine	Haj-Yahia MM, Bisan Center for Research and Development. Palestine - Wife Abuse and Battering In the West Bank and Gaza: Results of Two National Surveys. Ramallah, Palestine: Bisan Center for Research and Development, 1999.	1994-1995	
Palestine	Ministry of Health (Palestine), World Health Organization (WHO). Palestine STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010-2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010-2011	*
Palestine	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-1979	
Palestine	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Palestine	Abdul-Rahim HF, Hussein A, Bjertness E, Giacaman R, Gordon NH, Jervell J. The metabolic syndrome in the West Bank population: an urban-rural comparison. Diabetes Care. 2001; 24(2): 275-9.	1996, 1998	
Palestine	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2008	
Palestine	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2008	
Palestine	Al-Quds Nutrition and Health Research Institute, Al-Quds University, Ministry of Health (Palestine), Operational Research Laboratory for Health and Nutrition, Al-Quds University, Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics. First Palestinian National Health And Nutrition Survey 1999-2000.	1999-2000	
Palestine	League of Arab States, Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Palestine Family Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Palestine	Palestine Family Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2006-2007	
Palestine	Palestine Family Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2006-2007	
Panama	Department of Statistics and Census (Panama), Minnesota Population Center. Panama Population and Housing Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
Panama	Panama Nutrition Evaluation Project Second Annual Report as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1980	
Panama	Ministry of Health (Panama). Panama Living Standards Measurement Survey Obesity Estimates, Children and Adults 1982, 1997, 2003.	1982	
Panama	Parillón C, Valverde V, Delgado H, Newman B. [Politico-administrative distribution of nutritional status according to a height census of 1st grade school children in Panama]. Arch Latinoam Nutr. 1988; 38(1): 42-54. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Panama	Panama Second National Height Census of Children in Early Elementary Education 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Panama	Panama Third National Height Census of Children in First Grade 1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Panama	Department of Statistics and Census (Panama), Minnesota Population Center. Panama Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
Panama	Panama National Survey on Vitamin A 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Panama	Panama National Survey on Vitamin A 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992	

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Panama	Panama Survey of Prevalence of Malnutrition of Pregnant Women and Children Under Five Years Attending Health Centers in Panama 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Panama	Panama Fourth National Height Census of Children in First Grade 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Panama	Ministry of Planning and Economic Policy (Panama), World Bank. Panama Living Standards Measurement Survey 1997. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1997	
Panama	Panama Living Standards Measurement Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997	
Panama	Department of Statistics and Census (Panama), Minnesota Population Center. Panama Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Panama	Panama Fifth National Height Census of Children in First Grade as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Panama	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Panama Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
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Panama	Panama Living Standard Measurement Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Panama	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
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Panama	Ministry of Health (Panama). Panama Health and Quality of Life Survey 2007.	2007	
Panama	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Panama Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Panama	Directorate of Statistics and Census (Panama), Ministry of Economy and Finance (Panama), World Bank. Panama Living Standard Measurement Survey 2008. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2008	
Panama	National Institute of Statistics and Census (Panama). Panama Population and Housing Census 2010.	2010	
Panama	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Panama	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Panama	Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica). Panama Femicide 2000-2006. San Jose, Costa Rica: Feminist Information and Action Center (CEFEMINA) (Costa Rica), 2008.	2000-2006	
Panama	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Panama	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Panama	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Panama	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1982-1989, 1991-2010	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Papua New Guinea	Poole C, Smythe LE, Alpers M. Blood lead levels in Papua New Guinea children living in remote area. Sci Total Environ. 1980; 15(1): 17-24.	1977	
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Papua New Guinea	Dowse GK, Spark RA, Mavo B, Hodge AM, Erasmus RT, Gwalimu M, Knight LT, Koki G, Zimmet PZ. Extraordinary prevalence of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus and bimodal plasma glucose distribution in the Wanigela people of Papua New Guinea. Med J Aust. 1994; 160(12): 767-74.	1991	
Papua New Guinea	Pacific Rapid Assessment and Gap Analysis 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Papua New Guinea	Papau New Guinea Living Standards Measurement Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea Institute of National Affairs, Unisearch PNG, World Bank. Papau New Guinea Living Standards Measurement Survey 1996. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1996	
Papua New Guinea	Vitamin A Status of Children in Different Provinces of Papua New Guinea as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998	
Papua New Guinea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000	
Papua New Guinea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000	
Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea National Nutrition Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Papua New Guinea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Papua New Guinea Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Papua New Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Papua New Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Papua New Guinea	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2003-2005, 2007, 2009-2012	*
Papua New Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea National Nutrition Survey Summary Results by Environmental Zone 1982-1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1982-1983	
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Papua New Guinea	Papua New Guinea Ancient Diversity and Contemporary Change in the Growth Patterns of Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1987	
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Papua New Guinea	World Health Organization (WHO). Papua New Guinea STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007-2008.	2007-2008	
Papua New Guinea	Fulu E, Jewkes R, Roselli T, Garcia-Morena C, UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence research team. Prevalence of and factors associated with male perpetration of intimate partner violence: findings from the UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific. Lancet Glob Health. 2013; 1(4): e187-e207.	2010-2013	*
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Paraguay	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Paraguayan Center for Population Studies (CEPEP). Paraguay Demographic and Health Survey 1990. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1990	
Paraguay	Jimenez JT, Palacios M, Cañete F, Barriocanal LA, Medina U, Figueredo R, Martinez S, de Melgarejo MV, Weik S, Kiefer R, Alberti KG, Moreno-Azorero R. Prevalence of diabetes mellitus and associated cardiovascular risk factors in an adult urban population in Paraguay. Diabet Med. 1998; 15(4): 334-8.	1992	
Paraguay	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Paraguay Contraceptive Prevalence Survey 1998. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1998	
Paraguay	Paraguay Integrated Household Survey 1999 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1999	
Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
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Paraguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Paraguay - Alto Parana Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Paraguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Paraguay-Amambay Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Paraguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Paraguay-Asuncion Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
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Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
Paraguay	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (2005): Paraguay Reproductive Health Survey 2004. Asunción, Paraguay, Paraguayan Center for Population Studies (CEPEP).	2004	
Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Paraguay	Paraguay Consultancy Final Report: Analysis of the Situation of Child Health and Anthropometry in Children Under 5 Years 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2005	
Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Paraguay	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Paraguay	Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
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Paraguay	Paraguay Center for Population Studies (CEPEP). Paraguay Reproductive Health Survey 2008. Asunción, Paraguay: Paraguayan Center for Population Studies (CEPEP).	2008	
Paraguay	Department of Statistics, Surveys and Censuses (Paraguay). Paraguay Permanent Household Survey 2009. Asunción, Paraguay: Department of Statistics, Surveys and Censuses (Paraguay)	2009	
Paraguay	Clean Air in Asuncion, Paraguay. Plan of Action for Clean Fuels and Vehicles in Paraguay: Assessment of Air Pollution and Recommendations for the Management of Air Quality as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	*
Paraguay	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Paraguay	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Paraguay	Ministry of Public Health and Welfare (Paraguay), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Spanish Agency for International Development Cooperation (AECID). Paraguay STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
Paraguay	World Health Organization (WHO). Paraguay World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Paraguay	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Paraguay	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Paraguay	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Paraguay	Paraguay Millennium Development Goals Report 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1995, 2003	
Paraguay	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Paraguay Reproductive Health Survey 1995-1996. Asunción, Paraguay, Paraguayan Center for Population Studies (CEPEP).	1995-1996	
Paraguay	Paraguay Integrated Household Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2000-2001	
Paraguay	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2007-2010	
Paraguay	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2007-2010	
Peru	National Bureau of Statistics and Censuses (Peru). Peru Population and Housing Census 1972.	1972	
Peru	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Peru	Peru Population and Housing Census 1981 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1981	
Peru	Nutritional Situation in Peru as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1984	
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Peru	National Institute of Statistics (Peru), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Peru Demographic and Health Survey 1986. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1986	
Peru	Naeher LP, Rubin CS, Hernandez-Avila M, Noonan GP, Paschal D, Narciso J, Lain RE, Gastanaga C, Almeyda R, Jarrett J, Caldwell KL, McGeehin M. Use of isotope ratios to identify sources contributing to pediatric lead poisoning in Peru. Arch Environ Health. 2003; 58(9): 579-89.	1988	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Peru	Jacoby E. Environmental lead is a problem in Lima, Peru. Environ Health Perspect. 1998; 106(4): A170-171.	1995	
Peru	Peru Lead Exposure Data 1995 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1995	
Peru	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Peru). Peru Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Peru	Espinoza R, Hernández-Avila M, Narciso J, Castañaga C, Moscoso S, Ortiz G, Carbajal L, Wegner S, Noonan G. Determinants of blood-lead levels in children in Callao and Lima metropolitan area. Salud Publica Mex. 2003; S209-219.	1999	
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Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Lima Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Tarapoto Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Trujillo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Peru	Instituto Cuánto. Peru National Living Standards Measurement Survey 2000. Lima, Peru: Instituto Cuánto.	2000	
Peru	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Peru). Peru Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Peru	Peru - Lima National Household Survey, First Quarter 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey, Fourth Quarter 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey, Second Quarter 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey, Third Quarter 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Peru	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey, Fourth Quarter 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey, Third Quarter 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Ica City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Peru	Peru National Household Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Huancayo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Lima Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
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Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Trujillo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*

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Peru	Peru National Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Peru	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Peru Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2005. [Unpublished].	2005	
Peru	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2005	
Peru	Medina-Lezama J, Zea-Diaz H, Morey-Vargas OL, Bolaños-Salazar JF, Postigo-Macdonald M, Paredes-Díaz S, Corrales-Medina F, Valdivia-Ascuña Z, Cuba-Bustanza C, Villalobos-Tapia P, Muñoz-Atahualpa E, Chirinos-Pacheco J, Raj L, Chirinos JA. Prevalence and patterns of hypertension in Peruvian Andean Hispanics: the PREVENCION study. J Am Soc Hypertens. 2007; 1(3): 216-25.	2005	
Peru	Peru - Almost Two Million Households Cook with Wood as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Peru	Peru Prevalence of Risk Factors for Noncommunicable Diseases (FRENT) Metabolics Data, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2005	
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Huancayo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Ica City Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Tarapoto Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Peru-Trujillo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Peru - Lima Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Peru	National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (INEI) (Peru), Minnesota Population Center. Peru National Population and Housing Census 2007 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2007	
Peru	Peru Population and Housing Census 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
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Peru	Anticona C, Bergdahl IA, San Sebastian M. Lead exposure among children from native communities of the Peruvian Amazon basin. Rev Panam Salud Publica. 2012; 31(4): 296-302.	2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Peru	Ministry of Women and Vulnerable Populations (Peru). Statistical Summary of Femicides and Attempted Femicides 2009. Lima, Peru: Ministry of Women and Vulnerable Populations (Peru), 2010.	2009	*
Peru	Anticona C, Bergdahl IA, San Sebastian M. Sources and risk factors for lead exposure in indigenous children of the Peruvian Amazon, disentangling connections with oil activity. Int J Occup Environ Health. 2012; 18(4): 268-77.	2010	
Peru	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Peru), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). Peru Global School Based Student Health Survey 2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	
Peru	Fitzgerald C, Aguilar-Villalobos M, Eppler AR, Dorner SC, Rathbun SL, Naeher LP. Testing the effectiveness of two improved cookstove interventions in the Santiago de Chuco Province of Peru. Sci Total Environ. 2012; 54-64.	2010	*
Peru	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Peru	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Peru	Peru Environmental Statistics Yearbook 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO). [Forthcoming].	2011	*
Peru	Peru National Report on Vitamin A Deficiency in Children Under 5 and Women of Childbearing Age 1997-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997-2001	
Peru	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002	*
Peru	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Peru	Cayetano Heredia University, Flora Tristan Center of Peruvian Women, World Health Organization (WHO). Peru WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2000.	2000-2002	
Peru	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (INEI) (Peru). Peru Continuous Demographic and Health Survey. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003-2012	
Peru	Latin American and Caribbean Committee for the Defense of Women's Rights (CLADEM). Monitoreo sobre feminicidio/femicidio en Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Perú y República Dominicana [Monitoring of femicide in Bolivia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, and Dominican Republic]. Lima, Peru: Latin American and Caribbean Committee for the Defense of Women's Rights (CLADEM), 2008.	2004-2007	*
Peru	National Prosecutor, Public Ministry of Peru. Peru Femicide 2009-2011. Lima, Peru: National Prosecutor, Public Ministry of Peru, 2012.	2009-2011	*
Peru	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Peru	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Peru	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Peru	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-1990, 1995-1996, 2006-2007	
Peru	National Institute of Statistics and Informatics (INEI) (Peru), World Bank. Peru Living Standards Measurement Survey 1985-1986. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1985-1986	
Peru	Macro International, Inc, National Institute of Statistics (Peru), PRISMA (Peru). Peru Demographic and Health Survey 1991-1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991-1992	
Peru	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1994, 1996-2008	
Peru	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1994, 1996-2010	
Peru	Peru National Household Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Philippines	National Statistics Office (Philippines), International Statistical Institute. Philippines World Fertility Survey 1978. Voorburg, Netherlands: International Statistical Institute.	1978	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Philippines	Philippines Second Nationwide Nutrition Survey 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1982	
Philippines	Philippines Third National Nutrition Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Philippines	Philippines Third National Nutrition Survey 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Philippines	National Statistics Office (Philippines), Minnesota Population Center. Philippines Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
Philippines	Philippines Nutrition Status of Filipino Children Using the International Growth References 1989-1990 - Special Tabulation Prepared for UNICEF as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1990	
Philippines	Philippines Vitex Baseline Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Philippines	Philippines Regional Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Philippines	Philippines Regional Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992	
Philippines	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Office (Philippines). Philippines Demographic and Health Survey 1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Philippines	Philippines Updating of Nutritional Status of Filipino Children at the Provincial Level 1996 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Philippines	Zhang ZW, Subida RD, Agetano MG, Nakatsuka H, Inoguchi N, Watanabe T, Shimbo S, Higashikawa K, Ikeda M. Non-occupational exposure of adult women in Manila, the Philippines, to lead and cadmium. Sci Total Environ. 1998; 215(1-2): 157-65.	1997	
Philippines	Department of Health (Philippines), Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Office (Philippines). Philippines Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Philippines	Food and Nutrition Research Institute, Department of Science and Technology (Philippines). Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1998.	1998	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998	
Philippines	Tanchoco CC, Cruz AJ, Duante CA, Litonjua AD. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome among Filipino adults aged 20 years and over. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2003; 12(3): 271-6.	1998	
Philippines	National Statistics Office (Philippines) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Philippines Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1999	*
Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Philippines	National Statistics Office (Philippines), Minnesota Population Center. Philippines Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Philippines	Department of Health (Philippines), University of the Philippines, Manila. Philippines Baseline Behavioural Risk Factor Survey 2001.	2001	
Philippines	Hassan F, Sadowski LS, Bangdiwala SI, Vizcarra B, Ramiro L, De Paula CS, Bordin IA, Mitra MK. Physical intimate partner violence in Chile, Egypt, India and the Philippines. Inj Control Saf Promot. 2004; 11(2): 111-6.	2001	
Philippines	Philippines Updating of Nutritional Status of Filipino Children at the Regional Level 2001 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2001	
Philippines	Baltazar JC, Ancheta CA, Aban IB, Fernando RE, Baquilod MM. Prevalence and correlates of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance among adults in Luzon, Philippines. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2004; 64(2): 107-15.	2002	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2003 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	
Philippines	Food and Nutrition Research Institute, Department of Science and Technology (Philippines). Philippines National Nutrition Survey 2003.	2003	
Philippines	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Office (Philippines). Philippines Demographic and Health Survey 2003. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2003	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	
Philippines	World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Philippines	Morales DD, Punzalan FER, Paz-Pacheco E, Sy RG, Duante CA. Metabolic syndrome in the Philippine general population: prevalence and risk for atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and diabetes mellitus. Diab Vasc Dis Res. 2008; 5(1): 36-43.	2004	
Philippines	Philippines Household Energy Consumption Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
Philippines	Riddell TJ, Solon O, Quimbo SA, Tan CMC, Butrick E, Peabody JW. Elevated blood-lead levels among children living in the rural Philippines. Bull World Health Organ. 2007; 85(9): 674-80.	2004	
Philippines	Carba DB, Bas IN, Gultiano SA, Lee NR, Adair LS. Waist circumference and the risk of hypertension and prediabetes among Filipino women. Eur J Nutr. 2013; 52(2): 825-32.	2005	*
Philippines	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2005	
Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	
Philippines	National Epidemiology Center, Department of Health (Philippines). 2007 Estimates of Adults Living with HIV in the Philippines. National Epidemiology Center, Department of Health (Philippines), 2007.	2007	*
Philippines	Macro International, Inc, National Statistics Office (Philippines). Philippines Demographic and Health Survey 2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc, 2010.	2008	
Philippines	Sy RG, Morales DD, Dans AL, Paz-Pacheco E, Punzalan FER, Abelardo NS, Duante CA. Prevalence of atherosclerosis-related risk factors and diseases in the Philippines. J Epidemiol. 2012; 22(5): 440-7.	2008	*
Philippines	CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Department of Health (Philippines), Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, National Statistics Office (Philippines), Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Philippines	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Philippines	Hopke, Philip K. (Bayard D. Clarkson Distinguished Professor, Director, Institute for a Sustainable Environment, and Director, Center for Air Resources Engineering and Science, Clarkson University, Potsdam). Email regarding South and Southeast Asia Air Quality Annual Averages for PM2.5 and PM10 2002-2012 to: Michael Brauer (Member GBD 2013 Core Analytic Group; Professor, Faculty of Medicine, School of Population and Public Health, The University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC Canada). 2014 March 4. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Philippines	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Philippines	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	

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Philippines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Philippines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Philippines	Food and Nutrition Research Institute, Department of Science and Technology (Philippines). Philippines Updating of Nutritional Status of Filipino Children and Other Population Groups 2011.	2011	*
Philippines	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Philippines	Ansara DL, Hindin MJ. Perpetration of Intimate Partner Aggression by Men and Women in the Philippines Prevalence and Associated Factors. J Interpers Violence. 2009; 24(9): 1579-90.	1983-2002	
Philippines	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Philippine National AIDS Council. Philippines Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1984-2011	*
Philippines	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2009, 2011-2012	*
Philippines	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Philippines	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Philippines	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Philippines	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Philippines	Philippines Regional Updating of Nutritional Status of Filipino Children 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1989-1990	
Philippines	Philippines Regional Updating of Nutritional Status of Filipino Children 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989-1990	
Philippines	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1990-1996, 2000, 2002-2003, 2007, 2009	
Philippines	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-1999, 2001-2010	
Philippines	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Philippines	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Office of Population Studies, University of San Carlos (Philippines). Philippines - Cebu Longitudinal Health and Nutrition Survey 2002-2003. Chapel Hill, United States: Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.	2002-2003	
Philippines	Solon O, Riddell TJ, Quimbo SA, Butrick E, Aylward GP, Lou Bacate M, Peabody JW. Associations between cognitive function, blood lead concentration, and nutrition among children in the central Philippines. J Pediatr. 2008; 152(2): 237-43.	2003-2004	
Philippines	Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Office of Population Studies, University of San Carlos (Philippines). Philippines - Cebu Longitudinal Health and Nutrition Survey 2004-2006. Chapel Hill, United States: Carolina Population Center, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.	2004-2006	
Philippines	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Philippines	Philippines National Nutrition Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008-2009	
Poland	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Poland	Proniewska W, Modrzejewski W, Dowgird M, Bowszyc J, Kretowski J, Kalicinski A. Nadcisnienie tetnicze w populacji mezczyzn w wieku 40-59 lat w Bialymstoku oraz w gminie Suchowola. Rocz Akad Med Im Juliana Marchlewskiego Bialymst. 1982; 89-95.	1980	
Poland	Jokiel M. [Changes in tobacco smoking patterns in Poland in the years 1976, 1986 and 1990]. Przegl Epidemiol. 1996; 50(3): 299-307. as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Poland	Kocemba JW, Grodzicki TK, Gryglewska BI, Klich A. Relationship between blood pressure and mortality in the elderly. J Hypertens. 1991; S286-7.	1986	



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Poland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Poland INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Poland	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1988	
Poland	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1993	
Poland	Dutkiewicz T, Sokolowska D, Kulka E. Health risk assessment in children exposed to lead compounds in the vicinity of mine-smelter plant "Orzel Bialy". Pol J Occup Med Environ Health. 1993; 6(1): 71-8.	1993	
Poland	Zejsa JE, Grabecki J, Krol B, Panasiuk Z, Jedrejczak A, Jarkowski M. Blood lead levels in urban children of Katowice Voivodship, Poland: results of the population-based biomonitoring and surveillance program. Cent Eur J Public Health. 1997; 5(2): 60-4.	1994	
Poland	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Poland	Zejsa JE, Sokal A, Grabecki J, Panasiuk Z, Jarkowski M, Skiba M. Blood lead concentrations in school children of Upper Silesian Industrial Zone, Poland. Cent Eur J Public Health. 1995; 3(2): 92-6.	1995	
Poland	Central Statistical Office (Poland). Poland Health Interview Survey 1996.	1996	
Poland	Osman K, Elinder C, Schutz A, Grubb A. Biomarkers of nephrotoxicity in children environmentally exposed to lead in Poland. Journal of Environmental Medicine. 1999; 1(1): 33-8.	1996	
Poland	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1997	
Poland	Mikiel-Kostyra K, Mazur J, Wojdan-Godek E. Factors affecting exclusive breastfeeding in Poland: cross-sectional survey of population-based samples. Soz Praventivmed. 2005; 50(1): 52-9.	1997	
Poland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Poland	Mazur A, Klimek K, Telega G, Hejda G, Wdowiak L, Malecka-Tendera E. Risk factors for obesity development in school children from south-eastern Poland. Ann Agric Environ Med. 2008; 15(2): 281-5.	1998	
Poland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Poland - Rural Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Poland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Poland - Urban Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Poland	Poland Household Food Consumption and Anthropometric Survey 2000 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000	
Poland	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Poland	Matusik P, Malecka-Tendera E, Klimek K, Polish Childhood Obesity Study Group. Nutritional state of Polish prepubertal children assessed by population-specific and international standards. Acta Paediatr. 2007; 96(2): 276-80.	2001	
Poland	Poland - Warsaw MONICA Project Population Survey 2001 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001	
Poland	Boylan S, Welch A, Pikhart H, Malyutina S, Pajak A, Kubinova R, Bragina O, Simonova G, Stepaniak U, Gilis-Januszewska A, Milla L, Peasey A, Marmot M, Bobak M. Dietary habits in three Central and Eastern European countries: the HAPIEE study. BMC Public Health. 2009; 439.	2002	
Poland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Poland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Poland	Mikolajczak J, Piotrowska E, Biernat J, Wyka J, Zechalko-Czajkowska A. [Assessment of risk factors of metabolic syndrome in girls and boys from south-west area of Poland]. Rocz Panstw Zakl Hig. 2011; 62(1): 83-92.	2003	
Poland	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
Poland	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2004	



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Poland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Poland	Jajielak J, Biernacka M, Henschke J, Sosinska A, Central Laboratory for Radiological Protection (Poland). Radiologiczny atlas Polski = Radiation atlas of Poland 1997. Warsaw: National Atomic Energy Agency; 1998. 28 p.	2005	
Poland	Jodkowska M, Oblacinska A, Tabak I. Overweight and obesity among adolescents in Poland: gender and regional differences. Public Health Nutr. 2010; 13(10A): 1688-92.	2005	
Poland	Lukaszkiwicz J, Karczmarewicz E, Pludowski P, Jaworski M, Czerwinski E, Lewinski A, Marcinowska-Suchowierska E, Milewicz A, Spaczynski M, Lorenc RS. Feasibility of simultaneous measurement of bone formation and bone resorption markers to assess bone turnover rate in postmenopausal women: an EPOLOS study. Med Sci Monit . 2008; 14(12): PH65-70.	2005	
Poland	Ostrowska-Nawarycz L, Nawarycz T. Prevalence of excessive body weight and high blood pressure in children and adolescents in the city of Łódź. Kardiologia Pol. 2007; 65(9): 1079-1087.	2005	
Poland	Przylibski TA, Zebrowski A, Karpinska M, Kapala J, Kozak K, Mazur J, Grzadziel D, Mamont-Ciesla K, Stawarz O, Kozłowska B, Klos B, Dorda J, Wysocka M, Olszewski J, Dohojda M. Mean annual (222)Rn concentration in homes located in different geological regions of Poland: first approach to whole country area. J Environ Radioact. 2011; 102(8): 735-41.	2005	
Poland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Poland	Ministry of Health (Poland), WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). The Current Status of Tobacco Epidemic in Poland. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2009.	2007	
Poland	Wronka I. Association between BMI and age at menarche in girls from different socio-economic groups. Anthropol Anz. 2010; 68(1): 43-52.	2007	
Poland	Wyka J, Biernat J, Kiedik D. Nutritional determination of the health status in Polish elderly people from an urban environment. J Nutr Health Aging. 2010; 14(1): 67-71.	2008	*
Poland	Bloomberg Initiative to Reduce Tobacco Use, CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Central Statistical Office (Poland), Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Medical University of Warsaw, Ministry of Health (Poland), Pentor Research International, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Poland Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009-2010. Warsaw, Poland: Ministry of Health (Poland).	2009	*
Poland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Poland - Mazovia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Poland	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	
Poland	Suliburska J, Bogdański P, Pupek-Musialik D, Głód-Nawrocka M, Krauss H, Piątek J. Analysis of lifestyle of young adults in the rural and urban areas. Ann Agric Environ Med. 2012; 19(1): 135-9.	2009	
Poland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Poland	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Poland). Poland Global AIDS Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010	*
Poland	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Poland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Poland	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Poland	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2013	*
Poland	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Poland	Poland - Warsaw MONICA Project Population Survey 2001 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993, 2001	
Poland	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	

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Poland	Poland National Multicenter Study of Population Health 2003-2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2005	
Poland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Poland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Poland	Zatoński W, Przewoźniak K. Smoking Tobacco in Poland: Attitudes, Health Consequences and Prevention. Warsaw, Poland: Maria Skłodowska-Curie Memorial Cancer Center and Institute of Oncology. 1996.	1980, 1982, 1985-1988, 1990-1995	
Poland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Poland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2008	
Poland	Zatonski WA, McMichael AJ, Powles JW. Ecological study of reasons for sharp decline in mortality from ischaemic heart disease in Poland since 1991. BMJ. 1998; 316(7137): 1047-51.	1982, 1985-1988, 1990-1994	
Poland	Chrzanowska M, Koziel S, Uliaszek SJ. Changes in BMI and the prevalence of overweight and obesity in children and adolescents in Cracow, Poland, 1971-2000. Econ Hum Biol. 2007; 5(3): 370-8.	1983, 2000	
Poland	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984-1993	
Poland	Kocemba J, Gryglewska B, Klich A, Grodzicki T. Cisnienie tetnicze krwi i czestosc nadciscnienia wsród starszych wiekiem mieszkanców Krakowa. Folia Med Cracov. 1988; 29(3-4): 141-52.	1985-1987	
Poland	Jarosińska D, Biesiada M, Muszyńska-Graca M. Environmental burden of disease due to lead in urban children from Silesia, Poland. Sci Total Environ. 2006; 367(1): 71-9.	1993-1997, 2000-2001, 2005	
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Poland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2012	
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Poland	Cardinal Stefan Wyszyński Institute of Cardiology (Poland), Jagiellonian University Medical College, Medical University of Gdansk, Medical University of Lodz, Medical University of Silesia, Poznan University of Medical Sciences. Poland National Multicenter Study of Population Health 2003-2005.	2003-2005	
Poland	Rutkowski B, Król E. Epidemiology of chronic kidney disease in central and eastern Europe. Blood Purif. 2008; 26(4): 381-5.	2004-2005	
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Poland	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Poland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*

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Poland	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Poland	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Poland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Portugal	National Institute of Statistics (Portugal), Minnesota Population Center. Portugal Population and Housing Census 1981 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1981	
Portugal	World Health Organization. Portugal CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Portugal	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Portugal INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
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Portugal	Portugal National Health Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
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Portugal	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
Portugal	National Institute of Statistics (Portugal), Minnesota Population Center. Portugal Population and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Portugal	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
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Portugal	Marques-Vidal P, Paccaud F, Ravasco P. Ten-year trends in overweight and obesity in the adult Portuguese population, 1995 to 2005. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; 772.	1995	
Portugal	Portugal National Health Survey 1995-1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
Portugal	Rocha L, Gomes A. Prevalencia do Aleitamento Materno nos Primeiros Seis Meses de Vida. <i>Saude Infant.</i> 1998; 20(3): 59-66.	1995	
Portugal	Alves AD, Lamy S, Henriques G, Virella D, Carreiro H, Lynce N, Ceu Machado M. Aleitamento materno nos concelhos de cascais, amadora e sintra: porquê o abandono precoce?. <i>Saude Infant.</i> 1999; 21(1): 43-50.	1997	
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Portugal	Mayan ON, Henriques AT, Calheiros JM. Childhood lead exposure in Oporto, Portugal. <i>Int J Occup Environ Health.</i> 2001; 7(3): 209-16.	1998	
Portugal	Moreira P, Padrão P. Educational, economic and dietary determinants of obesity in Portuguese adults: a cross-sectional study. <i>Eat Behav.</i> 2006; 7(3): 220-8.	1998	
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Portugal	Ekelund U, Sardinha LB, Anderssen SA, Harro M, Franks PW, Brage S, Cooper AR, Andersen LB, Riddoch C, Froberg K. Associations between objectively assessed physical activity and indicators of body fatness in 9- to 10-y-old European children: a population-based study from 4 distinct regions in Europe (the European Youth Heart Study). Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(3): 584-90.	2001	
Portugal	National Institute of Statistics (Portugal), Minnesota Population Center. Portugal Population and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Portugal	Rito A. Comparison of Portuguese prevalence of childhood overweight and obesity using WHO child growth standards, CDC 2000 growth charts, IOTF criteria and NCHS growth charts. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2010. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Portugal	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2002	*
Portugal	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Portugal	Moreira P, Padez C, Mourão I, Rosado V. Dietary calcium and body mass index in Portuguese children. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2005; 59(7): 861-7.	2002	
Portugal	World Health Organization (WHO). Portugal World Health Survey 2002. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2006.	2002	
Portugal	Caldeira T, Moreira P, Pinto E. Aleitamento materno: estudo dos factores relacionados com o seu abandono. Rev Port Clin Geral. 2007; 685-99.	2003	
Portugal	De Macedo ME, Lima MJ, Silva AO, Alcântara P, Ramalhinho V, Carmona J. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Portugal. The PAP study. Rev Port Cardiol. 2007; 26(1): 21-39.	2003	
Portugal	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Portugal	Lopes B, Marques P. Prevalência do aleitamento materno no distrito de Viana do Castelo nos primeiros seis meses de vida. Rev Port Clin Geral. 2004; 539-44.	2003	
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Portugal	Portugal - Porto Epidemiological Health Investigation of Teenagers 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Portugal	Ramos E, Barros H. Family and school determinants of overweight in 13-year-old Portuguese adolescents. Acta Paediatr. 2007; 96(2): 281-6.	2003	
Portugal	Ribeiro J, Santos P, Duarte J, Mota J. Association between overweight and early sexual maturation in Portuguese boys and girls. Ann Hum Biol. 2006; 33(1): 55-63.	2003	
Portugal	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grjibovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Portugal	Ferreira RJ, Marques-Vidal PM. Prevalence and determinants of obesity in children in public schools of Sintra, Portugal. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2008; 16(2): 497-500.	2004	
Portugal	Sandes AR, Nascimento C, Figueira J, Gouveia R, Valente S, Martins S, Correia S, Rocha E, Da Silva LJ. [Breastfeeding: prevalence and determinant factors]. Acta Med Port. 2007; 20(3): 193-200.	2004	
Portugal	Santos R, Santos MP, Ribeiro JC, Mota J. Physical activity and other lifestyle behaviors in a Portuguese sample of adults: results from the Azorean Physical Activity and Health Study. J Phys Act Health. 2009; 6(6): 750-9.	2004	
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Portugal	Louro A, Peralta L, Soares S, Pereira A, Cunha G, Belchior A, Ferreira L, Monteiro Gil O, Louro H, Pinto P, Rodrigues AS, Silva MJ, Teles P. Human exposure to indoor radon: a survey in the region of Guarda, Portugal. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2013; 154(2): 237-44.	2005	*
Portugal	Mota J, Fidalgo F, Silva R, Ribeiro JC, Santos R, Carvalho J, Santos MP. Relationships between physical activity, obesity and meal frequency in adolescents. Ann Hum Biol. 2008; 35(1): 1-10.	2005	
Portugal	Pereira M, Lunet N, Paulo C, Severo M, Azevedo A, Barros H. Incidence of hypertension in a prospective cohort study of adults from Porto, Portugal. BMC Cardiovasc Disord. 2012; 114.	2005	
Portugal	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Portugal	Government of Portugal, World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Portugal Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008.	2008	
Portugal	Sardinha LB, Santos R, Vale S, Silva AM, Ferreira JP, Raimundo AM, Moreira H, Baptista F, Mota J. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among Portuguese youth: a study in a representative sample of 10-18-year-old children and adolescents. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2011; 6(2-2): e124-128.	2008	
Portugal	Abreu S, Santos R, Moreira C, Vale S, Santos PC, Soares-Miranda L, Marques AI, Mota J, Moreira P. Association between dairy product intake and abdominal obesity in Azorean adolescents. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2012; 66(7): 830-5.	2009	
Portugal	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Portugal	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Portugal	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Portugal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Portugal	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Portugal	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Portugal	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1990, 1995, 2000	
Portugal	Portugal Study on the Nutritional Intake of School Children 2002-2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Portugal	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Portugal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Portugal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Portugal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Portugal	Dias CM, Graca MJ. National Health Survey in Portugal: History, Methods and Some Results. Lisbon: National Health Institute Doutor Ricardo Jorge (INSA), 2000.	1987, 1996, 1999	
Portugal	Levy Aires A, Duarte A, Sousa C. Inquerito sobre Aleitamento Materno Distrito de Setubal - 1993. Acta Pediatr Portuguesa. 1995; 26(4): 177-83.	1988, 1993	
Portugal	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1988-1989	
Portugal	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1997, 1999-2007	

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Portugal	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1992-1997, 2001-2012	
Portugal	Jacobs JWG, Da Silva JAP, Ambrecht G, Bijlsma JWI, Verstappen SMM. Prediction of vertebral fractures is specific for gender and site of bone mineral density measurement. J Rheumatol . 2010; 37(1): 149-54.	1998-2001	
Portugal	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Portugal	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Portugal	Padez C, Fernandes T, Mourão I, Moreira P, Rosado V. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in 7-9-year-old Portuguese children: trends in body mass index from 1970-2002. Am J Hum Biol. 2004; 16(6): 670-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002-2003	
Portugal	National Institute of Health (Portugal), Statistics Portugal. Portugal National Health Survey 2005-2006. WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Portugal	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2011	*
Portugal	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Portugal	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2012-2013	*
Qatar	Central Statistical Organization (Qatar), Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Public Health (Qatar). Qatar Child Health Survey 1987.	1987	
Qatar	Qatar Nutritional Assessment 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Qatar	Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD), Arab Gulf Program for Development (AGFUND), Central Statistical Organization (Qatar), Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Public Health (Qatar), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), World Health Organization (WHO). Qatar Family Health Survey 1998.	1998	
Qatar	Qatar Millennium Development Goals 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1998	
Qatar	Hammoudeh M, Al-Khayarin M, Zirie M, Bener A. Bone density measured by dual energy X-ray absorptiometry in Qatari women. Maturitas . 2005; 52(3-4): 319-27.	2002	
Qatar	Bener A, Tewfik I. Prevalence of overweight, obesity, and associated psychological problems in Qatari's female population. Obes Rev. 2006; 7(2): 139-45.	2004	
Qatar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Qatar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Qatar	Qatar Blood Pressure Data 2006, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	2006	
Qatar	Bener A, Zirie M, Musallam M, Khader YS, Al-Hamaq AOAA. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome according to Adult Treatment Panel III and International Diabetes Federation criteria: a population-based study. Metab Syndr Relat Disord. 2009; 7(3): 221-9.	2007	
Qatar	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Qatar Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Qatar	Bener A, Zirie M, Janahi IM, Al-Hamaq AO, Musallam M, Wareham NJ. Prevalence of diagnosed and undiagnosed diabetes mellitus and its risk factors in a population-based study of Qatar. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2009; 84(1): 99-106.	2008	
Qatar	Qatar Statistics Authority. Qatar Population and Housing Census 2010.	2010	
Qatar	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Qatar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	

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Qatar	Qatar Statistics Authority, Supreme Council of Health (Qatar), World Health Organization (WHO). Qatar STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2012.	2012	
Qatar	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Qatar	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1997, 2001, 2004, 2006-2007	
Qatar	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1997, 2001, 2004, 2006-2007, 2011-2012	
Qatar	Bener A, Hammoudeh M, Zirie M. Prevalence and predictors of osteoporosis and the impact of life style factors on bone mineral density. APLAR J Rheumatol . 2007; 10(3): 227-33.	2005-2006	
Qatar	Olsson, Denholm, Straif, Schüz. Final Report (SCH/PA/39/2012): Review of environmental exposures to carcinogens in Qatar. Supreme Council of Health Qatar. National Cancer Program. October 2013. [Unpublished].	2010-2011	*
Romania	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1987	
Romania	Romania National Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Romania	Romania National Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991	
Romania	National Commission for Statistics (Romania), Minnesota Population Center. Romania Population and Housing Census 1992 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1992	
Romania	Romanian Institute of Mother and Child Health Care and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) . (1995) Romania Reproductive Health Survey 1993. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1993	
Romania	Romanian Institute of Mother and Child Health Care. Romania Young Adult Reproductive Health Survey 1996. Bucharest, Romania: Romanian Institute of Mother and Child Health Care.	1996	
Romania	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Romanian Association of Public Health and Health Management. (2001) Romania Reproductive Health Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	
Romania	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Romania	World Bank (WB). Romania Living Conditions Survey 2000.	2000	
Romania	World Bank (WB). Romania Living Conditions Survey 2001.	2001	
Romania	National Institute of Statistics (Romania), Minnesota Population Center. Romania Population and Housing Census 2002 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: Version 6.0 [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2002	*
Romania	Romania Family Budget Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Romania	World Bank (WB). Romania Living Conditions Survey 2002.	2002	
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Romania	National Institute of Statistics (Romania). Romania Living Conditions Survey 2003.	2003	
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Romania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Romania Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
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Romania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Romania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2012	
Romania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1985-2010	
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Romania	Romania National Nutritional Surveillance Program 1993-2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999-2002	
Romania	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
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Russia	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Russia INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
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Russia	Russia Longitudinal Monitoring Survey of HSE, Round III 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
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Russia	Rubin CH, Esteban E, Reissman DB, Daley WR, Noonan GP, Karpati A, Gurvitch E, Kuzmin SV, Privalova LI, Zukov A, Zlepko A. Lead poisoning among young children in Russia: concurrent evaluation of childhood lead exposure in Ekaterinburg, Krasnouralsk, and Volgograd. Environ Health Perspect. 2002; 110(6): 559-62.	1997	
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Russia	Russia Longitudinal Monitoring Survey of HSE, Round X 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
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Russia	The Health and Nutrition Status of Children Under Five and their Mothers in the Republic of Ingushetia (Russian Federation) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2001	
Russia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Russia Health of Women in Arkhangelsk and Murmansk 2001.	2001	
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Russia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Russia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
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Russia	Russia Longitudinal Monitoring Survey of HSE, Round XIV 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Russia	Russia Longitudinal Monitoring Survey of HSE, Round XV 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
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Russia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
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Russia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Russia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1992-2010	
Russia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
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Rwanda	Rwanda National Nutrition Survey of Women and Children 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Rwanda	Rwanda National Nutrition Survey of Women and Children 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1996	
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Rwanda	Macro International, Inc, National Office of Population (Rwanda). Rwanda Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	



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Rwanda	Rwanda Demographic and Health Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Rwanda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Rwanda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Rwanda	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Rwanda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
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Rwanda	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Rwanda), National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda. Rwanda Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010-2011	
Rwanda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Rwanda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Rwanda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Rwanda	Rwanda National Nutrition and Food Security Policy Survey for Children 0-5 Years of Age and their Mothers 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1992	
Rwanda	National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda, Oxford Policy Management. Rwanda Integrated Household Living Conditions Survey 1999-2001. Kigali, Rwanda: National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda.	1999-2001	
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Rwanda	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Rwanda), National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda. Rwanda Interim Demographic and Health Survey 2007-2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007-2008	
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Saint Lucia	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Central Statistical Office of Saint Lucia. Saint Lucia Population and Housing Census 2001.	2001	
Saint Lucia	Saint Lucia Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Saint Lucia	Gardner K, Bird J, Canning PM, Frizzell LM, Smith LM. Prevalence of overweight, obesity and underweight among 5-year-old children in Saint Lucia by three methods of classification and a comparison with historical rates. Child Care Health Dev. 2011; 37(1): 143-9.	2006	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Saint Lucia	Central Statistical Office of Saint Lucia. Saint Lucia Population and Housing Census 2010. World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	
Saint Lucia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	*
Saint Lucia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Lucia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Saint Lucia	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadiri S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. Am J Public Health. 1997; 87(2): 160-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994	
Saint Lucia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Saint Lucia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Saint Lucia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
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Saint Lucia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2000, 2002-2004	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, St. Vincent and Grenadines Population and Housing Census 1980.	1980	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Ministry of Health and the Environment (St. Vincent and the Grenadines), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Risk Factor Survey 1991.	1991	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Statistical Office, Ministry of Finance and Planning (St. Vincent and the Grenadines). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Population and Housing Census 1991.	1991	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health and the Environment (St. Vincent and the Grenadines), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Household Cooking Fuels Data 2007.	2007	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Saint Vincent and the Grenadines Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Samoa	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1990	
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Samoa	Samoa Bureau of Statistics. Samoa Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1997. Apia, Samoa: Samoa Bureau of Statistics.	1997	
Samoa	Samoa National Nutrition Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Samoa	Samoa National Nutrition Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
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Samoa	Samoa Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
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Samoa	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
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Samoa	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Samoa	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
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Samoa	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sao Tome and Principe	Department of Statistics (Sao Tome and Principe). Sao Tome and Principe Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Sao Tome and Principe	Sao Tome and Principe Nutritional and Immunization Coverage of Children Under 5 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
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Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Sao Tome and Principe	World Health Organization (WHO). Sao Tome and Principe STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	*
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Sao Tome and Principe	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Sao Tome and Principe	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Sao Tome and Principe	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2005, 2007-2012	*
Sao Tome and Principe	ICF Macro, Ministry of Health (Sao Tome and Principe), National Institute of Statistics (Sao Tome and Principe). Sao Tome and Principe Demographic and Health Survey 2008-2009. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2008-2009	
Sao Tome and Principe	Sao Tome and Principe Demographic and Health Survey 2008-2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008-2009	
Sao Tome and Principe	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Sao Tome and Principe	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sao Tome and Principe	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO). Serenius F, Swailem AR. Growth and nutritional status of less privileged urban children in Saudi Arabia. Acta Paediatr Scand Suppl. 1988; 93-103. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-2005	
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Saudi Arabia	Al-Nozha M, Al-Kanhal A, Al-Othaimeen A, Al-Mohaeza A, Osman A, Al-Shammery A, El-Shabrawy M. Evaluation of the nutritional status of the people of Saudi Arabia.	1985	
Saudi Arabia	Osman AK, al-Nozha MM. Risk factors of coronary artery disease in different regions of Saudi Arabia. East Mediterr Health J. 2000; 6(2-3): 465-74.	1987	
Saudi Arabia	al-Nuaim AR, al-Rubeaan K, al-Mazrou Y, al-Attas O, al-Daghari N, Khoja T. High prevalence of overweight and obesity in Saudi Arabia. Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord. 1996; 20(6): 547-52.	1989	
Saudi Arabia	Jarallah JS, al-Rubeaan KA, al-Nuaim AR, al-Ruhaily AA, Kalantan KA. Prevalence and determinants of smoking in three regions of Saudi Arabia. Tob Control. 1999; 8(1): 53-6.	1990	
Saudi Arabia	Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia). Saudi Arabia Population and Housing Census 1992. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia: Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia).	1992	
Saudi Arabia	Kordy MN, el-gamal FM. A study of pattern of body mass index (BMI) and prevalence of obesity in a Saudi population. Asia Pac J Public Health. 1995; 8(2): 59-65.	1992	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Mazrou YY, Al-Amoud MM, El-Gizouli SE, Khoja T, Al-Turki K, Tantawi NE, Khalil MK, Aziz KM. Comparison of the growth standards between Saudi and American children aged 0-5 years. Saudi Med J. 2003; 24(6): 598-602. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
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Saudi Arabia	El-Hazmi MAF, Warsy AS. A comparative study of prevalence of overweight and obesity in children in different provinces of Saudi Arabia. J Trop Pediatr. 2002; 48(3): 172-7.	1994	
Saudi Arabia	Warsy AS, el-Hazmi MA. Diabetes mellitus, hypertension and obesity--common multifactorial disorders in Saudis. East Mediterr Health J. 1999; 5(6): 1236-42.	1994	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Nozha MM, Al-Mazrou YY, Al-Maatouq MA, Arafah MR, Khalil MZ, Khan NB, Al-Marzouki K, Abdullah MA, Al-Khadra AH, Al-Harathi SS, Al-Shahid MS, Al-Mobeireek A, Nouh MS. Obesity in Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2005; 26(5): 824-9.	1995	



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Saudi Arabia	al-Saleh IA. Lead exposure in Saudi Arabia and its relationship to smoking. Biometals. 1995; 8(3): 243-5.	1995	
Saudi Arabia	Abahussain NA, Musaiger AO, Nicholls PJ, Stevens R. Nutritional status of adolescent girls in the eastern province of Saudi Arabia. Nutr Health. 1999; 13(3): 171-7.	1996	
Saudi Arabia	Ghannam NN, Hammami MM, Bakheet SM, Khan BA. Bone Mineral Density of the Spine and Femur in Healthy Saudi Females: Relation to Vitamin D Status, Pregnancy, and Lactation. Calcif Tissue Int . 1999; 65(1): 23-8.	1996	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Nozha MM, Abdullah M, Arafah MR, Khalil MZ, Khan NB, Al-Mazrou YY, Al-Maatouq MA, Al-Marzouki K, Al-Khadra A, Nouh MS, Al-Harthi SS, Al-Shahid MS, Al-Mobeireek A. Hypertension in Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2007; 28(1): 77-84.	1998	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Nozha MM, Al-Maatouq MA, Al-Mazrou YY, Al-Harthi SS, Arafah MR, Khalil MZ, Khan NB, Al-Khadra A, Al-Marzouki K, Nouh MS, Abdullah M, Attas O, Al-Shahid MS, Al-Mobeireek A. Diabetes mellitus in Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2004; 25(11): 1603-10.	1998	
Saudi Arabia	al-Saleh I, Nester M, DeVol E, Shinwari N, Munchari L, al-Shahria S. Relationships between blood lead concentrations, intelligence, and academic achievement of Saudi Arabian schoolgirls. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2001; 204(2-3): 165-74.	1998	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Almaie SM. Prevalence of obesity and overweight among Saudi adolescents in Eastern Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2005; 26(4): 607-11.	2001	
Saudi Arabia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Saudi Arabia-Riyadh Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Saudi Arabia	Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia). Saudi Arabia Demographic Research Bulletin 2001. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia: Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia).	2001	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Saleh I, Shinwari N, Mashhour A, Mohamed GE-D, Ghosh MA, Shammasi Z, Al-Nasser A. Is lead considered as a risk factor for high blood pressure during menopause period among Saudi women? . Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2005; 208(5): 341-56.	2002	
Saudi Arabia	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2003	*
Saudi Arabia	Al-Baghli NA, Al-Ghamdi AJ, Al-Turki KA, El-Zubaier AG, Al-Ameer MM, Al-Baghli FA. Overweight and obesity in the eastern province of Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2008; 29(9): 1319-25.	2004	
Saudi Arabia	Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia). Saudi Arabia Population and Housing Census 2004. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia: Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia).	2004	
Saudi Arabia	Abu-Jarad F, Al-Jarallah MI. Radon in Saudi Houses. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 1986; 14(3): 243-249.	2005	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Jarallah MI, Fazal-ur-Rehman. Indoor radon concentration measurement in the dwellings of Al-Jauf region of Saudi Arabia. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2006; 121(3): 293-296.	2005	
Saudi Arabia	Amin TT, Al-Sultan AI, Ali A. Overweight and obesity and their relation to dietary habits and socio-demographic characteristics among male primary school children in Al-Hassa, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Eur J Nutr. 2008; 47(6): 310-8.	2005	
Saudi Arabia	Rahman Al-Nuaim A. High prevalence of metabolic risk factors for cardiovascular diseases among Saudi population, aged 30-64 years. Int J Cardiol. 1997; 62(3): 227-35.	2005	
Saudi Arabia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Saudi Arabia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Saudi Arabia	Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia). Saudi Arabia Demographic Research Bulletin 2007. Riyadh, Saudi Arabia: Central Department of Statistics and Information (Saudi Arabia).	2007	
Saudi Arabia	Al-Quaiz A-JM, Raheel HM. Correlates of sexual violence among adolescent females in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. Saudi Med J. 2009; 30(6): 829-34.	2008	
Saudi Arabia	Alsuwaida AO, Farag YMK, Al Sayyari AA, Mousa D, Alhejaili F, Al-Harbi A, Housawi A, Mittal BV, Singh AK. Epidemiology of chronic kidney disease in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (SEEK-Saudi investigators) – a pilot study. Saudi J Kidney Dis Transpl. 2010; 21(6): 1066-72.	2008	
Saudi Arabia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Saudi Arabia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2010	*
Saudi Arabia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Saudi Arabia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	

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Saudi Arabia	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME), Ministry of Health (Saudi Arabia). Saudi Arabia Health Interview Survey 2013.	2013	*
Saudi Arabia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Saudi Arabia	Ministry of Health (Saudi Arabia), World Health Organization (WHO). Saudi Arabia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004-2005.	2004-2005	*
Saudi Arabia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Saudi Arabia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Saudi Arabia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Saudi Arabia	Soyannwo MA, Kurashi NY, Gadallah M, Hams J, el-Essawi O, Khan NA, Singh RG, Alamri A, Beyari TH. Blood pressure pattern in Saudi population of Gassim. Afr J Med Med Sci. 1998; 27(1-2): 107-16.	1995-1997	
Saudi Arabia	Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development (AFESD), Arab Gulf Program for Development (AGFUND), Gulf-Co-operation Council (GCC), Ministry of Health (Saudi Arabia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD), World Health Organization (WHO). Saudi Arabia Family Health Survey 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
Saudi Arabia	Saudi Arabia Family Health Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1996-1997	
Saudi Arabia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999-2002, 2006-2009	
Saudi Arabia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2002, 2006-2008	
Saudi Arabia	Ardawi MSM, Maimany AA, Bahksh TM, Nasrat HAN, Milaat WA, Al-Raddadi RM. Bone mineral density of the spine and femur in healthy Saudis. Osteoporos Int. 2005; 16(1): 43-55.	2001-2003	
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Saudi Arabia	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
Senegal	Nutrition education of young children's mothers: study of needs in Pikine (Senegal) as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Senegal	Department of Statistics (Senegal), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Senegal Demographic and Health Survey 1986. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1986	
Senegal	National Census Bureau (Senegal), Minnesota Population Center. Senegal General Population and Housing Census 1988 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1988	
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Senegal	Government of Senegal, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Senegal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996.	1996	
Senegal	Directorate of Forecasting and Statistics (Senegal), Macro International, Inc. Senegal Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Senegal	Diouf A, Garçon G, Diop Y, Ndiaye B, Thiaw C, Fall M, Kane-Barry O, Ba D, Haguenoer JM, Shirali P. Environmental lead exposure and its relationship to traffic density among Senegalese children: a cross-sectional study. Hum Exp Toxicol. 2006; 25(11): 637-44.	1999	
Senegal	Groupe SERDHA, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Prevention (Senegal). Senegal Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Senegal	Directorate of Forecasting and Statistics (Senegal), Ministry of Economics and Finance (Senegal), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Senegal Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	*

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Senegal	Senegal Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
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Senegal	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Senegal Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
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Senegal	Pessinaba S, Mbaye A, Kane A, Guene BD, Mbaye Ndour M, Niang K, Jobe M, Cazaubon M, Mathieu J-BS, Kane M, Sow DD, Diack B, Kane A. [Screening for asymptomatic peripheral arterial occlusive disease of the lower limbs by measuring the ankle-brachial index in the general population (Senegal)]. J Mal Vasc. 2012; 37(4): 195-200.	2010	
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Senegal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Senegal	Senegal - Dakar Monitoring of Air Quality as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Senegal	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002, 2004-2005, 2007-2009	*
Senegal	Center for Research in Human Development (CRDH), Cheikh Anta Diop University, Hospital Aristide Le Dantec, ICF Macro, National Agency of Statistics and Demography (Senegal). Senegal Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2010-2011	*
Senegal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Senegal	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Senegal	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Senegal	Senegal - Risk of Death Associated with Different Nutritional States in Children of Preschool age: Study Conducted in Niakhar (Senegal) 1983-1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1984	
Senegal	Senegal Social Dimensions of Adjustment Household Priority Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1991-1992	
Senegal	Senegal Social Dimensions of Adjustment Household Priority Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991-1992	
Senegal	Senegal Social Dimensions of Adjustment Household Priority Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1991-1992	
Senegal	Directorate of Forecasting and Statistics (Senegal), Macro International, Inc. Senegal Demographic and Health Survey 1992-1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992-1993	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Senegal	Senegal Household Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1994-1995	
Senegal	Senegal National Survey of Poverty 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Senegal	Macro International, Inc, Research Center for Human Development (Senegal). Senegal Malaria Indicator Survey 2008-2009. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2008-2009	
Senegal	ICF International, Ministry of Health and Social Action (Senegal), National Agency of Statistics and Demography (Senegal). Senegal Continuous Demographic and Health Survey 2012-2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2012-2013	*
Serbia	World Health Organization. Yugoslavia - Serbia CINDI Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Serbia	Kromhout D, Nedeljkovic SI, Grujic MZ, Ostojic MC, Keys A, Menotti A, Katan MB, van Oostrom MA, Bloemberg BP. Changes in major risk factors for cardiovascular diseases over 25 years in the Serbian cohorts of the Seven Countries Study. Int J Epidemiol. 1994; 23(1): 5-11.	1988	
Serbia	Institute for Public Health (Montenegro), Institute for Public Health (Pristina), Institute of Public Health of Serbia, Ministry of Health (FR Yugoslavia), Mother Theresa Charity, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Yugoslavia, Federal Republic Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996.	1996	
Serbia	Yugoslavia, Federal Republic Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2000	
Serbia	Ministry of Social Affairs (Serbia), World Bank. Serbia and Montenegro - Serbia Living Standards Measurement Survey 2003. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2003	
Serbia	Gulan L, Milic G, Bossew P, Omori Y, Ishikawa T, Mishra R, Mayya YS, Stojanovska Z, Nikezic D, Vuckovic B, Zunic ZS. Field experience on indoor radon, thoron and their progenies with solid-state detectors in a survey of Kosovo and Metohija (Balkan region). Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2012; 152(1-3): 189-97.	2005	
Serbia	Manic G, Petrovic S, Vesna M, Popovic D, Todorovic D. Radon concentrations in a spa in Serbia. Environ Int. 2006; 32(4): 533-7.	2005	
Serbia	Mili-e G, Jakupi B, Tokonami S, Trajkovic R, Ishikawa T, Celikovic I, Ujic P, Cuknic O, Yarmoshenko I, Kosanovic K, Adrovic F, Sahoo SK, Veselinovic N, Zunic ZS. The concentrations and exposure doses of radon and thoron in residences of the rural areas of Kosovo and Metohija. Radiat Meas. 2010; 45(1): 118-21.	2005	
Serbia	Mili-e G, Yarmoshenko IV, Jakupi B, Kovacevic M, Zunic ZS. Indoor radon measurements in Kosovo and Metohija over the period 1995-2007. Radiat Meas. 2011; 46(1): 141-4.	2005	
Serbia	Nikolov J, Todorovic N, Pantic TP, Forkapic S, Mrdja D, Bikit I, Krmar M, Veskovic M. Exposure to radon in the radon spa Niska Banja, Serbia. Radiat Meas. 2012; 47(6): 443-50.	2005	
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Serbia	Zunic ZS, Yarmoshenko IV, Birovljev A, Bochicchio F, Quarto M, Obryk B, Paszkowski M, Celikovic I, Demajo A, Ujic P, Budzanowski M, Olko P, McLaughlin JP, Waligorski MPR. Radon survey in the high natural radiation region of Niska Banja, Serbia. J Environ Radioact. 2007; 92(3): 165-74.	2005	
Serbia	Institute of Public Health of Serbia, Ministry of Health (Serbia). Serbia National Health Survey 2006.	2006	
Serbia	Vera G, NataÅša D, Svetlana K, Sonja S, Jasmina G, Sonja T. Epidemiology of hypertension in Serbia: results of a National Survey. J Epidemiol. 2012; 22(3): 261-6.	2006	*
Serbia	Ministry of Social Affairs (Serbia), World Bank. Serbia Living Standards Measurement Survey 2007. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2007	
Serbia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Serbia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Serbia	Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Serbia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	*
Serbia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Serbia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Serbia	Institute of Child Health (Greece), University of Belgrade. Serbia Balkan Epidemiological Study on Child Abuse and Neglect 2011.	2011	*
Serbia	Institute of Public Health of Serbia, Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Serbia). Serbia Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1984, 1986-1996, 1998, 2001-2002, 2005-2011	*



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Serbia	Autonomous Women's Center, World Health Organization (WHO). Serbia and Montenegro WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2003.	2000-2002	
Serbia	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2004	
Serbia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Serbia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Serbia	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984-1994	
Serbia	Factor-Litvak P, Stein Z, Graziano J. Increased risk of proteinuria among a cohort of lead-exposed pregnant women. Environ Health Perspect. 1993; 101(5): 418-21.	1985-1986	
Serbia	Graziano JH, Popovac D, Factor-Litvak P, Shrout P, Kline J, Murphy MJ, Zhao YH, Mehmeti A, Ahmedi X, Rajovic B. Determinants of elevated blood lead during pregnancy in a population surrounding a lead smelter in Kosovo, Yugoslavia. Environ Health Perspect. 1990; 95-100.	1985-1986	
Serbia	Serbia and Montenegro - Serbia Review of the Implementation of the Millennium Development Goals as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991, 2004	
Serbia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2009	
Serbia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004-2012	
Serbia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004-2012	
Serbia	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Statistical Office of the Republic of Serbia (SORS), Strategic Marketing Research Agency (SMMRI). Serbia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005-2006	
Serbia	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2010-2011	*
Seychelles	Census Commissioner (Seychelles). Seychelles Population and Housing Census 1971.	1971	
Seychelles	Census Commissioner (Seychelles). Seychelles Population and Housing Census 1977.	1977	
Seychelles	Management and Information Systems Division, Ministry of Information Technology and Communication (Seychelles). Seychelles Population and Housing Census 1987.	1987	
Seychelles	Tappy L, Bovet P, Shamlaye C. Prevalence of diabetes and obesity in the adult population of the Seychelles. Diabet Med. 1991; 8(5): 448-52.	1988	
Seychelles	Ministry of Health (Seychelles). Seychelles Cardiovascular Diseases Survey 1989.	1989	
Seychelles	Ministry of Health (Seychelles). Seychelles Heart Study II 1994.	1994	
Seychelles	Bovet P, Kizirian N, Madeleine G, Blössner M, Chiolerio A. Prevalence of thinness in children and adolescents in the Seychelles: comparison of two international growth references. Nutr J. 2011; 65.	1998	
Seychelles	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Seychelles Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Seychelles	Chiolerio A, Madeleine G, Gabriel A, Burnier M, Paccaud F, Bovet P. Prevalence of elevated blood pressure and association with overweight in children of a rapidly developing country. J Hum Hypertens. 2007; 21(2): 120-7.	2002	
Seychelles	Seychelles Millennium Development Goals Status Report 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Seychelles	World Health Organization (WHO), Ministry of Health (Seychelles), Institute of Social and Preventive Medicine, University of Lausanne (Switzerland), University Hospital Center (Switzerland). Seychelles STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
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Seychelles	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Seychelles	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Seychelles	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Seychelles	Seychelles Nutritional Status of Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1988	
Seychelles	Seychelles Nutritional Status of Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987-1988	
Seychelles	Bovet P, Chiolerio A, Shamlaye C, Paccaud F. Prevalence of overweight in the Seychelles: 15 year trends and association with socio-economic status. Obes Rev. 2008; 9(6): 511-7.	1989, 1994, 2004	
Seychelles	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2007	
Sierra Leone	Central Statistics Office (Sierra Leone). Sierra Leone Population and Housing Census 1985.	1985	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone Population and Housing Census 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1985	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone Prevalence of Acute Malnutrition and Edema in Sierra Leonean Refugee Children Living in Koulumba Guinea as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone - Southern Nutritional Survey of Bo Township 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone - Western Area Nutritional Survey of Freetown 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sierra Leone	Central Statistics Office (Sierra Leone), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Sierra Leone Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Sierra Leone	Statistics Sierra Leone and Minnesota Population Center. Sierra Leone Population and Housing Census 2004 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2004	
Sierra Leone	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Statistics Sierra Leone. Sierra Leone Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
Sierra Leone	Statistics Sierra Leone, World Bank. Sierra Leone Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2007.	2007	
Sierra Leone	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Sierra Leone - Western Area Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Sierra Leone	Macro International, Inc, Statistics Sierra Leone. Sierra Leone Demographic and Health Survey 2008. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2008	
Sierra Leone	Ministry of Health and Sanitation (Sierra Leone), World Health Organization (WHO). Sierra Leone STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2009	
Sierra Leone	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Sierra Leone Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010	*
Sierra Leone	Statistics Sierra Leone, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Sierra Leone Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Sierra Leone	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Sierra Leone	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Sierra Leone	ICF International, Ministry of Health and Sanitation (Sierra Leone), Statistics Sierra Leone. Sierra Leone Demographic and Health Survey 2013. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2014.	2013	*

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Sierra Leone	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Sierra Leone	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Sierra Leone	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Sierra Leone	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone Household Expenditure and Economic Activities Survey 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1989-1990	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone National Nutrition Survey 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989-1990	
Sierra Leone	Lisk DR, Williams DE, Slattery J. Blood pressure and hypertension in rural and urban Sierra Leoneans. Ethn Dis. 1999; 9(2): 254-63.	1996-1998	
Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone Integrated Household Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Singapore	Ooi PL, Goh KT, Heng BH, Sam CT, Kong KH, Rajan U. Biological monitoring of human exposure to environmental lead in Singapore. Rev Environ Health. 1991; 9(4): 207-13.	1991	
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Survey 1992.	1992	
Singapore	Neo KS, Goh KT, Sam CT. Blood lead levels of a population group not occupationally exposed to lead in Singapore. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 2000; 31(2): 295-300.	1996	
Singapore	Chia SE, Chia HP, Ong CN, Jeyaratnam J. Cumulative blood lead levels and neurobehavioral test performance. Neurotoxicology. 1997; 18(3): 793-803.	1997	
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Survey 1998.	1998	
Singapore	Singapore National Health Survey 1998 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998	
Singapore	Thoo FL, Chng SM, Lam KS, Lee JBI, Tan MC, Teh HS, Khoo TK. To establish the normal bone mineral density reference database for the Singapore male. Ann Acad Med Singapore . 2002; 31(1): 21-5.	1999	
Singapore	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Singapore Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Singapore	Singapore National Healthcare Group Polyclinics' Anthropometric Growth Charts for preschool Children 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Singapore	Goh JCH, Low SL, Das De S. Bone Mineral Density and Hip Axis Length in Singapore's Multiracial Population. J Clin Densitom . 2004; 7(4): 406-12.	2001	
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore), World Health Organization (WHO). Singapore WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2001.	2001	*
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Surveillance Survey 2001.	2001	
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Survey 2004.	2004	
Singapore	Singapore National Health Survey 2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Singapore	Singapore Cardiovascular Cohort Study Metabolics Data, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2006	
Singapore	Singapore Prospective Study Metabolics Data, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	2006	
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Surveillance Survey 2007.	2007	
Singapore	Health Promotion Board (Singapore). Singapore Student Health Survey 2009.	2009	*
Singapore	Subramaniam M, Picco L, He V, Vaingankar JA, Abdin E, Verma S, Rekhi G, Yap M, Lee J, Chong SA. Body mass index and risk of mental disorders in the general population: results from the Singapore Mental Health Study. J Psychosom Res. 2013; 74(2): 135-41.	2009	*
Singapore	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Singapore	Ministry of Health (Singapore). Singapore National Health Survey 2010.	2010	*
Singapore	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Singapore	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
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Singapore	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-1989, 1991-2008	
Singapore	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2008	
Singapore	National University of Singapore. Singapore Thyroid and Heart Study 1982-1985.	1982-1985	
Singapore	Yim-Lui Cheung C, Wong TY, Lamoureux EL, Sabanayagam C, Li J, Lee J, Tai ES. C-Reactive Protein and Retinal Microvascular Caliber in a Multiethnic Asian Population. Am J Epidemiol. 2009; 171(2): 206-13.	1984, 1994	
Singapore	National University of Singapore. National University of Singapore Heart Study 1993-1995.	1993-1995	
Singapore	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1998-2008	
Singapore	Sabanayagam C, Lim SC, Wong TY, Lee J, Shankar A, Tai ES. Ethnic disparities in prevalence and impact of risk factors of chronic kidney disease. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2010; 25(8): 2564-70.	2008-2010	
Slovakia	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dodenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int . 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
Slovakia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Slovakia	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
Slovakia	Public Health Authority of the Slovak Republic, World Health Organization (WHO). Slovakia WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000.	2000	
Slovakia	Public Health Authority of the Slovak Republic. Slovakia National Anthropometric Survey 2001.	2001	
Slovakia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Slovakia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Slovakia	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Slovakia	World Health Organization (WHO). Slovakia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Slovakia	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
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Slovakia	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Slovakia	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Slovakia	Slovakia - Presov Monitoring the Nutritional Status of the Adult Population 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Slovakia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Slovakia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
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Slovakia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Slovakia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	



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Slovakia	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Slovakia	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997, 2000, 2003	
Slovakia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Slovakia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Slovakia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Slovakia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1985-2008	
Slovakia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1993-2009	
Slovakia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1993-2011	
Slovakia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2012	
Slovakia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1994-2012	
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Slovakia	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
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Slovenia	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. Pediatr Obes. 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
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Slovenia	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2008, 2010-2012	*
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Slovenia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-2012	
Slovenia	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Slovenia	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Slovenia	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Spevácková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2007-2008	
Slovenia	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Slovenia	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
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Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands National Nutrition Survey 1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1989	
Solomon Islands	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Solomon Islands	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Solomon Islands Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands National Statistics Office (SINSO). Solomon Islands Family Health and Safety Study 2008.	2008	*
Solomon Islands	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Solomon Islands	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Solomon Islands	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Solomon Islands Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2011.	2011	*
Solomon Islands	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Solomon Islands	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Solomon Islands	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Solomon Islands	Fiji School of Medicine, Ministry of Health and Medical Services (Solomon Islands), World Health Organization (WHO). Solomon Islands STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands Statistics Office (SINSO). Solomon Islands Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2005-2006. Honiara, Solomon Islands: Solomon Islands Statistics Office (SINSO).	2005-2006	



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Solomon Islands	Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Solomon Islands), Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC), Solomon Islands National Statistics Office (SINSO). Solomon Islands Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Solomon Islands	Solomon Islands Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
Somalia	Somalia - Banaadir Nutritional Survey in Mogadishu 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Somalia	Somalia - Banaadir Nutritional Anthropometric Survey of Displaced and Residents in Mogadishu 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Somalia	Somalia - Gedo Nutritional Anthropometric Survey in Bardera 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Somalia	Somalia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1997 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1997	
Somalia	Somalia - Bay Nutrition Survey in Burhakab and Baido Town August 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Somalia	Somalia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Somalia	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Somalia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1999	
Somalia	Somalia - Bakool Health and Nutrition Survey in El Berde and Rabdure Districts August 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Bakool Health and Nutrition Survey in Huddor District July 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Bakool Nutrition Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Banaadir Anthropometrical Survey of Internally Displaced People Camps in Mogadishu, 17-27 June 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Bay IMC Coverage Survey of MCH, Nutrition and EPI in Dinsor and Berdale Districts 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Bay Nutrition Survey in Burhakaba District June 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Gedo Nutrition Survey in Burdubo District September 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Hiiraan Nutrition Survey Beledweyne District April 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Somalia	Somalia - Awdal Nutrition Survey in Lughaya and Zeila Districts 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Bakool Nutrition Survey in Rabdure District October 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Bay Nutrition Survey in Kansadere District October 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Galguduud Nutrition Survey of Children Aged 6-59 Months in Elder District August 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Gedo Nutrition Survey in Belet Hawa District December 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Jubbada Dhexe Knowledge, Practice and Coverage Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Somalia	Somalia - Jubbada Hoose Nutrition Survey in Jamame District 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	



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Somalia	Somalia - Bakool Nutrition Survey in Rabdure District 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Bay Nutrition Survey in Berdaale District May 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Hiiraan Nutrition Survey Beledweyne District June 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Mudug Nutrition Survey in Galkaio District May 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Mudug Nutrition Survey in Goldogob Town 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Mudug Nutrition Survey in Jerriban District 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Somaliland Nutrition Survey in Sahil Region April-May 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Togdheer Nutrition Survey in Burao District 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Somalia	Somalia - Bari Internally Displaced People Nutrition Survey in Bossaso 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Somalia - Hiiraan Nutrition Survey Beledweyne District 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Somalia - Jubbada Hoose Nutrition Survey in Kismayo District 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Somalia - Mudug Nutrition Survey in Galkaio District 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Somalia - Togdheer Nutrition Survey August 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Somalia - Woqooyi Galbeed Nutrition Survey of Hargesia Returnees and Internally Displaced People Areas 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Somalia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Somalia - Somaliland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Somalia	Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Somalia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Somalia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Somalia-Somaliland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Somalia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Somalia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Somalia	Ministry of National Planning and Development (Somaliland), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Somalia - Somaliland Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011.	2011	*
Somalia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2002, 2004, 2007-2009, 2011	*
Somalia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Somalia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Somalia	Somalia - Gedo Nutrition Survey May 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999-2000	
Somalia	Somalia Socio Economic Survey 2001-2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001-2002	
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South Africa	Steyn K, Jooste PL, Langenhoven ML, Benadé AJ, Rossouw JE, Steyn M, Jordaan PC, Parry CD. Coronary risk factors in the coloured population of the Cape Peninsula. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1985; 67(16): 619-25.	1982	
South Africa	White NW, Dempster WS, Pocock F, Kibel MA. Lead absorption in Cape children: a preliminary report. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1982; 62(22): 799-802.	1982	
South Africa	Deveaux P, Kibel MA, Dempster WS, Pocock F, Formenti K. Blood lead levels in preschool children in Cape Town. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1986; 69(7): 421-4.	1983	
South Africa	Inanda Nutrition Survey Preliminary Report 1984 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
South Africa	The Inanda Nutrition Survey as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
South Africa	Cameron N, Getz B. Sex differences in the prevalence of obesity in rural African adolescents. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 1997; 21(9): 775-82.	1985	
South Africa	Hugo-Hamman CT, Kibel MA, Michie CA, Yach D. Nutrition status of pre-school children in a Cape Town township. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1987; 72(5): 353-5. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986	
South Africa	Levitt NS, Katzenellenbogen JM, Bradshaw D, Hoffman MN, Bonnici F. The prevalence and identification of risk factors for NIDDM in urban Africans in Cape Town, South Africa. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 1993; 16(4): 601-7.	1990	
South Africa	Mollentze WF, Moore AJ, Steyn AF, Joubert G, Steyn K, Oosthuizen GM, Weich DJ. Coronary heart disease risk factors in a rural and urban Orange Free State black population. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1995; 85(2): 90-6.	1990	
South Africa	Steyn K, Fourie J, Lombard C, Katzenellenbogen J, Bourne L, Jooste P. Hypertension in the black community of the Cape Peninsula, South Africa. <i>East Afr Med J.</i> 1996; 73(11): 758-63.	1990	
South Africa	Von Schirnding Y, Mathee A, Robertson P, Strauss N, Kibel M. Distribution of blood lead levels in schoolchildren in selected Cape Peninsula suburbs subsequent to reductions in petrol lead. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 2001; 91(10): 870-2.	1991	
South Africa	Charlton KE, Lambert EV, Kreft J. Physical activity, change in blood pressure and predictors of mortality in older South Africans--a 2-year follow-up study. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1997; 87(9): 1124-30.	1993	
South Africa	Ijsselmuiden CB. Nutritional status and blood pressures of adults in northern Gazankulu. <i>S Afr Med J.</i> 1985; 67(19): 773-5.	1993	
South Africa	International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), University of Natal, University of Wisconsin, Southern Africa Labour Development Research Unit (SALDRU), School of Economics, University of Cape Town. South Africa KwaZulu-Natal Income Dynamics Study 1993. Durban, South Africa: University of Natal.	1993	
South Africa	South Africa Living Standards Measurement Study 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1993	
South Africa	Southern Africa Labour Development Research Unit (SALDRU), School of Economics, University of Cape Town, World Bank. South Africa Living Standards Measurement Study 1993. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1993	
South Africa	Steyn K, Steyn M, Swanepoel A, Jordaan P, Jooste P, Fourie J, Rossouw J. Twelve-year results of the Coronary Risk Factor Study (CORIS). <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 1997; 26(5): 964-71.	1993	
South Africa	South Africa Anthropometric Survey in Primary Schools 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
South Africa	South Africa Anthropometric, Vitamin A, Iron and Immunisation Coverage Status in Children Aged 6 to 71 Months 1994 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1994	
South Africa	South Africa Anthropometric, Vitamin A, Iron and Immunisation Coverage Status in Children Aged 6 to 71 Months 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
South Africa	South Africa Anthropometric, Vitamin A, Iron and Immunisation Coverage Status in Children Aged 6 to 71 Months 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
South Africa	South Africa Anthropometric, Vitamin A, Iron and Immunisation Coverage Status in Children Aged 6 to 71 Months 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1994	
South Africa	Food and Nutrient Availability in South African Households 1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1995	
South Africa	Jinabhai CC, Taylor M, Sullivan KR. Changing patterns of under- and over-nutrition in South African children-future risks of non-communicable diseases. <i>Ann Trop Paediatr.</i> 2005; 25(1): 3-15.	1995	

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South Africa	Nriagu J, Jinabhai CC, Naidoo R, Coutoudis A. Lead poisoning of children in Africa, II. Kwazulu/Natal, South Africa. Sci Total Environ. 1997; 197(1-3): 1-11.	1995	
South Africa	Reddy P, Meyer-Weitz A, Yach D. Smoking status, knowledge of health effects and attitudes towards tobacco control in South Africa. S Afr Med J. 1996; 86(11): 1389-93.	1995	
South Africa	Walker AR, Shor A. Sunlight, cholesterol and coronary heart disease. QJM. 1997; 90(2): 153-4.	1995	
South Africa	Central Statistical Service (South Africa), Minnesota Population Center. South Africa Census 1996 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1996	
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South Africa	Department of Health (South Africa), Macro International, Inc, South African Medical Research Council. South Africa Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc. International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), University of Natal, University of Wisconsin, Data Research Africa (DRA), Policy and Praxis, Southern Africa Labour Development Research Unit (SALDRU), School of Economics, University of Cape Town. South Africa KwaZulu-Natal Income Dynamics Study 1998. Durban, South Africa: University of Natal.	1998	
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South Africa	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). South Africa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	*
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South Africa	South Africa National Food Consumption Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
South Africa	Southern Africa Labour Development Research Unit (SALDRU), School of Economics, University of Cape Town. South Africa Integrated Family Survey 1999.	1999	
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South Africa	Monyeki KD, Kemper HCG, Makgae PJ. Relationship between fat patterns, physical fitness and blood pressure of rural South African children: Ellisras Longitudinal Growth and Health Study. J Hum Hypertens. 2008; 22(5): 311-9.	2000	
South Africa	Seedat S, Nyamai C, Njenga F, Vythilingum B, Stein DJ. Trauma exposure and post-traumatic stress symptoms in urban African schools Survey in CapeTown and Nairobi. Br J Psychiatry. 2004; 184(2): 169-75.	2000	
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South Africa	Armstrong MEG, Lambert MI, Sharwood KA, Lambert EV. Obesity and overweight in South African primary school children -- the Health of the Nation Study. S Afr Med J. 2006; 96(5): 439-44.	2001	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa, Minnesota Population Center. South Africa Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
South Africa	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). South Africa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
South Africa	Charlton KE, Steyn K, Levitt NS, Peer N, Jonathan D, Gogela T, Rossouw K, Gwebushe N, Lombard CJ. A food-based dietary strategy lowers blood pressure in a low socio-economic setting: a randomised study in South Africa. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1397-406. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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South Africa	Naicker N, Richter L, Mathee A, Becker P, Norris SA. Environmental lead exposure and socio-behavioural adjustment in the early teens: the birth to twenty cohort. Sci Total Environ. 2012; 120-5.	2003	
South Africa	Smuts C, Faber M, Schoeman S, Laubscher J, Oelofse A, Benade A, Dhansay M. Socio-demographic factors and anthropometric status of 0-71-month-old children and their caregivers in rural districts of the Eastern Cape and KwaZulu-Natal provinces of South Africa. S Afr J Clin Nutr. 2008; 21(3): 117-24. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
South Africa	South Africa General Household Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003	
South Africa	Alberts M, Urdal P, Steyn K, Stensvold I, Tverdal A, Nel JH, Steyn NP. Prevalence of cardiovascular diseases and associated risk factors in a rural black population of South Africa. Eur J Cardio Prev Rehabil. 2005; 12(4): 347-54.	2004	
South Africa	South Africa General Household Survey 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2004	
South Africa	University of Kwazulu-Natal, University of Wisconsin, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI), Department of Social Development (South Africa), Norwegian Institute for Urban and Regional Research (NIBR). South Africa KwaZulu-Natal Income Dynamics Study 2004. Durban, South Africa: University of Kwazulu-Natal.	2004	
South Africa	Lindsay R, Newman RT, Speelman WJ. A study of airborne radon levels in Paarl houses (South Africa) and associated source terms, using electret ion chambers and gamma-ray spectrometry. Appl Radiat Isot. 2008; 66(11): 1611-4.	2005	
South Africa	Motala AA, Esterhuizen T, Gouws E, Pirie FJ, Omar MA. Diabetes and other disorders of glycemia in a rural South African community: prevalence and associated risk factors. Diabetes Care. 2008; 31(9): 1783-8.	2005	
South Africa	South Africa General Household Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
South Africa	South Africa General Household Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa, Minnesota Population Center. South Africa Community Survey 2007 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2007	
South Africa	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). South Africa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
South Africa	South Africa National Income Dynamics Study - Wave 1 - 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa. South Africa General Household Survey 2008. Pretoria, South Africa: Statistics South Africa.	2008	
South Africa	University of Cape Town, Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit. National Income Dynamics Study (NIDS) Wave 1 [computer files]. Cape Town: Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit [producer], 2009. Cape Town: DataFirst [distributor], 2009	2008	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa. South Africa General Household Survey 2009. Pretoria, South Africa: Statistics South Africa.	2009	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa. South Africa General Household Survey 2010. Pretoria, South Africa: Statistics South Africa.	2010	
South Africa	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
South Africa	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
South Africa	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). South Africa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
South Africa	Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit. National Income Dynamics Study 2012, Wave 3 [dataset]. Version 1.2. Cape Town: Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit [producer], 2013. Cape Town: DataFirst [distributor], 2013.	2012	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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South Africa	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2005, 2008, 2011	*
South Africa	Department of Health (South Africa), Human Sciences Research Council, World Health Organization (WHO). South Africa WHO Study on Global AGEing and Adult Health 2007-2008. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007-2008	
South Africa	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
South Africa	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
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South Africa	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
South Africa	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline:? An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1984, 1989	
South Africa	Maresky LS, Grobler SR. Effect of the reduction of petrol lead on the blood lead levels of South Africans. Sci Total Environ. 1993; 136(1-2): 43-8.	1984, 1990	
South Africa	Grobler SR, Maresky LS, Kotze TJ. Lead reduction of petrol and blood lead concentrations of athletes. Arch Environ Health. 1992; 47(2): 139-42.	1985, 1990	
South Africa	South Africa First RHOSA Nutrition Survey: Anthropometric Assessment of Nutritional Status in Black Under -5s in Rural South Africa 1986 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1987	
South Africa	Kalla AA, Fataar AB, Bewerunge L. Assessment of age-related bone loss in normal South African women by means of the Hologic QDR 1000 system. S Afr Med J . 1994; 84(7): 398-404.	1989-1991	
South Africa	Omar MA, Seedat MA, Motala AA, Dyer RB, Becker P. The prevalence of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in a group of urban South African blacks. S Afr Med J. 1993; 83(9): 641-3.	1990-1992	
South Africa	Mathee A, Röllin H, von Schirnding Y, Levin J, Naik I. Reductions in blood lead levels among school children following the introduction of unleaded petrol in South Africa. Environ Res. 2006; 100(3): 319-22.	1991, 1999, 2003	
South Africa	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
South Africa	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000-2008, 2011-2012	
South Africa	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2000-2012	
South Africa	Thorogood M, Connor M, Tollman S, Lewando Hundt G, Fowkes G, Marsh J. A cross-sectional study of vascular risk factors in a rural South African population: data from the Southern African Stroke Prevention Initiative (SASPI). BMC Public Health. 2007; 326.	2002, 2003	
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South Africa	Department of Health (South Africa), Macro International, Inc, South African Medical Research Council. South Africa Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004.	2003-2004	
South Africa	South Africa Income and Expenditure Survey 2005-2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005-2006	
South Africa	Statistics South Africa. South Africa Income and Expenditure Survey 2005-2006. Pretoria, South Africa: Statistics South Africa.	2005-2006	
South Africa	Department of Environmental Affairs (South Africa), South African Weather Service. South Africa Air Quality Information System Database. Pretoria, South Africa: South African Weather Service. [Unpublished].	2010, 2012	*
South Africa	Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit. National Income Dynamics Study 2010-2011, Wave 2. Version 1.0. Cape Town: Southern Africa Labour and Development Research Unit [producer], 2012. Cape Town: DataFirst [distributor], 2013.	2010-2011	*
South Korea	National Bureau of Statistics (South Korea). Korea, South Population and Housing Census 1980.	1980	
South Korea	Korea, South Household Cooking Fuels Data 1983.	1983	
South Korea	Sook B, Young-Ok K, Hae-Kyung C. Field appraisal of the nutritional status of preschool children and their mothers and the investigation of its determinants in rural Korea. Korean J Epidemiol. 1986; 269-313. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
South Korea	National Bureau of Statistics (South Korea). Korea, South Population and Housing Census 1985.	1985	
South Korea	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Korea INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
South Korea	Park Y, Lee H, Koh CS, Min H, Yoo K, Kim Y, Shin Y. Prevalence of diabetes and IGT in Yonchon County, South Korea. Diabetes Care. 1995; 18(4): 545-8.	1988	
South Korea	Ministry of Health and Welfare (South Korea). Korea, South National Health Survey 1989.	1989	
South Korea	Jones DW, Kim JS, Andrew ME, Kim SJ, Hong YP. Body mass index and blood pressure in Korean men and women: the Korean National Blood Pressure Survey. J Hypertens. 1994; 12(12): 1433-7.	1990	
South Korea	National Statistical Office (South Korea). Korea, South Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
South Korea	Jee SH, Samet JM, Ohrr H, Kim JH, Kim IS. Smoking and cancer risk in Korean men and women. Cancer Causes Control. 2004; 15(4): 341-8.	1993	
South Korea	Ministry of Health and Welfare (South Korea). Korea, South National Health Survey 1995.	1995	
South Korea	Moon CS, Zhang ZW, Shimbo S, Watanabe T, Moon DH, Lee CU, Lee BK, Ahn KD, Lee SH, Ikeda M. Dietary intake of cadmium and lead among the general population in Korea. Environ Res. 1995; 71(1): 46-54.	1995	
South Korea	Yang JS, Kang SK, Park IJ, Rhee KY, Moon YH, Sohn DH. Lead concentrations in blood among the general population of Korea. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 1996; 68(3): 199-202.	1996	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1998.	1998	
South Korea	Trans Fatty Acids in Human Nutrition as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998	
South Korea	Kim J-M, Stewart R, Kim S-W, Yang S-J, Shin I-S, Yoon J-S. Vascular risk factors and incident late-life depression in a Korean population. Br J Psychiatry. 2006; 189(1): 26-30.	2001	
South Korea	Kim JM. Vascular disease/risk and late-life depression in a Korean community population. Br J Psychiatry. 2004; 185(2): 102-7.	2001	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2001.	2001	
South Korea	Lee K, Song Y-M. Parent-reported appetite of a child and the child's weight status over a 2-year period in Korean children. J Am Diet Assoc. 2007; 107(4): 678-80.	2001	
South Korea	Korea Institute for Health and Social Affairs (KIHASA). Korea, South National Fertility and Family Health Survey 2003.	2003	
South Korea	Lee K, Lee S, Kim SY, Kim SJ, Kim YJ. Percent body fat cutoff values for classifying overweight and obesity recommended by the International Obesity Task Force (IOTF) in Korean children. Asia Pac J Clin Nutr. 2007; 16(4): 649-55.	2003	
South Korea	Schwekendiek D, Pak S. Recent growth of children in the two Koreas: a meta-analysis. Econ Hum Biol. 2009; 7(1): 109-12. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
South Korea	Yoo S, Lee S-Y, Kim K-N, Sung E. Obesity in Korean pre-adolescent school children: comparison of various anthropometric measurements based on bioelectrical impedance analysis. Int J Obes (Lond). 2006; 30(7): 1086-90.	2003	
South Korea	Min K-B, Min J-Y, Cho S-I, Kim R, Kim H, Paek D. Relationship between low blood lead levels and growth in children of white-collar civil servants in Korea. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2008; 211(1-2): 82-7.	2004	
South Korea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Korea, South Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
South Korea	Chang Y, Woo H-Y, Sung E, Kim CH, Kang H, Ju YS, Park KH. Prevalence of acanthosis nigricans in relation to anthropometric measures: community-based cross-sectional study in Korean pre-adolescent school children. Pediatr Int. 2008; 50(5): 667-73.	2005	
South Korea	Ha M, Kwon H-J, Lim M-H, Jee Y-K, Hong Y-C, Leem J-H, Sakong J, Bae J-M, Hong S-J, Roh Y-M, Jo S-J. Low blood levels of lead and mercury and symptoms of attention deficit hyperactivity in children: a report of the children's health and environment research (CHEER). Neurotoxicology. 2009; 30(1): 31-6.	2005	
South Korea	Hong Y-C, Oh S-Y, Kwon S-O, Park M-S, Kim H, Leem J-H, Ha E-H. Blood lead level modifies the association between dietary antioxidants and oxidative stress in an urban adult population. Br J Nutr. 2013; 109(1): 148-54.	2005	*
South Korea	Kim C-K, Lee S-C, Lee D-M, Chang B-U, Rho B-H, Kang H-D. Nationwide survey of radon levels in Korea. Health Phys. 2003; 84(3): 354-60.	2005	
South Korea	Kim N-S, Lee B-K. National estimates of blood lead, cadmium, and mercury levels in the Korean general adult population. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 2011; 84(1): 53-63.	2005	
South Korea	Kim Y, Chang B-U, Park H-M, Kim C-K, Tokonami S. National radon survey in Korea. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2011; 146(1-3): 6-10.	2005	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2005.	2005	

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South Korea	Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
South Korea	Kweon S-S, Shin M-H, Park K-S, Nam H-S, Jeong S-K, Ryu S-Y, Chung E-K, Choi J-S. Distribution of the ankle-brachial index and associated cardiovascular risk factors in a population of middle-aged and elderly Koreans. J Korean Med Sci. 2005; 20(3): 373-8.	2005	
South Korea	Yoon YS, Oh SW, Baik HW, Park HS, Kim WY. Alcohol consumption and the metabolic syndrome in Korean adults: the 1998 Korean National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(1): 217-24.	2005	
South Korea	Center for Human Resource Research, Ohio State University, Korea Labor Institute (South Korea), RAND Corporation, Statistics Netherlands. Korea, South Longitudinal Study of Ageing 2006. Seoul, South Korea: Korea Labor Institute (South Korea).	2006	
South Korea	Yoo S, Kim H-B, Lee S-Y, Kim B-S, Kim J-H, Yu J-H, Kim B-J, Hong S-J. Association between obesity and the prevalence of allergic diseases, atopy, and bronchial hyperresponsiveness in Korean adolescents. Int Arch Allergy Immunol. 2011; 154(1): 42-8.	2006	
South Korea	Jeong JS, Choi JK, Jeong IS, Paek KR, In HK, Park KD. [A nationwide survey on the hand washing behavior and awareness]. J Prev Med Pub Health. 2007; 40(3): 197-204.	2007	*
South Korea	Kim Y, Cho S-C, Kim B-N, Hong Y-C, Shin M-S, Yoo H-J, Kim J-W, Bhang S-Y. Association between blood lead levels ( $\leq 5 \mu\text{g/dL}$ ) and inattention-hyperactivity and neurocognitive profiles in school-aged Korean children. Sci Total Environ. 2010; 408(23): 5737-43.	2007	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2007.	2007	
South Korea	Min J-Y, Min K-B, Kim R, Cho S-I, Paek D. Blood lead levels and increased bronchial responsiveness. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2008; 123(1-3): 41-6.	2007	
South Korea	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Korea, South Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
South Korea	Cho S-C, Kim B-N, Hong Y-C, Shin M-S, Yoo HJ, Kim J-W, Bhang S-Y, Cho IH, Kim H-W. Effect of environmental exposure to lead and tobacco smoke on inattentive and hyperactive symptoms and neurocognitive performance in children. J Child Psychol Psychiatry. 2010; 51(9): 1050-7.	2008	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2008.	2008	*
South Korea	Lee JW, Lee CK, Moon CS, Choi IJ, Lee KJ, Yi S-M, Jang B-K, Yoon BJ, Kim DS, Peak D, Sul D, Oh E, Im H, Kang HS, Kim J, Lee J-T, Kim K, Park KL, Ahn R, Park SH, Kim SC, Park C-H, Lee JH. Korea National Survey for Environmental Pollutants in the Human Body 2008: heavy metals in the blood or urine of the Korean population. Int J Hyg Environ Health. 2012; 215(4): 449-57.	2008	
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2009.	2009	*
South Korea	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2010	*
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2010.	2010	*
South Korea	Park HA. The Korea National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey as a Primary Data Source. Korean J Fam Med. 2013; 34(2): 79.	2010	*
South Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
South Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
South Korea	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea, South National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2011.	2011	*
South Korea	Korea Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Korea Youth Risk Behavior Web-Based Survey 2012.	2012	*
South Korea	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
South Korea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
South Korea	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
South Korea	Suh I. Cardiovascular mortality in Korea: a country experiencing epidemiologic transition. Acta Cardiol. 2001; 56(2): 75-81.	1980, 1990, 1999	
South Korea	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	



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South Korea	Guidebook on Promotion of Sustainable Energy Consumption: Consumer Organizations and Efficient Energy Use in the Residential Sector as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1983, 1986, 1989, 1992, 1995, 1998	
South Korea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1993, 1999-2008	
South Korea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
South Korea	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2010	
South Korea	Lee R, Lee H, Yoo I, Kim S-R. Trend of blood lead levels in children in an industrial complex and its suburban area in Ulsan, Korea. Int Arch Occup Environ Health. 2002; 75(7): 507-10.	1997, 1999, 2001	
South Korea	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
South Korea	Kim S, Lim CS, Han DC, Kim GS, Chin HJ, Kim SJ, Cho WY, Kim YH, Kim YS. The prevalence of chronic kidney disease (CKD) and the associated factors to CKD in urban Korea: a population-based cross-sectional epidemiologic study. J Korean Med Sci. 2009; 24(Suppl): S11-21.	2005-2006	
South Korea	Seoul National University Bundang Hospital. Korean Longitudinal Study on Health and Aging (KLoSHA) 2005-2006.	2005-2006	
South Korea	Shin CS, Choi HJ, Kim MJ, Kim JT, Yu SH, Koo BK, Cho HY, Cho SW, Kim SW, Park YJ, Jang HC, Kim SY, Cho NH. Prevalence and risk factors of osteoporosis in Korea: a community-based cohort study with lumbar spine and hip bone mineral density. Bone . 2010; 47(2): 378-87.	2006-2007	*
South Korea	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
South Korea	Byun Y-H, Ha M, Kwon H-J, Hong Y-C, Leem J-H, Sakong J, Kim SY, Lee CG, Kang D, Choi H-D, Kim N. Mobile phone use, blood lead levels, and attention deficit hyperactivity symptoms in children: a longitudinal study. PLoS One. 2013; 8(3): e59742.	2008, 2010	*
South Korea	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2008, 2010	*
South Korea	Kim Y, Lee B-K. Associations of blood lead, cadmium, and mercury with estimated glomerular filtration rate in the Korean general population: analysis of 2008-2010 Korean National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey data. Environ Res. 2012; 118: 124-9.	2008-2010	
South Korea	Bhang S-Y, Cho S-C, Kim J-W, Hong Y-C, Shin M-S, Yoo HJ, Cho IH, Kim Y, Kim B-N. Relationship between blood manganese levels and children's attention, cognition, behavior, and academic performance- A nationwide cross-sectional study. Environ Res. 2013; 9-16.	2009-2012	*
South Sudan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2012	*
Spain	Martínez A, Izquierdo R, Balanzategui I. Hipertensión, obesidad, consumo de alcohol, tabaco y caféina frente a las enfermedades vasculares, en la comunidad foral de Navarra. Rev Clin Esp. 1987; 180(1): 25-31.	1982	
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Spain	Hernández Lanchas C, Parrilla Herranz P, Llorente Domingo P, Hernández Bueno MD, Arranz Nieto MJ, Portillo Cazorla A, Celdrán Gil J, Durán Pérez-Navarro A. [Cardiovascular risk factors in a natural population. Study of Talavera de la Reina. Evaluation of smoking]. <i>An Med Interna</i> . 1992; 9(2): 64-71.	1990	
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Spain	European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). EMCDDA Annual Report 2007. Lisbon, Portugal: European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA), 2007.	1998	*
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Spain	Rodríguez-Artalejo F, Garcés C, Gorgojo L, López García E, Martín-Moreno JM, Benavente M, del Barrio JL, Rubio R, Ortega H, Fernández O, de Oya M, Investigators of the Four Provinces Study. Dietary patterns among children aged 6-7 y in four Spanish cities with widely differing cardiovascular mortality. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2002; 56(2): 141-8.	1998	
Spain	Serra-Majem L, Aranceta Bartrina J, Pérez-Rodrigo C, Ribas-Barba L, Delgado-Rubio A. Prevalence and determinants of obesity in Spanish children and young people. Br J Nutr. 2006; S67-72.	1998	
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Spain	National Statistics Institute (Spain). Spain European Community Household Panel 1999.	1999	
Spain	Spain Blood Glucose Data 1999, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1999	
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Spain	Roskam A-JR, Kunst AE. The predictive value of different socio-economic indicators for overweight in nine European countries. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1256-66.	2000	
Spain	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofía Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofía Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Spain	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2001	
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Spain	National Statistics Institute (Spain), Minnesota Population Center. Spain Population and Housing Census 2001 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
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Spain	Buckland G, Salas-Salvadó J, Roure E, Bulló M, Serra-Majem L. Sociodemographic risk factors associated with metabolic syndrome in a Mediterranean population. Public Health Nutr. 2008; 11(12): 1372-8.	2002	
Spain	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*

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Spain	Spain Lifestyles of School Age Teenagers 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
Spain	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Spain Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2003. [Unpublished].	2003	
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Spain	Spain National Health Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Spain	Vara-González L, Muñoz Cacho P, Sanz de Castro S. Prevalencia, detección, tratamiento y control de la hipertensión arterial en Cantabria en 2002. Rev Esp Salud Publica. 2007; 81(2).	2003	
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Spain	Otero A, Gayoso P, García F, de Francisco AL; EPIRCE study group. Epidemiology of chronic renal disease in the Galician population: results of the pilot Spanish EPIRCE study. Kidney Int Suppl. 2005; 99(Suppl): S16-9.	2004	
Spain	Perez-Fernandez R, Mariño AF, Cadarso-Suarez C, Botana MA, Tome MA, Solache I, Rego-Iraeta A, Mato AJ. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Galicia (Spain) and association with related diseases. J Hum Hypertens. 2007; 21(5): 366-73.	2004	
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Spain	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
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Spain	Quindós LS, Fernandez PL, Sainz C, Gomez J, Matarranz JL, Suarez Mahou E. The Spanish experience on HBRA. In: Sugahara T, Morishima H, Sohrabi M, Sasaki Y, Hayata I, Akiba A, editors. High levels of natural radiation and radon areas: radiation dose and health effects. 6th International Conference on High Levels of Natural Radiation and Radon Areas; 2004 Sept 6-10; Osaka. Amsterdam; San Diego: Elsevier, 2005. (ICS; 1276). p. 50-53.	2005	



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Spain	Tondeur F, Ródenas J, Querol A, Ortiz J, Juste B. Indoor radon measurements in the city of Valencia. <i>Appl Radiat Isot</i> . 2011; 69(8): 1131-3.	2005	
Spain	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Spain	Gil J, Mora T. The determinants of misreporting weight and height: The role of social norms. <i>Econ Hum Biol</i> . 2011; 9(1): 78-91.	2006	
Spain	Gonzalez Barcala FJ, Pertega S, Bamonde L, Garnelo L, Perez Castro T, Sampedro M, Sanchez Lastres J, San Jose Gonzalez MA, Lopez Silvarrey A. Mediterranean diet and asthma in Spanish schoolchildren. <i>Pediatr Allergy Immunol</i> . 2010; 21(7): 1021-7.	2006	
Spain	López Suárez A, Elvira González J, Beltrán Robles M, Alwakil M, Saucedo JM, Bascuñana Quirell A, Barón Ramos MA, Fernández Palacín F. Prevalence of obesity, diabetes, hypertension, hypercholesterolemia and metabolic syndrome in over 50-year-olds in Sanlúcar de Barrameda, Spain. <i>Rev Esp Cardiol</i> . 2008; 61(11): 1150-8.	2006	
Spain	Martín-López R, Pérez-Farinós N, Hernández-Barrera V, de Andres AL, Carrasco-Garrido P, Jiménez-García R. The association between excess weight and self-rated health and psychological distress in women in Spain. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2011; 14(7): 1259-65.	2006	
Spain	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
Spain	Rodríguez-Martín A, Novalbos Ruiz JP, Martínez Nieto JM, Escobar Jiménez L. Life-style factors associated with overweight and obesity among Spanish adults. <i>Nutr Hosp</i> . 2009; 24(2): 144-51.	2006	
Spain	Vives-Cases C, Ruiz-Cantero MT, Escribà-Agüir V, Miralles JJ. The effect of intimate partner violence and other forms of violence against women on health. <i>J Public Health (Oxf)</i> . 2011; 33(1): 15-21.	2006	*
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Spain	Vázquez FL, Díaz O, Pomar C. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among preadolescent schoolchildren in Galicia, Spain. <i>Child Care Health Dev</i> . 2010; 36(3): 392-5.	2007	
Spain	Gómez-Cabello A, Pedrero-Chamizo R, Olivares PR, Hernández-Perera R, Rodríguez-Marroyo JA, Mata E, Aznar S, Villa JG, Espino-Torón L, Gusi N, González-Gross M, Casajús JA, Ara I, Vicente-Rodríguez G, EXERNET Study Group. Sitting time increases the overweight and obesity risk independently of walking time in elderly people from Spain. <i>Maturitas</i> . 2012; 73(4): 337-43.	2008	
Spain	Hernández AF, Gil F, Leno E, López O, Rodrigo L, Pla A. Interaction between human serum esterases and environmental metal compounds. <i>Neurotoxicology</i> . 2009; 30(4): 628-35.	2008	
Spain	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Spain	Ferra A, Bibiloni MDM, Zapata ME, Pich J, Pons A, Tur JA. Body mass index, life-style, and healthy status in free living elderly people in Menorca Island. <i>J Nutr Health Aging</i> . 2012; 16(4): 298-305.	2009	*
Spain	Ministry of Health, Social Services, and Equality (Spain). Spain National Observatory of Violence Against Women Annual Report 2010.	2009	*
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Spain	Brug J, van Stralen MM, Te Velde SJ, Chinapaw MJM, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Lien N, Bere E, Maskini V, Singh AS, Maes L, Moreno L, Jan N, Kovacs E, Lobstein T, Manios Y. Differences in weight status and energy-balance related behaviors among schoolchildren across Europe: the ENERGY-project. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2012; 7(4): e34742.	2010	
Spain	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*



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Spain	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Spain	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1980-1981, 1990-1991, 1998-1999	
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Spain	Vives-Cases C, Carrasco-Portiño M, Alvarez-Dardet C. [Epidemic of intimate partner violence against women in Spain. Temporal distribution and victim age]. Gac Sanit. 2007; 21(4): 298-305.	1998-2005	*
Spain	Vives-Cases C, Torrubiano-Domínguez J, Alvarez-Dardet C. [Temporary distribution of reports and murders because of partner violence during the period 1998-2006, Spain]. Rev Esp Salud Publica. 2008; 82(1): 91-100.	1998-2006	*
Spain	World Health Organization (WHO). Spain World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Spain	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health, Social Services, and Equality (Spain). Spain National Report on Progress UNGASS 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2004-2010	*
Spain	Ministry of Health, Social Services, and Equality (Spain). Spain National Observatory of Violence Against Women Annual Report 2009.	2006-2008	*
Spain	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Spain	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Spain	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Spain	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Spain	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2008	
Spain	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1984, 1991, 1993	
Spain	Salcedo V, Gutiérrez-Fisac JL, Guallar-Castillón P, Rodríguez-Artalejo F. Trends in overweight and misperceived overweight in Spain from 1987 to 2007. Int J Obes (Lond). 2010; 34(12): 1759-65.	1987, 1995, 2001, 2006	
Spain	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1987-1995	
Spain	Izquierdo-Alvarez S, Calvo-Ruata ML, González-López JM, García de Jalón-Comet A, Escanero-Marcén JF. The need to update reference values for lead in Zaragoza, Spain. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2008; 123(1-3): 277-80.	1989, 2005	
Spain	National Statistics Institute (Spain), Minnesota Population Center. Spain Population and Housing Census 1990-1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990-1991	
Spain	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Spain	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
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Spain	Simal F, Martín Escudero JC, Bellido J, Arzuza D, Mena FJ, González Melgosa I, Alvarez Hurtado AA, Tabuyo MB, Molina A. Prevalence of mild to moderate chronic kidney disease in the general population of Spain. Hortega study. Nefrologia. 2004; 24(4): 329-33.	1997-2000	
Spain	De Pablos-Velasco PL, Martínez-Martín FJ, Rodríguez-Pérez F, Anía BJ, Losada A, Betancor P. Prevalence and determinants of diabetes mellitus and glucose intolerance in a Canarian Caucasian population - comparison of the 1997 ADA and the 1985 WHO criteria. The Guía Study. Diabet Med. 2001; 18(3): 235-41.	1998-2000	
Spain	De Pablos-Velasco P, Martinez-Martin FJ, Perez FR, Urioste LMR, Robles RG. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in a Canarian population. Relationship with glucose tolerance categories. The Guia Study. J Hypertens. 2002; 19: 1665-72.	1999-2001	
Spain	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Spain	Gutiérrez-Fisac JL, León-Muñoz LM, Regidor E, Banegas J, Rodríguez-Artalejo F. Trends in obesity and abdominal obesity in the older adult population of Spain (2000-2010). Obes Facts. 2013; 6(1): 1-8.	2000, 2008	*
Spain	Carrascosa Lezcano A, Fernández García JM, Fernández Ramos C, Ferrández Longás A, López-Siguero JP, Sánchez González E, Sobradillo Ruiz B, Yeste Fernández D, Grupo Colaborador Español. [Spanish cross-sectional growth study 2008. Part II. Height, weight and body mass index values from birth to adulthood]. An Pediatr (Barc). 2008; 68(6): 552-69. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000-2004	
Spain	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Spain	Spain Catalan Nutrition Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2002-2003	
Spain	García-Esquinas E, Pérez-Gómez B, Fernández-Navarro P, Fernández MA, de Paz C, Pérez-Meixeira AM, Gil E, Iriso A, Sanz JC, Astray J, Cisneros M, de Santos A, Asensio A, García-Sagredo JM, García JF, Vioque J, López-Abente G, Pollán M, González MJ, Martínez M, Aragonés N. Lead, mercury and cadmium in umbilical cord blood and its association with parental epidemiological variables and birth factors. BMC Public Health. 2013; 13(1): 841.	2003-2004	*
Spain	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Spain	Otero A, de Francisco A, Gayoso P, García F, EPIRCE Study Group. Prevalence of chronic renal disease in Spain: results of the EPIRCE study. Nefrologia. 2010; 30(1): 78-86.	2004-2008	
Spain	de Francisco AL, De la Cruz JJ, Cases A, de la Figuera M, Egocheaga MI, Górriz JI, Llisterri JI, Marín R, Martínez Castela A. Prevalence of kidney insufficiency in primary care population in Spain: EROCAP study. Nefrologia. 2007; 27(3): 300-12.	2005-2006	
Spain	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Spain	Zubero MB, Aurrekoetxea JJ, Ibarluzea JM, Arenaza MJ, Rodríguez C, Sáenz JR. Heavy metal levels (Pb, Cd, Cr and Hg) in the adult general population near an urban solid waste incinerator. Sci Total Environ. 2010; 408(20): 4468-74.	2006, 2008	
Spain	Ministry of Health, Social Services, and Equality (Spain), National Statistics Institute (Spain). Spain National Health Survey 2006-2007.	2006-2007	
Spain	Spain National Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006-2007	
Spain	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
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Spain	Gualtar-Castillón P, Gil-Montero M, León-Muñoz LM, Graciani A, Bayán-Bravo A, Taboada JM, Banegas JR, Rodríguez-Artalejo F. Magnitude and management of hypercholesterolemia in the adult population of Spain, 2008-2010: The ENRICA Study. Rev Esp Cardiol (Engl Ed). 2012; 65(6): 551-8.	2008-2010	*

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Spain	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Spain	Spain European Health Survey 2009-2010 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2009-2010	
Spain	OSPAR Commission. EBAS Database CAMP Framework - OSPARCOM Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 2000-2013.	2009-2012	*
Spain	Spanish Agency for Food Safety and Nutrition. Spain ALADINO Study 2010-2011.	2010-2011	*
Spain	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Spain	Ministry of Health, Social Services, and Equality (Spain), National Statistics Institute (Spain). Spain National Health Survey 2011-2012.	2011-2012	*
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Population and Housing Census 1971.	1971	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka), International Statistical Institute. Sri Lanka World Fertility Survey 1975. Voorburg, Netherlands: International Statistical Institute.	1975	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka - North Western Survey on the Nutritional Status of Preschool Children Living in Some Selected Drought Stricken Villages as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey 1993.	1993	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Millennium Development Goals Indicators Review 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1994	
Sri Lanka	Ramanujam P, Nestel P. Preliminary report on the fourth national nutrition and health survey July - August, 1995. Ceylon J Med Sci. 1997. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sri Lanka	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Sri Lanka	Subramaniam P, Sivayogan S. The prevalence and pattern of wife beating in the Trincomalee district in eastern Sri Lanka. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 2001; 32(1): 186-95.	1999	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka), Ministry of Health, Nutrition and Welfare (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Colombo, Sri Lanka: Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka), 2008.	2000	
Sri Lanka	Malavige GN, de Alwis NM, Weerasooriya N, Fernando DJ, Siribaddana SH. Increasing diabetes and vascular risk factors in a sub-urban Sri Lankan population. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2002; 57(2): 143-5.	2000	
Sri Lanka	Alcohol and Drug Information Center (ADIC) (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Sentinel Tobacco Use Prevalence Survey 2001.	2001	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Assessment of Anemia Status 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2001	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Population and Housing Census 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2001	
Sri Lanka	Wijewardene K, Mohideen MR, Mendis S, Fernando DS, Kulathilaka T, Weerasekara D, Uluwitta P. Prevalence of hypertension, diabetes and obesity: baseline findings of a population based survey in four provinces in Sri Lanka. Ceylon Med J. 2005; 50(2): 62-70.	2001	
Sri Lanka	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Sri Lanka Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2002. [Unpublished].	2002	

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Sri Lanka	Wickramasinghe VP, Lamabadusuriya SP, Atapattu N, Sathyadas G, Kuruparanantha S, Karunarathne P. Nutritional status of schoolchildren in an urban area of Sri Lanka. Ceylon Med J. 2004; 49(4): 114-8.	2002	
Sri Lanka	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Sri Lanka	Ministry of Health (Sri Lanka), World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka - Western STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	*
Sri Lanka	World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Sri Lanka	Abdominal obesity and its association with selected risk factors of coronary heart disease in an adult population in the district of Colombo as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Sri Lanka	Lekamwasam S, Lenora J. Age-related trends in hip geometry in Sri Lankan women: a cross-sectional study. J Bone Miner Metab . 2007; 25(6): 431-5.	2004	
Sri Lanka	Jayasuriya V, Wijewardena K, Axemo P. Intimate partner violence against women in the capital province of Sri Lanka: prevalence, risk factors, and help seeking. Violence Against Women. 2011; 17(8): 1086-102.	2005	*
Sri Lanka	Jayatissa R, Bekele A, Piyasena CL, Mahamithawa S. Assessment of nutritional status of children under five years of age, pregnant women, and lactating women living in relief camps after the tsunami in Sri Lanka. Food Nutr Bull. 2006; 27(2): 144-52.	2005	
Sri Lanka	Katulanda P, Constantine GR, Mahesh JG, Sheriff R, Seneviratne RD, Wijeratne S, Wijesuriya M, McCarthy MI, Adler AI, Matthews DR. Prevalence and projections of diabetes and pre-diabetes in adults in Sri Lanka--Sri Lanka Diabetes, Cardiovascular Study (SLDCS). Diabet Med. 2008; 25(9): 1062-9.	2006	
Sri Lanka	Ministry of Health (Sri Lanka), World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	
Sri Lanka	Perera B, Ostbye T. Prevalence and correlates of sexual abuse reported by late adolescent school children in Sri Lanka. Int J Adolesc Med Health. 2009; 21(2): 203-11.	2006	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Sri Lanka	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Sri Lanka	Dassanayake AS, Kasturiratne A, Rajindrajith S, Kalubowila U, Chakrawarthy S, De Silva AP, Makaya M, Mizoue T, Kato N, Wickremasinghe AR, de Silva HJ. Prevalence and risk factors for non-alcoholic fatty liver disease among adults in an urban Sri Lankan population. J Gastroenterol Hepatol. 2009; 24(7): 1284-8.	2007	
Sri Lanka	Jayatilleke A, Poudel KC, Sakisaka K, Yasuoka J, Jayatilleke AU, Jimba M. Wives' attitudes toward gender roles and their experience of intimate partner violence by husbands in Central Province, Sri Lanka. J Interpers Violence. 2011; 26(3): 414-32.	2007	*
Sri Lanka	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Sri Lanka), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Sri Lanka Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2008 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2008	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Nutrition and Food Security Assessment 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009	
Sri Lanka	Wickramasinghe VP, Arambepola C, Bandara P, Abeysekera M, Kuruppu S, Dilshan P, Dissanayake BS. Distribution of obesity-related metabolic markers among 5-15 year old children from an urban area of Sri Lanka. Ann Hum Biol. 2013; 40(2): 168-74.	2009	*
Sri Lanka	Clean Air Asia. Asia Air Quality Annual PM10 Averages 2005-2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Sri Lanka	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Sri Lanka	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	



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Sri Lanka	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Sri Lanka Country Progress Report 2010-2011. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1986-2011	*
Sri Lanka	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2005, 2010, 2012	*
Sri Lanka	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Sri Lanka	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Food and Nutrition Statistics 1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1980-1982	
Sri Lanka	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sri Lanka	Cousens SN, Mertens TE, Fernando MA. The anthropometric status of children in Kurunegala district in Sri Lanka: its relation to water supply, sanitation and hygiene practice. Trop Med Parasitol. 1990; 41(1): 105-14. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1988	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Nutritional Status Survey 1988-1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988-1989	
Sri Lanka	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Vitamin A Deficiency Status of Children Survey 1995-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995-1996	
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Vitamin A Deficiency Status of Children Survey 1995-1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1995-1996	
Sri Lanka	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2010	
Sri Lanka	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2002-2010	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007. Sri Lanka Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006-2007	
Sri Lanka	Department of Census and Statistics (Sri Lanka). Sri Lanka Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2009-2010.	2009-2010	
Sri Lanka	Fulu E, Jewkes R, Roselli T, Garcia-Morena C, UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence research team. Prevalence of and factors associated with male perpetration of intimate partner violence: findings from the UN Multi-country Cross-sectional Study on Men and Violence in Asia and the Pacific. Lancet Glob Health. 2013; 1(4): e187-e207.	2010-2013	*
Sudan	Ministry of National Planning (Sudan). Sudan Population and Housing Census 1983.	1983	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Baseline Survey Results, Part 3 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Monitoring Report 1 1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Monitoring Report 2 1988 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Sudan	Tayeh A, Cairncross S. The impact of dracunculiasis on the nutritional status of children in South Kordofan, Sudan. Ann Trop Paediatr. 1996; 16(3): 221-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Sudan	Sudan - Northern Kordofan Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Sudan	Sudan - Red Sea Nutrition Survey 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Sudan	Sudan - Hamadi and Debeit Rural Councils Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Sudan	Sudan - Red Sea Nutrition Survey 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	

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Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Survey in the South Provinces of Eastern State 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Sudan	Sudan - El Fasher Rapid Assessment Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Sudan - Hamrat El Wiz and Gebrat El Sheik Rural Councils Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Sudan - Khartoum Report on the Nutrition Monitoring Program in the Displaced Settlements 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Sudan - White Nile Nutrition Survey 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Monitoring Survey in Eastern State 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Survey in the Butana Province 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Sudan	Nutrition and mortality assessment--southern Sudan, March 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Sudan	Sudan - Blue Nile Nutrition Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Monitoring Survey in Eastern State 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Sudan	Sudan - Blue Nile Nutrition Monitoring Survey in 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Sudan	Sudan - Kassala Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Sudan	Sudan - Kordofan Nutrition Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Sudan	Sudan - Gedaref Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sudan	Sudan - Upper Nile Health and Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sudan	Sudan - White Nile Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Sudan	Sudan Comprehensive Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Sudan	Sudan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Sudan	Sudan - Gedaref Nutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Sudan	Creusvaux H, Brown V, Lewis R, Coudert K, Baquet S. Famine in southern Sudan. Lancet. 1999; 354(9181): 832. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Sudan	Energy Statistics of Non-OECD Countries 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Sudan	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). South Sudan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1999	
Sudan	Federal Ministry of Health (Sudan), Central Bureau of Statistics (Sudan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Sudan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey, North Sudan 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Sudan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Sudan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Sudan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Sudan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Sudan	Ministry of Health (Southern Sudan), Federal Ministry of Health (Sudan), Southern Sudan Centre for Census, Statistics and Evaluation (SSCCSE), Central Bureau of Statistics (Sudan). Sudan Family Health Survey 2006.	2006	
Sudan	Sudan Family Health Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Sudan	Sudan Family Health Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	

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Sudan	National Population Census Council (Sudan), Central Bureau of Statistics (Sudan), Southern Sudan Centre for Census, Statistics and Evaluation (SSCCSE), Minnesota Population Center. Sudan Population and Housing Census 2008 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2011.	2008	
Sudan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Sudan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	*
Sudan	Central Bureau of Statistics (Sudan), Government of Sudan, Ministry of Health (South Sudan), Southern Sudan Centre for Census, Statistics and Evaluation. Sudan - North Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010.	2010	*
Sudan	Federal Ministry of Health and Central Bureau of Statistics, Sudan Household and Health Survey - 2, 2012, National report. Khartoum, Republic of Sudan: Federal Ministry of Health and Central Bureau of Statistics.	2010	*
Sudan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Sudan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Sudan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2010, 2012	*
Sudan	Federal Ministry of Health (Sudan), World Health Organization (WHO). Sudan - Khartoum STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005-2006.	2005-2006	*
Sudan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Sudan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Sudan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sudan	Sudan Emergency and Recovery Information and Surveillance System Reports of 1986 and 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1986-1987	
Sudan	Herrera MG, Nestel P, el Amin A, Fawzi WW, Mohamed KA, Weld L. Vitamin A supplementation and child survival. Lancet. 1992; 267-71. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988-1990	
Sudan	Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning, Department of Statistics, Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development. Sudan Demographic and Health Survey 1989-1990. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1989-1990	
Sudan	Sudan - Khartoum Report on the Nutrition Monitoring Program in the Displaced Settlements 1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1991	
Sudan	Federal Ministry of Health (Sudan), League of Arab States. Sudan Maternal and Child Health Survey 1992-1993.	1992-1993	
Sudan	Sudan Maternal and Child Health Survey 1992-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992-1993	
Sudan	Sudan Nutrition Assessment Survey in Camps of Displaced People as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994-1995	
Sudan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Sudan Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2011-2012.	2011-2012	*
Suriname	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Suriname Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Suriname	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Suriname Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Suriname	General Bureau of Statistics (Suriname). Suriname Census 2004.	2004	
Suriname	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004	
Suriname	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004	
Suriname	General Statistical Office (Suriname), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Suriname Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Suriname	Inter-American Drug Abuse Control Commission (CICAD), Organization of American States (OAS), National Anti-Drug Council (Suriname). Suriname National Household Drug Prevalence Survey 2007-2008.	2007	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Suriname	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Suriname Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2009. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2009	
Suriname	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Suriname Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Suriname	General Bureau of Statistics (Suriname), Ministry of Planning and Development Cooperation (Suriname), Ministry of Social Affairs and Housing (Suriname), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Suriname Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2013.	2010	*
Suriname	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Suriname	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Suriname	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Suriname	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Suriname	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2009	
Suriname	General Bureau of Statistics (Suriname), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Suriname Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999-2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1999-2000	
Swaziland	Central Statistical Office (Swaziland), United Nations Department for Technical Cooperation and Development (UNDTCD). Swaziland Population Census 1986.	1986	
Swaziland	Central Statistical Office (Swaziland), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Swaziland Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Swaziland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Swaziland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Swaziland	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Swaziland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Swaziland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Swaziland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Swaziland National Study on Violence Against Children and Young Women 2007.	2007	*
Swaziland	Ministry of Health (Swaziland), World Health Organization (WHO). Swaziland STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007.	2007	*
Swaziland	Swaziland STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2007 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Swaziland	Swaziland National Nutrition Survey 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Swaziland	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education and Training (Swaziland), Ministry of Health (Swaziland), World Health Organization (WHO). Swaziland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Swaziland	Central Statistical Office (Swaziland), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Swaziland Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Swaziland	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Swaziland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Swaziland	World Health Organization (WHO). Swaziland World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Swaziland	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002-2005, 2008-2012	*
Swaziland	Central Statistical Office (Swaziland), Macro International, Inc. Swaziland Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006-2007	



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Swaziland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Swaziland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Swaziland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Swaziland	Serdula MK, Aphane JM, Kunene PF, Gama DM, Staehling N, Peck R, Seward J, Sullivan B, Trowbridge FL. Acute and chronic undernutrition in Swaziland. J Trop Pediatr. 1987; 33(1): 35-42. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1984	
Swaziland	Serdula MK, Aphane JM, Kunene PF, Gama DM, Staehling N, Peck R, Seward J, Sullivan B, Trowbridge FL. Acute and chronic undernutrition in Swaziland. J Trop Pediatr. 1987; 33(1): 35-42. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1984	
Swaziland	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Ministry of Health. (1989) Swaziland Family Planning/Maternal and Child Health Survey 1988. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1988-1989	
Swaziland	Swaziland Household Income and Expenditure Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1994-1995	
Sweden	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
Sweden	Elinder CG, Friberg L, Lind B, Jawaid M. Lead and cadmium levels in blood samples from the general population of Sweden. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 233-53.	1980	
Sweden	Eriksson H, Welin L, Wilhelmsen L, Larsson B, Ohlson LO, Svärdsudd K, Tibblin G. Metabolic disturbances in hypertension: results from the population study "men born in 1913.". J Intern Med. 1992; 232(5): 389-95.	1980	
Sweden	Friberg L, Vahter M. Assessment of exposure to lead and cadmium through biological monitoring: results of a UNEP/WHO global study. Environ Res. 1983; 30(1): 95-128.	1980	
Sweden	Ohlson LO, Larsson B, Eriksson H, Svärdsudd K, Welin L, Tibblin G. Diabetes mellitus in Swedish middle-aged men. The study of men born in 1913 and 1923. Diabetologia. 1987; 30(6): 386-93.	1980	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1980.	1980	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
Sweden	Welin L, Eriksson H, Larsson B, Ohlson LO, Svärdsudd K, Tibblin G. Hyperinsulinaemia is not a major coronary risk factor in elderly men. The study of men born in 1913. Diabetologia. 1992; 35(8): 766-70.	1980	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
Sweden	Werner B, Bodin L. Obesity in Swedish schoolchildren is increasing in both prevalence and severity. J Adolesc Health. 2007; 41(6): 536-43.	1981	
Sweden	Cederholm J. Findings in a health survey of middle-aged subjects in Uppsala 1981-82. Risk factors for diabetes mellitus and cardiovascular disease. Ups J Med Sci. 1985; 90(3): 201-27.	1982	
Sweden	Lernfelt B, Landahl S, Svanborg A, Wikstrand J. Overtreatment of hypertension in the elderly. J Hypertens. 1990; 8(5): 483-90.	1982	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
Sweden	Bengtsson H, Bergqvist D, Ekberg O, Janzon L. A population based screening of abdominal aortic aneurysms (AAA). Eur J Vasc Surg. 1991; 5(1): 53-7.	1983	
Sweden	Ogren M, Hedblad B, Isacson SO, Janzon L, Jungquist G, Lindell SE. Non-invasively detected carotid stenosis and ischaemic heart disease in men with leg arteriosclerosis. Lancet. 1993; 342(8880): 1138-41.	1983	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1983 - SCB as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	

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Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
Sweden	Björkelund C, Bengtsson C. Cardiovascular risk factor characterisation of women in the community of Strömstad, Sweden, compared with other female populations. Scand J Soc Med. 1991; 19(4): 218-24.	1986	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
Sweden	Sweden Smoking Habits Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Sweden	Sweden Young People's Tobacco Use, Knowledge, and Attitudes Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
Sweden	Ellénus B, Löf E, Leppert J, Sörensen S. Risk factors for cardiovascular disease and their relation to age and educational level among middle-aged women. Study of middle-aged women in a rural area. Scand J Prim Health Care. 1994; 12(4): 289-94.	1988	
Sweden	Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 1989 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1989	
Sweden	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1989	
Sweden	Edgardh K, Ormstad K. Prevalence and characteristics of sexual abuse in a national sample of Swedish seventeen-year-old boys and girls. Acta Paediatr. 2000; 89(3): 310-9.	1990	
Sweden	Henriksson KM, Lindblad U, Ågren B, Nilsson-Ehle P, Råstam L. Associations between Body Height, Body Composition and Cholesterol Levels in Middle-Aged Men. The Coronary Risk Factor Study in Southern Sweden (CRISS). Eur J Epidemiol. 2001; 17(6): 521-6.	1990	
Sweden	Lind H, Nilsson P, Holthuis N, Lindholm L. Non-obese men with high lipoprotein(a) values-- a cardiovascular risk group different from those with the metabolic syndrome?. Scand J Clin Lab Invest. 1994; 54(2): 177-83.	1990	
Sweden	Asplund-Carlson A, Carlson LA. Studies in hypertriglyceridaemia 1. Serum triglyceride distribution and its correlates in randomly selected Swedish middle-aged men. J Intern Med. 1994; 236(1): 57-64.	1991	
Sweden	Halldén S, Sjögren M, Hedblad B, Engström G, Narkiewicz K, Hoffmann M, Wahlstrand B, Hedner T, Melander O. Smoking and obesity associated BDNF gene variance predicts total and cardiovascular mortality in smokers. Heart. 2013; 99(13): 949-53.	1991	*
Sweden	Hassing LB, Dahl AK, Pedersen NL, Johansson B. Overweight in midlife is related to lower cognitive function 30 years later: a prospective study with longitudinal assessments. Dement Geriatr Cogn Disord. 2010; 29(6): 543-52.	1991	
Sweden	Rosmond R, Björntorp P. Blood pressure in relation to obesity, insulin and the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis in Swedish men. J Hypertens. 1998; 16(12): 1721-6.	1992	
Sweden	Eggertsen R, Lapidus L, Lindstedt G, Nilsson T, Nyström E. [A study of 56-65 years old persons in Mölnlycke. No association between Helicobacter and heart disease or thyroid disorder]. Lakartidningen. 2002; 99(6): 508-9.	1993	
Sweden	Möller CS, Zethelius B, Sundström J, Lind L. Impact of follow-up time and re-measurement of the electrocardiogram and conventional cardiovascular risk factors on their predictive value for myocardial infarction. J Intern Med. 2006; 260(1): 22-30.	1993	
Sweden	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1994	
Sweden	Löfman O, Larsson L, Ross I, Toss G, Berglund K. Bone mineral density in normal Swedish women. Bone. 1997; 20(2): 167-74.	1994	
Sweden	Lunt M, Felsenberg D, Adams J, Benevolenskaya L, Cannata J, Dequeker J, Dodenhof C, Falch JA, Johnell O, Khaw KT, Masaryk P, Pols H, Poor G, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Weber K, Silman AJ, Reeve J. Population-based geographic variations in DXA bone density in Europe: the EVOS Study. European Vertebral Osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int. 1997; 7(3): 175-89.	1994	
Sweden	Peltonen M, Huhtasaari F, Stegmayr B, Lundberg V, Asplund K. Secular trends in social patterning of cardiovascular risk factor levels in Sweden. The Northern Sweden MONICA Study 1986-1994. Multinational Monitoring of Trends and Determinants in Cardiovascular Disease. J Intern Med. 1998; 244(1): 1-9.	1994	
Sweden	Sweden Young People's Tobacco Use, Knowledge, and Attitudes Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
Sweden	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	

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Sweden	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
Sweden	Steel JL, Herlitz CA. The association between childhood and adolescent sexual abuse and proxies for sexual risk behavior: a random sample of the general population of Sweden. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2005; 29(10): 1141-53.	1996	
Sweden	Bergdahl IA, Schütz A, Gerhardsson L, Jensen A, Skerfving S. Lead concentrations in human plasma, urine and whole blood. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1997; 23(5): 359-63.	1997	
Sweden	Johansson J, Viigimaa M, Jensen-Urstad M, Krakau I, Hansson L-O. Risk factors for coronary heart disease in 55- and 35-year-old men and women in Sweden and Estonia. <i>J Intern Med.</i> 2002; 252(6): 551-60.	1997	
Sweden	Sweden Lead Exposure Data 1997 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1997	
Sweden	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
Sweden	Lidfeldt J, Nyberg P, Nerbrand C, Öjehagen A, Samsioe G, Scherstén B, Agardh C-D. Biological Factors are More Important than Socio-demographic and Psychosocial Conditions in Relation to Hypertension in Middle-aged Women. The Women's Health in the Lund Area (WHILA) Study. <i>Blood Press.</i> 2002; 11(5): 270-8.	1998	
Sweden	Daryani A, Berglund L, Andersson A, Kocturk T, Becker W, Vessby B. Risk Factors for Coronary Heart Disease Among Immigrant Women from Iran and Turkey, Compared to Women of Swedish Ethnicity. <i>Ethn Dis.</i> 2005; 15(2): 213-20.	1999	
Sweden	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
Sweden	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
Sweden	Alm A, Fåhræus C, Wendt L-K, Koch G, Andersson-Gäre B, Birkhed D. Body adiposity status in teenagers and snacking habits in early childhood in relation to approximal caries at 15 years of age. <i>Int J Paediatr Dent.</i> 2008; 18(3): 189-96.	2000	
Sweden	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. <i>J Public Health.</i> 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	2000	
Sweden	Marild S, Bondestam M, Bergström R, Ehnberg S, Hollsing A, Albertsson-Wikland K. Prevalence trends of obesity and overweight among 10-year-old children in western Sweden and relationship with parental body mass index. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 2004; 93(12): 1588-95.	2000	
Sweden	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). Sweden European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
Sweden	Rasmussen F, Eriksson M, Nordquist T. Bias in height and weight reported by Swedish adolescents and relations to body dissatisfaction: the COMPASS study. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2007; 61(7): 870-6.	2000	
Sweden	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 2000.	2000	
Sweden	Ekblom O, Oddsson K, Ekblom B. Prevalence and regional differences in overweight in 2001 and trends in BMI distribution in Swedish children from 1987 to 2001. <i>Scand J Public Health.</i> 2004; 32(4): 257-63.	2001	
Sweden	Ekelund U, Neovius M, Linné Y, Brage S, Wareham NJ, Rössner S. Associations between physical activity and fat mass in adolescents: the Stockholm Weight Development Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2005; 81(2): 355-60.	2001	
Sweden	Elphick HL, Gott M, Liddle BJ. Where now with Do Not Attempt Resuscitation decisions? Author reply. <i>Age Ageing.</i> 2004; 33(1): 86-7.	2001	
Sweden	Gause-Nilsson I, Gherman S, Kumar Dey D, Kennerfalk A, Steen B. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome in an elderly Swedish population. <i>Acta Diabetol.</i> 2006; 43(4): 120-6.	2001	
Sweden	Molander L, Lövheim H, Norman T, Nordström P, Gustafson Y. Lower Systolic Blood Pressure Is Associated with Greater Mortality in People Aged 85 and Older. <i>J Am Geriatr Soc.</i> 2008; 56(10): 1853-9.	2001	
Sweden	Neovius M, Rossner SM, Vågstrand K, von Hausswolff-Juhlin YL, Hoffstedt J, Ekelund U. Adiposity measures as indicators of metabolic risk factors in adolescents. <i>Obes Facts.</i> 2009; 2(5): 294-301.	2001	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 2001.	2001	
Sweden	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Sweden Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2002. [Unpublished].	2002	



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Sweden	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2002	*
Sweden	Department of Biosciences and Nutrition, Karolinska Institute. Sweden IPAQ Validation Study 2001-2002.	2002	*
Sweden	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 58.2 (Oct-Dec 2002). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3886 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10954	2002	*
Sweden	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2002	
Sweden	Brohall G, Behre CJ, Hulthe J, Wikstrand J, Fagerberg B. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired glucose tolerance in 64-year-old Swedish women: experiences of using repeated oral glucose tolerance tests. Diabetes Care. 2006; 29(2): 363-7.	2003	
Sweden	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Sweden	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*
Sweden	Lin Y, Wolk A, Hakansson N, Peñalvo JL, Lagergren J, Adlercreutz H, Lu Y. Validation of FFQ-based assessment of dietary lignans compared with serum enterolactone in Swedish women. Br J Nutr. 2013; 109(10): 1873-80.	2003	*
Sweden	National Food Agency (Sweden). Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 2003.	2003	
Sweden	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Sweden	Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Sweden	Sweden Young People's Tobacco Use, Knowledge, and Attitudes Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
Sweden	Uddenfeldt M, Janson C, Lampa E, Leander M, Norbäck D, Larsson L, Rask-Andersen A. High BMI is related to higher incidence of asthma, while a fish and fruit diet is related to a lower- Results from a long-term follow-up study of three age groups in Sweden. Respir Med. 2010; 104(7): 972-80.	2003	
Sweden	World Health Organization (WHO). Sweden World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Sweden	Yngve A, De Bourdeaudhuij I, Wolf A, Grijbovski A, Brug J, Due P, Ehrenblad B, Elmadfa I, Franchini B, Klepp K-I, Poortvliet E, Rasmussen M, Thorsdottir I, Perez Rodrigo C. Differences in prevalence of overweight and stunting in 11-year olds across Europe: The Pro Children Study. Eur J Public Health. 2008; 18(2): 126-30.	2003	
Sweden	Åslund C, Nilsson K, Starrin B, Sjöberg R. Shaming experiences and the association between adolescent depression and psychosocial risk factors. Eur Child Adolesc Psychiatry. 2007; 16(5): 298-304.	2004	
Sweden	Hollman G, Kristenson M. The prevalence of the metabolic syndrome and its risk factors in a middle-aged Swedish population--mainly a function of overweight?. Eur J Cardiovasc Nurs. 2008; 7(1): 21-6.	2004	
Sweden	Lenora J, Ivaska KK, Obrant KJ, Gerdhem P. Prediction of bone loss using biochemical markers of bone turnover. Osteoporos Int. 2007; 18(9): 1297-305.	2004	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2004.	2004	
Sweden	Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
Sweden	Welin L, Adlerberth A, Caidahl K, Eriksson H, Hansson PO, Johansson S, Rosengren A, Svärdsudd K, Welin C, Wilhelmsen L. Prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors and the metabolic syndrome in middle-aged men and women in Gothenburg, Sweden. BMC Public Health. 2008; 8: 403.	2004	
Sweden	Almgren S, Isaksson M, Barregard L. Gamma radiation doses to people living in Western Sweden. J Environ Radioact. 2008; 99(2): 394-403.	2005	



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Sweden	Hansson LM, Rasmussen F. Predictors of 10-year-olds' obesity stereotypes: A population-based study. <i>Int J Pediatr Obes.</i> 2010; 5(1): 25-33.	2005	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2005.	2005	
Sweden	Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
Sweden	Swedjemark GA, Mellander H, Mjones L. Radon levels in the 1988 Swedish housing stock. In: Kalliokoski P, Jantunen M, Seppanen O, editors. <i>Indoor Air '93: Particles, microbes, radon. Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Indoor Air Quality and Climate; 1992 July 4-8; Helsinki, Finland.</i> Otaniemi, Finland: Helsinki University of Technology; 1993. p. 491-496.	2005	
Sweden	Swedjemark GA, Mellander H, Mjönes L. Radon. In Norlén U, Anderson K, editors. [The indoor climate in Swedish residential buildings]. Stockholm, Sweden: Swedish Building Research Institute; 1993. Report No.: TN:30. Swedish.	2005	
Sweden	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
Sweden	Söderhamn U, Christensson L, Idvall E, Johansson A, Bachrach-Lindström M. Factors associated with nutritional risk in 75-year-old community living people. <i>Int J Older People Nurs.</i> 2012; 7(1): 3-10.	2006	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2006.	2006	
Sweden	Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2006 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2006	
Sweden	Angbratt M, Ekberg J, Walter L, Timpka T. Prediction of obesity from infancy to adolescence. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 2011; 100(9): 1249-52.	2007	
Sweden	Ekbäck G, Näslund I, Montgomery SM, Ordell S. Self-perceived oral health and obesity among 65 years old in two Swedish counties. <i>Swed Dent J.</i> 2010; 34(4): 207-15.	2007	
Sweden	Priebe G, Hansson K, Svedin CG. Sexual abuse and associations with psychosocial aspects of health. A population-based study with Swedish adolescents. <i>Nord J Psychiatry.</i> 2010; 64(1): 40-8.	2007	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2007.	2007	
Sweden	Wijnhoven TMA, van Raaij JMA, Spinelli A, Rito AI, Hovengen R, Kunesova M, Starc G, Rutter H, Sjöberg A, Petrauskiene A, O'Dwyer U, Petrova S, Farrugia Sant'angelo V, Wauters M, Yngve A, Rubana I-M, Breda J. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6-9-year-old children. <i>Pediatr Obes.</i> 2013; 8(2): 79-97.	2007	*
Sweden	Department of Biosciences and Nutrition, Karolinska Institute. Sweden IPAQ Validation Study 2008.	2008	*
Sweden	Djäv T, Wikman A, Nordenstedt H, Johar A, Lagergren J, Lagergren P. Physical activity, obesity and gastroesophageal reflux disease in the general population. <i>World J Gastroenterol.</i> 2012; 18(28): 3710-4.	2008	
Sweden	Löfdahl HE, Lane A, Lu Y, Lagergren P, Harvey RF, Blazeby JM, Lagergren J. Increased population prevalence of reflux and obesity in the United Kingdom compared with Sweden: a potential explanation for the difference in incidence of esophageal adenocarcinoma. <i>Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol.</i> 2011; 23(2): 128-32.	2008	
Sweden	Sjöberg A, Moraeus L, Yngve A, Poortvliet E, Al-Ansari U, Lissner L. Overweight and obesity in a representative sample of schoolchildren - exploring the urban-rural gradient in Sweden. <i>Obes Rev.</i> 2011; 12(5): 305-14.	2008	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2008.	2008	
Sweden	Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2008 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2008	
Sweden	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2009.	2009	
Sweden	Theorell-Haglöw J, Berglund L, Janson C, Lindberg E. Sleep duration and central obesity in women - differences between short sleepers and long sleepers. <i>Sleep Med.</i> 2012; 13(8): 1079-85.	2009	

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Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2010.	2010	
Sweden	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Sweden	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Sweden	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2011.	2011	*
Sweden	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
Sweden	Data Food Networking Databank (DAFNE) as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1989, 1996	
Sweden	Belfrage H, Rying M. Characteristics of spousal homicide perpetrators: a study of all cases of spousal homicide in Sweden 1990-1999. Crim Behav Ment Health. 2004; 14(2): 121-33.	1990-1999	*
Sweden	Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997-1998	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Prevalence Study on Men's Violence Against Women in "Equal" Sweden 1999-2000.	1999-2000	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden, Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Survey of Public Health 2012.	2004-2012	*
Sweden	Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Public Health Survey Passive Smoking Data 2004-2012.	2004-2012	*
Sweden	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Sweden	Swedish National Institute of Public Health. Sweden National Public Health Survey Passive Smoking Data 2010-2013.	2010-2013	*
Sweden	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Sweden	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Sweden	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1978-1980, 1982-1983, 1989, 1994-1995	
Sweden	Stroh E, Lundh T, Oudin A, Skerfving S, Strömberg U. Geographical patterns in blood lead in relation to industrial emissions and traffic in Swedish children, 1978-2007. BMC Public Health. 2009; 225.	1978-2007	
Sweden	Elinder CG, Friberg L, Lind B, Nilsson B, Svartengren M, Overmark I. Decreased blood lead levels in residents of Stockholm for the period 1980-1984. Scand J Work Environ Health. 1986; 12(2): 114-20.	1980, 1983-1984	
Sweden	National Board of Health and Welfare (Sweden). Health in Sweden - The National Public Health Report 2001. Scand J Public Health Suppl. 2001; 29(Suppl 58).	1980, 1986, 1992, 1998	
Sweden	Sundquist J, Johansson SE. The influence of socioeconomic status, ethnicity and lifestyle on body mass index in a longitudinal study. Int J Epidemiol. 1998; 27(1): 57-63.	1980, 1988	
Sweden	Österberg T, Dey DK, Sundh V, Carlsson GE, Jansson J-O, Mellström D. Edentulism associated with obesity: a study of four national surveys of 16 416 Swedes aged 55-84 years. Acta Odontol Scand. 2010; 68(6): 360-7.	1980, 1988, 1996, 2002	
Sweden	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Sweden	Gustafsson PE, Persson M, Hammarström A. Socio-economic disadvantage and body mass over the life course in women and men: results from the Northern Swedish Cohort. Eur J Public Health. 2012; 22(3): 322-7.	1981, 1986, 1995, 2008	
Sweden	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2012	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1982-1983.	1982-1983	

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Sweden	Rosengren A, Eriksson H, Larsson B, Svärdsudd K, Tibblin G, Welin L, Wilhelmsen L. Secular changes in cardiovascular risk factors over 30 years in Swedish men aged 50: the study of men born in 1913, 1923, 1933 and 1943. J Intern Med. 2000; 247(1): 111-8.	1983, 1993	
Sweden	Wilhelmsen L, Welin L, Svärdsudd K, Wedel H, Eriksson H, Hansson P-O, Rosengren A. Original Article: Secular changes in cardiovascular risk factors and attack rate of myocardial infarction among men aged 50 in Gothenburg, Sweden. Accurate prediction using risk models. J Intern Med. 2008; 263(6): 636-43.	1983, 1993, 2003	
Sweden	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Swedish Institute for Infectious Disease Control (SMI). Sweden Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1983-2011	*
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1984-1985.	1984-1985	
Sweden	Eliasson M, Lindahl B, Lundberg V, Stegmayr B. No increase in the prevalence of known diabetes between 1986 and 1999 in subjects 25-64 years of age in northern Sweden. Diabet Med. 2002; 19(10): 874-80.	1986, 1990	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1986-1987.	1986-1987	
Sweden	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1986-1995	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Breast-feeding and Smoking Habits among Parents of Infants Born in 2007. Stockholm, Sweden: Statistics Sweden, 2009.	1986-2007	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1988-1989.	1988-1989	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1990-1991.	1990-1991	
Sweden	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Sweden	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Sweden	Frisk F, Hakeberg M, Ahlqvist M, Bengtsson C. Endodontic variables and coronary heart disease. Acta Odontol Scand. 2003; 61(5): 257-62.	1992, 2000, 2004, 2005	
Sweden	Björkelund C, Bondyr-Carlsson D, Lapidus L, Lissner L, Månsson J, Skoog I, Bengtsson C. Sleep disturbances in midlife unrelated to 32-year diabetes incidence: the prospective population study of women in Gothenburg. Diabetes Care. 2005; 28(11): 2739-44.	1992, 2000, 2004-2005	
Sweden	Lissner L, Mehlig K, Sjöberg A, Chaplin J, Niklasson A, Albertsson-Wikland K. Secular trends in weight, height and BMI in young Swedes: the "Grow up Gothenburg" studies. Acta Paediatr. 2013; 102(3): 314-7.	1992, 2008	*
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1992-1993.	1992-1993	
Sweden	Rosengren A, Eriksson H, Hansson PO, Svärdsudd K, Wilhelmsen L, Johansson S, Welin C, Welin L. Obesity and trends in cardiovascular risk factors over 40 years in Swedish men aged 50. J Intern Med. 2009; 266(3): 268-76.	1993, 2003	*
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1994-1995.	1994-1995	
Sweden	Gerdin EW, Angbratt M, Aronsson K, Eriksson E, Johansson I. Dental caries and body mass index by socio-economic status in Swedish children. Community Dent Oral Epidemiol. 2008; 36(5): 459-65.	1995-1996, 1998, 2001	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
Sweden	National Food Agency (Sweden), Statistics Sweden. Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 1997-1998.	1997-1998	
Sweden	Andersson SW, Lapidus L, Niklasson A, Hallberg L, Bengtsson C, Hulthen L. Blood pressure and hypertension in middle-aged women in relation to weight and length at birth: a follow-up study. J Hypertens. 2000; 1753-62.	1997-1999	
Sweden	Strömberg U, Lundh T, Schütz A, Skerfving S. Yearly measurements of blood lead in Swedish children since 1978: an update focusing on the petrol lead free period 1995-2001. Occup Environ Med. 2003; 60(5): 370-2.	1998, 2001	
Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 1999.	1998-1999	
Sweden	Sundblom E, Petzold M, Rasmussen F, Callmer E, Lissner L. Childhood overweight and obesity prevalences levelling off in Stockholm but socioeconomic differences persist. Int J Obes (Lond). 2008; 32(10): 1525-30.	1999, 2003	
Sweden	McGuigan FE, Larzenius E, Callreus M, Gerdhem P, Luthman H, Akesson K. Variation in the BMP2 gene: bone mineral density and ultrasound in young adult and elderly women. Calcif Tissue Int . 2007; 81(4): 254-62.	1999-2003	
Sweden	Sundquist J, Johansson S-E, Sundquist K. Levelling off of prevalence of obesity in the adult population of Sweden between 2000/01 and 2004/05. BMC Public Health. 2010; 119.	2000, 2004	
Sweden	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Sweden	Ribom EL, Ljunggren O, Mallmin H. Use of a Swedish T-score reference population for women causes a two-fold increase in the amount of postmenopausal Swedish patients that fulfill the WHO criteria for osteoporosis. J Clin Densitom . 2008; 11(3): 404-11.	2000-2002	

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Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 2003.	2002-2003	
	Lager ACJ, Fossum B, Rörvall G, Bremberg SG. Children's overweight and obesity: local and national monitoring using electronic health records. Scand J Public Health. 2009; 37(2): 201-5.	2004-2005	
Sweden	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Sweden	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
	Hrubá F, Strömberg U, Cerná M, Chen C, Harari F, Harari R, Horvat M, Koppová K, Kos A, Krsková A, Krsnik M, Laamech J, Li Y-F, Löfmark L, Lundh T, Lundström N-G, Lyoussi B, Mazej D, Osredkar J, Pawlas K, Pawlas N, Prokopowicz A, Rentschler G, Speváčková V, Spiric Z, Tratnik J, Skerfving S, Bergdahl IA. Blood cadmium, mercury, and lead in children: an international comparison of cities in six European countries, and China, Ecuador, and Morocco. Environ Int. 2012; 41: 29-34.	2007-2008	
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Sweden	Statistics Sweden. Sweden Survey of Living Conditions 2008-2009.	2008-2009	
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Sweden		2008-2010	*
Sweden	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2008-2011	*
Sweden	National Food Agency (Sweden). Sweden National Food Consumption Survey 2010-2011.	2010-2011	*
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	Switzerland Health Survey 1981-1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
Switzerland		1982	
Switzerland	Martin R, Vincent W, Michèle B, Michel G. [Blood lead level in Switzerland in 1985: results of the MONICA survey]. Soz Präventivmed. 1987; 32(2): 87-90.	1985	
	Bodenmann A, Ackermann-Liebrich U. Prävalenz kardiovaskulärer Risikofaktoren in der baselstädtischen Bevölkerung 1989-1990. Schweiz Med Wochenschr Suppl. 1993; 38-45.	1990	
Switzerland		1990	
Switzerland	Bouvier P, Rougemont A. Breast-feeding in Geneva: prevalence, duration and determinants. Soz Präventivmed. 1998; 43(3): 116-23.	1993	
Switzerland		1993	
Switzerland	Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland). Switzerland Health Survey 1993.	1993	
Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1993.	1993	
Switzerland	Cattaneo A. Breastfeeding in Europe: a blueprint for action. J Public Health. 2005; 13(2): 89-96.	1994	
	Conzelmann-Auer C, Ackermann-Liebrich U. Frequency and duration of breast-feeding in Switzerland. Soz Präventivmed. 1995; 40(6): 396-8.	1994	
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Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1994.	1994	
	Halperin DS, Bouvier P, Jaffe PD, Mounoud R-L, Pawlak CH, Laederach J, Wicky HR, Astie F. Prevalence of child sexual abuse among adolescents in Geneva: results of a cross sectional survey. BMJ. 1996; 312(7042): 1326-9.	1994	
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Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1995.	1995	
	DeRoo LA, Vlastos AT, Mock P, Vlastos G, Morabia A. Comparison of women's breast cancer risk factors in Geneva, Switzerland and Shanghai, China. Prev Med. 2010; 51(6): 497-501.	1996	
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Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1996.	1996	
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Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1997.	1997	



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Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1998.	1998	
Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 1999.	1999	
Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 2000.	2000	
Switzerland	Bernstein MS, Costanza MC, James RW, Morris MA, Cambien F, Raoux S, Morabia A. Physical activity may modulate effects of ApoE genotype on lipid profile. Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol. 2002; 22(1): 133-40.	2001	
Switzerland	Geneva University Hospitals. Switzerland - Geneva Health Bus Survey 2001.	2001	
Switzerland	Chamay Weber C, Haller DM, Narring F. Is there a role for primary care physicians' screening of excessive weight and eating concerns in adolescence?. J Pediatr. 2010; 157(1): 32-5.	2002	
Switzerland	Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland). Switzerland Health Survey 2002.	2002	
Switzerland	Nitsch D, Felber Dietrich D, von Eckardstein A, Gaspoz JM, Downs SH, Leuenberger P, Tschopp JM, Brändli O, Keller R, Gerbase MW, Probst-Hensch NM, Stutz EZ, Ackermann-Lieblich U; SAPALDIA team. Prevalence of renal impairment and its association with cardiovascular risk factors in a general population: results of the Swiss SAPALDIA study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2006; 21(4): 935-44.	2002	
Switzerland	University of Zurich. Switzerland Survey on Smoking 2001-2002.	2002	
Switzerland	European Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations (HEUNI), United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC), Statistics Canada, United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute (UNICRI). International Violence Against Women Surveys (IVAWS) Data 2002-2005. As provided by the Global Burden of Disease Child Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Switzerland	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
Switzerland	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
Switzerland	University of Basel. Swiss National Study on Infant Feeding in the First Nine Months of Life 2003.	2003	
Switzerland	Federal Commission for Protection against Radiation and Radioactivity Monitoring, Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland). [Analysis of contributions to the irradiation of the Swiss population in 2004]. Liebefeld, Switzerland: Federal Commission for Protection against Radiation and Radioactivity Monitoring, Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland), 2005.	2005	
Switzerland	Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland). Prevalence of tobacco use from 2001 to 2005. 2006.	2005	
Switzerland	Lasserre AM, Chiolerio A, Cachat F, Paccaud F, Bovet P. Overweight in Swiss children and associations with children's and parents' characteristics. Obesity (Silver Spring). 2007; 15(12): 2912-9.	2005	
Switzerland	Lin X, Song K, Lim N, Yuan X, Johnson T, Abderrahmani A, Vollenweider P, Stirnadel H, Sundseth SS, Lai E, Burns DK, Middleton LT, Roses AD, Matthews PM, Waeber G, Cardon L, Waterworth DM, Mooser V. Risk prediction of prevalent diabetes in a Swiss population using a weighted genetic score--the CoLaus Study. Diabetologia. 2009; 52(4): 600-8.	2005	
Switzerland	Menzler S, Piller G, Gruson M, Rosario AS, Wichmann H-E, Kreienbrock L. [Attributive risks from radon in Switzerland: final report]. Health Phys. 2008; 95(2): 179-89.	2005	
Switzerland	Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland). Switzerland Health Survey 2007.	2007	
Switzerland	LINK Institute for Market and Social Research (Switzerland). Tobacco consumption in the Swiss population in the years 2001-2007.	2007	
Switzerland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Switzerland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Switzerland	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
Switzerland	Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland). Switzerland Body Mass Index by Age, Sex, and Language Region. Neuchâtel, Switzerland: Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland).	2012	
Switzerland	Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland), Institute of Social and Preventive Medicine, University of Lausanne (Switzerland), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation. Switzerland UNGASS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	1983-2011	*
Switzerland	Tschumper A, Narring F, Meier C, Michaud P. Sexual victimization in adolescent girls (age 15-20 years) enrolled in post-mandatory schools or professional training programmes in Switzerland. Acta Paediatr. 1998; 87(2): 212-7.	1992-1993	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Switzerland	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Switzerland	Federal Statistical Office (Switzerland). Switzerland Homicides 2000-2004.	2000-2004	
Switzerland	Switzerland - Geneva Bus Santé Study as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004-2009	
Switzerland	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2007, 2009-2011	*
Switzerland	UBS Optimus Foundation, University of Zurich. Switzerland Optimus Study 2009-2010.	2009-2010	*
Switzerland	Switzerland Survey on Salt Intake 2010-2011 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2010-2011	
Switzerland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Switzerland	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2011	
Switzerland	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Switzerland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2009	
Switzerland	Federal Office of Public Health (Switzerland). Switzerland PERMA Study 1974-1989.	1983, 1986, 1989-1999	
Switzerland	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1983, 1989, 1993	
Switzerland	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1985-1993	
Switzerland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Switzerland	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Switzerland	Hartl F, Tyndall A, Kraenzlin M, Bachmeier C, Gückel C, Senn U, Hans D, Theiler R. Discriminatory ability of quantitative ultrasound parameters and bone mineral density in a population-based sample of postmenopausal women with vertebral fractures: results of the Basel Osteoporosis Study. J Bone Miner Res. 2002; 17(2): 321-30.	1998-2000	
Switzerland	Hollaender R, Hartl F, Krieg M-A, Tyndall A, Geuckel C, Buitrago-Tellez C, Manghani M, Kraenzlin M, Theiler R, Hans D. Prospective evaluation of risk of vertebral fractures using quantitative ultrasound measurements and bone mineral density in a population-based sample of postmenopausal women: results of the Basel Osteoporosis Study. Ann Rheum Dis. 2009; 68(3): 391-6.	1998-2000	
Switzerland	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
Switzerland	Nitsch D, Felber Dietrich D, von Eckardstein A, Gaspoz JM, Downs SH, Leuenberger P, Tschopp JM, Brändli O, Keller R, Gerbase MW, Probst-Hensch NM, Stutz EZ, Ackermann-Liebrich U; SAPALDIA team. Prevalence of renal impairment and its association with cardiovascular risk factors in a general population: results of the Swiss SAPALDIA study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2006; 21(4): 935-44.	2002-2003	
Switzerland	University of Zurich. Tobacco-Monitoring - a survey of tobacco use in Switzerland.	2003-2004	
Switzerland	University Hospital of Lausanne. Switzerland - Lausanne CoLaus Study 2003-2006.	2003-2006	
Switzerland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 1 2004-2006. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2004-2006	*
Switzerland	Saely CH, Risch L, Frey F, Lupi GA, Leuppi JD, Drexel H, Huber AR. Body mass index, blood pressure, and serum cholesterol in young Swiss men: an analysis on 56784 army conscripts. Swiss Med Wkly. 2009; 139(35-36): 518-24.	2004-2007	*
Switzerland	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Switzerland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 2 2006-2010. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2006-2010	*
Switzerland	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2010	*
Switzerland	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009-2010	*
Switzerland	Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy. Survey of Health, Aging and Retirement in Europe, Wave 4 2010-2012. Munich, Germany: Munich Center for the Economics of Aging (MEA), Max Planck Institute for Social Law and Social Policy, 2013.	2010-2012	*
Syria	Central Bureau of Statistics (Syria), League of Arab States. Syria Maternal and Child Health Survey 1993.	1993	
Syria	Syria Maternal and Child Health Survey 1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	
Syria	Syria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Syria	Syria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Syria	Central Bureau of Statistics (Syria), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Syria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Syria	Central Bureau of Statistics (Syria), League of Arab States. Syria Family Health Survey 2001.	2001	
Syria	Syria Family Health Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Syria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Syria, AR Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	*
Syria	Ministry of Health (Syria), World Health Organization (WHO). Syria STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2003.	2003	
Syria	Othman I, Hushari M, Raja G, Alsawaf A. Radon in Syrian houses. J Radiol Prot. 1996; 16(1): 45-50.	2005	
Syria	Shweikani R. Variation of radon exposure in Damascus dwellings. Appl Radiat Isot. 2012; 70(4): 785-9.	2005	
Syria	General Administration for Palestine Arab Refugees (GAPAR), Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Palestinians in Syria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006.	2006	
Syria	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Central Bureau of Statistics (Syria), Ministry of Health (Syria), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Syria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 . New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Syria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Syria Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Syria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Syria UNRWA Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Syria	Syria Family Health Survey 2009 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2009	
Syria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Syria Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010.	2010	
Syria	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2010	*
Syria	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Syria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Syria	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Syria Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010-2011	*
Syria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Syria	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Syria	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	



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Syria	Ministry of Health (Syria), World Health Organization (WHO). Syria WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001.	2000-2001	
Syria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001, 2007	
Syria	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2002, 2007	
Syria	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Syria), Ministry of Health (Syria), World Health Organization (WHO). Syria Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010-2011. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2013.	2010-2011	*
Syria	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. <i>Respir Med.</i> 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Taiwan INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1985	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Tai TY, Chuang LM, Wu HP, Chen CJ. Association of body build with non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus and hypertension among Chinese adults: a 4-year follow-up study. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 1992; 21(3): 511-7.	1986	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chou P, Chen HH, Hsiao KJ. Community-based epidemiological study on diabetes in Pu-Li, Taiwan. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 1992; 15(1): 81-9.	1988	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chiu HC, Chang HY, Mau LW, Lee TK, Liu HW. Height, weight, and body mass index of elderly persons in Taiwan. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci.</i> 2000; 55(11): M684-690.	1989	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Liau C. Prevalence of cardiovascular diseases in elderly Chinese people in Taiwan. <i>Int J Cardiol.</i> 1998; 67(2): 177-81.	1990	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chou P, Liao MJ, Kuo HS, Hsiao KJ, Tsai ST. A population survey on the prevalence of diabetes in Kin-Hu, Kinmen. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 1994; 17(9): 1055-8.	1991	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chu NF, Liou SH, Wu TN, Ko KN, Chang PY. Risk factors for high blood lead levels among the general population in Taiwan. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 1998; 14(8): 775-81.	1993	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Liou SH, Wu TN, Chiang HC, Yang T, Yang GY, Wu YQ, Lai JS, Ho ST, Guo YL, Ko YC, Ko KN, Chang PY. Three-year survey of blood lead levels in 8828 Taiwanese adults. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health.</i> 1996; 68(2): 80-7.	1993	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chao KY, Wang JD. Increased lead absorption caused by working next to a lead recycling factory. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1994; 26(2): 229-35.	1994	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Lu F-H, Tang S-J, Wu J-S, Yang Y-C, Chang C-J. Hypertension in Elderly Persons: Its Prevalence and Associated Cardiovascular Risk Factors in Tainan City, Southern Taiwan. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci.</i> 2000; 55(8): M463.	1995	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Pan WH, Chang HY, Yeh WT, Hsiao SY, Hung YT. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Taiwan: results of Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan (NAHSIT) 1993-1996. <i>J Hum Hypertens.</i> 2001; 15(11): 793-8.	1995	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Pan W-H, Yeh W-T, Chang H-Y, Hwu C-M, Ho L-T. Prevalence and awareness of diabetes and mean fasting glucose by age, sex, and region: results from the Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan, 1993-1996. <i>Diabet Med.</i> 2003; 20(3): 182-5.	1995	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen KT, Chen CJ, Gregg EW, Williamson DF, Narayan KM. High prevalence of impaired fasting glucose and type 2 diabetes mellitus in Penghu Islets, Taiwan: evidence of a rapidly emerging epidemic? <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract.</i> 1999; 44(1): 59-69.	1996	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Wu C-H, Yang Y-C, Yao W-J, Lu F-H, Wu J-S, Chang C-J. Epidemiological evidence of increased bone mineral density in habitual tea drinkers. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2002; 162(9): 1001-6.	1996	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen KT, Chen CJ, Gregg EW, Engलगau MM, Narayan KM. Prevalence of type 2 diabetes mellitus in Taiwan: ethnic variation and risk factors. <i>Diabetes Res Clin Pract.</i> 2001; 51(1): 59-66.	1997	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Lai S-W, Tan C-K. Epidemiology of Hyperglycemia in Elderly Persons. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci.</i> 2000; 55A(5): M257-9.	1998	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Page RM, Lee C-M, Miao N-F. Assessing prevalence of overweight and obesity through self-reports of height and weight by high school students in Taipei, Taiwan. <i>J Sch Health.</i> 2004; 74(10): 401-7.	1999	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Yang T, Wu T-N, Hsu S-W, Lai C-H, Ko K-N, Liou S-H. Blood lead levels of primary-school children in Penghu County, Taiwan: distribution and influencing factors. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health.</i> 2002; 75(8): 528-34.	1999	



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Taiwan (Province of China)	Ng K-C, Lai S-W. Application of anthropometric indices in childhood obesity. <i>South Med J</i> . 2004; 97(6): 566-70.	2000	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chan WP, Liu JF, Chi WL. Evaluation of Bone Mineral Density of the Lumbar Spine and Proximal Femur in Population-based Routine Health Examinations of Healthy Asians. <i>Acta Radiol</i> . 2004; 45(1): 59-64.	2001	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen L-J, Haase AM, Fox KR. Physical activity among adolescents in Taiwan. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> . 2007; 16(2): 354-61.	2001	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare (Taiwan), National Health Research Institutes (Taiwan). Taiwan National Health Interview Survey 2001.	2001	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Hu H-Y, Chou Y-J, Chou P, Chen L-K, Huang N. Association between obesity and injury among Taiwanese adults. <i>Int J Obes (Lond)</i> . 2009; 33(8): 878-84.	2001	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Bureau of Health Promotion, Department of Health (Taiwan). Taiwan Survey on Hypertension, Hyperglycemia, and Hyperlipidemia (TwSHHH) 2002.	2002	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Fuh JL, Wang SJ, Hwu CM, Lu SR. Glucose tolerance status and cognitive impairment in early middle-aged women. <i>Diabet Med</i> . 2007; 24(7): 788-91.	2003	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Pu C, Chou Y-J. Health ratings for underweight, overweight and obese adolescents: disparities between adolescent's own report and the parent's report. <i>Asia Pac J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 19(2): 180-7.	2003	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Yang Y-H, Liou S-H, Yang C-Y, Sung F-C, Wu C-C, Wu T-N. Increased blood lead concentration during menstruation in teen female students. <i>Sci Total Environ</i> . 2007; 382(2-3): 224-7.	2003	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Yen C-F, Yang M-S, Yang M-J, Su Y-C, Wang M-H, Lan C-M. Childhood physical and sexual abuse: prevalence and correlates among adolescents living in rural Taiwan. <i>Child Abuse Negl</i> . 2008; 32(3): 429-38.	2003	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. <i>Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act</i> . 2009; 21.	2004	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Taiwan, Province of China-Junior High Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen CJ, Liu CC, Lin YM. [Surveillance of indoor and outdoor radon concentrations in Taiwan]. <i>Nucl Sci J</i> . 1994; 31(2): 117-28.	2005	
Taiwan (Province of China)	China Medical University (Taiwan). Taiwan - Taichung Community Health Study 2004-2005.	2005	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Kuo C-W, Chang T-H, Chi W-L, Chu T-C. Effect of Cigarette Smoking on Bone Mineral Density in Healthy Taiwanese Middle-Aged Men. <i>J Clin Densitom</i> . 2008; 11(4): 518-24.	2005	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Lin C-C, Liu C-S, Li T-C, Chen C-C, Li C-I, Lin W-Y. Microalbuminuria and the metabolic syndrome and its components in the Chinese population. <i>Eur J Clin Invest</i> . 2007; 37(10): 783-90.	2005	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Taiwan, Province of China-Senior High Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2006.	2006	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen N-H, Chuang L-P, Yang C-T, Kushida CA, Hsu S-C, Wang P-C, Lin S-W, Chou Y-T, Chen R-S, Li H-Y, Lai S-C. The prevalence of restless legs syndrome in Taiwanese adults. <i>Psychiatry Clin Neurosci</i> . 2010; 64(2): 170-8.	2006	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Liou YM, Liou T-H, Chang L-C. Obesity among adolescents: sedentary leisure time and sleeping as determinants. <i>J Adv Nurs</i> . 2010; 66(6): 1246-56.	2006	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Bureau of Health Promotion, Department of Health (Taiwan). Taiwan Survey on Hypertension, Hyperglycemia, and Hyperlipidemia (TwSHHH II) 2007.	2007	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare (Taiwan). Taiwan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008.	2008	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Ministry of Health and Welfare (Taiwan). Taiwan National Health Interview Survey and Drug Abuse Body Mass Index Estimates 2009.	2009	*

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Taiwan (Province of China)	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. Environ Health Perspect. 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare (Taiwan). Taiwan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010.	2010	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Taiwan Annual PM2.5 and PM10 Particulate Data 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010-2013. As received from National Taiwan University. [Unpublished].	2010	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare (Taiwan). Taiwan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011.	2011	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen C-C, Yen H-W, Lo Y-H, Chu Y-H, Chiu Y-W, Chuang H-Y. The association of prolonged QT interval on electrocardiography and chronic lead exposure. J Occup Environ Med. 2013; 55(6): 614-9.	2012	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Diet	1985-1987	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Taiwan National Nutrition and Health Survey 2005-2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005-2008	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Liou T-H, Huang Y-C, Chou P. Prevalence and secular trends in overweight and obese Taiwanese children and adolescents in 1991-2003. Ann Hum Biol. 2009; 36(2): 176-85.	1991, 1997, 2003	
Taiwan (Province of China)	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2008	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Taiwan - Kinmen Neurological Disorders Survey Blood Pressure Data 1993-1994, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1993-1994	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Wen CP, Cheng TY, Tsai MK, Chang YC, Chan HT, Tsai SP, Chiang PH, Hsu CC, Sung PK, Hsu YH, Wen SF. All-cause mortality attributable to chronic kidney disease: a prospective cohort study based on 462 293 adults in Taiwan. Lancet. 2008; 371(9631): 2173-82.	1994-2006	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Lu FH, Yang YC, Wu JS, Wu CH, Chang CJ. A population-based study of the prevalence and associated factors of diabetes mellitus in southern Taiwan. Diabet Med. 1998; 15(7): 564-72.	1995-1996	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Lin F-H, Chu N-F, Hsieh A-T. The trend of hypertension and its relationship to the weight status among Taiwanese young adolescents. J Hum Hypertens. 2012; 26(1): 48-55.	1996, 2006	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chen LJ, Fox KR, Haase A, Wang JM. Obesity, fitness and health in Taiwanese children and adolescents. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2006; 60(12): 1367-75.	1999, 2001	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Huang K-C, Lee M-S, Lee S-D, Chang Y-H, Lin Y-C, Tu S-H, Pan W-H. Obesity in the elderly and its relationship with cardiovascular risk factors in Taiwan. Obes Res. 2005; 13(1): 170-8.	1999, 2006	
Taiwan (Province of China)	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2009	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Hsu CC, Hwang SJ, Wen CP, Chang HY, Chen T, Shiu RS, Horng SS, Chang YK, Yang WC. High prevalence and low awareness of CKD in Taiwan: a study on the relationship between serum creatinine and awareness from a nationally representative survey. Am J Kidney Dis. 2006; 48(5): 727-38.	2001-2002	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Huang P-C, Su P-H, Chen H-Y, Huang H-B, Tsai J-L, Huang H-I, Wang S-L. Childhood blood lead levels and intellectual development after ban of leaded gasoline in Taiwan: a 9-year prospective study. Environ Int. 2012; 88-96.	2001-2005, 2007-2008	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Hwang SJ, Lin MY, Chen HC, Hwang SC, Yang WC, Hsu CC, Chiu HC, Mau LW. Increased risk of mortality in the elderly population with late-stage chronic kidney disease: a cohort study in Taiwan. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2008; 23(10): 3192-8.	2002-2004	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Bureau of Health Promotion, Department of Health (Taiwan). Taiwan Tobacco Control Annual Report 2009. New Taipei City, Taiwan: Bureau of Health Promotion, Department of Health (Taiwan), 2009.	2004-2010	
Taiwan (Province of China)	Chang H-Y, Hsu C-C, Pan W-H, Liu W-L, Cheng JY-C, Tseng C-H, Bai C-H, Yeh W-T, Hurng B-S. Gender differences in trends in diabetes prevalence from 1993 to 2008 in Taiwan. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2010; 90(3): 358-64.	2005-2008	*
Taiwan (Province of China)	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011-2012	*

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Tajikistan	Tajikistan Rapid Food Security and Nutrition Assessment 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan Food Security, Health and Nutritional Status Analysis of the Population of Selected Districts in Leninabad Region and the Regions of Republican Subordination as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan National Nutrition Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Tajikistan	National State Statistical Agency (Tajikistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tajikistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000 . New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan National Nutrition Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan National Nutrition Survey 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan National Nutrition Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2001	
Tajikistan	Avgonov ZT, Gaibov AG, Tazhibaev SS, Khairov KS. [Relevance of vitamin deficiency in Tajik children]. Vopr Pitan. 2005; 74(4): 14-6. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002	
Tajikistan	Kazakh Academy of Nutrition, Ministry of Health (Tajikistan), National Institute for Research on Food and Nutrition (INRAN) (Italy), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tajikistan Micronutrient Status Survey 2003.	2003	
Tajikistan	National State Statistical Agency (Tajikistan), World Bank. Tajikistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 2003.	2003	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan National Nutrition, Water, and Sanitation Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	
Tajikistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Tajikistan Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	*
Tajikistan	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), State Committee on Statistics of the Republic of Tajikistan. Tajikistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Tajikistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Education (Tajikistan), Ministry of Health (Tajikistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Tajikistan Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2006 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006	
Tajikistan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Tajikistan	National State Statistical Agency (Tajikistan), World Bank. Tajikistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 2007.	2007	
Tajikistan	Tajikistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Tajikistan	Ministry of Health (Tajikistan), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tajikistan Micronutrient Status Survey 2009.	2009	
Tajikistan	National State Statistical Agency (Tajikistan), World Bank. Tajikistan Living Standards Measurement Survey 2009.	2009	
Tajikistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Tajikistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Tajikistan	ICF International, Ministry of Health (Tajikistan), Statistical Agency under the President of the Republic of Tajikistan. Tajikistan Demographic and Health Survey 2012. Fairfax, United States: ICF International, 2013.	2012	*
Tajikistan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2004-2005, 2007-2012	*
Tajikistan	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2008-2011	*
Tajikistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992-2008	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Tajikistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Tajikistan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1993-1996	
Tajikistan	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2004, 2009	
Tanzania	Tanzania Ifakara Project Child Survival Fact Sheet as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Tanzania	McLarty DG, Swai AB, Kitange HM, Masuki G, Mtinangi BL, Kilima PM, Makene WJ, Chuwa LM, Alberti KG. Prevalence of diabetes and impaired glucose tolerance in rural Tanzania. Lancet. 1989; 1(8643): 871-5.	1987	
Tanzania	Swai AB, McLarty DG, Kitange HM, Kilima PM, Tatalla S, Keen N, Chuwa LM, Alberti KG. Low prevalence of risk factors for coronary heart disease in rural Tanzania. Int J Epidemiol. 1993; 22(4): 651-9.	1987	
Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Minnesota Population Center. Tanzania Population Census 1988 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1988	
Tanzania	Swai AB, McLarty DG, Mtinangi BL, Tatala S, Kitange HM, Mlingi N, Rosling H, Howlett WP, Brubaker GR, Alberti KG. Diabetes is not caused by cassava toxicity. A study in a Tanzanian community. Diabetes Care. 1992; 15(10): 1378-85.	1989	
Tanzania	Tanzania - Dar es Salaam Assessment of Nutritional Status and Associated Factors of Under-Fives from 9-23 September 1991 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Tanzania	Tanzania - Mtwara Growth and Nutrition During the Weaning Period Baseline Study in Nanyamba Division as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1991	
Tanzania	Tanzania Assessment of Nutritional Status and Associated Factors of Under-Fives Handeni Rural from 6-20 September 1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992	
Tanzania	Tanzania Health and Nutrition Project-Component II: Baseline Survey Report as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Tanzania	Pavan L, Casiglia E, Pauletto P, Batista SL, Ginocchio G, Kwankam MM, Biasin R, Mazza A, Puato M, Russo E, Pessina AC. Blood pressure, serum cholesterol and nutritional state in Tanzania and in the Amazon: comparison with an Italian population. J Hypertens. 1997; 15(10): 1083-90. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994	
Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Macro International, Inc, Planning Commission (Tanzania). Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Tanzania	Tanzania International Millennium Declaration Development Goals Progress Report 1996-1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Tanzania	Aspray TJ, Mugusi F, Rashid S, Whiting D, Edwards R, Alberti KG, Unwin NC, Essential Non-Communicable Disease Health Intervention Project. Rural and urban differences in diabetes prevalence in Tanzania: the role of obesity, physical inactivity and urban living. Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg. 2000; 94(6): 637-44.	1997	
Tanzania	Tanzania National Vitamin A Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Macro International, Inc. Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Tanzania	Muganyizi PS, Kilewo C, Moshiri C. Rape against Women: The Magnitude, Perpetrators and Patterns of Disclosure of Events in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania. Afr J Reprod Health. 2004; 8(3): 137-46.	2000	
Tanzania	National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Minnesota Population Center. Tanzania Population and Housing Census 2002 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2002	
Tanzania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). United Republic of Tanzania-Arusha Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Tanzania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). United Republic of Tanzania-Dar Es Salaam Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Tanzania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). United Republic of Tanzania-Kilimanjaro Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Tanzania	Economic Development Initiatives, World Bank. Tanzania - Kagera Living Standards Measurement Study 2004.	2004	
Tanzania	Economic Development Initiatives (EDI), World Bank (WB). Tanzania Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2005. Bukoba, Tanzania: Economic Development Initiatives (EDI).	2005	
Tanzania	Outwater AH, Campbell JC, Mgaya E, Abraham AG, Kinabo L, Kazaura M, Kub J. Homicide death in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania 2005. Int J Inj Contr Saf Promot. 2008; 15(4): 243-52.	2005	*
Tanzania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Education and Vocational Training (Tanzania), Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Tanzania), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Tanzania - Dar es Salaam Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2006. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006	
Tanzania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2006	
Tanzania	LMS International, Steadman Group. Understanding the Tanzania Consumer in Respect to Hand Washing with Soap.	2006	*
Tanzania	National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Household Budget Survey 2007. Dar es Salaam, Tanzania: National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania).	2007	
Tanzania	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Tanzania - Arusha Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Tanzania	Economic Development Initiatives (EDI). Tanzania Mainland Truck Roads and Zanzibar Rural Roads Activities Impact Evaluation 2009. Economic Development Initiatives (EDI), 2010.	2009	
Tanzania	Ministry of Community Development, Gender and Children (Tanzania), Muhimbili University of Health and Allied Sciences (Tanzania), National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tanzania Violence Against Children Study 2009.	2009	*
Tanzania	Economic Development Initiatives (EDI), Muhimbili University of Health and Allied Sciences (Tanzania), Rockwool Foundation Research Unit. Tanzania - Kagera Living Standards Measurement Study 2010. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2010	
Tanzania	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Tanzania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Tanzania	Ministry of Health (Zanzibar), World Health Organization (WHO). Tanzania - Zanzibar STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
Tanzania	National Institute for Medical Research (Tanzania), World Health Organization (WHO). Tanzania STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2012.	2012	*
Tanzania	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Tanzania	Muhimbili University of Health and Allied Sciences (Tanzania), University of Dar es Salaam, World Health Organization (WHO). Tanzania WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2001-2002.	2000-2002	
Tanzania	McCloskey LA, Williams C, Larsen U. Gender inequality and intimate partner violence among women in Moshi, Tanzania. Int Fam Plan Perspect. 2005; 31(3): 124-30.	2002-2003	
Tanzania	Macro International, Inc, National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 2004-2005. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2004-2005	
Tanzania	ICF Macro, National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 2009-2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2009-2010	
Tanzania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Tanzania	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Tanzania	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Tanzania	Bovet P. Distribution of blood pressure, body mass index and smoking habits in the urban population of Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, and associations with socioeconomic status. Int J Epidemiol. 2002; 31(1): 240-7.	1987, 1998-1999	

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Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Tanzania). Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 1991-1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991-1992	
Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Household Budget Survey 1991-1992. Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania).	1991-1992	
Tanzania	Tanzania Demographic and Health Survey 1991-1992 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991-1992	
Tanzania	Tanzania - Kagera Living Standards Measurement Study 1991-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1991-1994	
Tanzania	Edwards R, Unwin N, Mugusi F, Whiting D, Rashid S, Kissima J, Aspray TJ, Alberti KG. Hypertension prevalence and care in an urban and rural area of Tanzania. J Hypertens. 2000; 145-52.	1996-1997	
Tanzania	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania), Oxford Policy Management. Tanzania Household Budget Survey 2000-2001. Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania).	2000-2001	
Tanzania	Tanzania Household Budget Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000-2001	
Tanzania	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001, 2006	
Tanzania	Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE), National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Urban Household Panel Survey 2003-2004. Oxford, United Kingdom: Centre for the Study of African Economies (CSAE).	2003-2004	
Tanzania	Tanzania AIDS Indicator Survey 2003-2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2003-2004	
Tanzania	Economic Development Initiatives (EDI), World Bank (WB). Tanzania Core Welfare Indicators Questionnaire Survey 2006-2007. Bukoba, Tanzania: Economic Development Initiatives (EDI).	2006-2007	
Tanzania	Tanzania HIV/AIDS and Malaria Indicator Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007-2008	
Tanzania	National Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania). Tanzania Living Standards Measurement Study - Integrated Survey on Agriculture 2008-2009.	2008-2009	
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand), Minnesota Population Center. Thailand Population and Housing Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
Thailand	Thailand Child Population Groups from 0-5 Years of Age - Percentage of Children Below -2 SDs of the National Center for Health Statistics Reference as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982	
Thailand	Thailand Maharaj Nakhorn Chiang Mai Hospital Data 1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983	
Thailand	Vannasaeng S, Viriyavejakul A, Pongvarin N, Komoltri C. Factors related to fasting glucose distribution in urban community of Thailand. J Med Assoc Thai. 1987; 126-30.	1983	
Thailand	Institute for Population and Social Research, Mahidol University (Thailand). Thailand Nang Rong Projects 1984.	1984	
Thailand	Thailand Nutritional Change and Ten Years of Development in the Northeast as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1984	
Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, Institute of Population Studies (Thailand), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Thailand Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand). Thailand Survey of Cigarette Smoking Behavior 1988.	1988	
Thailand	Report on survey to determine the existence and extent of vitamin A deficiency in Thailand as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1988	
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand), Minnesota Population Center. Thailand Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
Thailand	Report on the Prevalence of Inadequate Vitamin A Nutrition in Preschool Children of the North and Northeast as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990	
Thailand	Calcium status, factors affecting calcium and bone status in healthy Thais living in Bangkok as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993	
Thailand	Kitvorapat W, Chaotilittakul N, Sinawat S, Wanaratana L. Random survey on nutritional status of children of ages under five. Thai J Health Promot Environ Health. 1996. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1993	



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Thailand	Phuapradit W, Jetsawangsi T, Chaturachinda K, Noinongyao N. Maternal and umbilical cord blood lead levels in Ramathibodi Hospital, 1993. J Med Assoc Thai. 1994; 77(7): 368-72.	1993	
Thailand	Ruangkanchanasetr S, Suepiantham J. Risk factors of high lead level in Bangkok children. J Med Assoc Thai. 2002; S1049-1058.	1994	
Thailand	Thailand National Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Thailand	Thailand National Nutrition Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Thailand	Thailand Smoking Data 1996.	1996	
Thailand	Limpaphayom KK, Taechakraichana N, Jaisamrarn U, Bunyavejchevin S, Chaikittisilpa S, Poshyachinda M, Taechamahachai C, Havanond P, Onthuan Y, Lumbiganon P, Kamolratanakul P. Bone mineral density of lumbar spine and proximal femur in normal Thai women. J Med Assoc Thai . 2000; 83(7): 725-31.	1997	
Thailand	Review of Wood Energy Data in RWEDP Member Countries 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997	
Thailand	Kwanmaung S. Glomerular filtration rate, urin sodium and potassium excretions during the day and the night in young and elderly subjects [thesis]. Bangkok, Thailand: Faculty of Graduate Studies, Mahidol University, 2001. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1998	
Thailand	Chulalongkorn University, World Health Organization (WHO). The Economic Analysis of Tobacco Control in Thailand.	1999	
Thailand	Pongchaiyakul C, Rojroongwasinkul N, Chotmongkol R, Kosulwat V, Charoenkiatkul S, Rajatanavin R. Bone mineral density in rural Thai adults living in Khon Kaen province. J Med Assoc Thai . 2002; 85(2): 235-44.	1999	
Thailand	Sirivarasai J, Kaojaren S, Wananukul W, Srisomerang P. Non-occupational determinants of cadmium and lead in blood and urine among a general population in Thailand. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 2002; 33(1): 180-7.	1999	
Thailand	Manopaiboon C, Kilmarx PH, Limpakarnjanarat K, Jenkins RA, Chaikummao S, Supawitkul S, van Griensven F. Sexual coercion among adolescents in northern Thailand: prevalence and associated factors. Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health. 2003; 34(2): 447-57.	2000	
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand), Minnesota Population Center. Thailand Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
Thailand	Perkovic V, Cass A, Patel AA, Suriyawongpaisal P, Barzi F, Chadban S, Macmahon S, Neal B; InterASIA Collaborative Group. High prevalence of chronic kidney disease in Thailand. Kidney Int. 2008; 73(4): 473-9.	2000	
Thailand	Pongpaew, Tungtrongchitr, Phonrat, Vudhivai, Jintaridhi, Vorasanta, Chantaranipapong, Supawan, Viroonudomphol, Trivunyatkul, Tongboonchoo, Schelp. Activity, dietary intake, and anthropometry of an informal social group of Thai elderly in Bangkok. Arch Gerontol Geriatr. 2000; 30(3): 245-60. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000	
Thailand	The InterASIA Collaborative Group. Cardiovascular risk factor levels in urban and rural Thailand - The International Collaborative Study of Cardiovascular Disease in Asia (InterASIA). Eur J Cardiovasc Prev Rehabil. 2003; 10(4): 249-57.	2000	
Thailand	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2001	*
Thailand	Thailand Smoking Data 2001.	2001	
Thailand	Chomchai C, Padungtod C, Chomchai S. Predictors of elevated blood lead level in Thai children: a pilot study using risk assessment questionnaire. J Med Assoc Thai. 2005; S53-59.	2002	
Thailand	Jirapramukpitak T, Prince M, Harpham T. The experience of abuse and mental health in the young Thai population. Soc Psychiatry Psychiatr Epidemiol. 2005; 40(12): 955-63.	2002	
Thailand	Pongchaiyakul C, Nguyen TV, Foocharoen C, Rajatanavin R. Estimated volumetric bone mineral density in a rural Thai men and women: Khon Kaen Osteoporosis Study (KKOS). J Med Assoc Thai . 2005; S46-52.	2002	
Thailand	Thailand Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2002	
Thailand	Pongchaiyakul C, Apinyanurag C, Soontrapa S, Soontrapa S, Pongchaiyakul C, Nguyen TV, Rajatanavin R. Prevalence of osteoporosis in Thai men. J Med Assoc Thai . 2006; 89(2): 160-9.	2003	
Thailand	Thailand National Nutrition Survey 2003 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003	
Thailand	Thailand Smoking Data 2003.	2003	



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Thailand	Satheannoppakao W, Aekplakorn W, Pradipasen M. Fruit and vegetable consumption and its recommended intake associated with sociodemographic factors: Thailand National Health Examination Survey III. Public Health Nutr. 2009; 12(11): 2192-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Thailand	Aekplakorn W, Kongsakon R. Intimate partner violence among women in slum communities in Bangkok, Thailand. Singapore Med J. 2007; 48(8): 763-8.	2005	
Thailand	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Thailand Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
Thailand	Gouws E, White PJ, Stover J, Brown T. Short term estimates of adult HIV incidence by mode of transmission: Kenya and Thailand as examples. Sex Transm Infect. 2006; 82(Suppl 3): 51-55.	2005	*
Thailand	Saetung S, Ongphiphadhanakul B, Rajatanavin R. The relationship of an Asian-specific screening tool for osteoporosis to vertebral deformity and osteoporosis. J Bone Miner Metab . 2008; 26(1): 47-52.	2005	
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand). Thailand Cigarette Smoking and Drinking Behavior Survey 2007.	2007	
Thailand	Rerksuppaphol S, Rerksuppaphol L. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among school children in suburb Thailand defined by the International Obesity Task Force Standard. [corrected]. J Med Assoc Thai. 2010; S27-31.	2007	
Thailand	Thailand Socio-Economic Survey 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2007	
Thailand	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Education (Thailand), Ministry of Public Health (Thailand), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Thailand Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2008. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2008	
Thailand	Tangtrakulwanich B, Suwanno P. Epidemiology and risk factors of patellofemoral osteoarthritis in adults: a population-based study in southern Thailand. J Med Assoc Thai. 2012; 95(8): 1048-52.	2008	
Thailand	Action on Smoking and Health Foundation (Thailand), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Faculty of Public Health at Mahidol University (Thailand), Health Systems Research Institute (Thailand), Ministry of Public Health (Thailand), National Statistical Office (Thailand), Tobacco Control Research and Knowledge Management Center (Thailand), World Health Organization (WHO). Thailand Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2011.	2009	*
Thailand	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Thailand Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009	
Thailand	Pongchaiyakul C, Kotruchin P. Lumbar spine and hip bone mineral density in Thai women using the Osteosys Dexam T-bone densitometer. J Med Assoc Thai . 2013; 96(8): 898-904.	2009	*
Thailand	Sirivarasai J, Wananukul W, Kaojarern S, Chanprasertyothin S, Thongmung N, Ratanachaiwong W, Sura T, Sritara P. Association between inflammatory marker, environmental lead exposure, and glutathione S-transferase gene. Biomed Res Int. 2013; 2013: 474963.	2009	*
Thailand	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Thailand	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Thailand	Biran A, Schmidt WP, Zeleke L, Emukule H, Khay H, Parker J, Peprah D. Hygiene and sanitation practices amongst residents of three long-term refugee camps in Thailand, Ethiopia and Kenya. Trop Med Int Health. 2012; 17(9): 113-41.	2011	*
Thailand	Clean Air Asia, Pollution Control Department (Thailand). Thailand Annual Summary of Air Quality Data 2011. [Unpublished].	2011	*
Thailand	Clean Air Asia, Pollution Control Department (Thailand). Thailand Annual Summary of Air Quality Data 2012. As received from Clean Air Asia. [Unpublished].	2011	*
Thailand	National Statistical Office (Thailand). Thailand Cigarette Smoking and Drinking Behavior Survey 2011. Bangkok, Thailand: National Statistical Office (Thailand).	2011	*
Thailand	Thai Working Group on HIV/AIDS Projection. Projections for HIV/AIDS in Thailand: 2000-2020. Bangkok, Thailand: Division of AIDS, Department of Communicable Disease Control, Ministry of Public Health (Thailand). 2001.	1990, 1995, 2000, 2005	*
Thailand	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Thailand	Foundation for Women (Thailand), Institute for Population and Social Research, Mahidol University (Thailand), World Health Organization (WHO). Thailand WHO Multi-country Study on Women's Health and Domestic Violence Against Women 2000.	2000-2002	

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Thailand	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Thailand	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Thailand	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Thailand	Thailand Report on the Improvement of Health and Nutrition in the Nam Pong Irrigation Area in Northeast Thailand as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981-1982	
Thailand	Domrongkitchaiporn S, Sritara P, Kitiyakara C, Stitchantrakul W, Krittaphol V, Lolekha P, Cheepudomwit S, Yipintsoi T. Risk factors for development of decreased kidney function in a southeast Asian population: a 12-year cohort study. J Am Soc Nephrol. 2005; 16(3): 791-9.	1985-1997	
Thailand	Thailand Nutrition and Health: Trends and Actions as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1991	
Thailand	Ministry of Public Health (Thailand). Thailand National Health Examination Survey 1991-1992.	1991-1992	
Thailand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2007	
Thailand	Ministry of Public Health (Thailand). Thailand National Health Examination Survey 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
Thailand	Wanichsetakul P, Watanaruangkovit P, Visutakul P, Kamudhamas A, Siripakarn Y. Normal value of bone mineral density of lumbar spine, proximal femur, and distal forearm of women in different age groups. J Med Assoc Thai . 2002; 85(5): 617-23.	1999-2001	
Thailand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008, 2011-2012	
Thailand	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2008, 2011-2012	
Thailand	Chittinandana A, Chailimpamontree W, Chaloeiphap P. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in Thai adult population. J Med Assoc Thai. 2006; 89(Suppl 2): S112-20.	2002-2003	
Thailand	Ministry of Public Health (Thailand). Thailand National Health and Examination Survey 2003-2004. National Statistical Office (Thailand), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Thailand Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2003-2004	
Thailand	Ingsathit A, Thakkinstian A, Chaiprasert A, Sangthawan P, Gojaseni P, Kiattisunthorn K, Ongaiyooth L, Vanavanan S, Sirivongs D, Thirakhupt P, Mittal B, Singh AK, Thai-SEEK Group. Prevalence and risk factors of chronic kidney disease in the Thai adult population: Thai SEEK study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2010; 25(5): 1567-75.	2005-2006	
Thailand	National Health Examination Survey Office (Thailand). Thailand National Health and Examination Survey 2008-2009.	2007-2008	
Thailand	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Public Health (Thailand), Thai NGO Coalition on AIDS, Thai Network of People Living with HIV/AIDS. Thailand AIDS Response Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2008-2009	
Thailand		2012-2016	*
The Bahamas	Bahamas Department of Statistics. Bahamas Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
The Bahamas	Bahamas Department of Statistics. Bahamas Population and Housing Census 2000.	2000	
The Bahamas	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bahamas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
The Bahamas	Brathwaite N, Brathwaite A, Taylor M. The socio-economic determinants of obesity in adults in the Bahamas. West Indian Med J. 2011; 60(4): 434-41.	2001	
The Bahamas	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Bahamas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2004. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2004.	2004	*
The Bahamas	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
The Bahamas	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
The Bahamas	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
The Bahamas	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
The Bahamas	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
The Bahamas	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1999, 2001-2009	
The Gambia	Central Statistics Department (Gambia). Gambia Population and Housing Census 1983.	1983	
The Gambia	Aspray TJ, Prentice A, Cole TJ, Sawo Y, Reeve J, Francis RM. Low bone mineral content is common but osteoporotic fractures are rare in elderly rural Gambian women. J Bone Miner Res . 1996; 11(7): 1019-25.	1993	
The Gambia	Gambia Report of the Progress of the Mid-decade Goals 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
The Gambia	van der Sande MA, Milligan PJ, Nyan OA, Rowley JT, Banya WA, Ceesay SM, Dolmans WM, Thien T, McAdam KP, Walraven GE. Blood pressure patterns and cardiovascular risk factors in rural and urban Gambian communities. J Hum Hypertens. 2000; 14(8): 489-96.	1997	
The Gambia	Gambia National Household Poverty Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1998	
The Gambia	Gambia Nationwide Survey on the Prevalence of Vitamin A and Iron Deficiency in Women and Children 2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999	
The Gambia	Central Statistics Department (Gambia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Gambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
The Gambia	Dionisio KL, Howie S, Fornace KM, Chimah O, Adegbola RA, Ezzati M. Measuring the exposure of infants and children to indoor air pollution from biomass fuels in The Gambia. Indoor Air. 2008; 18(4): 317-27.	2007	*
The Gambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Gambia - Banjul Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
The Gambia	Gambia Bureau of Statistics (GBOS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Gambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010.	2010	
The Gambia	World Health Organization (WHO). Gambia STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010.	2010	*
The Gambia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
The Gambia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
The Gambia	Gambia Bureau of Statistics (GBOS), ICF International, Ministry of Health and Social Welfare (Gambia). Gambia Demographic and Health Survey 2013.	2013	*
The Gambia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001-2005, 2007-2008, 2010-2012	*
The Gambia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
The Gambia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
The Gambia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
The Gambia	Tomkins AM, Dunn DT, Hayes RJ, Bradley AK. Seasonal variations in the nutritional status of urban Gambian children. Br J Nutr. 1986; 56(3): 533-43. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1981-1982	
The Gambia	Central Statistics Department (Gambia). Gambia Household Education and Health Survey 1993-1994. Banjul, Gambia: Central Statistics Department (Gambia).	1993-1994	
The Gambia	Van der Sande MA, Bailey R, Faal H, Banya WA, Dolin P, Nyan OA, Ceesay SM, Walraven GE, Johnson GJ, McAdam KP. Nationwide prevalence study of hypertension and related non-communicable diseases in the Gambia. Trop Med Int Health. 1997; 2(11): 1039-48.	1994, 1997	
The Gambia	Gambia Bureau of Statistics (GBOS), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Gambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005-2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005-2006	
Timor-Leste	National Statistics Directorate (Timor-Leste), World Bank. Timor-Leste Living Standards and Measurement Survey 2001. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2001	
Timor-Leste	Insan Hitawasana Sejahtera, National Statistics Directorate (Timor-Leste), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Timor-Leste Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2002.	2002	
Timor-Leste	ACIL Australia Pty Ltd., Australian Agency for International Development (AusAID), Australian National University, European Union (EU), Ministry of Health (Timor-Leste), National Statistics Directorate (Timor-Leste), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), University of Newcastle (Australia), World Health Organization (WHO). Timor-Leste Demographic and Health Survey 2003.	2003	



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Timor-Leste	Timor-Leste Demographic and Health Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Timor-Leste	Timor-Leste Nutrition Baseline Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2003	
Timor-Leste	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Timor-Leste Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2006. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	*
Timor-Leste	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Timor-Leste Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2009. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2009	*
Timor-Leste	Ramke J, Brian G. BMI among Timorese aged $\geq 40$ years. Public Health Nutr. 2012; 15(11): 2118-23. World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2009	
Timor-Leste	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	*
Timor-Leste	Hynes M, Robertson K, Ward J, Crouse C. A determination of the prevalence of gender-based violence among conflict-affected populations in East Timor. Disasters. 2004; 28(3): 294-321.	2002-2005, 2007, 2009-2012	*
Timor-Leste	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2009-2010	
Timor-Leste	ICF Macro, Ministry of Finance (Timor-Leste), National Statistics Directorate (Timor-Leste). Timor-Leste Demographic and Health Survey 2009-2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	1961-2009	
Timor-Leste	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1970-1975, 1990-2008	
Timor-Leste	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1980-2011	
Timor-Leste	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	2007-2008	
Timor-Leste	Timor-Leste Living Standards and Measurement Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2007-2008	
Timor-Leste	Timor-Leste Living Standards and Measurement Survey 2007-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007-2008	
Togo	Department of Statistics (Togo), Ministry of Planning and Industry (Togo). Togo Population and Housing Census 1981.	1981	
Togo	Demographic Research Unit (Togo), Department of Statistics (Togo), Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Ministry of Public Health, Social Affairs and the Status of Women (Togo). Togo Demographic and Health Survey 1988. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988	
Togo	Togo National Policy on Food and Nutrition Synthesis Document as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Togo	Togo National Policy on Food and Nutrition Synthesis Document as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988	
Togo	Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1996	
Togo	Department of Statistics (Togo), Macro International, Inc. Togo Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Togo	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Togo	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Togo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Togo	Directorate General of Statistics and National Accounting (Togo), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Togo	Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2006	
Togo	Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Togo	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Togo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Togo	Togo National Survey of Nutrition and Survival of Children Aged 0 to 59 Months 2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2008	
Togo	Baragou S, Djibril M, Atta B, Damorou F, Pio M, Balogou A. Prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in an urban area of Togo: a WHO STEPS-wise approach in Lome, Togo. Cardiovasc J Afr. 2012; 23(6): 309-12.	2009	
Togo	Directorate General of Statistics and National Accounting (Togo), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Togo Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010	
Togo	Ministry of Health (Togo), West African Health Organization, World Health Organization (WHO). Togo STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2010-2011.	2010	*
Togo	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Togo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Togo	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Togo	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Togo	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Togo	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Tonga	Statistics Department (Tonga). Tonga Population and Housing Census 1976.	1976	
Tonga	Tonga - The 1986 National Nutrition Survey of the Kingdom of Tonga: Technical Report Prepared for the National Food and Nutrition Committee as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1986	
Tonga	Tonga 1st National Status Report: Millenium Development Goals, Today and Tomorrow as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1986	
Tonga	Woodward A, Newland H, Kinahoi M. Smoking in the Kingdom of Tonga: report from a national survey. Tob Control. 1994; 3(1): 41-5.	1991	
Tonga	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1996	
Tonga	Colagiuri S, Colagiuri R, Na'ati S, Muimuiheata S, Hussain Z, Palu T. The prevalence of diabetes in the Kingdom of Tonga. Diabetes Care. 2002; 25(2): 1378-83.	1999	
Tonga	Smith BJ, Phongsavan P, Havea D, Halavatau V, Chey T. Body mass index, physical activity and dietary behaviours among adolescents in the Kingdom of Tonga. Public Health Nutr. 2007; 10(2): 137-44.	2000	
Tonga	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003	
Tonga	Ministry of Health (Tonga), World Health Organization (WHO). Tonga STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004.	2004	
Tonga	Tonga STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2004 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2004	
Tonga	Statistics Department (Tonga). Tonga Population and Housing Census 1996.	2006	
Tonga	Tonga Population and Housing Census 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Tonga	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Education, Women Affairs, and Culture (Tonga), Ministry of Health (Tonga), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Tonga Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2010. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2010	
Tonga	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Tonga Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
Tonga	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Tonga	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Tonga	Ma'a Fafine mo e Famili (Tonga). Tonga National Study on Domestic Violence Against Women 2008-2009.	2008-2009	*
Tonga	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2007	
Trinidad and Tobago	Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago), International Statistical Institute. Trinidad and Tobago World Fertility Survey 1977. Voorburg, Netherlands: International Statistical Institute.	1977	
Trinidad and Tobago	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Trinidad and Tobago INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Trinidad and Tobago	Family Planning Association (Trinidad and Tobago), Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development. Trinidad and Tobago Demographic and Health Survey 1987. Columbia, United States: Westinghouse; Institute for Resource Development.	1987	
Trinidad and Tobago	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat. Population and Housing Census of the Commonwealth Caribbean 1990-1991.	1990	
Trinidad and Tobago	Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago). Trinidad and Tobago Population and Housing Census 1990.	1990	
Trinidad and Tobago	Caribbean Community (CARICOM) Secretariat, Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago). Trinidad and Tobago Population and Housing Census 2000.	2000	
Trinidad and Tobago	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Trinidad and Tobago Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Trinidad and Tobago	Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Trinidad and Tobago	Gulliford MC, Mahabir D, Rocke B. Food insecurity, food choices, and body mass index in adults: nutrition transition in Trinidad and Tobago. Int J Epidemiol. 2003; 32(4): 508-16. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001	
Trinidad and Tobago	Gulliford MC, Mahabir D, Rocke B. Socioeconomic inequality in blood pressure and its determinants: cross-sectional data from Trinidad and Tobago. J Hum Hypertens. 2004; 18(1): 61-70.	2001	
Trinidad and Tobago	Rajkumar WS, Manohar J, Doon R, Siung-Chang A, Chang-Yen I, Monteil M. Blood lead levels in primary school children in Trinidad and Tobago. Sci Total Environ. 2006; 361(1-3): 81-7.	2003	
Trinidad and Tobago	Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago) and United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Trinidad and Tobago Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Trinidad and Tobago	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Trinidad and Tobago Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Trinidad and Tobago	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Education (Trinidad and Tobago), Ministry of Health (Trinidad and Tobago), World Health Organization (WHO). Trinidad and Tobago Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2007. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2007	
Trinidad and Tobago	Mungrue K, Fyzul A, Ramroop S, Persad T, Asgarali A. Are teenagers at risk for developing cardiovascular disease in later life?. Int J Adolesc Med Health. 2013; 25(1): 75-80.	2010	*
Trinidad and Tobago	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Trinidad and Tobago	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Trinidad and Tobago	Caribbean Epidemiology Centre (CAREC), Central Statistical Office (Trinidad and Tobago), Ministry of Health (Trinidad and Tobago), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), University of the West Indies. Trinidad and Tobago STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
Trinidad and Tobago	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Trinidad and Tobago Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Trinidad and Tobago	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Trinidad and Tobago	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Trinidad and Tobago	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Trinidad and Tobago	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Trinidad and Tobago	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2005, 2009-2010	
Tunisia	Papoz L, Ben Khalifa F, Eschwege E, Ben Ayed H. Diabetes mellitus in Tunisia: description in urban and rural populations. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1988; 17(2): 419-22.	1981	
Tunisia	National Institute of Statistics (Tunisia). Tunisia Population and Housing Census 1984.	1984	
Tunisia	Ghannem H, Darioli R, Limam K, Harrabi I, Gaha R, Trabelsi L, Fredj AH, Bouslama A. Epidemiology of cardiovascular risk factors among schoolchildren in Sousse, Tunisia. <i>J Cardiovasc Risk</i> . 2001; 8(2): 87-91.	1988	
Tunisia	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, National Office for Family and Population, Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia). Tunisia Demographic and Health Survey 1988. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988	
Tunisia	Gharbi M, Belhani A, Aouidet A, Ben Rayana C, Achour A, Nasraoui A, Tritar B, Kallel Z. Niveau des facteurs de risque cardio-vasculaire dans la population urbaine et rurale du Cap-Bon: Tunisie. <i>Rev Epidemiol Sante Publique</i> . 1996; 44(2): 125-32.	1989	
Tunisia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1989	
Tunisia	Fakhfakh R, Hsairi M, Maalej M, Achour N, Nacef T. Tobacco use in Tunisia: behaviour and awareness. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 2002; 80(5): 350-6.	1996	
Tunisia	Ghannem H, Fredj AH. Transition épidémiologique et facteurs de risque cardiovasculaire en Tunisie. <i>Rev Epidemiol Sante Publique</i> . 1997; 45(4): 286-92.	1996	
Tunisia	Ghannem H, Hadj Fredj A. Prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in the urban population of Soussa in Tunisia. <i>J Public Health Med</i> . 1997; 19(4): 392-6.	1996	
Tunisia	Bouguerra R, Alberti H, Salem LB, Rayana CB, Atti JE, Gaigi S, Slama CB, Zouari B, Alberti K. The global diabetes pandemic: the Tunisian experience. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2007; 61(2): 160-5.	1997	
Tunisia	Ghannem H, Khelifa K, Harrabi I, Ben Abdelaziz A, Gaha R. Study of cardiovascular disease risk factors among urban schoolchildren in Sousse, Tunisia. <i>East Mediterr Health J</i> . 2000; 6(5-6): 1046-54.	1997	
Tunisia	Ghannem H, Trabelsi L, Gaha R, Harrabi I, Essoussi AS. Study of cardiovascular disease risk factors among rural schoolchildren in Sousse, Tunisia. <i>East Mediterr Health J</i> . 2001; 7(4-5): 617-24.	1998	
Tunisia	Laouani Kechrid C, Hmouda H, Ben Naceur MH, Ghannem H, Toumi S, Ajmi F. Hypertension artérielle du sujet de plus de 60 ans: Enquête épidémiologique dans la région de Sousse (Tunisie). <i>Tunis Med</i> . 2004; 82(11): 1001-5.	2000	
Tunisia	Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tunisia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Tunisia	Ben Romdhane H, Skhiri H, Bougatef S, Ennigrou S, Gharbi D, Chahed MK, Achour N. Hypertension prevalence, awareness, treatment and control: results from a community based survey. <i>Tunis Med</i> . 2005; 83(Suppl 5): 41-6.	2001	
Tunisia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Tunisia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Tunisia	League of Arab States, National Office for Family and Population, Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Tunisia Family Health Survey 2001.	2001	
Tunisia	World Health Organization (WHO). Tunisia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Tunisia	Aounallah-Skhiri H, Romdhane HB, Traissac P, Eymard-Duvernay S, Delpeuch F, Achour N, Maire B. Nutritional status of Tunisian adolescents: associated gender, environmental and socio-economic factors. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2008; 11(12): 1306-17.	2004	
Tunisia	Aounallah-Skhiri H, Ben Romdhane H, Maire B, Elkhdim H, Eymard-Duvernay S, Delpeuch F, Achour N. Health and behaviours of Tunisian school youth in an era of rapid epidemiological transition. <i>East Mediterr Health J</i> . 2009; 15(5): 1201-14.	2005	
Tunisia	Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia), National Office for Family and Population, Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tunisia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006.	2006	
Tunisia	Tunisia - Kasserine Vitamin A Status in Children Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006	
Tunisia	Tunisia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Tunisia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Tunisia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Tunisia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Tunisia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010.	2010	
Tunisia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Tunisia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Tunisia	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Tunisia	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Public Health (Tunisia). Tunisia Activity Report on the Response to AIDS 2012.	2010-2011	*
Tunisia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Tunisia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Tunisia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Tunisia	Gharbi M, Akrouit M, Zouari B. Prevalence and risk factors of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus in the rural and urban population of Tunisia. Rev Epidemiol Sante Publique. 2002; 50(4): 349-55.	1989-1990	
Tunisia	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2004	
Tunisia	Tunisia Maternal and Child Health Survey 1994-1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994-1995	
Tunisia	Tunisia National Nutrition Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1996-1997	
Tunisia	Tunisia National Nutrition Survey 1996-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996-1997	
Tunisia	Ministry of Regional Development and Planning (Tunisia), National Institute of Statistics (Tunisia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Tunisia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2011-2012. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2014.	2011-2012	*
Turkey	Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University. Turkey Population and Health Survey 1983.	1983	
Turkey	Hacettepe University and Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). (1989) Turkey Family Planning/Maternal and Child Health Survey 1988. Ankara, Turkey, Hacettepe University.	1988	
Turkey	Vural N, Gülvendik G. Blood lead level distribution by age group in inhabitants of Ankara. Biol Trace Elem Res. 1988; 18: 85-93.	1988	
Turkey	Agirbasli M, Cakir S, Ozme S, Ciliv G. Metabolic syndrome in Turkish children and adolescents. Metab Clin Exp. 2006; 55(8): 1002-6.	1992	
Turkey	Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Turkey). Turkey Demographic and Health Survey 1993. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1993	
Turkey	Kelestimur F, Cetin M, Paşaoğlu H, Coksevim B, Cetinkaya F, Unlühizarci K, Unal S, Köker AH. The prevalence and identification of risk factors for type 2 diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance in Kayseri, central Anatolia, Turkey. Acta Diabetol. 1999; 36(1-2): 85-91.	1994	
Turkey	Turkey Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995	
Turkey	Turkey Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Turkey	Gürlek A, Bayraktar M, Ariyürek M. Inappropriate Reference Range for Peak Bone Mineral Density in Dual-energy X-ray Absorptiometry: Implications for the Interpretation of T-scores. Osteoporos Int. 2000; 11(9): 809-13.	1997	
Turkey	Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University, Macro International, Inc. Turkey Demographic and Health Survey 1998. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1998	
Turkey	Earth Trends: The Environmental Information Portal as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999	
Turkey	Tezcan S, Altıntaş H, Sönmez R, Akinci A, Doğan B, Cakir B, Bilgin Y, Klör HU, Razum O. Cardiovascular risk factor levels in a lower middle-class community in Ankara, Turkey. Trop Med Int Health. 2003; 8(7): 660-7.	1999	
Turkey	Tugay Aytekin N, Pala K, Irgil E, Akis N, Aytekin H. Distribution of blood pressures in Gemlik District, north-west Turkey. Health Soc Care Community. 2002; 10(5): 394-401.	1999	
Turkey	Alikasifoglu M, Erginoz E, Ercan O, Albayrak-Kaymak D, Uysal O, Ilter O. Sexual abuse among female high school students in Istanbul, Turkey. Child Abuse Negl. 2006; 30(3): 247-55.	2000	
Turkey	Minnesota Population Center, State Institute of Statistics (Turkey). Turkey Population Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2000	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Turkey	Baykara M. DEXA Bone Mineral Density Values in Local Women Population Compared with Turkish Population Standards. F U Saglik Bil Dergisi . 2005; 19(4): 231-9.	2001	
Turkey	Manios Y, Kolotourou M, Moschonis G, Sur H, Keskin Y, Kocaoglu B, Hayran O. Macronutrient intake, physical activity, serum lipids and increased body weight in primary schoolchildren in Istanbul. Pediatr Int. 2005; 47(2): 159-66.	2001	
Turkey	Oner N, Vatansever U, Sari A, Ekuklu E, Güzel A, Karasalihoglu S, Boris NW. Prevalence of underweight, overweight and obesity in Turkish adolescents. Swiss Med Wkly. 2004; 134(35-36): 529-33.	2001	
Turkey	Sanisoglu SY, Oktenli C, Hasimi A, Yokusoglu M, Ugurlu M. Prevalence of metabolic syndrome-related disorders in a large adult population in Turkey. BMC Public Health. 2006; 92.	2001	
Turkey	Sekuri C, Eser E, Akpinar G, Cakir H, Sitti I, Gulomur O, Ozcan C. Cardiovascular disease risk factors in post-menopausal women in West Anatolia. Jpn Heart J. 2004; 45(1): 119-31.	2001	
Turkey	Sundblom E, Petzold M, Rasmussen F, Callmer E, Lissner L. Childhood overweight and obesity prevalences levelling off in Stockholm but socioeconomic differences persist. Int J Obes (Lond). 2008; 32(10): 1525-30.	2001	
Turkey	Yumuk VD, Hatemi H, Tarakci T, Uyar N, Turan N, Bagriacik N, Ipbuker A. High prevalence of obesity and diabetes mellitus in Konya, a central Anatolian city in Turkey. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2005; 70(2): 151-8.	2001	
Turkey	Akyuz G, Sar V, Kugu N, Dogan O. Reported childhood trauma, attempted suicide and self-mutilative behavior among women in the general population. Eur Psychiatry. 2005; 20(3): 268-73.	2002	
Turkey	Erem C, Arslan C, Hacıhasanoglu A, Deger O, Topbas M, Ukinc K, Ersöz HÖ, Telatar M. Prevalence of Obesity and Associated Risk Factors in a Turkish Population (Trabzon City, Turkey). Obesity (Silver Spring). 2004; 12(7): 1117-27.	2002	
Turkey	Önal AE, Erbil S, Özel S, Aciksari K, Tumerdem Y. The prevalence of and risk factors for hypertension in adults living in Istanbul. Blood Press. 2004; 13(1): 31-6.	2002	
Turkey	Soysal A, Demiral Y, Soysal D, Uçku R, Köseoglu M, Aksakoglu G. The prevalence of metabolic syndrome among young adults in Izmir, Turkey. Anatol J Cardiol. 2005; 5(3): 196-201.	2002	
Turkey	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Turkey Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Turkey	Omega Contract Research Organization, Turkish Society of Hypertension and Renal Diseases. Turkey Prevalence, Awareness, Treatment and Control of Hypertension Study 2003. Ankara, Turkey: Turkish Society of Hypertension and Renal Diseases.	2003	
Turkey	World Health Organization (WHO). Turkey World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Turkey	Celik M, Ekerbicer HC, Ergun UG, Kilinc M. Effects of environmental lead pollution, smoking, and smokeless tobacco (Maras powder) use on blood lead level. Biol Trace Elem Res. 2007; 120(1-3): 121-6.	2004	
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Turkey	Ozmen D, Ozmen E, Ergin D, Cetinkaya AC, Sen N, Dundar PE, Taskin EO. The association of self-esteem, depression and body satisfaction with obesity among Turkish adolescents. BMC Public Health. 2007; 80.	2004	
Turkey	Celik N, Cevik U, Celik A, Kucukomeroglu B. Determination of indoor radon and soil radioactivity levels in Giresun, Turkey. J Environ Radioact. 2008; 99(8): 1349-54.	2005	
Turkey	Celik N, Poffijn A, Cevik U, Schepens L. Indoor radon survey in dwellings of the Kars province, Turkey. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2008; 128(4): 432-6.	2005	
Turkey	Dietary Intake of Adult Population Living in Ankara 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Turkey	Erees FS, Aközcan S, Parlak Y, Cam S. Assessment of dose rates around Manisa (Turkey). Radiat Meas. 2006; 41(5): 598-601.	2005	
Turkey	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 64.3 (Nov-Dec 2005). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4415 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10971	2005	*
Turkey	Kam E, Bozkurt A. Environmental radioactivity measurements in Kastamonu region of northern Turkey. Appl Radiat Isot. 2007; 65(4): 440-4.	2005	
Turkey	Kam E, Yazar Y, Bozkurt A. A study of background radioactivity level for Tekirdag, Turkey. Radiat Prot Dosimetry. 2010; 138(1): 40-4.	2005	
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Turkey	Mihci M, Buyuksarac A, Aydemir A, Celebi N. Indoor and outdoor Radon concentration measurements in Sivas, Turkey, in comparison with geological setting. J Environ Radioact. 2010; 101(11): 952-7.	2005	
Turkey	Oguz A, Temizhan A, Abaci A, Kozan O, Erol C, Ongen Z, Celik S. Obesity and abdominal obesity; an alarming challenge for cardio-metabolic risk in Turkish adults. Anadolu Kardiyol Derg. 2008; 8(6): 401-6.	2005	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Turkey	Ozer BK. Growth reference centiles and secular changes in Turkish children and adolescents. <i>Econ Hum Biol</i> . 2007; 5(2): 280-301.	2005	
Turkey	Sahin I, Yildirim B, Cetin I, Etikan I, Ozturk B, Ozyurt H, Tasliyurt T. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in the Black Sea Region, Turkey, and investigation of the related factors with chronic kidney disease. <i>Ren Fail</i> . 2009; 31(10): 920-7.	2005	
Turkey	Simsek E, Akpinar S, Bahcebasi T, Senses DA, Kocabay K. The prevalence of overweight and obese children aged 6-17 years in the West Black Sea region of Turkey. <i>Int J Clin Pract</i> . 2008; 62(7): 1033-8.	2005	
Turkey	Yarar Y, Günaydi T, Celebi N. Determination of radon concentrations of the Dikili geothermal area in western Turkey. <i>Radiat Prot Dosimetry</i> . 2006; 118(1): 78-81.	2005	
Turkey	Yuca SA, Yilmaz C, Cesur Y, Dogan M, Kaya A, Basarangolu M. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in children and adolescents in eastern Turkey. <i>J Clin Res Pediatr Endocrinol</i> . 2010; 2(4): 159-63.	2006	
Turkey	Borici S, Agaoglu NB, Baykan OA, Agirbasli M. Blood pressure and anthropometric measurements in Albanian versus Turkish children and adolescents. <i>Acta Cardiol</i> . 2009; 64(6): 747-54.	2007	
Turkey	Erdem Y, Arici M, Altun B, Turgan C, Sindel S, Erbay B, Derici U, Karatan O, Hasanoglu E, Caglar S. The relationship between hypertension and salt intake in Turkish population: SALTURK study. <i>Blood Press</i> . 2010; 19(5): 313-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
Turkey	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2007	*
Turkey	Turkish Society of Nephrology. Turkey Chronic Renal Disease In Turkey Study 2007.	2007	
Turkey	Akbulut G, Köksal E, Bilici S, Acar Tek N, Yildiran H, Karadag MG, Sanlier N. Metabolic syndrome (MS) in elderly: a cross sectional survey. <i>Arch Gerontol Geriatr</i> . 2011; 53(3): e263-266.	2008	*
Turkey	BNB Consulting (Turkey), ICON-INSTITUTE Consulting Group, Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University. Turkey National Research on Domestic Violence Against Women 2008.	2008	
Turkey	CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Global Tobacco Surveillance System, Hacettepe University, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Ministry of Health (Turkey), Turkish Statistical Institute, World Health Organization (WHO). Turkey Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2008.	2008	*
Turkey	Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University, Ministry of Health (Turkey), State Planning Organization (Turkey), Turkish Statistical Institute. Turkey Demographic and Health Survey 2008.	2008	
Turkey	Ankara, Turkey: Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University.	2008	
Turkey	Turkish Society of Cardiology. Turkey Adult Risk Factor Study (TEKHARF) 2008.	2008	
Turkey	Turkish Statistical Institute. Turkey Health Interview Survey 2008. Ankara, Turkey: Turkish Statistical Institute.	2008	
Turkey	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
Turkey	van Donkelaar A, Martin RV, Brauer M, Boys BL. Use of satellite observations for long-term exposure assessment of global concentrations of fine particulate matter. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2015; 123(2): 135-43.	2009	*
Turkey	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Turkey	Satman I, Omer B, Tutuncu Y, Kalaca S, Gedik S, Dinccag N, Karsidag K, Genc S, Telci A, Canbaz B, Turker F, Yilmaz T, Cakir B, Tuomilehto J, TURDEP-II Study Group. Twelve-year trends in the prevalence and risk factors of diabetes and prediabetes in Turkish adults. <i>Eur J Epidemiol</i> . 2013; 28(2): 169-80.	2010	*
Turkey	Turkish Statistical Institute. Turkey Health Interview Survey 2010. Ankara, Turkey: Turkish Statistical Institute.	2010	
Turkey	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Turkey	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Turkey	Ministry of Health (Turkey). Turkey Chronic Diseases and Risk Factors Study 2011.	2011	*
Turkey	Turkish Society of Hypertension and Renal Diseases. Turkey Hypertension Prevalence Study 2012.	2012	*
Turkey	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Turkey	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Turkey	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Turkey	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2012	
Turkey	Erem C, Yildiz R, Kavgaci H, Karahan C, Deger O, Can G, Telatar M. Prevalence of diabetes, obesity and hypertension in a Turkish population (Trabzon city). Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2001; 54(3): 203-8.	1998-1999	
Turkey	Süleymanlar G, Utaş C, Arinsoy T, Ateş K, Altun B, Altıparmak MR, Ecder T, Yılmaz ME, Çamsarı T, Başçı A, Odabas AR, Serdengeçti K. A population-based survey of Chronic Renal Disease In Turkey – the CREDIT study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2011; 26(6): 1862-71.	2000, 2008-2010	
Turkey	AMATEM (Turkey), Plaza Ltd. Research, World Health Organization (WHO). Turkey WHO Multi-country Survey Study on Health and Health System Responsiveness 2000-2001. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2001	
Turkey	Gokcel A, Ozsahin AK, Sezgin N, Karakose H, Ertorer ME, Akbaba M, Baklaci N, Sengul A, Guvener N. High prevalence of diabetes in Adana, a southern province of Turkey. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(11): 3031-4.	2002-2003	
Turkey	Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University, Ministry of Health (Turkey). Turkey Demographic and Health Survey 2003-2004. Ankara, Turkey: Institute of Population Studies, Hacettepe University.	2003-2004	
Turkey	Karadeniz Technical University. Turkey - Trabzon Hypertension Study .	2003-2005	
Turkey	Pala K, Turkkan A, Gucer S, Osman E, Aytekin H. Occupational lead exposure: blood lead levels of apprentices in Bursa, Turkey. Ind Health. 2009; 47(1): 97-102.	2004-2005	
Turkey	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Turkey	Soylemezoglu O, Duzova A, Yalçinkaya F, Arinsoy T, Süleymanlar G. Chronic renal disease in children aged 5-18 years: a population-based survey in Turkey, the CREDIT-C study. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2012; 27(Suppl 3): iii146-151.	2007-2008	
Turkey	European Environment Agency (EEA). EEA Airbase European Air Quality Database Version 7, 2013. Copenhagen, Denmark: European Environment Agency (EEA), 2013.	2009, 2011	*
Turkey	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
Turkey	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011-2012	*
Turkmenistan	Gurbansoltan Eje Clinical Research Center for Maternal and Child Health (GECRCMCH), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health and Medical Industry (Turkmenistan). Turkmenistan Demographic and Health Survey 2000. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000	
Turkmenistan	Turkmenistan Demographic and Health Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Turkmenistan	Turkmenistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006 as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	2006	
Turkmenistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Turkmenistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Turkmenistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Turkmenistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Turkmenistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Uganda	Uganda Northeast Uganda Rural Health, Water and Community Development Project Baseline Survey 1985 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Uganda	Vella V, Tomkins A, Borghesi A, Migliori GB, Adriko BC, Crevatin E. Determinants of child nutrition and mortality in north-west Uganda. Bull World Health Organ. 1992; 70(5): 637-43. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Uganda	Uganda Baseline Survey for the South-West Integrated Project Mbarara as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Uganda	Uganda Epidemiological Analysis of Predictors of Childhood Malnutrition and Mortality in Southwest Uganda as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988	
Uganda	Uganda Bureau of Statistics, Minnesota Population Center. Uganda Population and Housing Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database].	1991	
Uganda	Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
Uganda	Pavan L, Casiglia E, Pauletto P, Batista SL, Ginocchio G, Kwankam MM, Biasin R, Mazza A, Puato M, Russo E, Pessina AC. Blood pressure, serum cholesterol and nutritional state in Tanzania and in the Amazon: comparison with an Italian population. J Hypertens. 1997; 15(10): 1083-90. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994	
Uganda	Macro International, Inc, Statistics Department (Uganda). Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 1995. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1995	
Uganda	Tumwine JK, Barugahare W. Nutrition status of children in Kasese district at the Uganda-Congo border. East Afr Med J. 2002; 79(8): 427-34. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda-Arua Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda-Kampala Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda-Mpigi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Uganda	Uganda Bureau of Statistics, Minnesota Population Center. Uganda Population and Housing Census 2002 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database].	2002	
Uganda	Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2002	
Uganda	Wamani H, Tylleskär T, Astrøm AN, Tumwine JK, Peterson S. Mothers' education but not fathers' education, household assets or land ownership is the best predictor of child health inequalities in rural Uganda. Int J Equity Health. 2004; 3(1): 9. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Uganda	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Uganda Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2003. [Unpublished].	2003	
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Education and Sports (Uganda), Ministry of Health (Uganda), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2003 . Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	
Uganda	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003	
Uganda	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2003	
Uganda	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2003	
Uganda	Macro International, Inc, Uganda Bureau of Statistics. Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2006	
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*

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Uganda	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Uganda AIDS Commission. Uganda Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012.	2008	*
Uganda	Graber LK, Asher D, Anandaraja N, Bopp RF, Merrill K, Cullen MR, Luboga S, Trasande L. Childhood lead exposure after the phaseout of leaded gasoline: an ecological study of school-age children in Kampala, Uganda. Environ Health Perspect. 2010; 118(6): 884-9.	2009	
Uganda	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Uganda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Uganda	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Uganda Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2011	*
Uganda	ICF Macro, Uganda Bureau of Statistics. Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2011	
Uganda	Koenig MA, Lutalo T, Zhao F, Nalugoda F, Wabwire-Mangen F, Kiwanuka N, Wagman J, Serwadda D, Wawer M, Gray R. Domestic violence in rural Uganda : evidence from a community-based study. Bull World Health Organ. 2003; 81(1): 53-60.	1998-2001 1999, 2001- 2002, 2004- 2005, 2007- 2009, 2011-	
Uganda	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2012	*
Uganda	Macro International, Inc, Uganda Bureau of Statistics. Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 2000-2001. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2000-2001	
Uganda	Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 2000-2001 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2000-2001	
Uganda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Uganda	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Uganda	Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development, Makerere University, Ministry of Health (Uganda). Uganda Demographic and Health Survey 1988-1989. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988-1989	
Uganda	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Uganda	Uganda Household Survey 1999-2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1999-2000	
Uganda	ICF Macro, Uganda Bureau of Statistics. Uganda Malaria Indicator Survey 2009-2010. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro.	2009-2010	
Uganda	Uganda Bureau of Statistics. Uganda Living Standards Measurement Survey - Integrated Survey on Agriculture 2009-2010. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2009-2010	
Ukraine	Institute of Cardiology (Ukraine). Tobacco or Health in Ukraine.	1995	
Ukraine	Friedman LS, Lukyanova OM, Kundiev YI, Shkiryak-Nizhnyk ZA, Chislovska NV, Mucha A, Zvinchuk AV, Oliynyk I, Hryhorczuk D. Predictors of elevated blood lead levels among 3-year-old Ukrainian children: a nested case-control study. Environ Res. 2005; 99(2): 235-42.	1998	
Ukraine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ukraine Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Ukraine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ukraine-Kiev Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Ukraine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), ORC Macro. Reproductive, Maternal and Child Health in Eastern Europe and Eurasia: A Comparative Report 1993-2001. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	1999	
Ukraine	Division of Reproductive Health-Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Kiev International Institute of Sociology. (2001) Ukraine Reproductive Health Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	
Ukraine	Gilmore AB, McKee M, Telishevska M, Rose R. Epidemiology of smoking in Ukraine, 2000. Prev Med. 2001; 33(5): 453-61.	2000	



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Ukraine	State Statistical Committee (Ukraine), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ukraine Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000.	2000	
Ukraine	O'Leary KD, Tintle N, Bromet EJ, Gluzman SF. Descriptive epidemiology of intimate partner aggression in Ukraine. Soc Psychiatry Psychiatr Epidemiol. 2008; 43(8): 619-26.	2002	
Ukraine	Ukraine National Micronutrient Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2002	
Ukraine	Ukraine National Micronutrient Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Ukraine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Ukraine Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2005.	2005	*
Ukraine	International Centre for Policy Studies (ICPS), Kiev International Institute of Sociology. Ukraine National Poll on Smoking 2005.	2005	
Ukraine	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ukraine Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2005. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2005	
Ukraine	Povoroznyuk VV, Dzerovich NI, Karasevskaya TA. Bone mineral density in Ukrainian women of different age. Ann N Y Acad Sci . 2007; 1119: 243-52.	2006	
Ukraine	Kalabiska I, Uvacek M, Uvacek M, Petrekanits M, Cseprekál O, Ihasz F, Frenkl R. Comparison of running performances and prevalence of overweight and obesity in Hungarian and Ukrainian adolescents. Acta Physiol Hung. 2010; 97(4): 393-400.	2007	
Ukraine	Macro International, Inc, State Statistical Committee (Ukraine), Ukrainian Center for Social Reforms (UCSR). Ukraine Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Ukraine	International HIV/AIDS Alliance, Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Health (Ukraine), World Health Organization (WHO). National Estimate of HIV/AIDS in Ukraine as of the Beginning of 2009.	2009	*
Ukraine	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
Ukraine	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Ukraine	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Ukraine	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Ukraine Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). StatInform Consulting, State Statistics Service (Ukraine), Ukrainian Center for Social Reforms (UCSR), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Ukraine Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2012. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2014.	2011	*
Ukraine	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Ukraine	World Health Organization (WHO). Ukraine World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Ukraine	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
Ukraine	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1975, 1980-2007	
Ukraine	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1980-2010	
Ukraine	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Ukraine	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Ukraine	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995-2010	
Ukraine	Ukraine Living Conditions, Lifestyles and Health Study 2001-2002 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2001-2002	
Ukraine	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	

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Ukraine	Andreeva TI, Krasovsky KS. Changes in smoking prevalence in Ukraine in 2001-5. Tob Control. 2007; 16(3): 202-6.	2001-2002, 2005	
Ukraine	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	2001-2010	
Ukraine	Roberts B, Gilmore A, Stickley A, Rotman D, Prohoda V, Haerpfer C, McKee M. Changes in Smoking Prevalence in 8 Countries of the Former Soviet Union Between 2001 and 2010. Am J Public Health. 2012; 102(7): 1320-8.	2001-2010	
Ukraine	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Inequalities in Young People's Health: HBSC International Report from the 2005/2006 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2008.	2005-2006	
Ukraine	Bloomberg Initiative to Reduce Tobacco Use, Bloomberg Philanthropies, CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Global Tobacco Surveillance System, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Kiev International Institute of Sociology, Ministry of Health (Ukraine), National University of Kyiv-Mohyla Academy, Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI). Ukraine Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009-2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009-2010	*
United Arab Emirates	Ministry of Health (United Arab Emirates). United Arab Emirates Child Health Survey 1987.	1987	
United Arab Emirates	el Mugamer IT, Ali Zayat AS, Hossain MM, Pugh RN. Diabetes, obesity and hypertension in urban and rural people of bedouin origin in the United Arab Emirates. J Trop Med Hyg. 1995; 98(6): 407-15.	1990	
United Arab Emirates	Council of Health Ministers of GCC States, Ministry of Health (United Arab Emirates). United Arab Emirates Family Health Survey 1995.	1995	
United Arab Emirates	Al-Haddad FH, Little BB, Abdul Ghafoor AGM. Childhood obesity in United Arab Emirates schoolchildren: a national study. Ann Hum Biol. 2005; 32(1): 72-9.	1998	
United Arab Emirates	Al-Hourani HM, Henry CJK, Lightowler HJ. Prevalence of overweight among adolescent females in the United Arab Emirates. Am J Hum Biol. 2003; 15(6): 758-64.	1998	
United Arab Emirates	Malik M, Bakir A. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among children in the United Arab Emirates. Obes Rev. 2007; 8(1): 15-20.	1998	
United Arab Emirates	Carter AO, Saadi HF, Reed RL, Dunn EV. Assessment of obesity, lifestyle, and reproductive health needs of female citizens of Al Ain, United Arab Emirates. J Health Popul Nutr. 2004; 22(1): 75-83.	2000	
United Arab Emirates	Malik M, Bakir A, Saab BA, Roglic G, King H. Glucose intolerance and associated factors in the multi-ethnic population of the United Arab Emirates results of a national survey. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2005; 69(2): 188-95.	2000	
United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates University (UAEU). United Arab Emirates Health and Lifestyle Survey 2000. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). United Arab Emirates Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
United Arab Emirates	World Health Organization (WHO). United Arab Emirates World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
United Arab Emirates	Abu Dhabi General Authority for Health Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Dubai Health Authority, Ministry of Education (United Arab Emirates), Ministry of Health (United Arab Emirates), World Health Organization (WHO). United Arab Emirates Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2005. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2005	
United Arab Emirates	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). United Arab Emirates Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2005. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	*
United Arab Emirates	Saadi H, Carruthers SG, Nagelkerke N, Al-Maskari F, Afandi B, Reed R, Lukic M, Nicholls MG, Kazam E, Algawi K, Al-Kaabi J, Leduc C, Sabri S, El-Sadig M, Elkhumaidi S, Agarwal M, Benedict S. Prevalence of diabetes mellitus and its complications in a population-based sample in Al Ain, United Arab Emirates. Diabetes Res Clin Pract. 2007; 78(3): 369-77.	2006	
United Arab Emirates	Zaal AAB, Brebner J, Musaiger AO, Souza RD. Anthropometric characteristics and obesity among adolescents in the United Arab Emirates. East Mediterr Health J. 2011; 17(5): 382-6.	2008	
United Arab Emirates	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
United Arab Emirates	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
United Arab Emirates	United Arab Emirates Environmental Statistics 2011 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2011	*
United Arab Emirates	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	

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United Arab Emirates	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1972-2007	
United Arab Emirates	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
United Arab Emirates	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000, 2005, 2008	
United Arab Emirates	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1995, 2000, 2005, 2008	
United Arab Emirates	El Hasnaoui A, Rashid N, Lahlou A, Salhi H, Doble A, Nejari C, BREATHE Study Group. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease in the adult population within the Middle East and North Africa region: rationale and design of the BREATHE study. Respir Med. 2012; S3-15.	2010-2011	*
United Kingdom	Goldwater LJ, Hoover AW. An international study of "normal" levels of lead in blood and urine. Arch Environ Health. 1967; 15(1): 60-3.	1964	
United Kingdom	Yarnell JW, Voyle GJ, Sweetnam PM, Milbank J, Richards CJ, Stephenson TP. Factors associated with urinary incontinence in women. J Epidemiol Community Health. 1982; 36(1): 58-63.	1979	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
United Kingdom	Baker AW, Duncan SP. Child sexual abuse: A study of prevalence in Great Britain. Child Abuse Negl. 1985; 9(4): 457-67.	1982	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	
United Kingdom	Quinn MJ, Delves HT. UK Blood Lead Monitoring Programme 1984-1987: protocol and results for 1984. Hum Toxicol. 1987; 6(6): 459-74.	1984	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Health Related Behavior Questionnaire Data 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
United Kingdom	Elwood PC, Yarnell JW, Oldham PD, Catford JC, Nutbeam D, Davey-Smith G, Toothill C. Blood pressure and blood lead in surveys in Wales. Am J Epidemiol. 1988; 127(5): 942-5.	1985	
United Kingdom	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. United Kingdom INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1985-1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolism Expert Group.	1985	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Health Related Behavior Questionnaire Data 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
United Kingdom	Williams DR, Bingham SA. Sodium and potassium intakes in a representative population sample: estimation from 24 h urine collections known to be complete in a Cambridgeshire village. Br J Nutr. 1986; 55(1): 13-22. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985	



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United Kingdom	United Kingdom Health Related Behavior Questionnaire Data 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
United Kingdom	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 27 (Mar-May 1987). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1712 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10884	1987	*
United Kingdom	Croxson SC, Burden AC, Bodington M, Botha JL. The prevalence of diabetes in elderly people. Diabet Med. 1991; 8(1): 28-31.	1987	
United Kingdom	Fowkes FG, Leng GC, Donnan PT, Deary IJ, Riemersma RA, Housley E. Serum cholesterol, triglycerides, and aggression in the general population. Lancet. 1992; 340(8826): 995-8.	1987	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Health Related Behavior Questionnaire Data 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Smoking Habits Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
United Kingdom	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 29 (Mar-Apr 1988). Faits et Opinions, Paris. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1714 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10886	1988	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	
United Kingdom	Child Abuse Studies Unit, University of North London. United Kingdom - Great Britain Child Sexual Abuse Prevalence Survey 1989.	1989	
United Kingdom	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 32 (Oct-Nov 1989). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA1752 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10890	1989	*
United Kingdom	Hart DJ, Spector TD. The relationship of obesity, fat distribution and osteoarthritis in women in the general population: the Chingford Study. J Rheumatol. 1993; 20(2): 331-5.	1990	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
United Kingdom	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 36 (Oct-Nov 1991). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2081 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10848	1991	*
United Kingdom	Fogarty AW, Lewis SA, McKeever TM, Britton JR. Is higher sodium intake associated with elevated systemic inflammation? A population-based study. Am J Clin Nutr. 2009; 89(6): 1901-4. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991	
United Kingdom	O'Donohoe J, Chalkley S, Richmond J, Bartrop D. Blood lead in U.K. children--time for a lower action level? . Clin Sci (Lond). 1998; 95(2): 219-23.	1991	
United Kingdom	Office of Population Censuses and Surveys (United Kingdom), Minnesota Population Center. United Kingdom Census 1991 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1991	
United Kingdom	Commission of the European Communities (2012): Eurobarometer 38.0 (Sep-Oct 1992). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2294 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10903	1992	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1992 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1992	
United Kingdom	DECODE Study Group. Age- and sex-specific prevalences of diabetes and impaired glucose regulation in 13 European cohorts. Diabetes Care. 2003; 26(1): 61-9.	1993	
United Kingdom	Department of Health (United Kingdom). United Kingdom Health Survey for England 1993.	1993	
United Kingdom	Petley GW, Cotton AM, Murrills AJ, Taylor PA, Cooper C, Cawley MI, Wilkin TJ. Reference ranges of bone mineral density for women in southern England: the impact of local data on the diagnosis of osteoporosis. Br J Radiol . 1996; 69(823): 655-60.	1993	
United Kingdom	Vanderpump MP, Tunbridge WM, French JM, Appleton D, Bates D, Rodgers H, Evans JG, Clark F, Tunbridge F, Young ET. The incidence of diabetes mellitus in an English community: a 20-year follow-up of the Whickham Survey. Diabet Med. 1996; 13(8): 741-7.	1993	
United Kingdom	Department of Health (United Kingdom). United Kingdom Health Survey for England 1994.	1994	
United Kingdom	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 41.0 (Mar-May 1994). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2490 Data file Version 1.1.0, doi:10.4232/1.10909	1994	*

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United Kingdom	Truscott JG, Simpson DS, Fordham JN. A suggested methodology for the construction of national bone densitometry reference ranges: 1372 Caucasian women from four UK sites. <i>Br J Radiol</i> . 1997; 70(840): 1245-51.	1994	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
United Kingdom	Department of Health (United Kingdom). United Kingdom Health Survey for England 1995.	1995	
United Kingdom	ESPAD Report 1995: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 26 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
United Kingdom	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 43.0 (Mar-Apr 1995). INRA, Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA2636 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10912	1995	*
United Kingdom	McCarthy HD, Jarrett KV, Emmett PM, Rogers I. Trends in waist circumferences in young British children: a comparative study. <i>Int J Obes (Lond)</i> . 2005; 29(2): 157-62.	1995	
United Kingdom	Department of Health (United Kingdom). United Kingdom Health Survey for England 1996.	1996	
United Kingdom	Home Office (United Kingdom). Domestic Violence: Findings From a New British Crime Survey Self-completion Questionnaire. London, United Kingdom: Home Office (United Kingdom), 1999.	1996	
United Kingdom	Löfdahl HE, Lane A, Lu Y, Lagergren P, Harvey RF, Blazeby JM, Lagergren J. Increased population prevalence of reflux and obesity in the United Kingdom compared with Sweden: a potential explanation for the difference in incidence of esophageal adenocarcinoma. <i>Eur J Gastroenterol Hepatol</i> . 2011; 23(2): 128-32.	1996	
United Kingdom	TRANSFAIR Study Trans Fatty Acid Consumption Estimates as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1996	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom - England Teenage Smoking Attitudes Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
United Kingdom	Yarnell JW, McCrum EE, Patterson CC, Skidmore P, Shields MD, McMahon J, Evans AE. Prevalence and awareness of excess weight in 13 and 14 year olds in Northern Ireland using recent international guidelines. <i>Acta Paediatr</i> . 2001; 90(12): 1435-9.	1996	
United Kingdom	Department of Health (United Kingdom). United Kingdom Health Survey for England 1997.	1997	
United Kingdom	Jebb SA, Rennie KL, Cole TJ. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among young people in Great Britain. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2004; 7(3): 461-5.	1997	
United Kingdom	Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency. Central Survey Unit, Northern Ireland Health and Social Wellbeing Survey, 1997 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], October 2002. SN: 4589, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4589-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4589-1</a> .	1997	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom - England Teenage Smoking Attitudes Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom National Diet and Nutrition Survey: Young People Aged 4 to 18 Years 1997 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
United Kingdom	Lewendon G, Kinra S, Nelder R, Cronin T. Should children with developmental and behavioural problems be routinely screened for lead? . <i>Arch Dis Child</i> . 2001; 85(4): 286-8.	1998	
United Kingdom	National Assembly for Wales, Welsh Health Survey, 1998 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 4176 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4176-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4176-1</a>	1998	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, University College London Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 1998 [computer file]. 4th ed. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], 30 November 2002. SN: 4150.	1998	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom - England Teenage Smoking Attitudes Survey 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	

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United Kingdom	ESPAD Report 1999: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 30 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United Kingdom	Eurostat. Eurostat Tobacco Use Prevalence 1999.	1999	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 1999 [computer file]. 3rd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2002. SN: 4365.	1999	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United Kingdom	Wardle J, Williamson S, Johnson F, Edwards C. Depression in adolescent obesity: cultural moderators of the association between obesity and depressive symptoms. Int J Obes (Lond). 2006; 30(4): 634-43.	1999	
United Kingdom	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. United Kingdom Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2000. [Unpublished].	2000	
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United Kingdom	National Research and Development Centre for Welfare and Health (STAKES) (Finland), World Health Organization (WHO). United Kingdom European Comparative Alcohol Study (ECAS) Survey 2000 - GENACIS. [Unpublished].	2000	
United Kingdom	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
United Kingdom	Kelly YJ, Watt RG. Breast-feeding initiation and exclusive duration at 6 months by social class--results from the Millennium Cohort Study. Public Health Nutr. 2005; 8(4): 417-21.	2001	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2001 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], June 2004. SN: 4628.	2001	
United Kingdom	Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency. Central Survey Unit, Northern Ireland Health and Social Wellbeing Survey, 2001 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], October 2002. SN: 4590 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4590-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4590-1</a>	2001	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
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United Kingdom	Fisher L, Fraser J, Alexander C. Caregivers' inability to identify childhood adiposity: a cross-sectional survey of rural children and their caregivers' attitudes. Aust J Rural Health. 2006; 14(2): 56-61.	2002	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2002 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], May 2004. SN: 4912.	2002	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
United Kingdom	Whelton H, Harrington J, Crowley E, Kelleher V, Cronin M, Perry IJ. Prevalence of overweight and obesity on the island of Ireland: results from the North South Survey of Children's Height, Weight and Body Mass Index, 2002. BMC Public Health. 2007; 187.	2002	
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United Kingdom	ESPAD Report 2003: Alcohol and Other Drug Use Among Students in 35 European Countries as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United Kingdom	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 59.0 (Jan-Feb 2003). European Opinion Research Group (EORG), Brussels. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA3903 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.11352	2003	*



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United Kingdom	Ottova V, Erhart M, Rajmil L, Dettenborn-Betz L, Ravens-Sieberer U. Overweight and its impact on the health-related quality of life in children and adolescents: results from the European KIDSCREEN survey. Qual Life Res. 2012; 21(1): 59-69.	2003	
United Kingdom	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
United Kingdom	Ul-Haq Z, Mackay DF, Fenwick E, Pell JP. Impact of metabolic comorbidity on the association between body mass index and health-related quality of life: a Scotland-wide cross-sectional study of 5,608 participants. BMC Public Health. 2012; 143.	2003	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United Kingdom	Curtis V. Hand Washing at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine (LSHTM): The Shocking Truth. 2004.	2004	*
United Kingdom	Kaptoge S, Reid D, Scheidt-Nave C, Poor G, Pols HA., Khaw K., Felsenberg D, Benevolenskaya L, Diaz M, Stepan J, Eastell R, Boonen S, Cannata J, Glueer C, Crabtree N, Kaufman J, Reeve J. Geographic and other determinants of BMD change in European men and women at the hip and spine. A population-based study from the Network in Europe for Male Osteoporosis (NEMO). Bone . 2007; 40(3): 662-73.	2004	
United Kingdom	Mitchell RT, McDougall CM, Crum JE. Decreasing prevalence of obesity in primary schoolchildren. Arch Dis Child. 2007; 92(2): 153-4.	2004	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2004 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2006. SN: 5439.	2004	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
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United Kingdom	Gunby JA, Darby SC, Miles JC, Green BM, Cox DR. Factors affecting indoor radon concentrations in the United Kingdom. Health Phys. 1993; 64(1): 2-12.	2005	
United Kingdom	Lynch M, Black M. A tale of two cities: a review of homicide in Melbourne and Glasgow in 2005. Med Sci Law. 2008; 48(1): 24-30.	2005	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2005 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2007. SN: 5675.	2005	
United Kingdom	Pierce MB, Zaninotto P, Steel N, Mindell J. Undiagnosed diabetes-data from the English longitudinal study of ageing. Diabet Med. 2009; 26(7): 679-85.	2005	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Omnibus Survey Tobacco Consumption 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
United Kingdom	Wrixon AD, Green BMR, Lomas PR, Miles JCH, Cliff KD, Francis EA, Driscoll CMH, James AC, O'Riordan MC. Natural radiation exposure in UK dwellings. Chilton, United Kingdom: National Radiological Protection Board; 1988. Report No.: NRPB-R190.	2005	
United Kingdom	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 66.2 (Oct-Nov 2006). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4527 Data file Version 1.0.1, doi:10.4232/1.10981	2006	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2006 [computer file]. 4th Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2011. SN: 5809, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5809-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5809-1</a>	2006	
United Kingdom	Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	
United Kingdom	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2007	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2007 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], April 2010. SN: 6112, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6112-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6112-1</a>	2007	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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United Kingdom	Sandercock GRH, Ogunleye A, Voss C. Comparison of cardiorespiratory fitness and body mass index between rural and urban youth: findings from the East of England Healthy Hearts Study. <i>Pediatr Int</i> . 2011; 53(5): 718-24.	2007	
United Kingdom	Steele RM, van Sluijs EMF, Cassidy A, Griffin SJ, Ekelund U. Targeting sedentary time or moderate- and vigorous-intensity activity: independent relations with adiposity in a population-based sample of 10-y-old British children. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 90(5): 1185-92.	2007	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom - Scotland Survey of Urinary Sodium and Potassium Excretion 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2007	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2008 [computer file]. 3rd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2011. SN: 6397, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6397-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6397-1</a>	2008	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2008 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 6372.	2008	*
United Kingdom	Scottish Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Scottish Health Survey, 2008 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], April 2013. SN: 6383, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6383-2">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6383-2</a>	2008	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Dietary Sodium 24 Hour Urine Sample Survey 2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008	
United Kingdom	Caribbean Epidemiology Centre (CAREC), Ministry of Health and Social Development (Virgin Islands, British), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), World Health Organization (WHO). Virgin Islands, British STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2009.	2009	
United Kingdom	European Commission (2012): Eurobarometer 72.3 (Oct 2009). TNS OPINION & SOCIAL, Brussels [Producer]. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4977 Data file Version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1.11140	2009	*
United Kingdom	Judah G, Anger R, Schmidt WP, Michie S, Granger S, Curtis V. Experimental pretesting of hand-washing interventions in a natural setting. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2009; 99(Suppl 2): S405-11.	2009	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2009 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2011. SN: 6732, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6732-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6732-1</a>	2009	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2009 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 6589, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6589-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6589-1</a> .	2009	*
United Kingdom	Scottish Centre for Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Scottish Health Survey, 2009 [computer file]. 4th Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], November 2011. SN: 6713, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6713-2">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6713-2</a>	2009	*
United Kingdom	Shiue I. Associated social factors of body mass index in adults and the very old in the UK. <i>Int J Cardiol</i> . 2013; 168(1): 543-5.	2009	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom - Scotland Survey of 24 Hour Urinary Sodium Excretion 2009-2010 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2009	
United Kingdom	WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Social Determinants of Health and Well-being Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2009/2010 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2012.	2009	*
United Kingdom	Health Protection Agency (United Kingdom), Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). United Kingdom Global AIDS Response Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2010	*
United Kingdom	NatCen Social Research and Royal Free and University College Medical School. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2010 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2012. SN: 6986, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6986-2">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6986-2</a>	2010	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2010 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], November 2011. SN: 6895, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6895-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6895-1</a> .	2010	*
United Kingdom	Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom). United Kingdom General Lifestyle Survey 2010 - ONS. Newport, United Kingdom: Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom), 2012.	2010	*
United Kingdom	ScotCen Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Scottish Health Survey, 2010 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], April 2012. SN: 6987, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6987-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-6987-1</a>	2010	*

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United Kingdom	ISSP Research Group (2013): International Social Survey Programme: Health and Health Care - ISSP 2011. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA5800 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4232/1/11759.	2011	*
United Kingdom	NatCen Social Research and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2011 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], April 2013. SN: 7260, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7260-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7260-1</a>	2011	*
United Kingdom	NatCen Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2011 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], January 2013. SN: 7188, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7188-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7188-1</a> .	2011	*
United Kingdom	ScotCen Social Research, University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health and University of Glasgow. MRC/CSO Social and Public Health Sciences Unit, Scottish Health Survey, 2011 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], August 2013. SN: 7247, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7247-2">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7247-2</a>	2011	*
United Kingdom	European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights. European Union Violence Against Women Study 2012.	2012	*
United Kingdom	NatCen Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2012 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2014. SN: 7459, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7459-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7459-1</a> .	2012	*
United Kingdom	ScotCen Social Research, University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health and University of Glasgow. MRC/CSO Social and Public Health Sciences Unit, Scottish Health Survey, 2012 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], January 2014. SN: 7417, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7417-2">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-7417-2</a>	2012	*
United Kingdom	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Dietary and Nutritional Survey of British Adults 1986-1987 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1986-1987	
United Kingdom	Flood-Page C, Taylor J, eds, Home Office (United Kingdom). Crime in England and Wales 2001/2002: Supplementary Volume. London, England: Research, Development and Statistics Directorate, Home Office (United Kingdom), 2003.	1991-2002	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom National Diet, Nutrition, and Dental Survey of Children Aged 1 1/2 to 4 1/2 Years 1992-1993 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992-1993	
United Kingdom	Khaw K-T, Bingham S, Welch A, Luben R, O'Brien E, Wareham N, Day N. Blood pressure and urinary sodium in men and women: the Norfolk Cohort of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC-Norfolk). Am J Clin Nutr. 2004; 80(5): 1397-403. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1993-1997	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom National Diet and Nutrition Survey: People Aged 65 Years and Over 1994-1995 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994-1995	
United Kingdom	Scottish Government. Homicide in Scotland 2004-2005. Edinburgh, Scotland: Scottish Government, 2005.	1995-2005	
United Kingdom	Gallagher B, Bradford M, Pease K. Attempted and completed incidents of stranger-perpetrated child sexual abuse and abduction. Child Abuse Negl. 2008; 32(5): 517-28.	1996-1997	
United Kingdom	May-Chahal C, Cawson P. Measuring child maltreatment in the United Kingdom: a study of the prevalence of child abuse and neglect. Child Abuse Negl. 2005; 29(9): 969-84.	1998-1999	
United Kingdom	Home Office (United Kingdom). Homicides, Firearm Offences and Intimate Violence 2009/10: Supplementary Volume 2 to Crime in England and Wales 2009/10. London, United Kingdom: Home Office (United Kingdom), 2011.	1999-2010	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom National Diet and Nutrition Survey: Adults Aged 19 to 64 Years 2000-2001 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000-2001	
United Kingdom	Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom), Scottish Government. United Kingdom - Scotland Homicide 2009-2010.	2000-2010	
United Kingdom	Home Office (United Kingdom). Homicides, Firearm Offences and Intimate Violence 2006/07: Supplementary Volume 2 to Crime in England and Wales 2006/07. London, United Kingdom: Home Office (United Kingdom), 2008.	2001, 2004-2007	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Beaufort Research Limited and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Welsh Health Survey, 2003-2004 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 5692, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5692-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5692-1</a>	2003-2004	*
United Kingdom	United Kingdom Low Income Diet and Nutrition Survey 2003-2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2003-2005	



Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Beaufort Research Limited and University College London. Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Welsh Health Survey, 2004-2005 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 5693, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5693-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5693-1</a> .	2004-2005	*
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, Welsh Health Survey, 2005-2006 [computer file]. 2nd Edition. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2011. SN: 5750 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5750-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5750-1</a>	2005-2006	*
United Kingdom	Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency. Central Survey Unit, Northern Ireland Health and Social Wellbeing Survey, 2005-2006 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], October 2007. SN: 5710, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5710-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5710-1</a> .	2005-2006	*
United Kingdom	Gregory MJ, Milroy CM. Homicide and Suicide in Yorkshire and the Humber: 1975-1992 and 1993-2007. Am J Forensic Med Pathol. 2010; 31(1): 58-63.	2006-2007	
United Kingdom	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2012	*
United Kingdom	Human Nutrition Research, Medical Research Council, National Centre for Social Research (NatCen), Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), University College London Medical School. United Kingdom National Diet and Nutrition Survey 2008-2011 - Public Health England.	2008-2011	*
United Kingdom	Home Office (United Kingdom). Homicides, Firearm Offences and Intimate Violence 2010/11: Supplementary Volume 2 to Crime in England and Wales 2010/11. London, United Kingdom: Home Office (United Kingdom), 2012.	2010-2011	*
United Kingdom	Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA). United Kingdom - Northern Ireland Health Survey 2010-2011 - UK Data Service.	2010-2011	*
United Kingdom	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
United Kingdom	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2010	
United Kingdom	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1979-1980, 1984, 1995	
United Kingdom	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
United Kingdom	Cox, B.D., Health and Lifestyle Survey, 1984-1985 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], October 1988. SN: 2218, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-2218-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-2218-1</a> .	1984-1985	
United Kingdom	Forrest RD, Jackson CA, Yudkin JS. Glucose intolerance and hypertension in north London: the Islington Diabetes Survey. Diabet Med. 1986; 3(4).	1984-1985	
United Kingdom	Ninewells Hospital and Medical School. Scottish Heart Health Study 1984-1986.	1984-1986	
United Kingdom	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1984-1995	
United Kingdom	Office of Population Censuses and Surveys. Social Survey Division, Dietary and Nutritional Survey of British Adults, 1986-1987 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], September 1991. SN: 2836, <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-2836-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-2836-1</a> .	1986-1987	
United Kingdom	Ahmed ML, Allen AD, Dunger DB, Macfarlane A. The Oxford growth study: a district growth surveillance programme 1988-1994. J Med Screen. 1995; 2(3): 160-3. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1988-1994	
United Kingdom	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1988-1998, 2001-2012	
United Kingdom	Buchan IE, Bundred PE, Kitchiner DJ, Cole TJ. Body mass index has risen more steeply in tall than in short 3-year olds: serial cross-sectional surveys 1988-2003. Int J Obes (Lond). 2007; 31(1): 23-9.	1988-2003	
United Kingdom	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1988-2012	
United Kingdom	Watkins DC, Murray LJ, McCarron P, Boreham CAG, Cran GW, Young IS, McGartland C, Robson PJ, Savage JM. Ten-year trends for fatness in Northern Irish adolescents: the Young Hearts Projects--repeat cross-sectional study. Int J Obes (Lond). 2005; 29(6): 579-85.	1989, 2000	
United Kingdom	Spector TD, McCloskey EV, Doyle DV, Kanis JA. Prevalence of vertebral fracture in women and the relationship with bone density and symptoms: the Chingford Study. J Bone Miner Res . 1993; 8(7): 817-22.	1989-1991	
United Kingdom	Chandramouli K, Steer CD, Ellis M, Emond AM. Effects of early childhood lead exposure on academic performance and behaviour of school age children. Arch Dis Child. 2009; 94(11): 844-8.	1991-1992	
United Kingdom	Cox, B.D., Health and Lifestyle Survey: Seven-Year Follow-Up, 1991-1992 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], January 1995. SN: 3279 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-3279-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-3279-1</a>	1991-1992	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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United Kingdom	Taylor CM, Golding J, Hibbeln J, Emond AM. Environmental Factors Predicting Blood Lead Levels in Pregnant Women in the UK: The ALSPAC Study. PLoS One. 2013; 8(9): e72371.	1991-1992	*
United Kingdom	Trivedi DP, Khaw KT. Bone mineral density at the hip predicts mortality in elderly men. Osteoporos Int . 2001; 12(4): 259-65.	1991-1999	
United Kingdom	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-2006	
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 1992-1993. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	1992-1993	
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United Kingdom	Bates CJ, Mansoor MA, Pentieva KD, Hamer M, Mishra GD. Biochemical risk indices, including plasma homocysteine, that prospectively predict mortality in older British people: the National Diet and Nutrition Survey of People Aged 65 Years and Over. Br J Nutr. 2010; 104(6): 893-9.	1994-1995	*
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Health Education Authority (HEA) (United Kingdom). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 1994-1995. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	1994-1995	
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Health Education Authority (HEA) (United Kingdom). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 1995-1996. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	1995-1996	
United Kingdom	Joint Health Surveys Unit of Social and Community Planning Research and University College London, Scottish Health Survey, 1995 [computer file]. 3rd ed. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], 11 February 1999. SN: 3807.	1995-1996	
United Kingdom	Office of Population Censuses and Surveys. Social Survey Division, Infant Feeding Survey, 1995 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], August 1998. SN: 3778 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-3778-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-3778-1</a>	1995-1996	
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Health Education Authority (HEA) (United Kingdom). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 1996-1997. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	1996-1997	
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United Kingdom	Stamler J, Elliott P, Chan Q. INTERMAP Appendix Tables. J Hum Hypertens. 2003; 17: 665-775. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1997-1998	
United Kingdom	Macdonald HM, McGuigan FE, Stewart A, Black AJ, Fraser WD, Ralston S, Reid DM. Large-scale population-based study shows no evidence of association between common polymorphism of the VDR gene and BMD in British women. J Bone Miner Res . 2006; 21(1): 151-62.	1997-2000	
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United Kingdom	Joint Health Surveys Unit of Social and Community Planning Research and University College London, Scottish Health Survey, 1998 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], July 2001. SN: 4379 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4379-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4379-1</a> .	1998-1999	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 1998-1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998-1999	
United Kingdom	United Kingdom INTERMAP Blood Pressure Data 1998-1999, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1998-1999	
United Kingdom	Dennison EM, Syddall HE, Sayer AA, Martin HJ, Cooper C. Lipid profile, obesity and bone mineral density: the Hertfordshire Cohort Study. QJM . 2007; 100(5): 297-303.	1998-2003	

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United Kingdom	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2000, 2002, 2005	
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United Kingdom	BMRB International and BMRB. Social Research, Infant Feeding Survey, 2000 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], November 2003. SN: 4746 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4746-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-4746-1</a>	2000-2001	
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Health Development Agency (United Kingdom). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 2000-2001. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	2000-2001	
United Kingdom	National Centre for Social Research, University College London Department of Epidemiology and Public Health, Health Survey for England, 2000 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], 23 April 2002. SN: 4487.	2000-2001	
United Kingdom	Office for National Statistics. Social and Vital Statistics Division and Food Standards Agency, National Diet and Nutrition Survey : Adults Aged 19 to 64 Years, 2000-2001 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], May 2005. SN: 5140 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5140-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5140-1</a> .	2000-2001	
United Kingdom	Raymond NT, Zehnder D, Smith SC, Stinson JA, Lehnert H, Higgins RM. Elevated relative mortality risk with mild-to-moderate chronic kidney disease decreases with age. Nephrol Dial Transplant. 2007; 22(11): 3214-20.	2000-2003	
United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), Health Development Agency (United Kingdom). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 2001-2002. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	2001-2002	
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United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 2002-2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002-2003	
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United Kingdom	Joint Health Surveys Unit, University College London and Medical Research Council. Social and Public Health Sciences Unit, Scottish Health Survey, 2003 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], February 2006. SN: 5318.	2003-2004	
United Kingdom	Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom). United Kingdom General Lifestyle Survey 2007 - ONS. Newport, United Kingdom: Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom), 2012.	2003-2007	
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United Kingdom	United Kingdom General Household Survey 2004-2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004-2005	
United Kingdom	Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom). Nomis Official Labor Market Statistics - Annual Population Survey. Newport, United Kingdom: Office for National Statistics (United Kingdom).	2004-2012	*
United Kingdom	BMRB. Social Research, Infant Feeding Survey, 2005 [computer file]. Colchester, Essex: UK Data Archive [distributor], October 2007. SN: 5727 , <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5727-1">http://dx.doi.org/10.5255/UKDA-SN-5727-1</a>	2005-2006	



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United Kingdom	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex, Gfk NOP, Office for National Statistics (ONS) (United Kingdom), Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA), Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC), National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE). United Kingdom British Household Panel Survey 2006-2007. Essex, United Kingdom: Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Essex.	2006-2007	
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United Kingdom	Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe. EBAS Database EMEP Framework - European Monitoring and Evaluation Programme PM2.5 and PM10 Data 1999-2014.	2008-2011	*
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United Kingdom	Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA). United Kingdom - Northern Ireland Health Survey 2011-2012 - Public Health England.	2011-2012	*
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United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1980. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1980	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1980 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1980	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. Puerto Rico Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. United States Population and Housing Census 1980 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1980	
United States	Holbrook JT, Patterson KY, Bodner JE, Douglas LW, Veillon C, Kelsay JL, Mertz W, Smith JC Jr. Sodium and potassium intake and balance in adults consuming self-selected diets. Am J Clin Nutr. 1984; 40(4): 786-93. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1981	
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United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1981 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1981	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1982. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1982	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1982 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1982	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1983. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1983	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1983 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1983	

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United States	Mazess RB, Barden HS, Ettinger M, Johnston C, Dawson-Hughes B, Baran D, Powell M, Notelovitz M. Spine and femur density using dual-photon absorptiometry in US white women. Bone Miner . 1987; 2(3): 211-9.	1984	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1984. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1984	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1984 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1984	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1985. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1985	
United States	Finkelhor D, Hotelling G, Lewis IA, Smith C. Sexual abuse in a national survey of adult men and women: prevalence, characteristics, and risk factors. Child Abuse Negl. 1990; 14(1): 19-28.	1985	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1985. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1985	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. National Institutes of Health. National Institute on Drug Abuse. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1985. ICPSR06844-v2. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-07-25. doi:10.3886/ICPSR06844.v2	1985	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
United States	United States Tobacco Use Supplement to the Current Population Survey 1985 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1985	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 1986.	1986	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1986. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1986	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1986. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1986	
United States	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. United States INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
United States	United States Adult Use of Tobacco Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1986 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1986	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1987. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1987	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1987. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1987	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1987 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1987	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 1988.	1988	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System; 1988. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1988	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1988. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1988	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1988 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1988	

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United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1989. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1989	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1989. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1989	
United States	Smith PH, Moracco KE, Butts JD. Partner Homicide in Context: A Population-Based Perspective. Homicide Stud. 1998; 2(4): 400-21.	1989	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1989 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1989	
United States	Brody DJ, Pirkle JL, Kramer RA, Flegal KM, Matte TD, Gunter EW, Paschal DC. Blood lead levels in the US population. Phase 1 of the Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES III, 1988 to 1991). JAMA. 1994; 272(4): 277-83.	1990	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 1990.	1990	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Blood Lead Levels - United States 1988-1991. Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. 1994; 43(30): 545-8.	1990	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1990. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1990	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1990. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1990	
United States	Titterington V, Grundies V. An Exploratory Analysis of German and U.S. Youthful Homicide Offending. Homicide Stud. 2007; 11(3): 189-212.	1990	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1990 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1990	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. Puerto Rico Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. United States Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1991. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1991	
United States	Finkelhor D, Dziuba-Leatherman J. Children as Victims of Violence: A National Survey. Pediatrics. 1994; 94(4): 413-20.	1991	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1991. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1991	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1991 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1991	
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United States	Boney-McCoy S, Finkelhor D. Psychosocial sequelae of violent victimization in a national youth sample. J Consult Clin Psychol. 1995; 63(5): 726-36.	1993	
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United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1993. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1993	
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United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1993 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1993	
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United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1994 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1994	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1995. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1995	
United States	Mazess RB, Barden H. Bone density of the spine and femur in adult white females. Calcif Tissue Int . 1999; 65(2): 91-9.	1995	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1995. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1995	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1995. ICPSR06950-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-10-23. doi:10.3886/ICPSR06950.v1	1995	*

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United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1995 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1995	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 1996.	1996	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1996. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1996	
United States	Harris, Kathleen Mullan, and J. Richard Udry. National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health (Add Health), 1994-2008. ICPSR21600-v12. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2013-03-08. doi:10.3886/ICPSR21600.v12	1996	*
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1996. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1996	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1996. ICPSR02391-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-10-23. doi:10.3886/ICPSR02391.v1	1996	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1996 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1996	
United States	Basile KC. Prevalence of wife rape and other intimate partner sexual coercion in a nationally representative sample of women. Violence Vict. 2002; 17(5): 511-24.	1997	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997.	1997	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1997. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1997	
United States	Guinan ME, McGuckin-Guinan M, Severeid A. Who washes hands after using the bathroom? Am J Infect Control. 1997; 25(5): 424-5.	1997	*
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1997. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1997	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1997. ICPSR02755-v2. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-10-23. doi:10.3886/ICPSR02755.v2	1997	*
United States	United States Lead Exposure Data 1997 from literature review, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Lead Exposure Expert Group.	1997	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1997 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1997	
United States	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Health and Health Behaviour Among Young People: Health Behaviour in School-Aged Children (HSBC) Study: International Report from the 1997-1998 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2000.	1997	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 1998.	1998	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1998. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1998	*
United States	Louis Harris and Associates. Commonwealth Fund Survey of Women's Health 1998.	1998	

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United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1998. ICPSR02934-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-04-25. doi:10.3886/ICPSR02934.v3	1998	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1998 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1998	
United States	Vogeltanz ND, Wilsnack SC, Harris TR, Wilsnack RW, Wonderlich SA, Kristjanson AF. Prevalence and risk factors for childhood sexual abuse in women: national survey findings. Child Abuse Negl. 1999; 23(6): 579-92.	1998	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 1999. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	1999	*
United States	Hedley AA, Ogden CL, Johnson CL, Carroll MD, Curtin LR, Flegal KM. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among US children, adolescents, and adults, 1999-2002. JAMA. 2004; 291(23): 2847-50. as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1999	
United States	Hedley AA, Ogden CL, Johnson CL, Carroll MD, Curtin LR, Flegal KM. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among US children, adolescents, and adults, 1999-2002. JAMA. 2004; 291(23): 2847-50. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
United States	Hill TD, Nielsen AL, Angel RJ. Relationship Violence and Frequency of Intoxication Among Low-Income Urban Women. Subst Use Misuse. 2009; 44(5): 684-701.	1999	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 1999. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1999. ICPSR03239-v4. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-12-07. doi:10.3886/ICPSR03239.v4	1999	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United States	United States National Youth Tobacco Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United States	United States Tobacco Use Supplement to the Current Population Survey 1999 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	1999	
United States	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. United States Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2000. [Unpublished].	2000	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 2000.	2000	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). United States National Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2000	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2000. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2000	*
United States	Murty SA, Peek-Asa C, Zwerling C, Stromquist AM, Burmeister LF, Merchant JA. Physical and emotional partner abuse reported by men and women in a rural community. Am J Public Health. 2003; 93(7): 1073-5.	2000	



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United States	Sanmartin J, Molina A, Garcia Y, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, International Report 2003. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2003.	2000	
United States	Taaffe DR, Simonsick EM, Visser M, Volpato S, Nevitt MC, Cauley JA, Tylavsky FA, Harris TB. Lower extremity physical performance and hip bone mineral density in elderly black and white men and women: cross-sectional associations in the Health ABC Study. J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci . 2003; 58(10): M934-942.	2000	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2000. ICPSR03262-v4. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-12-07. doi:10.3886/ICPSR03262.v4	2000	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
United States	United States National Youth Tobacco Survey 2000 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2000	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. United States Population and Housing Census 2000 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2000	
United States	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. United States Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2001. [Unpublished].	2001	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2001. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2001	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Blood Lead Levels - United States 1999-2002. Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. 2005; 54(20): 513-6.	2001	
United States	Grunbaum JA, Kann L, Kinchen SA, Williams B, Ross JG, Lowry R, Kolbe L. Youth risk behavior surveillance--United States, 2001. J Sch Health. 2002; 72(8): 313-28.	2001	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2001. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2001	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001. ICPSR03580-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-12-07. doi:10.3886/ICPSR03580.v3	2001	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 2001 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2001	
United States	Bauman A, Bull F, Chey T, Craig CL, Ainsworth BE, Sallis JF, Bowles HR, Hagstromer M, Sjostrom M, Pratt M, IPS Group. The International Prevalence Study on Physical Activity: results from 20 countries. Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act. 2009; 21.	2002	*
United States	Brady JE, Friedman SR, Cooper HLF, Flom PL, Tempalski B, Gostnell K. Estimating the prevalence of injection drug users in the U.S. and in large U.S. metropolitan areas from 1992 to 2002. J Urban Health. 2008; 85(3): 323-51.	2002	*
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 2002.	2002	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2002. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2002	
United States	Drankiewicz D, Dundes L. Handwashing among female college students. Am J Infect Control. 2003; 31(2): 67-71.	2002	*

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United States	Lipsky S, Caetano R. The role of race/ethnicity in the relationship between emergency department use and intimate partner violence: findings from the 2002 National Survey on Drug Use and Health. Am J Public Health. 2007; 97(12): 2246-52.	2002	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2002. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2002	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2002. ICPSR03903-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-10-26. doi:10.3886/ICPSR03903.v3	2002	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
United States	United States National Youth Tobacco Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
United States	United States Tobacco Use Supplement to the Current Population Survey 2002 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2002	
United States	Allwood PB, Division of Environmental Health, Minnesota Department of Health, Minnesota Food Safety Partnership. Handwashing among public restroom users at the Minnesota State Fair. Minnesota Department of Health. 2004.	2003	*
United States	Araujo AB, Travison TG, Harris SS, Holick MF, Turner AK, McKinlay JB. Race/ethnic differences in bone mineral density in men. Osteoporos Int . 2007; 18(7): 943-53.	2003	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2003. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2003	
United States	Johnson HD, Sholcosky D, Gabello K, Ragni R, Ogonosky N. Sex differences in public restroom handwashing behavior associated with visual behavior prompts. Percept Mot Skills. 2003; 97(3 Pt 1): 805-10.	2003	*
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2003. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	
United States	Sanmartin J, Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 2nd International Report 2007. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofia Center for the Study of Violence, 2007.	2003	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2003. ICPSR04138-v2. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-10-17. doi:10.3886/ICPSR04138.v2	2003	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United States	United States Tobacco Use Supplement to the Current Population Survey 2003 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2003	
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 2004.	2004	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2004. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2004	
United States	Cho H. Racial Differences in the Prevalence of Intimate Partner Violence Against Women and Associated Factors. J Interpers Violence. 2012; 27(2): 344-63.	2004	*
United States	Leder BZ, Araujo AB, Travison TG, McKinlay JB. Racial and ethnic differences in bone turnover markers in men. J Clin Endocrinol Metab . 2007; 92(9): 3453-7.	2004	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2004. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2004	

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United States	Sanford C, Marshall SW, Martin SL, Coyne-Beasley T, Waller AE, Cook PJ, Norwood T, Demissie Z. Deaths from violence in North Carolina, 2004: how deaths differ in females and males. <i>Inj Prev</i> . 2006; 12(suppl 2): ii10-ii16.	2004	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2004. ICPSR04373-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2006-05-12. doi:10.3886/ICPSR04373.v1	2004	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
United States	United States National Youth Tobacco Survey 2004 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2004	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Tobacco use among adults -- United States, 2005. <i>MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep</i> . 2006; 55(42): 1145-8.	2005	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2005. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2005	
United States	Marcinowski F, Lucas RM, Yeager WM. National and regional distributions of airborne radon concentrations in U.S. homes. <i>Health Phys</i> . 1994; 66(6): 699-706.	2005	
United States	McClellan W, Warnock DG, McClure L, Campbell RC, Newsome BB, Howard V, Cushman M, Howard G. Racial differences in the prevalence of chronic kidney disease among participants in the Reasons for Geographic and Racial Differences in Stroke (REGARDS) Cohort Study. <i>J Am Soc Nephrol</i> . 2006; 17(6): 1710-5.	2005	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2005. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2005	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2005. ICPSR04596-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2013-01-22. doi:10.3886/ICPSR04596.v3	2005	*
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 12th Grade Students 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
United States	United States Monitoring the Future Survey, 8th and 10th Grade Students 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
United States	United States National Youth Risk Behavior Survey 2005 as it appears in P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd. International Mortality and Smoking Statistics Version 4.04. Sutton, United Kingdom: P.N. Lee Statistics and Computing Ltd, 2009.	2005	
United States	US Census Bureau, Minnesota Population Center. United States Community Survey 2005 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2005	
United States	Anderson JL, Warren CA, Perez E, Louis RI, Phillips S, Wheeler J, Cole M, Misra R. Gender and ethnic differences in hand hygiene practices among college students. <i>Am J Infect Control</i> . 2008; 36(5): 361-8.	2006	*
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 2006.	2006	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2006. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2006	
United States	McCauley JL, Conoscenti LM, Ruggiero KJ, Resnick HS, Saunders BE, Kilpatrick DG. Prevalence and correlates of drug/alcohol-facilitated and incapacitated sexual assault in a nationally representative sample of adolescent girls. <i>J Clin Adolesc Psychol</i> . 2009; 38(2): 295-300.	2006	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2006. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2006	
United States	Pérez CM, Guzmán M, Ortiz AP, Estrella M, Valle Y, Pérez N, Haddock L, Suárez E. Prevalence of the metabolic syndrome in San Juan, Puerto Rico. <i>Ethn Dis</i> . 2008; 18(4): 434-41.	2006	
United States	Queen Sofía Center for the Study of Violence. Partner Violence Against Women: Statistics and Legislation, 3rd International Report 2010. Valencia, Spain: Queen Sofía Center for the Study of Violence, 2010.	2006	



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United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2007. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2007	
United States	Duke NN, Pettingell SL, McMorris BJ, Borowsky IW. Adolescent Violence Perpetration: Associations With Multiple Types of Adverse Childhood Experiences. Pediatrics. 2010; 125(4): e778–e786.	2007	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2007. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2007-2008. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2009.	2007	
United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2007. ICPSR23782-v3. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2013-01-04. doi:10.3886/ICPSR23782.v3	2007	*
United States	Bureau of Labor Statistics (USA). United States National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 Children and Young Adults 2008.	2008	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System 2008. Atlanta, Georgia: CDC, US Department of Health and Human Services.	2008	
United States	Finkelhor D, Turner H, Ormrod R, Hamby SL. Trends in childhood violence and abuse exposure: evidence from 2 national surveys. Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med. 2010; 164(3): 238-42.	2008	
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United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), US Census Bureau. United States National Health Interview Survey 2008. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
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United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality. National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2012. ICPSR34933-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2013-11-26. doi:10.3886/ICPSR34933.v1	2012	*
United States	Borchgrevink CP, Cha J, Kim S. Hand washing practices in a college town environment. J Environ Health. 2013; 75(9): 18-24.	2013	*
United States	Fox JA, Zawitz MW, Bureau of Justice Statistics (United States). Homicide Trends in the United States. Washington DC, United States: Bureau of Justice Statistics (United States), 2007.	1980-2005	
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United States	Shai D. Homicide in the High North: Alaska, 1999-2006. Homicide Stud. 2010; 14(2): 132-58.	1988-1993, 1999-2006	
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United States	Cooper R, Rotimi C, Ataman S, McGee D, Osotimehin B, Kadiri S, Muna W, Kingue S, Fraser H, Forrester T, Bennett F, Wilks R. The prevalence of hypertension in seven populations of West African origin. Am J Public Health. 1997; 87(2): 160-8. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1991-1994	
United States	Espeland MA, Kumanyika S, Wilson AC, Reboussin DM, Easter L, Self M, Robertson J, Brown WM, McFarlane M. Statistical Issues in Analyzing 24-Hour Dietary Recall and 24-Hour Urine Collection Data for Sodium and Potassium Intakes. Am J Epidemiol. 2001; 153(10): 996-1006. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1992-1995	

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United States	United States Continuing Survey of Food Intakes by Individuals 1994-1996 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1994-1996	*
United States	Utah Department of Health. Utah Health Status Update: Intimate Partner Homicide in Utah 1994-1999. Salt Lake City, United States: Utah Department of Health, 2002.	1994-1999	
United States	Krulwich CJ. Epidemiology of Intimate Partner Homicide-Suicide Events Among Women of Childbearing Age in Maryland, 1994-2003. Am J Forensic Med Pathol. 2009; 30(4): 362-5.	1994-2003	
United States	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Institute of Justice (United States), Schulman, Ronca and Bucuvalas Inc. (SRBI). United States National Violence Against Women Survey 1995-1996.	1995-1996	
United States	Coker AL, Davis KE, Arias I, Desai S, Sanderson M, Brandt HM, Smith PH. Physical and mental health effects of intimate partner violence for men and women. Am J Prev Med. 2002; 23(4): 260-8.	1995-1996	
United States	Silverman JG, Raj A, Mucci LA, Hathaway JE. Dating violence against adolescent girls and associated substance use, unhealthy weight control, sexual risk behavior, pregnancy, and suicidality. JAMA. 2001; 286(5): 572-9.	1997, 1999	
United States	Department of Public Health, City of Philadelphia, Office of the District Attorney, City of Philadelphia, Philadelphia Health Management Corporation, Women in Transition (United States). Analysis of Deaths Among Philadelphia Women Ages 15 through 60 2002-2003: Including a Review of Trends, 1997-2003. Philadelphia, United States: Department of Public Health, City of Philadelphia, 2006.	1997-2003	
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United States	United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1999-2000 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1999-2000	
United States	Kreinert JL, Walsh JA. Eldercide: A Gendered Examination of Elderly Homicide in the United States, 2000-2005. Homicide Stud. 2010; 14(1): 52-71.	2000-2005	*
United States	Fuemmeler BF, Dedert E, McClernon FJ, Beckham JC. Adverse childhood events are associated with obesity and disordered eating: Results from a U.S. population-based survey of young adults. J Trauma Stress. 2009; 22(4): 329-33.	2001-2002	
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United States	Jordan CE, Pritchard AJ, Duckett D, Wilcox P, Corey T, Combest M. Relationship and Injury Trends in the Homicide of Women Across the Life Span: A Research Note. Homicide Stud. 2010; 14(2): 181-92.	2002-2004	*
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United States	Alvarez J, Pavao J, Baumrind N, Kimerling R. The Relationship Between Child Abuse and Adult Obesity Among California Women. Am J Prev Med. 2007; 33(1): 28-33.	2003-2005	
United States	Alvarez J, Pavao J, Mack KP, Chow JM, Baumrind N, Kimerling R. Lifetime interpersonal violence and self-reported chlamydia trachomatis diagnosis among California women. J Womens Health (Larchmt). 2009; 18(1): 57-63.	2003-2005	
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United States	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2010	
United States	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline:? An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1976, 1978-1980, 1990	
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United States	World Health Organization (WHO), WHO MONICA Project Investigators 2000. MONICA Population Survey Data Book 1979-1997. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2000.	1980-1990	
United States	Ryan AS, Wenjun Z, Acosta A. Breastfeeding continues to increase into the new millennium. Pediatrics. 2002; 110(6): 1103-9.	1980-2001	
United States	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
United States	Fox JA, Zawitz MW, Bureau of Justice Statistics (United States). Homicide Trends in the United States. Washington DC, United States: Bureau of Justice Statistics (United States), 2007.	1981-1998	
United States	Nevitt MC, Johnell O, Black DM, Ensrud K, Genant HK, Cummings SR. Bone mineral density predicts non-spine fractures in very elderly women. Study of Osteoporotic Fractures Research Group. Osteoporos Int . 1994; 4(6): 325-31.	1986-1988	
United States	Mazess RB, Barden HS, Drinka PJ, Bauwens SF, Orwoll ES, Bell NH. Influence of age and body weight on spine and femur bone mineral density in U.S. white men. J Bone Miner Res . 1990; 5(6): 645-52.	1987-1987	
United States	McLean RR, Jacques PF, Selhub J, Fredman L, Tucker KL, Samelson EJ, Kiel DP, Cupples LA, Hannan MT. Plasma B vitamins, homocysteine, and their relation with bone loss and hip fracture in elderly men and women. J Clin Endocrinol Metab . 2008; 93(6): 2206-12.	1987-1989	
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United States	United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1988-1994 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1988-1994	
United States	United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1988-1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1988-1994	
United States	Coresh J, Astor BC, Greene T, Eknoyan G, Levey AS. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease and decreased kidney function in the adult US population: Third National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Am J Kidney Dis. 2003; 41(1): 1-12.	1988-1994, 1999-2004	
United States	Coresh J, Selvin E, Stevens LA, Manzi J, Kusek JW, Eggers P, Van Lente F, Levey AS. Prevalence of chronic kidney disease in the United States. JAMA. 2007; 298(17): 2038-47.	1988-1994, 1999-2004	
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United States	Melton LJ, Atkinson EJ, O'Connor MK, O'Fallon WM, Riggs BL. Bone Density and Fracture Risk in Men. J Bone Miner Res . 1998; 13(12): 1915-23.	1989-1992	
United States	Shlipak MG, Fried LF, Cushman M, Manolio TA, Peterson D, Stehman-Breen C, Bleyer A, Newman A, Siscovick D, Psaty B. Cardiovascular mortality risk in chronic kidney disease: comparison of traditional and novel risk factors. JAMA. 2005; 293(14): 1737-45.	1989-1993	

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United States	United States Department of Health and Human Services. National Institutes of Health. National Institute on Drug Abuse. National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1990. ICPSR09833-v4. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2008-07-25. doi:10.3886/ICPSR09833.v4	1990-1991	*
United States	Shankar A, Klein R, Klein BE. The association among smoking, heavy drinking, and chronic kidney disease. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2006; 164(3): 263-71.	1993-1995	
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United States	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. United States Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 1995-1996. [Unpublished].	1995-1996	
United States	University of Puerto Rico. Puerto Rico Reproductive Health Survey 1995-1996. San Juan, Puerto Rico: University of Puerto Rico, 1998.	1995-1996	
United States	Fox CS, Larson MG, Vasan RS, Guo CY, Parise H, Levy D, Leip EP, O'donnell CJ, D'Agostino RB Sr, Benjamin EJ. Cross-sectional association of kidney function with valvular and annular calcification: the Framingham heart study. <i>J Am Soc Nephrol.</i> 2006; 17(2): 521-7.	1995-1998	
United States	Louis Harris and Associates. United States Commonwealth Fund Survey of the Health of Adolescent Girls and Boys 1996-1997.	1996-1997	
United States	United States INTERMAP Blood Pressure Data 1997-1998, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1997-1998	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1999-2000. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999-2000	
United States	Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). United States National Household Survey on Drug Abuse Report: Injection Drug Use 1999-2001. Rockville, United States: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), 2003.	1999-2001	*
United States	Mei Z, Ogden CL, Flegal KM, Grummer-Strawn LM. Comparison of the prevalence of shortness, underweight, and overweight among US children aged 0 to 59 months by using the CDC 2000 and the WHO 2006 growth charts. <i>J Pediatr.</i> 2008; 153(5): 622-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999-2004	
United States	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
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United States	Kramer H, Toto R, Peshock R, Cooper R, Victor R. Association between chronic kidney disease and coronary artery calcification: the Dallas Heart Study. <i>J Am Soc Nephrol.</i> 2005; 16(2): 507-13.	2000-2002	
United States	Orwoll E, Blank JB, Barrett-Connor E, Cauley J, Cummings S, Ensrud K, Lewis C, Cawthon PM, Marcus R, Marshall LM, McGowan J, Phipps K, Sherman S, Stefanick ML, Stone K. Design and baseline characteristics of the osteoporotic fractures in men (MrOS) study--a large observational study of the determinants of fracture in older men. <i>Contemp Clin Trials.</i> 2005; 26(5): 569-85.	2000-2002	
United States	McCullough PA, Li S, Jurkovitz CT, Stevens L, Collins AJ, Chen SC, Norris KC, McFarlane S, Johnson B, Shlipak MG, Obialo CI, Brown WW, Vassalotti J, Whaley-Connell AT, Brenner RM, Bakris GL; KEEP Investigators. Chronic kidney disease, prevalence of premature cardiovascular disease, and relationship to short-term mortality. <i>Am Heart J.</i> 2008; 156(2): 277-83.	2000-2005	
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United States	World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). Young People's Health in Context. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children (HBSC) Study: International Report from the 2001-2002 Survey. Copenhagen, Denmark: World Health Organization Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO), 2004.	2001-2002	
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United States	Ibrahim HN, Wang C, Ishani A, Collins AJ, Foley RN. Screening for chronic kidney disease complications in US adults: racial implications of a single GFR threshold. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol. 2008; 3(6): 1792-9.	2003-2006	
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United States	United States Environmental Protection Agency. United States Monitored Air Quality Data 1982-2013. As received from United States Environmental Protection Agency. [Unpublished].	2008-2013	*
United States	ICF Macro, Office on Smoking and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States National Adult Tobacco Survey 2009-2010. Atlanta, United States: Office on Smoking and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2009-2010	
United States	National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). United States National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2009-2010. Hyattsville, United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2011.	2009-2010	
Uruguay	Minnesota Population Center, General Directorate of Statistics and Censuses (Uruguay). Uruguay Population and Housing Census 1985 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1985	
Uruguay	Uruguay Food and Nutrition Situation: Several Complicating Factors 1970-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Uruguay	Schütz A, Barregård L, Sällsten G, Wilske J, Manay N, Pereira L, Cousillas ZA. Blood lead in Uruguayan children and possible sources of exposure. Environ Res. 1997; 74(1): 17-23.	1993	
Uruguay	Uruguay Childhood Underweight Data 1995 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1995	
Uruguay	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics (Uruguay). Uruguay Population, Household, and Housing Census 1996 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	1996	
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay-Colonia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay-Maldonado Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay-Montevideo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay-Rivera Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2000. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2000.	2000	*
Uruguay	Uruguay Continuous Household Survey 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Uruguay	Uruguay National Nutrition Monitoring System 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Uruguay	Uruguayan Network on Infant Feeding, Nutrition and Development (RUANDI). Maternal breastfeeding: A strategy to Improve the Health, Growth and Nutrition of Infants and Young Children. Montevideo, Uruguay: UNICEF Uruguay, 2004.	2003	
Uruguay	Aarhus University, Addiction Switzerland Research Institute, Alcohol Research Group, Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (Canada), Centre for Alcohol Policy Research, Turning Point Alcohol and Drug Centre (Australia), Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota. Uruguay Gender, Alcohol and Culture: An International Study (GENACIS) 2004. [Unpublished].	2004	
Uruguay	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol, University of North Dakota, Aarhus University, Alcohol Research Group/Public Health Institute, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, University of Melbourne, Swiss Institute for the Prevention of Alcohol and Drug Problems. Gender, Alcohol, and Culture: an International Study (GENACIS) Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Data as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Childhood Sexual Abuse and Intimate Partner Violence Expert Group. [Unpublished].	2004	
Uruguay	Uruguay National Nutrition Monitoring System 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2004	
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay), World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2006. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2006	
Uruguay	Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay), World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2006.	2006	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
Uruguay	Minnesota Population Center, National Institute of Statistics (Uruguay). Uruguay Extended National Household Survey 2006 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota, 2012.	2006	
Uruguay	Uruguay Continuous Household Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Uruguay	Uruguay Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2006 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2006	
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay-Montevideo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Uruguay	Queirolo EI, Ettinger AS, Stoltzfus RJ, Kordas K. Association of anemia, child and family characteristics with elevated blood lead concentrations in preschool children from Montevideo, Uruguay. Arch Environ Occup Health. 2010; 65(2): 94-100.	2007	
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Latin American Center for Human Economy, Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay), National Institute of Statistics (Uruguay), Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Research Triangle Institute, Inc. (RTI), World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2009.	2009	*
Uruguay	Kordas K, Ardoino G, Ciccariello D, Mañay N, Ettinger AS, Cook CA, Queirolo EI. Association of maternal and child blood lead and hemoglobin levels with maternal perceptions of parenting their young children. Neurotoxicology. 2011; 32(6): 693-701.	2010	
Uruguay	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Uruguay	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Uruguay	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay), World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2012.	2012	*
Uruguay	Uruguay - Montevideo Air Quality Report 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2012	*
Uruguay	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay). Uruguay Global AIDS Response Progress Report 2012.	1983-2010	*
Uruguay	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Uruguay	World Health Organization (WHO). Uruguay World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Uruguay	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Uruguay	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2007	
Uruguay	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Uruguay	Uruguay National Nutrition Monitoring System Bulletin No 2 1987-1989 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1989	
Uruguay	Honorary Commission for Cardiovascular Health (Uruguay). Uruguay Cardiovascular Disease, Epidemiology, and Statistics 1990-1992. Montevideo, Uruguay: Honorary Commission for Cardiovascular Health (Uruguay), 1996.	1990-1992	
Uruguay	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1995, 1998-2003, 2005-2007, 2009-2010	
Uruguay	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1991-1995, 1998-2007, 2009-2010	
Uruguay	Uruguay National Nutrition Monitoring System 1992-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1992-1993	
Uruguay	Cousillas A, Pereira L, Alvarez C, Heller T, De Mattos B, Piastra C, Viapiana P, Rampoldi O, Mañay N. Comparative study of blood lead levels in Uruguayan children (1994-2004). Biol Trace Elem Res. 2008; 122(1): 19-25.	1994-2004	

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Uruguay	Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Uruguay Surveys on Breastfeeding, Nutritional Status and Complementary Feeding in Children under 24 Months served by Public and Mutual Services of Montevideo and the Country's Interior. 2007.	1996, 1999, 2007	
Uruguay	Pan American Health Organization (PAHO), Center for Demography and Ecology, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), Honorary Commission for Cardiovascular Health, University of Uruguay, Ministry of Public Health (Uruguay). Uruguay - Montevideo Survey on Health, Well-Being, and Aging in Latin America and the Caribbean 1999-2000. Ann Arbor, United States: Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR).	1999-2000	
Uruguay	National Institute of Statistics (Uruguay), United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (CEPAL), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). Uruguay National Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2005-2006. Montevideo, Uruguay: National Institute of Statistics (Uruguay).	2005-2006	
Uruguay	ISSP Research Group (2009): International Social Survey Programme: Leisure Time and Sports - ISSP 2007. GESIS Data Archive, Cologne. ZA4850 Data file version 2.0.0, doi:10.4231/1.10079.	2006-2009	*
Uzbekistan	Institute of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Ministry of Health (Uzbekistan), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Uzbekistan). Uzbekistan Demographic and Health Survey 1996. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996	
Uzbekistan	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), Ministry of Macroeconomics and Statistics (Uzbekistan). Uzbekistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Uzbekistan	Analytical and Information Center of the Ministry of Health of Uzbekistan, Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Macroeconomics and Statistics (Uzbekistan). Uzbekistan Special Demographic and Health Survey 2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002	
Uzbekistan	Mishra V, Arnold F, Semenov G, Hong R, Mukuria A. Epidemiology of obesity and hypertension and related risk factors in Uzbekistan. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2006; 60(12): 1355-66.	2002	
Uzbekistan	Uzbekistan Special Demographic and Health Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2002	
Uzbekistan	Uzbekistan Special Demographic and Health Survey 2002 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2002	
Uzbekistan	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2006	*
Uzbekistan	United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), State Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Statistics. Uzbekistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Uzbekistan	Usmanova G, Mamatova N, Shukurov S, Yurekli A, Makhmova N. Economic and health cost of smoking in Uzbekistan (according to the results of household, in and outpatients surveys). 2007.	2006	
Uzbekistan	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Uzbekistan - Tashkent Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Uzbekistan	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Uzbekistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Uzbekistan	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Uzbekistan	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002-2012	*
Uzbekistan	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, WHO Regional Office for Europe (EURO-WHO). HIV/AIDS Surveillance in Europe 2012. Stockholm, Sweden: European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control, 2012.	2006-2007	*
Uzbekistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2009	
Uzbekistan	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992-2009	
Uzbekistan	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1992-2011	
Vanuatu	Vanuatu National Nutrition Survey 1983 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983	
Vanuatu	Taylor R, Jalaludin B, Levy S, Montaville B, Gee K, Sladden T. Prevalence of diabetes, hypertension and obesity at different levels of urbanisation in Vanuatu. Med J Aust. 1991; 155(2): 86-90.	1985	



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Vanuatu	Vanuatu National Nutrition Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Vanuatu	Ministry of Health (Vanuatu), Secretariat of the Pacific Community (SPC). Vanuatu Noncommunicable Disease Survey 1998.	1998	
Vanuatu	Vanuatu STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2005	
Vanuatu	World Health Organization (WHO). Vanuatu STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	
Vanuatu	Vanuatu Household Income and Expenditure Survey 2006 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2006	
Vanuatu	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Vanuatu Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2007	*
Vanuatu	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2008	*
Vanuatu	Vanuatu National Statistics Office. Vanuatu Population and Housing Census 2009.	2009	
Vanuatu	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Vanuatu	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Vanuatu	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health (Vanuatu), World Health Organization (WHO). Vanuatu Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2011.	2011	*
Vanuatu	Ministry of Health (Vanuatu), World Health Organization (WHO). Vanuatu STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2011.	2011	*
Vanuatu	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Vanuatu	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Vanuatu	Pacific Islands Regional Millennium Development Goals Report 2004 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1989, 1999	
Vanuatu	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1990-2008	
Vanuatu	Ministry of Health (Vanuatu), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Vanuatu Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2007-2008. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2007-2008	
Venezuela	Central Office of Statistics and Information (Venezuela), Minnesota Population Center. Venezuela Population and Housing Census 1981 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1981	
Venezuela	Project Venezuela: Nutritional Anthropometry Classification as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1985	
Venezuela	Project Venezuela 1981-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987	
Venezuela	Project Venezuela 1981-1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Venezuela	Central Office of Statistics and Information (Venezuela), Minnesota Population Center. Venezuela Population and Housing Census 1990 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1990	
Venezuela	Feo O, Fernandez M, Santaella N, Valera L. Plumbemia en madres y sus hijos recién nacidos en el Hospital Central de Maracay. Salud trab. (Maracay). 1993; 1(2): 69-76.	1993	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Classification of Children: Under 5 Years Component 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Classification of Children: Under 5 Years Component 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Venezuela	Mujica N, Arteta JM. [Levels of lead in Venezuelan people with no occupational exposure. ]. Salud Publica Mex. 2003; S275-278.	1995	
Venezuela	Venezuela Integrated System of Social Indicators as it appears in United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF Childinfo - Nutritional status.	1995	
Venezuela	Sulbarán T, Silva E, Calmón G, Vegas A. Epidemiologic aspects of arterial hypertension in Maracaibo, Venezuela. J Hum Hypertens. 2000; 6-9.	1998	
Venezuela	United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Venezuela Population and Family Survey 1998.	1998	

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Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1990-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1990-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela, RB Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela, RB Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	1999	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Barinas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Cojedes Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Monagas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1990-1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1990-1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Venezuela	National Institute of Statistics (Venezuela), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Venezuela Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	*
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under 5 Years for International Comparison 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under 5 Years for International Comparison 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Tachira Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Yaracuy State Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Yaracuy State Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2001. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2001.	2001	
Venezuela	National Institute of Statistics (Venezuela), Minnesota Population Center. Venezuela Population and Housing Census 2002 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	2001	
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Barinas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Cojedes Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Lara Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Monagas Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela-Nueva Esparta Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Venezuela	Espinosa C, Rojas M, Seijas D. [Usefulness of the geographic information system (GIS) in the identification of contributing factors to lead blood concentrations in a population of Venezuelan children]. Salud Publica Mex. 2006; 48(2): 84-93.	2004	

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Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Classification of Children Under 5 Years According to International Criteria 2004 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2004	
Venezuela	National Commission Against the Illicit Use of Drugs (CONACUID) (Venezuela), World Development Consultants (WDC). Venezuela Household Survey on Drug Consumption 2005.	2005	
Venezuela	Venezuela Food and Nutrition Surveillance 2007 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2007	
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela - Lara Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	*
Venezuela	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Venezuela Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2010. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2010	
Venezuela	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Venezuela	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Venezuela	Comprehensive Care Youth Foundation (FUNDAINIL), National Anti-Drug Office (Venezuela). Venezuela National Study of Drug Consumption in the General Population 2011.	2011	*
Venezuela	Venezuela Environmental Report 2012 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Urban Outdoor Air Pollution Database Draft 2013. As received from World Health Organization (WHO).	2011	*
Venezuela	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Venezuela	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Venezuela	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2006	
Venezuela	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Venezuela	Venezuela National Nutrition Survey 1981-1982 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1981-1982	
Venezuela	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1988-1997, 2009-2010	
Venezuela	Thomas VM, Socolow RH, Fanelli JJ, Spiro TG. Effects of Reducing Lead in Gasoline: An Analysis of the International Experience. Environ Sci Technol. 1999; 33(22): 3942-8.	1989, 1991	
Venezuela	Venezuela Results of the Anthropometric Evaluation from the Food and Nutrition Surveillance System Children Under Five Years Component 1990-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990-1993	
Venezuela	Venezuela Results of the Anthropometric Evaluation from the Food and Nutrition Surveillance System Children Under Five Years Component 1990-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1990-1993	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1995-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1995-1997	
Venezuela	Venezuela Nutritional Anthropometric Assessment of Children Under Five Years for International Comparison 1995-1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995-1997	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), Minnesota Population Center. Viet Nam Population Census 1989 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1989	
Vietnam	Quoc PS, Charles MA, Cuong NH, Lieu LH, Tuan NA, Thomas M, Balkau B, Simon D. Blood glucose distribution and prevalence of diabetes in Hanoi (Vietnam). Am J Epidemiol. 1994; 139(7): 713-22.	1990	
Vietnam	Vietnam National Vitamin A Deficiency and Protein Energy Malnutrition Prevalence Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1994	
Vietnam	Vietnam National Vitamin A Deficiency and Protein Energy Malnutrition Prevalence Survey 1994 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1994	
Vietnam	Macro International, Inc, National Committee for Population and Family Planning. Vietnam Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	



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Vietnam	Vietnam Nutrition Situation of Under 5 Children in Pilot Communes 1997 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1997	
Vietnam	Ninh NX, Quyen DT, Thu NN, Hien VT, Nhien NV, Quang T, Khan NC. Sub-clinical vitamin A deficiency and some related risk factors among children and lactating mothers in the Red River Delta Province in 1998. J Prev Med. 2000; 31-38. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1998	
Vietnam	Vietnam National Protein Energy Malnutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1998	
Vietnam	Vietnam National Protein Energy Malnutrition Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1998	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), Minnesota Population Center. Viet Nam Population and Housing Census 1999 from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, International: [Machine-readable database]. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota.	1999	
Vietnam	Vietnam Child Nutrition Situation 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1999	
Vietnam	Vietnam Child Nutrition Situation 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Vietnam Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2000. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2000	
Vietnam	Vietnam Child and Mother Nutrition Situation 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	2000	
Vietnam	Vietnam Child and Mother Nutrition Situation 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2000	
Vietnam	Duc Son LN, Kusama K, Hung NT, Loan TT, Chuyen NV, Kunii D, Sakai T, Yamamoto S. Prevalence and risk factors for diabetes in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. Diabet Med. 2004; 21(4): 371-6.	2001	
Vietnam	Tuan NT, Tuong PD, Popkin BM. Body mass index (BMI) dynamics in Vietnam. Eur J Clin Nutr. 2008; 62(1): 78-86.	2001	
Vietnam	Dieu HTT, Dibley MJ, Sibbritt DW, Hanh TTM. Trends in overweight and obesity in pre-school children in urban areas of Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, from 2002 to 2005. Public Health Nutr. 2009; 12(5): 702-9.	2002	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), Macro International, Inc. Vietnam Demographic and Health Survey 2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2002	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), World Bank (WB). Viet Nam Living Standards Measurement Survey 2002. General Statistical Office, World Bank.	2002	
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Vietnam	Vung, ND. Intimate Partner Violence against Women in Rural Vietnam: Prevalence, Risk Factors, Health Effects and Suggestions for Interventions. [thesis/dissertation]. [Stockholm]: Karolinska Institute; 2008.	2002	
Vietnam	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam-Da Nang Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Vietnam	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam-Hai Phong Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Vietnam	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam-Hanoi Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Vietnam	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam-Ho Chi Minh Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Vietnam	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam-Tuenquang Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), World Bank (WB). Viet Nam Living Standards Measurement Survey 2004. General Statistical Office, World Bank.	2004	
Vietnam	Hong TK, Dibley MJ, Sibbritt D, Binh PNT, Trang NHHD, Hanh TTM. Overweight and obesity are rapidly emerging among adolescents in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, 2002-2004. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2007; 2(4): 194-201.	2004	
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Vietnam	Dieu HTT, Dibley MJ, Sibbritt D, Hanh TTM. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in preschool children and associated socio-demographic factors in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. Int J Pediatr Obes. 2007; 2(1): 40-50.	2005	
Vietnam	Hoang VM, Byass P, Dao LH, Nguyen TK, Wall S. Risk factors for chronic disease among rural vietnamese adults and the association of these factors with sociodemographic variables: findings from the WHO STEPS Survey in rural Vietnam, 2005. Prev Chronic Dis. 2007; 4(2): A22.	2005	
Vietnam	Mathers BM, Degenhardt L, Phillips B, Wiessing L, Hickman M, Strathdee SA, Wodak A, Panda S, Tyndall M, Toufik A, Mattick RP. Global epidemiology of injecting drug use and HIV among people who inject drugs: a systematic review. Lancet. 2008; 372: 1733-1745.	2005	*
Vietnam	Vietnam AIDS Indicator Survey 2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2005	
Vietnam	Vietnam Nutrition Status of Children and their Mothers 2005 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2005	
Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). Vietnam - Cần Thơ STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	*
Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). Vietnam - Hồ Chí Minh STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	*
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Vietnam Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2006. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2006	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), World Bank (WB). Viet Nam Living Standards Measurement Survey 2006. Hà Nội, Viet Nam: General Statistics Office (Viet Nam).	2006	
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Vietnam	Bloomberg Philanthropies, CDC Foundation, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), Hanoi Medical University, Ministry of Health (Viet Nam), World Health Organization (WHO). Vietnam Global Adult Tobacco Survey 2010.	2010	*
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Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Vietnam	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2012	*
Vietnam	Partially Hydrogenated Vegetable Oil Industry Estimates of Total Retail and Food Service Volume as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2000, 2005, 2009	
Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). Viet Nam World Health Survey 2002-2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2002-2003	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), World Health Organization (WHO). Vietnam National Study of Domestic Violence Against Women 2009-2010.	2009-2010	

Country	Citation	Year Range	New for 2013
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Vietnam	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2009	
Vietnam	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Vietnam	Vietnam Some Characteristics About Protein Energy Nutritional Status in Vietnamese Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1983-1984	
Vietnam	Vietnam Some Characteristics About Protein Energy Nutritional Status in Vietnamese Children as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1983-1984	
Vietnam	Vietnam Ministry of Health Report on Re-Analyzed Data Collected by the General Nutrition Survey 1987-89 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1987-1989	
Vietnam	Vietnam Ministry of Health Report on Re-Analyzed Data Collected by the General Nutrition Survey 1987-89 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987-1989	
Vietnam	Vietnam Living Standards Measurement Survey 1992-1993 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1992-1993	
Vietnam	World Bank (WB), General Statistics Office (Viet Nam). Viet Nam Living Standards Measurement Survey 1992-1993. Washington D.C., United States: World Bank (WB)	1992-1993	
Vietnam	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1996-2004	
Vietnam	Vietnam Living Standards Measurement Survey 1997-1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1997-1998	
Vietnam	World Bank (WB), General Statistics Office (Viet Nam). Viet Nam Living Standards Measurement Survey 1997-1998. Washington D.C., United States: World Bank (WB)	1997-1998	
Vietnam	Vietnam Annual National Nutrition Monitoring 1999-2008 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1999-2000, 2002-2008	
Vietnam	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999-2004	
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), Ministry of Health (Viet Nam). Vietnam National Health Survey 2001-2002.	2001-2002	
Vietnam	Son PT, Quang NN, Viet NL, Khai PG, Wall S, Weinehall L, Bonita R, Byass P. Prevalence, awareness, treatment and control of hypertension in Vietnam-results from a national survey. J Hum Hypertens. 2012; 26(4): 268-80.	2002-2008	*
Vietnam	General Statistics Office (Viet Nam), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Vietnam Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2010-2011. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2010-2011	*
Yemen	Rosen DS, al Sharif Z, Bashir M, al Shabooti A, Pizzarello LD. Vitamin A deficiency and xerophthalmia in western Yemen. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1996; 50(1): 54-7. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1992	
Yemen	Hassaan FI. Anthropometric assessment of young children attending a health center in Sana'a. Int Child Health. 1996; 7(4): 59-70. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1993	
Yemen	Yemen Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1996 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1996	
Yemen	Central Statistical Organization (Yemen), Macro International, Inc. Yemen Demographic and Health Survey 1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1997	
Yemen	Yemen Demographic and Health Survey 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1997	
Yemen	Yemen Household Budget Survey 1998 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	1998	
Yemen	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Yemen Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2003	*
Yemen	Central Statistical Organization (Yemen), League of Arab States, Ministry of Public Health and Population (Yemen), Pan Arab Project for Family Health (PAPFAM). Yemen Family Health Survey 2003.	2003	
Yemen	Yemen Family Health Survey 2003 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	2003	



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Yemen	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Yemen Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2008. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).	2008	
Yemen	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Yemen	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Yemen	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007, 2011-2012	*
Yemen	Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Yemen UNGASS Country Progress Report 2012. Geneva, Switzerland: Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS), 2012.	2009-2011	*
Yemen	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Yemen	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2008	
Yemen	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Yemen	Bågenholm G, Kristiansson B, Nasher AA. Growth and malnutrition among preschool children in Democratic Yemen. Bull World Health Organ. 1988; 66(4): 491-8. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982-1983	
Yemen	Bågenholm G, Nasher AA, Kristiansson B. Stunting and tissue depletion in Yemeni children. Eur J Clin Nutr. 1990; 44(6): 425-33. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982-1983	
Yemen	Bågenholm GC, Nasher AA. Mortality among children in rural areas of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen. Ann Trop Paediatr. 1989; 9(2): 75-81. as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1982-1984	
Yemen	Central Statistical Organization (Yemen), League of Arab States, Macro International, Inc. Yemen Demographic and Health Survey 1991-1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1991-1992	
Yemen	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Occupation. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2004-2005	
Yemen	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Employment by Sex and Economic Activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1999, 2009-2010	
Yemen	Central Statistical Organization (Yemen). Yemen Household Budget Survey 2005-2006. Sana'a, Yemen: Central Statistical Organization (Yemen).	2005-2006	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Census of Population and Housing 1980.	1980	
Zambia	Ng'andu NH. Blood pressure levels of Zambian rural adolescents and their relationship to age, sex, weight, height and three weight-for-height indices. Int J Epidemiol. 1992; 21(2): 246-52.	1986	
Zambia	Zambia Crop Forecasting Survey Nutrition Module 1989-1990 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition - Historical.	1990	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Macro International, Inc, University of Zambia. Zambia Demographic and Health Survey 1992. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1992	
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Food Security, Health and Nutrition Information System (Zambia), Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Zambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995.	1995	
Zambia	Zambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1995 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1995	
Zambia	Zambia Nutrition and Household Food Security Analysis: Priority Survey II as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1995	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 1996. Lusaka, Zambia: Central Statistical Office (Zambia).	1996	
Zambia	Zambia National Survey on Vitamin A Deficiency 1997 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1997	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia), London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine. Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 1998. Lusaka, Zambia: Central Statistical Office (Zambia).	1998	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Food Security, Health and Nutrition Information System (Zambia), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Zambia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 1999. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	1999	

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Zambia	Zambia Census of Population and Housing 2000 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Household Energy Database. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2010.	2000	
Zambia	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. <i>BMC Womens Health.</i> 2007; 11.	2002	
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Chongwe Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Chongwe Luangwa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Kafue Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Lusaka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2002. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2002.	2002	*
Zambia	Haiti Survey on the Prevalence of Vitamin A Deficiency and Iodine Deficiency 2004-2005 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	
Zambia	World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 2006.	2006	
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Chongwe Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Chongwe Luangwa Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Kafue Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia-Lusaka Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2007. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2007.	2007	*
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Macro International, Inc. Zambia Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2007	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Household Health Coverage Survey 2008. Lusaka, Zambia: Central Statistical Office (Zambia).	2008	
Zambia	Ministry of Health (Zambia), World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia - Lusaka STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008.	2008	
Zambia	Zambia - Lusaka STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2008 as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	2008	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 2010.	2010	
Zambia	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Zambia	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Zambia	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), World Health Organization (WHO). Zambia Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2011. Atlanta, United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2013.	2011	*
Zambia	Slonim-Nevo V, Mukuka L. Child abuse and AIDS-related knowledge, attitudes and behavior among adolescents in Zambia. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2007; 31(2): 143-59.	1997-1998	
Zambia	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	1999, 2001-2005, 2007-2011	*
Zambia	Central Board of Health (Zambia), Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Macro International, Inc. Zambia Demographic and Health Survey 2001-2002. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2001-2002	
Zambia	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	

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Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia), Macro International, Inc, Ministry of Health (Zambia). Zambia Demographic and Health Survey 1996-1997. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1996-1997	
Zambia	Central Statistical Office (Zambia). Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 2002-2003. Lusaka, Zambia: Central Statistical Office (Zambia).	2002-2003	
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Zambia	Zambia Living Conditions Monitoring Survey 2004-2005 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2004-2005	
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe). Zimbabwe Population and Housing Census 1982.	1982	
Zimbabwe	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Zimbabwe INTERSALT Blood Pressure Data 1986, as provided by the Global Burden of Disease 2010 Metabolics Expert Group.	1986	
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe National Health Information System Nutrition Component Report 1987 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Child Growth and Malnutrition.	1987	
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe). Zimbabwe Population and Housing Census 1992.	1992	
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe), Macro International, Inc. Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey 1994. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1994	
Zimbabwe	Mufunda J, Scott LJ, Chifamba J, Matenga J, Sparks B, Cooper R, Sparks H. Correlates of blood pressure in an urban Zimbabwean population and comparison to other populations of African origin. J Hum Hypertens. 2000; 14(1): 65-73.	1995	
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe National Maternal and Child Health Family Planning Survey 1997 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	1997	
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe-Harare Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 1999.	1999	*
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Zimbabwe Global Youth Tobacco Survey 1999.	1999	*
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe), Macro International, Inc. Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey 1999. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	1999	
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe National Micronutrient Survey 1999 as it appears in World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Database on Vitamin A Deficiency. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1999	
Zimbabwe	Andersson N, Ho-Foster A, Mitchell S, Scheepers E, Goldstein S. Risk factors for domestic physical violence: national cross-sectional household surveys in eight southern African countries. BMC Womens Health. 2007; 11.	2002	
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe-Harare Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe-Manicaland Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe-Matbeleland Bulawayo Global Youth Tobacco Survey 2003. United States: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), 2003.	2003	*
Zimbabwe	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Ministry of Health and Child Welfare (Zimbabwe), World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe Global School-Based Student Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	2003	*
Zimbabwe	World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe World Health Survey 2003. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2005.	2003	
Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe National Nutrition and EPI Survey 2003 as it appears in United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD). United Nations Millennium Development Goals Indicators 1990-2011. New York City, United States: United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD).	2003	
Zimbabwe	Ministry of Health and Child Welfare (Zimbabwe), University of Zimbabwe, World Health Organization (WHO). Zimbabwe STEPS Noncommunicable Disease Risk Factors Survey 2005.	2005	



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Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe). Zimbabwe Multiple Indicator Monitoring Survey 2009. New York, United States: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF).	2009	
Zimbabwe	World Health Organization (WHO). Global Status Report on Alcohol and Health 2014. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO), 2014.	2010	*
Zimbabwe	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory Alcohol Consumption Estimates Adjusted for Tourist and Unrecorded Consumption 2010.	2010	
Zimbabwe	The INTERSALT Co-operative Research Group. Appendix tables. Centre-specific results by age and sex. J Hum Hypertens 1989;3(5):331-407. as it appears in Global Dietary Database Consortium, Nutrition and Chronic Disease Expert Group (NutriCoDE). Global Dietary Database 1980-2011. [Unpublished].	1985-1987	
Zimbabwe	World Bank. World Development Indicators - Vitamin A Supplementation Coverage Rate. Washington DC, United States: World Bank.	2002-2005, 2007-2012	*
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe), Macro International, Inc. Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey 2005-2006. Calverton, United States: Macro International, Inc.	2005-2006	
Zimbabwe	ICF Macro, Zimbabwe National Statistics Agency. Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey 2010-2011. Calverton, United States: ICF Macro, 2012.	2010-2011	
Zimbabwe	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1961-2009	
Zimbabwe	World Health Organization (WHO). WHO Global Health Observatory - Recorded adult per capita alcohol consumption, Total per country. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO).	1970-2006	
Zimbabwe	Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). FAOSTAT Food Balance Sheets, October 2014. Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO).	1980-2011	
Zimbabwe	International Labour Organization (ILO). International Labour Organization Database (ILOSTAT) - Fatal injuries by sex and economic activity. International Labour Organization (ILO).	1981-2001, 2005-2007	
Zimbabwe	Central Statistical Office (Zimbabwe), Macro Systems, Inc.; Institute for Resource Development. Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey 1988-1989. Columbia, United States: Macro Systems, Inc.	1988-1989	
Zimbabwe	Matenga JA, Allain TJ, Wilson AO, Adamchak DJ, Senzanje B, Mushangi E, Gomo Z. Hypertension management in Zimbabwe - awareness, treatment and blood pressure control: A community-based study. S Afr Med J. 1997; 87(10): 1371-4.	1994-1996	

**Web Table 6: Results of cross-validation tests of risk factors modeled using DisMod-MR 2.0 with root-mean squared error and data coverage of the predicted data uncertainty interval**

Risk Model	Model Version	RMSE, adjusted data (log space)		Coverage	
		In sample	Out of sample	In sample	Out of sample
Proportion of drinking events that are binge amongst binge drinkers	33868	0.609	0.653	0.982	0.988
Proportion of drinking events that are binge amongst binge drinkers	33869	0.631	0.596	0.983	0.994
Proportion of drinking events that are binge amongst binge drinkers	33870	0.631	0.653	0.981	0.986
Proportion of drinking events that are binge amongst binge drinkers	33871	0.626	0.621	0.981	0.990
Proportion of drinking events that are binge amongst binge drinkers	33872	0.630	0.647	0.982	0.982
Proportion of binge drinkers	33830	0.488	0.616	0.968	0.881
Proportion of binge drinkers	33831	0.487	0.613	0.969	0.890
Proportion of binge drinkers	33832	0.503	0.570	0.970	0.906
Proportion of binge drinkers	33833	0.537	0.495	0.968	0.904
Proportion of binge drinkers	33834	0.493	0.596	0.970	0.895
Proportion of current drinkers	33853	0.339	0.347	0.975	0.940
Proportion of current drinkers	33855	0.350	0.312	0.976	0.950
Proportion of current drinkers	33856	0.331	0.344	0.976	0.941
Proportion of current drinkers	33857	0.348	0.328	0.975	0.939
Proportion of current drinkers	33860	0.334	0.369	0.976	0.939
Proportion of former drinkers	33825	0.636	0.617	0.977	0.966
Proportion of former drinkers	33826	0.603	0.698	0.978	0.960
Proportion of former drinkers	33827	0.624	0.655	0.978	0.963
Proportion of former drinkers	33828	0.639	0.626	0.978	0.963
Proportion of former drinkers	33829	0.625	0.662	0.975	0.967
Proportion of lifetime abstainers	33835	0.511	0.566	0.979	0.966
Proportion of lifetime abstainers	33836	0.503	0.575	0.979	0.961
Proportion of lifetime abstainers	33837	0.521	0.543	0.979	0.962
Proportion of lifetime abstainers	33838	0.519	0.541	0.981	0.964
Proportion of lifetime abstainers	33839	0.524	0.529	0.979	0.970
Female childhood sexual abuse	33846	0.494	0.705	0.967	0.895
Female childhood sexual abuse	33847	0.527	0.736	0.971	0.884
Female childhood sexual abuse	33848	0.523	0.679	0.962	0.870
Female childhood sexual abuse	33849	0.520	0.742	0.970	0.866
Female childhood sexual abuse	33858	0.503	0.724	0.968	0.862
Female childhood sexual abuse	33859	0.522	0.749	0.968	0.890
Male childhood sexual abuse	33861	0.727	0.862	0.939	0.807
Male childhood sexual abuse	33862	0.732	0.930	0.955	0.819
Male childhood sexual abuse	33863	0.755	0.723	0.934	0.894
Male childhood sexual abuse	33866	0.702	0.892	0.925	0.901
Male childhood sexual abuse	33867	0.679	0.905	0.950	0.895
Intimate partner violence	33840	0.541	0.567	0.993	0.997
Intimate partner violence	33841	0.526	0.660	0.996	0.978
Intimate partner violence	33842	0.534	0.657	0.996	0.977
Intimate partner violence	33843	0.591	0.517	0.994	0.990
Intimate partner violence	33844	0.572	0.590	0.995	0.992
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, highly active	33389	0.546	0.690	0.980	0.931
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, highly active	33390	0.584	0.573	0.978	0.946
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, highly active	33391	0.564	0.643	0.980	0.928
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, highly active	33392	0.551	0.694	0.978	0.920
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, highly active	33393	0.568	0.633	0.977	0.925
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, inactive	33268	0.486	0.541	0.952	0.923
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, inactive	33269	0.485	0.532	0.952	0.915
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, inactive	33270	0.492	0.525	0.954	0.918
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, inactive	33286	0.483	0.534	0.955	0.902
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, inactive	33287	0.474	0.564	0.958	0.891
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low active	33348	0.261	0.329	0.991	0.961
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low active	33350	0.274	0.304	0.992	0.968
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low active	33352	0.265	0.315	0.993	0.962
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low active	33353	0.268	0.309	0.993	0.957
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low active	33366	0.259	0.325	0.992	0.960
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low/moderately/highly active	33376	0.159	0.187	0.988	0.963
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low/moderately/highly active	33377	0.157	0.199	0.989	0.952

		RMSE, adjusted data (log space)		Coverage	
Risk Model	Model Version	In sample	Out of sample	In sample	Out of sample
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low/moderately/highly active	33378	0.162	0.180	0.988	0.967
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low/moderately/highly active	33382	0.160	0.193	0.988	0.964
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, low/moderately/highly active	33383	0.162	0.182	0.988	0.960
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately active	33370	0.393	0.456	0.993	0.972
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately active	33371	0.405	0.437	0.992	0.976
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately active	33372	0.405	0.442	0.994	0.964
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately active	33373	0.403	0.431	0.994	0.959
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately active	33374	0.384	0.464	0.994	0.951
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately/highly active	33384	0.380	0.464	0.987	0.953
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately/highly active	33385	0.386	0.462	0.990	0.924
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately/highly active	33386	0.371	0.485	0.987	0.954
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately/highly active	33387	0.380	0.460	0.986	0.932
Physical inactivity and low physical activity, moderately/highly active	33388	0.392	0.435	0.987	0.952
Diet low in fiber (g/day)	33354	0.066	0.161	0.998	0.982
Diet low in fiber (g/day)	33355	0.068	0.155	0.998	0.972
Diet low in fiber (g/day)	33356	0.064	0.155	0.998	0.983
Diet low in fiber (g/day)	33357	0.067	0.160	0.998	0.977
Diet low in fiber (g/day)	33358	0.072	0.134	0.998	0.990
Diet low in fruits (g/day)	33256	0.234	0.446	0.991	0.962
Diet low in fruits (g/day)	33257	0.263	0.380	0.989	0.978
Diet low in fruits (g/day)	33258	0.226	0.455	0.991	0.948
Diet low in fruits (g/day)	33259	0.274	0.357	0.989	0.970
Diet low in fruits (g/day)	33260	0.273	0.338	0.990	0.966
Diet low in whole grains (g/day)	33288	0.187	0.217	0.994	0.990
Diet low in whole grains (g/day)	33289	0.181	0.230	0.994	0.991
Diet low in whole grains (g/day)	33290	0.193	0.203	0.994	0.992
Diet low in whole grains (g/day)	33291	0.190	0.205	0.994	0.992
Diet low in whole grains (g/day)	33292	0.180	0.232	0.995	0.990
Diet low in nuts and seeds (g/day)	33293	0.395	0.457	0.993	0.959
Diet low in nuts and seeds (g/day)	33294	0.394	0.451	0.992	0.962
Diet low in nuts and seeds (g/day)	33295	0.395	0.440	0.993	0.949
Diet low in nuts and seeds (g/day)	33296	0.396	0.453	0.992	0.956
Diet low in nuts and seeds (g/day)	33297	0.395	0.448	0.992	0.955
Diet high in processed meat (g/day)	33360	0.252	0.345	0.983	0.961
Diet high in processed meat (g/day)	33361	0.236	0.363	0.988	0.946
Diet high in processed meat (g/day)	33362	0.251	0.382	0.986	0.939
Diet high in processed meat (g/day)	33363	0.236	0.399	0.985	0.941
Diet high in processed meat (g/day)	33369	0.261	0.358	0.986	0.965
Diet high in sodium (g/day)	33689	0.180	0.200	0.993	0.987
Diet high in sodium (g/day)	33690	0.165	0.223	0.992	0.980
Diet high in sodium (g/day)	33691	0.167	0.200	0.991	0.966
Diet high in sodium (g/day)	33692	0.159	0.202	0.993	0.960
Diet high in sodium (g/day)	33693	0.171	0.183	0.993	0.977
Diet low in vegetables (g/day)	33338	0.230	0.247	0.986	0.959
Diet low in vegetables (g/day)	33339	0.232	0.243	0.986	0.959
Diet low in vegetables (g/day)	33340	0.228	0.248	0.985	0.961
Diet low in vegetables (g/day)	33341	0.228	0.254	0.985	0.956
Diet low in vegetables (g/day)	33342	0.227	0.253	0.986	0.952
Proportion HIV due to sex	33343	0.212	0.315	0.996	0.966
Proportion HIV due to sex	33344	0.237	0.226	0.992	0.984
Proportion HIV due to sex	33345	0.203	0.315	0.995	0.957
Proportion HIV due to sex	33367	0.234	0.248	0.992	0.978
Proportion HIV due to sex	33368	0.214	0.298	0.995	0.968
Low bone mineral density mean	33276	0.055	0.087	0.988	0.957
Low bone mineral density mean	33277	0.056	0.092	0.990	0.966
Low bone mineral density mean	33278	0.053	0.089	0.990	0.956
Low bone mineral density mean	33279	0.055	0.093	0.989	0.943
Low bone mineral density mean	33280	0.059	0.078	0.989	0.968
Low bone mineral density mean	33281	0.053	0.091	0.989	0.961
Low bone mineral density mean	33282	0.058	0.082	0.988	0.958



		RMSE, adjusted data (log space)		Coverage	
Risk Model	Model Version	In sample	Out of sample	In sample	Out of sample
Low bone mineral density mean	33283	0.056	0.083	0.995	0.941
Low bone mineral density mean	33284	0.057	0.078	0.988	0.953
Low bone mineral density mean	33285	0.053	0.078	0.990	0.950
Vitamin A deficiency	33819	0.350	0.513	0.997	0.947
Vitamin A deficiency	33820	0.355	0.515	0.998	0.930
Vitamin A deficiency	33821	0.299	0.650	0.996	0.889
Vitamin A deficiency	33822	0.301	0.647	0.997	0.928
Vitamin A deficiency	33823	0.334	0.548	0.997	0.856
Second-hand smoke	33479	1.090	1.170	0.972	0.958
Second-hand smoke	33480	1.070	1.214	0.973	0.958
Second-hand smoke	33483	1.062	1.238	0.972	0.960
Second-hand smoke	33485	1.076	1.207	0.973	0.963
Second-hand smoke	33487	1.072	1.200	0.972	0.959

Web Table 7: Relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor for each outcome

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Unsafe water source								
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)
Typhoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)
Typhoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)
Typhoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)
Typhoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)
Typhoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)

Web Table 7: Relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor for each outcome									
Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	
Unsafe water source									
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	



Web Table 7: Relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor for each outcome									
Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Unsafe water source									
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	

Web Table 7: Relative risks used by age and sex for each risk factor for each outcome									
Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+	
Unsafe water source									
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Diarrheal diseases	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	
Diarrheal diseases	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	
Diarrheal diseases	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
Typhoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
Typhoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	
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Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Typhoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)
Typhoid fever	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)
Typhoid fever	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)
Typhoid fever	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Unsafe sanitation								
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)
Diarrheal diseases	Improved	B	Both	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)
Diarrheal diseases	Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)
Typhoid fever	Improved	B	Both	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)



Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Typhoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both		4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)
					1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)
					1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)
					1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both		11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both		9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both		5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both		9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both		7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both		5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both		8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both		6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)
Paratyphoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both		4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both		1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both		1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)
Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Unsafe sanitation									
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both		3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)
Diarrheal diseases	Improved	B	Both		2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)
Diarrheal diseases	Sewer	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both		3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)
Typhoid fever	Improved	B	Both		2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)
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Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Typhoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	
	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	
	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	
	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	
	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	
	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	
	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	
	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	
	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	
	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	
	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	
	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	
	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	
	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	
	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
Unsafe sanitation									
Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	
	Improved	B	Both	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	
	Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	
	Improved	B	Both	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	
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Risk - Outcome				Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+	
Unsanitary conditions	Typhoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)			
	Typhoid fever	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)			
	Typhoid fever	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)			
	Typhoid fever	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1			
	Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)	11.238 (3.654-25.416)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & chlorinated	B	Both	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)	9.151 (3.169-20.391)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & filtered	B	Both	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)	5.857 (2.067-12.975)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Improved & untreated	B	Both	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)	9.705 (3.744-20.369)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Improved & chlorinated	B	Both	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)	7.904 (3.204-16.194)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Improved & filtered	B	Both	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)	5.059 (2.097-10.215)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Piped & untreated	B	Both	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)	8.331 (3.408-16.932)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Piped & chlorinated	B	Both	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)	6.785 (2.899-13.400)			
	Paratyphoid fever	Piped & filtered	B	Both	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)	4.343 (1.906-8.459)			
	Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & untreated	B	Both	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)	1.919 (1.472-2.467)			
	Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & chlorinated	B	Both	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)	1.562 (1.428-1.703)			
	Paratyphoid fever	High quality piped & filtered (TMREL)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1			
	Unsafe sanitation											
	Unimproved sanitation	Diarrheal diseases	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)	3.229 (2.818-3.712)		
Diarrheal diseases		Improved	B	Both	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)	2.711 (2.550-2.879)			
Diarrheal diseases		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1			
Typhoid fever		Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)	3.234 (2.772-3.701)			
Typhoid fever		Improved	B	Both	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)	2.705 (2.540-2.877)			



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Typhoid fever	Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever	Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)
Paratyphoid fever	Improved	B	Both	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)
Paratyphoid fever	Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
<b>No handwashing with soap</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)
Diarrheal diseases	Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever	No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)
Typhoid fever	Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever	No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)
Paratyphoid fever	Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Household air pollution from solid fuels</b>								
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both					
Lung cancer	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Not exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity					
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality					
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity					
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality					

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Typhoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)
Paratyphoid fever		Improved	B	Both	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)
Paratyphoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
No handwashing with soap									
Diarrheal diseases		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)
Diarrheal diseases		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)
Typhoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)
Paratyphoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Household air pollution from solid fuels									
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both				1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both				1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)
Lung cancer		Not exposed	B	Both				1	1
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity				1.114 (1.102-1.128)	1.105 (1.094-1.117)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality				1.811 (1.721-1.907)	1.746 (1.666-1.833)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity				1.114 (1.102-1.128)	1.105 (1.094-1.117)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality				1.811 (1.720-1.909)	1.746 (1.666-1.833)
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Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Typhoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)
Paratyphoid fever		Improved	B	Both	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)
Paratyphoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
No handwashing with soap									
Diarrheal diseases		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)
Diarrheal diseases		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)
Typhoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)
Paratyphoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Household air pollution from solid fuels									
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)
Lung cancer		Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity	1.096 (1.086-1.108)	1.088 (1.078-1.097)	1.080 (1.072-1.089)	1.072 (1.065-1.080)	1.064 (1.058-1.072)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality	1.683 (1.611-1.768)	1.623 (1.556-1.691)	1.565 (1.509-1.630)	1.510 (1.458-1.570)	1.457 (1.409-1.511)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	1.096 (1.086-1.108)	1.088 (1.078-1.097)	1.080 (1.072-1.089)	1.072 (1.065-1.080)	1.064 (1.058-1.072)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality	1.683 (1.610-1.768)	1.623 (1.556-1.690)	1.565 (1.508-1.629)	1.510 (1.459-1.569)	1.457 (1.408-1.512)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Typhoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		Unimproved & untreated	B	Both	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)	3.236 (2.778-3.725)
Paratyphoid fever		Improved	B	Both	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)	2.715 (2.560-2.870)
Paratyphoid fever		Sewer	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
No handwashing with soap									
Diarrheal diseases		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)	1.662 (1.463-1.870)
Diarrheal diseases		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Typhoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)	1.672 (1.468-1.882)
Typhoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Paratyphoid fever		No handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)	1.669 (1.484-1.880)
Paratyphoid fever		Handwashing w/soap & water	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Household air pollution from solid fuels									
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)	1.426 (1.352-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)	1.426 (1.351-1.515)
Lower respiratory infections		Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Both	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)	1.267 (1.165-1.368)
Lung cancer		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Both	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)	1.864 (1.493-2.310)
Lung cancer		Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity	1.057 (1.051-1.064)	1.050 (1.045-1.056)	1.044 (1.039-1.048)	1.037 (1.034-1.042)	1.031 (1.028-1.035)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality	1.406 (1.364-1.451)	1.357 (1.321-1.400)	1.310 (1.280-1.343)	1.265 (1.238-1.294)	1.223 (1.199-1.250)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	1.057 (1.051-1.064)	1.050 (1.045-1.056)	1.044 (1.039-1.048)	1.037 (1.034-1.041)	1.031 (1.028-1.035)
Ischemic heart disease		Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality	1.406 (1.365-1.451)	1.357 (1.321-1.400)	1.310 (1.280-1.343)	1.265 (1.238-1.294)	1.223 (1.199-1.249)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity					
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality					
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity					
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality					
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both					
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity					
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality					
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity					
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality					
COPD	Not exposed	B	Both					
Cataract	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity					
Cataract	Not exposed	F	Morbidity					
Ambient ozone pollution								
COPD	10 ppb	B	Mortality					
Residential radon								
Lung cancer	Bq/m^3	B	Both	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)

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Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity	1.311 (1.267-1.363)	1.266 (1.226-1.309)	1.224 (1.190-1.263)	1.184 (1.158-1.217)	1.147 (1.125-1.175)
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality	1.563 (1.483-1.656)	1.481 (1.409-1.558)	1.406 (1.344-1.475)	1.334 (1.286-1.392)	1.266 (1.226-1.316)
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	1.311 (1.267-1.362)	1.266 (1.226-1.309)	1.224 (1.190-1.264)	1.184 (1.158-1.217)	1.147 (1.125-1.174)
Ischemic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality	1.563 (1.483-1.655)	1.481 (1.408-1.558)	1.406 (1.344-1.477)	1.334 (1.286-1.392)	1.266 (1.226-1.315)
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity	1.311 (1.267-1.363)	1.266 (1.226-1.309)	1.224 (1.190-1.263)	1.184 (1.158-1.217)	1.147 (1.125-1.175)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality	1.563 (1.483-1.656)	1.481 (1.409-1.558)	1.406 (1.344-1.475)	1.334 (1.286-1.392)	1.266 (1.226-1.316)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	1.311 (1.267-1.362)	1.266 (1.226-1.309)	1.224 (1.190-1.264)	1.184 (1.158-1.217)	1.147 (1.125-1.174)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality	1.563 (1.483-1.655)	1.481 (1.408-1.558)	1.406 (1.344-1.477)	1.334 (1.286-1.392)	1.266 (1.226-1.315)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Morbidity	1.478 (1.262-1.754)	1.478 (1.262-1.754)	1.478 (1.262-1.754)	1.478 (1.262-1.754)	1.478 (1.262-1.754)
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	M	Mortality	1.961 (1.576-2.436)	1.961 (1.576-2.436)	1.961 (1.576-2.436)	1.961 (1.576-2.436)	1.961 (1.576-2.436)
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	1.864 (1.622-2.174)	1.864 (1.622-2.174)	1.864 (1.622-2.174)	1.864 (1.622-2.174)	1.864 (1.622-2.174)
COPD	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Mortality	2.737 (2.372-3.157)	2.737 (2.372-3.157)	2.737 (2.372-3.157)	2.737 (2.372-3.157)	2.737 (2.372-3.157)
COPD	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Cataract	Exposed to household air pollution	F	Morbidity	2.523 (2.111-2.981)	2.523 (2.111-2.981)	2.523 (2.111-2.981)	2.523 (2.111-2.981)	2.523 (2.111-2.981)
Cataract	Not exposed	F	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Ambient ozone pollution								
COPD	10 ppb	B	Mortality	1.029 (1.010-1.048)	1.029 (1.010-1.048)	1.029 (1.012-1.048)	1.029 (1.010-1.049)	1.029 (1.010-1.049)
Residential radon								
Lung cancer	Bq/m^3	B	Both	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)	1.002 (1.000-1.003)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lead exposure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity					
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Mortality					
Ischemic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity					
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Mortality					
Atrial fibrillation	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity					
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Mortality					
Other cardiovascular	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Diabetes CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Other CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both					
Occupational asthmagens								
Asthma	Admin	B	Both					
Asthma	Technical	M	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lead exposure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity				1	1
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Mortality				1.040 (1.000-1.088)	1.035 (1.000-1.086)
Ischemic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.049 (1.010-1.083)	1.042 (1.013-1.071)
Ischemic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.056 (1.022-1.088)	1.052 (1.027-1.079)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.062 (1.026-1.093)	1.058 (1.031-1.086)
Hypertensive heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.049 (1.010-1.083)	1.042 (1.013-1.071)
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity				1	1
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Mortality				1.045 (1.000-1.089)	1.041 (1.002-1.088)
Atrial fibrillation	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.040 (1.005-1.072)	1.033 (1.006-1.060)
Aortic aneurysm	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.053 (1.000-1.092)	1.048 (1.007-1.090)
Peripheral vascular	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.040 (1.005-1.072)	1.033 (1.006-1.060)
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity				1	1
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Mortality				1.045 (1.000-1.089)	1.041 (1.002-1.088)
Other cardiovascular	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.040 (1.005-1.072)	1.033 (1.006-1.060)
Diabetes CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Hypertensive CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Other CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both				1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Occupational asthmagens								
Asthma	Admin	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Asthma	Technical	M	Both		1.050 (1.000-1.126)	1.051 (1.000-1.122)	1.051 (1.000-1.124)	1.051 (1.000-1.118)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lead exposure									
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1	1
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Mortality		1.028 (1.001-1.080)	1.023 (1.000-1.079)	1.022 (1.000-1.074)	1.021 (1.000-1.074)	1.020 (1.000-1.073)
Ischemic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.033 (1.022-1.046)	1.028 (1.017-1.039)	1.027 (1.019-1.037)	1.026 (1.018-1.035)	1.024 (1.017-1.033)
Ischemic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.047 (1.039-1.056)	1.042 (1.034-1.050)	1.039 (1.034-1.043)	1.035 (1.031-1.040)	1.031 (1.028-1.035)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.052 (1.037-1.067)	1.046 (1.034-1.058)	1.042 (1.031-1.055)	1.038 (1.026-1.051)	1.034 (1.023-1.047)
Hypertensive heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.033 (1.022-1.046)	1.028 (1.017-1.039)	1.027 (1.019-1.037)	1.026 (1.018-1.035)	1.024 (1.017-1.033)
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1	1
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Mortality		1.034 (1.008-1.084)	1.029 (1.005-1.081)	1.027 (1.004-1.080)	1.026 (1.004-1.076)	1.025 (1.003-1.074)
Atrial fibrillation	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.026 (1.018-1.033)	1.021 (1.013-1.028)	1.021 (1.016-1.025)	1.020 (1.015-1.023)	1.018 (1.015-1.021)
Aortic aneurysm	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.041 (1.013-1.090)	1.036 (1.010-1.090)	1.034 (1.010-1.087)	1.032 (1.007-1.088)	1.030 (1.008-1.084)
Peripheral vascular	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.026 (1.018-1.033)	1.021 (1.013-1.028)	1.021 (1.016-1.025)	1.020 (1.015-1.023)	1.018 (1.015-1.021)
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1	1
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Mortality		1.034 (1.008-1.084)	1.029 (1.005-1.081)	1.027 (1.004-1.080)	1.026 (1.004-1.076)	1.025 (1.003-1.074)
Other cardiovascular	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.026 (1.018-1.033)	1.021 (1.013-1.028)	1.021 (1.016-1.025)	1.020 (1.015-1.023)	1.018 (1.015-1.021)
Diabetes CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Hypertensive CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Other CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both		1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Occupational asthmagens									
Asthma	Admin	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Asthma	Technical	M	Both		1.050 (1.000-1.120)	1.050 (1.000-1.122)	1.051 (1.000-1.121)	1.051 (1.000-1.122)	1.050 (1.000-1.126)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lead exposure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Rheumatic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Mortality	1.018 (1.000-1.074)	1.017 (1.000-1.072)	1.016 (1.000-1.074)	1.017 (1.000-1.077)	1.016 (1.000-1.075)
Ischemic heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.022 (1.013-1.031)	1.019 (1.011-1.027)	1.017 (1.009-1.025)	1.015 (1.007-1.023)	1.012 (1.004-1.021)
Ischemic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.028 (1.024-1.032)	1.024 (1.021-1.028)	1.021 (1.018-1.024)	1.017 (1.013-1.021)	1.008 (1.004-1.013)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.030 (1.018-1.043)	1.026 (1.015-1.037)	1.022 (1.010-1.035)	1.018 (1.006-1.030)	1.010 (1.000-1.024)
Hypertensive heart disease	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.022 (1.013-1.031)	1.019 (1.011-1.027)	1.017 (1.009-1.025)	1.015 (1.007-1.023)	1.012 (1.004-1.021)
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Cardiomyopathy	10 µg/g	B	Mortality	1.023 (1.001-1.076)	1.022 (1.001-1.073)	1.020 (1.000-1.073)	1.018 (1.000-1.069)	1.018 (1.000-1.074)
Atrial fibrillation	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.016 (1.013-1.019)	1.015 (1.012-1.017)	1.013 (1.010-1.015)	1.011 (1.009-1.014)	1.008 (1.005-1.011)
Aortic aneurysm	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.028 (1.006-1.081)	1.026 (1.003-1.080)	1.025 (1.002-1.080)	1.024 (1.004-1.077)	1.022 (1.000-1.078)
Peripheral vascular	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.016 (1.013-1.019)	1.015 (1.012-1.017)	1.013 (1.010-1.015)	1.011 (1.009-1.014)	1.008 (1.005-1.011)
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Endocarditis	10 µg/g	B	Mortality	1.023 (1.001-1.076)	1.022 (1.001-1.073)	1.020 (1.000-1.073)	1.018 (1.000-1.069)	1.018 (1.000-1.074)
Other cardiovascular	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.016 (1.013-1.019)	1.015 (1.012-1.017)	1.013 (1.010-1.015)	1.011 (1.009-1.014)	1.008 (1.005-1.011)
Diabetes CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Hypertensive CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)
Other CKD	10 µg/g	B	Both	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)	1.013 (1.009-1.017)

Occupational asthmagens								
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Asthma	Admin	B	Both	1	1	1	1	
Asthma	Technical	M	Both	1.050 (1.000-1.118)	1.051 (1.000-1.121)	1.051 (1.000-1.122)	1.051 (1.000-1.122)	



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Asthma	Technical	F	Both					
Asthma	Sales	M	Both					
Asthma	Sales	F	Both					
Asthma	Agriculture	M	Both					
Asthma	Agriculture	F	Both					
Asthma	Mining	M	Both					
Asthma	Mining	F	Both					
Asthma	Transport	M	Both					
Asthma	Transport	F	Both					
Asthma	Manufact	M	Both					
Asthma	Manufact	F	Both					
Asthma	Services	M	Both					
Asthma	Services	F	Both					
Asthma	Other	B	Both					
Occupational particulate matter, gases, and fumes								
COPD	high	M	Both					
COPD	high	F	Both					
COPD	low	M	Both					
COPD	low	F	Both					
COPD	none	B	Both					
Occupational noise								
Hearing loss, mild	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					



Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Asthma	Asthma	Technical	F	Both	1.060 (1.027-1.094)	1.060 (1.026-1.094)	1.059 (1.024-1.093)	1.060 (1.028-1.094)	1.060 (1.027-1.092)
	Asthma	Sales	M	Both	1.140 (1.045-1.234)	1.141 (1.053-1.235)	1.143 (1.052-1.238)	1.140 (1.046-1.236)	1.141 (1.056-1.235)
	Asthma	Sales	F	Both	1.131 (1.084-1.181)	1.130 (1.080-1.182)	1.130 (1.083-1.181)	1.130 (1.079-1.179)	1.131 (1.077-1.184)
	Asthma	Agriculture	M	Both	1.523 (1.108-2.023)	1.516 (1.081-2.045)	1.522 (1.105-2.038)	1.520 (1.120-2.032)	1.519 (1.102-2.020)
	Asthma	Agriculture	F	Both	1.509 (1.098-1.975)	1.513 (1.127-2.029)	1.508 (1.106-2.002)	1.526 (1.101-2.076)	1.519 (1.114-1.984)
	Asthma	Mining	M	Both	1.963 (1.601-2.396)	1.959 (1.588-2.388)	1.956 (1.594-2.414)	1.964 (1.569-2.398)	1.969 (1.615-2.417)
	Asthma	Mining	F	Both	1.959 (1.573-2.422)	1.959 (1.567-2.422)	1.962 (1.585-2.387)	1.955 (1.589-2.395)	1.948 (1.570-2.381)
	Asthma	Transport	M	Both	1.312 (1.225-1.404)	1.311 (1.225-1.401)	1.313 (1.226-1.402)	1.310 (1.222-1.398)	1.314 (1.221-1.397)
	Asthma	Transport	F	Both	1.221 (1.137-1.317)	1.221 (1.132-1.314)	1.220 (1.132-1.312)	1.220 (1.134-1.313)	1.221 (1.139-1.315)
	Asthma	Manufact	M	Both	1.561 (1.472-1.650)	1.561 (1.471-1.656)	1.560 (1.471-1.650)	1.562 (1.473-1.655)	1.558 (1.460-1.656)
	Asthma	Manufact	F	Both	1.331 (1.268-1.392)	1.329 (1.269-1.391)	1.330 (1.269-1.391)	1.332 (1.272-1.394)	1.331 (1.273-1.389)
	Asthma	Services	M	Both	1.529 (1.423-1.650)	1.529 (1.415-1.646)	1.533 (1.418-1.647)	1.535 (1.426-1.649)	1.531 (1.414-1.656)
	Asthma	Services	F	Both	1.409 (1.353-1.463)	1.409 (1.354-1.467)	1.410 (1.354-1.467)	1.411 (1.357-1.464)	1.409 (1.357-1.460)
	Asthma	Other	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational particulate matter, gases, and fumes									
COPD	COPD	high	M	Both	2.387 (1.407-3.797)	2.379 (1.399-3.681)	2.409 (1.436-3.838)	2.361 (1.446-3.689)	2.367 (1.452-3.666)
	COPD	high	F	Both	2.375 (1.439-3.699)	2.326 (1.436-3.577)	2.350 (1.431-3.704)	2.350 (1.421-3.614)	2.364 (1.451-3.678)
	COPD	low	M	Both	1.452 (1.058-1.965)	1.454 (1.075-1.961)	1.446 (1.055-1.932)	1.457 (1.075-1.934)	1.453 (1.051-1.910)
	COPD	low	F	Both	1.456 (1.054-1.969)	1.470 (1.089-1.965)	1.440 (1.045-1.933)	1.457 (1.097-1.926)	1.455 (1.060-1.921)
	COPD	none	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational noise									
Hearing loss, mild		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.070 (2.691-3.510)	3.081 (2.714-3.499)	2.546 (2.332-2.775)	2.554 (2.366-2.752)	1.849 (1.712-1.997)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Asthma	Technical	F	Both	1.061 (1.026-1.095)	1.060 (1.027-1.097)	1.061 (1.023-1.096)	1.060 (1.027-1.096)		
	Sales	M	Both	1.138 (1.046-1.236)	1.139 (1.056-1.226)	1.141 (1.052-1.243)	1.140 (1.058-1.240)		
	Sales	F	Both	1.130 (1.081-1.182)	1.129 (1.082-1.181)	1.131 (1.082-1.184)	1.131 (1.083-1.183)		
	Agriculture	M	Both	1.531 (1.122-2.055)	1.520 (1.105-2.042)	1.508 (1.080-2.022)	1.498 (1.079-1.965)		
	Agriculture	F	Both	1.530 (1.105-2.024)	1.519 (1.105-2.025)	1.518 (1.115-2.019)	1.502 (1.094-2.030)		
	Mining	M	Both	1.954 (1.567-2.408)	1.965 (1.556-2.403)	1.955 (1.572-2.393)	1.953 (1.550-2.420)		
	Mining	F	Both	1.964 (1.596-2.409)	1.965 (1.589-2.419)	1.959 (1.586-2.391)	1.973 (1.583-2.395)		
	Transport	M	Both	1.313 (1.224-1.408)	1.311 (1.227-1.398)	1.312 (1.225-1.409)	1.311 (1.226-1.407)		
	Transport	F	Both	1.223 (1.138-1.309)	1.221 (1.133-1.312)	1.224 (1.134-1.316)	1.220 (1.133-1.313)		
	Manufact	M	Both	1.562 (1.479-1.655)	1.559 (1.475-1.653)	1.562 (1.474-1.657)	1.561 (1.472-1.654)		
	Manufact	F	Both	1.331 (1.272-1.392)	1.330 (1.268-1.393)	1.330 (1.268-1.394)	1.331 (1.272-1.390)		
	Services	M	Both	1.528 (1.411-1.652)	1.530 (1.416-1.653)	1.530 (1.411-1.659)	1.531 (1.413-1.655)		
	Services	F	Both	1.411 (1.355-1.466)	1.410 (1.353-1.465)	1.410 (1.357-1.467)	1.411 (1.357-1.465)		
	Other	B	Both	1	1	1	1		
	Occupational particulate matter, gases, and fumes								
COPD	high	M	Both	2.373 (1.367-3.649)	2.357 (1.433-3.691)	2.402 (1.430-3.769)	2.398 (1.439-3.814)	2.359 (1.422-3.698)	
	high	F	Both	2.364 (1.474-3.652)	2.395 (1.467-3.719)	2.336 (1.426-3.685)	2.363 (1.431-3.743)	2.404 (1.454-3.632)	
	low	M	Both	1.460 (1.067-1.954)	1.443 (1.056-1.917)	1.462 (1.096-1.956)	1.464 (1.077-1.952)	1.462 (1.096-1.967)	
	low	F	Both	1.451 (1.082-1.912)	1.459 (1.102-1.951)	1.448 (1.077-1.931)	1.467 (1.072-1.974)	1.456 (1.056-1.928)	
	none	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1	
Occupational noise									
Hearing loss, mild	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	1.850 (1.706-1.995)	1.450 (1.371-1.526)	1.454 (1.378-1.529)	1.131 (1.048-1.212)		



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Hearing loss, mild	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, mild	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderate	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderate	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderate	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Hearing loss, mild	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		2.807 (1.870-3.964)	2.764 (1.842-4.069)	2.953 (2.336-3.709)	2.934 (2.322-3.615)
Hearing loss, mild	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderate	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.175 (4.618-13.260)	8.310 (4.819-13.471)	6.710 (4.785-9.254)	6.756 (4.700-9.172)
Hearing loss, moderate	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.072 (1.768-4.934)	3.037 (1.766-4.813)	3.471 (2.439-4.816)	3.454 (2.446-4.726)
Hearing loss, moderate	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderately severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.270 (4.802-13.237)	8.233 (4.705-13.201)	6.764 (4.802-9.278)	6.726 (4.741-9.223)
Hearing loss, moderately severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.043 (1.726-5.032)	3.008 (1.819-4.975)	3.472 (2.478-4.834)	3.450 (2.426-4.857)
Hearing loss, moderately severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.249 (4.719-13.212)	8.292 (4.728-13.169)	6.707 (4.723-9.362)	6.687 (4.735-9.187)
Hearing loss, severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.023 (1.794-4.974)	2.972 (1.757-4.886)	3.444 (2.425-4.757)	3.482 (2.460-4.765)
Hearing loss, severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, profound	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.330 (4.769-13.642)	8.437 (4.937-13.546)	6.690 (4.737-9.276)	6.734 (4.792-9.240)
Hearing loss, profound	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.023 (1.718-5.041)	3.018 (1.734-4.918)	3.455 (2.437-4.683)	3.446 (2.448-4.732)
Hearing loss, profound	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, complete	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.242 (4.849-13.312)	8.371 (4.697-13.338)	6.771 (4.776-9.412)	6.703 (4.711-9.423)
Hearing loss, complete	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.004 (1.775-4.916)	2.986 (1.801-4.892)	3.482 (2.472-4.718)	3.478 (2.437-4.724)
Hearing loss, complete	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		7.477 (5.044-11.189)	7.423 (4.783-10.957)	5.504 (4.293-6.850)	5.456 (4.335-6.828)
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		2.807 (1.870-3.964)	2.764 (1.842-4.069)	2.953 (2.336-3.709)	2.934 (2.322-3.615)
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.175 (4.618-13.260)	8.310 (4.819-13.471)	6.710 (4.785-9.254)	6.756 (4.700-9.172)
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.072 (1.768-4.934)	3.037 (1.766-4.813)	3.471 (2.439-4.816)	3.454 (2.446-4.726)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Hearing loss, mild	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.176 (1.916-2.471)	2.172 (1.929-2.478)	1.988 (1.830-2.153)	1.991 (1.825-2.158)	1.551 (1.431-1.676)
Hearing loss, mild	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderate	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.992 (4.340-8.310)	5.987 (4.292-8.116)	5.624 (3.944-7.840)	5.610 (3.960-7.726)	3.643 (2.571-5.033)
Hearing loss, moderate	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.888 (2.724-5.336)	3.855 (2.698-5.406)	3.930 (2.781-5.398)	3.925 (2.712-5.492)	2.719 (1.932-3.726)
Hearing loss, moderate	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderately severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	6.007 (4.104-8.376)	6.072 (4.340-8.478)	5.638 (3.940-7.850)	5.704 (4.002-8.029)	3.638 (2.575-4.965)
Hearing loss, moderately severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.840 (2.678-5.291)	3.809 (2.685-5.318)	3.952 (2.757-5.617)	3.931 (2.786-5.449)	2.732 (1.890-3.784)
Hearing loss, moderately severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	6.075 (4.296-8.400)	5.983 (4.239-8.224)	5.660 (4.032-7.902)	5.610 (3.944-7.536)	3.620 (2.540-5.017)
Hearing loss, severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.837 (2.719-5.267)	3.867 (2.708-5.359)	3.980 (2.741-5.532)	3.943 (2.746-5.559)	2.711 (1.904-3.809)
Hearing loss, severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, profound	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.974 (4.166-8.162)	5.981 (4.271-8.414)	5.629 (3.964-7.886)	5.589 (3.837-7.704)	3.591 (2.488-5.123)
Hearing loss, profound	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.875 (2.753-5.336)	3.848 (2.721-5.146)	3.943 (2.697-5.394)	3.944 (2.766-5.399)	2.697 (1.933-3.791)
Hearing loss, profound	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, complete	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.932 (4.203-8.019)	5.941 (4.152-8.223)	5.620 (3.955-7.928)	5.628 (3.992-7.790)	3.625 (2.498-5.133)
Hearing loss, complete	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.858 (2.702-5.288)	3.813 (2.739-5.347)	3.917 (2.804-5.385)	3.985 (2.824-5.487)	2.701 (1.872-3.674)
Hearing loss, complete	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.070 (2.691-3.510)	3.081 (2.714-3.499)	2.546 (2.332-2.775)	2.554 (2.366-2.752)	1.849 (1.712-1.997)
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.176 (1.916-2.471)	2.172 (1.929-2.478)	1.988 (1.830-2.153)	1.991 (1.825-2.158)	1.551 (1.431-1.676)
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.992 (4.340-8.310)	5.987 (4.292-8.116)	5.624 (3.944-7.840)	5.610 (3.960-7.726)	3.643 (2.571-5.033)
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.888 (2.724-5.336)	3.855 (2.698-5.406)	3.930 (2.781-5.398)	3.925 (2.712-5.492)	2.719 (1.932-3.726)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Hearing loss, mild	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	1.553 (1.431-1.686)	1.301 (1.231-1.370)	1.300 (1.233-1.370)	1.091 (1.017-1.172)	
Hearing loss, mild	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, moderate	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.601 (2.492-4.938)	2.170 (1.594-2.841)	2.146 (1.656-2.863)	1.291 (1.059-1.542)	
Hearing loss, moderate	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.689 (1.862-3.677)	1.815 (1.362-2.405)	1.817 (1.362-2.442)	1.228 (1.021-1.472)	
Hearing loss, moderate	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, moderately severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.591 (2.576-4.991)	2.162 (1.639-2.822)	2.168 (1.631-2.833)	1.297 (1.059-1.563)	
Hearing loss, moderately severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.709 (1.898-3.743)	1.837 (1.330-2.435)	1.807 (1.368-2.365)	1.219 (1.017-1.458)	
Hearing loss, moderately severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, severe	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.583 (2.509-5.122)	2.138 (1.604-2.804)	2.173 (1.644-2.819)	1.294 (1.058-1.571)	
Hearing loss, severe	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.693 (1.925-3.739)	1.830 (1.384-2.422)	1.825 (1.346-2.414)	1.218 (1.000-1.475)	
Hearing loss, severe	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, profound	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.607 (2.476-5.058)	2.144 (1.616-2.831)	2.173 (1.637-2.827)	1.294 (1.080-1.563)	
Hearing loss, profound	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.690 (1.880-3.733)	1.833 (1.372-2.410)	1.813 (1.339-2.387)	1.222 (1.000-1.480)	
Hearing loss, profound	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, complete	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.625 (2.558-5.047)	2.170 (1.613-2.805)	2.170 (1.596-2.890)	1.291 (1.059-1.548)	
Hearing loss, complete	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.695 (1.885-3.734)	1.812 (1.374-2.372)	1.824 (1.355-2.407)	1.222 (1.015-1.477)	
Hearing loss, complete	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	1.850 (1.706-1.995)	1.450 (1.371-1.526)	1.454 (1.378-1.529)	1.131 (1.048-1.212)	
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	1.553 (1.431-1.686)	1.301 (1.231-1.370)	1.300 (1.233-1.370)	1.091 (1.017-1.172)	
Hearing loss, mild, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.601 (2.492-4.938)	2.170 (1.594-2.841)	2.146 (1.656-2.863)	1.291 (1.059-1.542)	
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.689 (1.862-3.677)	1.815 (1.362-2.405)	1.817 (1.362-2.442)	1.228 (1.021-1.472)	



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing	high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing	low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity					
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing	no exposure	B	Morbidity					
<b>Occupational ergonomic factors</b>								
Low back pain	Professional, technical and related workers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Administrative and managerial workers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Clerical and related workers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Sales workers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Service workers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Agriculture, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	B	Morbidity					
Low back pain	Background	B	Morbidity					

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.270 (4.802-13.237)	8.233 (4.705-13.201)	6.764 (4.802-9.278)	6.726 (4.741-9.223)
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.043 (1.726-5.032)	3.008 (1.819-4.975)	3.472 (2.478-4.834)	3.450 (2.426-4.857)
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.249 (4.719-13.212)	8.292 (4.728-13.169)	6.707 (4.723-9.362)	6.687 (4.735-9.187)
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.023 (1.794-4.974)	2.972 (1.757-4.886)	3.444 (2.425-4.757)	3.482 (2.460-4.765)
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.330 (4.769-13.642)	8.437 (4.937-13.546)	6.690 (4.737-9.276)	6.734 (4.792-9.240)
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.023 (1.718-5.041)	3.018 (1.734-4.918)	3.455 (2.437-4.683)	3.446 (2.448-4.732)
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity		8.242 (4.849-13.312)	8.371 (4.697-13.338)	6.771 (4.776-9.412)	6.703 (4.711-9.423)
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity		3.004 (1.775-4.916)	2.986 (1.801-4.892)	3.482 (2.472-4.718)	3.478 (2.437-4.724)
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Occupational ergonomic factors									
Low back pain		Professional, technical and related workers	B	Morbidity		1.173 (1.065-1.282)	1.172 (1.061-1.285)	1.169 (1.065-1.283)	1.170 (1.062-1.285)
Low back pain		Administrative and managerial workers	B	Morbidity		1.211 (1.000-1.508)	1.210 (1.000-1.497)	1.209 (1.000-1.490)	1.209 (1.000-1.527)
Low back pain		Clerical and related workers	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Low back pain		Sales workers	B	Morbidity		1.220 (1.028-1.435)	1.210 (1.016-1.418)	1.213 (1.027-1.435)	1.214 (1.004-1.451)
Low back pain		Service workers	B	Morbidity		1.472 (1.385-1.568)	1.472 (1.383-1.569)	1.471 (1.371-1.564)	1.472 (1.382-1.571)
Low back pain		Agriculture, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	B	Morbidity		3.789 (2.575-5.379)	3.762 (2.620-5.285)	3.869 (2.631-5.492)	3.775 (2.560-5.374)
Low back pain		Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	B	Morbidity		1.543 (1.408-1.679)	1.540 (1.403-1.676)	1.542 (1.414-1.677)	1.543 (1.412-1.695)
Low back pain		Background	B	Morbidity		1	1	1	508 1

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	6.007 (4.104-8.376)	6.072 (4.340-8.478)	5.638 (3.940-7.850)	5.704 (4.002-8.029)	3.638 (2.575-4.965)
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.840 (2.678-5.291)	3.809 (2.685-5.318)	3.952 (2.757-5.617)	3.931 (2.786-5.449)	2.732 (1.890-3.784)
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	6.075 (4.296-8.400)	5.983 (4.239-8.224)	5.660 (4.032-7.902)	5.610 (3.944-7.536)	3.620 (2.540-5.017)
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.837 (2.719-5.267)	3.867 (2.708-5.359)	3.980 (2.741-5.532)	3.943 (2.746-5.559)	2.711 (1.904-3.809)
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.974 (4.166-8.162)	5.981 (4.271-8.414)	5.629 (3.964-7.886)	5.589 (3.837-7.704)	3.591 (2.488-5.123)
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.875 (2.753-5.336)	3.848 (2.721-5.146)	3.943 (2.697-5.394)	3.944 (2.766-5.399)	2.697 (1.933-3.791)
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	5.932 (4.203-8.019)	5.941 (4.152-8.223)	5.620 (3.955-7.928)	5.628 (3.992-7.790)	3.625 (2.498-5.133)
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.858 (2.702-5.288)	3.813 (2.739-5.347)	3.917 (2.804-5.385)	3.985 (2.824-5.487)	2.701 (1.872-3.674)
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational ergonomic factors									
Low back pain		Professional, technical and related workers	B	Morbidity	1.170 (1.061-1.287)	1.172 (1.062-1.283)	1.171 (1.071-1.270)	1.169 (1.063-1.289)	1.171 (1.057-1.281)
Low back pain		Administrative and managerial workers	B	Morbidity	1.207 (1.000-1.498)	1.207 (1.000-1.500)	1.205 (1.000-1.489)	1.205 (1.000-1.473)	1.205 (1.000-1.512)
Low back pain		Clerical and related workers	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Low back pain		Sales workers	B	Morbidity	1.207 (1.017-1.446)	1.218 (1.015-1.457)	1.212 (1.012-1.447)	1.216 (1.010-1.449)	1.219 (1.019-1.451)
Low back pain		Service workers	B	Morbidity	1.469 (1.377-1.568)	1.472 (1.377-1.571)	1.469 (1.374-1.568)	1.470 (1.378-1.570)	1.472 (1.379-1.576)
Low back pain		Agriculture, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	B	Morbidity	3.774 (2.604-5.318)	3.771 (2.530-5.319)	3.793 (2.631-5.371)	3.785 (2.551-5.345)	3.776 (2.642-5.173)
Low back pain		Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	B	Morbidity	1.542 (1.415-1.685)	1.543 (1.418-1.685)	1.541 (1.402-1.684)	1.542 (1.410-1.684)	1.541 (1.404-1.684)
Low back pain		Background	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	509 1

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Hearing loss, moderate, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.591 (2.576-4.991)	2.162 (1.639-2.822)	2.168 (1.631-2.833)	1.297 (1.059-1.563)	
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.709 (1.898-3.743)	1.837 (1.330-2.435)	1.807 (1.368-2.365)	1.219 (1.017-1.458)	
Hearing loss, moderately severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.583 (2.509-5.122)	2.138 (1.604-2.804)	2.173 (1.644-2.819)	1.294 (1.058-1.571)	
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.693 (1.925-3.739)	1.830 (1.384-2.422)	1.825 (1.346-2.414)	1.218 (1.000-1.475)	
Hearing loss, severe, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.607 (2.476-5.058)	2.144 (1.616-2.831)	2.173 (1.637-2.827)	1.294 (1.080-1.563)	
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.690 (1.880-3.733)	1.833 (1.372-2.410)	1.813 (1.339-2.387)	1.222 (1.000-1.480)	
Hearing loss, profound, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		high exposure (>90dB)	B	Morbidity	3.625 (2.558-5.047)	2.170 (1.613-2.805)	2.170 (1.596-2.890)	1.291 (1.059-1.548)	
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		low exposure (85-90dB)	B	Morbidity	2.695 (1.885-3.734)	1.812 (1.374-2.372)	1.824 (1.355-2.407)	1.222 (1.015-1.477)	
Hearing loss, complete, with ringing		no exposure	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Occupational ergonomic factors									
Low back pain		Professional, technical and related workers	B	Morbidity	1.170 (1.057-1.287)	1.170 (1.070-1.279)	1.172 (1.064-1.287)	1.172 (1.070-1.283)	
Low back pain		Administrative and managerial workers	B	Morbidity	1.203 (1.000-1.516)	1.209 (1.000-1.482)	1.210 (1.000-1.491)	1.203 (1.000-1.502)	
Low back pain		Clerical and related workers	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	
Low back pain		Sales workers	B	Morbidity	1.211 (1.011-1.444)	1.213 (1.014-1.455)	1.210 (1.007-1.425)	1.214 (1.014-1.449)	
Low back pain		Service workers	B	Morbidity	1.472 (1.381-1.572)	1.474 (1.386-1.572)	1.470 (1.377-1.568)	1.472 (1.379-1.571)	
Low back pain		Agriculture, animal husbandry and forestry workers, fishermen and hunters	B	Morbidity	3.792 (2.535-5.426)	3.802 (2.679-5.433)	3.746 (2.606-5.175)	3.770 (2.627-5.158)	
Low back pain		Production and related workers, transport equipment operators and labourers	B	Morbidity	1.540 (1.414-1.679)	1.540 (1.408-1.683)	1.538 (1.408-1.673)	1.541 (1.408-1.677)	
Low back pain		Background	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	510



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Occupational exposure to asbestos								
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Ovarian cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Ovarian cancer	Low exposure	F	Both					
Ovarian cancer	No exposure	F	Both					
Mesothelioma	High exposure	B	Both					
Mesothelioma	Low exposure	B	Both					
Mesothelioma	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene								
Kidney cancer	High exposure	B	Both					
Kidney cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Kidney cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to arsenic								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Occupational exposure to asbestos									
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both			1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both			1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both			2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both			1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	M	Both			1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	F	Both			1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	High exposure	F	Both			1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)
Ovarian cancer	Low exposure	F	Both			1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	No exposure	F	Both			1	1	1	1
Mesothelioma	High exposure	B	Both			44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)
Mesothelioma	Low exposure	B	Both			24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)
Mesothelioma	No exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene									
Kidney cancer	High exposure	B	Both			1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)
Kidney cancer	Low exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Kidney cancer	No exposure	B	Both			1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to arsenic									
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both			2.085 (1.446-2.904)	2.090 (1.411-2.922)	2.093 (1.449-2.870)	2.079 (1.433-2.914)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Occupational exposure to asbestos									
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	M	Both		1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	F	Both		1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)
Ovarian cancer	Low exposure	F	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	No exposure	F	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Mesothelioma	High exposure	B	Both		44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)
Mesothelioma	Low exposure	B	Both		24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)
Mesothelioma	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene									
Kidney cancer	High exposure	B	Both		1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)
Kidney cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Kidney cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to arsenic									
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.067 (1.437-2.864)	2.053 (1.436-2.879)	2.074 (1.474-2.925)	2.078 (1.437-2.926)	2.074 (1.460-2.849)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Occupational exposure to asbestos									
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)	1.380 (1.188-1.612)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)	1.385 (1.187-1.598)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)	2.279 (1.740-2.936)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)	1.875 (1.588-2.213)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	M	Both		1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)	1.655 (1.501-1.809)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	F	Both		1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)	1.520 (1.461-1.580)
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)	1.811 (1.385-2.306)
Ovarian cancer	Low exposure	F	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Ovarian cancer	No exposure	F	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Mesothelioma	High exposure	B	Both		44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)	44.272 (13.126-119.191)
Mesothelioma	Low exposure	B	Both		24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)	24.712 (6.454-65.792)
Mesothelioma	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to trichloroethylene									
Kidney cancer	High exposure	B	Both		1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)	1.245 (1.054-1.458)
Kidney cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Kidney cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to arsenic									
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.064 (1.456-2.811)	2.092 (1.474-2.863)	2.096 (1.457-2.966)	2.097 (1.477-2.826)	2.090 (1.471-2.858)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
<b>Occupational exposure to benzene</b>								
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both					
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both					
Leukemia	Low exposure	M	Both					
Leukemia	Low exposure	F	Both					
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both					
<b>Occupational exposure to beryllium</b>								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
<b>Occupational exposure to cadmium</b>								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
<b>Occupational exposure to chromium</b>								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		2.085 (1.435-2.911)	2.089 (1.467-2.874)	2.084 (1.428-2.990)	2.086 (1.459-2.832)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to benzene								
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both		2.686 (1.570-4.190)	2.701 (1.617-4.452)	2.730 (1.585-4.471)	2.711 (1.555-4.443)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both		2.722 (1.565-4.362)	2.701 (1.577-4.369)	2.687 (1.586-4.289)	2.738 (1.606-4.557)
Leukemia	Low exposure	M	Both		1.676 (1.127-2.432)	1.682 (1.130-2.400)	1.666 (1.109-2.402)	1.657 (1.096-2.361)
Leukemia	Low exposure	F	Both		1.677 (1.114-2.486)	1.694 (1.121-2.410)	1.655 (1.078-2.416)	1.691 (1.124-2.439)
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to beryllium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.174 (1.086-1.270)	1.169 (1.064-1.277)	1.170 (1.073-1.274)	1.169 (1.073-1.269)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.170 (1.081-1.262)	1.170 (1.076-1.277)	1.169 (1.072-1.278)	1.170 (1.077-1.276)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to cadmium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.192 (1.097-1.293)	1.188 (1.083-1.288)	1.190 (1.101-1.295)	1.191 (1.091-1.305)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.191 (1.087-1.296)	1.191 (1.099-1.291)	1.188 (1.093-1.294)	1.190 (1.092-1.302)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to chromium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.179 (1.114-1.246)	1.181 (1.117-1.250)	1.181 (1.117-1.250)	1.180 (1.116-1.244)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.179 (1.116-1.248)	1.180 (1.115-1.248)	1.180 (1.115-1.244)	1.179 (1.117-1.243)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.090 (1.407-2.867)	2.081 (1.438-2.915)	2.069 (1.430-2.824)	2.109 (1.475-2.977)	2.079 (1.429-2.883)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to benzene								
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both	2.741 (1.597-4.549)	2.690 (1.594-4.317)	2.713 (1.623-4.233)	2.713 (1.616-4.421)	2.710 (1.580-4.459)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both	2.719 (1.585-4.469)	2.749 (1.640-4.474)	2.699 (1.524-4.392)	2.682 (1.578-4.337)	2.737 (1.533-4.538)
Leukemia	Low exposure	M	Both	1.667 (1.100-2.421)	1.676 (1.087-2.393)	1.678 (1.133-2.455)	1.664 (1.144-2.403)	1.689 (1.110-2.422)
Leukemia	Low exposure	F	Both	1.660 (1.079-2.376)	1.667 (1.135-2.446)	1.661 (1.090-2.424)	1.684 (1.148-2.402)	1.668 (1.094-2.424)
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to beryllium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.172 (1.080-1.271)	1.168 (1.070-1.276)	1.171 (1.070-1.274)	1.171 (1.074-1.273)	1.170 (1.073-1.271)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.172 (1.075-1.274)	1.171 (1.077-1.276)	1.173 (1.074-1.276)	1.172 (1.074-1.274)	1.173 (1.081-1.277)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to cadmium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.190 (1.090-1.298)	1.190 (1.092-1.299)	1.192 (1.095-1.299)	1.193 (1.095-1.296)	1.190 (1.089-1.293)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.191 (1.088-1.292)	1.194 (1.095-1.297)	1.188 (1.091-1.300)	1.190 (1.095-1.291)	1.190 (1.095-1.295)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to chromium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.183 (1.117-1.249)	1.180 (1.117-1.240)	1.180 (1.117-1.249)	1.182 (1.120-1.246)	1.181 (1.118-1.246)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.180 (1.115-1.248)	1.181 (1.115-1.246)	1.181 (1.118-1.250)	1.181 (1.118-1.245)	1.181 (1.117-1.248)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.076 (1.467-2.944)	2.070 (1.482-2.888)	2.098 (1.457-2.936)	2.089 (1.429-2.918)	2.096 (1.488-2.901)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to benzene								
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both	2.672 (1.591-4.408)	2.699 (1.535-4.498)	2.700 (1.545-4.405)	2.719 (1.586-4.416)	2.712 (1.507-4.505)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both	2.716 (1.576-4.449)	2.723 (1.567-4.550)	2.736 (1.597-4.459)	2.740 (1.620-4.458)	2.732 (1.517-4.526)
Leukemia	Low exposure	M	Both	1.658 (1.102-2.428)	1.684 (1.118-2.469)	1.656 (1.101-2.342)	1.684 (1.134-2.465)	1.689 (1.139-2.431)
Leukemia	Low exposure	F	Both	1.686 (1.122-2.434)	1.675 (1.106-2.418)	1.697 (1.151-2.482)	1.662 (1.102-2.368)	1.680 (1.110-2.436)
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to beryllium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.171 (1.071-1.271)	1.172 (1.080-1.276)	1.171 (1.076-1.270)	1.174 (1.078-1.276)	1.171 (1.072-1.273)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.169 (1.074-1.269)	1.173 (1.077-1.282)	1.167 (1.069-1.269)	1.169 (1.073-1.275)	1.171 (1.067-1.279)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to cadmium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.192 (1.088-1.298)	1.193 (1.088-1.300)	1.187 (1.095-1.291)	1.191 (1.094-1.289)	1.190 (1.088-1.296)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.189 (1.095-1.290)	1.192 (1.094-1.296)	1.192 (1.089-1.299)	1.193 (1.096-1.297)	1.193 (1.099-1.301)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to chromium								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.179 (1.115-1.243)	1.182 (1.121-1.247)	1.180 (1.118-1.248)	1.180 (1.113-1.246)	1.181 (1.117-1.245)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.181 (1.117-1.245)	1.179 (1.119-1.245)	1.181 (1.116-1.255)	1.181 (1.116-1.246)	1.179 (1.113-1.247)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to second-hand smoke								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde								
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both					
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both					
Leukemia	Low exposure	B	Both					
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to nickel								

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.469 (1.294-1.658)	1.477 (1.300-1.665)	1.473 (1.290-1.669)	1.474 (1.292-1.676)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.473 (1.286-1.683)	1.476 (1.302-1.686)	1.469 (1.288-1.670)	1.467 (1.281-1.671)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to second-hand smoke								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.241 (1.186-1.301)	1.240 (1.187-1.298)	1.242 (1.183-1.296)	1.240 (1.185-1.292)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.240 (1.184-1.300)	1.240 (1.189-1.294)	1.241 (1.190-1.297)	1.240 (1.182-1.298)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde								
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.222 (1.023-4.247)	2.294 (1.054-4.415)	2.204 (1.022-4.044)	2.211 (1.000-4.228)
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both		2.202 (1.040-4.060)	2.246 (1.036-4.201)	2.227 (1.046-4.220)	2.269 (1.082-4.189)
Nasopharynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Nasopharynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both		1.483 (1.191-1.818)	1.479 (1.183-1.833)	1.474 (1.182-1.816)	1.480 (1.192-1.831)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both		1.485 (1.197-1.846)	1.485 (1.183-1.864)	1.479 (1.184-1.846)	1.471 (1.181-1.777)
Leukemia	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to nickel								

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.472 (1.301-1.670)	1.470 (1.294-1.663)	1.475 (1.300-1.669)	1.469 (1.299-1.645)	1.474 (1.295-1.677)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.473 (1.288-1.661)	1.475 (1.293-1.682)	1.477 (1.299-1.681)	1.475 (1.302-1.675)	1.476 (1.290-1.681)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to second-hand smoke								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.243 (1.189-1.296)	1.242 (1.187-1.298)	1.241 (1.185-1.293)	1.239 (1.187-1.298)	1.240 (1.187-1.292)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.240 (1.188-1.296)	1.240 (1.186-1.298)	1.240 (1.186-1.294)	1.239 (1.185-1.295)	1.239 (1.188-1.296)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde								
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both	2.230 (1.026-4.147)	2.241 (1.076-4.078)	2.265 (1.055-4.357)	2.198 (1.036-4.100)	2.232 (1.101-4.097)
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.264 (1.064-4.394)	2.217 (1.039-4.233)	2.201 (1.032-4.163)	2.221 (1.034-4.255)	2.225 (1.021-4.230)
Nasopharynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Nasopharynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both	1.479 (1.195-1.806)	1.467 (1.174-1.844)	1.481 (1.178-1.840)	1.490 (1.197-1.835)	1.470 (1.196-1.842)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both	1.469 (1.182-1.819)	1.486 (1.196-1.825)	1.485 (1.190-1.851)	1.481 (1.191-1.857)	1.480 (1.199-1.817)
Leukemia	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to nickel								

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to diesel engine exhaust								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.477 (1.291-1.671)	1.477 (1.311-1.680)	1.476 (1.300-1.669)	1.473 (1.286-1.669)	1.477 (1.299-1.669)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.481 (1.308-1.687)	1.478 (1.293-1.684)	1.473 (1.290-1.662)	1.473 (1.289-1.677)	1.476 (1.289-1.663)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to second-hand smoke								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.241 (1.187-1.298)	1.241 (1.190-1.299)	1.239 (1.186-1.298)	1.241 (1.187-1.297)	1.240 (1.187-1.295)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.241 (1.188-1.299)	1.239 (1.189-1.293)	1.240 (1.187-1.294)	1.241 (1.186-1.294)	1.240 (1.184-1.297)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde								
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both	2.215 (1.021-4.197)	2.251 (1.056-4.239)	2.233 (1.022-4.334)	2.234 (1.017-4.329)	2.204 (1.061-4.177)
Nasopharynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.276 (1.067-4.207)	2.261 (1.034-4.216)	2.258 (1.040-4.377)	2.241 (1.027-4.168)	2.229 (1.019-4.249)
Nasopharynx cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Nasopharynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	High exposure	M	Both	1.487 (1.198-1.847)	1.485 (1.188-1.807)	1.480 (1.180-1.836)	1.482 (1.201-1.840)	1.488 (1.198-1.831)
Leukemia	High exposure	F	Both	1.470 (1.183-1.815)	1.473 (1.190-1.815)	1.471 (1.193-1.795)	1.490 (1.209-1.860)	1.464 (1.179-1.789)
Leukemia	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to nickel								



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to silica								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both					
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid								
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both					
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both					
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	M	Both					
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	F	Both					
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both					
Childhood underweight								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both			2.332 (2.075-2.806)	2.332 (2.075-2.806)	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		2.148 (1.313-3.270)	2.190 (1.331-3.416)	2.169 (1.322-3.362)	2.151 (1.304-3.329)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		2.147 (1.372-3.280)	2.161 (1.337-3.310)	2.158 (1.338-3.266)	2.154 (1.394-3.347)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.310 (1.164-1.471)	1.304 (1.145-1.466)	1.313 (1.162-1.486)	1.314 (1.166-1.478)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.310 (1.154-1.487)	1.311 (1.157-1.470)	1.313 (1.153-1.473)	1.313 (1.155-1.469)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to silica								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both		1.323 (1.243-1.411)	1.319 (1.233-1.413)	1.321 (1.237-1.406)	1.322 (1.237-1.411)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both		1.321 (1.239-1.407)	1.316 (1.229-1.407)	1.321 (1.237-1.408)	1.320 (1.237-1.406)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid								
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both		4.566 (2.192-8.629)	4.540 (2.143-8.509)	4.531 (2.156-8.611)	4.582 (2.030-9.128)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both		4.619 (2.057-8.763)	4.539 (2.217-8.582)	4.623 (2.099-8.849)	4.510 (2.167-8.101)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	M	Both		2.044 (1.000-3.828)	2.047 (1.000-3.834)	2.033 (1.000-3.834)	2.045 (1.000-3.769)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	F	Both		2.030 (1.000-3.788)	2.052 (1.000-3.887)	1.990 (1.000-3.845)	2.023 (1.000-3.834)
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both		1	1	1	1
Childhood underweight								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	2.137 (1.336-3.228)	2.152 (1.378-3.267)	2.175 (1.293-3.302)	2.168 (1.350-3.355)	2.162 (1.346-3.318)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.160 (1.271-3.437)	2.160 (1.348-3.411)	2.127 (1.327-3.223)	2.173 (1.385-3.279)	2.175 (1.349-3.325)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.315 (1.169-1.475)	1.314 (1.159-1.476)	1.315 (1.153-1.479)	1.312 (1.159-1.478)	1.318 (1.165-1.484)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.316 (1.162-1.483)	1.313 (1.156-1.477)	1.314 (1.154-1.485)	1.314 (1.170-1.484)	1.311 (1.146-1.479)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to silica								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.319 (1.235-1.404)	1.319 (1.230-1.400)	1.321 (1.242-1.410)	1.318 (1.233-1.405)	1.321 (1.237-1.412)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.320 (1.235-1.407)	1.321 (1.234-1.407)	1.321 (1.237-1.405)	1.320 (1.231-1.409)	1.321 (1.241-1.403)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid								
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both	4.562 (2.149-8.787)	4.567 (2.148-8.480)	4.496 (2.098-8.418)	4.512 (2.183-8.441)	4.572 (2.199-8.827)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both	4.608 (2.105-8.521)	4.630 (2.153-8.590)	4.567 (2.141-8.593)	4.530 (2.178-8.637)	4.573 (2.094-9.248)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	M	Both	2.053 (1.000-3.852)	2.007 (1.000-3.574)	2.003 (1.000-3.619)	2.000 (1.000-3.799)	2.037 (1.000-3.698)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	F	Both	2.061 (1.000-3.928)	2.007 (1.000-3.826)	2.030 (1.000-3.897)	2.028 (1.000-3.725)	2.035 (1.000-3.768)
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Childhood underweight								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	2.142 (1.266-3.314)	2.159 (1.353-3.226)	2.165 (1.331-3.345)	2.153 (1.352-3.197)	2.134 (1.328-3.329)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	2.153 (1.345-3.328)	2.188 (1.373-3.305)	2.166 (1.363-3.280)	2.142 (1.353-3.123)	2.153 (1.348-3.270)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.311 (1.158-1.479)	1.313 (1.166-1.486)	1.314 (1.154-1.484)	1.313 (1.160-1.479)	1.309 (1.176-1.478)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.312 (1.163-1.482)	1.309 (1.147-1.492)	1.316 (1.168-1.475)	1.315 (1.150-1.480)	1.315 (1.166-1.482)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to silica								
Lung cancer	High exposure	M	Both	1.320 (1.238-1.410)	1.323 (1.241-1.410)	1.323 (1.243-1.408)	1.322 (1.240-1.413)	1.320 (1.233-1.402)
Lung cancer	High exposure	F	Both	1.318 (1.232-1.404)	1.317 (1.234-1.405)	1.319 (1.238-1.406)	1.321 (1.236-1.406)	1.320 (1.238-1.409)
Lung cancer	Low exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Occupational exposure to sulfuric acid								
Larynx cancer	High exposure	M	Both	4.589 (2.114-9.193)	4.584 (2.029-8.556)	4.586 (1.965-8.424)	4.596 (2.061-8.303)	4.582 (2.134-8.669)
Larynx cancer	High exposure	F	Both	4.441 (2.095-8.542)	4.558 (2.106-8.372)	4.518 (2.234-8.377)	4.552 (2.082-8.545)	4.582 (2.170-8.433)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	M	Both	2.030 (1.000-3.844)	2.009 (1.017-3.774)	2.028 (1.000-3.916)	2.011 (1.000-3.754)	2.062 (1.005-3.853)
Larynx cancer	Low exposure	F	Both	2.017 (1.000-3.698)	2.015 (1.000-3.752)	2.043 (1.000-3.838)	2.016 (1.000-4.004)	2.016 (1.000-3.961)
Larynx cancer	No exposure	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Childhood underweight								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.230 (1.162-1.314)	1.230 (1.162-1.314)	
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.088 (1.046-1.134)	1.088 (1.046-1.134)	
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			2.142 (1.823-2.739)	2.142 (1.823-2.739)	
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.261 (1.170-1.388)	1.261 (1.170-1.388)	
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.103 (1.036-1.173)	1.103 (1.036-1.173)	
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			2.142 (1.823-2.739)	2.142 (1.823-2.739)	
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.261 (1.170-1.388)	1.261 (1.170-1.388)	
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.103 (1.036-1.173)	1.103 (1.036-1.173)	
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both			2.142 (1.823-2.739)	2.142 (1.823-2.739)	
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.261 (1.170-1.388)	1.261 (1.170-1.388)	
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.103 (1.036-1.173)	1.103 (1.036-1.173)	
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both			5.668 (1.766-12.426)	5.668 (1.766-12.426)	
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			2.458 (1.260-5.144)	2.458 (1.260-5.144)	
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.096 (1.000-1.729)	1.096 (1.000-1.729)	
<b>Childhood wasting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both			105.759 (42.172-158.035)	105.759 (42.172-158.035)	
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			23.261 (8.903-35.861)	23.261 (8.903-35.861)	
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			6.601 (2.157-11.254)	6.601 (2.157-11.254)	
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			116.708 (25.204-179.337)	116.708 (25.204-179.337)	
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			25.553 (6.104-39.678)	25.553 (6.104-39.678)	
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			7.107 (1.906-12.342)	7.107 (1.906-12.342)	
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			116.708 (25.204-179.337)	116.708 (25.204-179.337)	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
<b>Childhood wasting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
<b>Childhood wasting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
<b>Childhood wasting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			25.553 (6.104-39.678)	25.553 (6.104-39.678)	
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			7.107 (1.906-12.342)	7.107 (1.906-12.342)	
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both			116.708 (25.204-179.337)	116.708 (25.204-179.337)	
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			25.553 (6.104-39.678)	25.553 (6.104-39.678)	
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			7.107 (1.906-12.342)	7.107 (1.906-12.342)	
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both			37.936 (5.069-200.729)	37.936 (5.069-200.729)	
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			8.477 (1.330-42.943)	8.477 (1.330-42.943)	
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.833 (1.000-9.018)	1.833 (1.000-9.018)	
<b>Childhood stunting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both			1.851 (1.280-2.701)	1.851 (1.280-2.701)	
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.222 (1.067-1.501)	1.222 (1.067-1.501)	
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.111 (1.022-1.274)	1.111 (1.022-1.274)	
Diarrheal diseases	-1 sd and above	B	Both			1	1	
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			1.922 (1.000-3.606)	1.922 (1.000-3.606)	
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.211 (1.000-1.712)	1.211 (1.000-1.712)	
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.102 (1.000-1.424)	1.102 (1.000-1.424)	
Lower respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both			1	1	
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both			1.922 (1.000-3.606)	1.922 (1.000-3.606)	
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.211 (1.000-1.712)	1.211 (1.000-1.712)	
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.102 (1.000-1.424)	1.102 (1.000-1.424)	
Upper respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both			1	1	
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both			1.922 (1.000-3.606)	1.922 (1.000-3.606)	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
<b>Childhood stunting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
<b>Childhood stunting</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Childhood stunting								
Diarrheal diseases	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Otitis media	<-3 sd	B	Both					



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.211 (1.000-1.712)	1.211 (1.000-1.712)	
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.102 (1.000-1.424)	1.102 (1.000-1.424)	
Otitis media	-1 sd and above	B	Both			1	1	
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both			2.487 (1.127-6.555)	2.487 (1.127-6.555)	
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both			1.540 (1.028-3.295)	1.540 (1.028-3.295)	
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both			1.103 (1.000-1.762)	1.103 (1.000-1.762)	
Measles	-1 sd and above	B	Both			1	1	
<b>Discontinued breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	not continued	B	Both			1.938 (1.077-3.245)	1.935 (1.099-3.458)	
Diarrheal diseases	continued	B	Both			1	1	
<b>Non-exclusive breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Morbidity		2.241 (1.512-3.153)	2.203 (1.499-3.185)		
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Mortality		9.926 (2.428-29.501)	9.681 (2.356-28.096)		
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Morbidity		1.523 (1.027-2.231)	1.533 (1.000-2.294)		
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Mortality		3.943 (1.601-8.359)	3.927 (1.537-8.263)		
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Morbidity		1.196 (1.000-1.649)	1.222 (1.000-1.731)		
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Mortality		2.175 (1.000-4.669)	2.133 (1.000-4.597)		
Diarrheal diseases	exclusive	B	Both		1	1		
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity		4.259 (1.000-18.252)	4.549 (1.000-18.301)		
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality		42.971 (1.760-215.345)	51.404 (2.084-325.892)		
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity		4.883 (1.000-22.198)	5.382 (1.000-20.928)		
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality		2.799 (1.368-5.838)	2.754 (1.325-5.187)		

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
<b>Discontinued breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	not continued	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	continued	B	Both					
<b>Non-exclusive breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	exclusive	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
<b>Discontinued breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	not continued	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	continued	B	Both					
<b>Non-exclusive breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	exclusive	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Otitis media	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Otitis media	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
Measles	<-3 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-3 to -2 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-2 to -1 sd	B	Both					
Measles	-1 sd and above	B	Both					
<b>Discontinued breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	not continued	B	Both					
Diarrheal diseases	continued	B	Both					
<b>Non-exclusive breastfeeding</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	none	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	partial	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	predominant	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	exclusive	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity		1.798 (1.412-2.297)	1.815 (1.403-2.344)		
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality		1.955 (1.000-4.390)	1.941 (1.000-4.131)		
Lower respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both		1	1		
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity		4.304 (1.000-13.822)	4.395 (1.000-15.354)		
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality		45.558 (5.123-182.422)	49.400 (4.565-218.455)		
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity		5.168 (1.018-17.782)	5.094 (1.000-18.780)		
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality		2.779 (1.694-4.434)	2.778 (1.672-4.383)		
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity		1.813 (1.524-2.130)	1.823 (1.520-2.185)		
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality		1.950 (1.012-3.598)	1.978 (1.047-3.462)		
Upper respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both		1	1		
Otitis media	none	B	Morbidity		4.318 (1.000-16.072)	4.345 (1.000-19.450)		
Otitis media	none	B	Mortality		51.709 (1.933-295.020)	52.852 (2.031-265.901)		
Otitis media	partial	B	Morbidity		5.388 (1.000-24.097)	5.238 (1.000-21.913)		
Otitis media	partial	B	Mortality		2.763 (1.305-5.235)	2.785 (1.333-5.168)		
Otitis media	predominant	B	Morbidity		1.817 (1.387-2.294)	1.819 (1.402-2.346)		
Otitis media	predominant	B	Mortality		1.923 (1.000-4.134)	2.019 (1.000-4.558)		
Otitis media	exclusive	B	Both		1	1		
Iron deficiency								
Maternal hemorrhage	1 g/dl	F	Both					
Maternal sepsis	1 g/dl	F	Both					
Vitamin A deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both			1.323 (1.109-1.578)	1.595 (1.213-2.025)	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Otitis media	none	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	none	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	partial	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	partial	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	exclusive	B	Both					
Iron deficiency								
Maternal hemorrhage	1 g/dl	F	Both		1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)
Maternal sepsis	1 g/dl	F	Both		1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)
Vitamin A deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Otitis media	none	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	none	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	partial	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	partial	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	exclusive	B	Both					
Iron deficiency								
Maternal hemorrhage	1 g/dl	F	Both	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)		
Maternal sepsis	1 g/dl	F	Both	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)	1.252 (1.087-1.425)		
Vitamin A deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	none	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	partial	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Upper respiratory infections	predominant	B	Mortality					
Upper respiratory infections	exclusive	B	Both					
Otitis media	none	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	none	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	partial	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	partial	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Morbidity					
Otitis media	predominant	B	Mortality					
Otitis media	exclusive	B	Both					
<b>Iron deficiency</b>								
Maternal hemorrhage	1 g/dl	F	Both					
Maternal sepsis	1 g/dl	F	Both					
<b>Vitamin A deficiency</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both			1	1	
Measles	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both			1.766 (1.327-2.327)	2.402 (1.605-3.485)	
Measles	not deficient	B	Both			1	1	
<b>Zinc deficiency</b>								
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity				1.903 (1.515-2.337)	
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality				1.951 (1.000-3.914)	
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both				1	
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity				1.837 (1.273-2.530)	
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality				1.672 (1.000-4.155)	
Lower respiratory infections	not deficient	B	Both				1	
<b>Secondhand smoke</b>								
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed	B	Both	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)
Lower respiratory infections	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Otitis media	Exposed	B	Both	1.373 (1.255-1.505)	1.373 (1.255-1.505)	1.373 (1.255-1.505)	1.373 (1.255-1.505)	1.373 (1.255-1.505)
Otitis media	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	Exposed	B	Both					
Lung cancer	Not exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Exposed	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Measles	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					
Measles	not deficient	B	Both					
Zinc deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	not deficient	B	Both					
Secondhand smoke								
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed	B	Both	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)
Lower respiratory infections	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Otitis media	Exposed	B	Both					
Otitis media	Not exposed	B	Both					
Lung cancer	Exposed	B	Both				1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)
Lung cancer	Not exposed	B	Both				1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed	B	Both				1.468 (1.452-1.482)	1.433 (1.421-1.447)
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both				1	1
Ischemic stroke	Exposed	B	Both				1.590 (1.563-1.619)	1.541 (1.516-1.569)
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both				1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed	B	Both				1.590 (1.563-1.619)	1.541 (1.516-1.569)
								544

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Measles	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					
Measles	not deficient	B	Both					
Zinc deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	not deficient	B	Both					
Secondhand smoke								
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed	B	Both	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)
Lower respiratory infections	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Otitis media	Exposed	B	Both					
Otitis media	Not exposed	B	Both					
Lung cancer	Exposed	B	Both	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)
Lung cancer	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed	B	Both	1.400 (1.387-1.412)	1.368 (1.356-1.380)	1.336 (1.324-1.347)	1.305 (1.295-1.316)	1.276 (1.265-1.286)
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic stroke	Exposed	B	Both	1.493 (1.467-1.520)	1.448 (1.425-1.471)	1.405 (1.382-1.428)	1.362 (1.342-1.383)	1.322 (1.302-1.342)
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed	B	Both	1.493 (1.467-1.520)	1.448 (1.425-1.471)	1.405 (1.382-1.428)	1.362 (1.342-1.383)	1.322 (1.302-1.342)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Measles	Vitamin A deficient	B	Both					
Measles	not deficient	B	Both					
Zinc deficiency								
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Diarrheal diseases	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Diarrheal diseases	not deficient	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Morbidity					
Lower respiratory infections	Zinc deficient	B	Mortality					
Lower respiratory infections	not deficient	B	Both					
Secondhand smoke								
Lower respiratory infections	Exposed	B	Both	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)	1.204 (1.163-1.245)
Lower respiratory infections	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Otitis media	Exposed	B	Both					
Otitis media	Not exposed	B	Both					
Lung cancer	Exposed	B	Both	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)	1.506 (1.484-1.528)
Lung cancer	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Exposed	B	Both	1.247 (1.238-1.256)	1.219 (1.210-1.228)	1.191 (1.183-1.200)	1.165 (1.157-1.173)	1.139 (1.132-1.147)
Ischemic heart disease	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic stroke	Exposed	B	Both	1.283 (1.264-1.301)	1.246 (1.229-1.264)	1.211 (1.195-1.228)	1.177 (1.162-1.193)	1.145 (1.130-1.158)
Ischemic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Exposed	B	Both	1.283 (1.264-1.301)	1.246 (1.229-1.264)	1.211 (1.195-1.228)	1.177 (1.162-1.193)	1.145 (1.130-1.158)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both					
<b>Smoking</b>								
Esophageal cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Esophageal cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Esophageal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Stomach cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Stomach cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Stomach cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Liver cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Liver cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Liver cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Lung cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Lung cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Lung cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Cervical cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Cervical cancer	1 - SIR	F	Both					
Colorectal cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Colorectal cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Colorectal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Mouth cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Mouth cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Mouth cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both				1	1
Smoking								
Esophageal cancer	SIR	M	Both					6.676 (4.136-10.250)
Esophageal cancer	SIR	F	Both					6.357 (4.442-8.634)
Esophageal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Stomach cancer	SIR	M	Both					1.927 (1.443-2.535)
Stomach cancer	SIR	F	Both					1.570 (1.246-1.925)
Stomach cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Liver cancer	SIR	M	Both					2.540 (1.655-3.747)
Liver cancer	SIR	F	Both					1.724 (1.250-2.327)
Liver cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Lung cancer	SIR	M	Both					22.511 (19.062-26.715)
Lung cancer	SIR	F	Both					14.095 (13.045-15.359)
Lung cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Cervical cancer	SIR	F	Both					1.679 (1.207-2.240)
Cervical cancer	1 - SIR	F	Both					1
Colorectal cancer	SIR	M	Both					1.325 (1.195-1.471)
Colorectal cancer	SIR	F	Both					1.418 (1.278-1.571)
Colorectal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Mouth cancer	SIR	M	Both					8.162 (5.617-11.378)
Mouth cancer	SIR	F	Both					6.056 (4.232-8.541)
Mouth cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
								548

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Smoking								
Esophageal cancer	SIR	M	Both	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)
Esophageal cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)
Esophageal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Stomach cancer	SIR	M	Both	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)
Stomach cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)
Stomach cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Liver cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)
Liver cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)
Liver cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	SIR	M	Both	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)
Lung cancer	SIR	F	Both	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)
Lung cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Cervical cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)
Cervical cancer	1 - SIR	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Colorectal cancer	SIR	M	Both	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)
Colorectal cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)
Colorectal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Mouth cancer	SIR	M	Both	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)
Mouth cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)
Mouth cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Hemorrhagic stroke	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Smoking								
Esophageal cancer	SIR	M	Both	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)	6.676 (4.136-10.250)
Esophageal cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)	6.357 (4.442-8.634)
Esophageal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Stomach cancer	SIR	M	Both	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)	1.927 (1.443-2.535)
Stomach cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)	1.570 (1.246-1.925)
Stomach cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Liver cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)	2.540 (1.655-3.747)
Liver cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)	1.724 (1.250-2.327)
Liver cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lung cancer	SIR	M	Both	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)	22.511 (19.062-26.715)
Lung cancer	SIR	F	Both	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)	14.095 (13.045-15.359)
Lung cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Cervical cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)	1.679 (1.207-2.240)
Cervical cancer	1 - SIR	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Colorectal cancer	SIR	M	Both	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)	1.325 (1.195-1.471)
Colorectal cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)	1.418 (1.278-1.571)
Colorectal cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Mouth cancer	SIR	M	Both	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)	8.162 (5.617-11.378)
Mouth cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)	6.056 (4.232-8.541)
Mouth cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Kidney cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Kidney cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Kidney cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Bladder cancer	SIR	M	Both					
Bladder cancer	SIR	F	Both					
Bladder cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Leukemia	SIR	M	Both					
Leukemia	SIR	F	Both					
Leukemia	1 - SIR	B	Both					
COPD	SIR	M	Both					
COPD	SIR	F	Both					
COPD	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	M	Both					
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	F	Both					
Pneumoconiosis	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	M	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	M	Both					8.227 (5.677-11.505)
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	F	Both					6.089 (4.288-8.470)
Nasopharynx cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	M	Both					2.506 (1.962-3.111)
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	F	Both					2.098 (1.838-2.371)
Pancreatic cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Kidney cancer	SIR	M	Both					2.293 (1.677-3.039)
Kidney cancer	SIR	F	Both					1.518 (1.204-1.874)
Kidney cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Bladder cancer	SIR	M	Both					3.332 (2.364-4.558)
Bladder cancer	SIR	F	Both					2.582 (1.923-3.420)
Bladder cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Leukemia	SIR	M	Both					2.013 (1.390-2.873)
Leukemia	SIR	F	Both					1.163 (1.000-1.479)
Leukemia	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
COPD	SIR	M	Both					11.546 (8.894-14.932)
COPD	SIR	F	Both					15.257 (13.637-17.152)
COPD	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	M	Both					2.081 (1.763-2.470)
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	F	Both					1.973 (1.794-2.172)
Pneumoconiosis	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	M	Both					2.086 (1.774-2.441)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	M	Both	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)
Nasopharynx cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	F	Both	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)
Pancreatic cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Kidney cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)
Kidney cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)
Kidney cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Bladder cancer	SIR	M	Both	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)
Bladder cancer	SIR	F	Both	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)
Bladder cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	SIR	M	Both	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)
Leukemia	SIR	F	Both	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)
Leukemia	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
COPD	SIR	M	Both	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)
COPD	SIR	F	Both	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)
COPD	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	M	Both	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	F	Both	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)
Pneumoconiosis	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	M	Both	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	M	Both	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)	8.227 (5.677-11.505)
Nasopharynx cancer	SIR	F	Both	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)	6.089 (4.288-8.470)
Nasopharynx cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)	2.506 (1.962-3.111)
Pancreatic cancer	SIR	F	Both	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)	2.098 (1.838-2.371)
Pancreatic cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Kidney cancer	SIR	M	Both	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)	2.293 (1.677-3.039)
Kidney cancer	SIR	F	Both	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)	1.518 (1.204-1.874)
Kidney cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Bladder cancer	SIR	M	Both	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)	3.332 (2.364-4.558)
Bladder cancer	SIR	F	Both	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)	2.582 (1.923-3.420)
Bladder cancer	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Leukemia	SIR	M	Both	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)	2.013 (1.390-2.873)
Leukemia	SIR	F	Both	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)	1.163 (1.000-1.479)
Leukemia	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
COPD	SIR	M	Both	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)	11.546 (8.894-14.932)
COPD	SIR	F	Both	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)	15.257 (13.637-17.152)
COPD	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	M	Both	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)	2.081 (1.763-2.470)
Pneumoconiosis	SIR	F	Both	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)	1.973 (1.794-2.172)
Pneumoconiosis	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	M	Both	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)	2.086 (1.774-2.441)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	F	Both					
Interstitial lung disease	1 - SIR	B	Both					
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	M	Both					
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	F	Both					
Other chronic respiratory	1 - SIR	B	Both					
<b>Smoking (prevalence approach)</b>								
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Tuberculosis	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Lower respiratory infections	Smoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)
Lower respiratory infections	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Ischemic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	F	Both					1.967 (1.768-2.176)
Interstitial lung disease	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	M	Both					2.100 (1.774-2.462)
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	F	Both					1.982 (1.800-2.172)
Other chronic respiratory	1 - SIR	B	Both					1
Smoking (prevalence approach)								
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					1.588 (1.242-2.039)
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					1.599 (1.258-2.024)
Tuberculosis	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Lower respiratory infections	Smoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)
Lower respiratory infections	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					4.316 (3.127-5.810)
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					6.145 (5.060-7.413)
Ischemic heart disease	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					4.175 (3.165-5.452)
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					6.020 (4.248-8.410)
Ischemic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					4.175 (3.165-5.452)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					6.020 (4.248-8.410)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					4.153 (2.995-5.659)
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					4.110 (2.053-7.209)
556								

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	F	Both	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)
Interstitial lung disease	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	M	Both	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	F	Both	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)
Other chronic respiratory	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Smoking (prevalence approach)								
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)
Tuberculosis	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lower respiratory infections	Smoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)
Lower respiratory infections	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.924 (2.905-5.186)	3.569 (2.699-4.630)	3.246 (2.508-4.133)	2.952 (2.330-3.689)	2.685 (2.165-3.293)
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	5.464 (4.557-6.515)	4.859 (4.105-5.725)	4.321 (3.697-5.031)	3.843 (3.330-4.421)	3.417 (2.999-3.885)
Ischemic heart disease	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.805 (2.939-4.887)	3.468 (2.728-4.381)	3.161 (2.533-3.927)	2.882 (2.351-3.520)	2.627 (2.183-3.155)
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	5.357 (3.869-7.331)	4.767 (3.525-6.390)	4.243 (3.211-5.569)	3.777 (2.925-4.855)	3.363 (2.664-4.231)
Ischemic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.805 (2.939-4.887)	3.468 (2.728-4.381)	3.161 (2.533-3.927)	2.882 (2.351-3.520)	2.627 (2.183-3.155)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	5.357 (3.869-7.331)	4.767 (3.525-6.390)	4.243 (3.211-5.569)	3.777 (2.925-4.855)	3.363 (2.664-4.231)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.785 (2.790-5.061)	3.451 (2.600-4.525)	3.146 (2.422-4.046)	2.868 (2.257-3.618)	2.616 (2.102-3.236)
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.740 (1.960-6.346)	3.405 (1.871-5.587)	3.102 (1.786-4.919)	2.826 (1.705-4.330)	2.576 (1.628-3.812)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Interstitial lung disease	SIR	F	Both	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)	1.967 (1.768-2.176)
Interstitial lung disease	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	M	Both	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)	2.100 (1.774-2.462)
Other chronic respiratory	SIR	F	Both	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)	1.982 (1.800-2.172)
Other chronic respiratory	1 - SIR	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Smoking (prevalence approach)								
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)	1.588 (1.242-2.039)
Tuberculosis	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)	1.599 (1.258-2.024)
Tuberculosis	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Lower respiratory infections	Smoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)	3.137 (2.569-3.810)
Lower respiratory infections	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.443 (2.011-2.940)	2.223 (1.869-2.624)	2.023 (1.736-2.343)	1.841 (1.613-2.091)	1.598 (1.445-1.764)
Ischemic heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.039 (2.701-3.414)	2.703 (2.433-3.000)	2.404 (2.191-2.636)	2.139 (1.974-2.317)	1.794 (1.687-1.908)
Ischemic heart disease	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.395 (2.026-2.828)	2.184 (1.881-2.535)	1.992 (1.746-2.272)	1.816 (1.621-2.036)	1.582 (1.450-1.728)
Ischemic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.994 (2.427-3.688)	2.666 (2.210-3.215)	2.375 (2.014-2.802)	2.115 (1.834-2.442)	1.778 (1.595-1.988)
Ischemic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.395 (2.026-2.828)	2.184 (1.881-2.535)	1.992 (1.746-2.272)	1.816 (1.621-2.036)	1.582 (1.450-1.728)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.994 (2.427-3.688)	2.666 (2.210-3.215)	2.375 (2.014-2.802)	2.115 (1.834-2.442)	1.778 (1.595-1.988)
Hemorrhagic stroke	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.386 (1.959-2.893)	2.176 (1.825-2.587)	1.985 (1.700-2.313)	1.811 (1.584-2.069)	1.578 (1.425-1.749)
Hypertensive heart disease	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.350 (1.554-3.356)	2.144 (1.484-2.954)	1.957 (1.416-2.601)	1.787 (1.352-2.290)	1.560 (1.261-1.891)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Hypertensive heart disease	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Other cardiovascular	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Other cardiovascular	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Other cardiovascular	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Asthma	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Asthma	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Asthma	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
Diabetes	Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both					
Diabetes	Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both					
Diabetes	Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					
<b>Diet low in fruits</b>								
Esophageal cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Larynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Hypertensive heart disease		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				4.153 (2.995-5.659)	
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				4.110 (2.053-7.209)	
Atrial fibrillation		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				4.153 (2.995-5.659)	
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				4.110 (2.053-7.209)	
Aortic aneurysm		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				4.153 (2.995-5.659)	
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				4.110 (2.053-7.209)	
Peripheral vascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				4.153 (2.995-5.659)	
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				4.110 (2.053-7.209)	
Other cardiovascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				2.098 (1.761-2.460)	
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				1.976 (1.788-2.181)	
Asthma		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both				1.426 (1.094-1.842)	
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both				1.102 (1.000-1.275)	
Diabetes		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both					1
Diet low in fruits									
Esophageal cancer		100 g/day	B	Both				1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)
Larynx cancer		100 g/day	B	Both				1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Hypertensive heart disease		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.785 (2.790-5.061)	3.451 (2.600-4.525)	3.146 (2.422-4.046)	2.868 (2.257-3.618)	2.616 (2.102-3.236)
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.740 (1.960-6.346)	3.405 (1.871-5.587)	3.102 (1.786-4.919)	2.826 (1.705-4.330)	2.576 (1.628-3.812)
Atrial fibrillation		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.785 (2.790-5.061)	3.451 (2.600-4.525)	3.146 (2.422-4.046)	2.868 (2.257-3.618)	2.616 (2.102-3.236)
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.740 (1.960-6.346)	3.405 (1.871-5.587)	3.102 (1.786-4.919)	2.826 (1.705-4.330)	2.576 (1.628-3.812)
Aortic aneurysm		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.785 (2.790-5.061)	3.451 (2.600-4.525)	3.146 (2.422-4.046)	2.868 (2.257-3.618)	2.616 (2.102-3.236)
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.740 (1.960-6.346)	3.405 (1.871-5.587)	3.102 (1.786-4.919)	2.826 (1.705-4.330)	2.576 (1.628-3.812)
Peripheral vascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	3.785 (2.790-5.061)	3.451 (2.600-4.525)	3.146 (2.422-4.046)	2.868 (2.257-3.618)	2.616 (2.102-3.236)
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	3.740 (1.960-6.346)	3.405 (1.871-5.587)	3.102 (1.786-4.919)	2.826 (1.705-4.330)	2.576 (1.628-3.812)
Other cardiovascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)
Asthma		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)
Diabetes		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Diet low in fruits									
Esophageal cancer		100 g/day	B	Both	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)
Larynx cancer		100 g/day	B	Both	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Hypertensive heart disease		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.386 (1.959-2.893)	2.176 (1.825-2.587)	1.985 (1.700-2.313)	1.811 (1.584-2.069)	1.578 (1.425-1.749)
Atrial fibrillation		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.350 (1.554-3.356)	2.144 (1.484-2.954)	1.957 (1.416-2.601)	1.787 (1.352-2.290)	1.560 (1.261-1.891)
Atrial fibrillation		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.386 (1.959-2.893)	2.176 (1.825-2.587)	1.985 (1.700-2.313)	1.811 (1.584-2.069)	1.578 (1.425-1.749)
Aortic aneurysm		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.350 (1.554-3.356)	2.144 (1.484-2.954)	1.957 (1.416-2.601)	1.787 (1.352-2.290)	1.560 (1.261-1.891)
Aortic aneurysm		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.386 (1.959-2.893)	2.176 (1.825-2.587)	1.985 (1.700-2.313)	1.811 (1.584-2.069)	1.578 (1.425-1.749)
Peripheral vascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.350 (1.554-3.356)	2.144 (1.484-2.954)	1.957 (1.416-2.601)	1.787 (1.352-2.290)	1.560 (1.261-1.891)
Peripheral vascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.386 (1.959-2.893)	2.176 (1.825-2.587)	1.985 (1.700-2.313)	1.811 (1.584-2.069)	1.578 (1.425-1.749)
Other cardiovascular		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	2.350 (1.554-3.356)	2.144 (1.484-2.954)	1.957 (1.416-2.601)	1.787 (1.352-2.290)	1.560 (1.261-1.891)
Other cardiovascular		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)	2.098 (1.761-2.460)
Asthma		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)	1.976 (1.788-2.181)
Asthma		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	M	Both	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)	1.426 (1.094-1.842)
Diabetes		Smoker (5 year lag)	F	Both	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)	1.102 (1.000-1.275)
Diabetes		Nonsmoker (5 year lag)	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Diet low in fruits									
Esophageal cancer		100 g/day	B	Both	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)	1.151 (1.031-1.286)
Larynx cancer		100 g/day	B	Both	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)	1.041 (1.000-1.093)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Lung cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Mouth cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Nasopharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Other pharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	F	Both					
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet low in vegetables</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet low in whole grains</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both					
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Lung cancer	100 g/day	B	Both				1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)
Mouth cancer	100 g/day	B	Both				1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)
Nasopharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both				1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)
Other pharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both				1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	M	Both				1.174 (1.075-1.270)	1.164 (1.067-1.255)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	F	Both				1.174 (1.075-1.270)	1.164 (1.067-1.255)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both				1.235 (1.123-1.355)	1.223 (1.123-1.338)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both				1.235 (1.123-1.355)	1.223 (1.123-1.338)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both				1.732 (1.309-2.294)	1.683 (1.273-2.211)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both				1.732 (1.309-2.294)	1.683 (1.273-2.211)
Diet low in vegetables								
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	B	Both				1.129 (1.068-1.190)	1.117 (1.062-1.171)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both				1.222 (1.047-1.429)	1.206 (1.048-1.375)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both				1.222 (1.047-1.429)	1.206 (1.048-1.375)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both				1.392 (1.084-1.764)	1.353 (1.080-1.672)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both				1.392 (1.084-1.764)	1.353 (1.080-1.672)
Diet low in whole grains								
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both				1.178 (1.107-1.247)	1.167 (1.102-1.242)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both				1.178 (1.107-1.247)	1.167 (1.102-1.242)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both				1.178 (1.117-1.243)	1.165 (1.108-1.226)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both				1.178 (1.117-1.243)	1.165 (1.108-1.226)
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both				1.175 (1.116-1.236)	1.166 (1.109-1.225)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Lung cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)
Mouth cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)
Nasopharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)
Other pharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	M	Both	1.155 (1.079-1.244)	1.143 (1.068-1.223)	1.129 (1.054-1.203)	1.117 (1.052-1.184)	1.107 (1.052-1.163)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	F	Both	1.155 (1.079-1.244)	1.143 (1.068-1.223)	1.129 (1.054-1.203)	1.117 (1.052-1.184)	1.107 (1.052-1.163)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.205 (1.104-1.316)	1.194 (1.099-1.295)	1.177 (1.098-1.259)	1.161 (1.089-1.240)	1.146 (1.079-1.214)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.205 (1.104-1.316)	1.194 (1.099-1.295)	1.177 (1.098-1.259)	1.161 (1.089-1.240)	1.146 (1.079-1.214)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.629 (1.265-2.064)	1.577 (1.241-1.969)	1.516 (1.216-1.844)	1.471 (1.213-1.783)	1.425 (1.186-1.700)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.629 (1.265-2.064)	1.577 (1.241-1.969)	1.516 (1.216-1.844)	1.471 (1.213-1.783)	1.425 (1.186-1.700)
Diet low in vegetables								
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	B	Both	1.111 (1.056-1.162)	1.103 (1.052-1.157)	1.096 (1.051-1.141)	1.086 (1.046-1.129)	1.079 (1.043-1.117)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.193 (1.051-1.341)	1.178 (1.038-1.338)	1.163 (1.036-1.302)	1.148 (1.031-1.269)	1.132 (1.025-1.249)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.193 (1.051-1.341)	1.178 (1.038-1.338)	1.163 (1.036-1.302)	1.148 (1.031-1.269)	1.132 (1.025-1.249)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.344 (1.076-1.675)	1.310 (1.076-1.585)	1.289 (1.075-1.542)	1.257 (1.071-1.490)	1.235 (1.056-1.444)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.344 (1.076-1.675)	1.310 (1.076-1.585)	1.289 (1.075-1.542)	1.257 (1.071-1.490)	1.235 (1.056-1.444)
Diet low in whole grains								
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both	1.154 (1.091-1.216)	1.143 (1.086-1.205)	1.134 (1.083-1.187)	1.121 (1.071-1.172)	1.111 (1.068-1.158)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both	1.154 (1.091-1.216)	1.143 (1.086-1.205)	1.134 (1.083-1.187)	1.121 (1.071-1.172)	1.111 (1.068-1.158)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both	1.155 (1.104-1.211)	1.144 (1.094-1.196)	1.132 (1.085-1.179)	1.120 (1.078-1.167)	1.109 (1.070-1.144)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both	1.155 (1.104-1.211)	1.144 (1.094-1.196)	1.132 (1.085-1.179)	1.120 (1.078-1.167)	1.109 (1.070-1.144)
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both	1.153 (1.103-1.211)	1.142 (1.092-1.194)	1.131 (1.083-1.178)	1.119 (1.078-1.161)	1.110 (1.068-1.150)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Lung cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)	1.075 (1.028-1.124)
Mouth cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)	1.043 (1.000-1.090)
Nasopharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)	1.043 (1.000-1.091)
Other pharynx cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)	1.042 (1.000-1.093)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	M	Both	1.098 (1.047-1.149)	1.088 (1.041-1.142)	1.077 (1.035-1.118)	1.066 (1.031-1.103)	1.052 (1.040-1.062)
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	F	Both	1.098 (1.047-1.149)	1.088 (1.041-1.142)	1.077 (1.035-1.118)	1.066 (1.031-1.103)	1.051 (1.040-1.062)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.132 (1.073-1.195)	1.117 (1.063-1.175)	1.103 (1.057-1.156)	1.089 (1.049-1.127)	1.069 (1.057-1.082)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.132 (1.073-1.195)	1.117 (1.063-1.175)	1.103 (1.057-1.156)	1.089 (1.049-1.127)	1.068 (1.056-1.081)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.375 (1.171-1.608)	1.332 (1.150-1.538)	1.286 (1.131-1.449)	1.245 (1.106-1.384)	1.188 (1.145-1.233)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.375 (1.171-1.608)	1.332 (1.150-1.538)	1.286 (1.131-1.449)	1.245 (1.106-1.384)	1.187 (1.145-1.231)
Diet low in vegetables								
Ischemic heart disease	100 g/day	B	Both	1.073 (1.040-1.108)	1.064 (1.035-1.093)	1.056 (1.030-1.083)	1.049 (1.028-1.073)	1.038 (1.031-1.045)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.124 (1.030-1.221)	1.109 (1.026-1.194)	1.097 (1.024-1.177)	1.083 (1.018-1.150)	1.065 (1.045-1.085)
Ischemic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.124 (1.030-1.221)	1.109 (1.026-1.194)	1.097 (1.024-1.177)	1.083 (1.018-1.150)	1.064 (1.044-1.086)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	M	Both	1.212 (1.046-1.398)	1.187 (1.046-1.356)	1.166 (1.047-1.304)	1.140 (1.035-1.254)	1.109 (1.073-1.144)
Hemorrhagic stroke	100 g/day	F	Both	1.212 (1.046-1.398)	1.187 (1.046-1.356)	1.166 (1.047-1.304)	1.140 (1.035-1.254)	1.110 (1.074-1.146)
Diet low in whole grains								
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both	1.099 (1.058-1.137)	1.088 (1.053-1.125)	1.079 (1.047-1.108)	1.067 (1.042-1.093)	1.053 (1.044-1.062)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both	1.099 (1.058-1.137)	1.088 (1.053-1.125)	1.079 (1.047-1.108)	1.067 (1.042-1.093)	1.052 (1.044-1.061)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both	1.099 (1.066-1.133)	1.088 (1.057-1.118)	1.078 (1.052-1.106)	1.067 (1.046-1.089)	1.052 (1.045-1.060)
Ischemic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both	1.099 (1.066-1.133)	1.088 (1.057-1.118)	1.078 (1.052-1.106)	1.067 (1.046-1.089)	1.052 (1.045-1.059)
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	M	Both	1.098 (1.065-1.135)	1.087 (1.057-1.119)	1.077 (1.049-1.106)	1.067 (1.044-1.090)	1.052 (1.045-1.060)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both					
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet low in nuts and seeds</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Morbidity					
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Mortality					
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Morbidity					
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Mortality					
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet low in milk</b>								
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	B	Both					
<b>Diet high in red meat</b>								
Colorectal cancer	100 g/day	B	Both					
Diabetes	100 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes	100 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet high in processed meat</b>								
Colorectal cancer	50 g/day	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both					
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both				1.175 (1.116-1.236)	1.166 (1.109-1.225)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both				1.239 (1.118-1.369)	1.225 (1.111-1.348)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both				1.239 (1.118-1.369)	1.225 (1.111-1.348)
Diet low in nuts and seeds								
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Morbidity				1.111 (1.034-1.190)	1.103 (1.030-1.177)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Mortality				1.148 (1.092-1.208)	1.138 (1.086-1.186)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Morbidity				1.111 (1.034-1.190)	1.103 (1.030-1.177)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Mortality				1.148 (1.092-1.208)	1.138 (1.086-1.186)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	M	Both				1.053 (1.024-1.083)	1.049 (1.023-1.075)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	F	Both				1.053 (1.024-1.083)	1.049 (1.023-1.075)
Diet low in milk								
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	B	Both				1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)
Diet high in red meat								
Colorectal cancer	100 g/day	B	Both				1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)
Diabetes	100 g/day	M	Both				1.353 (1.087-1.684)	1.324 (1.060-1.627)
Diabetes	100 g/day	F	Both				1.353 (1.087-1.684)	1.324 (1.060-1.627)
Diet high in processed meat								
Colorectal cancer	50 g/day	B	Both				1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both				1.944 (1.162-3.192)	1.832 (1.132-2.858)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both				1.944 (1.162-3.192)	1.832 (1.132-2.858)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both				2.046 (1.487-2.784)	1.979 (1.459-2.595)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both				2.046 (1.487-2.784)	1.979 (1.459-2.595)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both	1.153 (1.103-1.211)	1.142 (1.092-1.194)	1.131 (1.083-1.178)	1.119 (1.078-1.161)	1.110 (1.068-1.150)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both	1.209 (1.106-1.311)	1.191 (1.093-1.297)	1.178 (1.093-1.268)	1.162 (1.077-1.240)	1.143 (1.070-1.217)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both	1.209 (1.106-1.311)	1.191 (1.093-1.297)	1.178 (1.093-1.268)	1.162 (1.077-1.240)	1.143 (1.070-1.217)
Diet low in nuts and seeds								
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Morbidity	1.095 (1.032-1.164)	1.089 (1.028-1.152)	1.083 (1.027-1.146)	1.075 (1.022-1.125)	1.068 (1.023-1.116)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Mortality	1.130 (1.082-1.179)	1.120 (1.077-1.164)	1.112 (1.069-1.157)	1.102 (1.065-1.140)	1.092 (1.058-1.125)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Morbidity	1.095 (1.032-1.164)	1.089 (1.028-1.152)	1.083 (1.027-1.146)	1.075 (1.022-1.125)	1.068 (1.023-1.116)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Mortality	1.130 (1.082-1.179)	1.120 (1.077-1.164)	1.112 (1.069-1.157)	1.102 (1.065-1.140)	1.092 (1.058-1.125)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	M	Both	1.046 (1.021-1.073)	1.042 (1.021-1.064)	1.040 (1.019-1.061)	1.036 (1.017-1.056)	1.033 (1.015-1.051)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	F	Both	1.046 (1.021-1.073)	1.042 (1.021-1.064)	1.040 (1.019-1.061)	1.036 (1.017-1.056)	1.033 (1.015-1.051)
Diet low in milk								
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	B	Both	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)
Diet high in red meat								
Colorectal cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)
Diabetes	100 g/day	M	Both	1.299 (1.058-1.580)	1.272 (1.062-1.529)	1.250 (1.052-1.475)	1.234 (1.058-1.432)	1.205 (1.045-1.394)
Diabetes	100 g/day	F	Both	1.299 (1.058-1.580)	1.272 (1.062-1.529)	1.250 (1.052-1.475)	1.234 (1.058-1.432)	1.205 (1.045-1.394)
Diet high in processed meat								
Colorectal cancer	50 g/day	B	Both	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both	1.771 (1.115-2.631)	1.703 (1.095-2.526)	1.624 (1.093-2.284)	1.557 (1.079-2.186)	1.492 (1.053-2.025)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both	1.771 (1.115-2.631)	1.703 (1.095-2.526)	1.624 (1.093-2.284)	1.557 (1.079-2.186)	1.492 (1.053-2.025)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both	1.858 (1.407-2.425)	1.788 (1.387-2.266)	1.710 (1.355-2.154)	1.645 (1.311-2.062)	1.582 (1.276-1.928)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both	1.858 (1.407-2.425)	1.788 (1.387-2.266)	1.710 (1.355-2.154)	1.645 (1.311-2.062)	1.582 (1.276-1.928)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Hemorrhagic stroke	50 g/day	F	Both	1.098 (1.065-1.135)	1.087 (1.057-1.119)	1.077 (1.049-1.106)	1.067 (1.044-1.090)	1.052 (1.044-1.059)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both	1.133 (1.071-1.203)	1.116 (1.065-1.174)	1.104 (1.056-1.157)	1.089 (1.048-1.133)	1.069 (1.056-1.083)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both	1.133 (1.071-1.203)	1.116 (1.065-1.174)	1.104 (1.056-1.157)	1.089 (1.048-1.133)	1.069 (1.056-1.081)
Diet low in nuts and seeds								
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Morbidity	1.062 (1.020-1.108)	1.056 (1.015-1.093)	1.048 (1.017-1.082)	1.042 (1.015-1.070)	1.033 (1.024-1.042)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	M	Mortality	1.083 (1.053-1.113)	1.074 (1.048-1.102)	1.065 (1.041-1.089)	1.056 (1.036-1.077)	1.044 (1.037-1.051)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Morbidity	1.062 (1.020-1.108)	1.056 (1.015-1.093)	1.048 (1.017-1.082)	1.042 (1.015-1.070)	1.033 (1.023-1.042)
Ischemic heart disease	4.05 g/day	F	Mortality	1.083 (1.053-1.113)	1.074 (1.048-1.102)	1.065 (1.041-1.089)	1.056 (1.036-1.077)	1.044 (1.038-1.050)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	M	Both	1.030 (1.013-1.045)	1.027 (1.012-1.041)	1.023 (1.010-1.036)	1.021 (1.010-1.032)	1.016 (1.013-1.019)
Diabetes	4.05 g/day	F	Both	1.030 (1.013-1.045)	1.027 (1.012-1.041)	1.023 (1.010-1.036)	1.021 (1.010-1.032)	1.016 (1.012-1.020)
Diet low in milk								
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	B	Both	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)	1.111 (1.030-1.200)
Diet high in red meat								
Colorectal cancer	100 g/day	B	Both	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)	1.175 (1.050-1.306)
Diabetes	100 g/day	M	Both	1.187 (1.027-1.356)	1.160 (1.028-1.298)	1.140 (1.024-1.265)	1.124 (1.027-1.228)	1.095 (1.064-1.128)
Diabetes	100 g/day	F	Both	1.187 (1.027-1.356)	1.160 (1.028-1.298)	1.140 (1.024-1.265)	1.124 (1.027-1.228)	1.094 (1.063-1.124)
Diet high in processed meat								
Colorectal cancer	50 g/day	B	Both	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)	1.182 (1.098-1.275)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	M	Both	1.435 (1.055-1.923)	1.378 (1.060-1.801)	1.337 (1.064-1.680)	1.281 (1.038-1.564)	1.214 (1.139-1.287)
Ischemic heart disease	50 g/day	F	Both	1.435 (1.055-1.923)	1.378 (1.060-1.801)	1.337 (1.064-1.680)	1.281 (1.038-1.564)	1.209 (1.132-1.290)
Diabetes	50 g/day	M	Both	1.508 (1.253-1.788)	1.445 (1.224-1.694)	1.382 (1.199-1.601)	1.325 (1.175-1.494)	1.244 (1.197-1.291)
Diabetes	50 g/day	F	Both	1.508 (1.253-1.788)	1.445 (1.224-1.694)	1.382 (1.199-1.601)	1.325 (1.175-1.494)	1.242 (1.193-1.293)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages								
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Breast cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Uterine cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Ovarian cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages								
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.008 (1.002-1.017)	1.009 (1.002-1.017)
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.008 (1.000-1.018)	1.009 (1.000-1.019)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.007 (1.002-1.011)	1.007 (1.003-1.012)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.005 (1.001-1.009)	1.005 (1.001-1.009)
Breast cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1	1
Uterine cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.014 (1.009-1.019)	1.015 (1.010-1.020)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.004 (1.003-1.006)	1.005 (1.003-1.006)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.004 (1.001-1.007)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.008 (1.005-1.013)	1.009 (1.005-1.014)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.002 (1.000-1.004)	1.002 (1.000-1.004)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.002 (1.001-1.004)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)
Ovarian cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.001 (1.000-1.002)	1.001 (1.000-1.002)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.006 (1.004-1.009)	1.006 (1.004-1.009)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.008 (1.005-1.011)	1.009 (1.006-1.012)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.005 (1.002-1.009)	1.005 (1.002-1.010)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.004 (1.002-1.005)	1.004 (1.002-1.006)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.004)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.004 (1.002-1.006)	1.004 (1.002-1.006)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.021 (1.006-1.039)	1.019 (1.007-1.036)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.023 (1.006-1.043)	1.021 (1.007-1.039)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages									
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.009 (1.002-1.018)	1.010 (1.002-1.019)	1.010 (1.002-1.019)	1.010 (1.002-1.020)	1.010 (1.002-1.020)
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.009 (1.000-1.020)	1.010 (1.000-1.021)	1.010 (1.000-1.022)	1.011 (1.000-1.023)	1.011 (1.000-1.023)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.007 (1.003-1.013)	1.008 (1.003-1.013)	1.008 (1.003-1.014)	1.008 (1.003-1.014)	1.008 (1.003-1.014)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.005 (1.001-1.010)	1.005 (1.001-1.010)	1.005 (1.001-1.011)	1.006 (1.001-1.011)	1.006 (1.001-1.011)
Breast cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1	1	1	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)
Uterine cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.015 (1.011-1.022)	1.016 (1.011-1.023)	1.017 (1.011-1.023)	1.017 (1.012-1.025)	1.018 (1.012-1.026)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.005 (1.001-1.009)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.009 (1.006-1.015)	1.010 (1.006-1.016)	1.010 (1.006-1.016)	1.011 (1.006-1.017)	1.011 (1.006-1.017)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.002 (1.000-1.004)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.006)	1.003 (1.001-1.006)
Ovarian cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.006 (1.004-1.009)	1.006 (1.004-1.010)	1.007 (1.004-1.010)	1.007 (1.004-1.010)	1.007 (1.004-1.010)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.009 (1.006-1.013)	1.009 (1.006-1.013)	1.010 (1.006-1.014)	1.010 (1.007-1.015)	1.010 (1.007-1.015)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.004 (1.003-1.006)	1.004 (1.003-1.006)	1.004 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.002 (1.001-1.004)	1.002 (1.001-1.004)	1.003 (1.001-1.004)	1.003 (1.001-1.004)	1.003 (1.001-1.004)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.004 (1.002-1.006)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)	1.005 (1.002-1.008)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.016 (1.010-1.023)	1.014 (1.009-1.021)	1.014 (1.009-1.020)	1.013 (1.009-1.019)	1.012 (1.008-1.017)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.017 (1.011-1.026)	1.016 (1.010-1.023)	1.016 (1.010-1.023)	1.015 (1.010-1.022)	1.014 (1.009-1.021)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages									
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.010 (1.002-1.020)	1.010 (1.002-1.019)	1.010 (1.002-1.019)	1.010 (1.002-1.018)	1.009 (1.002-1.018)
Esophageal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.011 (1.000-1.024)	1.011 (1.000-1.023)	1.011 (1.000-1.023)	1.010 (1.000-1.022)	1.010 (1.000-1.021)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.008 (1.003-1.014)	1.008 (1.003-1.014)	1.008 (1.003-1.013)	1.007 (1.003-1.013)	1.007 (1.003-1.012)
Liver cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.006 (1.001-1.012)	1.006 (1.001-1.011)	1.006 (1.001-1.011)	1.006 (1.001-1.011)	1.005 (1.001-1.010)
Breast cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)
Uterine cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.018 (1.012-1.026)	1.018 (1.012-1.025)	1.018 (1.012-1.025)	1.017 (1.011-1.024)	1.016 (1.011-1.023)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.006)
Colorectal cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)	1.002 (1.001-1.003)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.004 (1.001-1.009)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)	1.004 (1.001-1.008)
Gallbladder cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.011 (1.006-1.018)	1.011 (1.006-1.017)	1.011 (1.006-1.017)	1.010 (1.006-1.016)	1.010 (1.006-1.015)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.002 (1.000-1.005)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)	1.002 (1.000-1.004)	1.002 (1.000-1.004)	1.002 (1.000-1.004)
Pancreatic cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.003 (1.001-1.006)	1.003 (1.001-1.006)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)	1.003 (1.001-1.005)
Ovarian cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)	1.001 (1.000-1.003)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.007 (1.004-1.010)	1.007 (1.004-1.010)	1.007 (1.004-1.010)	1.006 (1.004-1.009)	1.006 (1.004-1.009)
Kidney cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.010 (1.007-1.016)	1.010 (1.007-1.015)	1.010 (1.007-1.015)	1.010 (1.006-1.014)	1.009 (1.006-1.014)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.011)	1.006 (1.002-1.010)	1.005 (1.002-1.010)
Thyroid cancer	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.005 (1.003-1.007)	1.004 (1.003-1.007)	1.004 (1.003-1.006)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.003 (1.001-1.004)	1.003 (1.001-1.004)	1.002 (1.001-1.004)	1.002 (1.001-1.004)	1.002 (1.001-1.004)
Leukemia	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.005 (1.002-1.008)	1.005 (1.002-1.008)	1.004 (1.002-1.008)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both		1.011 (1.007-1.015)	1.010 (1.006-1.014)	1.008 (1.005-1.012)	1.007 (1.004-1.011)	1.004 (1.002-1.007)
Ischemic heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both		1.013 (1.008-1.019)	1.011 (1.007-1.017)	1.010 (1.006-1.015)	1.008 (1.005-1.013)	1.005 (1.003-1.009)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.023 (1.008-1.041)	1.022 (1.010-1.038)
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.025 (1.009-1.045)	1.024 (1.011-1.042)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.028 (1.013-1.048)	1.029 (1.016-1.048)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.032 (1.015-1.053)	1.032 (1.018-1.054)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.029 (1.011-1.050)	1.030 (1.014-1.050)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.032 (1.013-1.056)	1.033 (1.016-1.056)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.027 (1.012-1.046)	1.027 (1.012-1.047)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.029 (1.014-1.050)	1.030 (1.013-1.052)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.030 (1.019-1.048)	1.031 (1.019-1.048)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.021-1.053)	1.035 (1.022-1.053)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.030 (1.018-1.047)	1.032 (1.019-1.048)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.021-1.051)	1.035 (1.021-1.055)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.026 (1.012-1.046)	1.027 (1.012-1.046)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.029 (1.014-1.050)	1.030 (1.013-1.051)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.031 (1.019-1.048)	1.031 (1.018-1.048)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.021-1.051)	1.035 (1.020-1.054)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	M	Both				1.462 (1.222-1.751)	1.426 (1.182-1.696)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	F	Both				1.462 (1.222-1.751)	1.426 (1.182-1.696)
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.020 (1.013-1.030)	1.018 (1.012-1.027)	1.017 (1.011-1.024)	1.015 (1.010-1.023)	1.014 (1.009-1.020)
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.022 (1.014-1.033)	1.020 (1.013-1.029)	1.019 (1.012-1.028)	1.018 (1.011-1.027)	1.016 (1.011-1.024)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.028 (1.017-1.041)	1.026 (1.017-1.040)	1.024 (1.016-1.036)	1.022 (1.013-1.033)	1.019 (1.012-1.028)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.031 (1.019-1.047)	1.029 (1.018-1.044)	1.027 (1.018-1.042)	1.025 (1.015-1.038)	1.022 (1.014-1.033)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.029 (1.015-1.047)	1.028 (1.015-1.046)	1.027 (1.015-1.042)	1.026 (1.013-1.042)	1.024 (1.012-1.040)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.032 (1.016-1.053)	1.031 (1.017-1.050)	1.030 (1.017-1.049)	1.030 (1.015-1.049)	1.028 (1.014-1.048)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.027 (1.012-1.045)	1.026 (1.011-1.046)	1.024 (1.009-1.045)	1.023 (1.007-1.044)	1.021 (1.004-1.042)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.030 (1.013-1.049)	1.029 (1.012-1.051)	1.027 (1.010-1.050)	1.027 (1.009-1.052)	1.025 (1.005-1.050)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.031 (1.018-1.047)	1.029 (1.017-1.045)	1.027 (1.014-1.043)	1.025 (1.013-1.040)	1.023 (1.011-1.037)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.034 (1.020-1.053)	1.033 (1.019-1.051)	1.031 (1.016-1.049)	1.029 (1.014-1.046)	1.027 (1.013-1.046)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.031 (1.018-1.046)	1.030 (1.017-1.047)	1.027 (1.015-1.043)	1.025 (1.013-1.041)	1.023 (1.010-1.037)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.034 (1.019-1.052)	1.033 (1.018-1.052)	1.031 (1.016-1.049)	1.029 (1.015-1.048)	1.026 (1.012-1.044)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.028 (1.012-1.048)	1.026 (1.011-1.045)	1.025 (1.009-1.044)	1.023 (1.006-1.041)	1.021 (1.005-1.041)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.030 (1.013-1.051)	1.029 (1.012-1.051)	1.028 (1.010-1.050)	1.026 (1.007-1.049)	1.025 (1.006-1.051)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.031 (1.018-1.047)	1.030 (1.017-1.045)	1.027 (1.015-1.043)	1.025 (1.013-1.040)	1.023 (1.012-1.037)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.034 (1.020-1.052)	1.033 (1.018-1.052)	1.031 (1.017-1.049)	1.029 (1.014-1.046)	1.027 (1.013-1.044)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.392 (1.187-1.624)	1.360 (1.169-1.586)	1.332 (1.151-1.537)	1.297 (1.137-1.478)	1.271 (1.126-1.424)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.392 (1.187-1.624)	1.360 (1.169-1.586)	1.332 (1.151-1.537)	1.297 (1.137-1.478)	1.271 (1.126-1.424)
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.015 (1.002-1.032)	1.016 (1.002-1.034)	1.016 (1.002-1.034)	1.017 (1.002-1.035)	1.017 (1.002-1.035)
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.017 (1.002-1.036)	1.018 (1.002-1.037)	1.018 (1.002-1.039)	1.019 (1.002-1.041)	1.020 (1.002-1.042)
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.016 (1.002-1.032)	1.016 (1.002-1.033)	1.017 (1.003-1.033)	1.017 (1.003-1.034)	1.017 (1.003-1.034)
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.017 (1.003-1.036)	1.018 (1.003-1.037)	1.019 (1.003-1.038)	1.020 (1.003-1.041)	1.020 (1.003-1.042)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.012 (1.008-1.018)	1.010 (1.007-1.014)	1.008 (1.005-1.012)	1.006 (1.004-1.009)	1.002 (1.000-1.004)
Ischemic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.014 (1.009-1.021)	1.012 (1.008-1.018)	1.010 (1.006-1.014)	1.007 (1.004-1.011)	1.002 (1.000-1.005)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.016 (1.010-1.024)	1.013 (1.008-1.020)	1.010 (1.006-1.016)	1.008 (1.004-1.012)	1.002 (1.000-1.006)
Hemorrhagic stroke	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.019 (1.012-1.030)	1.016 (1.010-1.024)	1.013 (1.007-1.019)	1.009 (1.005-1.015)	1.002 (1.000-1.007)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.022 (1.010-1.037)	1.020 (1.009-1.034)	1.019 (1.007-1.034)	1.017 (1.005-1.031)	1.014 (1.002-1.029)
Hypertensive heart disease	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.026 (1.012-1.045)	1.024 (1.010-1.041)	1.022 (1.009-1.040)	1.020 (1.005-1.037)	1.017 (1.002-1.035)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.019 (1.001-1.040)	1.016 (1.000-1.036)	1.013 (1.000-1.034)	1.011 (1.000-1.029)	1.009 (1.000-1.027)
Cardiomyopathy	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.023 (1.001-1.049)	1.019 (1.000-1.044)	1.016 (1.000-1.041)	1.013 (1.000-1.033)	1.010 (1.000-1.034)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.020 (1.008-1.034)	1.016 (1.006-1.029)	1.014 (1.005-1.026)	1.011 (1.000-1.024)	1.006 (1.000-1.020)
Atrial fibrillation	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.024 (1.010-1.041)	1.020 (1.007-1.036)	1.017 (1.006-1.032)	1.013 (1.000-1.029)	1.007 (1.000-1.025)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.020 (1.009-1.036)	1.016 (1.006-1.029)	1.014 (1.004-1.027)	1.011 (1.000-1.024)	1.006 (1.000-1.023)
Peripheral vascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.024 (1.010-1.043)	1.020 (1.007-1.036)	1.017 (1.004-1.031)	1.013 (1.000-1.028)	1.008 (1.000-1.027)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.019 (1.001-1.040)	1.016 (1.000-1.035)	1.013 (1.000-1.034)	1.011 (1.000-1.030)	1.009 (1.000-1.026)
Endocarditis	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.022 (1.001-1.049)	1.019 (1.000-1.043)	1.016 (1.000-1.039)	1.013 (1.000-1.035)	1.011 (1.000-1.031)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.020 (1.008-1.034)	1.016 (1.006-1.029)	1.014 (1.004-1.026)	1.011 (1.000-1.024)	1.006 (1.000-1.019)
Other cardiovascular	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.024 (1.010-1.041)	1.020 (1.007-1.036)	1.017 (1.004-1.032)	1.013 (1.000-1.028)	1.007 (1.000-1.024)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.238 (1.117-1.377)	1.214 (1.101-1.332)	1.188 (1.085-1.292)	1.160 (1.073-1.251)	1.123 (1.095-1.151)
Diabetes	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.238 (1.117-1.377)	1.214 (1.101-1.332)	1.188 (1.085-1.292)	1.160 (1.073-1.251)	1.122 (1.096-1.149)
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.022 (1.008-1.043)	1.021 (1.008-1.040)	1.014 (1.002-1.028)	1.014 (1.002-1.028)	1.009 (1.000-1.026)
Diabetes CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.026 (1.009-1.049)	1.026 (1.009-1.049)	1.017 (1.002-1.036)	1.016 (1.002-1.034)	1.011 (1.000-1.032)
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.022 (1.008-1.039)	1.021 (1.008-1.038)	1.014 (1.002-1.028)	1.013 (1.002-1.027)	1.009 (1.000-1.025)
Hypertensive CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.026 (1.009-1.048)	1.026 (1.009-1.046)	1.017 (1.002-1.034)	1.016 (1.002-1.033)	1.011 (1.000-1.031)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	M	Morbidity					
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	F	Morbidity					
<b>Diet low in fiber</b>								
Colorectal cancer	20 g/day	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	M	Mortality					
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	B	Morbidity					
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	F	Mortality					
<b>Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet high in trans fatty acids</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	F	Both					
<b>Diet high in sodium</b>								
Stomach cancer	g/day	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both					
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both					
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	M	Morbidity				1.002 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	F	Morbidity				1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)
Diet low in fiber								
Colorectal cancer	20 g/day	B	Both				1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	M	Both				1.568 (1.148-2.064)	1.530 (1.149-2.032)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	F	Both				1.568 (1.148-2.064)	1.530 (1.149-2.032)
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	M	Mortality				1.221 (1.153-1.294)	1.206 (1.138-1.278)
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	B	Morbidity				1	1
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	F	Mortality				1.221 (1.153-1.294)	1.206 (1.138-1.278)
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	M	Both				1.148 (1.059-1.241)	1.140 (1.057-1.231)
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	F	Both				1.148 (1.059-1.241)	1.140 (1.057-1.231)
Diet high in trans fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	M	Both				1.532 (1.345-1.734)	1.497 (1.324-1.691)
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	F	Both				1.532 (1.345-1.734)	1.497 (1.324-1.691)
Diet high in sodium								
Stomach cancer	g/day	B	Both				1.199 (1.000-1.444)	1.205 (1.007-1.430)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.015 (1.001-1.033)	1.016 (1.001-1.033)	1.016 (1.001-1.034)	1.017 (1.001-1.035)	1.017 (1.001-1.035)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.017 (1.001-1.036)	1.018 (1.001-1.037)	1.018 (1.001-1.039)	1.019 (1.001-1.041)	1.020 (1.001-1.041)
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.015 (1.001-1.032)	1.016 (1.001-1.033)	1.016 (1.001-1.034)	1.016 (1.001-1.035)	1.017 (1.001-1.035)
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.017 (1.001-1.036)	1.018 (1.001-1.037)	1.018 (1.001-1.039)	1.019 (1.001-1.040)	1.020 (1.001-1.042)
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	M	Morbidity	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	F	Morbidity	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.004 (1.002-1.005)
Diet low in fiber								
Colorectal cancer	20 g/day	B	Both	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	M	Both	1.488 (1.122-1.899)	1.448 (1.123-1.855)	1.394 (1.103-1.735)	1.364 (1.105-1.687)	1.332 (1.098-1.609)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	F	Both	1.488 (1.122-1.899)	1.448 (1.123-1.855)	1.394 (1.103-1.735)	1.364 (1.105-1.687)	1.332 (1.098-1.609)
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	M	Mortality	1.193 (1.127-1.256)	1.178 (1.120-1.237)	1.165 (1.111-1.222)	1.150 (1.100-1.199)	1.136 (1.095-1.182)
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	F	Mortality	1.193 (1.127-1.256)	1.178 (1.120-1.237)	1.165 (1.111-1.222)	1.150 (1.100-1.199)	1.136 (1.095-1.182)
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	M	Both	1.130 (1.050-1.214)	1.120 (1.045-1.194)	1.112 (1.044-1.180)	1.101 (1.042-1.166)	1.093 (1.035-1.155)
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	F	Both	1.130 (1.050-1.214)	1.120 (1.045-1.194)	1.112 (1.044-1.180)	1.101 (1.042-1.166)	1.093 (1.035-1.155)
Diet high in trans fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	M	Both	1.456 (1.295-1.633)	1.419 (1.269-1.570)	1.385 (1.252-1.523)	1.347 (1.233-1.476)	1.315 (1.204-1.435)
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	F	Both	1.456 (1.295-1.633)	1.419 (1.269-1.570)	1.385 (1.252-1.523)	1.347 (1.233-1.476)	1.315 (1.204-1.435)
Diet high in sodium								
Stomach cancer	g/day	B	Both	1.205 (1.000-1.462)	1.202 (1.000-1.443)	1.209 (1.000-1.448)	1.198 (1.000-1.431)	1.204 (1.006-1.430)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.022 (1.006-1.041)	1.021 (1.006-1.039)	1.014 (1.003-1.027)	1.013 (1.003-1.026)	1.009 (1.000-1.025)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.026 (1.008-1.050)	1.026 (1.007-1.049)	1.017 (1.004-1.033)	1.016 (1.003-1.032)	1.011 (1.000-1.031)
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	M	Both	1.022 (1.006-1.040)	1.021 (1.006-1.038)	1.014 (1.002-1.029)	1.014 (1.002-1.028)	1.009 (1.000-1.025)
Other CKD	226.8 g/day	F	Both	1.026 (1.007-1.049)	1.026 (1.007-1.048)	1.017 (1.002-1.035)	1.016 (1.002-1.034)	1.011 (1.000-1.031)
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	M	Morbidity	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)	1.003 (1.002-1.004)
Low back pain	226.8 g/day	F	Morbidity	1.004 (1.002-1.005)	1.004 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)	1.003 (1.002-1.005)
Diet low in fiber								
Colorectal cancer	20 g/day	B	Both	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)	1.238 (1.140-1.347)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	M	Both	1.295 (1.083-1.559)	1.264 (1.089-1.458)	1.226 (1.064-1.398)	1.195 (1.056-1.335)	1.150 (1.106-1.195)
Ischemic heart disease	20 g/day	F	Both	1.295 (1.083-1.559)	1.264 (1.089-1.458)	1.226 (1.064-1.398)	1.195 (1.056-1.335)	1.148 (1.107-1.192)
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	M	Mortality	1.123 (1.084-1.162)	1.109 (1.076-1.145)	1.096 (1.066-1.126)	1.083 (1.056-1.108)	1.065 (1.056-1.073)
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	B	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	100 mg/day	F	Mortality	1.123 (1.084-1.162)	1.109 (1.076-1.145)	1.096 (1.066-1.126)	1.083 (1.056-1.108)	1.064 (1.056-1.072)
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	M	Both	1.084 (1.034-1.134)	1.075 (1.030-1.123)	1.066 (1.026-1.108)	1.057 (1.023-1.094)	1.045 (1.034-1.056)
Ischemic heart disease	5% energy/day	F	Both	1.084 (1.034-1.134)	1.075 (1.030-1.123)	1.066 (1.026-1.108)	1.057 (1.023-1.094)	1.044 (1.033-1.055)
Diet high in trans fatty acids								
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	M	Both	1.282 (1.188-1.378)	1.249 (1.166-1.339)	1.218 (1.145-1.295)	1.187 (1.125-1.253)	1.143 (1.122-1.163)
Ischemic heart disease	2% energy/day	F	Both	1.282 (1.188-1.378)	1.249 (1.166-1.339)	1.218 (1.145-1.295)	1.187 (1.125-1.253)	1.143 (1.123-1.163)
Diet high in sodium								
Stomach cancer	g/day	B	Both	1.200 (1.000-1.459)	1.206 (1.003-1.432)	1.210 (1.000-1.446)	1.203 (1.000-1.435)	1.205 (1.000-1.460)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	M	Both					
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	F	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	F	Both					
Ischemic stroke	g/day	M	Both					
Ischemic stroke	g/day	F	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	M	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	F	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	M	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	F	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	M	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	F	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	M	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	F	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	M	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	F	Both					
Peripheral vascular	g/day	M	Both					
Peripheral vascular	g/day	F	Both					
Endocarditis	g/day	M	Both					
Endocarditis	g/day	F	Both					
Other cardiovascular	g/day	M	Both					
Other cardiovascular	g/day	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	M	Both				1.028 (1.000-1.077)	1.032 (1.000-1.075)
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	F	Both				1.026 (1.000-1.073)	1.030 (1.000-1.072)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	M	Both				1.044 (1.009-1.091)	1.054 (1.023-1.092)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	F	Both				1.040 (1.007-1.085)	1.050 (1.019-1.090)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	M	Both				1.056 (1.014-1.106)	1.074 (1.037-1.117)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	F	Both				1.051 (1.010-1.101)	1.068 (1.030-1.112)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	M	Both				1.058 (1.016-1.113)	1.079 (1.037-1.130)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	F	Both				1.053 (1.012-1.108)	1.072 (1.031-1.124)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	M	Both				1.074 (1.022-1.137)	1.103 (1.051-1.161)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	F	Both				1.068 (1.015-1.131)	1.095 (1.039-1.155)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	M	Both				1.034 (1.003-1.079)	1.041 (1.008-1.082)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	F	Both				1.031 (1.002-1.076)	1.038 (1.006-1.076)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	M	Both				1.037 (1.007-1.081)	1.045 (1.018-1.079)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.006-1.078)	1.041 (1.015-1.078)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	M	Both				1.040 (1.006-1.086)	1.049 (1.016-1.093)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	F	Both				1.036 (1.005-1.083)	1.045 (1.015-1.088)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	M	Both				1.037 (1.007-1.081)	1.045 (1.018-1.079)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.006-1.078)	1.041 (1.015-1.078)
Endocarditis	g/day	M	Both				1.034 (1.003-1.079)	1.041 (1.008-1.082)
Endocarditis	g/day	F	Both				1.031 (1.002-1.076)	1.038 (1.006-1.076)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	M	Both				1.037 (1.007-1.081)	1.045 (1.018-1.079)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	F	Both				1.034 (1.006-1.078)	1.041 (1.015-1.078)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.031 (1.000-1.069)	1.030 (1.004-1.072)	1.034 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.086)	1.040 (1.003-1.094)
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.029 (1.000-1.065)	1.028 (1.004-1.068)	1.033 (1.000-1.076)	1.037 (1.000-1.084)	1.039 (1.003-1.095)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.060 (1.034-1.093)	1.067 (1.040-1.100)	1.077 (1.047-1.110)	1.084 (1.054-1.118)	1.089 (1.060-1.124)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.057 (1.029-1.091)	1.063 (1.036-1.096)	1.073 (1.044-1.108)	1.082 (1.050-1.118)	1.088 (1.057-1.123)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	M	Both	1.090 (1.053-1.126)	1.103 (1.065-1.140)	1.112 (1.075-1.149)	1.118 (1.082-1.156)	1.121 (1.086-1.157)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	F	Both	1.084 (1.046-1.124)	1.097 (1.058-1.135)	1.107 (1.069-1.146)	1.114 (1.076-1.154)	1.119 (1.083-1.156)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	M	Both	1.097 (1.055-1.147)	1.112 (1.068-1.158)	1.121 (1.077-1.175)	1.127 (1.079-1.187)	1.128 (1.081-1.184)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	F	Both	1.091 (1.048-1.141)	1.106 (1.060-1.154)	1.116 (1.071-1.171)	1.123 (1.074-1.185)	1.127 (1.079-1.181)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.131 (1.078-1.188)	1.155 (1.097-1.211)	1.172 (1.114-1.229)	1.184 (1.125-1.247)	1.194 (1.132-1.256)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.122 (1.067-1.181)	1.146 (1.088-1.205)	1.164 (1.105-1.223)	1.179 (1.119-1.246)	1.192 (1.128-1.256)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	M	Both	1.043 (1.008-1.081)	1.046 (1.011-1.084)	1.053 (1.020-1.097)	1.058 (1.018-1.111)	1.059 (1.019-1.114)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	F	Both	1.040 (1.007-1.076)	1.043 (1.010-1.082)	1.051 (1.018-1.093)	1.056 (1.017-1.111)	1.059 (1.019-1.114)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	M	Both	1.047 (1.027-1.069)	1.050 (1.030-1.072)	1.058 (1.038-1.078)	1.064 (1.043-1.087)	1.067 (1.046-1.088)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	F	Both	1.044 (1.023-1.068)	1.048 (1.028-1.070)	1.056 (1.035-1.077)	1.062 (1.040-1.085)	1.066 (1.045-1.087)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	M	Both	1.054 (1.025-1.091)	1.059 (1.031-1.092)	1.067 (1.037-1.104)	1.072 (1.038-1.111)	1.075 (1.038-1.116)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	F	Both	1.051 (1.022-1.088)	1.056 (1.029-1.089)	1.064 (1.034-1.103)	1.070 (1.036-1.110)	1.074 (1.038-1.114)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	M	Both	1.047 (1.027-1.069)	1.050 (1.030-1.072)	1.058 (1.038-1.078)	1.064 (1.043-1.087)	1.067 (1.046-1.088)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	F	Both	1.044 (1.023-1.068)	1.048 (1.028-1.070)	1.056 (1.035-1.077)	1.062 (1.040-1.085)	1.066 (1.045-1.087)
Endocarditis	g/day	M	Both	1.043 (1.008-1.081)	1.046 (1.011-1.084)	1.053 (1.020-1.097)	1.058 (1.018-1.111)	1.059 (1.019-1.114)
Endocarditis	g/day	F	Both	1.040 (1.007-1.076)	1.043 (1.010-1.082)	1.051 (1.018-1.093)	1.056 (1.017-1.111)	1.059 (1.019-1.114)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	M	Both	1.047 (1.027-1.069)	1.050 (1.030-1.072)	1.058 (1.038-1.078)	1.064 (1.043-1.087)	1.067 (1.046-1.088)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	F	Both	1.044 (1.023-1.068)	1.048 (1.028-1.070)	1.056 (1.035-1.077)	1.062 (1.040-1.085)	1.066 (1.045-1.087)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.041 (1.000-1.103)	1.042 (1.001-1.107)	1.038 (1.002-1.099)	1.035 (1.000-1.114)	1.026 (1.000-1.108)
Rheumatic heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.041 (1.000-1.105)	1.042 (1.002-1.106)	1.039 (1.002-1.101)	1.035 (1.000-1.116)	1.026 (1.000-1.108)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.091 (1.056-1.131)	1.092 (1.059-1.130)	1.083 (1.051-1.119)	1.073 (1.033-1.114)	1.057 (1.021-1.098)
Ischemic heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.091 (1.056-1.132)	1.093 (1.059-1.130)	1.084 (1.050-1.120)	1.074 (1.034-1.117)	1.058 (1.022-1.098)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	M	Both	1.120 (1.087-1.156)	1.117 (1.083-1.152)	1.100 (1.072-1.130)	1.081 (1.056-1.109)	1.040 (1.021-1.063)
Ischemic stroke	g/day	F	Both	1.121 (1.085-1.157)	1.118 (1.083-1.152)	1.101 (1.074-1.130)	1.082 (1.058-1.110)	1.041 (1.022-1.064)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	M	Both	1.126 (1.070-1.187)	1.122 (1.072-1.175)	1.103 (1.062-1.149)	1.083 (1.036-1.144)	1.043 (1.000-1.097)
Hemorrhagic stroke	g/day	F	Both	1.126 (1.068-1.188)	1.123 (1.075-1.180)	1.105 (1.064-1.153)	1.084 (1.037-1.145)	1.044 (1.000-1.097)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	M	Both	1.199 (1.139-1.264)	1.201 (1.139-1.268)	1.180 (1.126-1.239)	1.156 (1.110-1.209)	1.106 (1.069-1.148)
Hypertensive heart disease	g/day	F	Both	1.200 (1.139-1.267)	1.203 (1.140-1.270)	1.183 (1.132-1.238)	1.158 (1.110-1.210)	1.108 (1.071-1.150)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	M	Both	1.060 (1.010-1.131)	1.061 (1.021-1.126)	1.055 (1.021-1.119)	1.048 (1.000-1.117)	1.037 (1.000-1.121)
Cardiomyopathy	g/day	F	Both	1.060 (1.010-1.133)	1.061 (1.021-1.128)	1.056 (1.021-1.115)	1.049 (1.000-1.120)	1.038 (1.000-1.121)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	M	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.068 (1.049-1.091)	1.062 (1.045-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.038 (1.021-1.058)
Atrial fibrillation	g/day	F	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.069 (1.049-1.091)	1.063 (1.046-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.039 (1.022-1.059)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	M	Both	1.076 (1.034-1.125)	1.078 (1.044-1.124)	1.071 (1.040-1.112)	1.064 (1.025-1.111)	1.046 (1.009-1.103)
Aortic aneurysm	g/day	F	Both	1.077 (1.034-1.124)	1.079 (1.044-1.120)	1.072 (1.042-1.111)	1.065 (1.025-1.114)	1.047 (1.009-1.104)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	M	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.068 (1.049-1.091)	1.062 (1.045-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.038 (1.021-1.058)
Peripheral vascular	g/day	F	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.069 (1.049-1.091)	1.063 (1.046-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.039 (1.022-1.059)
Endocarditis	g/day	M	Both	1.060 (1.010-1.131)	1.061 (1.021-1.126)	1.055 (1.021-1.119)	1.048 (1.000-1.117)	1.037 (1.000-1.121)
Endocarditis	g/day	F	Both	1.060 (1.010-1.133)	1.061 (1.021-1.128)	1.056 (1.021-1.115)	1.049 (1.000-1.120)	1.038 (1.000-1.121)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	M	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.068 (1.049-1.091)	1.062 (1.045-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.038 (1.021-1.058)
Other cardiovascular	g/day	F	Both	1.068 (1.048-1.092)	1.069 (1.049-1.091)	1.063 (1.046-1.080)	1.055 (1.038-1.073)	1.039 (1.022-1.059)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Diabetes CKD	g/day	M	Both					
Diabetes CKD	g/day	F	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	M	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	F	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	M	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	F	Both					
Other CKD	g/day	M	Both					
Other CKD	g/day	F	Both					
Diet high in calcium								
Prostate cancer	g/day	M	Both					
Diet low in calcium								
Colorectal cancer	g/day	B	Both					
Childhood sexual abuse								
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	M	Both	2.299 (1.854-2.790)	2.303 (1.883-2.771)	2.301 (1.891-2.768)	2.297 (1.886-2.782)	2.315 (1.898-2.829)
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	F	Both	2.294 (1.851-2.775)	2.300 (1.887-2.825)	2.309 (1.881-2.791)	2.307 (1.864-2.771)	2.295 (1.900-2.742)
Alcohol use disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Depressive disorders	Exposed	M	Both	1.691 (1.502-1.883)	1.691 (1.493-1.910)	1.692 (1.491-1.902)	1.689 (1.493-1.898)	1.690 (1.496-1.906)
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.696 (1.520-1.891)	1.697 (1.500-1.905)	1.696 (1.507-1.893)	1.690 (1.509-1.902)	1.701 (1.509-1.901)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	M	Both	1.942 (1.532-2.426)	1.945 (1.529-2.455)	1.946 (1.509-2.427)	1.953 (1.527-2.471)	1.947 (1.552-2.431)
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	1.763 (1.377-2.226)	1.765 (1.344-2.261)	1.761 (1.343-2.246)	1.775 (1.371-2.257)	1.762 (1.354-2.241)
Self-harm	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Diabetes CKD	g/day	M	Both				1.017 (1.005-1.031)	1.023 (1.011-1.038)
Diabetes CKD	g/day	F	Both				1.015 (1.003-1.030)	1.021 (1.009-1.036)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	M	Both				1.017 (1.005-1.031)	1.023 (1.011-1.038)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	F	Both				1.015 (1.003-1.029)	1.021 (1.009-1.036)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	M	Both				1.017 (1.005-1.032)	1.023 (1.010-1.037)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	F	Both				1.015 (1.003-1.030)	1.021 (1.009-1.036)
Other CKD	g/day	M	Both				1.017 (1.004-1.031)	1.023 (1.010-1.037)
Other CKD	g/day	F	Both				1.015 (1.004-1.029)	1.021 (1.008-1.036)
Diet high in calcium								
Prostate cancer	g/day	M	Both				1.271 (1.074-1.463)	1.272 (1.075-1.465)
Diet low in calcium								
Colorectal cancer	g/day	B	Both				1.374 (1.269-1.482)	1.370 (1.260-1.477)
Childhood sexual abuse								
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	M	Both	2.310 (1.877-2.799)	2.315 (1.912-2.842)	2.296 (1.912-2.765)	2.300 (1.885-2.774)	2.315 (1.908-2.806)
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	F	Both	2.310 (1.883-2.791)	2.296 (1.879-2.734)	2.303 (1.875-2.764)	2.285 (1.860-2.752)	2.299 (1.885-2.753)
Alcohol use disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Depressive disorders	Exposed	M	Both	1.696 (1.515-1.913)	1.695 (1.499-1.902)	1.695 (1.514-1.887)	1.691 (1.507-1.893)	1.693 (1.504-1.892)
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.695 (1.508-1.910)	1.691 (1.503-1.889)	1.693 (1.518-1.895)	1.689 (1.505-1.903)	1.692 (1.495-1.894)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	M	Both	1.947 (1.516-2.431)	1.928 (1.510-2.408)	1.939 (1.513-2.416)	1.937 (1.506-2.466)	1.941 (1.533-2.415)
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	1.762 (1.357-2.245)	1.772 (1.361-2.231)	1.756 (1.365-2.255)	1.755 (1.344-2.228)	1.763 (1.354-2.281)
Self-harm	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Diabetes CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.029 (1.016-1.045)	1.036 (1.021-1.055)	1.043 (1.025-1.062)	1.050 (1.029-1.073)	1.057 (1.034-1.083)
Diabetes CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.027 (1.014-1.044)	1.034 (1.019-1.053)	1.041 (1.024-1.062)	1.049 (1.028-1.072)	1.057 (1.034-1.083)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.029 (1.015-1.045)	1.036 (1.020-1.054)	1.043 (1.025-1.063)	1.050 (1.029-1.073)	1.057 (1.034-1.084)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.027 (1.013-1.044)	1.034 (1.018-1.052)	1.041 (1.023-1.063)	1.048 (1.028-1.073)	1.056 (1.033-1.083)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.029 (1.015-1.045)	1.036 (1.020-1.054)	1.043 (1.025-1.062)	1.050 (1.030-1.073)	1.057 (1.034-1.084)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.027 (1.013-1.043)	1.034 (1.019-1.051)	1.041 (1.023-1.061)	1.048 (1.028-1.071)	1.056 (1.033-1.083)
Other CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.029 (1.015-1.045)	1.036 (1.020-1.053)	1.043 (1.024-1.063)	1.050 (1.029-1.072)	1.057 (1.033-1.084)
Other CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.027 (1.013-1.043)	1.034 (1.018-1.052)	1.041 (1.023-1.062)	1.048 (1.027-1.071)	1.056 (1.033-1.083)
Diet high in calcium								
Prostate cancer	g/day	M	Both	1.274 (1.080-1.483)	1.273 (1.092-1.478)	1.274 (1.088-1.467)	1.271 (1.094-1.459)	1.276 (1.086-1.484)
Diet low in calcium								
Colorectal cancer	g/day	B	Both	1.374 (1.255-1.496)	1.370 (1.269-1.485)	1.373 (1.264-1.478)	1.373 (1.267-1.491)	1.370 (1.263-1.483)
Childhood sexual abuse								
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	M	Both	2.304 (1.884-2.808)	2.319 (1.867-2.805)	2.308 (1.882-2.782)	2.300 (1.895-2.775)	2.299 (1.881-2.778)
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	F	Both	2.298 (1.904-2.761)	2.302 (1.865-2.794)	2.300 (1.898-2.810)	2.305 (1.898-2.769)	2.306 (1.890-2.785)
Alcohol use disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Depressive disorders	Exposed	M	Both	1.694 (1.500-1.914)	1.691 (1.498-1.901)	1.691 (1.509-1.895)	1.693 (1.501-1.910)	1.689 (1.500-1.884)
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.695 (1.503-1.901)	1.687 (1.511-1.889)	1.697 (1.508-1.904)	1.693 (1.506-1.889)	1.697 (1.520-1.901)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	M	Both	1.941 (1.532-2.438)	1.939 (1.544-2.393)	1.935 (1.540-2.429)	1.946 (1.535-2.499)	1.947 (1.526-2.465)
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	1.751 (1.328-2.246)	1.764 (1.383-2.254)	1.771 (1.392-2.267)	1.769 (1.353-2.252)	1.761 (1.373-2.216)
Self-harm	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Diabetes CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.065 (1.038-1.094)	1.072 (1.043-1.105)	1.073 (1.044-1.107)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)
Diabetes CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.065 (1.039-1.095)	1.073 (1.044-1.106)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)	1.075 (1.046-1.109)	1.076 (1.047-1.108)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.064 (1.038-1.095)	1.072 (1.042-1.105)	1.073 (1.043-1.108)	1.073 (1.044-1.108)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)
Hypertensive CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.064 (1.039-1.095)	1.072 (1.042-1.106)	1.074 (1.045-1.108)	1.075 (1.045-1.110)	1.075 (1.046-1.110)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.064 (1.039-1.094)	1.071 (1.043-1.104)	1.072 (1.043-1.105)	1.073 (1.044-1.107)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.064 (1.039-1.094)	1.072 (1.043-1.105)	1.074 (1.046-1.107)	1.074 (1.045-1.107)	1.075 (1.046-1.108)
Other CKD	g/day	M	Both	1.064 (1.039-1.093)	1.072 (1.043-1.106)	1.073 (1.043-1.105)	1.074 (1.044-1.106)	1.074 (1.044-1.107)
Other CKD	g/day	F	Both	1.065 (1.038-1.094)	1.073 (1.043-1.106)	1.074 (1.044-1.107)	1.075 (1.045-1.107)	1.075 (1.046-1.108)
Diet high in calcium								
Prostate cancer	g/day	M	Both	1.275 (1.084-1.481)	1.272 (1.087-1.483)	1.277 (1.097-1.470)	1.276 (1.092-1.493)	1.277 (1.106-1.476)
Diet low in calcium								
Colorectal cancer	g/day	B	Both	1.371 (1.272-1.485)	1.373 (1.267-1.482)	1.372 (1.266-1.486)	1.371 (1.257-1.478)	1.371 (1.262-1.481)
Childhood sexual abuse								
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	M	Both	2.306 (1.894-2.791)	2.295 (1.881-2.789)	2.300 (1.892-2.754)	2.309 (1.905-2.794)	2.297 (1.869-2.775)
Alcohol use disorders	Exposed	F	Both	2.307 (1.879-2.790)	2.299 (1.880-2.753)	2.309 (1.903-2.813)	2.296 (1.892-2.773)	2.298 (1.883-2.786)
Alcohol use disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Depressive disorders	Exposed	M	Both	1.690 (1.494-1.883)	1.695 (1.507-1.905)	1.689 (1.507-1.908)	1.696 (1.513-1.902)	1.696 (1.511-1.894)
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.693 (1.506-1.903)	1.693 (1.499-1.913)	1.686 (1.500-1.877)	1.695 (1.509-1.916)	1.693 (1.514-1.894)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	M	Both	1.938 (1.541-2.420)	1.935 (1.524-2.422)	1.949 (1.526-2.505)	1.933 (1.518-2.439)	1.940 (1.520-2.432)
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	1.758 (1.347-2.290)	1.758 (1.364-2.239)	1.761 (1.376-2.261)	1.778 (1.351-2.273)	1.756 (1.358-2.229)
Self-harm	Not exposed	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
<b>Intimate partner violence</b>								
Maternal abortive	Exposed	F	Both					
Maternal abortive	Not exposed	F	Both					
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both					
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	F	Both					
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both					
Self-harm	Not exposed	F	Both					
Interpersonal violence	Exposed	F	Morbidity					
Interpersonal violence	Not exposed	F	Morbidity					
<b>Low physical activity</b>								
Breast cancer	<600 METs	F	Both					
Breast cancer	600-3,999 METs	F	Both					
Breast cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	F	Both					
Breast cancer	>=8,000 METs	F	Both					
Colorectal cancer	<600 METs	B	Both					
Colorectal cancer	600-3,999 METs	B	Both					
Colorectal cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both					
Colorectal cancer	>=8,000 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	<600 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	600-3,999 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	>=8,000 METs	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Intimate partner violence								
Maternal abortive	Exposed	F	Both		2.090 (1.613-2.674)	2.076 (1.630-2.621)	2.092 (1.624-2.676)	2.083 (1.633-2.628)
Maternal abortive	Not exposed	F	Both		1	1	1	1
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both		1.882 (1.439-2.478)	1.891 (1.427-2.509)	1.870 (1.409-2.474)	1.890 (1.398-2.495)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	F	Both		1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both		5.086 (1.784-11.744)	5.017 (1.762-11.534)	4.979 (1.669-11.483)	5.042 (1.782-11.936)
Self-harm	Not exposed	F	Both		1	1	1	1
Interpersonal violence	Exposed	F	Morbidity		2.967 (2.303-3.821)	2.936 (2.239-3.750)	2.922 (2.310-3.725)	2.938 (2.230-3.739)
Interpersonal violence	Not exposed	F	Morbidity		1	1	1	1
Low physical activity								
Breast cancer	<600 METs	F	Both				1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)
Breast cancer	600-3,999 METs	F	Both				1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)
Breast cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	F	Both				1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)
Breast cancer	>=8,000 METs	F	Both				1	1
Colorectal cancer	<600 METs	B	Both				1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)
Colorectal cancer	600-3,999 METs	B	Both				1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)
Colorectal cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both				1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)
Colorectal cancer	>=8,000 METs	B	Both				1	1
Ischemic heart disease	<600 METs	B	Both				1.792 (1.591-2.061)	1.731 (1.549-1.975)
Ischemic heart disease	600-3,999 METs	B	Both				1.462 (1.340-1.628)	1.430 (1.317-1.582)
Ischemic heart disease	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both				1.224 (1.122-1.360)	1.210 (1.114-1.336)
Ischemic heart disease	>=8,000 METs	B	Both				1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Intimate partner violence								
Maternal abortive	Exposed	F	Both	2.099 (1.618-2.636)	2.094 (1.648-2.651)	2.087 (1.649-2.638)		
Maternal abortive	Not exposed	F	Both	1	1	1		
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.885 (1.418-2.460)	1.895 (1.421-2.472)	1.882 (1.413-2.470)	1.892 (1.419-2.482)	1.895 (1.438-2.481)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	5.036 (1.702-11.893)	5.135 (1.754-11.833)	5.208 (1.716-11.294)	5.074 (1.751-11.401)	4.996 (1.820-11.124)
Self-harm	Not exposed	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Interpersonal violence	Exposed	F	Morbidity	2.944 (2.279-3.819)	2.934 (2.288-3.705)	2.920 (2.279-3.710)	2.961 (2.307-3.772)	2.936 (2.282-3.743)
Interpersonal violence	Not exposed	F	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Low physical activity								
Breast cancer	<600 METs	F	Both	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)
Breast cancer	600-3,999 METs	F	Both	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)
Breast cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	F	Both	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)
Breast cancer	>=8,000 METs	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Colorectal cancer	<600 METs	B	Both	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)
Colorectal cancer	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)
Colorectal cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)
Colorectal cancer	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	<600 METs	B	Both	1.673 (1.507-1.893)	1.616 (1.466-1.814)	1.561 (1.427-1.738)	1.509 (1.388-1.666)	1.458 (1.351-1.596)
Ischemic heart disease	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.398 (1.295-1.538)	1.367 (1.273-1.494)	1.337 (1.251-1.452)	1.307 (1.230-1.411)	1.278 (1.209-1.371)
Ischemic heart disease	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.195 (1.107-1.312)	1.181 (1.099-1.288)	1.167 (1.092-1.265)	1.153 (1.084-1.243)	1.140 (1.077-1.220)
Ischemic heart disease	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Intimate partner violence								
Maternal abortive	Exposed	F	Both					
Maternal abortive	Not exposed	F	Both					
Depressive disorders	Exposed	F	Both	1.889 (1.395-2.422)	1.901 (1.427-2.492)	1.885 (1.432-2.476)	1.892 (1.436-2.466)	1.898 (1.406-2.481)
Depressive disorders	Not exposed	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Self-harm	Exposed	F	Both	5.002 (1.757-10.765)	5.190 (1.830-11.750)	5.037 (1.783-11.163)	5.106 (1.859-11.258)	5.081 (1.848-11.578)
Self-harm	Not exposed	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Interpersonal violence	Exposed	F	Morbidity	2.933 (2.265-3.768)	2.945 (2.303-3.744)	2.951 (2.249-3.764)	2.945 (2.276-3.801)	2.969 (2.284-3.794)
Interpersonal violence	Not exposed	F	Morbidity	1	1	1	1	1
Low physical activity								
Breast cancer	<600 METs	F	Both	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)	1.182 (1.143-1.227)
Breast cancer	600-3,999 METs	F	Both	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)	1.138 (1.106-1.174)
Breast cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	F	Both	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)	1.065 (1.027-1.100)
Breast cancer	>=8,000 METs	F	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Colorectal cancer	<600 METs	B	Both	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)	1.306 (1.215-1.409)
Colorectal cancer	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)	1.178 (1.121-1.249)
Colorectal cancer	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)	1.089 (1.044-1.150)
Colorectal cancer	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Ischemic heart disease	<600 METs	B	Both	1.408 (1.314-1.530)	1.361 (1.279-1.466)	1.315 (1.244-1.405)	1.271 (1.211-1.347)	1.228 (1.178-1.291)
Ischemic heart disease	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.250 (1.188-1.332)	1.223 (1.168-1.295)	1.195 (1.148-1.258)	1.169 (1.128-1.222)	1.143 (1.109-1.188)
Ischemic heart disease	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.126 (1.070-1.198)	1.113 (1.063-1.177)	1.100 (1.056-1.156)	1.087 (1.048-1.135)	1.074 (1.041-1.115)
Ischemic heart disease	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Ischemic stroke	<600 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	600-3,999 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	>=8,000 METs	B	Both					
Diabetes	<600 METs	B	Both					
Diabetes	600-3,999 METs	B	Both					
Diabetes	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both					
Diabetes	>=8,000 METs	B	Both					
High fasting plasma glucose								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both					
Diabetes CKD	mmol/L	B	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	mmol/L	B	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	mmol/L	B	Both					
Other CKD	mmol/L	B	Both					
High total cholesterol								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both					
High systolic blood pressure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Ischemic stroke	<600 METs	B	Both				2.007 (1.628-2.467)	1.926 (1.582-2.339)
Ischemic stroke	600-3,999 METs	B	Both				1.612 (1.343-1.920)	1.567 (1.320-1.848)
Ischemic stroke	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both				1.301 (1.143-1.505)	1.280 (1.134-1.469)
Ischemic stroke	>=8,000 METs	B	Both				1	1
Diabetes	<600 METs	B	Both				1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)
Diabetes	600-3,999 METs	B	Both				1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)
Diabetes	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both				1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)
Diabetes	>=8,000 METs	B	Both				1	1
High fasting plasma glucose								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both				1.752 (1.000-2.923)	1.510 (1.000-2.316)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both				1.613 (1.000-2.801)	1.446 (1.000-2.255)
Hemorrhagic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both				1.613 (1.000-2.801)	1.446 (1.000-2.255)
Diabetes CKD	mmol/L	B	Both				1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Hypertensive CKD	mmol/L	B	Both				1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	mmol/L	B	Both				1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Other CKD	mmol/L	B	Both				1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
High total cholesterol								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both				2.819 (1.593-4.254)	2.607 (1.657-3.848)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both				2.291 (1.236-3.690)	2.074 (1.294-3.159)
High systolic blood pressure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.575 (1.000-2.336)	1.443 (1.000-1.989)
Ischemic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.924 (1.337-2.561)	1.791 (1.415-2.221)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Ischemic stroke	<600 METs	B	Both	1.848 (1.538-2.218)	1.774 (1.494-2.103)	1.702 (1.452-1.994)	1.633 (1.411-1.891)	1.568 (1.371-1.794)
Ischemic stroke	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.523 (1.297-1.779)	1.481 (1.275-1.712)	1.440 (1.253-1.647)	1.400 (1.232-1.585)	1.361 (1.210-1.525)
Ischemic stroke	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.261 (1.125-1.434)	1.241 (1.116-1.400)	1.222 (1.107-1.367)	1.203 (1.099-1.334)	1.185 (1.090-1.303)
Ischemic stroke	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Diabetes	<600 METs	B	Both	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)
Diabetes	600-3,999 METs	B	Both	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)
Diabetes	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)
Diabetes	>=8,000 METs	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
High fasting plasma glucose								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both	1.282 (1.124-1.475)	1.180 (1.004-1.322)	1.204 (1.105-1.306)	1.207 (1.113-1.306)	1.190 (1.117-1.261)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both	1.271 (1.027-1.572)	1.183 (1.000-1.382)	1.182 (1.031-1.343)	1.173 (1.022-1.328)	1.156 (1.052-1.279)
Hemorrhagic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both	1.271 (1.027-1.572)	1.183 (1.000-1.382)	1.182 (1.031-1.343)	1.173 (1.022-1.328)	1.156 (1.052-1.279)
Diabetes CKD	mmol/L	B	Both	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Hypertensive CKD	mmol/L	B	Both	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	mmol/L	B	Both	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Other CKD	mmol/L	B	Both	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
High total cholesterol								
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both	2.321 (1.840-2.996)	2.090 (1.686-2.655)	1.916 (1.611-2.370)	1.732 (1.440-2.141)	1.540 (1.311-1.852)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both	1.806 (1.517-2.141)	1.592 (1.348-1.851)	1.432 (1.273-1.609)	1.307 (1.162-1.489)	1.216 (1.093-1.377)
High systolic blood pressure								
Rheumatic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.311 (1.000-1.803)	1.239 (1.033-1.657)	1.228 (1.000-1.550)	1.213 (1.000-1.508)	1.192 (1.012-1.498)
Ischemic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.659 (1.434-1.926)	1.579 (1.396-1.818)	1.553 (1.391-1.766)	1.513 (1.358-1.711)	1.462 (1.332-1.622)

Risk - Outcome		Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Ischemic stroke	<600 METs	B	Both		1.505 (1.332-1.701)	1.444 (1.295-1.613)	1.386 (1.258-1.529)	1.330 (1.222-1.450)	1.277 (1.188-1.375)
Ischemic stroke	600-3,999 METs	B	Both		1.323 (1.190-1.468)	1.286 (1.169-1.413)	1.251 (1.149-1.359)	1.216 (1.129-1.308)	1.182 (1.110-1.259)
Ischemic stroke	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both		1.166 (1.082-1.272)	1.149 (1.073-1.242)	1.131 (1.065-1.212)	1.114 (1.056-1.183)	1.097 (1.048-1.155)
Ischemic stroke	>=8,000 METs	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
Diabetes	<600 METs	B	Both		1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)	1.338 (1.232-1.472)
Diabetes	600-3,999 METs	B	Both		1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)	1.230 (1.141-1.335)
Diabetes	4,000-7,999 METs	B	Both		1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)	1.116 (1.051-1.208)
Diabetes	>=8,000 METs	B	Both		1	1	1	1	1
High fasting plasma glucose									
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both		1.179 (1.111-1.250)	1.176 (1.121-1.233)	1.176 (1.117-1.235)	1.178 (1.106-1.249)	1.165 (1.090-1.253)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both		1.141 (1.045-1.263)	1.127 (1.052-1.216)	1.115 (1.040-1.201)	1.103 (1.015-1.193)	1.066 (1.000-1.178)
Hemorrhagic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both		1.141 (1.045-1.263)	1.127 (1.052-1.216)	1.115 (1.040-1.201)	1.103 (1.015-1.193)	1.066 (1.000-1.178)
Diabetes CKD	mmol/L	B	Both		1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Hypertensive CKD	mmol/L	B	Both		1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	mmol/L	B	Both		1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
Other CKD	mmol/L	B	Both		1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)	1.388 (1.272-1.512)
High total cholesterol									
Ischemic heart disease	mmol/L	B	Both		1.400 (1.163-1.717)	1.314 (1.097-1.611)	1.248 (1.046-1.535)	1.203 (1.015-1.510)	1.282 (1.062-1.624)
Ischemic stroke	mmol/L	B	Both		1.147 (1.031-1.304)	1.100 (1.000-1.226)	1.063 (1.000-1.179)	1.037 (1.000-1.185)	1.012 (1.000-1.133)
High systolic blood pressure									
Rheumatic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both		1.175 (1.000-1.487)	1.160 (1.005-1.436)	1.146 (1.005-1.415)	1.131 (1.000-1.466)	1.098 (1.000-1.402)
Ischemic heart disease	10 mmHg	B	Both		1.414 (1.272-1.577)	1.370 (1.252-1.480)	1.325 (1.216-1.424)	1.281 (1.129-1.425)	1.212 (1.073-1.354)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Ischemic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Aortic aneurysm	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Endocarditis	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Other cardiovascular	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Diabetes CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both					
Other CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both					
<b>High body-mass index</b>								
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Liver cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Liver cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Breast cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Uterine cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Ischemic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both				2.270 (1.610-2.893)	2.181 (1.792-2.566)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both				2.358 (1.643-3.055)	2.292 (1.759-2.813)
Cardiomyopathy	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.682 (1.093-2.428)	1.564 (1.110-2.109)
Atrial fibrillation	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.757 (1.223-2.440)	1.623 (1.300-2.008)
Aortic aneurysm	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.833 (1.190-2.542)	1.707 (1.263-2.189)
Peripheral vascular	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.757 (1.223-2.440)	1.623 (1.300-2.008)
Endocarditis	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.682 (1.093-2.428)	1.564 (1.110-2.109)
Other cardiovascular	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.757 (1.223-2.440)	1.623 (1.300-2.008)
Diabetes CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)
Other CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both				1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)
High body-mass index								
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both				1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both				1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)
Breast cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.023 (1.020-1.026)	1.023 (1.020-1.026)
Uterine cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both				1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both				1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both				1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Ischemic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both	2.093 (1.867-2.331)	1.989 (1.813-2.171)	1.871 (1.747-2.003)	1.762 (1.633-1.901)	1.662 (1.597-1.731)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both	2.225 (1.797-2.693)	2.120 (1.791-2.515)	1.976 (1.678-2.345)	1.840 (1.551-2.210)	1.714 (1.503-1.936)
Cardiomyopathy	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.446 (1.077-1.863)	1.379 (1.082-1.742)	1.363 (1.128-1.686)	1.336 (1.095-1.676)	1.298 (1.098-1.587)
Atrial fibrillation	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.489 (1.348-1.627)	1.414 (1.298-1.539)	1.397 (1.316-1.487)	1.370 (1.292-1.460)	1.334 (1.286-1.387)
Aortic aneurysm	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.581 (1.280-1.909)	1.502 (1.264-1.764)	1.469 (1.269-1.711)	1.429 (1.229-1.688)	1.383 (1.200-1.575)
Peripheral vascular	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.489 (1.348-1.627)	1.414 (1.298-1.539)	1.397 (1.316-1.487)	1.370 (1.292-1.460)	1.334 (1.286-1.387)
Endocarditis	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.446 (1.077-1.863)	1.379 (1.082-1.742)	1.363 (1.128-1.686)	1.336 (1.095-1.676)	1.298 (1.098-1.587)
Other cardiovascular	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.489 (1.348-1.627)	1.414 (1.298-1.539)	1.397 (1.316-1.487)	1.370 (1.292-1.460)	1.334 (1.286-1.387)
Diabetes CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)
Other CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)
High body-mass index								
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)
Breast cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.023 (1.020-1.026)	1.023 (1.020-1.026)	1.023 (1.020-1.026)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)
Uterine cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Ischemic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.569 (1.498-1.637)	1.484 (1.433-1.532)	1.398 (1.352-1.442)	1.313 (1.248-1.374)	1.147 (1.078-1.226)
Hemorrhagic stroke	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.604 (1.356-1.854)	1.510 (1.344-1.705)	1.416 (1.269-1.588)	1.322 (1.134-1.548)	1.159 (1.000-1.368)
Cardiomyopathy	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.265 (1.041-1.585)	1.239 (1.083-1.504)	1.212 (1.072-1.440)	1.185 (1.000-1.485)	1.139 (1.000-1.484)
Atrial fibrillation	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.299 (1.248-1.355)	1.268 (1.230-1.307)	1.236 (1.200-1.271)	1.204 (1.158-1.252)	1.140 (1.082-1.204)
Aortic aneurysm	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.343 (1.147-1.539)	1.310 (1.179-1.466)	1.277 (1.158-1.416)	1.244 (1.091-1.411)	1.172 (1.032-1.378)
Peripheral vascular	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.299 (1.248-1.355)	1.268 (1.230-1.307)	1.236 (1.200-1.271)	1.204 (1.158-1.252)	1.140 (1.082-1.204)
Endocarditis	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.265 (1.041-1.585)	1.239 (1.083-1.504)	1.212 (1.072-1.440)	1.185 (1.000-1.485)	1.139 (1.000-1.484)
Other cardiovascular	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.299 (1.248-1.355)	1.268 (1.230-1.307)	1.236 (1.200-1.271)	1.204 (1.158-1.252)	1.140 (1.082-1.204)
Diabetes CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)	1.283 (1.186-1.397)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)	1.281 (1.180-1.383)
Other CKD	10 mmHg	B	Both	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)	1.282 (1.181-1.396)

High body-mass index

Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)	1.391 (1.075-1.763)
Esophageal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)	1.351 (1.012-1.745)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)	1.289 (1.108-1.492)
Liver cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)	1.176 (1.030-1.335)
Breast cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.128 (1.120-1.135)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)	1.128 (1.120-1.135)
Uterine cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)	1.613 (1.542-1.682)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)	1.177 (1.145-1.208)
Colorectal cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)	1.059 (1.031-1.083)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)	1.155 (1.033-1.282)
Gallbladder cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)	1.344 (1.223-1.478)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Ovarian cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both					
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Ischemic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Hemorrhagic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Hypertensive heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Cardiomyopathy	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Atrial fibrillation	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Endocarditis	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Other cardiovascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Diabetes	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Diabetes CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both				1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both				1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)
Ovarian cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both				1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both				1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both				1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both				1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both				1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both				1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both				1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)
Ischemic heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				2.274 (1.252-3.686)	2.018 (1.291-3.107)
Ischemic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				2.472 (1.398-3.979)	2.235 (1.444-3.333)
Hemorrhagic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.066 (1.750-5.337)	2.913 (1.857-4.398)
Hypertensive heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.122 (1.576-5.502)	3.000 (1.710-4.911)
Cardiomyopathy	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				2.848 (1.643-4.597)	2.695 (1.560-4.368)
Atrial fibrillation	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.237 (2.239-4.550)	3.102 (2.238-4.198)
Peripheral vascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.231 (2.225-4.567)	3.125 (2.164-4.248)
Endocarditis	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				2.824 (1.650-4.545)	2.736 (1.594-4.248)
Other cardiovascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.252 (2.235-4.653)	3.096 (2.149-4.336)
Diabetes	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both				3.546 (2.300-5.227)	3.455 (2.500-4.692)
Diabetes CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Hypertensive CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					
Glomerulonephritis CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)
Ovarian cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	M	Both	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)
Leukemia	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	F	Both	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)
Ischemic heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	1.724 (1.531-1.934)	1.599 (1.417-1.785)	1.567 (1.455-1.681)	1.520 (1.416-1.631)	1.466 (1.372-1.558)
Ischemic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	1.979 (1.689-2.313)	1.826 (1.599-2.076)	1.733 (1.580-1.899)	1.635 (1.479-1.797)	1.543 (1.440-1.653)
Hemorrhagic stroke	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.598 (1.974-3.385)	2.389 (1.869-3.001)	2.199 (1.819-2.673)	1.996 (1.625-2.420)	1.805 (1.573-2.062)
Hypertensive heart disease	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.769 (1.810-4.216)	2.573 (1.742-3.648)	2.407 (1.711-3.299)	2.281 (1.592-3.190)	2.159 (1.490-3.039)
Cardiomyopathy	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.567 (1.552-3.917)	2.437 (1.463-3.918)	2.258 (1.373-3.480)	2.129 (1.292-3.449)	2.011 (1.156-3.337)
Atrial fibrillation	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.878 (2.027-3.943)	2.656 (1.910-3.644)	2.452 (1.686-3.397)	2.240 (1.587-3.019)	2.079 (1.487-2.798)
Peripheral vascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.908 (2.069-3.952)	2.686 (1.887-3.789)	2.449 (1.716-3.411)	2.242 (1.567-3.099)	2.058 (1.423-2.757)
Endocarditis	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.629 (1.559-4.106)	2.441 (1.444-3.843)	2.261 (1.366-3.457)	2.118 (1.229-3.310)	2.014 (1.166-3.141)
Other cardiovascular	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	2.873 (2.038-4.007)	2.675 (1.796-3.641)	2.444 (1.717-3.468)	2.232 (1.578-3.045)	2.062 (1.508-2.816)
Diabetes	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	3.349 (2.801-3.918)	3.160 (2.689-3.700)	2.864 (2.450-3.318)	2.624 (2.222-3.038)	2.417 (2.084-2.781)
Diabetes CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	1.746 (1.049-2.748)	1.746 (1.049-2.748)	1.746 (1.049-2.748)	1.746 (1.049-2.748)	1.746 (1.049-2.748)
Hypertensive CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	1.763 (1.085-2.759)	1.763 (1.085-2.759)	1.763 (1.085-2.759)	1.763 (1.085-2.759)	1.763 (1.085-2.759)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	5 kg/m <sup>2</sup>	B	Both	1.742 (1.016-2.788)	1.742 (1.016-2.788)	1.742 (1.016-2.788)	1.742 (1.016-2.788)	1.742 (1.016-2.788)

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)	1.071 (1.000-1.154)
Pancreatic cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)	1.092 (1.037-1.144)
Ovarian cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)	1.038 (1.000-1.078)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)	1.240 (1.171-1.313)
Kidney cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)	1.320 (1.253-1.395)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)	1.221 (1.067-1.384)
Thyroid cancer	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)	1.136 (1.094-1.178)
Leukemia	5 kg/m^2	M	Both	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)	1.086 (1.053-1.119)
Leukemia	5 kg/m^2	F	Both	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)	1.131 (1.061-1.208)
Ischemic heart disease	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.414 (1.324-1.505)	1.364 (1.286-1.448)	1.319 (1.241-1.400)	1.274 (1.187-1.365)	1.170 (1.090-1.252)
Ischemic stroke	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.455 (1.345-1.566)	1.380 (1.309-1.458)	1.304 (1.233-1.377)	1.228 (1.159-1.305)	1.068 (1.000-1.143)
Hemorrhagic stroke	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.665 (1.437-1.932)	1.523 (1.376-1.686)	1.410 (1.263-1.571)	1.295 (1.162-1.439)	1.071 (1.000-1.220)
Hypertensive heart disease	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.035 (1.450-2.822)	1.955 (1.342-2.708)	1.861 (1.296-2.620)	1.792 (1.169-2.557)	1.698 (1.067-2.631)
Cardiomyopathy	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.888 (1.041-3.249)	1.726 (1.000-2.860)	1.611 (1.000-2.816)	1.489 (1.000-2.450)	1.424 (1.000-2.501)
Atrial fibrillation	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.914 (1.328-2.634)	1.724 (1.240-2.329)	1.594 (1.164-2.200)	1.481 (1.000-2.059)	1.281 (1.000-1.967)
Peripheral vascular	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.904 (1.334-2.680)	1.720 (1.253-2.276)	1.592 (1.126-2.200)	1.473 (1.000-2.124)	1.294 (1.000-2.058)
Endocarditis	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.874 (1.040-3.149)	1.732 (1.000-2.886)	1.612 (1.000-2.774)	1.515 (1.000-2.511)	1.448 (1.000-2.520)
Other cardiovascular	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.886 (1.352-2.599)	1.717 (1.241-2.358)	1.595 (1.133-2.189)	1.463 (1.000-2.067)	1.279 (1.000-1.960)
Diabetes	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.215 (1.866-2.611)	2.046 (1.724-2.388)	1.896 (1.596-2.229)	1.740 (1.445-2.087)	1.461 (1.207-1.762)
Diabetes CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.037 (1.293-3.063)	2.037 (1.293-3.063)	1.621 (1.061-2.379)	1.621 (1.061-2.379)	1.431 (1.000-2.403)
Hypertensive CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.044 (1.297-3.088)	2.044 (1.297-3.088)	1.606 (1.066-2.333)	1.606 (1.066-2.333)	1.437 (1.000-2.424)
Glomerulonephritis CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.045 (1.252-3.155)	2.045 (1.252-3.155)	1.604 (1.103-2.257)	1.604 (1.103-2.257)	1.452 (1.000-2.349)



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Other CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both					
Low back pain	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity					
Osteoarthritis of the knee	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity					
Osteoarthritis of the hip	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity					
<b>Low bone mineral density</b>								
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both					
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both					
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both					
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both					
<b>Low glomerular filtration rate</b>								
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both					
Ischemic heart disease	None	B	Both					
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both					
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both					
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both					
Cerebrovascular disease	None	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both					
Peripheral vascular	None	B	Both					

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Other CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both					
Low back pain	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity				1.100 (1.073-1.126)	1.100 (1.073-1.127)
Osteoarthritis of the knee	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity				2.030 (1.591-2.556)	2.034 (1.554-2.619)
Osteoarthritis of the hip	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity				1.110 (1.063-1.163)	1.111 (1.062-1.161)
Low bone mineral density								
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both					
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both					
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both					
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both					
Low glomerular filtration rate								
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both				13.664 (12.732-14.627)	11.855 (11.138-12.609)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both				10.517 (9.950-11.114)	9.239 (8.789-9.702)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both				1.327 (1.295-1.360)	1.318 (1.290-1.348)
Ischemic heart disease	None	B	Both				1	1
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both				15.659 (14.032-17.502)	14.304 (12.948-15.752)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both				7.825 (7.069-8.717)	6.877 (6.274-7.574)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both				1.637 (1.585-1.687)	1.584 (1.538-1.627)
Cerebrovascular disease	None	B	Both				1	1
Peripheral vascular	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both				18.579 (16.872-20.403)	15.237 (13.977-16.629)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both				15.474 (13.394-17.695)	12.709 (11.153-14.337)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both				3.869 (3.685-4.049)	3.546 (3.391-3.697)
Peripheral vascular	None	B	Both				1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Other CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	1.732 (1.031-2.684)	1.732 (1.031-2.684)	1.732 (1.031-2.684)	1.732 (1.031-2.684)	1.732 (1.031-2.684)
Low back pain	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	1.101 (1.076-1.128)	1.100 (1.074-1.126)	1.099 (1.074-1.123)	1.100 (1.075-1.128)	1.100 (1.074-1.126)
Osteoarthritis of the knee	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	2.035 (1.573-2.619)	2.042 (1.563-2.594)	2.038 (1.556-2.642)	2.010 (1.527-2.611)	2.013 (1.558-2.598)
Osteoarthritis of the hip	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	1.110 (1.061-1.160)	1.111 (1.063-1.162)	1.111 (1.063-1.161)	1.112 (1.062-1.165)	1.110 (1.062-1.160)
Low bone mineral density								
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both		2.945 (2.121-3.924)	2.850 (2.127-3.822)	2.614 (2.017-3.328)	2.439 (1.995-2.966)
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both		1.077 (1.073-1.080)	1.114 (1.112-1.115)	1.151 (1.057-1.259)	1.182 (1.100-1.265)
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both		3.255 (2.261-4.515)	2.940 (2.145-3.909)	2.713 (2.069-3.442)	2.643 (2.094-3.273)
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both		1.083 (1.080-1.087)	1.118 (1.116-1.120)	1.163 (1.063-1.273)	1.203 (1.118-1.295)
Low glomerular filtration rate								
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	10.309 (9.750-10.889)	8.984 (8.547-9.424)	7.848 (7.498-8.201)	6.870 (6.595-7.155)	6.027 (5.811-6.268)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	8.129 (7.774-8.496)	7.163 (6.882-7.450)	6.322 (6.098-6.538)	5.589 (5.424-5.758)	4.948 (4.820-5.086)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	1.311 (1.285-1.337)	1.303 (1.281-1.326)	1.296 (1.277-1.316)	1.290 (1.273-1.308)	1.284 (1.270-1.299)
Ischemic heart disease	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	13.134 (12.038-14.263)	12.122 (11.219-13.017)	11.247 (10.510-12.004)	10.488 (9.909-11.096)	9.832 (9.340-10.370)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	6.065 (5.591-6.612)	5.368 (4.996-5.792)	4.767 (4.477-5.101)	4.248 (4.015-4.509)	3.799 (3.618-4.005)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	1.533 (1.494-1.571)	1.484 (1.451-1.517)	1.438 (1.410-1.465)	1.394 (1.371-1.417)	1.353 (1.333-1.372)
Cerebrovascular disease	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Peripheral vascular	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	12.537 (11.593-13.577)	10.350 (9.630-11.117)	8.574 (8.031-9.148)	7.126 (6.715-7.557)	5.942 (5.632-6.272)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	10.488 (9.309-11.724)	8.697 (7.810-9.645)	7.246 (6.597-7.954)	6.066 (5.587-6.597)	5.102 (4.735-5.519)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	3.253 (3.126-3.379)	2.988 (2.884-3.091)	2.747 (2.661-2.832)	2.528 (2.457-2.595)	2.328 (2.270-2.385)
Peripheral vascular	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Other CKD	5 kg/m^2	B	Both	2.032 (1.214-3.104)	2.032 (1.214-3.104)	1.626 (1.068-2.368)	1.626 (1.068-2.368)	1.433 (1.000-2.344)
Low back pain	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	1.100 (1.077-1.126)	1.100 (1.074-1.126)	1.100 (1.076-1.124)	1.100 (1.075-1.124)	1.100 (1.073-1.125)
Osteoarthritis of the knee	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	2.022 (1.551-2.572)	2.022 (1.538-2.591)	2.025 (1.550-2.633)	2.031 (1.533-2.598)	2.031 (1.558-2.631)
Osteoarthritis of the hip	5 kg/m^2	B	Morbidity	1.110 (1.061-1.160)	1.110 (1.061-1.165)	1.111 (1.063-1.164)	1.110 (1.059-1.162)	1.110 (1.062-1.162)
Low bone mineral density								
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both	2.286 (1.962-2.665)	2.184 (1.911-2.477)	2.102 (1.888-2.323)	1.921 (1.785-2.084)	1.732 (1.628-1.840)
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	M	Both	1.214 (1.147-1.285)	1.247 (1.186-1.310)	1.297 (1.240-1.354)	1.339 (1.278-1.399)	1.370 (1.297-1.448)
Hip fracture	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both	2.474 (2.061-2.951)	2.412 (2.057-2.772)	2.320 (2.075-2.573)	2.118 (1.938-2.300)	1.876 (1.747-2.003)
Non-hip fractures	0.1 g/cm^2	F	Both	1.239 (1.161-1.317)	1.287 (1.215-1.361)	1.343 (1.273-1.418)	1.401 (1.329-1.481)	1.437 (1.352-1.526)
Low glomerular filtration rate								
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	5.300 (5.126-5.497)	4.671 (4.515-4.840)	4.126 (3.988-4.278)	3.652 (3.524-3.794)	3.098 (2.973-3.230)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	4.388 (4.281-4.496)	3.897 (3.811-3.981)	3.467 (3.390-3.541)	3.089 (3.016-3.158)	2.640 (2.567-2.710)
Ischemic heart disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	1.279 (1.267-1.291)	1.274 (1.263-1.284)	1.269 (1.259-1.279)	1.265 (1.254-1.275)	1.260 (1.247-1.274)
Ischemic heart disease	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	9.265 (8.839-9.729)	8.775 (8.389-9.194)	8.356 (7.986-8.732)	7.997 (7.625-8.380)	7.593 (7.175-8.019)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	3.409 (3.266-3.566)	3.070 (2.954-3.193)	2.774 (2.676-2.880)	2.516 (2.431-2.608)	2.210 (2.134-2.298)
Cerebrovascular disease	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	1.313 (1.297-1.329)	1.275 (1.260-1.290)	1.239 (1.224-1.254)	1.205 (1.189-1.219)	1.160 (1.142-1.177)
Cerebrovascular disease	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Peripheral vascular	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	4.972 (4.742-5.227)	4.174 (3.986-4.374)	3.515 (3.368-3.679)	2.971 (2.841-3.111)	2.368 (2.253-2.489)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	4.312 (4.029-4.638)	3.661 (3.448-3.917)	3.124 (2.951-3.326)	2.678 (2.541-2.836)	2.182 (2.071-2.304)
Peripheral vascular	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	2.147 (2.099-2.194)	1.982 (1.943-2.022)	1.831 (1.797-1.867)	1.693 (1.661-1.725)	1.523 (1.492-1.552)
Peripheral vascular	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1



Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	0-6 Days	7-27 Days	28-364 Days	1-4	5-9
Gout	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both					
Gout	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both					
Gout	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both					
Gout	None	B	Both					
Tuberculosis	Diabetic	B	Both					
Tuberculosis	Not diabetic	B	Both					

**Risk-outcome pairs with 100% attribution**

<b>Alcohol use</b>	<b>Unsafe sex</b>
Cirrhosis due to alcohol use	Cervical cancer
Alcohol use disorders	Chlamydial infection
Liver cancer due to alcohol use	Gonococcal infection
<b>Drug use</b>	Genital herpes
Amphetamine use disorders	Other sexually transmitted diseases
Cannabis use disorders	Trichomoniasis
Cocaine use disorders	Syphilis
<b>Iron deficiency</b>	<b>High systolic blood pressure</b>
Iron-deficiency anemia	Hypertensive heart disease
<b>Childhood underweight</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	<b>Low glomerular filtration rate</b>
<b>Vitamin A deficiency</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to diabetes mellitus
Vitamin A deficiency	Chronic kidney disease due to glomerulonephritis
<b>Childhood wasting</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	Chronic kidney disease due to other causes
<b>High fasting plasma glucose</b>	
Diabetes mellitus	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34
Gout	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both				2.744 (2.723-2.764)	2.743 (2.722-2.763)
Gout	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both				2.744 (2.724-2.764)	2.744 (2.723-2.764)
Gout	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both				2.744 (2.723-2.765)	2.743 (2.725-2.763)
Gout	None	B	Both				1	1
Tuberculosis	Diabetic	B	Both				3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)
Tuberculosis	Not diabetic	B	Both				1	1

Risk-outcome pairs with 100% attribution	
<b>Alcohol use</b>	<b>Unsafe sex</b>
Cirrhosis due to alcohol use	Cervical cancer
Alcohol use disorders	Chlamydial infection
Liver cancer due to alcohol use	Gonococcal infection
<b>Drug use</b>	Genital herpes
Amphetamine use disorders	Other sexually transmitted diseases
Cannabis use disorders	Trichomoniasis
Cocaine use disorders	Syphilis
<b>Iron deficiency</b>	<b>High systolic blood pressure</b>
Iron-deficiency anemia	Hypertensive heart disease
<b>Childhood underweight</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	<b>Low glomerular filtration rate</b>
<b>Vitamin A deficiency</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to diabetes mellitus
Vitamin A deficiency	Chronic kidney disease due to glomerulonephritis
<b>Childhood wasting</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	Chronic kidney disease due to other causes
<b>High fasting plasma glucose</b>	
Diabetes mellitus	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59
Gout	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	2.744 (2.723-2.763)	2.743 (2.725-2.763)	2.743 (2.723-2.764)	2.743 (2.724-2.762)	2.744 (2.722-2.765)
Gout	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	2.744 (2.724-2.766)	2.743 (2.723-2.763)	2.743 (2.723-2.764)	2.744 (2.724-2.765)	2.743 (2.724-2.764)
Gout	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	2.743 (2.724-2.763)	2.744 (2.724-2.764)	2.744 (2.723-2.764)	2.744 (2.723-2.764)	2.743 (2.723-2.763)
Gout	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis	Diabetic	B	Both	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)
Tuberculosis	Not diabetic	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk-outcome pairs with 100% attribution	
<b>Alcohol use</b>	<b>Unsafe sex</b>
Cirrhosis due to alcohol use	Cervical cancer
Alcohol use disorders	Chlamydial infection
Liver cancer due to alcohol use	Gonococcal infection
<b>Drug use</b>	Genital herpes
Amphetamine use disorders	Other sexually transmitted diseases
Cannabis use disorders	Trichomoniasis
Cocaine use disorders	Syphilis
<b>Iron deficiency</b>	<b>High systolic blood pressure</b>
Iron-deficiency anemia	Hypertensive heart disease
<b>Childhood underweight</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	<b>Low glomerular filtration rate</b>
<b>Vitamin A deficiency</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to diabetes mellitus
Vitamin A deficiency	Chronic kidney disease due to glomerulonephritis
<b>Childhood wasting</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	Chronic kidney disease due to other causes
<b>High fasting plasma glucose</b>	
Diabetes mellitus	

Risk - Outcome	Category/Units	Sex	Type	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80+
Gout	Stage 5 CKD	B	Both	2.744 (2.723-2.764)	2.744 (2.724-2.764)	2.743 (2.724-2.765)	2.743 (2.722-2.764)	2.743 (2.724-2.764)
Gout	Stage 4 CKD	B	Both	2.744 (2.723-2.764)	2.743 (2.724-2.763)	2.744 (2.721-2.764)	2.743 (2.724-2.765)	2.744 (2.725-2.766)
Gout	Stage 3 CKD	B	Both	2.744 (2.725-2.762)	2.744 (2.725-2.765)	2.743 (2.723-2.766)	2.744 (2.724-2.765)	2.743 (2.722-2.765)
Gout	None	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1
Tuberculosis	Diabetic	B	Both	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)	3.164 (2.287-4.328)
Tuberculosis	Not diabetic	B	Both	1	1	1	1	1

Risk-outcome pairs with 100% attribution	
<b>Alcohol use</b>	<b>Unsafe sex</b>
Cirrhosis due to alcohol use	Cervical cancer
Alcohol use disorders	Chlamydial infection
Liver cancer due to alcohol use	Gonococcal infection
<b>Drug use</b>	Genital herpes
Amphetamine use disorders	Other sexually transmitted diseases
Cannabis use disorders	Trichomoniasis
Cocaine use disorders	Syphilis
<b>Iron deficiency</b>	<b>High systolic blood pressure</b>
Iron-deficiency anemia	Hypertensive heart disease
<b>Childhood underweight</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	<b>Low glomerular filtration rate</b>
<b>Vitamin A deficiency</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to diabetes mellitus
Vitamin A deficiency	Chronic kidney disease due to glomerulonephritis
<b>Childhood wasting</b>	Chronic kidney disease due to hypertension
Protein-energy malnutrition	Chronic kidney disease due to other causes
<b>High fasting plasma glucose</b>	
Diabetes mellitus	



**Web Table 8: Citations for all sources used for estimating risk factor relative risk organized by risk factor**

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe water source	A Community Randomized Controlled Trial of an Integrated Home-based Intervention Improving Household Air Pollution, Drinking Water Quality and Hygiene in Rural Peru as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Aiken BA, Stauber CE, Ortiz GM, Sobsey MD. An assessment of continued use and health impact of the concrete biosand filter in Bonao, Dominican Republic. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2011; 85(2): 309-17. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Alam N, Wojtyniak B, Henry FJ, Rahaman MM. Mothers' personal and domestic hygiene and diarrhoea incidence in young children in rural Bangladesh. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1989; 18(1): 242-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
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Unsafe water source	<p>Harshfield E, Lantagne D, Turbes A, Null C. Evaluating The Sustained Health Impact Of Household Chlorination Of Drinking Water In Rural Haiti. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2012; 87(5): 786-95. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.</p>
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Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe water source	Lule JR, Mermin J, Ekwaru JP, Malamba S, Downing R, Ransom R, Nakanjako D, Wafula W, Hughes P, Bunnell R, Kaharuza F, Coutinho A, Kigozi A, Quick R. Effect of home-based water chlorination and safe storage on diarrhea among persons with human immunodeficiency virus in Uganda. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2005; 73(5): 926-33. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Mahfouz AA, Abdel-Moneim M, al-Erian RA, al-Amari OM. Impact of chlorination of water in domestic storage tanks on childhood diarrhoea: a community trial in the rural areas of Saudi Arabia. <i>J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1995; 98(2): 126-30. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Majuru B, Michael Mokoena M, Jagals P, Hunter PR. Health Impact Of Small-Community Water Supply Reliability. <i>Int J Hyg Environ Health.</i> 2011; 214(2): 162-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Mäusezahl D, Christen A, Pacheco GD, Tellez FA, Iriarte M, Zapata ME, Cevallos M, Hattendorf J, Cattaneo MD, Arnold B, Smith TA, Colford JM. Solar Drinking Water Disinfection (Sodis) To Reduce Childhood Diarrhoea In Rural Bolivia: A Cluster-Randomized, Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2009; 6(8): e1000125. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Mcguigan KG, Samaiyar P, Du Preez M, Conroy RNM. High Compliance Randomized Controlled Field Trial Of Solar Disinfection Of Drinking Water And Its Impact On Childhood Diarrhea In Rural Cambodia. <i>Environ Sci Technol.</i> 2011; 45(18): 7862-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Messou E, Sangaré SV, Josseran R, Le Corre C, Guélain J. Effet de l'observance des d'approvisionnement en eau et de la therapie par voie orale sur les diarrhees chez les enfants de moins de 5 de la Cote d'Ivoire. <i>Bull Soc Pathol Exot.</i> 1997; 90(1): 44-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Nanan D, White F, Azam I, Afsar H, Hozhabri S. Evaluation of a water, sanitation, and hygiene education intervention on diarrhoea in northern Pakistan. <i>Bull World Health Organ.</i> 2003; 81(3): 160-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Opryszko MC, Majeed SW, Hansen PM, Myers JA, Baba D, Thompson RE, Burnham G. Water and hygiene interventions to reduce diarrhoea in rural Afghanistan: a randomized controlled study. <i>J Water Health.</i> 2010; 8(4): 687-702. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe water source	Quick RE, Kimura A, Thevos A, Tembo M, Shamputa I, Hutwagner L, Mintz E. Diarrhea prevention through household-level water disinfection and safe storage in Zambia. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2002; 66(5): 584-9. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Quick RE, Venczel LV, Mintz ED, Soletto L, Aparicio J, Gironaz M, Hutwagner L, Greene K, Bopp C, Maloney K, Chavez D, Sobsey M, Tauxe RV. Diarrhoea Prevention In Bolivia Through Point-Of-Use Water Treatment And Safe Storage: A Promising New Strategy. <i>Epidemiol Infect.</i> 1999; 122(1): 83-90. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Rai B, Pal R, Kar S, Tsering DC. Solar disinfection improves drinking water quality to prevent diarrhea in under-five children in Sikkim, India. <i>J Glob Infect Dis.</i> 2010; 2(3): 221-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Reller ME, Mendoza CE, Lopez MB, Alvarez M, Hoekstra RM, Olson CA, Baier KG, Keswick BH, Luby SP. A randomized controlled trial of household-based flocculant-disinfectant drinking water treatment for diarrhea prevention in rural Guatemala. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2003; 69(4): 411-9. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Rose A. Solar Disinfection Of Water For Diarrhoeal Prevention In Southern India. <i>Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed.</i> 2006; 91(2): 139-41. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Ryder RW, Reeves WC, Singh N, Hall CB, Kapikian AZ, Gomez B, Sack RB. The childhood health effects of an improved water supply system on a remote Panamanian island. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1985; 34(5): 921-4. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Semenza JC, Roberts L, Henderson A, Bogan J, Rubin CH. Water distribution system and diarrheal disease transmission: a case study in Uzbekistan. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1998; 59(6): 941-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Sobsey MD, Handzel T, Venczel L. Chlorination and safe storage of household drinking water in developing countries to reduce waterborne disease. <i>Water science and technology.</i> 2003; 47(3): 221-8. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Spring Cleaning: Rural Water Impacts, Valuation and Property Rights Institutions as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe water source	Stauber CE, Kominek B, Liang KR, Osman MK, Sobsey MD. Evaluation of the Impact of the Plastic BioSand Filter on Health and Drinking Water Quality in Rural Tamale, Ghana. <i>Int J Environ Res Public Health</i> . 2012; 9(11): 3806-23. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Stauber CE, Ortiz GM, Loomis DP, Sobsey MD. A randomized controlled trial of the concrete biosand filter and its impact on diarrheal disease in Bonaio, Dominican Republic. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2009; 80(2): 286-93. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Stauber CE, Printy ER, Mccarty FA, Liang KR, Sobsey MD. Cluster Randomized Controlled Trial Of The Plastic Biosand Water Filter In Cambodia. <i>Environ Sci Technol</i> . 2012; 46(2): 722-8. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Tiwari SSK, Schmidt WP, Darby J, Kariuki ZG, Jenkins MW. Intermittent Slow Sand Filtration For Preventing Diarrhoea Among Children In Kenyan Households Using Unimproved Water Sources: Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2009; 14(11): 1374-82. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Tonglet R, Isu K, Mpese M, Dramaix M, Hennart P. Can improvements in water supply reduce childhood diarrhea?. <i>Health Policy Plan</i> . 1992; 7(3): 260-8. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Universidad Rafael Landívar. Contra la morbilidad infantil: filtros artesanales y educación [Against infant mortality: artisan filters and education]. <i>Estudios Sociales</i> , No. 53, IV Epoca. Guatemala: Universidad Rafael Landívar, Instituto de Investigaciones Económicas y Sociales; 1995. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Wang ZS, Shepard DS, Zhu YC. Reduction Of Enteric Infectious Disease In Rural China By Providing Deep-Well Tap Water. <i>Health Policy</i> . 1989; 14(2): 155-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe water source	Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	A Community Randomized Controlled Trial of an Integrated Home-based Intervention Improving Household Air Pollution, Drinking Water Quality and Hygiene in Rural Peru as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe sanitation	Aiken BA, Stauber CE, Ortiz GM, Sobsey MD. An assessment of continued use and health impact of the concrete biosand filter in Bonao, Dominican Republic. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2011; 85(2): 309-17. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Alam N, Wojtyniak B, Henry FJ, Rahaman MM. Mothers' personal and domestic hygiene and diarrhoea incidence in young children in rural Bangladesh. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 1989; 18(1): 242-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Arnold B, Arana B, Mäusezahl D, Hubbard A, Colford JM. Evaluation of a pre-existing, 3-year household water treatment and handwashing intervention in rural Guatemala. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 2009; 38(6): 1651-61. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Aziz KM, Hoque BA, Hasan KZ, Patwary MY, Huttly SR, Rahaman MM, Feachem RG. Reduction in diarrhoeal diseases in children in rural Bangladesh by environmental and behavioural modifications. <i>Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1990; 84(3): 433-8. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Begum S, Ahmed M, Sen B. Do Water and Sanitation Interventions Reduce Childhood Diarrhoea? New Evidence from Bangladesh. <i>Bangladesh Development Studies.</i> 2012; 34(3): 1-30. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Boisson S, Stevenson M, Shapiro L, Kumar V, Singh LP, Ward D, Clasen T. Effect of household-based drinking water chlorination on diarrhoea among children under five in Orissa, India: a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(8): e1001497. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Brown J, Hien VT, McMahan L, Jenkins MW, Thie L, Liang K, Printy E, Sobsey MD. Relative benefits of on-plot water supply over other "improved" sources in rural Vietnam. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2013; 18(1): 65-74. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Brown J, Sobsey MD, Loomis D. Local drinking water filters reduce diarrheal disease in Cambodia: a randomized, controlled trial of the ceramic water purifier. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2008; 79(3): 394-400. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Capuno JJ, Tan CAR, Fabella VM. Do piped water and flush toilets prevent child diarrhea in rural Philippines?. <i>Asia Pac J Public Health.</i> 2015; 27(2): NP2122-32. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe sanitation	Chiller TM, Mendoza CE, Lopez MB, Alvarez M, Hoekstra RM, Keswick BH, Luby SP. Reducing diarrhoea in Guatemalan children: randomized controlled trial of flocculant-disinfectant for drinking-water. <i>Bull World Health Organ.</i> 2006; 84(1): 28-35. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Chongsuvivatwong V, Mo-suwan L, Chompikul J, Vitsupakorn K, McNeil D. Effects of piped water supply on the incidence of diarrheal diseases in children in southern Thailand. <i>Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health.</i> 1994; 25(4): 628-32. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Clasen T, Garcia Parra G, Boisson S, Collin S. Household-based ceramic water filters for the prevention of diarrhea: a randomized, controlled trial of a pilot program in Colombia. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2005; 73(4): 790-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Clasen TF, Brown J, Collin S, Suntura O, Cairncross S. Reducing diarrhea through the use of household-based ceramic water filters: a randomized, controlled trial in rural Bolivia. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2004; 70(6): 651-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Clasen TF, Brown J, Collin SM. Preventing diarrhoea with household ceramic water filters: assessment of a pilot project in Bolivia. <i>Int J Environ Health Res.</i> 2006; 16(3): 231-9. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Conroy RM, Elmore-Meegan M, Joyce T, Mcguigan KG, Barnes J. Solar Disinfection Of Drinking Water And Diarrhoea In Maasai Children: A Controlled Field Trial. <i>Lancet.</i> 1996; 348(9043): 1695-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Conroy RM, Meegan ME, Joyce T, Mcguigan K, Barnes J. Solar Disinfection Of Drinking Water Protects Against Cholera In Children Under 6 Years Of Age. <i>Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed.</i> 2001; 85(4): 293-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Conroy RM, Meegan ME, Joyce T, Mcguigan K, Barnes J. Solar Disinfection Of Water Reduces Diarrhoeal Disease: An Update. <i>Arch Dis Child.</i> 1999; 81(4): 337-8. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Crump JA, Otieno PO, Slutsker L, Keswick BH, Rosen DH, Hoekstra RM, Vulule JM, Luby SP. Household based treatment of drinking water with flocculant-disinfectant for preventing diarrhoea in areas with turbid source water in rural western Kenya: cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ.</i> 2005; 331(7515): 478. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.

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Unsafe sanitation	du Preez M, Conroy RM, Ligondo S, Hennessy J, Elmore-Meegan M, Soita A, Mcguigan KG. Randomized Intervention Study Of Solar Disinfection Of Drinking Water In The Prevention Of Dysentery In Kenyan Children Aged Under 5 Years. <i>Environ Sci Technol</i> . 2011; 45(21): 9315-23. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Du Preez M, Conroy RM, Wright JA, Moyo S, Potgieter N, Gundry SW. Use of ceramic water filtration in the prevention of diarrheal disease: a randomized controlled trial in rural South Africa and zimbabwe. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2008; 79(5): 696-701. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Fabiszewski De Aceituno AM, Stauber CE, Walters AR, Meza Sanchez RE, Sobsey MD. A Randomized Controlled Trial Of The Plastic-Housing Biosand Filter And Its Impact On Diarrheal Disease In Copan, Honduras. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2012; 86(6): 913-21. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
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Unsafe sanitation	Galiani S, Gonzalez-rozada M, Schargrotsky E. Water Expansions In Shantytowns: Health And Savings. <i>Economica</i> . 2009; 76(304): 607-22. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Garrett V, Ogutu P, Mabonga P, Ombeki S, Mwaki A, Aluoch G, Phelan M, Quick RE. Diarrhoea Prevention In A High-Risk Rural Kenyan Population Through Point-Of-Use Chlorination, Safe Water Storage, Sanitation, And Rainwater Harvesting. <i>Epidemiol Infect</i> . 2008; 136(11): 1463-71. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Graf J, Zebaze Togouet S, Kemka N, Niyitegeka D, Meierhofer R, Gangoue Pieboji J. Health Gains From Solar Water Disinfection (Sodis): Evaluation Of A Water Quality Intervention In Yaoundé, Cameroon. <i>J Water Health</i> . 2010; 8(4): 779-96. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Happiness on Tap: Piped Water Adoption in Urban Morocco as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Harshfield E, Lantagne D, Turbes A, Null C. Evaluating The Sustained Health Impact Of Household Chlorination Of Drinking Water In Rural Haiti. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2012; 87(5): 786-95. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.

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Unsafe sanitation	Hunter PR, Ramírez Toro GI, Minnigh HA. Impact On Diarrhoeal Illness Of A Community Educational Intervention To Improve Drinking Water Quality In Rural Communities In Puerto Rico. BMC Public Health. 2010; 10(1): 219. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Iijima Y, Karama M, Oundo JO, Honda T. Prevention Of Bacterial Diarrhea By Pasteurization Of Drinking Water In Kenya. Med Microbiol Immunol. 2001; 45(6): 413-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Improving Household Drinking Water Quality: Use of Ceramic Water Filters in Cambodia as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Jain S, Sahanoon OK, Blanton E, Schmitz A, Wannemuehler KA, Hoekstra RM, Quick RE. Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate Tablets For Routine Treatment Of Household Drinking Water In Periurban Ghana: A Randomized Controlled Trial. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 2010; 82(1): 16-22. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Jensen PK, Ensink JHJ, Jayasinghe G, van der Hoek W, Cairncross S, Dalsgaard A. Effect of chlorination of drinking-water on water quality and childhood diarrhoea in a village in Pakistan. J Health Popul Nutr. 2003; 21(1): 26-31. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Kirchhoff LV, McClelland KE, Pinho MDC, Araujo JG, De-Sousa MA, Guerrant RL. Feasibility And Efficacy Of In-Home Water Chlorination In Rural North-Eastern Brazil. J Hyg (Lond). 1985; 94(02): 173-80. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Luby SP, Agboatwalla M, Hoekstra RM, Rahbar MH, Billhimer W, Keswick BH. Delayed effectiveness of home-based interventions in reducing childhood diarrhea, Karachi, Pakistan. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 2004; 71(4): 420-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Luby SP, Agboatwalla M, Painter J, Altaf A, Billhimer W, Keswick B, Hoekstra RM. Combining drinking water treatment and hand washing for diarrhoea prevention, a cluster randomised controlled trial. Trop Med Int Health. 2006; 11(4): 479-89. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Lule JR, Mermin J, Ekwaru JP, Malamba S, Downing R, Ransom R, Nakanjako D, Wafula W, Hughes P, Bunnell R, Kaharuza F, Coutinho A, Kigozi A, Quick R. Effect of home-based water chlorination and safe storage on diarrhea among persons with human immunodeficiency virus in Uganda. Am J Trop Med Hyg. 2005; 73(5): 926-33. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. Trop Med Int Health. 2014; 19(8): 928-42.



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Unsafe sanitation	Mahfouz AA, Abdel-Moneim M, al-Erian RA, al-Amari OM. Impact of chlorination of water in domestic storage tanks on childhood diarrhoea: a community trial in the rural areas of Saudi Arabia. <i>J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1995; 98(2): 126-30. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Majuru B, Michael Mokoena M, Jagals P, Hunter PR. Health Impact Of Small-Community Water Supply Reliability. <i>Int J Hyg Environ Health.</i> 2011; 214(2): 162-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Mäusezahl D, Christen A, Pacheco GD, Tellez FA, Iriarte M, Zapata ME, Cevallos M, Hattendorf J, Cattaneo MD, Arnold B, Smith TA, Colford JM. Solar Drinking Water Disinfection (Sodis) To Reduce Childhood Diarrhoea In Rural Bolivia: A Cluster-Randomized, Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2009; 6(8): e1000125. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Mcguigan KG, Samaiyar P, Du Preez M, Conroy RNM. High Compliance Randomized Controlled Field Trial Of Solar Disinfection Of Drinking Water And Its Impact On Childhood Diarrhea In Rural Cambodia. <i>Environ Sci Technol.</i> 2011; 45(18): 7862-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Messou E, Sangaré SV, Josseran R, Le Corre C, Guélain J. Effet de l'observance des d'approvisionnement en eau et de la therapie par voie orale sur les diarrhees chez les enfants de moins de 5 de la Cote d'Ivoire. <i>Bull Soc Pathol Exot.</i> 1997; 90(1): 44-7. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Nanan D, White F, Azam I, Afsar H, Hozhabri S. Evaluation of a water, sanitation, and hygiene education intervention on diarrhoea in northern Pakistan. <i>Bull World Health Organ.</i> 2003; 81(3): 160-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Opryszko MC, Majeed SW, Hansen PM, Myers JA, Baba D, Thompson RE, Burnham G. Water and hygiene interventions to reduce diarrhoea in rural Afghanistan: a randomized controlled study. <i>J Water Health.</i> 2010; 8(4): 687-702. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Quick RE, Kimura A, Thevos A, Tembo M, Shamputa I, Hutwagner L, Mintz E. Diarrhea prevention through household-level water disinfection and safe storage in Zambia. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2002; 66(5): 584-9. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Unsafe sanitation	Quick RE, Venczel LV, Mintz ED, Soletto L, Aparicio J, Gironaz M, Hutwagner L, Greene K, Bopp C, Maloney K, Chavez D, Sobsey M, Tauxe RV. Diarrhoea Prevention In Bolivia Through Point-Of-Use Water Treatment And Safe Storage: A Promising New Strategy. <i>Epidemiol Infect.</i> 1999; 122(1): 83-90. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Rai B, Pal R, Kar S, Tsering DC. Solar disinfection improves drinking water quality to prevent diarrhea in under-five children in Sikkim, India. <i>J Glob Infect Dis.</i> 2010; 2(3): 221-5. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Reller ME, Mendoza CE, Lopez MB, Alvarez M, Hoekstra RM, Olson CA, Baier KG, Keswick BH, Luby SP. A randomized controlled trial of household-based flocculant-disinfectant drinking water treatment for diarrhea prevention in rural Guatemala. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 2003; 69(4): 411-9. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Unsafe sanitation	Rose A. Solar Disinfection Of Water For Diarrhoeal Prevention In Southern India. <i>Arch Dis Child Fetal Neonatal Ed.</i> 2006; 91(2): 139-41. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
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Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
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Unsafe sanitation	Wang ZS, Shepard DS, Zhu YC. Reduction Of Enteric Infectious Disease In Rural China By Providing Deep-Well Tap Water. <i>Health Policy.</i> 1989; 14(2): 155-6. as it appears in Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
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No handwashing with soap	Bartlett AV, Moore M, Gary GW, Starko KM, Erben JJ, Meredith BA. Diarrheal illness among infants and toddlers in day care centers. I. Epidemiology and pathogens. <i>J Pediatr.</i> 1985; 107(4): 495-502. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health.</i> 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
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Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
No handwashing with soap	Butz AM, Larson E, Fosarelli P, Yolken R. Occurrence of infectious symptoms in children in day care homes. <i>Am J Infect Control</i> . 1990; 18(6): 347-53. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Carabin H, Gyorkos TW, Soto JC, Joseph L, Payment P, Collet JP. Effectiveness of a training program in reducing infections in toddlers attending day care centers. <i>Epidemiology</i> . 1999; 10(3): 219-27. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Correa JC, Pinto D, Salas LA, Camacho JC, Rondón M, Quintero J. A cluster-randomized controlled trial of handrubs for prevention of infectious diseases among children in Colombia. <i>Rev Panam Salud Publica</i> . 2012; 31(6): 476-84. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
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No handwashing with soap	Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Haggerty PA, Muladi K, Kirkwood BR, Ashworth A, Manunebo M. Community-based hygiene education to reduce diarrhoeal disease in rural Zaire: impact of the intervention on diarrhoeal morbidity. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1994; 23(5): 1050-9. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Huda TM, Unicomb L, Johnston RB, Halder AK, Yushuf Sharker MA, Luby SP. Interim evaluation of a large scale sanitation, hygiene and water improvement programme on childhood diarrhea and respiratory disease in rural Bangladesh. <i>Soc Sci Med</i> . 2012; 75(4): 604-11. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Khan MU. Interruption of shigellosis by hand washing. <i>Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg</i> . 1982; 76(2): 164-8. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Kotch JB, Weigle KA, Weber DJ, Clifford RM, Harms TO, Loda FA, Gallagher PN, Edwards RW, LaBorde D, McMurray MP. Evaluation of an hygienic intervention in child day-care centers. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 1994; 94(6 Pt 2): 991-4. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Ladegaard MB, Stage V. [Hand-hygiene and sickness among small children attending day care centers. An intervention study]. <i>Ugeskr. Laeg</i> . 1999; 161(31): 4396-400. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Langford R, Lunn P, Panter-Brick C. Hand-washing, subclinical infections, and growth: a longitudinal evaluation of an intervention in Nepali slums. <i>Am J Hum Biol</i> . 2011; 23(5): 621-9. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Lee W, Stoeckel J, Jintaganont P, Romanarak T, Kullavanijaya S. The impact of a community based health education program on the incidence of diarrheal disease in southern Thailand. <i>Southeast Asian J Trop Med Public Health</i> . 1991; 22(4): 548-56. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Luby SP, Agboatwalla M, Hoekstra RM, Rahbar MH, Billhimer W, Keswick BH. Delayed effectiveness of home-based interventions in reducing childhood diarrhea, Karachi, Pakistan. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2004; 71(4): 420-7. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
No handwashing with soap	Luby SP, Agboatwalla M, Painter J, Altaf A, Billhimer W, Keswick B, Hoekstra RM. Combining drinking water treatment and hand washing for diarrhoea prevention, a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2006; 11(4): 479-89. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Luby SP, Agboatwalla M, Painter J, Altaf A, Billhimer WL, Hoekstra RM. Effect of intensive handwashing promotion on childhood diarrhea in high-risk communities in Pakistan: a randomized controlled trial. <i>JAMA</i> . 2004; 291(21): 2547-54. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Opryszko MC, Majeed SW, Hansen PM, Myers JA, Baba D, Thompson RE, Burnham G. Water and hygiene interventions to reduce diarrhoea in rural Afghanistan: a randomized controlled study. <i>J Water Health</i> . 2010; 8(4): 687-702. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
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No handwashing with soap	Roberts L, Jorm L, Patel M, Smith W, Douglas RM, McGilchrist C. Effect of infection control measures on the frequency of diarrheal episodes in child care: a randomized, controlled trial. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2000; 105(4 Pt 1): 743-6. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Shahid NS, Greenough WB 3rd, Samadi AR, Huq MI, Rahman N. Hand washing with soap reduces diarrhoea and spread of bacterial pathogens in a Bangladesh village. <i>J Diarrhoeal Dis Res</i> . 1996; 14(2): 85-9. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Sircar BK, Sengupta PG, Mondal SK, Gupta DN, Saha NC, Ghosh S, Deb BC, Pal SC. Effect of handwashing on the incidence of diarrhoea in a Calcutta slum. <i>J Diarrhoeal Dis Res</i> . 1987; 5(2): 112-4. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Stanton BF, Clemens JD, Khair T. Educational intervention for altering water-sanitation behavior to reduce childhood diarrhea in urban Bangladesh: impact on nutritional status. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1988; 48(5): 1166-72. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Talaat M, Afifi S, Dueger E, El-Ashry N, Marfin A, Kandeel A, Mohareb E, El-Sayed N. Effects of Hand Hygiene Campaigns on Incidence of Laboratory-confirmed Influenza and Absenteeism in Schoolchildren, Cairo, Egypt. <i>Emerg Infect Dis</i> . 2011; 17(4): 619-25. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
No handwashing with soap	Wilson JM, Chandler GN, Muslihatun null, Jamiluddin null. Hand-washing reduces diarrhoea episodes: a study in Lombok, Indonesia. <i>Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg</i> . 1991; 85(6): 819-21. as it appears in Freeman MC, Stocks M, Cumming O, Jeandron A, Higgins J, Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Bonjour S, Hunter PR, Fewtrell L, Curtis V. Hygiene and health: systematic review of handwashing practices worldwide and update of health effects. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 906-16.
Unsafe sanitation	Wolf J, Prüss-Ustün A, Cumming O, Bartram J, Bonjour S, Cairncross S, Clasen T, Colford JM, Curtis V, De France J, Fewtrell L, Freeman MC, Gordon B, Hunter PR, Jeandron A, Johnston RB, Mäusezahl D, Mathers C, Neira M, Higgins JPT. Assessing the impact of drinking water and sanitation on diarrhoeal disease in low- and middle-income settings: systematic review and meta-regression. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 2014; 19(8): 928-42.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Blair A, Sandler DP, Tarone R, Lubin J, Thomas K, Hoppin JA, Samanic C, Coble J, Kamel F, Knott C, Dosemeci M, Zahm SH, Lynch CF, Rothman N, Alavanja MCR. Mortality among participants in the agricultural health study. <i>Ann Epidemiol</i> . 2005; 15(4): 279-85.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Brauer M, Hoek G, Van Vliet P, Meliefste K, Fischer PH, Wijga A, Koopman LP, Neijens HJ, Gerritsen J, Kerkhof M, Heinrich J, Bellander T, Brunekreef B. Air pollution from traffic and the development of respiratory infections and asthmatic and allergic symptoms in children. <i>Am J Respir Crit Care Med</i> . 2002; 166(8): 1092-8.



<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Carey IM, Atkinson RW, Kent AJ, van Staa T, Cook DG, Anderson HR. Mortality associations with long-term exposure to outdoor air pollution in a national English cohort. <i>Am J Respir Crit Care Med</i> . 2013; 187(11): 1226-33.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Chen LH, Knutsen SF, Shavlik D, Beeson WL, Petersen F, Ghamsary M, Abbey D. The association between fatal coronary heart disease and ambient particulate air pollution: Are females at greater risk?. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2005; 113(12): 1723-9.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Crouse DL, Peters PA, van Donkelaar A, Goldberg MS, Villeneuve PJ, Brion O, Khan S, Atari DO, Jerrett M, Pope CA, Brauer M, Brook JR, Martin RV, Stieb D, Burnett RT. Risk of nonaccidental and cardiovascular mortality in relation to long-term exposure to low concentrations of fine particulate matter: a Canadian national-level cohort study. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2012; 120(5): 708-14.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Dockery DW, Pope CA, Xu X, Spengler JD, Ware JH, Fay ME, Ferris BG, Speizer FE. An association between air pollution and mortality in six U.S. cities. <i>N Engl J Med</i> . 1993; 329(24): 1753-9.
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Ambient particulate matter pollution	Katanoda K, Sobue T, Satoh H, Tajima K, Suzuki T, Nakatsuka H, Takezaki T, Nakayama T, Nitta H, Tanabe K, Tominaga S. An association between long-term exposure to ambient air pollution and mortality from lung cancer and respiratory diseases in Japan. <i>J Epidemiol</i> . 2011; 21(2): 132-43.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Lipsett MJ, Ostro BD, Reynolds P, Goldberg D, Hertz A, Jerrett M, Smith DF, Garcia C, Chang ET, Bernstein L. Long-term exposure to air pollution and cardiorespiratory disease in the California teachers study cohort. <i>Am J Respir Crit Care Med</i> . 2011; 184(7): 828-35.
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Ambient particulate matter pollution	Pope CA, Turner MC, Burnett RT, Jerrett M, Gapstur SM, Diver WR, Krewski D, Brook RD. Relationships between fine particulate air pollution, cardiometabolic disorders, and cardiovascular mortality. <i>Circ. Res</i> . 2015; 116(1): 108-15.
Ambient particulate matter pollution	Puett RC, Hart JE, Suh H, Mittleman M, Laden F. Particulate matter exposures, mortality, and cardiovascular disease in the health professionals follow-up study. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(8): 1130-5.
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Household air pollution from solid fuels	Smith KR, McCracken JP, Weber MW, Hubbard A, Jenny A, Thompson LM, Balmes J, Diaz A, Arana B, Bruce N. Effect of reduction in household air pollution on childhood pneumonia in Guatemala (RESPIRE): a randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2011; 378(9804): 1717-26.
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Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Residential Radon	Barros-Dios JM. Exposure To Residential Radon And Lung Cancer In Spain: A Population-Based Case-Control Study. Am J Epidemiol. 2002; 156(6): 548-55. as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
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Residential Radon	Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
Residential Radon	Darby S, Whitley E, Silcocks P, Thakrar B, Green M, Lomas P, Miles J, Reeves G, Fearn T, Doll R. Risk of lung cancer associated with residential radon exposure in south-west England: a case-control study. Br J Cancer. 1998; 78(3): 394-408. as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
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Residential Radon	Pershagen G, Akerblom G, Axelson O, Clavensjo B, Damber L, Desai G, Enflo A, Lagarde F, Mellander H, Svartengren M, Swedjemark GA. Residential Radon Exposure And Lung Cancer In Sweden. New England Journal of Medicine. 1994; 330(3): 159-64. as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
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Residential Radon	Radon und Lungenkrebs im Bezirk Imst / Österreich as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.

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Residential Radon	Ruosteenoja E, Makelainen I, Rytomaa T, Hakulinen T, Hakama M. Radon And Lung Cancer In Finland. Health Phys. 1996; 71(2): 185-9. as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
Residential Radon	Tomásek L, Müller T, Kunz E, Heribanová A, Matzner J, Placek V, Burian I, Holecek J. Study of lung cancer and residential radon in the Czech Republic. Cent Eur J Public Health. 2001; 9(3): 150-3. as it appears in Darby S, Hill D, Auvinen A, Barros-Dios JM, Baysson H, Bochicchio F, Deo H, Falk R, Forastiere F, Hakama M, Heid I, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Lagarde F, Mäkeläinen I, Muirhead C, Oberaigner W, Pershagen G, Ruano-Ravina A, Ruosteenoja E, Rosario AS, Tirmarche M, Tomásek L, Whitley E, Wichmann H-E, Doll R. Radon in homes and risk of lung cancer: collaborative analysis of individual data from 13 European case-control studies. BMJ. 2005; 330(7485): 223.
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Lead exposure	Budtz-Jørgensen E, Bellinger D, Lanphear B, Grandjean P, International Pooled Lead Study Investigators. An international pooled analysis for obtaining a benchmark dose for environmental lead exposure in children. Risk Anal. 2013; 33(3): 450-61.
Lead exposure	Canfield RL, Henderson CR Jr, Cory-Slechta DA, Cox C, Jusko TA, Lanphear BP. Intellectual impairment in children with blood lead concentrations below 10 microg per deciliter. N Engl J Med. 2003; 348(16): 1517-26. as it appears in Budtz-Jørgensen E, Bellinger D, Lanphear B, Grandjean P, International Pooled Lead Study Investigators. An international pooled analysis for obtaining a benchmark dose for environmental lead exposure in children. Risk Anal. 2013; 33(3): 450-61.
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Lead exposure	Dietrich KN, Berger OG, Succop PA, Hammond PB, Bornschein RL. The Developmental Consequences Of Low To Moderate Prenatal And Postnatal Lead Exposure: Intellectual Attainment In The Cincinnati Lead Study Cohort Following School Entry. Neurotoxicol Teratol. 1993; 15(1): 37-44. as it appears in Budtz-Jørgensen E, Bellinger D, Lanphear B, Grandjean P, International Pooled Lead Study Investigators. An international pooled analysis for obtaining a benchmark dose for environmental lead exposure in children. Risk Anal. 2013; 33(3): 450-61.
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Lead exposure	Schnaas L, Rothenberg SJ, Perroni E, Martinez S, Hernández C, Hernández RM. Temporal Pattern In The Effect Of Postnatal Blood Lead Level On Intellectual Development Of Young Children. <i>Neurotoxicol Teratol</i> . 2000; 22(6): 805-10. as it appears in Budtz-Jørgensen E, Bellinger D, Lanphear B, Grandjean P, International Pooled Lead Study Investigators. An international pooled analysis for obtaining a benchmark dose for environmental lead exposure in children. <i>Risk Anal</i> . 2013; 33(3): 450-61.
Lead exposure	Schwartz BS, Stewart WF, Todd AC, Simon D, Links JM. Different Associations Of Blood Lead, Meso 2,3-Dimercaptosuccinic Acid (Dmsa)-Chelatable Lead, And Tibial Lead Levels With Blood Pressure In 543 Former Organolead Manufacturing Workers. <i>Arch Environ Health</i> . 2000; 55(2): 85-92. as it appears in Navas-Acien A, Schwartz BS, Rothenberg SJ, Hu H, Silbergeld EK, Guallar E. Bone lead levels and blood pressure endpoints: a meta-analysis. <i>Epidemiology</i> . 2008; 19(3): 496-504.
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Occupational exposure to asbestos	Acheson ED, Gardner MJ, Pippard EC, Grime LP. Mortality Of Two Groups Of Women Who Manufactured Gas Masks From Chrysotile And Crocidolite Asbestos: A 40-Year Follow-Up. <i>Br J Ind Med</i> . 1982; 39(4): 344-8. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Albin M, Jakobsson K, Attewell R, Johansson L, Welinder H. Mortality And Cancer Morbidity In Cohorts Of Asbestos Cement Workers And Referents. <i>Br J Ind Med</i> . 1990; 47(9): 602-10. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Berry G, de Klerk NH, Reid A, Ambrosini GL, Fritschi L, Olsen NJ, Merler E, Musk AW. Malignant pleural and peritoneal mesotheliomas in former miners and millers of crocidolite at Wittenoom, Western Australia. <i>Occup Environ Med</i> . 2004; 61(4): e14. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
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Occupational exposure to asbestos	Berry G, Newhouse ML. Mortality Of Workers Manufacturing Friction Materials Using Asbestos. <i>Br J Ind Med</i> . 1983; 40(1): 1-7. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect</i> . 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.



<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Clin B, Morlais F, Dubois B, Guizard AV, Desoubieux N, Marquignon MF, Raffaelli C, Paris C, Galateau-salle F, Launoy G, Letourneux M. Occupational Asbestos Exposure And Digestive Cancers - A Cohort Study. <i>Ailment Pharmacol Ther.</i> 2009; 30(4): 364-74. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Enterline PE, Hartley J, Henderson V. Asbestos And Cancer: A Cohort Followed Up To Death. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1987; 44(6): 396-401. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Gardner MJ, Winter PD, Pannett B, Powell CA. Follow Up Study Of Workers Manufacturing Chrysotile Asbestos Cement Products. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1986; 43(11): 726-32. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Germani D, Belli S, Bruno C, Grignoli M, Nesti M, Pirastu R, Comba P. Cohort Mortality Study Of Women Compensated For Asbestosis In Italy. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1999; 36(1): 129-34. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Gustavsson P, Nyberg Fredrik, Pershagen G, Schéele P, Jakobsson R, Pato N. Low-Dose Exposure To Asbestos And Lung Cancer: Dose-Response Relations And Interaction With Smoking In A Population-Based Case-Referent Study In Stockholm, Sweden. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2002; 155(11): 1016-22. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Harding AH, Darnton A, Wegerdt J, Mcelvenny D. Mortality Among British Asbestos Workers Undergoing Regular Medical Examinations (1971-2005). <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2009; 66(7): 487-95. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Hein MJ, Stayner LT, Lehman E, Dement JM. Follow-Up Study Of Chrysotile Textile Workers: Cohort Mortality And Exposure-Response. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2007; 64(9): 616-25. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Hein MJ, Stayner LT, Lehman E, Dement JM. Follow-Up Study Of Chrysotile Textile Workers: Cohort Mortality And Exposure-Response. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2007; 64(9): 616-25. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Hughes JM, Weill H, Hammad YY. Mortality Of Workers Employed In Two Asbestos Cement Manufacturing Plants. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1987; 44(3): 161-74. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Hutchings S, Rushton L. Toward risk reduction: predicting the future burden of occupational cancer. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2011; 173(9): 1069-77.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Lacquet LM, van der Linden L, Lepoutre J. Roentgenographic lung changes, asbestosis and mortality in a Belgian asbestos-cement factory. <i>IARC Sci Publ.</i> 1980; 783-93. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Levin JL, Mclarty JW, Hurst GA, Smith AN, Frank AL. Tyler Asbestos Workers: Mortality Experience In A Cohort Exposed To Amosite. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 1998; 55(3): 155-60. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Liddell F, Mcdonald A, Mcdonald J. The 1891-1920 Birth Cohort Of Quebec Chrysotile Miners And Millers: Development From 1904 And Mortality To 1992. <i>Ann Occup Hyg.</i> 1997; 41(1): 13-36. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.

<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Loomis D, Dement J, Richardson D, Wolf S. Asbestos Fibre Dimensions And Lung Cancer Mortality Among Workers Exposed To Chrysotile. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2010; 67(9): 580-4. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Loomis D, Dement JM, Wolf SH, Richardson DB. Lung Cancer Mortality And Fibre Exposures Among North Carolina Asbestos Textile Workers. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2009; 66(8): 535-42. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Loomis D, Dement JM, Wolf SH, Richardson DB. Lung Cancer Mortality And Fibre Exposures Among North Carolina Asbestos Textile Workers. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2009; 66(8): 535-42. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Magnani C, Ferrante D, Barone-Adesi F, Bertolotti M, Todesco A, Mirabelli D, Terracini B. Cancer Risk After Cessation Of Asbestos Exposure: A Cohort Study Of Italian Asbestos Cement Workers. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2008; 65(3): 164-70. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Mamo C, Costa G. Mortality experience in an historical cohort of chrysotile asbestos textile workers. In: <i>Proceedings from the Global Asbestos Congress; 2004 Nov 19-21; Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan; 2004.</i> as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Mcdonald AD, Fry JS, Woolley AJ, Mcdonald JC. Dust Exposure And Mortality In An American Chrysotile Asbestos Friction Products Plant. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1984; 41(2): 151-7. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Mcdonald JC, Harris JM, Berry G. Sixty Years On: The Price Of Assembling Military Gas Masks In 1940. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2006; 63(12): 852-5. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Mcdonald JC, Liddell FD, Gibbs GW, Eyssen GE, Mcdonald AD. Dust Exposure And Mortality In Chrysotile Mining, 1910-75. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1980; 37(1): 11-24. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Newhouse ML, Sullivan KR. A Mortality Study Of Workers Manufacturing Friction Materials: 1941-86. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1989; 46(3): 176-9. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Peto J, Doll R, Hermon C, Binns W, Clayton R, Goffe T. Relationship Of Mortality To Measures Of Environmental Asbestos Pollution In An Asbestos Textile Factory. <i>Ann Occup Hyg.</i> 1985; 29(3): 305-55. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Pira E, Pelucchi C, Buffoni L, Palmas A, Turbiglio M, Negri E, Piolatto PG, La Vecchia C. Cancer mortality in a cohort of asbestos textile workers. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2005; 92(3): 580-6. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Pira E, Pelucchi C, Piolatto PG, Negri E, Bilei T, La-Vecchia C. Mortality From Cancer And Other Causes In The Balangero Cohort Of Chrysotile Asbestos Miners. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2009; 66(12): 805-9. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Pira E, Pelucchi C, Piolatto PG, Negri E, Discalzi G, La Vecchia C. First and subsequent asbestos exposures in relation to mesothelioma and lung cancer mortality. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2007; 97(9): 1300-4. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Rake C, Gilham C, Hatch J, Darnton A, Hodgson J, Peto J. Occupational, domestic and environmental mesothelioma risks in the British population: a case-control study. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2009; 100(7): 1175-83.

<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Reid A, Segal A, Heyworth JS, De Klerk NH, Musk AW. Gynecologic And Breast Cancers In Women After Exposure To Blue Asbestos At Wittenoom. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2009; 18(1): 140-7. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Rösler JA, Voitowitz HJ, Lange HJ, Voitowitz RH, Ulm K, Rödelisperger K. Mortality rates in a female cohort following asbestos exposure in Germany. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1994; 36(8): 889-93. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Seidman H, Selikoff IJ, Gelb SK. Mortality Experience Of Amosite Asbestos Factory Workers: Dose-Response Relationships 5 To 40 Years After Onset Of Short-Term Work Exposure. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1986; 10(5-6): 479-514. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Selikoff IJ, Seidman H. Asbestos-Associated Deaths Among Insulation Workers In The United States And Canada, 1967-1987. <i>Ann N Y Acad Sci.</i> 1991; 1-14. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Sullivan PA. Vermiculite, Respiratory Disease, And Asbestos Exposure In Libby, Montana: Update Of A Cohort Mortality Study. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2007; 115(4): 579-85. as it appears in Lenters V, Vermeulen R, Dogger S, Stayner L, Portengen L, Burdorf A, Heederik D. A meta-analysis of asbestos and lung cancer: is better quality exposure assessment associated with steeper slopes of the exposure-response relationships?. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(11): 1547-55.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Szeszenia-Dabrowska N, Urszula W, Szymczak W, Strzelecka A. Mortality study of workers compensated for asbestosis in Poland, 1970-1997. <i>Int J Occup Med Environ Health.</i> 2002; 15(3): 267-78. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Tarchi M, Orsi D, Comba P, De-Santis M, Pirastu R, Battista G, Valiani M. Cohort Mortality Study Of Rock Salt Workers In Italy. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1994; 25(2): 251-6. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to asbestos	Wilczyńska U, Szymczak W, Szeszenia-Dabrowska N. Mortality from malignant neoplasms among workers of an asbestos processing plant in Poland: results of prolonged observation. <i>Int J Occup Med Environ Health.</i> 2005; 18(4): 313-26. as it appears in Camargo MC, Stayner LT, Straif K, Reina M, Al-Alem U, Demers PA, Landrigan PJ. Occupational exposure to asbestos and ovarian cancer: a meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2011; 119(9): 1211-7.
Occupational exposure to arsenic	Lee-Feldstein A. Cumulative exposure to arsenic and its relationship to respiratory cancer among copper smelter employees. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1986; 28(4): 296-302.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Bloemen LJ, Youk A, Bradley TD, Bodner KM, Marsh G. Lymphohaematopoietic cancer risk among chemical workers exposed to benzene. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2004; 61(3): 270-4. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health.</i> 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Collins JJ, Ireland B, Buckley CF, Shepperly D. Lymphohaematopoeitic cancer mortality among workers with benzene exposure. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2003; 60(9): 676-9. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health.</i> 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Consonni D, Pesatori AC, Tironi A, Bernucci I, Zocchetti C, Bertazzi PA. Mortality study in an Italian oil refinery: extension of the follow-up. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1999; 35(3): 287-94. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health.</i> 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Costantini AS, Benvenuti A, Vineis P, Kriebel D, Tumino R, Ramazzotti V, Rodella S, Stagnaro E, Crosignani P, Amadori D, Mirabelli D, Sommani L, Belletti I, Troschel L, Romeo L, Miceli G, Tozzi GA, Mendico I, Maltoni SA, Miligi L. Risk of leukemia and multiple myeloma associated with exposure to benzene and other organic solvents: evidence from the Italian Multicenter Case-control study. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 2008; 51(11): 803-11. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health.</i> 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Glass DC, Gray CN, Jolley DJ, Gibbons C, Sim MR, Fritschi L, Adams GG, Bisby JA, Manuell R. Leukemia risk associated with low-level benzene exposure. <i>Epidemiology.</i> 2003; 14(5): 569-77. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health.</i> 2010; 31.



<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Occupational exposure to benzene	Hayes RB, Yin SN, Dosemeci M, Li GL, Wacholder S, Travis LB, Li CY, Rothman N, Hoover RN, Linet MS. Benzene and the dose-related incidence of hematologic neoplasms in China. J Natl Cancer Inst. 1997; 89(14): 1065-71. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Ireland B, Collins JJ, Buckley CF, Riordan SG. Cancer mortality among workers with benzene exposure. Epidemiology. 1997; 8(3): 318-20. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Järnholm B, Mellblom B, Norrman R, Nilsson R, Nordlinder R. Cancer incidence of workers in the Swedish petroleum industry. Occup Environ Med. 1997; 54(9): 686-91. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Kirkeleit J, Riise T, Bråtevit M, Moen BE. Increased risk of acute myelogenous leukemia and multiple myeloma in a historical cohort of upstream petroleum workers exposed to crude oil. Cancer Causes Control. 2008; 19(1): 13-23. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Richardson DB. Temporal variation in the association between benzene and leukemia mortality. Environ Health Perspect. 2008; 116(3): 370-4. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Rinsky RA, Hornung RW, Silver SR, Tseng CY. Benzene exposure and hematopoietic mortality: A long-term epidemiologic risk assessment. Am J Ind Med. 2002; 42(6): 474-80. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Rushton L, Romaniuk H. A case-control study to investigate the risk of leukaemia associated with exposure to benzene in petroleum marketing and distribution workers in the United Kingdom. Occup Environ Med. 1997; 54(3): 152-66. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Schnatter AR, Armstrong TW, Nicolich MJ, Thompson FS, Katz AM, Huebner WW, Pearlman ED. Lymphohaematopoietic malignancies and quantitative estimates of exposure to benzene in Canadian petroleum distribution workers. Occup Environ Med. 1996; 53(11): 773-81. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Seniori Costantini A, Quinn M, Consonni D, Zappa M. Exposure to benzene and risk of leukemia among shoe factory workers. Scand J Work Environ Health. 2003; 29(1): 51-9. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Sorahan T, Kinlen LJ, Doll R. Cancer risks in a historical UK cohort of benzene exposed workers. Occup Environ Med. 2005; 62(4): 231-6. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to benzene	Sorahan T. Mortality of UK oil refinery petroleum distribution workers, 1951-2003. Occup Med (Lond). 2007; 57(3): 177-85. as it appears in Khalade A, Jaakkola MS, Pukkala E, Jaakkola JJK. Exposure to benzene at work and the risk of leukemia: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Environ Health. 2010; 31.
Occupational exposure to beryllium	Schubauer-Berigan MK, Deddens JA, Couch JR, Petersen MR. Risk of lung cancer associated with quantitative beryllium exposure metrics within an occupational cohort. Occup Environ Med. 2011; 68(5): 354-60.
Occupational exposure to cadmium	Verougstraete V, Lison D, Hotz P. Cadmium, Lung and Prostate Cancer: A Systematic Review of Recent Epidemiological Data. J Toxicol Environ Health B Crit Rev. 2003; 6(3): 227-55.
Occupational exposure to chromium	Cole P, Rodu B. Epidemiologic studies of chrome and cancer mortality: a series of meta-analyses. Regul Toxicol Pharmacol. 2005; 43(3): 225-31.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Boffetta P, Agudo A, Ahrens W, Benhamou E, Benhamou S, Darby SC, Ferro G, Fortes C, Gonzalez CA, Jöckel KH, Krauss M, Kreienbrock L, Kreuzer M, Mendes A, Merletti F, Nyberg F, Pershagen G, Pohlabein H, Riboli E, Schmid G, Simonato L, Trédaniel J, Whitley E, Wichmann HE, Winck C, Zambon P, Saracci R. Multicenter case-control study of exposure to environmental tobacco smoke and lung cancer in Europe. J Natl Cancer Inst. 1998; 90(19): 1440-50. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. Am J Public Health. 2007; 97(3): 545-51.





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Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Wang L, Lubin JH, Zhang SR, Metayer C, Xia Y, Brenner A, Shang B, Wang Z, Kleinerman RA. Lung cancer and environmental tobacco smoke in a non-industrial area of China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2000; 88(1): 139-45. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Wang TJ, Zhou BS, Shi JP. Lung cancer in nonsmoking Chinese women: a case-control study. Paper presented at: International Symposium on Lifestyle Factors and Human Lung Cancer; Guangzhou, China; December 12-16, 1994.&nbsp; Lung Cancer. 1996; 14: S93-8. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Wu AH, Henderson BE, Pike MC, Yu MC. Smoking and other risk factors for lung cancer in women. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 1985; 74(4): 747-51. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Wu-Williams AH, Dai XD, Blot W, Xu ZY, Sun XW, Xiao HP, Stone BJ, Yu SF, Feng YP, Ershow AG. Lung cancer among women in north-east China. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 1990; 62(6): 982-7. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Zaridze D, Maximovitch D, Zemlyanaya G, Aitakov ZN, Boffetta P. Exposure to environmental tobacco smoke and risk of lung cancer in non-smoking women from Moscow, Russia. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 1998; 75(3): 335-8. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to second hand smoke	Zhong L, Goldberg MS, Gao YT, Jin F. A case-control study of lung cancer and environmental tobacco smoke among nonsmoking women living in Shanghai, China. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1999; 10(6): 607-16. as it appears in Stayner L, Bena J, Sasco AJ, Smith R, Steenland K, Kreuzer M, Straif K. Lung cancer risk and workplace exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2007; 97(3): 545-51.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Andjelkovich DA, Janszen DB, Brown MH, Richardson RB, Miller FJ. Mortality Of Iron Foundry Workers: Iv. Analysis Of A Subcohort Exposed To Formaldehyde. <i>J Occup Environ Med</i> . 1995; 37(7): 826-37. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Coggon D, Harris EC, Poole J, Palmer KT. Extended Follow-Up Of A Cohort Of British Chemical Workers Exposed To Formaldehyde. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 2003; 95(21): 1608-15. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Dell L, Teta MJ. Mortality Among Workers At A Plastics Manufacturing And Research And Development Facility: 1946-1988. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> . 1988; 28(3): 373-84. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
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Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Hall A, Harrington JM, Aw TC. Mortality Study Of British Pathologists. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> . 1991; 20(1): 83-9. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Hansen J, Ølsen JRH. Formaldehyde And Cancer Morbidity Among Male Employees In Denmark. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1995; 6(4): 354-60. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Harrington JM, Oakes D. Mortality Study Of British Pathologists 1974-80. <i>Br J Ind Med</i> . 1974; 41(2): 188-91. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Harrington JM, Shannon HS. Mortality Study Of Pathologists And Medical Laboratory Technicians. <i>Br Med J</i> . 1975; 4(5992): 329-32. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Hauptmann M, Lubin JH, Stewart PA, Hayes RB, Blair A. Mortality from solid cancers among workers in formaldehyde industries. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2004; 159(12): 1117-30.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Hauptmann M. Mortality From Lymphohematopoietic Malignancies Among Workers In Formaldehyde Industries. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 2003; 95(21): 1615-23. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Hayes RB, Blair A, Stewart PA, Herrick RF, Mahar H. Mortality Of U.S. Embalmers And Funeral Directors. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> . 1990; 18(6): 641-52. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol</i> . 2004; 40(2): 81-91.

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Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Levine RJ, Andjelkovich DA, Shaw LK. The Mortality Of Ontario Undertakers And A Review Of Formaldehyde-Related Mortality Studies. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1984; 26(10): 740-6. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Linoss A, Kyle RA, O'Fallon WM, Kurland LT. A Case-Control Study Of Occupational Exposures And Leukaemia. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 1980; 9(2): 131-6. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Matanoski GM. Risk of Pathologists Exposed to Formaldehyde [NTIS/PB91-173682]. Springfield, VA: National Technical Information Service, 1991. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
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Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Pinkerton LE. Mortality Among A Cohort Of Garment Workers Exposed To Formaldehyde: An Update. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2004; 61(3): 193-200. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Walrath J, Fraumeni JF. Cancer and other causes of death among embalmers. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 1984; 44(10): 4638-41. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to formaldehyde	Walrath J, Fraumeni JF. Mortality Patterns Among Embalmers. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 1983; 31(4): 407-11. as it appears in Collins JJ, Lineker GA. A review and meta-analysis of formaldehyde exposure and leukemia. <i>Regul Toxicol Pharmacol.</i> 2004; 40(2): 81-91.
Occupational exposure to nickel	Grimsrud TK, Berge SR, Haldorsen T, Andersen A. Can lung cancer risk among nickel refinery workers be explained by occupational exposures other than nickel?. <i>Epidemiology.</i> 2005; 16(2): 146-54.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Armstrong B, Tremblay C, Baris D, Thériault G. Lung cancer mortality and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons: a case-cohort study of aluminum production workers in Arvida, Quebec, Canada. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1994; 139(3): 250-62. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Berger J, Manz A. Cancer Of The Stomach And The Colon-Rectum Among Workers In A Coke Gas Plant. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1992; 22(6): 825-34. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Buck C, Reid DD. Cancer In Coking Plant Workers. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1956; 13(4): 265-9. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Bye T, Romundstad PR, Ronneberg A, Hilt B. Health Survey Of Former Workers In A Norwegian Coke Plant: Part 2. Cancer Incidence And Cause Specific Mortality. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 1998; 55(9): 622-6. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Cammarano G, Crosignani P, Berrino H, Berra G. Additional Follow-Up Of Cancer Mortality Among Workers In A Thermoelectric Power Plant. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1986; 12(6): 631-2. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Chau N, Bertrand JP, Mur JM, Figueredo A, Patris A, Moulin JJ, Pham QT. Mortality In Retired Coke Oven Plant Workers. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1993; 50(2): 127-35. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Costantino JP, Redmond CK, Bearden A. Occupationally Related Cancer Risk Among Coke Oven Workers: 30 Years Of Follow-Up. <i>J Occup Environ Med.</i> 1995; 37(5): 597-604. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Doll R, Vessey MP, Beasley RWR, Buckley AR, Fear EC, Fisher REW, Gammon EJ, Gunn W, Hughes GO, Lee K, Norman-Smith B. Mortality Of Gasworkers--Final Report Of A Prospective Study. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1972; 29(4): 394-406. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.



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Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Donato F, Monarca S, Marchionna G, Rossi A, Cicioni C, Chiesa R, Colin D, Boffetta P. Mortality From Cancer And Chronic Respiratory Diseases Among Workers Who Manufacture Carbon Electrodes. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 2000; 57(7): 484-7. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Evanoff BA, Gustavsson P, Hogstedt C. Mortality And Incidence Of Cancer In A Cohort Of Swedish Chimney Sweeps: An Extended Follow Up Study. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1993; 50(5): 450-9. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Forastiere F, Pupp N, Magliola E, Valesini S, Tidei F, Perucci CA. Respiratory Cancer Mortality Among Workers Employed In Thermoelectric Power Plants. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1989; 15(6): 383-6. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Franco F, Chellini E, Seniori Costantini A, Gioia A, Carra G, Paolinelli F, Martelli C, Vigotti M. Mortality in the coke oven plant of Carrara, Italy. <i>Med Lav .</i> 1993; 84(6): 443-7. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Gustavsson P, Reuterwall C. Mortality And Incidence Of Cancer Among Swedish Gas Workers. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1990; 47(3): 169-74. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Hammond EC, Selikoff IJ, Lawther PL, Seidman H. Inhalation Of Benzpyrene And Cancer In Man. <i>Ann N Y Acad Sci.</i> 1976; 271(1): 116-24. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Hansen ES. Cancer Incidence In An Occupational Cohort Exposed To Bitumen Fumes. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1989; 15(2): 101-5. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Hansen ES. Mortality from cancer and ischemic heart disease in Danish chimney sweeps: a five-year follow-up.. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1983; 117(2): 160-4. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Hansen ES. Mortality Of Mastic Asphalt Workers. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1991; 17(1): 20-4. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Hurley JF, Archibald RM, Collings PL, Fanning DM, Jacobsen M, Steele RC. The Mortality Of Coke Workers In Britain. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1983; 4(6): 691-704. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Liu N, Wang Z, Dong D, Chen K, Qin L. Cancer Mortality Among Carbon Workers In China: Retrospective Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health.</i> 1997; 39(4): 325-30. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Milham S. Mortality in aluminum reduction plant workers. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1979; 21(7): 475-80. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Moulin J, Wild P, Mur JM, Lafontaine M, Lefer M, Mercier-Gallay M, Villemot P, Whebi V, Coulon JP. Risk Of Lung, Larynx, Pharynx And Buccal Cavity Cancers Among Carbon Electrode Manufacturing Workers. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 1989; 15(1): 30-7. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Moulin JJ, Clavel T, Buclez B, Laffitte-Rigaud G. A Mortality Study Among Workers In A French Aluminium Reduction Plant. <i>Int Arch Occup Environ Health.</i> 2000; 73(5): 323-30. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Mur JM, Moulin JJ, Meyer-Bisch C, Massin N, Coulon JP, Loulergue J. Mortality Of Aluminium Reduction Plant Workers In France. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 1987; 16(2): 257-64. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.



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Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Petrelli G, Menniti-Ippolito F, Taroni F, Raschetti R, Magarotto G. A Retrospective Cohort Mortality Study On Workers Of Two Thermoelectric Power Plants: Fourteen-Year Follow-Up Results. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 1989; 5(1): 87-9. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Robertson JM, Inman KJ. Mortality in carbon black workers in the United States. <i>J Occup Environ Med.</i> 1996; 38(6): 569-70. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Rockette HE, Arena VC. Mortality studies of aluminum reduction plant workers: potroom and carbon department. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1983; 25(7): 549-57. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Romundstad P, Andersen S, Haldorsen T. Cancer Incidence Among Workers In Six Norwegian Aluminum Plants. <i>Scand J Work Environ Health.</i> 2000; 26(6): 461-9. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Sakabe H, Tsuchiya K, Takekura N, Nomura S, Koshi S, Takemoto K, Matsushita H, Matsuo Y. Lung Cancer Among Coke Oven Workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 1975; 13(1-2): 57-68. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Sorahan T, Hamilton L, Van-Tongeren M, Gardiner K, Harrington JM. A Cohort Mortality Study Of U.K. Carbon Black Workers, 1951-1996. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 2001; 39(2): 158-70. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Spinelli JJ, Band PR, Svirchev LM, Gailagher RP. Mortality And Cancer Incidence In Aluminum Reduction Plant Workers. <i>J Occup Med.</i> 1991; 33(11): 1150-5. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Swaen GM, Slangen JJ, Volovics A, Hayes RB, Scheffers T, Sturmans F. Mortality Of Coke Plant Workers In The Netherlands. <i>Br J Ind Med.</i> 1991; 48(2): 130-5. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Swaen GMH, Slangen JMM. Mortality In A Group Of Tar Distillery Workers And Roofers. <i>Int Arch Environ Health.</i> 1997; 70(2): 133-7. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	Xu Z, Brown LM, Pan GW, Liu TF, Gao GS, Stone BJ, Cao RM, Guan DX, Sheng JH, Yan ZS, Dosemeci M, Fraumeni JF, Blot WJ. Cancer Risks Among Iron And Steel Workers In Anshan, China, Part II: Case-Control Studies Of Lung And Stomach Cancer. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1996; 30(1): 7-15. as it appears in Armstrong B, Hutchinson E, Unwin J, Fletcher T. Lung cancer risk after exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons: a review and meta-analysis. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 2004; 112(9): 970-8.
Occupational exposure to silica	Checkoway H, Hughes JM, Weill H, Seixas NS, Demers PA. Crystalline Silica Exposure, Radiological Silicosis, And Lung Cancer Mortality In Diatomaceous Earth Industry Workers. <i>Thorax.</i> 1999; 54(1): 56-9. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Cherry NM, Burgess GL, Turner S, McDonald JC. Crystalline Silica And Risk Of Lung Cancer In The Potteries. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 1998; 55(11): 779-85. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Cocco PL, Carta P, Belli S, Picchiri GF, Flore MV. Mortality Of Sardinian Lead And Zinc Miners: 1960-88. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 1960; 51(10): 674-82. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Costello J, Castellan RM, Swecker GS, Kullman GJ. Mortality Of A Cohort Of U.S. Workers Employed In The Crushed Stone Industry, 1940-1980. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1980; 27(5): 625-40. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Costello J, Graham WGB. Vermont Granite Workers' Mortality Study. <i>Am J Ind Med.</i> 1988; 13(4): 483-97. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	de Klerk NH, Musk AW. Silica, Compensated Silicosis, And Lung Cancer In Western Australian Goldminers. <i>Occup Environ Med.</i> 1998; 55(4): 243-8. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. <i>Ind Health.</i> 2004; 42(3): 303-14.

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Occupational exposure to silica	Dong D, Xu G, Sun Y, Hu P. Lung cancer among workers exposed to silica dust in Chinese refractory plants. Scand J Work Environ Health. 1995; 69-72. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. Ind Health. 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Guenel P, Hojberg G, Lynge E. Cancer Incidence Among Danish Stone Workers. Scand J Work Environ Health. 1989; 15(4): 265-70. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. Ind Health. 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. Ind Health. 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Mcdonald AD. Cohort Mortality Study Of North American Industrial Sand Workers. I. Mortality From Lung Cancer, Silicosis And Other Causes. Ann Occup Hyg. 2001; 45(3): 193-9. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. Ind Health. 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
Occupational exposure to silica	Mehnert WH, Staneczek W, Möhner M, Konetzke G, Müller W, Ahlendorf W, Beck B, Winkelmann R, Simonato L. A mortality study of a cohort of slate quarry workers in the German Democratic Republic. IARC Sci Publ. 1990; 55-64. as it appears in Kurihara N, Wada O. Silicosis and smoking strongly increase lung cancer risk in silica-exposed workers. Ind Health. 2004; 42(3): 303-14.
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Occupational exposure to asthmagens	Kogevinas M, Antó JM, Sunyer J, Tobias A, Kromhout H, Burney P. Occupational asthma in Europe and other industrialised areas: a population-based study. European Community Respiratory Health Survey Study Group. Lancet. 1999; 353(9166): 1750-4.
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<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Occupational exposure to particulate matter, gases and fumes	Weinmann S, Vollmer WM, Breen V, Heumann M, Hnizdo E, Villnave J, Doney B, Graziani M, McBurnie MA, Buist AS. COPD and occupational exposures: a case-control study. <i>Int J Occup Environ Med</i> . 2008; 50(5): 561-9.
Occupational noise	Agrawal Y, Platz EA, Niparko JK. Prevalence of hearing loss and differences by demographic characteristics among US adults: data from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1999-2004. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2008; 168(14): 1522-30.
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Occupational noise	Nelson DI, Nelson RY, Concha-Barrientos M, Fingerhut M. The global burden of occupational noise-induced hearing loss. <i>Am J Ind Med</i> . 2005; 48(6): 446-58.
Occupational noise	Wilson DH, Walsh PG, Sanchez L, Davis AC, Taylor AW, Tucker G, Meagher I. The epidemiology of hearing impairment in an Australian adult population. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1999; 28(2): 247-52.
Occupational ergonomic factors	Driscoll T, Jacklyn G, Orchard J, Passmore E, Vos T, Freedman G, Lim S, Punnett L. The global burden of occupationally related low back pain: estimates from the Global Burden of Disease 2010 study. <i>Ann Rheum Dis</i> . 2014; 73(6): 975-81.
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Suboptimal breastfeeding	Arifeen S, Black RE, Antelman G, Baqui A, Caulfield L, Becker S. Exclusive breastfeeding reduces acute respiratory infection and diarrhea deaths among infants in Dhaka slums. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2001; 108(4): E67. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Bahl R, Frost C, Kirkwood BR, Edmond K, Martinez J, Bhandari N, Arthur P. Infant feeding patterns and risks of death and hospitalization in the first half of infancy: multicentre cohort study. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 2005; 83(6): 418-26. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Bahl R, Frost C, Kirkwood BR, Edmond K, Martinez J, Bhandari N, Arthur P. Infant feeding patterns and risks of death and hospitalization in the first half of infancy: multicentre cohort study. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 2005; 83(6): 418-26. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Briend A, Wojtyniak B, Rowland MGM. Breast feeding, nutritional state, and child survival in rural Bangladesh. <i>Br Med J (Clin Res Ed)</i> . 1988; 296(6626): 879-82. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Briend A, Wojtyniak B, Rowland MGM. Breast feeding, nutritional state, and child survival in rural Bangladesh. <i>Br Med J (Clin Res Ed)</i> . 1988; 296(6626): 879-82. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Briend A, Wojtyniak B, Rowland MGM. Breast feeding, nutritional state, and child survival in rural Bangladesh. <i>Br Med J (Clin Res Ed)</i> . 1988; 296(6626): 879-82. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
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Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Edmond KM, Zandoh C, Quigley MA, Amenga-Etego S, Owusu-Agyei S, Kirkwood BR. Delayed breastfeeding initiation increases risk of neonatal mortality. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2006; 117(3): e380-6. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
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Suboptimal breastfeeding	Kumar V, Kumar L, Diwedi P. Morbidity related to feeding pattern in privileged urban and under privileged rural infants. <i>Indian Pediatr</i> . 1981; 18(10): 743-9. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	López-Alarcón M, Villalpando S, Fajardo A. Breast-feeding lowers the frequency and duration of acute respiratory infection and diarrhea in infants under six months of age. <i>J Nutr</i> . 1997; 127(3): 436-43. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Macías-Carrillo C, Franco-Marina F, Long-Dunlap K, Hernández-Gaytán SI, Martínez-López Y, López-Cervantes M. [Breast feeding and the incidence of acute diarrhea during the first three months of life]. <i>Salud Publica Mex</i> . 2005; 47(1): 49-57. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
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Suboptimal breastfeeding	Mihrshahi S, Oddy WH, Peat JK, Kabir I. Association between infant feeding patterns and diarrhoeal and respiratory illness: a cohort study in Chittagong, Bangladesh. <i>International Breastfeeding Journal</i> . 2008; 28. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Mølbaek K, Gottschau A, Aaby P, Højlyng N, Ingholt L, da Silva AP. Prolonged breast feeding, diarrhoeal disease, and survival of children in Guinea-Bissau. <i>Br Med J</i> . 1994; 308(6941): 1403-6. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
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Suboptimal breastfeeding	Popkin BM, Adair L, Akin JS, Black R, Briscoe J, Flieger W. Breast-feeding and diarrheal morbidity. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 1990; 86(6): 874-82. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Victora CG, Smith PG, Barros FC, Vaughan JP, Fuchs SC. Risk factors for deaths due to respiratory infections among Brazilian infants. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1989; 18(4): 918-25. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Victora CG, Smith PG, Vaughan JP, Nobre LC, Lombardi C, Teixeira AM, Fuchs SM, Moreira LB, Gigante LP, Barros FC. Evidence for protection by breast-feeding against infant deaths from infectious diseases in Brazil. <i>Lancet</i> . 1987; 2(8554): 319-22. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Victora CG, Smith PG, Vaughan JP, Nobre LC, Lombardi C, Teixeira AM, Fuchs SM, Moreira LB, Gigante LP, Barros FC. Evidence for protection by breast-feeding against infant deaths from infectious diseases in Brazil. <i>Lancet</i> . 1987; 2(8554): 319-22. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Vieira GO, Silva LR, de O Vieira T. [Child feeding and diarrhea morbidity]. <i>J Pediatr (Rio J)</i> . 2003; 79(5): 449-54. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Yoon PW, Black RE, Moulton LH, Becker S. Effect of not breastfeeding on the risk of diarrheal and respiratory mortality in children under 2 years of age in Metro Cebu, The Philippines. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1996; 143(11): 1142-8. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Fischer Walker CL, Noiman A, Victora C, Black RE. Breastfeeding and the risk for diarrhea morbidity and mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S15.
Suboptimal breastfeeding	Yoon PW, Black RE, Moulton LH, Becker S. Effect of not breastfeeding on the risk of diarrheal and respiratory mortality in children under 2 years of age in Metro Cebu, The Philippines. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1996; 143(11): 1142-8. as it appears in Lamberti LM, Zakarija-Grković I, Fischer Walker CL, Theodoratou E, Nair H, Campbell H, Black RE. Breastfeeding for reducing the risk of pneumonia morbidity and mortality in children under two: a systematic literature review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2013; S18.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Adair L, Popkin BM, VanDerslice J, Akin J, Guilkey D, Black R, Briscoe J, Flieger W. Growth dynamics during the first two years of life: a prospective study in the Philippines. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 1993; 47(1): 42-51. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Arifeen S, Black RE, Antelman G, Baqui A, Caulfield L, Becker S. Exclusive breastfeeding reduces acute respiratory infection and diarrhea deaths among infants in Dhaka slums. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2001; 108(4): E67. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Fawzi WW, Herrera MG, Spiegelman DL, Amin A el, Nestel P, Mohamed KA. A prospective study of malnutrition in relation to child mortality in the Sudan. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1997; 65(4): 1062-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Katz J, West KP, Tarwotjo I, Sommer A. The importance of age in evaluating anthropometric indices for predicting mortality. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1989; 130(6): 1219-26. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Mølbak K, Aaby P, Ingholt L, Højlyng N, Gottschau A, Andersen H, Brink L, Gansted U, Permin A, Vollmer A. Persistent and acute diarrhoea as the leading causes of child mortality in urban Guinea Bissau. <i>Trans R Soc Trop Med Hyg</i> . 1992; 86(2): 216-20. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Randomised trial to assess benefits and safety of vitamin A supplementation linked to immunisation in early infancy. WHO/CHD Immunisation-Linked Vitamin A Supplementation Study Group. <i>Lancet</i> . 1998; 352(9136): 1257-63. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	Risques de décès associés à différents états nutritionnels chez l'enfant d'âge préscolaire: Étude réalisée à Niakhar (Sénégal), 1983-1986 as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Childhood underweight, wasting, stunting	West Jr KP, Katz J, LeClerq SC, Pradhan EK, Tielsch JM, Sommer A, Pokhrel RP, Khatry SK, Shrestha SR, Pandey MR. Efficacy of vitamin A in reducing preschool child mortality in Nepal. <i>Lancet</i> . 1991; 338(8759): 67-71. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
Iron deficiency	Adisasmita A, Deviany PE, Nandiaty F, Stanton C, Ronsmans C. Obstetric near miss and deaths in public and private hospitals in Indonesia. <i>BMC Pregnancy Childbirth</i> . 2008; 8(10): 10. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Aimakhu CO, Olayemi O. Maternal haematocrit and pregnancy outcome in Nigerian women. <i>West Afr J Med</i> . 2003; 22(1): 18-21. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Akman M, Cebeci D, Okur V, Angin H, Abali O, Akman AC. The effects of iron deficiency on infants' developmental test performance. <i>Acta Paediatr</i> . 2004; 93(10): 1391-6. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Allen SJ, O'Donnell A, Alexander ND, Clegg JB. Severe malaria in children in Papua New Guinea. <i>QJM</i> . 1996; 89(10): 779-88. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Bachou H, Tumwine JK, Mwadime RKN, Tylleskär T. Risk factors in hospital deaths in severely malnourished children in Kampala, Uganda. <i>BMC Pediatr</i> . 2006; 6: 7. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Cantwell R, Cleveland W. The long term neurological sequelae of anaemia in infancy. <i>Pediatr Res</i> . 1974; 342. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	De Andraca I, Walter T, Castillo M, Pino P, Rivera P and Cobo C. Iron deficiency anaemia and its effects upon psychological development at preschool age: a longitudinal study. In: <i>Nestle Foundation Annual Report</i> . Lausanne, Switzerland: Nestlé Foundation, 1990. p. 53–62. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Geelhoed D, Agadzi F, Visser L, Ablordeppey E, Asare K, O'Rourke P, Van Leeuwen JS, Van Roosmalen J. Maternal and fetal outcome after severe anemia in pregnancy in rural Ghana. <i>Acta Obstet Gynecol Scand</i> . 2006; 85(1): 49-55. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Gonzales GF, Steenland K, Tapia V. Maternal hemoglobin level and fetal outcome at low and high altitudes. <i>Am J Physiol Regul Integr Comp Physiol</i> . 2009; 297(5): R1477-1485. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Harrison K. Maternal mortality in anaemia in pregnancy. <i>W Afr Med J</i> . 1975; 27–31. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Harrison KA. Anaemia, malaria and sickle cell disease. <i>Clin Obstet Gynaecol</i> . 1982; 9(3): 445–77. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Jehan I, McClure EM, Salat S, Rizvi S, Pasha O, Harris H, Moss N, Goldenberg RL. Stillbirths in an urban community in Pakistan. <i>Am J Obstet Gynecol</i> . 2007; 197(3): 257.e1-8 as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Iron deficiency	Kidanto HL, Mogren I, Lindmark G, Massawe S, Nystrom L. Risks for preterm delivery and low birth weight are independently increased by severity of maternal anaemia. S Afr Med J. 2009; 99(2): 98-102. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Konar M, Sikdar K, Basak S, Lahiri D. Maternal mortality (ten years' survey in Eden Hospital). J Indian Med Assoc. 1980; 75(3): 45-51. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Lackritz EM, Campbell CC, Ruebush TK, Hightower AW, Wakube W, Steketee RW, Were JB. Effect of blood transfusion on survival among children in a Kenyan hospital. Lancet. 1992; 340(8818): 524-8. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Lackritz EM, Hightower AW, Zucker JR, Ruebush TK, Onudi CO, Steketee RW, Were JB, Patrick E, Campbell CC. Longitudinal evaluation of severely anemic children in Kenya: the effect of transfusion on mortality and hematologic recovery. AIDS. 1997; 11(12): 1487-94. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Little MP, Brocard P, Elliott P, Steer PJ. Hemoglobin concentration in pregnancy and perinatal mortality: a London-based cohort study. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 2005; 193(1): 220-6. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Llewellyn-Jones D. Severe anaemia in pregnancy (as seen in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia). Aust N Z J Obstet Gynaecol. 1965; 5(4): 191-7. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Lone FW, Qureshi RN, Emmanuel F. Maternal anaemia and its impact on perinatal outcome in a tertiary care hospital in Pakistan. East Mediterr Health J. 2004; 10(6): 801-7. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Lozoff B, Jimenez E, Wolf AW. Long-term developmental outcome of infants with iron deficiency. N Engl J Med. 1991; 325(10): 687-94. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Mabeza GF, Biemba G, Brennan AG, Moyo VM, Thuma PE, Gordeuk VR. The association of pallor with haemoglobin concentration and mortality in severe malaria. Ann Trop Med Parasitol. 1998; 92(6): 663-9. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Macgregor M. Maternal anaemia as a factor in prematurity and perinatal mortality. Scott Med J. 1963; 8(4): 134-40. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Malhotra M, Sharma JB, Batra S, Sharma S, Murthy NS, Arora R. Maternal and perinatal outcome in varying degrees of anemia. Int J Gynaecol Obstet. 2002; 79(2): 93-100. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Mamun AA, Padmadas SS, Khatun M. Maternal health during pregnancy and perinatal mortality in Bangladesh: evidence from a large-scale community-based clinical trial. Paediatr Perinat Epidemiol. 2006; 20(6): 482-90. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Mola G, Permezel M, Amoa AB, Klufio CA. Anaemia and perinatal outcome in Port Moresby. Aust N Z J Obstet Gynaecol. 1999; 39(1): 31-4. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency. Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Iron deficiency	Murphy JF, O’Riordan J, Newcombe RG, Coles EC, Pearson JF. Relation of haemoglobin levels in first and second trimesters to outcome of pregnancy. <i>Lancet</i> . 1986; 1(8488): 992–5. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Newton CR, Warn PA, Winstanley PA, Peshu N, Snow RW, Pasvol G, Marsh K. Severe anaemia in children living in a malaria endemic area of Kenya. <i>Trop Med Int Health</i> . 1997; 2(2): 165-78. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Palti H, Pevsner B, Adler B. Does anemia in infancy affect achievement on developmental and intelligence tests?. <i>Hum Biol</i> . 1983; 55(1): 183-94. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Rossiter C. Maternal mortality. <i>BJOG</i> . 1985; 92(5): 100-15. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Sarin A. Severe anemia of pregnancy, recent experience. <i>Int J Gynaecol Obstet</i> . 1995; 50(Suppl 2): 45-49. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Schellenberg D, Menendez C, Kahigwa E, Font F, Galindo C, Acosta C, Schellenberg JA, Aponte JJ, Kimario J, Urassa H, Mshinda H, Tanner M, Alonso P. African children with malaria in an area of intense <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> transmission: features on admission to the hospital and risk factors for death. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 1999; 61(3): 431-8. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Sherriff A, Emond A, Bell JC, Golding J, ALSPAC Study Team. Should infants be screened for anaemia? A prospective study investigating the relation between haemoglobin at 8, 12, and 18 months and development at 18 months. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> . 2001; 84(6): 480-5. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Stephansson O, Dickman PW, Johansson A, Cnattingius S. Maternal hemoglobin concentration during pregnancy and risk of stillbirth. <i>JAMA</i> . 2000; 284(20): 2611-7. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Villamor E, Misegades L, Fataki MR, Mbise RL, Fawzi WW. Child mortality in relation to HIV infection, nutritional status, and socio-economic background. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2005; 34(1): 61-8. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Wasserman G, Graziano JH, Factor-Litvak P, Popovac D, Morina N, Musabegovic A, Vrenezi N, Capuni-Paracka S, Lekic V, Preteni-Redjepi E. Independent effects of lead exposure and iron deficiency anemia on developmental outcome at age 2 years. <i>J Pediatr</i> . 1992; 121(5 Pt 1): 695-703. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Weiner R, Ronsmans C, Dorman E, Jilo H, Muhoro A, Shulman C. Labour complications remain the most important risk factors for perinatal mortality in rural Kenya. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 2003; 81(8): 561-6. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Xiong X, Buekens P, Alexander S, Wollast E. The relationship between anemia during pregnancy and birth outcomes. <i>Arch Public Health</i> . 1996; 53(S1): S136. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Yehuda S, Yehuda M. Long lasting effects of infancy iron deficiency--preliminary results. <i>J Neural Transm Suppl</i> . 2006; 197-200.. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency</i> . Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.



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Iron deficiency	Zhang Q, Ananth CV, Rhoads GG, Li Z. The impact of maternal anemia on perinatal mortality: a population-based, prospective cohort study in China. <i>Ann Epidemiol.</i> 2009; 19(11): 793-9. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency.</i> Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Iron deficiency	Zucker JR, Lackritz EM, Ruebush TK, Hightower AW, Adungosi JE, Were JB, Metchock B, Patrick E, Campbell CC. Childhood mortality during and after hospitalization in western Kenya: effect of malaria treatment regimens. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg.</i> 1996; 55(6): 655-60. as it appears in Murray-Kolb LE, Chen L, Chen P, Shapiro M, Caulfield L. <i>CHERG Iron Report: Maternal Mortality, Child Mortality, Perinatal Mortality, Child Cognition, and Estimates of Prevalence of Anemia due to Iron Deficiency.</i> Baltimore, USA: CHERG, 2012.
Vitamin A deficiency	Agarwal D, Pandey C, Agarwal K. Vitamin A administration and preschool child mortality. <i>Nutr Res.</i> 1995; 15(5): 669-80. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Agarwal D, Pandey C, Agarwal K. Vitamin A administration and preschool child mortality. <i>Nutr Res.</i> 1995; 15(5): 669-80. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Arya S, Chellani H, Pandey J. Evaluation of safety of oral vitamin “A” megadose co-administered with measles vaccination. <i>Indian Pediatr.</i> 2000; 37(12): 1341–7. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Awasthi S, Peto R, Read S, Clark S, Pande V, Bundy D, DEVTA (Deworming and Enhanced Vitamin A) team. Vitamin A supplementation every 6 months with retinol in 1 million pre-school children in north India: DEVTA, a cluster-randomised trial. <i>Lancet.</i> 2013; 381(9876): 1469-77.
Vitamin A deficiency	Bahl R, Kumar R, Bhandari N, Kant S, Srivastava R, Bhan MK. Vitamin A administered with measles vaccine to nine-month-old infants does not reduce vaccine immunogenicity. <i>J Nutr.</i> 1999; 129(8): 1569-73. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Barreto ML, Santos LM, Assis AM, Araújo MP, Farenzena GG, Santos PA, Fiaccone RL. Effect of vitamin A supplementation on diarrhoea and acute lower-respiratory-tract infections in young children in Brazil. <i>Lancet.</i> 1994; 344(8917): 228-31. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Benn CS, Aaby P, Balé C, Olsen J, Michaelsen KF, George E, Whittle H. Randomised trial of effect of vitamin A supplementation on antibody response to measles vaccine in Guinea-Bissau, west Africa. <i>Lancet.</i> 1997; 350(9071): 101–5. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Biswas R, Biswas AB, Manna B, Bhattacharya SK, Dey R, Sarkar S. Effect of vitamin A supplementation on diarrhoea and acute respiratory tract infection in children. A double blind placebo controlled trial in a Calcutta slum community. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 1994; 10(1): 57-61. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Chowdhury S, Kumar R, Ganguly NK, Kumar L, Walia BNS. Effect of vitamin A supplementation on childhood morbidity and mortality. <i>Indian J Med Sci.</i> 2002; 56(6): 259-64. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Chowdhury S, Kumar R, Ganguly NK, Kumar L, Walia BNS. Effect of vitamin A supplementation on childhood morbidity and mortality. <i>Indian J Med Sci.</i> 2002; 56(6): 259-64. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Daulaire NM, Starbuck ES, Houston RM, Church MS, Stukel TA, Pandey MR. Childhood mortality after a high dose of vitamin A in a high risk population. <i>BMJ.</i> 1992; 304(6821): 207-10. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Daulaire NM, Starbuck ES, Houston RM, Church MS, Stukel TA, Pandey MR. Childhood mortality after a high dose of vitamin A in a high risk population. <i>BMJ.</i> 1992; 304(6821): 207-10. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.

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Vitamin A deficiency	Dibley MJ, Sadjimin T, Kjolhede CL, Moulton LH. Vitamin A supplementation fails to reduce incidence of acute respiratory illness and diarrhea in preschool-age Indonesian children. <i>J Nutr.</i> 1996; 126(2): 434-42. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Diness BR, Christoffersen D, Pedersen UB, Rodrigues A, Fischer TK, Andersen A, Whittle H, Yazdanbakhsh M, Aaby P, Benn CS. The effect of high-dose vitamin A supplementation given with bacille Calmette-Guérin vaccine at birth on infant rotavirus infection and diarrhea: a randomized prospective study from Guinea-Bissau. <i>J Infect Dis.</i> 2010; S243-251.
Vitamin A deficiency	Florentino RF, Tanchoco CC, Ramos AC, Mendoza TS, Natividad EP, Tangco JB, Sommer A. Tolerance of preschoolers to two dosage strengths of vitamin A preparation. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 1990; 52(4): 694-700. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Ghana VAST Study Team. Vitamin A supplementation in northern Ghana: effects on clinic attendances, hospital admissions, and child mortality. Ghana VAST Study Team. <i>Lancet.</i> 1993; 342(8862): 7–12. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Ghana VAST Study Team. Vitamin A supplementation in northern Ghana: effects on clinic attendances, hospital admissions, and child mortality. Ghana VAST Study Team. <i>Lancet.</i> 1993; 342(8862): 7–12. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Herrera MG, Nestel P, el Amin A, Fawzi WW, Mohamed KA, Weld L. Vitamin A supplementation and child survival. <i>Lancet.</i> 1992; 340(8814): 267-71. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Herrera MG, Nestel P, el Amin A, Fawzi WW, Mohamed KA, Weld L. Vitamin A supplementation and child survival. <i>Lancet.</i> 1992; 340(8814): 267-71. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Lie C, Ying C, Wang EL, Brun T, Geissler C. Impact of large-dose vitamin A supplementation on childhood diarrhoea, respiratory disease and growth. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 1993; 47(2): 88-96. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Long KZ, Rosado JL, DuPont HL, Hertzmark E, Santos JI. Supplementation with vitamin A reduces watery diarrhoea and respiratory infections in Mexican children. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2007; 97(2): 337-43. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Rahmathullah L, Underwood BA, Thulasiraj RD, Milton RC, Ramaswamy K, Rahmathullah R, Babu G. Reduced mortality among children in southern India receiving a small weekly dose of vitamin A. <i>N Engl J Med.</i> 1990; 323(14): 929-35. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Rahmathullah L, Underwood BA, Thulasiraj RD, Milton RC, Ramaswamy K, Rahmathullah R, Babu G. Reduced mortality among children in southern India receiving a small weekly dose of vitamin A. <i>N Engl J Med.</i> 1990; 323(14): 929-35. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	Semba RD, Munasir Z, Beeler J, Akib A, Muhilal null, Audet S, Sommer A. Reduced seroconversion to measles in infants given vitamin A with measles vaccination. <i>Lancet.</i> 1995; 345(8961): 1330–2. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev.</i> 2010; CD008524.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Vitamin A deficiency	Sempértegui F, Estrella B, Camaniero V, Betancourt V, Izurieta R, Ortiz W, Fiallo E, Troya S, Rodríguez A, Griffiths JK. The beneficial effects of weekly low-dose vitamin A supplementation on acute lower respiratory infections and diarrhea in Ecuadorian children. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 1999; 1(104): e1. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev</i> . 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Shankar AH, Genton B, Semba RD, Baisor M, Paino J, Tamja S, Adiguma T, Wu L, Rare L, Tielsch JM, Alpers MP, West KP. Effect of vitamin A supplementation on morbidity due to <i>Plasmodium falciparum</i> in young children in Papua New Guinea: a randomised trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 1999; 354(9174): 203-9. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev</i> . 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	Venkatarao T, Ramakrishnan R, Nair NG, Radhakrishnan S, Sundaramoorthy L, Koya PK, Kumar SK. Effect of vitamin A supplementation to mother and infant on morbidity in infancy. <i>Indian Pediatr</i> . 1996; 33(4): 279-86. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev</i> . 2010; CD008524.
Vitamin A deficiency	West Jr KP, Katz J, LeClerq SC, Pradhan EK, Tielsch JM, Sommer A, Pokhrel RP, Khatry SK, Shrestha SR, Pandey MR. Efficacy of vitamin A in reducing preschool child mortality in Nepal. <i>Lancet</i> . 1991; 338(8759): 67-71. as it appears in Imdad A, Yakoob MY, Sudfeld C, Haider BA, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Impact of vitamin A supplementation on infant and childhood mortality. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S20.
Vitamin A deficiency	West KP, Khatry SK, LeClerq SC, Adhikari R, See L, Katz J, Shrestha SR, Pradhan EK, Pokhrel RP, Sommer A. Tolerance of young infants to a single, large dose of vitamin A: a randomized community trial in Nepal. <i>Bull World Health Organ</i> . 1992; 70(6): 733-9. as it appears in Imdad A, Herzer K, Mayo-Wilson E, Yakoob MY, Bhutta ZA. Vitamin A supplementation for preventing morbidity and mortality in children from 6 months to 5 years of age. <i>Cochrane Database Syst Rev</i> . 2010; CD008524.
Zinc deficiency	Baer MT, King JC. Tissue zinc levels and zinc excretion during experimental zinc depletion in young men. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1984; 39(4): 556-70. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Bhandari N, Bahl R, Taneja S, Strand T, Mølbak K, Ulvik RJ, Sommerfelt H, Bhan MK. Substantial reduction in severe diarrheal morbidity by daily zinc supplementation in young north Indian children. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2002; 109(6): e86. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Bhandari N, Taneja S, Mazumder S, Bahl R, Fontaine O, Bhan MK, Zinc Study Group. Adding zinc to supplemental iron and folic acid does not affect mortality and severe morbidity in young children. <i>J Nutr</i> . 2007; 137(1): 112-7. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Bhandari N. Effect Of Routine Zinc Supplementation On Pneumonia In Children Aged 6 Months To 3 Years: Randomised Controlled Trial In An Urban Slum. <i>BMJ</i> . 2002; 324(7350): 1358. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Bobat R, Coovadia H, Stephen C, Naidoo KL, McKerrow N, Black RE, Moss WJ. Safety and efficacy of zinc supplementation for children with HIV-1 infection in South Africa: a randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2005; 366(9500): 1862-7. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Brooks WA, Santosham M, Naheed A, Goswami D, Wahed MA, Diener-West M, Faruque ASG, Black RE. Effect of weekly zinc supplements on incidence of pneumonia and diarrhoea in children younger than 2 years in an urban, low-income population in Bangladesh: randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2005; 366(9490): 999-1004. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Chung CS, Stookey J, Dare D, Welch R, Nguyen TQ, Roehl R, Peerson JM, King JC, Brown KH. Current dietary zinc intake has a greater effect on fractional zinc absorption than does longer term zinc consumption in healthy adult men. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2008; 87(5): 1224-9. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Zinc deficiency	Gupta DN, Mondal SK, Ghosh S, Rajendran K, Sur D, Manna B. Impact of zinc supplementation on diarrhoeal morbidity in rural children of West Bengal, India. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 2003; 92(5): 531-6. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Hambidge K, Rosado J, Miller L, Hotz C, Westcott J, Garcia O, Gonzalez K, Ortiz-Monasterio I, Pfeiffer W, Krebs N. Absorption of zinc (Zn) from high Zn and control wheat. <i>FASEB Journal.</i> 2008; 22(149.5). as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
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Zinc deficiency	Hambidge KM, Mazariegos M, Solomons NW, Westcott JE, Lei S, Raboy V, Grunwald G, Miller LV, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Intestinal excretion of endogenous zinc in Guatemalan school children. <i>J Nutr.</i> 2007; 137(7): 1747-9. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Herman S, Griffin IJ, Suwarti S, Ernawati F, Permaesih D, Pambudi D, Abrams SA. Cofortification of iron-fortified flour with zinc sulfate, but not zinc oxide, decreases iron absorption in Indonesian children. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2002; 76(4): 813-7. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Hotz C, DeHaene J, Woodhouse LR, Villalpando S, Rivera JA, King JC. Zinc absorption from zinc oxide, zinc sulfate, zinc oxide + EDTA, or sodium-zinc EDTA does not differ when added as fortificants to maize tortillas. <i>J Nutr.</i> 2005; 135(5): 1102-5. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Hunt JR, Beiseigel JM, Johnson LK. Adaptation in human zinc absorption as influenced by dietary zinc and bioavailability. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2008; 87(5): 1336-45. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Hunt JR, Beiseigel JM. Dietary Calcium Does Not Exacerbate Phytate Inhibition Of Zinc Absorption By Women From Conventional Diets. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2009; 89(3): 839-43. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	International Zinc Nutrition Consultative Group Assessment of the risk of zinc status in populations and options for the control of zinc deficiency as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Krebs NF, Hambidge KM, Westcott JE, Miller LV, Sian L, Bell M, Grunwald G. Exchangeable zinc pool size in infants is related to key variables of zinc homeostasis. <i>J Nutr.</i> 2003; 133(5 Suppl 1): 1498S-501S. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Long KZ, Montoya Y, Hertzmark E, Santos JI, Rosado JL. A double-blind, randomized, clinical trial of the effect of vitamin A and zinc supplementation on diarrheal disease and respiratory tract infections in children in Mexico City, Mexico. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2006; 83(3): 693-700. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	López de Romaña D, Lönnerdal B, Brown KH. Absorption of zinc from wheat products fortified with iron and either zinc sulfate or zinc oxide. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2003; 78(2): 279-83. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Luabeya KKA, Mpontshane N, Mackay M, Ward H, Elson I, Chhagan M, Tomkins A, Broeck JVD, Bennish ML. Zinc Or Multiple Micronutrient Supplementation To Reduce Diarrhea And Respiratory Disease In South African Children: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2007; 2(6): e541. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Malik A, Taneja DK, Devasenapathy N, Rajeshwari K. Short-course prophylactic zinc supplementation for diarrhea morbidity in infants of 6 to 11 months. <i>Pediatrics.</i> 2013; 132(1): e46-52.
Zinc deficiency	Malik A, Taneja DK, Devasenapathy N, Rajeshwari K. Short-course prophylactic zinc supplementation for diarrhea morbidity in infants of 6 to 11 months. <i>Pediatrics.</i> 2013; 132(1): e46-52.



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Zinc deficiency	Müller O, Becher H, van Zweeden AB, Ye Y, Diallo DA, Konate AT, Gbangou A, Kouyate B, Garenne M. Effect of zinc supplementation on malaria and other causes of morbidity in west African children: randomised double blind placebo controlled trial. <i>BMJ</i> . 2001; 322(7302): 1567. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Ninh NX, Thissen JP, Collette L, Gerard G, Khoi HH, Ketelslegers JM. Zinc supplementation increases growth and circulating insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I) in growth-retarded Vietnamese children. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1996; 63(4): 514-9. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Osendarp SJM, Santosham M, Black RE, Wahed MA, van Raaij JMA, Fuchs GJ. Effect of zinc supplementation between 1 and 6 mo of life on growth and morbidity of Bangladeshi infants in urban slums. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2002; 76(6): 1401-8. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Rosado JL, Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Garcia OP, Westcott J, Gonzalez K, Conde J, Hotz C, Pfeiffer W, Ortiz-Monasterio I, Krebs NF. The Quantity Of Zinc Absorbed From Wheat In Adult Women Is Enhanced By Biofortification. <i>J Nutr</i> . 2009; 139(10): 1920-5. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Sazawal S, Black RE, Bhan MK, Jalla S, Sinha A, Bhandari N. Efficacy of zinc supplementation in reducing the incidence and prevalence of acute diarrhea--a community-based, double-blind, controlled trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1997; 66(2): 413-8. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Sazawal S, Black RE, Menon VP, Dinghra P, Caulfield LE, Dhingra U, Bagati A. Zinc Supplementation In Infants Born Small For Gestational Age Reduces Mortality: A Prospective, Randomized, Controlled Trial. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 2001; 108(6): 1280-6. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Sazawal S, Black RE, Ramsan M, Chwaya HM, Dutta A, Dhingra U, Stoltzfus RJ, Othman MK, Kabole FM. Effect of zinc supplementation on mortality in children aged 1-48 months: a community-based randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2007; 369(9565): 927-34. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Sazawal S, Black RE, Ramsan M, Chwaya HM, Stoltzfus RJ, Dutta A, Dhingra U, Kabole I, Deb S, Othman MK, Kabole FM. Effects Of Routine Prophylactic Supplementation With Iron And Folic Acid On Admission To Hospital And Mortality In Preschool Children In A High Malaria Transmission Setting: Community-Based, Randomised, Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2006; 367(9505): 133-43. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Shankar AH, Genton B, Baisor M, Paino J, Tamja S, Adiguma T, Wu L, Rare L, Bannon D, Tielsch JM, West KP, Alpers MP. The influence of zinc supplementation on morbidity due to Plasmodium falciparum: a randomized trial in preschool children in Papua New Guinea. <i>Am J Trop Med Hyg</i> . 2000; 62(6): 663-9. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.
Zinc deficiency	Sian L, Mingyan X, Miller LV, Tong L, Krebs NF, Hambidge KM. Zinc absorption and intestinal losses of endogenous zinc in young Chinese women with marginal zinc intakes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 1996; 63(3): 348-53. as it appears in Hambidge KM, Miller LV, Westcott JE, Sheng X, Krebs NF. Zinc bioavailability and homeostasis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 91(5): 1478-1483.
Zinc deficiency	Tielsch JM, Khatri SK, Stoltzfus RJ, Katz J, LeClerq SC, Adhikari R, Mullany LC, Black R, Shrestha S. Effect of daily zinc supplementation on child mortality in southern Nepal: a community-based, cluster randomised, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet</i> . 2007; 370(9594): 1230-9. as it appears in Yakoob MY, Theodoratou E, Jabeen A, Imdad A, Eisele TP, Ferguson J, Jhass A, Rudan I, Campbell H, Black RE, Bhutta ZA. Preventive zinc supplementation in developing countries: impact on mortality and morbidity due to diarrhea, pneumonia and malaria. <i>BMC Public Health</i> . 2011; S23.



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Secondhand smoke	Gliddon ML, Sutton GJ. Prediction of 8-month MEE from neonatal risk factors and test results in SCBU and full-term babies. <i>Br J Audiol.</i> 2001; 35(1): 77-85. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Green RE, Cooper NK. Passive Smoking And Middle Ear Effusions In Children Of British Servicemen In West Germany - A Point Prevalence Survey By Clinics Of Outpatient Attendance. <i>J R Army Med Corps.</i> 1991; 137(1): 31-3. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Gultekin E, Develiog(lu ON, Yener M, Ozdemir I, Külekçi M. Prevalence and risk factors for persistent otitis media with effusion in primary school children in Istanbul, Turkey. <i>Auris Nasus Larynx.</i> 2010; 37(2): 145-9. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Håberg S, Bentdal Y, London S, Kvaerner K, Nystad W, Nafstad P. Prenatal And Postnatal Parental Smoking And Acute Otitis Media In Early Childhood. <i>Acta Paediatr.</i> 2010; 99(1): 99-105. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
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Secondhand smoke	Hinton AE, Herdman RCD, Martin-Hirsch D, Saeed SR. Parental Cigarette Smoking And Tonsillectomy In Children. <i>Clin Otolaryngol Allied Sci.</i> 1993; 18(3): 178-80. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Jones LL, Hashim A, McKeever T, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental and household smoking and the increased risk of bronchitis, bronchiolitis and other lower respiratory infections in infancy: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Respir Res.</i> 2011; 5.
Secondhand smoke	Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Kitchens GG. Relationship Of Environmental Tobacco Smoke To Otitis Media In Young Children. <i>Laryngoscope.</i> 1995; 105(S69): 1-13. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Lieu JEC, Feinstein AR. Effect Of Gestational And Passive Smoke Exposure On Ear Infections In Children. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2002; 156(2): 147-54. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Lieu JEC, Feinstein AR. Effect Of Gestational And Passive Smoke Exposure On Ear Infections In Children. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2002; 156(2): 147-54. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
Secondhand smoke	Lister SM, Jorm LR. Parental Smoking And Respiratory Illnesses In Australian Children Aged 0-4 Years: Abs 1989-90 National Health Survey Results. <i>Aust N Z J Public Health.</i> 1998; 22(7): 781-6. as it appears in Jones LL, Hassanien A, Cook DG, Britton J, Leonardi-Bee J. Parental smoking and the risk of middle ear disease in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med.</i> 2012; 166(1): 18-27.
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Secondhand smoke	Oono IP, Mackay DF, Pell JP. Meta-analysis of the association between secondhand smoke exposure and stroke. <i>J Public Health (Oxf).</i> 2011; 33(4): 496-502.
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Secondhand smoke - IER	Sandler DP, Comstock GW, Helsing KJ, Shore DL. Deaths from all causes in non-smokers who lived with smokers. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 1989; 79(2): 163-7.
Secondhand smoke - IER	Seow A, Poh W-T, Teh M, Eng P, Wang Y-T, Tan W-C, Chia K-S, Yu MC, Lee H-P. Diet, reproductive factors and lung cancer risk among Chinese women in Singapore: evidence for a protective effect of soy in nonsmokers. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2002; 97(3): 365-71.
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Secondhand smoke - IER	Sobue T. Association of indoor air pollution and lifestyle with lung cancer in Osaka, Japan. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1990; S62-6.
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Secondhand smoke - IER	Taylor B, Wadsworth J. Maternal smoking during pregnancy and lower respiratory tract illness in early life. <i>Arch Dis Child</i> . 1987; 786-91.
Secondhand smoke - IER	Trichopoulos D, Kalandidi A, Sparros L, MacMahon B. Lung cancer and passive smoking. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 1981; 27(1): 1-4.
Secondhand smoke - IER	Victora CG, Fuchs SC, Flores JA, Fonseca W, Kirkwood B. Risk factors for pneumonia among children in a Brazilian metropolitan area. <i>Pediatrics</i> . 1994; 977-85.
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Secondhand smoke - IER	Wang L, Lubin JH, Zhang SR, Metayer C, Xia Y, Brenner A, Shang B, Wang Z, Kleinerman RA. Lung cancer and environmental tobacco smoke in a non-industrial area of China. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2000; 88(1): 139-45.
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Alcohol use	Baliunas DO, Taylor BJ, Irving H, Roerecke M, Patra J, Mohapatra S, Rehm J. Alcohol as a risk factor for type 2 diabetes: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2009; 32(11): 2123-32.

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Alcohol use	Lönnroth K, Williams BG, Stadlin S, Jaramillo E, Dye C. Alcohol use as a risk factor for tuberculosis - a systematic review. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2008; 289.
Alcohol use	MacMillan HL, Fleming JE, Streiner DL, Lin E, Boyle MH, Jamieson E, Duku EK, Walsh CA, Wong MY, Beardslee WR. Childhood abuse and lifetime psychopathology in a community sample. <i>Am J Psychiatry.</i> 2001; 158(11): 1878-83.
Alcohol use	Patra J, Bakker R, Irving H, Jaddoe VWV, Malini S, Rehm J. Dose-response relationship between alcohol consumption before and during pregnancy and the risks of low birthweight, preterm birth and small for gestational age (SGA)-a systematic review and meta-analyses. <i>BJOG.</i> 2011; 118(12): 1411-21.
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Diet low in fruits	Bazzano LA, He J, Ogden LG, Loria CM, Vupputuri S, Myers L, Whelton PK. Fruit and vegetable intake and risk of cardiovascular disease in US adults: the first National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey Epidemiologic Follow-up Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2002; 76(1): 93-9.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in fruits	Boeing H, Dietrich T, Hoffmann K, Pischon T, Ferrari P, Lahmann PH, Boutron-Ruault MC, Clavel-Chapelon F, Allen N, Key T, Skeie G, Lund E, Olsen A, Tjønneland A, Overvad K, Jensen MK, Rohrmann S, Linseisen J, Trichopoulou A, Bamia C, Psaltopoulou T, Weinehall L, Johansson I, Sánchez MJ, Jakszyn P, Ardanaz E, Amiano P, Chirlaque MD, Quirós JR, Wirfalt E, Berglund G, Peeters PH, van Gils CH, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Büchner FL, Berrino F, Palli D, Sacerdote C, Tumino R, Panico S, Bingham S, Khaw KT, Slimani N, Norat T, Jenab M, Riboli E. Intake of fruits and vegetables and risk of cancer of the upper aero-digestive tract: the prospective EPIC-study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2006; 17(7): 957-69.
Diet low in fruits	Breslow RA, Graubard BI, Sinha R, Subar AF. Diet and lung cancer mortality: a 1987 National Health Interview Survey cohort study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2000; 11(5): 419-31. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Feskanich D, Ziegler RG, Michaud DS, Giovannucci EL, Speizer FE, Willett WC, Colditz GA. Prospective study of fruit and vegetable consumption and risk of lung cancer among men and women. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 2000; 92(22): 1812-23. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Fraser GE, Beeson WL, Phillips RL. Diet and lung cancer in California Seventh-day Adventists. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1991; 133(7): 683-93. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Fu YY, Takezaki T, Tajima K. [Risk factors of lung cancer--follow-up studies in Nagoya Japan]. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 1997; 18(6): 328-30. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Gillman MW, Cupples LA, Gagnon D, Posner BM, Ellison RC, Castelli WP, Wolf PA. Protective effect of fruits and vegetables on development of stroke in men. <i>JAMA</i> . 1995; 12(273): 1113-7.
Diet low in fruits	He FJ, Nowson CA, Lucas M, MacGregor GA. Increased consumption of fruit and vegetables is related to a reduced risk of coronary heart disease: meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>J Hum Hypertens</i> . 2007; 21(9): 717-28.
Diet low in fruits	Holick CN, Michaud DS, Stolzenberg-Solomon R, Mayne ST, Pietinen P, Taylor PR, Virtamo J, Albanes D. Dietary carotenoids, serum beta-carotene, and retinol and risk of lung cancer in the alpha-tocopherol, beta-carotene cohort study. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2002; 156(6): 536-47. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Jansen MCJF, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Feskens EJM, Streppel MT, Kok FJ, Kromhout D. Quantity and variety of fruit and vegetable consumption and cancer risk. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> . 2004; 48(2): 142-8. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Johnsen SP, Overvad K, Stripp C, Tjønneland A, Husted SE, Sørensen HT. Intake of fruit and vegetables and the risk of ischemic stroke in a cohort of Danish men and women. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2003; 78(1): 57-64.
Diet low in fruits	Joshiyura KJ, Ascherio A, Manson JE, Stampfer MJ, Rimm EB, Speizer FE, Hennekens CH, Spiegelman D, Willett WC. Fruit and vegetable intake in relation to risk of ischemic stroke. <i>JAMA</i> . 1999; 282(13): 1233-9.
Diet low in fruits	Keli SO, Hertog MG, Feskens EJ, Kromhout D. Dietary flavonoids, antioxidant vitamins, and incidence of stroke: the Zutphen study. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 1996; 156(6): 637-42.
Diet low in fruits	Larsson SC, Männistö S, Virtanen MJ, Kontto J, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Dietary fiber and fiber-rich food intake in relation to risk of stroke in male smokers. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 63(8): 1016-24.
Diet low in fruits	Miller AB. Vegetables and fruits and lung cancer. <i>IARC Sci Publ</i> . 2002; 156: 85–7. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Mizrahi A, Knekt P, Montonen J, Laaksonen MA, Heliövaara M, Järvinen R. Plant foods and the risk of cerebrovascular diseases: a potential protection of fruit consumption. <i>Br J Nutr</i> . 2009; 102(7): 1075-83.
Diet low in fruits	Nagura J, Iso H, Watanabe Y, Maruyama K, Date C, Toyoshima H, Yamamoto A, Kikuchi S, Koizumi A, Kondo T, Wada Y, Inaba Y, Tamakoshi A; JACC Study Group. Fruit, vegetable and bean intake and mortality from cardiovascular disease among Japanese men and women: the JACC Study. <i>Br J Nutr</i> . 2009; 102(2): 285-92.
Diet low in fruits	Olson JE, Yang P, Schmitz K, Vierkant RA, Cerhan JR, Sellers TA. Differential association of body mass index and fat distribution with three major histologic types of lung cancer: evidence from a cohort of older women. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2002; 156(7): 606-15. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Oude Griep LM, Verschuren WM, Kromhout D, Ocké MC, Geleijnse JM. Raw and processed fruit and vegetable consumption and 10-year stroke incidence in a population-based cohort study in the Netherlands. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 65(7): 791-9.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in fruits	Sauvaget C, Nagano J, Allen N, Kodama K. Vegetable and fruit intake and stroke mortality in the Hiroshima/Nagasaki Life Span Study. <i>Stroke</i> . 2003; 34(10): 2355-60.
Diet low in fruits	Shibata A, Paganini-Hill A, Ross RK, Yu MC, Henderson BE. Dietary beta-carotene, cigarette smoking, and lung cancer in men. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1992; 3(3): 207–14. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Skuladottir H, Tjoenneland A, Overvad K, Stripp C, Christensen J, Raaschou-Nielsen O, Olsen JH. Does insufficient adjustment for smoking explain the preventive effects of fruit and vegetables on lung cancer?. <i>Lung Cancer</i> . 2004; 45(1): 1–10. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Steffen LM, Jacobs DR Jr, Stevens J, Shahar E, Carithers T, Folsom AR. Associations of whole-grain, refined-grain, and fruit and vegetable consumption with risks of all-cause mortality and incident coronary artery disease and ischemic stroke: the Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2003; 78(3): 383-90.
Diet low in fruits	Takezaki T, Inoue M, Kataoka H, Ikeda S, Yoshida M, Ohashi Y, Tajima K, Tominaga S. Diet and lung cancer risk from a 14-year population-based prospective study in Japan: with special reference to fish consumption. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> . 2003; 45(2): 160–7. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	Voorrips LE, Goldbohm RA, Verhoeven DT, van Poppel GA, Sturmans F, Hermus RJ, van den Brandt PA. Vegetable and fruit consumption and lung cancer risk in the Netherlands Cohort Study on diet and cancer. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2000; 11(2): 101–15. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in fruits	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. <i>Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective</i> . Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in vegetables	Boeing H, Dietrich T, Hoffmann K, Pischon T, Ferrari P, Lahmann PH, Boutron-Ruault MC, Clavel-Chapelon F, Allen N, Key T, Skeie G, Lund E, Olsen A, Tjønneland A, Overvad K, Jensen MK, Rohrmann S, Linseisen J, Trichopoulou A, Bamia C, Psaltopoulou T, Weinehall L, Johansson I, Sánchez MJ, Jakszyn P, Ardanaz E, Amiano P, Chirlaque MD, Quirós JR, Wirfalt E, Berglund G, Peeters PH, van Gils CH, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Büchner FL, Berrino F, Palli D, Sacerdote C, Tumino R, Panico S, Bingham S, Khaw KT, Slimani N, Norat T, Jenab M, Riboli E. Intake of fruits and vegetables and risk of cancer of the upper aero-digestive tract: the prospective EPIC-study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2006; 17(7): 957-69.
Diet low in vegetables	Gillman MW, Cupples LA, Gagnon D, Posner BM, Ellison RC, Castelli WP, Wolf PA. Protective effect of fruits and vegetables on development of stroke in men. <i>JAMA</i> . 1995; 12(273): 1113-7.
Diet low in vegetables	Johnsen SP, Overvad K, Stripp C, Tjønneland A, Husted SE, Sørensen HT. Intake of fruit and vegetables and the risk of ischemic stroke in a cohort of Danish men and women. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2003; 78(1): 57-64.
Diet low in vegetables	Joshiyura KJ, Ascherio A, Manson JE, Stampfer MJ, Rimm EB, Speizer FE, Hennekens CH, Spiegelman D, Willett WC. Fruit and vegetable intake in relation to risk of ischemic stroke. <i>JAMA</i> . 1999; 282(13): 1233-9.
Diet low in vegetables	He FJ, Nowson CA, Lucas M, MacGregor GA. Increased consumption of fruit and vegetables is related to a reduced risk of coronary heart disease: meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>J Hum Hypertens</i> . 2007; 21(9): 717-28.
Diet low in vegetables	Keli SO, Hertog MG, Feskens EJ, Kromhout D. Dietary flavonoids, antioxidant vitamins, and incidence of stroke: the Zutphen study. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 1996; 156(6): 637-42.
Diet low in vegetables	Larsson SC, Männistö S, Virtanen MJ, Kontto J, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Dietary fiber and fiber-rich food intake in relation to risk of stroke in male smokers. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 63(8): 1016-24.
Diet low in vegetables	Mizrahi A, Knekt P, Montonen J, Laaksonen MA, Heliövaara M, Järvinen R. Plant foods and the risk of cerebrovascular diseases: a potential protection of fruit consumption. <i>Br J Nutr</i> . 2009; 102(7): 1075-83.
Diet low in vegetables	Nagura J, Iso H, Watanabe Y, Maruyama K, Date C, Toyoshima H, Yamamoto A, Kikuchi S, Koizumi A, Kondo T, Wada Y, Inaba Y, Tamakoshi A; JACC Study Group. Fruit, vegetable and bean intake and mortality from cardiovascular disease among Japanese men and women: the JACC Study. <i>Br J Nutr</i> . 2009; 102(2): 285-92.
Diet low in vegetables	Oude Griep LM, Verschuren WM, Kromhout D, Ocké MC, Geleijnse JM. Raw and processed fruit and vegetable consumption and 10-year stroke incidence in a population-based cohort study in the Netherlands. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 65(7): 791-9.
Diet low in vegetables	Sauvaget C, Nagano J, Allen N, Kodama K. Vegetable and fruit intake and stroke mortality in the Hiroshima/Nagasaki Life Span Study. <i>Stroke</i> . 2003; 34(10): 2355-60.
Diet low in vegetables	Steffen LM, Jacobs DR Jr, Stevens J, Shahar E, Carithers T, Folsom AR. Associations of whole-grain, refined-grain, and fruit and vegetable consumption with risks of all-cause mortality and incident coronary artery disease and ischemic stroke: the Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2003; 78(3): 383-90.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in whole grains	Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Ericson U, Sonestedt E, Gullberg B, Hellstrand S, Hindy G, Wirfält E, Orho-Melander M. High intakes of protein and processed meat associate with increased incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2013; 109(6): 1143-53. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Fisher E, Boeing H, Fritsche A, Doering F, Joost H-G, Schulze MB. Whole-grain consumption and transcription factor-7-like 2 (TCF7L2) rs7903146: gene-diet interaction in modulating type 2 diabetes risk. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2009; 101(4): 478-81. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Mellen PB, Walsh TF, Herrington DM. Whole grain intake and cardiovascular disease: a meta-analysis. <i>Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis.</i> 2008; 18(4): 283-90.
Diet low in whole grains	Meyer KA, Kushi LH, Jacobs DR, Slavin J, Sellers TA, Folsom AR. Carbohydrates, dietary fiber, and incident type 2 diabetes in older women. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2000; 71(4): 921-30. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Montonen J, Knekt P, Järvinen R, Aromaa A, Reunanen A. Whole-grain and fiber intake and the incidence of type 2 diabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2003; 77(3): 622–9. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Parker ED, Liu S, Van Horn L, Tinker LF, Shikany JM, Eaton CB, Margolis KL. The association of whole grain consumption with incident type 2 diabetes: the Women’s Health Initiative Observational Study. <i>Ann Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 23(6): 321–7. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Sun Q, Spiegelman D, van Dam RM, Holmes MD, Malik VS, Willett WC, Hu FB. White rice, brown rice, and risk of type 2 diabetes in US men and women. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2010; 170(11): 961–9. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Tsugane S, Sasazuki S, Kobayashi M, Sasaki S. Salt and salted food intake and subsequent risk of gastric cancer among middle-aged Japanese men and women. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2004; 90(1): 128–34. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Wirström T, Hilding A, Gu HF, Östenson C-G, Björklund A. Consumption of whole grain reduces risk of deteriorating glucose tolerance, including progression to prediabetes. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2013; 97(1): 179–87. as it appears in Aune D, Norat T, Romundstad P, Vatten LJ. Whole grain and refined grain consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of cohort studies. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2013; 28(11): 845-58.
Diet low in whole grains	Ye EQ, Chacko SA, Chou EL, Kugizaki M, Liu S. Greater whole-grain intake is associated with lower risk of type 2 diabetes, cardiovascular disease, and weight gain. <i>J Nutr.</i> 2012; 142(7): 1304-13.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Albert CM, Gaziano JM, Willett WC, Manson JE. Nut consumption and decreased risk of sudden cardiac death in the Physicians <sup>TM</sup> Health Study. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2002; 162(12): 1382-7. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Bao Y, Han J, Hu FB, Giovannucci EL, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC, Fuchs CS. Association of nut consumption with total and cause-specific mortality. <i>N Engl J Med.</i> 2013; 369(21): 2001–11. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Blomhoff R, Carlsen MH, Andersen LF, Jacobs DR. Health benefits of nuts: potential role of antioxidants. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2006; S52–60. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2014; 100(1): 278-88.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Estruch R, Ros E, Salas-Salvadó J, Covas M-I, Corella D, Arós F, Gómez-Gracia E, Ruiz-Gutiérrez V, Fiol M, Lapetra J, Lamuela-Raventos RM, Serra-Majem L, Pintó X, Basora J, Muñoz MA, Sorlí JV, Martínez JA, Martínez-González MA, PREDIMED Study Investigators. Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease with a Mediterranean diet. <i>N Engl J Med</i> . 2013; 368(14): 1279–90. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Fraser GE, Beeson WL, Phillips RL. Diet and lung cancer in California Seventh-day Adventists. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1991; 133(7): 683-93. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Hu FB, Stampfer MJ, Manson JE, Rimm EB, Colditz GA, Rosner BA, Speizer FE, Hennekens CH, Willett WC. Frequent nut consumption and risk of coronary heart disease in women: prospective cohort study. <i>BMJ</i> . 1998; 317(7169): 1341-5. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Kochar J, Gaziano JM, Djoussé L. Nut consumption and risk of type II diabetes in the Physicians’ Health Study. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2010; 64(1): 75-9. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Montonen J, Järvinen R, Heliövaara M, Reunanen A, Aromaa A, Knekt P. Food consumption and the incidence of type II diabetes mellitus. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2005; 59(3): 441–8. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Pan A, Sun Q, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Walnut consumption is associated with lower risk of type 2 diabetes in women. <i>J Nutr</i> . 2013; 143(4): 512–8. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Salas-Salvadó J, Bulló M, Estruch R, Ros E, Covas M-I, Ibarrola-Jurado N, Corella D, Arós F, Gómez-Gracia E, Ruiz-Gutiérrez V, Romaguera D, Lapetra J, Lamuela-Raventós RM, Serra-Majem L, Pintó X, Basora J, Muñoz MA, Sorlí JV, Martínez-González MA. Prevention of diabetes with Mediterranean diets: a subgroup analysis of a randomized trial. <i>Ann Intern Med</i> . 2014; 160(1): 1–10. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in nuts/seeds	Villegas R, Gao Y-T, Yang G, Li H-L, Elasy TA, Zheng W, Shu XO. Legume and soy food intake and the incidence of type 2 diabetes in the Shanghai Women’s Health Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2008; 87(1): 162–7. as it appears in Afshin A, Micha R, Khatibzadeh S, Mozaffarian D. Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2014; 100(1): 278-88.
Diet low in milk	Järvinen R, Knekt P, Hakulinen T, Aromaa A. Prospective study on milk products, calcium and cancers of the colon and rectum. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2001; 55(11): 1000-7. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	Kampman E, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA, van ’t Veer P. Fermented dairy products, calcium, and colorectal cancer in The Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>Cancer Res</i> . 1994; 54(12): 3186-90. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	Kesse E, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Norat T, Riboli E, Clavel-Chapelon F, E3N Group. Dietary calcium, phosphorus, vitamin D, dairy products and the risk of colorectal adenoma and cancer among French women of the E3N-EPIC prospective study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2005; 117(1): 137-44. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	Lee S-A, Shu XO, Yang G, Li H, Gao Y-T, Zheng W. Animal origin foods and colorectal cancer risk: a report from the Shanghai Women's Health Study. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> . 2009; 61(2): 194-205. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in milk	Lin J, Zhang SM, Cook NR, Manson JE, Lee I-M, Buring JE. Intakes of calcium and vitamin D and risk of colorectal cancer in women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2005; 161(8): 755-64. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	McCullough ML, Robertson AS, Rodriguez C, Jacobs EJ, Chao A, Carolyn J, Calle EE, Willett WC, Thun MJ. Calcium, vitamin D, dairy products, and risk of colorectal cancer in the Cancer Prevention Study II Nutrition Cohort (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2003; 14(1): 1-12. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	Park S-Y, Murphy SP, Wilkens LR, Nomura AMY, Henderson BE, Kolonel LN. Calcium and vitamin D intake and risk of colorectal cancer: the Multiethnic Cohort Study. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 165(7): 784–93. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in milk	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	English DR, MacInnis RJ, Hodge AM, Hopper JL, Haydon AM, Giles GG. Red meat, chicken, and fish consumption and risk of colorectal cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2004; 13(9): 1509-14. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Järvinen R, Knekt P, Hakulinen T, Rissanen H, Heliövaara M. Dietary fat, cholesterol and colorectal cancer in a prospective study. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2001; 85(3): 357-61. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Larsson SC, Rafter J, Holmberg L, Bergkvist L, Wolk A. Red meat consumption and risk of cancers of the proximal colon, distal colon and rectum: the Swedish Mammography Cohort. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2005; 113(5): 829-34. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Lee S-A, Shu XO, Yang G, Li H, Gao Y-T, Zheng W. Animal origin foods and colorectal cancer risk: a report from the Shanghai Women's Health Study. <i>Nutr Cancer.</i> 2009; 61(2): 194-205. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Männistö S, Kontto J, Kataja-Tuomola M, Albanes D, Virtamo J. High processed meat consumption is a risk factor of type 2 diabetes in the Alpha-Tocopherol, Beta-Carotene Cancer Prevention study. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2010; 103(12): 1817-22. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Montonen J, Järvinen R, Heliövaara M, Reunanen A, Aromaa A, Knekt P. Food consumption and the incidence of type II diabetes mellitus. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2005; 59(3): 441–8. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Norat T, Bingham S, Ferrari P, Slimani N, Jenab M, Mazuir M, Overvad K, Olsen A, Tjønneland A, Clavel F, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Kesse E, Boeing H, Bergmann MM, Nieters A, Linseisen J, Trichopoulou A, Trichopoulos D, Tountas Y, Berrino F, Palli D, Panico S, Tumino R, Vineis P, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Peeters PHM, Engeset D, Lund E, Skeie G, Ardanaz E, González C, Navarro C, Quirós JR, Sanchez M-J, Berglund G, Mattisson I, Hallmans G, Palmqvist R, Day NE, Khaw K-T, Key TJ, San Joaquin M, Hémon B, Saracci R, Kaaks R, Riboli E. Meat, fish, and colorectal cancer risk: the European Prospective Investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 2005; 97(12): 906–16. . as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet high in red meat	Nöthlings U, Yamamoto JF, Wilkens LR, Murphy SP, Park S-Y, Henderson BE, Kolonel LN, Le Marchand L. Meat and heterocyclic amine intake, smoking, NAT1 and NAT2 polymorphisms, and colorectal cancer risk in the multiethnic cohort study. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2009; 18(7): 2098–106. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Pietinen P, Malila N, Virtanen M, Hartman TJ, Tangrea JA, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Diet and risk of colorectal cancer in a cohort of Finnish men. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1999; 10(5): 387–96. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Schulze MB, Hoffmann K, Boeing H, Linseisen J, Rohrmann S, Möhlig M, Pfeiffer AFH, Spranger J, Thamer C, Häring H-U, Fritsche A, Joost H-G. An accurate risk score based on anthropometric, dietary, and lifestyle factors to predict the development of type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 2007; 30(3): 510–5. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Song Y, Manson JE, Buring JE, Liu S. A prospective study of red meat consumption and type 2 diabetes in middle-aged and elderly women: the women’s health study. <i>Diabetes Care.</i> 2004; 27(9): 2108–15. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Steinbrecher A, Erber E, Grandinetti A, Kolonel LN, Maskarinec G. Meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: the Multiethnic Cohort. <i>Public Health Nutr.</i> 2011; 14(4): 568–74. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	Tiemersma EW, Kampman E, Bueno de Mesquita HB, Bunschoten A, van Schothorst EM, Kok FJ, Kromhout D. Meat consumption, cigarette smoking, and genetic susceptibility in the etiology of colorectal cancer: results from a Dutch prospective study. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2002; 13(4): 383–93. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in red meat	Villegas R, Shu XO, Gao Y-T, Yang G, Cai H, Li H, Zheng W. The association of meat intake and the risk of type 2 diabetes may be modified by body weight. <i>Int J Med Sci.</i> 2006; 3(4): 152–9. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in red meat	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Balder HF, Vogel J, Jansen MCJF, Weijenberg MP, van den Brandt PA, Westenbrink S, van der Meer R, Goldbohm RA. Heme and chlorophyll intake and risk of colorectal cancer in the Netherlands cohort study. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2006; 15(4): 717-25. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Burke V, Zhao Y, Lee AH, Hunter E, Spargo RM, Gracey M, Smith RM, Beilin LJ, Puddey IB. Health-related behaviours as predictors of mortality and morbidity in Australian Aborigines. <i>Prev Med.</i> 2007; 44(2): 135-42. as it appears in Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation.</i> 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	Cross AJ, Leitzmann MF, Gail MH, Hollenbeck AR, Schatzkin A, Sinha R. A prospective study of red and processed meat intake in relation to cancer risk. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2007; 4(12): e325. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet high in processed meat	English DR, MacInnis RJ, Hodge AM, Hopper JL, Haydon AM, Giles GG. Red meat, chicken, and fish consumption and risk of colorectal cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2004; 13(9): 1509-14. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Flood A, Velie EM, Sinha R, Chatterjee N, Lacey JV, Schairer C, Schatzkin A. Meat, fat, and their subtypes as risk factors for colorectal cancer in a prospective cohort of women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; 158(1): 59-68. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Larsson SC, Rafter J, Holmberg L, Bergkvist L, Wolk A. Red meat consumption and risk of cancers of the proximal colon, distal colon and rectum: the Swedish Mammography Cohort. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2005; 113(5): 829-34. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Lin J, Zhang SM, Cook NR, Lee I-M, Buring JE. Dietary fat and fatty acids and risk of colorectal cancer in women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2004; 160(10): 1011-22. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Liu J, Stampfer M, Hu F, Ascherio A, Manson J, Willett W, Ma J. Dietary iron and red meat intake and risk of coronary heart disease in postmenopausal women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; S100. as it appears in Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation.</i> 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	Männistö S, Kontto J, Kataja-Tuomola M, Albanes D, Virtamo J. High processed meat consumption is a risk factor of type 2 diabetes in the Alpha-Tocopherol, Beta-Carotene Cancer Prevention study. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2010; 103(12): 1817-22. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Martínez-González MA, Fernández-Jarne E, Serrano-Martínez M, Martí A, Martínez JA, Martín-Moreno JM. Mediterranean diet and reduction in the risk of a first acute myocardial infarction: an operational healthy dietary score. <i>Eur J Nutr.</i> 2002; 41(4): 153-60. as it appears in Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation.</i> 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation.</i> 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	Montonen J, Järvinen R, Heliövaara M, Reunanen A, Aromaa A, Knekt P. Food consumption and the incidence of type II diabetes mellitus. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2005; 59(3): 441–8. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Norat T, Bingham S, Ferrari P, Slimani N, Jenab M, Mazuir M, Overvad K, Olsen A, Tjønneland A, Clavel F, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Kesse E, Boeing H, Bergmann MM, Nieters A, Linseisen J, Trichopoulou A, Trichopoulos D, Tountas Y, Berrino F, Palli D, Panico S, Tumino R, Vineis P, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Peeters PHM, Engeset D, Lund E, Skeie G, Ardanaz E, González C, Navarro C, Quirós JR, Sanchez M-J, Berglund G, Mattisson I, Hallmans G, Palmqvist R, Day NE, Khaw K-T, Key TJ, San Joaquin M, Hémon B, Saracci R, Kaaks R, Riboli E. Meat, fish, and colorectal cancer risk: the European Prospective Investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 2005; 97(12): 906–16. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Nöthlings U, Yamamoto JF, Wilkens LR, Murphy SP, Park S-Y, Henderson BE, Kolonel LN, Le Marchand L. Meat and heterocyclic amine intake, smoking, NAT1 and NAT2 polymorphisms, and colorectal cancer risk in the multiethnic cohort study. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2009; 18(7): 2098–106. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet high in processed meat	Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Pietinen P, Malila N, Virtanen M, Hartman TJ, Tangrea JA, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Diet and risk of colorectal cancer in a cohort of Finnish men. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1999; 10(5): 387–96. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in processed meat	Schulze MB, Hoffmann K, Boeing H, Linseisen J, Rohrmann S, Möhlig M, Pfeiffer AFH, Spranger J, Thamer C, Häring H-U, Fritsche A, Joost H-G. An accurate risk score based on anthropometric, dietary, and lifestyle factors to predict the development of type 2 diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2007; 30(3): 510–5. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Sinha R, Cross AJ, Graubard BI, Leitzmann MF, Schatzkin A. Meat intake and mortality: a prospective study of over half a million people. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2009; 169(6): 562–71. as it appears in Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation</i> . 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	Song Y, Manson JE, Buring JE, Liu S. A prospective study of red meat consumption and type 2 diabetes in middle-aged and elderly women: the women’s health study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2004; 27(9): 2108–15. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Steinbrecher A, Erber E, Grandinetti A, Kolonel LN, Maskarinec G. Meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: the Multiethnic Cohort. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2011; 14(4): 568–74. as it appears in Pan A, Sun Q, Bernstein AM, Schulze MB, Manson JE, Willett WC, Hu FB. Red meat consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: 3 cohorts of US adults and an updated meta-analysis. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2011; 94(4): 1088-96.
Diet high in processed meat	Whiteman D, Muir J, Jones L, Murphy M, Key T. Dietary questions as determinants of mortality: the OXCHECK experience. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 1999; 2(4): 477–87. as it appears in Micha R, Wallace SK, Mozaffarian D. Red and processed meat consumption and risk of incident coronary heart disease, stroke, and diabetes mellitus: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>Circulation</i> . 2010; 121(21): 2271-83.
Diet high in processed meat	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Bazzano LA, Li TY, Joshupura KJ, Hu FB. Intake of fruit, vegetables, and fruit juices and risk of diabetes in women. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2008; 31(7): 1311–7. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Montonen J, Järvinen R, Knekt P, Heliövaara M, Reunanen A. Consumption of sweetened beverages and intakes of fructose and glucose predict type 2 diabetes occurrence. <i>J Nutr</i> . 2007; 137(6): 1447–54. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Mozaffarian D, Hao T, Rimm EB, Willett WC, Hu FB. Changes in diet and lifestyle and long-term weight gain in women and men. <i>N Engl J Med</i> . 2011; 364(25): 2392-404.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Nettleton JA, Lutsey PL, Wang Y, Lima JA, Michos ED, Jacobs DR. Diet soda intake and risk of incident metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2009; 32(4): 688–94. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Odegaard AO, Koh W-P, Arakawa K, Yu MC, Pereira MA. Soft drink and juice consumption and risk of physician-diagnosed incident type 2 diabetes: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2010; 171(6): 701–8. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Palmer JR, Boggs DA, Krishnan S, Hu FB, Singer M, Rosenberg L. Sugar-sweetened beverages and incidence of type 2 diabetes mellitus in African American women. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2008; 168(14): 1487–92. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Paynter NP, Yeh H-C, Voutilainen S, Schmidt MI, Heiss G, Folsom AR, Brancati FL, Kao WHL. Coffee and sweetened beverage consumption and the risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus: the atherosclerosis risk in communities study. Am J Epidemiol. 2006; 164(11): 1075-84. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. Diabetes Care. 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Schulze MB, Manson JE, Ludwig DS, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages, weight gain, and incidence of type 2 diabetes in young and middle-aged women. JAMA. 2004; 292(8): 927–34. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. Diabetes Care. 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet high in sugar-sweetened beverages	Sugar Sweetened Beverage Consumption and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes, Personal Communication with de Koning 2010. as it appears in Malik VS, Popkin BM, Bray GA, Després JP, Willett WC, Hu FB. Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of metabolic syndrome and type 2 diabetes: a meta-analysis. Diabetes Care. 2010; 33(11): 2477-83.
Diet low in fiber	Barefoot JC, Larsen S, von der Lieth L, Schroll M. Hostility, incidence of acute myocardial infarction, and mortality in a sample of older Danish men and women. Am J Epidemiol. 1995; 142(5): 477–84. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Bingham SA, Norat T, Moskal A, Ferrari P, Slimani N, Clavel-Chapelon F, Kesse E, Nieters A, Boeing H, Tjønneland A, Overvad K, Martinez C, Dorronsoro M, González CA, Ardanaz E, Navarro C, Quirós JR, Key TJ, Day NE, Trichopoulou A, Naska A, Krogh V, Tumino R, Palli D, Panico S, Vineis P, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Ocké MC, Peeters PHM, Berglund G, Hallmans G, Lund E, Skeie G, Kaaks R, Riboli E. Is the association with fiber from foods in colorectal cancer confounded by folate intake?. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2005; 14(6): 1552–6. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Folsom AR, Arnett DK, Hutchinson RG, Liao F, Clegg LX, Cooper LS. Physical activity and incidence of coronary heart disease in middle-aged women and men. Med Sci Sports Exerc. 1997; 29(7): 901-9. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Fraser GE, Beeson WL, Phillips RL. Diet and lung cancer in California Seventh-day Adventists. Am J Epidemiol. 1991; 133(7): 683-93. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Kabat GC, Miller AB, Jain M, Rohan TE. Dietary intake of selected B vitamins in relation to risk of major cancers in women. Br J Cancer. 2008; 99(5): 816-21. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Knekt P, Reunanen A, Järvinen R, Seppänen R, Heliövaara M, Aromaa A. Antioxidant vitamin intake and coronary mortality in a longitudinal population study. Am J Epidemiol. 1994; 139(12): 1180-9. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Lin J, Zhang SM, Cook NR, Rexrode KM, Liu S, Manson JE, Lee I-M, Buring JE. Dietary intakes of fruit, vegetables, and fiber, and risk of colorectal cancer in a prospective cohort of women (United States). Cancer Causes Control. 2005; 16(3): 225-33. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Liu S, Buring JE, Sesso HD, Rimm EB, Willett WC, Manson JE. A prospective study of dietary fiber intake and risk of cardiovascular disease among women. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2002; 39(1): 49-56. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in fiber	Mai V, Flood A, Peters U, Lacey JV, Schairer C, Schatzkin A. Dietary fibre and risk of colorectal cancer in the Breast Cancer Detection Demonstration Project (BCDDP) follow-up cohort. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2003; 32(2): 234-9. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	McCarl M, Harnack L, Limburg PJ, Anderson KE, Folsom AR. Incidence of colorectal cancer in relation to glycemic index and load in a cohort of women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2006; 15(5): 892-6. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Michels KB, Fuchs CS, Giovannucci E, Colditz GA, Hunter DJ, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC. Fiber intake and incidence of colorectal cancer among 76,947 women and 47,279 men. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2005; 14(4): 842-9. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Nomura AMY, Hankin JH, Henderson BE, Wilkens LR, Murphy SP, Pike MC, Le Marchand L, Stram DO, Monroe KR, Kolonel LN. Dietary fiber and colorectal cancer risk: the multiethnic cohort study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2007; 18(7): 753–64. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Otani T, Iwasaki M, Ishihara J, Sasazuki S, Inoue M, Tsugane S, Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Group. Dietary fiber intake and subsequent risk of colorectal cancer: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 119(6): 1475–80. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Pietinen P, Malila N, Virtanen M, Hartman TJ, Tangrea JA, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Diet and risk of colorectal cancer in a cohort of Finnish men. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1999; 10(5): 387–96. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Pietinen P, Rimm EB, Korhonen P, Hartman AM, Willett WC, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Intake of dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease in a cohort of Finnish men. The Alpha-Tocopherol, Beta-Carotene Cancer Prevention Study. <i>Circulation</i> . 1996; 94(11): 2720–7. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Rimm EB, Ascherio A, Giovannucci E, Spiegelman D, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC. Vegetable, fruit, and cereal fiber intake and risk of coronary heart disease among men. <i>JAMA</i> . 1996; 275(6): 447–51. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Sanjoaquin MA, Appleby PN, Thorogood M, Mann JI, Key TJ. Nutrition, lifestyle and colorectal cancer incidence: a prospective investigation of 10998 vegetarians and non-vegetarians in the United Kingdom. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2004; 90(1): 118–21. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Schatzkin A, Mouw T, Park Y, Subar AF, Kipnis V, Hollenbeck A, Leitzmann MF, Thompson FE. Dietary fiber and whole-grain consumption in relation to colorectal cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2007; 85(5): 1353–60. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Shin A, Li H, Shu X-O, Yang G, Gao Y-T, Zheng W. Dietary intake of calcium, fiber and other micronutrients in relation to colorectal cancer risk: Results from the Shanghai Women's Health Study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 119(12): 2938–42. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in fiber	Terry P, Giovannucci E, Michels KB, Bergkvist L, Hansen H, Holmberg L, Wolk A. Fruit, vegetables, dietary fiber, and risk of colorectal cancer. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2001; 93(7): 525–33. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	Wakai K, Date C, Fukui M, Tamakoshi K, Watanabe Y, Hayakawa N, Kojima M, Kawado M, Suzuki K, Hashimoto S, Tokudome S, Ozasa K, Suzuki S, Toyoshima H, Ito Y, Tamakoshi A, JACC Study Group. Dietary fiber and risk of colorectal cancer in the Japan collaborative cohort study. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2007; 16(4): 668–75. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in fiber	WHO MONICA Project Principal Investigators. The World Health Organization MONICA Project (monitoring trends and determinants in cardiovascular disease): a major international collaboration. WHO MONICA Project Principal Investigators. J Clin Epidemiol. 1988; 41(2): 105–14. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	Wolk A, Manson JE, Stampfer MJ, Colditz GA, Hu FB, Speizer FE, Hennekens CH, Willett WC. Long-term intake of dietary fiber and decreased risk of coronary heart disease among women. JAMA. 1999; 281(21): 1998–2004. as it appears in Pereira MA, O'Reilly E, Augustsson K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Heitmann BL, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Dietary fiber and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of cohort studies. Arch Intern Med. 2004; 164(4): 370-6.
Diet low in fiber	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Baron JA, Beach M, Wallace K, Grau MV, Sandler RS, Mandel JS, Heber D, Greenberg ER. Risk of prostate cancer in a randomized clinical trial of calcium supplementation. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2005; 14(3): 586–9. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Berndt SI, Carter HB, Landis PK, Tucker KL, Hsieh LJ, Metter EJ, Platz EA, Baltimore Longitudinal Study of Aging. Calcium intake and prostate cancer risk in a long-term aging study: the Baltimore Longitudinal Study of Aging. Urology. 2002; 60(6): 1118–23. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Chan JM, Pietinen P, Virtanen M, Malila N, Tangrea J, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Diet and prostate cancer risk in a cohort of smokers, with a specific focus on calcium and phosphorus (Finland). Cancer Causes Control. 2000; 11(9): 859-67. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Chan JM, Stampfer MJ, Ma J, Gann PH, Gaziano JM, Giovannucci EL. Dairy products, calcium, and prostate cancer risk in the Physicians' Health Study. Am J Clin Nutr. 2001; 74(4): 549-54. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Flood A, Peters U, Chatterjee N, Lacey JV, Schairer C, Schatzkin A. Calcium from diet and supplements is associated with reduced risk of colorectal cancer in a prospective cohort of women. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2005; 14(1): 126-32. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Giovannucci E, Rimm EB, Wolk A, Ascherio A, Stampfer MJ, Colditz GA, Willett WC. Calcium and fructose intake in relation to risk of prostate cancer. Cancer Res. 1998; 58(3): 442-7. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Ishihara J, Inoue M, Iwasaki M, Sasazuki S, Tsugane S. Dietary calcium, vitamin D, and the risk of colorectal cancer. Am J Clin Nutr. 2008; 88(6): 1576-83. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet low in calcium	Järvinen R, Knekt P, Hakulinen T, Aromaa A. Prospective study on milk products, calcium and cancers of the colon and rectum. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2001; 55(11): 1000-7. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Jenab M, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Ferrari P, van Duijnhoven FJB, Norat T, Pischon T, Jansen EHJM, Slimani N, Byrnes G, Rinaldi S, Tjønneland A, Olsen A, Overvad K, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Clavel-Chapelon F, Morois S, Kaaks R, Linseisen J, Boeing H, Bergmann MM, Trichopoulou A, Misirli G, Trichopoulos D, Berrino F, Vineis P, Panico S, Palli D, Tumino R, Ros MM, van Gils CH, Peeters PH, Brustad M, Lund E, Tormo M-J, Ardanaz E, Rodríguez L, Sánchez M-J, Dorronsoro M, Gonzalez CA, Hallmans G, Palmqvist R, Roddam A, Key TJ, Khaw K-T, Autier P, Hainaut P, Riboli E. Association between pre-diagnostic circulating vitamin D concentration and risk of colorectal cancer in European populations:a nested case-control study. <i>BMJ.</i> 2010; 340: b5500. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Kampman E, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA, van 't Veer P. Fermented dairy products, calcium, and colorectal cancer in The Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 1994; 54(12): 3186-90. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Lin J, Zhang SM, Cook NR, Manson JE, Lee I-M, Buring JE. Intakes of calcium and vitamin D and risk of colorectal cancer in women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2005; 161(8): 755-64. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Martínez ME, Giovannucci EL, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Hunter DJ, Speizer FE, Wing A, Willett WC. Calcium, vitamin D, and the occurrence of colorectal cancer among women. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 1996; 88(19): 1375-82. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	McCarl M, Harnack L, Limburg PJ, Anderson KE, Folsom AR. Incidence of colorectal cancer in relation to glycemic index and load in a cohort of women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2006; 15(5): 892-6. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	McCullough ML, Robertson AS, Rodriguez C, Jacobs EJ, Chao A, Carolyn J, Calle EE, Willett WC, Thun MJ. Calcium, vitamin D, dairy products, and risk of colorectal cancer in the Cancer Prevention Study II Nutrition Cohort (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2003; 14(1): 1-12. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Park Y, Leitzmann MF, Subar AF, Hollenbeck A, Schatzkin A. Dairy food, calcium, and risk of cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2009; 169(4): 391-401. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Pietinen P, Malila N, Virtanen M, Hartman TJ, Tangrea JA, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Diet and risk of colorectal cancer in a cohort of Finnish men. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1999; 10(5): 387-96. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Rodriguez C, McCullough ML, Mondul AM, Jacobs EJ, Fakhrabadi-Shokoohi D, Giovannucci EL, Thun MJ, Calle EE. Calcium, dairy products, and risk of prostate cancer in a prospective cohort of United States men. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2003; 12(7): 597-603. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	Schuurman AG, van den Brandt PA, Dorant E, Goldbohm RA. Animal products, calcium and protein and prostate cancer risk in The Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 1999; 80(7): 1107-13. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.



<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Diet low in calcium	Shin A, Li H, Shu X-O, Yang G, Gao Y-T, Zheng W. Dietary intake of calcium, fiber and other micronutrients in relation to colorectal cancer risk: Results from the Shanghai Women's Health Study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 119(12): 2938–42. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Terry P, Baron JA, Bergkvist L, Holmberg L, Wolk A. Dietary calcium and vitamin D intake and risk of colorectal cancer: a prospective cohort study in women. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> . 2002; 43(1): 39–46. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	Tseng M, Breslow RA, Graubard BI, Ziegler RG. Dairy, calcium, and vitamin D intakes and prostate cancer risk in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Epidemiologic Follow-up Study cohort. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2005; 81(5): 1147–54. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in calcium	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research, Imperial College London. WCRF/AICR Systematic Literature Review Continuous Update Project Report: The Associations between Food, Nutrition and Physical Activity and the Risk of Colorectal Cancer. Oct 2010.
Diet low in calcium	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet low in seafood omega-3 fatty acids	Mozaffarian D, Rimm EB. Fish intake, contaminants, and human health: evaluating the risks and the benefits. <i>JAMA</i> . 2006; 296(15): 1885-99.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Ascherio A, Rimm EB, Giovannucci EL, Spiegelman D, Stampfer M, Willett WC. Dietary fat and risk of coronary heart disease in men: cohort follow up study in the United States. <i>BMJ</i> . 1996; 313(7049): 84-90. as it appears in Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-1578.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-78.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Jakobsen MU, O'Reilly EJ, Heitmann BL, Pereira MA, Bälter K, Fraser GE, Goldbourt U, Hallmans G, Knekt P, Liu S, Pietinen P, Spiegelman D, Stevens J, Virtamo J, Willett WC, Ascherio A. Major types of dietary fat and risk of coronary heart disease: a pooled analysis of 11 cohort studies. <i>Am J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 89(5): 1425-32. as it appears in Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-1578.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Oh K, Hu FB, Manson JE, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC. Dietary fat intake and risk of coronary heart disease in women: 20 years of follow-up of the nurses' health study. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2005; 161(7): 672–9. as it appears in Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-1578.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Pietinen P, Ascherio A, Korhonen P, Hartman AM, Willett WC, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Intake of fatty acids and risk of coronary heart disease in a cohort of Finnish men. The Alpha-Tocopherol, Beta-Carotene Cancer Prevention Study. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1997; 145(10): 876–87. as it appears in Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-1578.
Diet low in polyunsaturated fatty acid (PUFA)	Wallström P, Sonestedt E, Hlebowicz J, Ericson U, Drake I, Persson M, Gullberg B, Hedblad B, Wirfält E. Dietary fiber and saturated fat intake associations with cardiovascular disease differ by sex in the Malmö Diet and Cancer Cohort: a prospective study. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2012; 7(2): e31637. as it appears in Farvid MS, Ding M, Pan A, Sun Q, Chiuve SE, Steffen LM, Willett WC, Hu FB. Dietary Linoleic Acid and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. <i>Circulation</i> . 2014; 130(18): 1568-1578.
Diet high in trans fatty acids	Ascherio A, Rimm EB, Giovannucci EL, Spiegelman D, Stampfer M, Willett WC. Dietary fat and risk of coronary heart disease in men: cohort follow up study in the United States. <i>BMJ</i> . 1996; 313(7049): 84-90. as it appears in Mozaffarian D, Clarke R. Quantitative effects on cardiovascular risk factors and coronary heart disease risk of replacing partially hydrogenated vegetable oils with other fats and oils. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 63(Suppl 2): S22-33.
Diet high in trans fatty acids	Mozaffarian D, Clarke R. Quantitative effects on cardiovascular risk factors and coronary heart disease risk of replacing partially hydrogenated vegetable oils with other fats and oils. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr</i> . 2009; 63(Suppl 2): S22-33.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Diet high in trans fatty acids	Oh K, Hu FB, Manson JE, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC. Dietary fat intake and risk of coronary heart disease in women: 20 years of follow-up of the nurses' health study. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2005; 161(7): 672–9. as it appears in Mozaffarian D, Clarke R. Quantitative effects on cardiovascular risk factors and coronary heart disease risk of replacing partially hydrogenated vegetable oils with other fats and oils. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2009; 63(Suppl 2): S22-33.
Diet high in trans fatty acids	Oomen CM, Ocké MC, Feskens EJ, van Erp-Baart MA, Kok FJ, Kromhout D. Association between trans fatty acid intake and 10-year risk of coronary heart disease in the Zutphen Elderly Study: a prospective population-based study. <i>Lancet.</i> 2001; 357(9258): 746–51. as it appears in Mozaffarian D, Clarke R. Quantitative effects on cardiovascular risk factors and coronary heart disease risk of replacing partially hydrogenated vegetable oils with other fats and oils. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2009; 63(Suppl 2): S22-33.
Diet high in trans fatty acids	Pietinen P, Ascherio A, Korhonen P, Hartman AM, Willett WC, Albanes D, Virtamo J. Intake of fatty acids and risk of coronary heart disease in a cohort of Finnish men. The Alpha-Tocopherol, Beta-Carotene Cancer Prevention Study. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1997; 145(10): 876–87. as it appears in Mozaffarian D, Clarke R. Quantitative effects on cardiovascular risk factors and coronary heart disease risk of replacing partially hydrogenated vegetable oils with other fats and oils. <i>Eur J Clin Nutr.</i> 2009; 63(Suppl 2): S22-33.
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Diet high in sodium	Van den Brandt PA, Botterweck AAM, Goldbohm RA. Salt intake, cured meat consumption, refrigerator use and stomach cancer incidence: a prospective cohort study (Netherlands). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2003; 14(5): 427–38. as it appears in World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
Diet high in sodium	World Cancer Research Fund, American Institute for Cancer Research. Food, Nutrition, Physical Activity, and the Prevention of Cancer: a Global Perspective. Washington DC: AICR, 2007.
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Childhood sexual abuse	Brown J, Cohen P, Johnson JG, Smailes EM. Childhood abuse and neglect: specificity of effects on adolescent and young adult depression and suicidality. <i>J Am Acad Child Adolesc Psychiatry.</i> 1999; 38(12): 1490–6.
Childhood sexual abuse	Dinwiddie S, Heath AC, Dunne MP, Bucholz KK, Madden PA, Slutske WS, Bierut LJ, Statham DB, Martin NG. Early sexual abuse and lifetime psychopathology: a co-twin-control study. <i>Psychol Med.</i> 2000; 30(1): 41–52.
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Childhood sexual abuse	Ernst C, Angst J, Földényi M. The Zurich Study. XVII. Sexual abuse in childhood. Frequency and relevance for adult morbidity data of a longitudinal epidemiological study. <i>Eur Arch Psychiatry Clin Neurosci.</i> 1993; 242(5): 293–300.
Childhood sexual abuse	Fergusson DM, Boden JM, Horwood LJ. Exposure to childhood sexual and physical abuse and adjustment in early adulthood. <i>Child Abuse Negl.</i> 2008; 32(6): 607–19.
Childhood sexual abuse	Hamburger ME, Leeb RT, Swahn MH. Childhood maltreatment and early alcohol use among high-risk adolescents. <i>J Stud Alcohol Drugs.</i> 2008; 69(2): 291–5.
Childhood sexual abuse	Kendler KS, Bulik CM, Silberg J, Hettema JM, Myers J, Prescott CA. Childhood sexual abuse and adult psychiatric and substance use disorders in women: an epidemiological and cotwin control analysis. <i>Arch Gen Psychiatry.</i> 2000; 57(10): 953–9.
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Childhood sexual abuse	Sartor CE, Lynskey MT, Bucholz KK, McCutcheon VV, Nelson EC, Waldron M, Heath AC. Childhood sexual abuse and the course of alcohol dependence development: findings from a female twin sample. <i>Drug Alcohol Depend.</i> 2007; 89(2-3): 139–44.
Childhood sexual abuse	Wilsnack SC, Vogeltanz ND, Klassen AD, Harris TR. Childhood sexual abuse and women's substance abuse: national survey findings. <i>J Stud Alcohol.</i> 1997; 58(3): 264–71.
Intimate partner violence	Ackard DM, Eisenberg ME, Neumark-Sztainer D. Long-term impact of adolescent dating violence on the behavioral and psychological health of male and female youth. <i>J Pediatr.</i> 2007; 151(5): 476-81. as it appears in Devries KM, Mak JY, Bacchus LJ, Child JC, Falder G, Petzold M, Astbury J, Watts CH. Intimate partner violence and incident depressive symptoms and suicide attempts: a systematic review of longitudinal studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(5): e1001439.
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<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
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Intimate partner violence	Devries KM, Mak JY, Bacchus LJ, Child JC, Falder G, Petzold M, Astbury J, Watts CH. Intimate partner violence and incident depressive symptoms and suicide attempts: a systematic review of longitudinal studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(5): e1001439.
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Intimate partner violence	Kouyoumdjian FG, Calzavara LM, Bondy SJ, O'Campo P, Serwadda D, Nalugoda F, Kagaayi J, Kigozi G, Wawer M, Gray R. Intimate partner violence is associated with incident HIV infection in women in Uganda. <i>AIDS.</i> 2013; 27(8): 1331-8.
Intimate partner violence	Leung TW, Leung WC, Chan PL, Ho PC. A comparison of the prevalence of domestic violence between patients seeking termination of pregnancy and other general gynecology patients. <i>Int J Gynaecol Obstet.</i> 2002; 77(1): 47-54.
Intimate partner violence	Loxton D, Schofield M, Hussain R. Psychological health in midlife among women who have ever lived with a violent partner or spouse. <i>J Interpers Violence.</i> 2006; 21(8): 1092-107. as it appears in Devries KM, Mak JY, Bacchus LJ, Child JC, Falder G, Petzold M, Astbury J, Watts CH. Intimate partner violence and incident depressive symptoms and suicide attempts: a systematic review of longitudinal studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(5): e1001439.
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Intimate partner violence	Suglia SF, Duarte CS, Sandel MT. Housing quality, housing instability, and maternal mental health. <i>J Urban Health.</i> 2011; 88(6): 1105-16. as it appears in Devries KM, Mak JY, Bacchus LJ, Child JC, Falder G, Petzold M, Astbury J, Watts CH. Intimate partner violence and incident depressive symptoms and suicide attempts: a systematic review of longitudinal studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(5): e1001439.
Intimate partner violence	Taft AJ, Watson LF. Depression and termination of pregnancy (induced abortion) in a national cohort of young Australian women: the confounding effect of women's experience of violence. <i>BMC Public Health.</i> 2008; 75. as it appears in Devries KM, Mak JY, Bacchus LJ, Child JC, Falder G, Petzold M, Astbury J, Watts CH. Intimate partner violence and incident depressive symptoms and suicide attempts: a systematic review of longitudinal studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2013; 10(5): e1001439.
Intimate partner violence	Taft AJ, Watson LF. Termination of pregnancy: associations with partner violence and other factors in a national cohort of young Australian women. <i>Aust N Z J Public Health.</i> 2007; 31(2): 135-42.
Unsafe sex	Bosch FX, Lorincz A, Muñoz N, Meijer CJ, Shah KV. The causal relation between human papillomavirus and cervical cancer. <i>J Clin Pathol.</i> 2002; 55(4): 244-65.
Unsafe sex	Carter JR, Ding Z, Rose BR. HPV infection and cervical disease: a review. <i>Aust N Z J Obstet Gynaecol.</i> 2011; 51(2): 103-8.
Low physical activity	Abbott RD, Rodriguez BL, Burchfiel CM, Curb JD. Physical activity in older middle-aged men and reduced risk of stroke: the Honolulu Heart Program. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1994; 139(9): 881-93.
Low physical activity	Agnarsson U, Thorgeirsson G, Sigvaldason H, Sigfusson N. Effects of leisure-time physical activity and ventilatory function on risk for stroke in men: the Reykjavík Study. <i>Ann Intern Med.</i> 1999; 130(12): 987-90.
Low physical activity	Akesson A, Weismayer C, Newby PK, Wolk A. Combined effect of low-risk dietary and lifestyle behaviors in primary prevention of myocardial infarction in women. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2007; 167(19): 2122-7.
Low physical activity	Autenrieth CS, Evenson KR, Yatsuya H, Shahar E, Baggett C, Rosamond WD. Association between physical activity and risk of stroke subtypes: the atherosclerosis risk in communities study. <i>Neuroepidemiology.</i> 2013; 40(2): 109-116.
Low physical activity	Baan CA, Stolk RP, Grobbee DE, Witteman JC, Feskens EJ. Physical activity in elderly subjects with impaired glucose tolerance and newly diagnosed diabetes mellitus. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1999; 149(3): 219-27.
Low physical activity	Bardia A, Hartmann LC, Vachon CM, Vierkant RA, Wang AH, Olson JE, Sellers TA, Cerhan JR. Recreational physical activity and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer based on hormone receptor status. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2006; 166(22): 2478-83.
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Low physical activity	Bijnen FC, Caspersen CJ, Feskens EJ, Saris WH, Mosterd WL, Kromhout D. Physical activity and 10-year mortality from cardiovascular diseases and all causes: The Zutphen Elderly Study. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 1998; 158(14): 1499-505.
Low physical activity	Borch KB, Lund E, Braaten T, Weiderpass E. Physical activity and the risk of postmenopausal breast cancer - the Norwegian Women and Cancer Study. <i>J Negat Results Biomed.</i> 2014; 13: 3.

<b>Risk Factor</b>	<b>Relative Risk Citation</b>
Low physical activity	Bostick RM, Potter JD, Kushi LH, Sellers TA, Steinmetz KA, McKenzie DR, Gapstur SM, Folsom AR. Sugar, meat, and fat intake, and non-dietary risk factors for colon cancer incidence in Iowa women (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1994; 5(1): 38-52.
Low physical activity	Breslow RA, Ballard-Barbash R, Munoz K, Graubard BI. Long-term recreational physical activity and breast cancer in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey I epidemiologic follow-up study. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2001; 10(7): 805-8.
Low physical activity	Calton BA, Lacey JV Jr, Schatzkin A, Schairer C, Colbert LH, Albanes D, Leitzmann MF. Physical activity and the risk of colon cancer among women: a prospective cohort study (United States). <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 119(2): 385-91.
Low physical activity	Carlsson S, Ahlbom A, Lichtenstein P, Andersson T. Shared genetic influence of BMI, physical activity and type 2 diabetes: a twin study. <i>Diabetologia</i> . 2013; 56(5): 1031-5.
Low physical activity	Cerhan JR, Chiu BC, Wallace RB, Lemke JH, Lynch CF, Torner JC, Rubenstein LM. Physical activity, physical function, and the risk of breast cancer in a prospective study among elderly women. <i>J Gerontol A Biol Sci Med Sci</i> . 1998; 53(4): M251-256.
Low physical activity	Chang S-C, Ziegler RG, Dunn B, Stolzenberg-Solomon R, Lacey JV Jr, Huang W-Y, Schatzkin A, Reding D, Hoover RN, Hartge P, Leitzmann MF. Association of energy intake and energy balance with postmenopausal breast cancer in the prostate, lung, colorectal, and ovarian cancer screening trial. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2006; 15(2): 334-41.
Low physical activity	Chao A, Connell CJ, Jacobs EJ, McCullough ML, Patel AV, Calle EE, Cokkinides VE, Thun MJ. Amount, type, and timing of recreational physical activity in relation to colon and rectal cancer in older adults: the Cancer Prevention Study II Nutrition Cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2004; 13(12): 2187-95.
Low physical activity	Chen J, Millar WJ. Health effects of physical activity. <i>Health Rep</i> . 1999; 11(1): 21-31.
Low physical activity	Chiuve SE, McCullough ML, Sacks FM, Rimm EB. Healthy lifestyle factors in the primary prevention of coronary heart disease among men: benefits among users and nonusers of lipid-lowering and antihypertensive medications. <i>Circulation</i> . 2006; 114(2): 160-7.
Low physical activity	Chiuve SE, Rexrode KM, Spiegelman D, Logroscino G, Manson JE, Rimm EB. Primary prevention of stroke by healthy lifestyle. <i>Circulation</i> . 2008; 118(9): 947-954.
Low physical activity	Chomistek AK, Manson JE, Stefanick ML, Lu B, Sands-Lincoln M, Going SB, Garcia L, Allison MA, Sims ST, LaMonte MJ, Johnson KC, Eaton CB. Relationship of sedentary behavior and physical activity to incident cardiovascular disease: results from the Women's Health Initiative. <i>J Am Coll Cardiol</i> . 2013; 61(23): 2346-54.
Low physical activity	Colbert LH, Hartman TJ, Malila N, Limburg PJ, Pietinen P, Virtamo J, Taylor PR, Albanes D. Physical activity in relation to cancer of the colon and rectum in a cohort of male smokers. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2001; 10(3): 265-8.
Low physical activity	Colditz GA, Feskanich D, Chen WY, Hunter DJ, Willett WC. Physical activity and risk of breast cancer in premenopausal women. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2003; 89(5): 847-51.
Low physical activity	Dallal CM, Sullivan-Halley J, Ross RK, Wang Y, Deapen D, Horn-Ross PL, Reynolds P, Stram DO, Clarke CA, Anton-Culver H, Ziogas A, Peel D, West DW, Wright W, Bernstein L. Long-term recreational physical activity and risk of invasive and in situ breast cancer: the California teachers study. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2007; 167(4): 408-15.
Low physical activity	Demakakos P, Hamer M, Stamatakis E, Steptoe A. Low-intensity physical activity is associated with reduced risk of incident type 2 diabetes in older adults: evidence from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing. <i>Diabetologia</i> . 2010; 53(9): 1877-1885.
Low physical activity	Dirx MJ, Voorrips LE, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA. Baseline recreational physical activity, history of sports participation, and postmenopausal breast carcinoma risk in the Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>Cancer</i> . 2001; 92(6): 1638-49.
Low physical activity	Dorgan JF, Brown C, Barrett M, Splansky GL, Kreger BE, D'Agostino RB, Albanes D, Schatzkin A. Physical activity and risk of breast cancer in the Framingham Heart Study. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1994; 139(7): 662-9.
Low physical activity	Eaton CB, Medalie JH, Flocke SA, Zyzanski SJ, Yaari S, Goldbourt U. Self-reported physical activity predicts long-term coronary heart disease and all-cause mortalities. Twenty-one-year follow-up of the Israeli Ischemic Heart Disease Study. <i>Arch Fam Med</i> . 1995; 4(4): 323-9.
Low physical activity	Eliassen AH, Hankinson SE, Rosner B, Holmes MD, Willett WC. Physical activity and risk of breast cancer among postmenopausal women. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2010; 170(19): 1758-64.
Low physical activity	Ellekjaer H, Holmen J, Ellekjaer E, Vatten L. Physical activity and stroke mortality in women. Ten-year follow-up of the Nord-Trondelag health survey, 1984-1986. <i>Stroke</i> . 2000; 31(1): 14-8.
Low physical activity	Folsom AR, Arnett DK, Hutchinson RG, Liao F, Clegg LX, Cooper LS. Physical activity and incidence of coronary heart disease in middle-aged women and men. <i>Med Sci Sports Exerc</i> . 1997; 29(7): 901-9.
Low physical activity	Folsom AR, Kushi LH, Hong CP. Physical activity and incident diabetes mellitus in postmenopausal women. <i>Am J Public Health</i> . 2000; 90(1): 134-8.
Low physical activity	Fournier A, Dos Santos G, Guillas G, Bertsch J, Duclos M, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Clavel-Chapelon F, Mesrine S. Recent recreational physical activity and breast cancer risk in postmenopausal women in the E3N cohort. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2014; 23(9): 1893-1902.



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Low physical activity	Fraser G, Pearce N. Occupational physical activity and risk of cancer of the colon and rectum in New Zealand males. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1993; 4(1): 45-50.
Low physical activity	Friedenreich C, Norat T, Steindorf K, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Pischon T, Mazuir M, Clavel-Chapelon F, Linseisen J, Boeing H, Bergman M, Johnsen NF, Tjønneland A, Overvad K, Mendez M, Quirós JR, Martinez C, Dorronsoro M, Navarro C, Gurrea AB, Bingham S, Khaw K-T, Allen N, Key T, Trichopoulou A, Trichopoulos D, Orfanou N, Krogh V, Palli D, Tumino R, Panico S, Vineis P, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Peeters PHM, Monninkhof E, Berglund G, Manjer J, Ferrari P, Slimani N, Kaaks R, Riboli E. Physical activity and risk of colon and rectal cancers: the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2006; 15(12): 2398-407.
Low physical activity	Frisch RE, Wyshak G, Witschi J, Albright NL, Albright TE, Schiff I. Lower lifetime occurrence of breast cancer and cancers of the reproductive system among former college athletes. <i>Int J Fertil</i> . 1987; 32(3): 217-25.
Low physical activity	Garabrant DH, Peters JM, Mack TM, Bernstein L. Job activity and colon cancer risk. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1984; 119(6): 1005-14.
Low physical activity	Gerhardsson M, Norell SE, Kiviranta H, Pedersen NL, Ahlbom A. Sedentary jobs and colon cancer. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1986; 123(5): 775-80.
Low physical activity	Giovannucci E, Ascherio A, Rimm EB, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Willett WC. Physical activity, obesity, and risk for colon cancer and adenoma in men. <i>Ann Intern Med</i> . 1995; 122(5): 327-34.
Low physical activity	Gurwitz JH, Field TS, Glynn RJ, Manson JE, Avorn J, Taylor JO, Hennekens CH. Risk factors for non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus requiring treatment in the elderly. <i>J Am Geriatr Soc</i> . 1994; 42(12): 1235-40.
Low physical activity	Haapanen N, Miilunpalo S, Vuori I, Oja P, Pasanen M. Association of leisure time physical activity with the risk of coronary heart disease, hypertension and diabetes in middle-aged men and women. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1997; 26(4): 739-47.
Low physical activity	Håheim LL, Holme I, Hjermann I, Leren P. Risk factors of stroke incidence and mortality. A 12-year follow-up of the Oslo Study. <i>Stroke</i> . 1993; 24(10): 1484-9.
Low physical activity	Helmrich SP, Ragland DR, Paffenbarger RS Jr. Prevention of non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus with physical activity. <i>Med Sci Sports Exerc</i> . 1994; 26(7): 824-30.
Low physical activity	Hildebrand JS, Gapstur SM, Campbell PT, Gaudet MM, Patel AV. Recreational physical activity and leisure-time sitting in relation to postmenopausal breast cancer risk. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2013; 22(10): 1906-1912.
Low physical activity	Hillsdon M, Thorogood M, Murphy M, Jones L. Can a simple measure of vigorous physical activity predict future mortality? Results from the OXCHECK study. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2004; 7(4): 557-62.
Low physical activity	Howard RA, Freedman DM, Park Y, Hollenbeck A, Schatzkin A, Leitzmann MF. Physical activity, sedentary behavior, and the risk of colon and rectal cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2008; 19(9): 939-53.
Low physical activity	Howard RA, Leitzmann MF, Linet MS, Freedman DM. Physical activity and breast cancer risk among pre- and postmenopausal women in the U.S. Radiologic Technologists cohort. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2009; 20(3): 323-33.
Low physical activity	Hsia J, Wu L, Allen C, Oberman A, Lawson WE, Torrén J, Safford M, Limacher MC, Howard BV, Women's Health Initiative Research Group. Physical activity and diabetes risk in postmenopausal women. <i>Am J Prev Med</i> . 2005; 28(1): 19-25.
Low physical activity	Hu FB, Leitzmann MF, Stampfer MJ, Colditz GA, Willett WC, Rimm EB. Physical activity and television watching in relation to risk for type 2 diabetes mellitus in men. <i>Arch Intern Med</i> . 2001; 161(12): 1542-8.
Low physical activity	Hu FB, Sigal RJ, Rich-Edwards JW, Colditz GA, Solomon CG, Willett WC, Speizer FE, Manson JE. Walking compared with vigorous physical activity and risk of type 2 diabetes in women: a prospective study. <i>JAMA</i> . 1999; 282(15): 1433-9.
Low physical activity	Hu FB, Stampfer MJ, Colditz GA, Ascherio A, Rexrode KM, Willett WC, Manson JE. Physical activity and risk of stroke in women. <i>JAMA</i> . 2000; 283(22): 2961-7.
Low physical activity	Hu G, Jousilahti P, Borodulin K, Barengo NC, Lakka TA, Nissinen A, Tuomilehto J. Occupational, commuting and leisure-time physical activity in relation to coronary heart disease among middle-aged Finnish men and women. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> . 2007; 194(2): 490-7.
Low physical activity	Hu G, Qiao Q, Silventoinen K, Eriksson JG, Jousilahti P, Lindström J, Valle TT, Nissinen A, Tuomilehto J. Occupational, commuting, and leisure-time physical activity in relation to risk for Type 2 diabetes in middle-aged Finnish men and women. <i>Diabetologia</i> . 2003; 46(3): 322-9.
Low physical activity	Hu G, Sarti C, Jousilahti P, Silventoinen K, Barengo NC, Tuomilehto J. Leisure time, occupational, and commuting physical activity and the risk of stroke. <i>Stroke</i> . 2005; 36(9): 1994-9.
Low physical activity	Inoue M, Iso H, Yamamoto S, Kurahashi N, Iwasaki M, Sasazuki S, Tsugane S, Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Group. Daily total physical activity level and premature death in men and women: results from a large-scale population-based cohort study in Japan (JPHC study). <i>Ann Epidemiol</i> . 2008; 18(7): 522-30.
Low physical activity	James SA, Jamjoum L, Raghunathan TE, Strogatz DS, Furth ED, Khazanie PG. Physical activity and NIDDM in African-Americans. The Pitt County Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 1998; 21(4): 555-62.



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Low physical activity	Johnsen NF, Christensen J, Thomsen BL, Olsen A, Loft S, Overvad K, Tjønneland A. Physical activity and risk of colon cancer in a cohort of Danish middle-aged men and women. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2006; 21(12): 877-84.
Low physical activity	Kaprio J, Kujala UM, Koskenvuo M, Sarna S. Physical activity and other risk factors in male twin-pairs discordant for coronary heart disease. <i>Atherosclerosis.</i> 2000; 150(1): 193-200.
Low physical activity	Lakka TA, Venäläinen JM, Rauramaa R, Salonen R, Tuomilehto J, Salonen JT. Relation of leisure-time physical activity and cardiorespiratory fitness to the risk of acute myocardial infarction. <i>N Engl J Med.</i> 1994; 330(22): 1549-54.
Low physical activity	Lapidus L, Bengtsson C. Socioeconomic factors and physical activity in relation to cardiovascular disease and death. A 12 year follow up of participants in a population study of women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Br Heart J.</i> 1986; 55(3): 295-301.
Low physical activity	Larsson SC, Rutegård J, Bergkvist L, Wolk A. Physical activity, obesity, and risk of colon and rectal cancer in a cohort of Swedish men. <i>Eur J Cancer.</i> 2006; 42(15): 2590-7.
Low physical activity	Lee D, Park I, Jun TW, Nam BH, Cho S, Blair SN, Kim YS. Physical activity and body mass index and their associations with the development of type 2 diabetes in korean men. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2012; 176(1): 43-51.
Low physical activity	Lee IM, Hennekens CH, Berger K, Buring JE, Manson JE. Exercise and risk of stroke in male physicians. <i>Stroke.</i> 1999; 30(1): 1-6.
Low physical activity	Lee IM, Manson JE, Ajani U, Paffenbarger RS Jr, Hennekens CH, Buring JE. Physical activity and risk of colon cancer: the Physicians' Health Study (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1997; 8(4): 568-74.
Low physical activity	Lee IM, Paffenbarger RS Jr. Physical activity and its relation to cancer risk: a prospective study of college alumni. <i>Med Sci Sports Exerc.</i> 1994; 26(7): 831-7.
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High fasting plasma glucose	Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
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High systolic blood pressure	Prospective Studies Collaboration, Lewington S, Whitlock G, Clarke R, Sherliker P, Emberson J, Halsey J, Qizilbash N, Peto R, Collins R. Blood cholesterol and vascular mortality by age, sex, and blood pressure: a meta-analysis of individual data from 61 prospective studies with 55,000 vascular deaths. <i>Lancet</i> . 2007; 370(9602): 1829-39. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.



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High systolic blood pressure	Prospective Studies Collaboration, Whitlock G, Lewington S, Sherliker P, Clarke R, Emberson J, Halsey J, Qizilbash N, Collins R, Peto R. Body-mass index and cause-specific mortality in 900 000 adults: collaborative analyses of 57 prospective studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2009; 373(9669): 1083-96. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High systolic blood pressure	Prospective Studies Collaboration. Collaborative overview ('meta-analysis') of prospective observational studies of the associations of usual blood pressure and usual cholesterol levels with common causes of death: protocol for the second cycle of the Prospective Studies Collaboration. <i>J Cardiovasc Risk</i> . 1999; 6(5): 315-20. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High systolic blood pressure	Renahan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High systolic blood pressure	Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High systolic blood pressure	Thompson S, Kaptoge S, White I, Wood A, Perry P, Danesh J; Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration. Statistical methods for the time-to-event analysis of individual participant data from multiple epidemiological studies. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2010; 39(5): 1345-59. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High systolic blood pressure	Woodward M, Barzi F, Martiniuk A, Fang X, Gu DF, Imai Y, Lam TH, Pan WH, Rodgers A, Suh I, Jee SH, Ueshima H, Huxley R; Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. Cohort profile: the Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2006; 35(6): 1412-6. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.



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High systolic blood pressure	Zhang X, Patel A, Horibe H, Wu Z, Barzi F, Rodgers A, MacMahon S, Woodward M. Cholesterol, coronary heart disease, and stroke in the Asia Pacific region. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; 32(4): 563-72. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Adams KF, Leitzmann MF, Albanes D, Kipnis V, Mouw T, Hollenbeck A, Schatzkin A. Body mass and colorectal cancer risk in the NIH-AARP cohort. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 166(1): 36-45. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet.</i> 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Anderson JP, Ross JA, Folsom AR. Anthropometric variables, physical activity, and incidence of ovarian cancer: The Iowa Women's Health Study. <i>Cancer.</i> 2004; 100(7): 1515-21. as it appears in Collaborative Group on Epidemiological Studies of Ovarian Cancer. Ovarian Cancer and Body Size: Individual Participant Meta-Analysis Including 25,157 Women with Ovarian Cancer from 47 Epidemiological Studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2012; 9(4): e1001200.
High body-mass index	Anderson JP, Ross JA, Folsom AR. Anthropometric variables, physical activity, and incidence of ovarian cancer: The Iowa Women's Health Study. <i>Cancer.</i> 2004; 100(7): 1515-21. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet.</i> 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Aune D, Greenwood DC, Chan DSM, Vieira R, Vieira AR, Navarro Rosenblatt DA, Cade JE, Burley VJ, Norat T. Body mass index, abdominal fatness and pancreatic cancer risk: a systematic review and non-linear dose-response meta-analysis of prospective studies. <i>Ann Oncol.</i> 2012; 23(4): 843-52. as it appears in Bhaskaran K, Douglas I, Forbes H, dos-Santos-Silva I, Leon DA, Smeeth L. Body-mass index and risk of 22 specific cancers: a population-based cohort study of 5·24 million UK adults. <i>Lancet.</i> 2014; 384(9945): 755-765.
High body-mass index	Baanders-van Halewijn EA, Poortman J. A case-control study of endometrial cancer within a cohort. <i>Maturitas.</i> 1985; 7(1): 69-76. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet.</i> 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Bakken K, Alsaker E, Eggen AE, Lund E. Hormone replacement therapy and incidence of hormone-dependent cancers in the Norwegian Women and Cancer study. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2004; 112(1): 130-4. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
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High body-mass index	Barrett-Connor E, Friedlander NJ. Dietary fat, calories, and the risk of breast cancer in postmenopausal women: a prospective population-based study. <i>J Am Coll Nutr.</i> 1993; 12(4): 390-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Bassett JK, Severi G, English DR, Baglietto L, Krishnan K, Hopper JL, Giles GG. Body size, weight change, and risk of colon cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2010; 19(11): 2978-86. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Bernstein L, Deapen D, Cerhan JR, Schwartz SM, Liff J, McGann-Maloney E, Perlman JA, Ford L. Tamoxifen therapy for breast cancer and endometrial cancer risk. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 1999; 91(19): 1654-62. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Bhaskaran K, Douglas I, Forbes H, dos-Santos-Silva I, Leon DA, Smeeth L. Body-mass index and risk of 22 specific cancers: a population-based cohort study of 5·24 million UK adults.Lancet. 2014; 384(9945): 755-65. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. PLoS One. 2013; 8(7): e65174.
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High body-mass index	Bjørge T, Lukanova A, Jonsson H, Tretli S, Ulmer H, Manjer J, Stocks T, Selmer R, Nagel G, Almquist M, Concin H, Hallmans G, Häggström C, Stattin P, Engeland A. Metabolic syndrome and breast cancer in the me-can (metabolic syndrome and cancer) project. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2010; 19(7): 1737-45. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
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High body-mass index	Bostick RM, Potter JD, Kushi LH, Sellers TA, Steinmetz KA, McKenzie DR, Gapstur SM, Folsom AR. Sugar, meat, and fat intake, and non-dietary risk factors for colon cancer incidence in Iowa women (United States). Cancer Causes Control. 1994; 5(1): 38-52. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. Lancet. 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
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High body-mass index	Buys SS, Partridge E, Black A, Johnson CC, Lamerato L, Isaacs C, Reding DJ, Greenlee RT, Yokochi LA, Kessel B, Crawford ED, Church TR, Andriole GL, Weissfeld JL, Fouad MN, Chia D, O'Brien B, Ragard LR, Clapp JD, Rathmell JM, Riley TL, Hartge P, Pinsky PF, Zhu CS, Izmirlian G, Kramer BS, Miller AB, Xu J-L, Prorok PC, Gohagan JK, Berg CD, PLCO Project Team. Effect of screening on ovarian cancer mortality: the Prostate, Lung, Colorectal and Ovarian (PLCO) Cancer Screening Randomized Controlled Trial. JAMA. 2011; 305(22): 2295-303. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Chang S-C, Lacey JV, Brinton LA, Hartge P, Adams K, Mouw T, Carroll L, Hollenbeck A, Schatzkin A, Leitzmann MF. Lifetime weight history and endometrial cancer risk by type of menopausal hormone use in the NIH-AARP diet and health study. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2007; 16(4): 723-30. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Chang S-C, Ziegler RG, Dunn B, Stolzenberg-Solomon R, Lacey JV Jr, Huang W-Y, Schatzkin A, Reding D, Hoover RN, Hartge P, Leitzmann MF. Association of energy intake and energy balance with postmenopausal breast cancer in the prostate, lung, colorectal, and ovarian cancer screening trial. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2006; 15(2): 334-41. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. Lancet. 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.

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High body-mass index	Chyou PH, Nomura AM, Stemmermann GN. A prospective study of colon and rectal cancer among Hawaii Japanese men. <i>Ann Epidemiol.</i> 1996; 6(4): 276-82. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Clavel-Chapelon F, Guillas G, Tondeur L, Kernalleguen C, Boutron-Ruault M-C. Risk of differentiated thyroid cancer in relation to adult weight, height and body shape over life: the French E3N cohort. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2010; 126(12): 2984-90. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Collaborative Group on Epidemiological Studies of Ovarian Cancer. Ovarian Cancer and Body Size: Individual Participant Meta-Analysis Including 25,157 Women with Ovarian Cancer from 47 Epidemiological Studies. <i>PLoS Med.</i> 2012; 9(4): e1001200.
High body-mass index	Crosbie EJ, Zwahlen M, Kitchener HC, Egger M, Renehan AG. Body mass index, hormone replacement therapy, and endometrial cancer risk: a meta-analysis. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2010; 19(12): 3119-30. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	De Stavola BL, Wang DY, Allen DS, Giaconi J, Fentiman IS, Reed MJ, Bulbrook RD, Hayward JL. The association of height, weight, menstrual and reproductive events with breast cancer: results from two prospective studies on the island of Guernsey (United Kingdom). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1993; 4(4): 331-40. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Doody MM, Freedman DM, Alexander BH, Hauptmann M, Miller JS, Rao RS, Mabuchi K, Ron E, Sigurdson AJ, Linet MS. Breast cancer incidence in U.S. radiologic technologists. <i>Cancer.</i> 2006; 106(12): 2707-15. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration, Danesh J, Erqou S, Walker M, Thompson SG, et al. The Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration: analysis of individual data on lipid, inflammatory and other markers in over 1.1 million participants in 104 prospective studies of cardiovascular diseases. <i>Eur J Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 22(12): 839-69. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration, Di Angelantonio E, Sarwar N, Perry P, Kaptoge S, Ray KK, Thompson A, Wood AM, Lewington S, Sattar N, Packard CJ, Collins R, Thompson SG, Danesh J. Major lipids, apolipoproteins, and risk of vascular disease. <i>JAMA.</i> 2009; 302(18): 1993-2000. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(7): e65174.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration, Sarwar N, Gao P, Seshasai SRK, Gobin R, Kaptoge S, Di Angelantonio E, Ingelsson E, Lawlor DA, Selvin E, Stampfer M, Stehouwer CDA, Lewington S, Pennells L, Thompson A, Sattar N, White IR, Ray KK, Danesh J. Diabetes mellitus, fasting blood glucose concentration, and risk of vascular disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of 102 prospective studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2010; 375(9733): 2215-22. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Di Angelantonio E, Wood AM, Pennells L, Thompson A, Sarwar N, Kizer JR, Lawlor DA, Nordestgaard BG, Ridker P, Salomaa V, Stevens J, Woodward M, Sattar N, Collins R, Thompson SG, Whitlock G, Danesh J. Separate and combined associations of body-mass index and abdominal adiposity with cardiovascular disease: collaborative analysis of 58 prospective studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2011; 377(9771): 1085-95. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
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High body-mass index	Engeland A, Tretli S, Austad G, Bjørge T. Height and body mass index in relation to colorectal and gallbladder cancer in two million Norwegian men and women. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2005; 16(8): 987-96. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Engeland A, Tretli S, Bjørge T. Height and body mass index in relation to esophageal cancer; 23-year follow-up of two million Norwegian men and women. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2004; 15(8): 837-43. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Engeland A, Tretli S, Bjørge T. Height, body mass index, and ovarian cancer: a follow-up of 1.1 million Norwegian women. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 2003; 95(16): 1244-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Engeland A, Tretli S, Hansen S, Bjørge T. Height and body mass index and risk of lymphohematopoietic malignancies in two million Norwegian men and women. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2007; 165(1): 44-52. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Fairfield KM, Willett WC, Rosner BA, Manson JE, Speizer FE, Hankinson SE. Obesity, weight gain, and ovarian cancer. <i>Obstet Gynecol</i> . 2002; 100(2): 288-96. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Feigelson HS, Jonas CR, Teras LR, Thun MJ, Calle EE. Weight gain, body mass index, hormone replacement therapy, and postmenopausal breast cancer in a large prospective study. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2004; 13(2): 220-4. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Fernberg P, Odenbro A, Bellocco R, Boffetta P, Pawitan Y, Zendehdel K, Adami J. Tobacco use, body mass index, and the risk of leukemia and multiple myeloma: a nationwide cohort study in Sweden. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 2007; 67(12): 5983-6. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Finkle WD, McLaughlin JK, Rasgon SA, Yeoh HH, Low JE. Increased risk of renal cell cancer among women using diuretics in the United States. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1993; 4(6): 555-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Flaherty KT, Fuchs CS, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Speizer FE, Willett WC, Curhan GC. A prospective study of body mass index, hypertension, and smoking and the risk of renal cell carcinoma (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2005; 16(9): 1099-106. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Ford ES. Body mass index and colon cancer in a national sample of adult US men and women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 1999; 150(4): 390-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Friedenreich C, Cust A, Lahmann PH, Steindorf K, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Clavel-Chapelon F, Mesrine S, Linseisen J, Rohrmann S, Boeing H, Pischon T, Tjønneland A, Halkjaer J, Overvad K, Mendez M, Redondo ML, Garcia CM, Larrañaga N, Tormo M-J, Gurrea AB, Bingham S, Khaw K-T, Allen N, Key T, Trichopoulou A, Vasilopoulou E, Trichopoulos D, Pala V, Palli D, Tumino R, Mattiello A, Vineis P, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Peeters PHM, Berglund G, Manjer J, Lundin E, Lukanova A, Slimani N, Jenab M, Kaaks R, Riboli E. Anthropometric factors and risk of endometrial cancer: the European prospective investigation into cancer and nutrition. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2007; 18(4): 399–413. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Furberg A-S, Thune I. Metabolic abnormalities (hypertension, hyperglycemia and overweight), lifestyle (high energy intake and physical inactivity) and endometrial cancer risk in a Norwegian cohort. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2003; 104(6): 669-76. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Gaard M, Tretli S, Urdal P. Blood lipid and lipoprotein levels and the risk of cancer of the colon and rectum. A prospective study of 62,173 Norwegian men and women. <i>Scand J Gastroenterol.</i> 1997; 32(2): 162-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Galanis DJ, Kolonel LN, Lee J, Le Marchand L. Anthropometric predictors of breast cancer incidence and survival in a multi-ethnic cohort of female residents of Hawaii, United States. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1998; 9(2): 217-24. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Gamble JF, Pearlman ED, Nicolich MJ. A nested case-control study of kidney cancer among refinery/petrochemical workers. <i>Environ Health Perspect.</i> 1996; 104(6): 642-50. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Graff-Iversen S, Hammar N, Thelle DS, Tonstad S. Hormone therapy and mortality during a 14-year follow-up of 14 324 Norwegian women. <i>J Intern Med.</i> 2004; 256(5): 437-45. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Harriss DJ, Atkinson G, George K, Cable NT, Reilly T, Haboubi N, Zwahlen M, Egger M, Renehan AG, C-CLEAR group. Lifestyle factors and colorectal cancer risk (1): systematic review and meta-analysis of associations with body mass index. <i>Colorectal Dis.</i> 2009; 11(6): 547-63. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Hiatt RA, Tolan K, Quesenberry CP. Renal cell carcinoma and thiazide use: a historical, case-control study (California, USA). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 1994; 5(4): 319-25. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Huang Z, Hankinson SE, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Hunter DJ, Manson JE, Hennekens CH, Rosner B, Speizer FE, Willett WC. Dual effects of weight and weight gain on breast cancer risk. <i>JAMA.</i> 1997; 278(17): 1407-11. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Hughes LAE, Simons CCJM, van den Brandt PA, Goldbohm RA, de Goeij AF, de Bruïne AP, van Engeland M, Weijenberg MP. Body size, physical activity and risk of colorectal cancer with or without the CpG island methylator phenotype (CIMP). <i>PLoS One.</i> 2011; 6(4): e18571. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Iwasaki M, Otani T, Inoue M, Sasazuki S, Tsugane S, Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Group. Body size and risk for breast cancer in relation to estrogen and progesterone receptor status in Japan. <i>Ann Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 17(4): 304-12. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Jumaan AO, Holmberg L, Zack M, Mokdad AH, Ohlander EM, Wolk A, Byers T. Beta-carotene intake and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer. <i>Epidemiology.</i> 1999; 10(1): 49-53. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kaaks R, Toniolo P, Akhmedkhanov A, Lukanova A, Biessy C, Dechaud H, Rinaldi S, Zeleniuch-Jacquotte A, Shore RE, Riboli E. Serum C-peptide, insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-I, IGF-binding proteins, and colorectal cancer risk in women. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 2000; 92(19): 1592-600. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kaaks R, Van Noord PA, Den Tonkelaar I, Peeters PH, Riboli E, Grobbee DE. Breast-cancer incidence in relation to height, weight and body-fat distribution in the Dutch “DOM” cohort. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 1998; 76(5): 647–51. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kitahara CM, Platz EA, Freeman LEB, Hsing AW, Linet MS, Park Y, Schairer C, Schatzkin A, Shikany JM, Berrington de González A. Obesity and thyroid cancer risk among U.S. men and women: a pooled analysis of five prospective studies. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2011; 20(3): 464-72. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kotsopoulos J, Baer HJ, Tworoger SS. Anthropometric measures and risk of epithelial ovarian cancer: results from the nurses' health study. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring).</i> 2010; 18(8): 1625-31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Krebs EE, Taylor BC, Cauley JA, Stone KL, Bowman PJ, Ensrud KE. Measures of adiposity and risk of breast cancer in older postmenopausal women. <i>J Am Geriatr Soc.</i> 2006; 54(1): 63-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kumle M, Weiderpass E, Braaten T, Adami H-O, Lund E, Norwegian-Swedish Women's Lifestyle and Health Cohort Study. Risk for invasive and borderline epithelial ovarian neoplasias following use of hormonal contraceptives: the Norwegian-Swedish Women's Lifestyle and Health Cohort Study. <i>Br J Cancer.</i> 2004; 90(7): 1386-91. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Kuriyama S, Tsubono Y, Hozawa A, Shimazu T, Suzuki Y, Koizumi Y, Suzuki Y, Ohmori K, Nishino Y, Tsuji I. Obesity and risk of cancer in Japan. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2005; 113(1): 148-57. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Laake I, Thune I, Selmer R, Tretli S, Slattery ML, Veierød MB. A prospective study of body mass index, weight change, and risk of cancer in the proximal and distal colon. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2010; 19(6): 1511-22. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lacey JV, Brinton LA, Lubin JH, Sherman ME, Schatzkin A, Schairer C. Endometrial carcinoma risks among menopausal estrogen plus progestin and unopposed estrogen users in a cohort of postmenopausal women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2005; 14(7): 1724-31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lacey JV, Leitzmann M, Brinton LA, Lubin JH, Sherman ME, Schatzkin A, Schairer C. Weight, height, and body mass index and risk for ovarian cancer in a cohort study. <i>Ann Epidemiol.</i> 2006; 16(12): 869-76. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lahmann PH, Cust AE, Friedenreich CM, Schulz M, Lukanova A, Kaaks R, Lundin E, Tjønneland A, Halkjaer J, Severinsen MT, Overvad K, Fournier A, Chabbert-Buffet N, Clavel-Chapelon F, Dossus L, Pischon T, Boeing H, Trichopoulou A, Lagiou P, Naska A, Palli D, Grioni S, Mattiello A, Tumino R, Sacerdote C, Redondo M-L, Jakszyn P, Sánchez M-J, Tormo M-J, Ardanaz E, Arriola L, Manjer J, Jirström K, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, May AM, Peeters PHM, Onland-Moret NC, Bingham S, Khaw K-T, Allen NE, Spencer E, Rinaldi S, Slimani N, Chajes V, Michaud D, Norat T, Riboli E. Anthropometric measures and epithelial ovarian cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2010; 126(10): 2404-15. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lahmann PH, Lissner L, Gullberg B, Olsson H, Berglund G. A prospective study of adiposity and postmenopausal breast cancer risk: the Malmö Diet and Cancer Study. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2003; 103(2): 246-52. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Larsson SC, Akesson A, Wolk A. Long-term dietary acrylamide intake and risk of epithelial ovarian cancer in a prospective cohort of Swedish women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2009; 18(3): 994-7. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Larsson SC, Permert J, Håkansson N, Näslund I, Bergkvist L, Wolk A. Overall obesity, abdominal adiposity, diabetes and cigarette smoking in relation to the risk of pancreatic cancer in two Swedish population-based cohorts. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2005; 93(11): 1310–5. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Larsson SC, Rutegård J, Bergkvist L, Wolk A. Physical activity, obesity, and risk of colon and rectal cancer in a cohort of Swedish men. <i>Eur J Cancer</i> . 2006; 42(15): 2590-7. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Lawes CMM, Parag V, Bennett DA, Suh I, Lam TH, Whitlock G, Barzi F, Woodward M. Blood glucose and risk of cardiovascular disease in the Asia Pacific region. <i>Diabetes Care</i> . 2004; 27(12): 2836-42. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Lawes CMM, Rodgers A, Bennett DA, Parag V, Suh I, Ueshima H, MacMahon S, Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. Blood pressure and cardiovascular disease in the Asia Pacific region. <i>J Hypertens</i> . 2003; 21(4): 707-16. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Le Marchand L, Wilkens LR, Mi MP. Obesity in youth and middle age and risk of colorectal cancer in men. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1992; 3(4): 349-54. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lee IM, Paffenbarger RS. Quetelet’s index and risk of colon cancer in college alumni. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> . 1992; 84(17): 1326–31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Leitzmann MF, Koebnick C, Danforth KN, Brinton LA, Moore SC, Hollenbeck AR, Schatzkin A, Lacey JV. Body mass index and risk of ovarian cancer. <i>Cancer</i> . 2009; 115(4): 812-22. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lewington S, Clarke R, Qizilbash N, Peto R, Collins R, Prospective Studies Collaboration. Age-specific relevance of usual blood pressure to vascular mortality: a meta-analysis of individual data for one million adults in 61 prospective studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2002; 360(9349): 1903-13. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Li H, Gao Y, Li Q, Liu D. [Anthropometry and female breast cancer: a prospective cohort study in urban Shanghai]. <i>Chin J Epidemiol</i> . 2006; 27(6): 488-93. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Lin J, Zhang SM, Cook NR, Rexrode KM, Lee I-M, Buring JE. Body mass index and risk of colorectal cancer in women (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2004; 15(6): 581-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lindblad M, Rodríguez LAG, Lagergren J. Body mass, tobacco and alcohol and risk of esophageal, gastric cardia, and gastric non-cardia adenocarcinoma among men and women in a nested case-control study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2005; 16(3): 285–94. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lindemann K, Vatten LJ, Ellstrøm-Engh M, Eskild A. Body mass, diabetes and smoking, and endometrial cancer risk: a follow-up study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2008; 98(9): 1582–5. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lukanova A, Björ O, Kaaks R, Lenner P, Lindahl B, Hallmans G, Stattin P. Body mass index and cancer: results from the Northern Sweden Health and Disease Cohort. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 118(2): 458–66. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lukanova A, Toniolo P, Lundin E, Micheli A, Akhmedkhanov A, Muti P, Zeleniuch-Jacquotte A, Biessy C, Lenner P, Krogh V, Berrino F, Hallmans G, Riboli E, Kaaks R. Body mass index in relation to ovarian cancer: a multi-centre nested case-control study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2002; 99(4): 603-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Lundqvist E, Kaprio J, Verkasalo PK, Pukkala E, Koskenvuo M, Söderberg KC, Feychting M. Co-twin control and cohort analyses of body mass index and height in relation to breast, prostate, ovarian, corpus uteri, colon and rectal cancer among Swedish and Finnish twins. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2007; 121(4): 810–8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Luo J, Iwasaki M, Inoue M, Sasazuki S, Otani T, Ye W, Tsugane S, JPHC Study Group. Body mass index, physical activity and the risk of pancreatic cancer in relation to smoking status and history of diabetes: a large-scale population-based cohort study in Japan--the JPHC study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2007; 18(6): 603-12. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Macinnis RJ, English DR, Gertig DM, Hopper JL, Giles GG. Body size and composition and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2004; 13(12): 2117-25. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	MacInnis RJ, English DR, Hopper JL, Gertig DM, Haydon AM, Giles GG. Body size and composition and colon cancer risk in women. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 118(6): 1496-500. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	MacInnis RJ, English DR, Hopper JL, Giles GG. Body size and composition and the risk of gastric and oesophageal adenocarcinoma. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 118(10): 2628-31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	MacInnis RJ, English DR, Hopper JL, Haydon AM, Gertig DM, Giles GG. Body size and composition and colon cancer risk in men. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2004; 13(4): 553-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Manjer J, Kaaks R, Riboli E, Berglund G. Risk of breast cancer in relation to anthropometry, blood pressure, blood lipids and glucose metabolism: a prospective study within the Malmö Preventive Project. <i>Eur J Cancer Prev.</i> 2001; 10(1): 33–42. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Mellekjaer L, Bigaard J, Tjønneland A, Christensen J, Thomsen B, Johansen C, Overvad K, Olsen JH. Body composition and breast cancer in postmenopausal women: a Danish prospective cohort study. <i>Obesity (Silver Spring).</i> 2006; 14(10): 1854–62. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Michaud DS, Giovannucci E, Willett WC, Colditz GA, Stampfer MJ, Fuchs CS. Physical activity, obesity, height, and the risk of pancreatic cancer. <i>JAMA.</i> 2001; 286(8): 921-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Michels KB, Terry KL, Willett WC. Longitudinal study on the role of body size in premenopausal breast cancer. <i>Arch Intern Med.</i> 2006; 166(21): 2395-402. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Mills PK, Beeson WL, Phillips RL, Fraser GE. Dietary habits and breast cancer incidence among Seventh-day Adventists. <i>Cancer.</i> 1989; 64(3): 582-90. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Moore LL, Bradlee ML, Singer MR, Splansky GL, Proctor MH, Ellison RC, Kreger BE. BMI and waist circumference as predictors of lifetime colon cancer risk in Framingham Study adults. <i>Int J Obes Relat Metab Disord.</i> 2004; 28(4): 559-67. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Morimoto LM, White E, Chen Z, Chlebowski RT, Hays J, Kuller L, Lopez AM, Manson J, Margolis KL, Muti PC, Stefanick ML, McTiernan A. Obesity, body size, and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer: the Women’s Health Initiative (United States). <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2002; 13(8): 741–51. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Ni Mhurchu C, Rodgers A, Pan WH, Gu DF, Woodward M, Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. Body mass index and cardiovascular disease in the Asia-Pacific Region: an overview of 33 cohorts involving 310 000 participants. <i>Int J Epidemiol.</i> 2004; 33(4): 751-8. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Nicodemus KK, Sweeney C, Folsom AR. Evaluation of dietary, medical and lifestyle risk factors for incident kidney cancer in postmenopausal women. <i>Int J Cancer.</i> 2004; 108(1): 115-21. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Niwa Y, Yatsuya H, Tamakoshi K, Nishio K, Kondo T, Lin Y, Suzuki S, Wakai K, Tokudome S, Yamamoto A, Hamajima N, Toyoshima H, Tamakoshi A, JACC Study Group. Relationship between body mass index and the risk of ovarian cancer in the Japanese population: findings from the Japanese Collaborate Cohort (JACC) study. J Obstet Gynaecol Res. 2005; 31(5): 452-8. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. Lancet. 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Nöthlings U, Wilkens LR, Murphy SP, Hankin JH, Henderson BE, Kolonel LN. Body mass index and physical activity as risk factors for pancreatic cancer: the Multiethnic Cohort Study.Cancer Causes Control. 2007; 18(2): 165–75. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Oh SW, Yoon YS, Shin S-A. Effects of excess weight on cancer incidences depending on cancer sites and histologic findings among men: Korea National Health Insurance Corporation Study.J. Clin. Oncol. 2005; 23(21): 4742–54. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Olson SH, Trevisan M, Marshall JR, Graham S, Zielezny M, Vena JE, Hellmann R, Freudenheim JL. Body mass index, weight gain, and risk of endometrial cancer. Nutr Cancer. 1995; 23(2): 141-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Otani T, Iwasaki M, Inoue M, Shoichiro Tsugane for the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study Group. Body mass index, body height, and subsequent risk of colorectal cancer in middle-aged and elderly Japanese men and women: Japan public health center-based prospective study. Cancer Causes Control. 2005; 16(7): 839-50. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Palmer JR, Adams-Campbell LL, Boggs DA, Wise LA, Rosenberg L. A prospective study of body size and breast cancer in black women. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2007; 16(9): 1795-802. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Patel AV, Rodriguez C, Bernstein L, Chao A, Thun MJ, Calle EE. Obesity, recreational physical activity, and risk of pancreatic cancer in a large U.S. Cohort. Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev. 2005; 14(2): 459-66. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Patel AV, Rodriguez C, Pavluck AL, Thun MJ, Calle EE. Recreational physical activity and sedentary behavior in relation to ovarian cancer risk in a large cohort of US women. Am J Epidemiol. 2006; 163(8): 709-16. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Pischon T, Lahmann PH, Boeing H, Friedenreich C, Norat T, Tjønneland A, Halkjaer J, Overvad K, Clavel-Chapelon F, Boutron-Ruault M-C, Guernec G, Bergmann MM, Linseisen J, Becker N, Trichopoulou A, Trichopoulos D, Sieri S, Palli D, Tumino R, Vineis P, Panico S, Peeters PHM, Bueno-de-Mesquita HB, Boshuizen HC, Van Guelpen B, Palmqvist R, Berglund G, Gonzalez CA, Dorronsoro M, Barricarte A, Navarro C, Martinez C, Quirós JR, Roddam A, Allen N, Bingham S, Khaw K-T, Ferrari P, Kaaks R, Slimani N, Riboli E. Body size and risk of colon and rectal cancer in the European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC). J Natl Cancer Inst. 2006; 98(13): 920–31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. PLoS One. 2013; 8(5): e64636.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Prospective Studies Collaboration, Lewington S, Whitlock G, Clarke R, Sherliker P, Emberson J, Halsey J, Qizilbash N, Peto R, Collins R. Blood cholesterol and vascular mortality by age, sex, and blood pressure: a meta-analysis of individual data from 61 prospective studies with 55,000 vascular deaths. <i>Lancet</i> . 2007; 370(9602): 1829-39. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Prospective Studies Collaboration, Whitlock G, Lewington S, Sherliker P, Clarke R, Emberson J, Halsey J, Qizilbash N, Collins R, Peto R. Body-mass index and cause-specific mortality in 900 000 adults: collaborative analyses of 57 prospective studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2009; 373(9669): 1083-96. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Prospective Studies Collaboration. Collaborative overview ('meta-analysis') of prospective observational studies of the associations of usual blood pressure and usual cholesterol levels with common causes of death: protocol for the second cycle of the Prospective Studies Collaboration. <i>J Cardiovasc Risk</i> . 1999; 6(5): 315-20. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Rapp K, Schroeder J, Klenk J, Stoehr S, Ulmer H, Concin H, Diem G, Oberaigner W, Weiland SK. Obesity and incidence of cancer: a large cohort study of over 145,000 adults in Austria. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2005; 93(9): 1062-7. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Reeves GK, Pirie K, Beral V, Green J, Spencer E, Bull D, Million Women Study Collaboration. Cancer incidence and mortality in relation to body mass index in the Million Women Study: cohort study. <i>BMJ</i> . 2007; 335(7630): 1134. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Renahan AG, Flood A, Adams KF, Olden M, Hollenbeck AR, Cross AJ, Leitzmann MF. Body mass index at different adult ages, weight change, and colorectal cancer risk in the National Institutes of Health-AARP Cohort. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 2012; 176(12): 1130-40. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Renahan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Renahan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Ritte R, Lukanova A, Berrino F, Dossus L, Tjønneland A, Olsen A, Overvad TF, Overvad K, Clavel-Chapelon F, Fournier A, Fagherazzi G, Rohrmann S, Teucher B, Boeing H, Aleksandrova K, Trichopoulou A, Lagiou P, Trichopoulos D, Palli D, Sieri S, Panico S, Tumino R, Vineis P, Quirós JR, Buckland G, Sánchez M-J, Amiano P, Chirlaque M-D, Ardanaz E, Sund M, Lenner P, Bueno-de-Mesquita B, van Gils CH, Peeters PH, Krum-Hansen S, Gram IT, Lund E, Khaw K-T, Wareham N, Allen NE, Key TJ, Romieu I, Rinaldi S, Siddiq A, Cox D, Riboli E, Kaaks R. Adiposity, hormone replacement therapy use and breast cancer risk by age and hormone receptor status: a large prospective cohort study. <i>Breast Cancer Res.</i> 2012; 14(3): R76. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Rodriguez C, Calle EE, Fakhrabadi-Shokoohi D, Jacobs EJ, Thun MJ. Body mass index, height, and the risk of ovarian cancer mortality in a prospective cohort of postmenopausal women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2002; 11(9): 822-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Ross JA, Parker E, Blair CK, Cerhan JR, Folsom AR. Body mass index and risk of leukemia in older women. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev.</i> 2004; 13(11 Pt 1): 1810-3. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Samanic C, Chow W-H, Gridley G, Jarvholm B, Fraumeni JF. Relation of body mass index to cancer risk in 362,552 Swedish men. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2006; 17(7): 901-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Schouten LJ, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA. Anthropometry, physical activity, and endometrial cancer risk: results from the Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst.</i> 2004; 96(21): 1635-8. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Schouten LJ, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA. Height, weight, weight change, and ovarian cancer risk in the Netherlands cohort study on diet and cancer. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2003; 157(5): 424-33. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Sellers TA, Davis J, Cerhan JR, Vierkant RA, Olson JE, Pankratz VS, Potter JD, Folsom AR. Interaction of waist/hip ratio and family history on the risk of hormone receptor-defined breast cancer in a prospective study of postmenopausal women. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2002; 155(3): 225-33. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Semmens EO, Kopecky KJ, Grant E, Mathes RW, Nishi N, Sugiyama H, Moriwaki H, Sakata R, Soda M, Kasagi F, Yamada M, Fujiwara S, Akahoshi M, Davis S, Kodama K, Li CI. Relationship between anthropometric factors, radiation exposure, and colon cancer incidence in the Life Span Study cohort of atomic bomb survivors. <i>Cancer Causes Control.</i> 2013; 24(1): 27-37. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Setiawan VW, Pike MC, Kolonel LN, Nomura AM, Goodman MT, Henderson BE. Racial/ethnic differences in endometrial cancer risk: the multiethnic cohort study. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 165(3): 262-70. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet.</i> 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Setiawan VW, Stram DO, Nomura AMY, Kolonel LN, Henderson BE. Risk factors for renal cell cancer: the multiethnic cohort. <i>Am J Epidemiol.</i> 2007; 166(8): 932-40. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One.</i> 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Shimizu N, Nagata C, Shimizu H, Kametani M, Takeyama N, Ohnuma T, Matsushita S. Height, weight, and alcohol consumption in relation to the risk of colorectal cancer in Japan: a prospective study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2003; 88(7): 1038-43. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Silvera SAN, Jain M, Howe GR, Miller AB, Rohan TE. Energy balance and breast cancer risk: a prospective cohort study. <i>Breast Cancer Res Treat</i> . 2006; 97(1): 97-106. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Silvera SAN, Jain M, Howe GR, Miller AB, Rohan TE. Intake of coffee and tea and risk of ovarian cancer: a prospective cohort study. <i>Nutr Cancer</i> . 2007; 58(1): 22-7. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Silvera SAN, Rohan TE, Jain M, Terry PD, Howe GR, Miller AB. Glycaemic index, glycaemic load and risk of endometrial cancer: a prospective cohort study. <i>Public Health Nutr</i> . 2005; 8(7): 912-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Singh PN, Fraser GE. Dietary risk factors for colon cancer in a low-risk population. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1998; 148(8): 761-74. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Song Y-M, Sung J, Ha M. Obesity and risk of cancer in postmenopausal Korean women. <i>J. Clin. Oncol</i> . 2008; 26(20): 3395-402 as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Sonnenschein E, Toniolo P, Terry MB, Bruning PF, Kato I, Koenig KL, Shore RE. Body fat distribution and obesity in pre- and postmenopausal breast cancer. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 1999; 28(6): 1026-31. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Stolzenberg-Solomon RZ, Pietinen P, Taylor PR, Virtamo J, Albanes D. A prospective study of medical conditions, anthropometry, physical activity, and pancreatic cancer in male smokers (Finland). <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 2002; 13(5): 417-26. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Suzuki R, Orsini N, Saji S, Key TJ, Wolk A. Body weight and incidence of breast cancer defined by estrogen and progesterone receptor status--a meta-analysis. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2009; 124(3): 698-712. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Suzuki R, Rylander-Rudqvist T, Ye W, Saji S, Wolk A. Body weight and postmenopausal breast cancer risk defined by estrogen and progesterone receptor status among Swedish women: A prospective cohort study. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2006; 119(7): 1683-9. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
High body-mass index	Tanaka K, Tsuji I, Tamakoshi A, Matsuo K, Ito H, Wakai K, Nagata C, Mizoue T, Sasazuki S, Inoue M, Tsugane S, Research Group for the Development and Evaluation of Cancer Prevention Strategies in Japan. Obesity and liver cancer risk: an evaluation based on a systematic review of epidemiologic evidence among the Japanese population. <i>Jpn J Clin Oncol</i> . 2012; 42(3): 212-21. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Tehard B, Clavel-Chapelon F. Several anthropometric measurements and breast cancer risk: results of the E3N cohort study. <i>Int J Obes (Lond)</i> . 2006; 30(1): 156-63. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Terry PD, Miller AB, Rohan TE. Obesity and colorectal cancer risk in women. <i>Gut</i> . 2002; 51(2): 191-4. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Thompson S, Kaptoge S, White I, Wood A, Perry P, Danesh J; Emerging Risk Factors Collaboration. Statistical methods for the time-to-event analysis of individual participant data from multiple epidemiological studies. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2010; 39(5): 1345-59. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Thune I, Lund E. Physical activity and risk of colorectal cancer in men and women. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 1996; 73(9): 1134-40. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Törnberg SA, Carstensen JM. Relationship between Quetelet's index and cancer of breast and female genital tract in 47,000 women followed for 25 years. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 1994; 69(2): 358-61. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Tulinus H, Sigfússon N, Sigvaldason H, Bjarnadóttir K, Tryggvadóttir L. Risk factors for malignant diseases: a cohort study on a population of 22,946 Icelanders. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 1997; 6(11): 863-73. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Van den Brandt PA, Dirx MJ, Ronckers CM, van den Hoogen P, Goldbohm RA. Height, weight weight change, and postmenopausal breast cancer risk: The Netherlands Cohort Study. <i>Cancer Causes Control</i> . 1997; 8(1): 39-47. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Vatten LJ, Kvinnsland S. Prospective study of height, body mass index and risk of breast cancer. <i>Acta Oncol</i> . 1992; 31(2): 195-200. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Verhage BAJ, Schouten LJ, Goldbohm RA, van den Brandt PA. Anthropometry and pancreatic cancer risk: an illustration of the importance of microscopic verification. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2007; 16(7): 1449-54. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.



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High body-mass index	Vessey MP, Painter R. Endometrial and ovarian cancer and oral contraceptives--findings in a large cohort study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 1995; 71(6): 1340-2. as it appears in Olofin I, McDonald CM, Ezzati M, Flaxman S, Black RE, Fawzi WW, Caulfield LE, Danaei G; Nutrition Impact Model Study (anthropometry cohort pooling). Associations of suboptimal growth with all-cause and cause-specific mortality in children under five years: a pooled analysis of ten prospective studies. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(5): e64636.
High body-mass index	Wei EK, Giovannucci E, Wu K, Rosner B, Fuchs CS, Willett WC, Colditz GA. Comparison of risk factors for colon and rectal cancer. <i>Int J Cancer</i> . 2004; 108(3): 433-42. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Weiderpass E, Braaten T, Magnusson C, Kumle M, Vainio H, Lund E, Adami H-O. A prospective study of body size in different periods of life and risk of premenopausal breast cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> . 2004; 13(7): 1121-7. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Woodward M, Barzi F, Martiniuk A, Fang X, Gu DF, Imai Y, Lam TH, Pan WH, Rodgers A, Suh I, Jee SH, Ueshima H, Huxley R; Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. Cohort profile: the Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2006; 35(6): 1412-6. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
High body-mass index	Wu MH, Chou YC, Yu JC, Yu CP, Wu CC, Chu CM, Yang T, Lai CH, Hsieh CY, You SL, Chen CJ, Sun CA. Hormonal and body-size factors in relation to breast cancer risk: a prospective study of 11,889 women in a low-incidence area. <i>Ann Epidemiol</i> . 2006; 16(3): 223-9. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Yang TYO, Cairns BJ, Allen N, Sweetland S, Reeves GK, Beral V, Million Women Study. Postmenopausal endometrial cancer risk and body size in early life and middle age: prospective cohort study. <i>Br J Cancer</i> . 2012; 107(1): 169-75. as it appears in Bhaskaran K, Douglas I, Forbes H, dos-Santos-Silva I, Leon DA, Smeeth L. Body-mass index and risk of 22 specific cancers: a population-based cohort study of 5.24 million UK adults. <i>Lancet</i> . 2014; 384(9945): 755-765.
High body-mass index	Yong LC, Brown CC, Schatzkin A, Schairer C. Prospective study of relative weight and risk of breast cancer: the Breast Cancer Detection Demonstration Project follow-up study, 1979 to 1987-1989. <i>Am J Epidemiol</i> . 1996; 143(10): 985-95. as it appears in Renehan AG, Tyson M, Egger M, Heller RF, Zwahlen M. Body-mass index and incidence of cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective observational studies. <i>Lancet</i> . 2008; 371(9612): 569-78.
High body-mass index	Zhang X, Patel A, Horibe H, Wu Z, Barzi F, Rodgers A, MacMahon S, Woodward M. Cholesterol, coronary heart disease, and stroke in the Asia Pacific region. <i>Int J Epidemiol</i> . 2003; 32(4): 563-72. as it appears in Singh GM, Danaei G, Farzadfar F, Stevens GA, Woodward M, Wormser D, Kaptoge S, Whitlock G, Qiao Q, Lewington S, Di Angelantonio E, Vander Hoorn S, Lawes CM, Ali MK, Mozaffarian D, Ezzati M; Global Burden of Metabolic Risk Factors of Chronic Diseases Collaborating Group; Asia-Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration (APCSC); Diabetes Epidemiology: Collaborative analysis of Diagnostic criteria in Europe (DECODE); Emerging Risk Factor Collaboration (ERFC); Prospective Studies Collaboration (PSC). The age-specific quantitative effects of metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: a pooled analysis. <i>PLoS One</i> . 2013; 8(7): e65174.
Low bone mineral density	Arlot ME, Sornay-Rendu E, Garnero P, Vey-Marty B, Delmas PD. Apparent pre- and postmenopausal bone loss evaluated by DXA at different skeletal sites in women: the OFELY cohort. <i>J Bone Miner Res</i> . 1997; 12(4): 683-90. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. <i>J Bone Miner Res</i> . 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Chapurlat RD, Garnero P, Bréart G, Meunier PJ, Delmas PD. Serum estradiol and sex hormone-binding globulin and the risk of hip fracture in elderly women: the EPIDOS study. <i>J Bone Miner Res</i> . 2000; 15(9): 1835-41. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. <i>J Bone Miner Res</i> . 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.



Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Low bone mineral density	Dargent-Molina P, Favier F, Grandjean H, Baudoin C, Schott AM, Hausherr E, Meunier PJ, Bréart G. Fall-related factors and risk of hip fracture: the EPIDOS prospective study. Lancet. 1996; 348(9021): 145-9. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	De Laet CE, Van Hout BA, Burger H, Weel AE, Hofman A, Pols HA. Hip fracture prediction in elderly men and women: validation in the Rotterdam study. J Bone Miner Res. 1998; 13(10): 1587-93. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	European Prospective Osteoporosis Study (EPOS) Group, Felsenberg D, Silman AJ, Lunt M, Ambrecht G, Ismail AA, Finn JD, Cockerill WC, Banzer D, Benevolenskaya LI, Bhalla A, Bruges Armas J, Cannata JB, Cooper C, Dequeker J, Eastell R, Felsch B, Gowin W, Havelka S, Hoszowski K, Jajic I, Janott J, Johnell O, Kanis JA, Kragl G, Lopes Vaz A, Lorenc R, Lyritis G, Masaryk P, Matthis C, Miazgowski T, Parisi G, Pols H a. P, Poor G, Raspe HH, Reid DM, Reisinger W, Schedit-Nave C, Stepan JJ, Todd CJ, Weber K, Woolf AD, Yershova OB, Reeve J, O'Neill TW. Incidence of vertebral fracture in europe: results from the European Prospective Osteoporosis Study (EPOS). J Bone Miner Res. 2002; 17(4): 716-24. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Fujiwara S, Kasagi F, Masunari N, Naito K, Suzuki G, Fukunaga M. Fracture Prediction From Bone Mineral Density in Japanese Men and Women. J Bone Miner Res. 2003; 18(8): 1547-53. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Fujiwara S, Kasagi F, Yamada M, Kodama K. Risk factors for hip fracture in a Japanese cohort. J Bone Miner Res. 1997; 12(7): 998-1004. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Hans D, Dargent-Molina P, Schott AM, Sebert JL, Cormier C, Kotzki PO, Delmas PD, Pouilles JM, Breart G, Meunier PJ. Ultrasonographic heel measurements to predict hip fracture in elderly women: the EPIDOS prospective study. Lancet. 1996; 348(9026): 511-4. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Honkanen R, Tuppurainen M, Kröger H, Alhava E, Saarikoski S. Relationships between risk factors and fractures differ by type of fracture: a population-based study of 12,192 perimenopausal women. Osteoporos Int. 1998; 8(1): 25-31. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Ismail AA, Pye SR, Cockerill WC, Lunt M, Silman AJ, Reeve J, Banzer D, Benevolenskaya LI, Bhalla A, Bruges Armas J, Cannata JB, Cooper C, Delmas PD, Dequeker J, Dilsen G, Falch JA, Felsch B, Felsenberg D, Finn JD, Gennari C, Hoszowski K, Jajic I, Janott J, Johnell O, Kanis JA, Kragl G, Lopez Vaz A, Lorenc R, Lyritis G, Marchand F, Masaryk P, Matthis C, Miazgowski T, Naves-Diaz M, Pols HA, Poor G, Rapado A, Raspe HH, Reid DM, Reisinger W, Scheidt-Nave C, Stepan J, Todd C, Weber K, Woolf AD, O'Neill TW. Incidence of limb fracture across Europe: results from the European Prospective Osteoporosis Study (EPOS). Osteoporos Int. 2002; 13(7): 565-71. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Johansson H, Oden A, Johnell O, Jonsson B, De Laet C, Oglesby A, McCloskey EV, Kayan J, Jalava T, Kanis JA. Optimization of BMD measurements to identify high risk groups for treatment--a test analysis. J Bone Miner Res. 2004; 19(6): 906-13. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive value of BMD for hip and other fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005; 20(7): 1185-94.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Low bone mineral density	Jones G, Nguyen TV, Sambrook PN, Kelly PJ, Gilbert C, Eisman JA. Symptomatic fracture incidence in elderly men and women: the Dubbo Osteoporosis Epidemiology Study (DOES). Osteoporos Int. 1994; 4(5): 277-82. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Kreiger N, Tenenhouse A, Joseph L, Mackenzie T, Poliquin S, Brown JP, Prior JC, Rittmaster RS. Research Notes: The Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos): Background, Rationale, Methods. Can J Aging. 1999; 18(3): 376-87. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
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Low bone mineral density	Nguyen TV, Eisman JA, Kelly PJ, Sambrook PN. Risk factors for osteoporotic fractures in elderly men. Am J Epidemiol. 1996; 144(3): 255-63. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	O'Neill TW, Felsenberg D, Varlow J, Cooper C, Kanis JA, Silman AJ. The prevalence of vertebral deformity in european men and women: the European Vertebral Osteoporosis Study. J Bone Miner Res. 1996; 11(7): 1010-8. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Stenstrom M, Olsson JO, Mellstrom D. Thyroid hormone replacement is not related to increased risk of osteoporosis. Osteoporos Int. 2000; 11(Suppl. 2): S144. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low bone mineral density	Svanborg A. Seventy-year-old people in Gothenburg a population study in an industrialized Swedish city. II. General presentation of social and medical conditions. Acta Med Scand. 1977; 611(Suppl 5): 5-37. as it appears in Johnell O, Kanis JA, Oden A, Johansson H, De Laet C, Delmas P, Eisman JA, Fujiwara S, Kroger H, Mellstrom D, Meunier PJ, Melton LJ 3rd, O'Neill T, Pols H, Reeve J, Silman A, Tenenhouse A. Predictive Value of BMD for Hip and Other Fractures. J Bone Miner Res. 2005 Jul;20(7):1185-94.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Ärnlov J, Lannfelt L, Larsson A, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Sweden Uppsala Longitudinal Study of Adult Men (ULSAM) Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1990-1994.
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Low glomerular filtration rate	Cirillo M, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Italy Gubbio Population Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1989-1992.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Coresh J, Matsushita K, Grams M, Sang Y, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1996-1998.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Fox C, Hwang SJ, Meigs J, Upadhyay A, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States - Massachusetts Framingham Heart Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1995-1998.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Gansevoort RT, Bakker SJL, Hillege HL, Lambers Heerspink HJ, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Netherlands Prevention of Renal and Vascular End Stage Disease (PREVEND) Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1997.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Hiroyasu I, Kitamura A, Imano H, Yamagishi K, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Japan Circulatory Risk in Communities Study (CIRCS) Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1986-1993.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Jassal SK, Bergstrom J, Ix JH, Barrett-Connor E, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States Rancho Bernardo Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1972-1974.

Risk Factor	Relative Risk Citation
Low glomerular filtration rate	Jee SH, Kimm H, Mok Y, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Korea, South Severance Study - Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1994-2001.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Ohkubo T, Metoki H, Nakayama M, Kikuya M, Imai Y, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Japan Ohasama Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1992-1997.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Rothenbacher D, Brenner H, Müller H, Schöttker B, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). Germany ESTHER Cohort Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 2000-2002.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Shankar A, Klein R, Klein BE, Lee KE, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States - Wisconsin Beaver Dam CKD Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 1988-1990.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Shlipak M, Sarnak M, Katz R, Peralta C, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA) Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 2000.
Low glomerular filtration rate	Warnock DG, Muntner P, Judd S, McClellan W, Gutierrez O, Chronic Kidney Disease Prognosis Consortium (CKD-PC). United States Reasons for Geographic and Racial Differences in Stroke (REGARDS) Study Relative Risk Data for Cardiovascular Outcomes 2003.

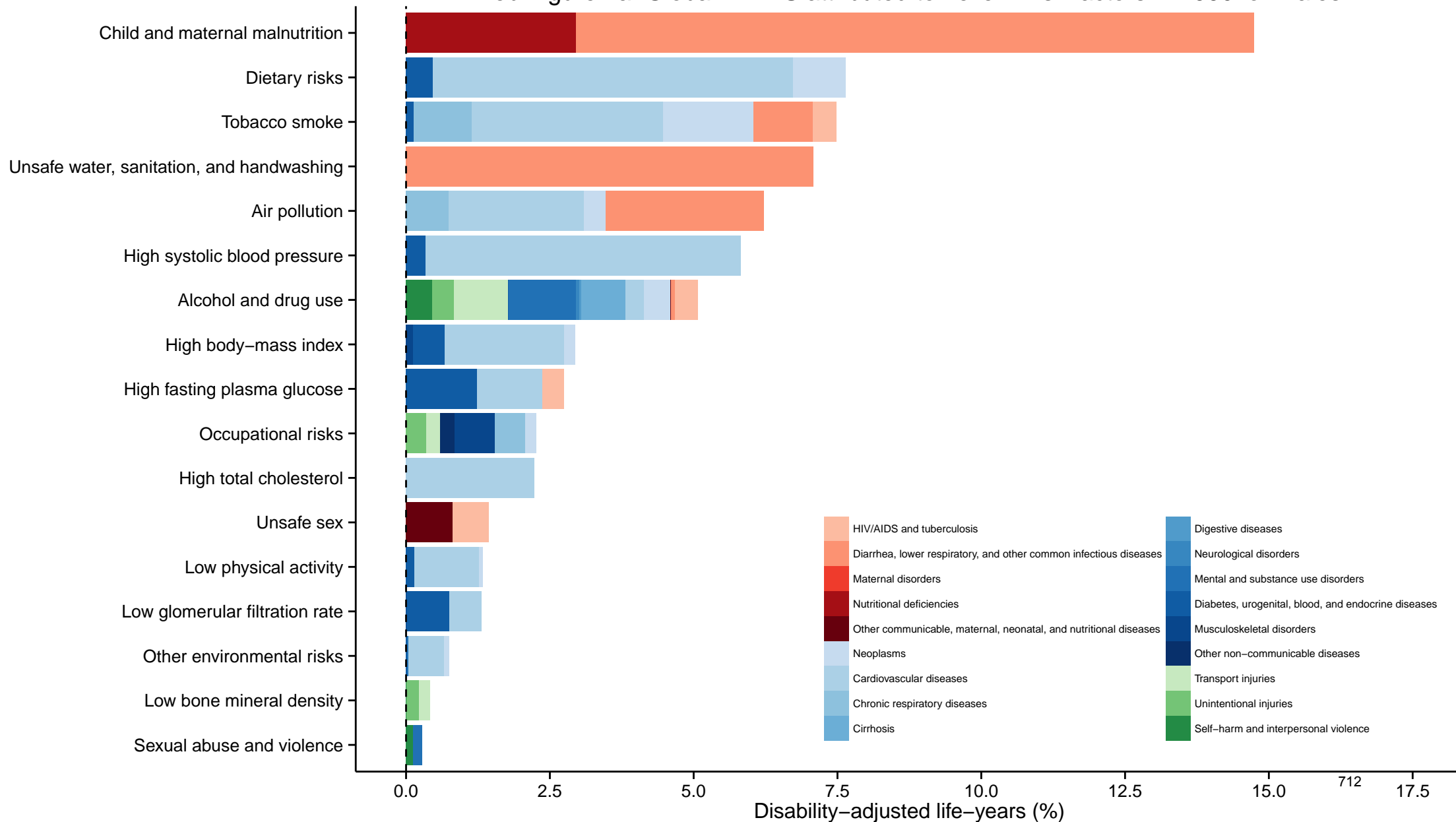
**Web Table 9: Risk Factor Mediation Factors**

<b>risk</b>	<b>path</b>	<b>cause</b>	<b>mean</b>	<b>lower</b>	<b>upper</b>
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Atrial fibrillation	0.31030979	0.2809629	0.33940272
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Cardiomyopathy	0.31049338	0.27936248	0.34162718
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.65089839	0.57513925	0.72677806
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	0.3115162	0.28138885	0.34396572
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke	0.64655508	0.56619784	0.72373882
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Other cardiovascular	0.30959463	0.27943061	0.33911921
High body-mass index	High blood pressure	Peripheral vascular	0.31030068	0.28169641	0.34030801
High body-mass index	High fasting plasma glucose	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.22165572	0.12466767	0.32502645
High body-mass index	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic heart disease	0.14927804	0.09720403	0.20376968
High body-mass index	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic stroke	0.2166379	0.12075534	0.30688827
High body-mass index	High total cholesterol	Ischemic heart disease	0.10020887	0.05281493	0.14980126
High body-mass index	High total cholesterol	Ischemic stroke	0.0307349	0	0.07826848
High sodium	High blood pressure	Aortic aneurysm	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Atrial fibrillation	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Cardiomyopathy	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Other cardiovascular	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Peripheral vascular	1	1	1
High sodium	High blood pressure	Rheumatic heart disease	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Atrial fibrillation	0.31030979	0.2809629	0.33940272
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Cardiomyopathy	0.31049338	0.27936248	0.34162718
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.65089839	0.57513925	0.72677806
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	0.3115162	0.28138885	0.34396572
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke	0.64655508	0.56619784	0.72373882
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Other cardiovascular	0.30959463	0.27943061	0.33911921
High sweetened beverages	High blood pressure	Peripheral vascular	0.31030068	0.28169641	0.34030801
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Atrial fibrillation	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Breast cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Cardiomyopathy	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Colorectal cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Esophageal cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Gallbladder cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Hemorrhagic stroke	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Ischemic heart disease	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Ischemic stroke	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Kidney cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Low back pain	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Osteoarthritis	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Other cardiovascular	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Pancreatic cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Peripheral vascular	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High body-mass index	Uterine cancer	1	1	1
High sweetened beverages	High fasting plasma glucose	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.22165572	0.12466767	0.32502645
High sweetened beverages	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic heart disease	0.14927804	0.09720403	0.20376968
High sweetened beverages	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic stroke	0.2166379	0.12075534	0.30688827
High sweetened beverages	High total cholesterol	Ischemic heart disease	0.10020887	0.05281493	0.14980126
High sweetened beverages	High total cholesterol	Ischemic stroke	0.0307349	0	0.07826848
High trans fat	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	0.03831902	0.02497673	0.0564062
High trans fat	High total cholesterol	Ischemic heart disease	0.00393552	0.00167125	0.0066983
Lead	High blood pressure	Aortic aneurysm	1	1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Atrial fibrillation	1	1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Cardiomyopathy	1	1	1

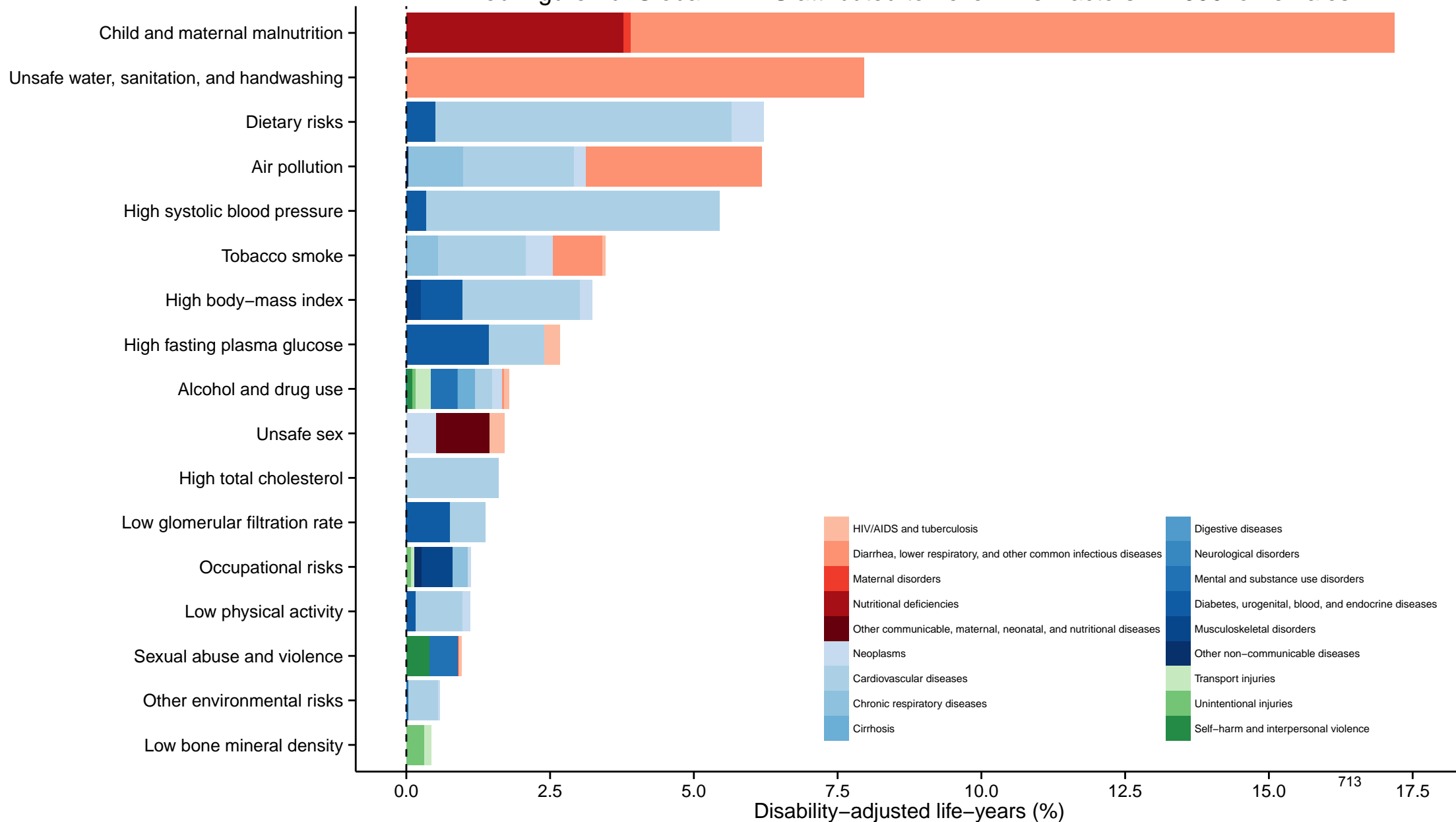


<b>risk</b>	<b>path</b>	<b>cause</b>	<b>mean</b>	<b>lower</b>	<b>upper</b>
Lead	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke		1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease		1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke		1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Other cardiovascular		1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Peripheral vascular		1	1
Lead	High blood pressure	Rheumatic heart disease		1	1
Low PUFA	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic heart disease	0.25294303	0.05184176	0.61668384
Low fiber	Low fruit	Ischemic heart disease		1	1
Low fiber	Low vegetables	Ischemic heart disease		1	1
Low fiber	Low whole grains	Ischemic heart disease		1	1
Low fruit	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.16171487	0.06091392	0.32747459
Low fruit	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	0.39040505	0.16084068	0.7445249
Low fruit	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke	0.41697414	0.15734479	0.83891153
Low fruit	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic stroke	0.02017046	0	0.0522879
Low fruit	High total cholesterol	Ischemic heart disease	0.00799215	0	0.02221022
Low fruit	High total cholesterol	Ischemic stroke	0.02654667	0.00114547	0.06794437
Low physical activity	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic heart disease	0.14392859	0.11446205	0.17614804
Low physical activity	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic stroke	0.07746518	0.03047514	0.13849338
Low vegetables	High blood pressure	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.30555305	0.09236129	0.82136437
Low vegetables	High blood pressure	Ischemic heart disease	0.46705196	0.1662402	1
Low vegetables	High blood pressure	Ischemic stroke	0.54191049	0.21924942	1
Low vegetables	High fasting plasma glucose	Hemorrhagic stroke	0.01312957	0.00152536	0.04157181
Low vegetables	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic heart disease	0.02142134	0.00204921	0.06746061
Low vegetables	High fasting plasma glucose	Ischemic stroke	0.04392172	0.0069748	0.09576998
Low vegetables	High total cholesterol	Ischemic heart disease	0.01219486	0.00008419	0.04079934
Low vegetables	High total cholesterol	Ischemic stroke	0.04662463	0.00706539	0.10808568

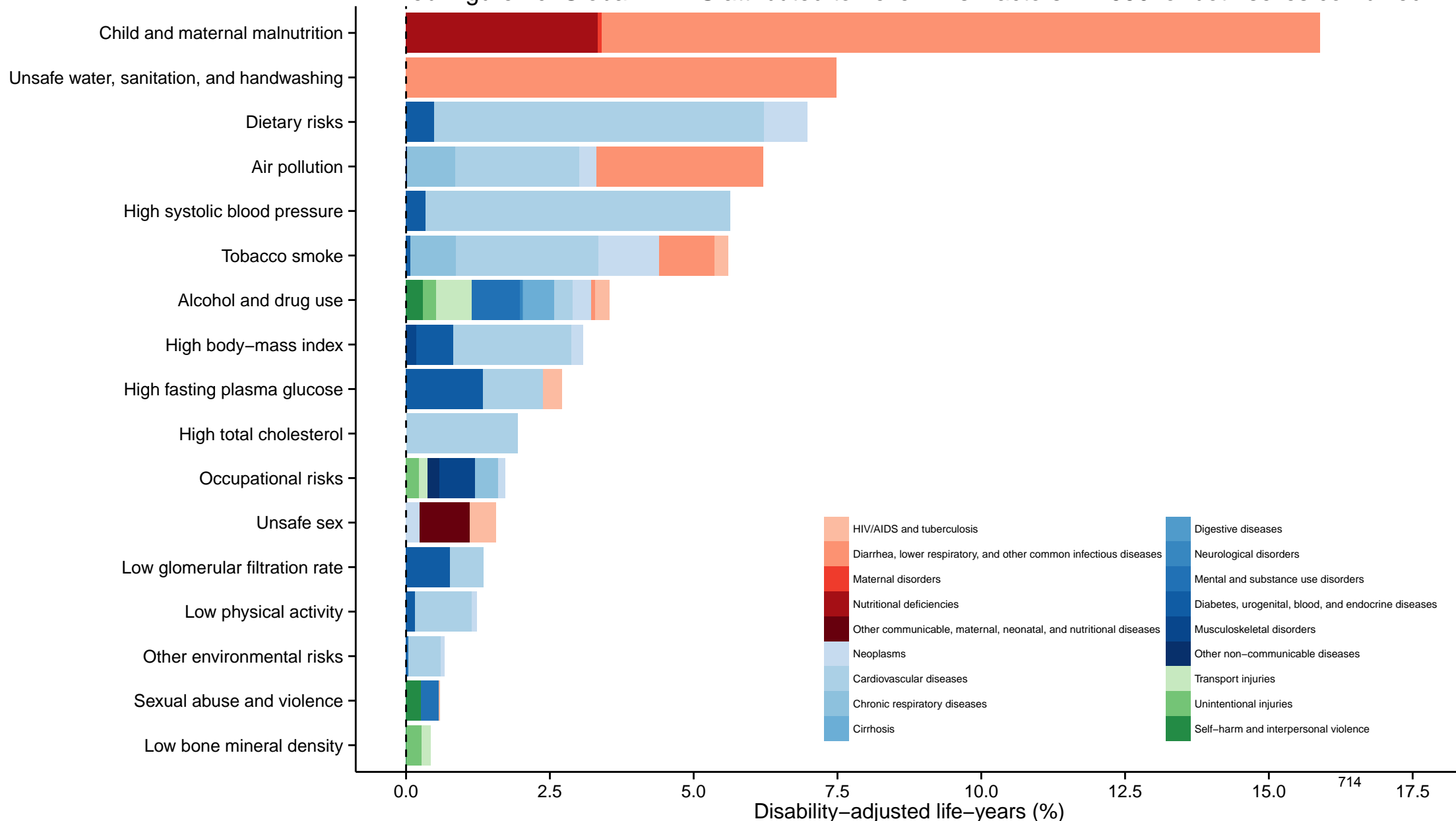
Web Figure 4a. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 1990 for males.



Web Figure 4b. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 1990 for females.

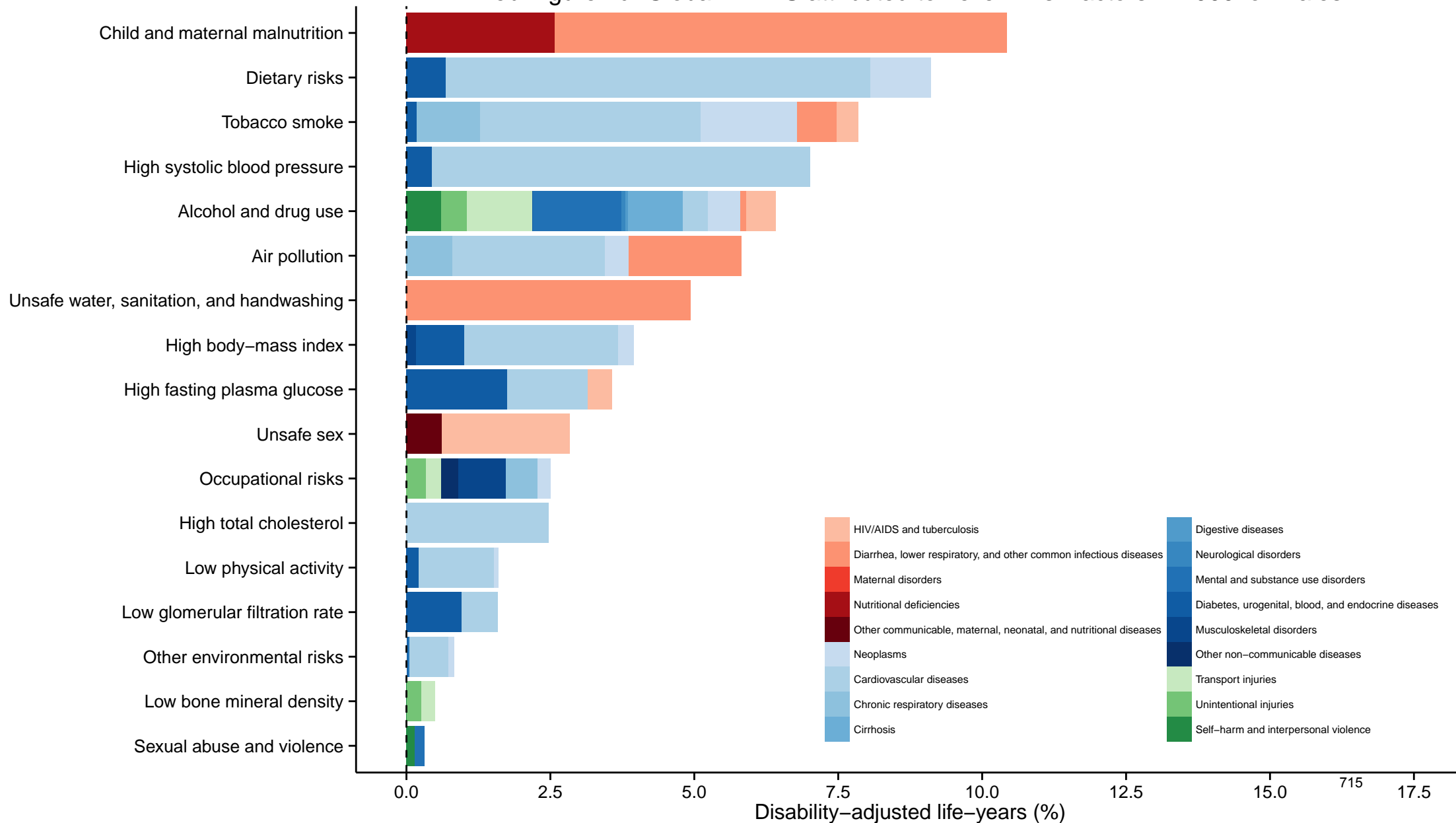


Web Figure 4c. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 1990 for both sexes combined.

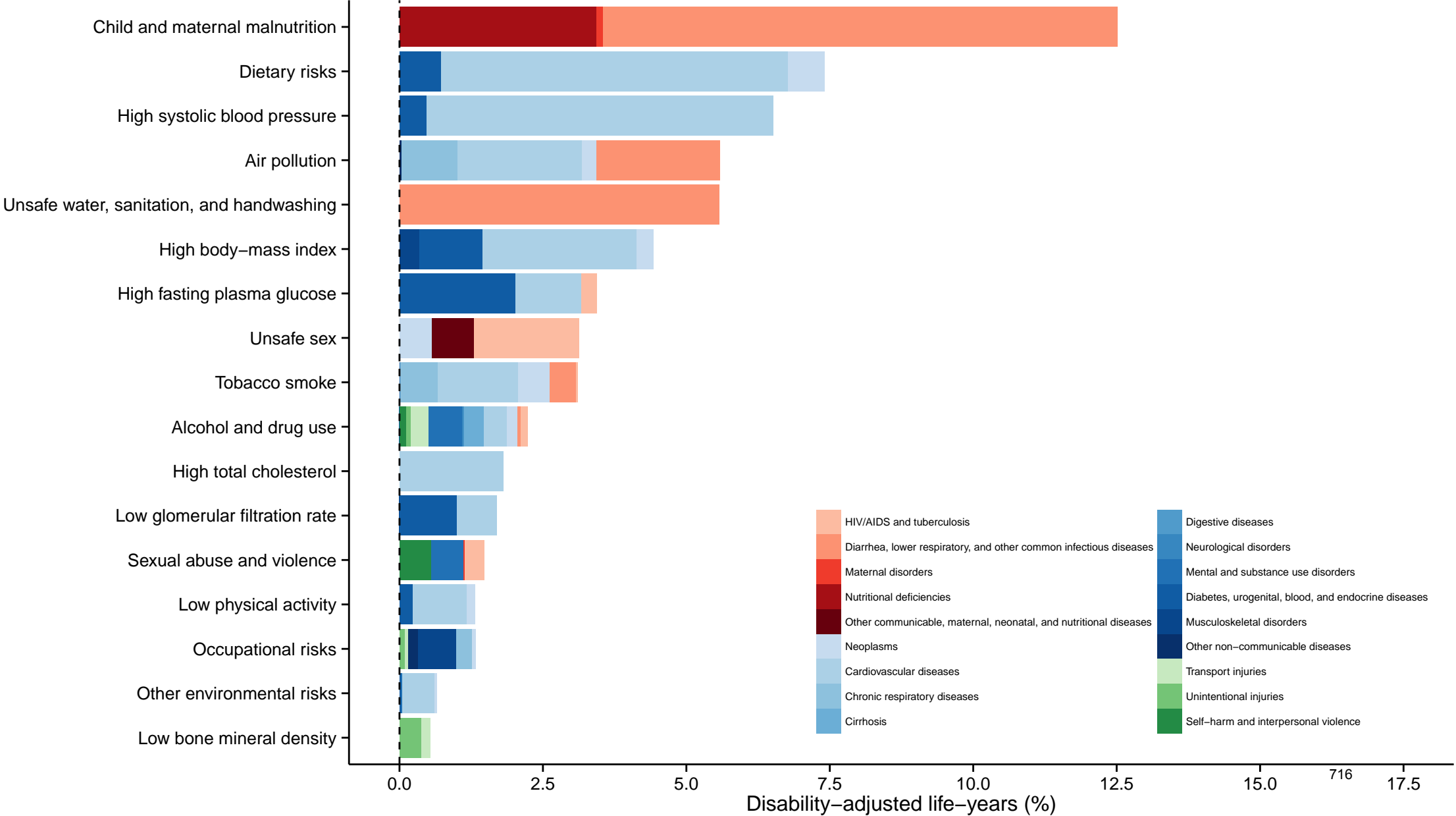




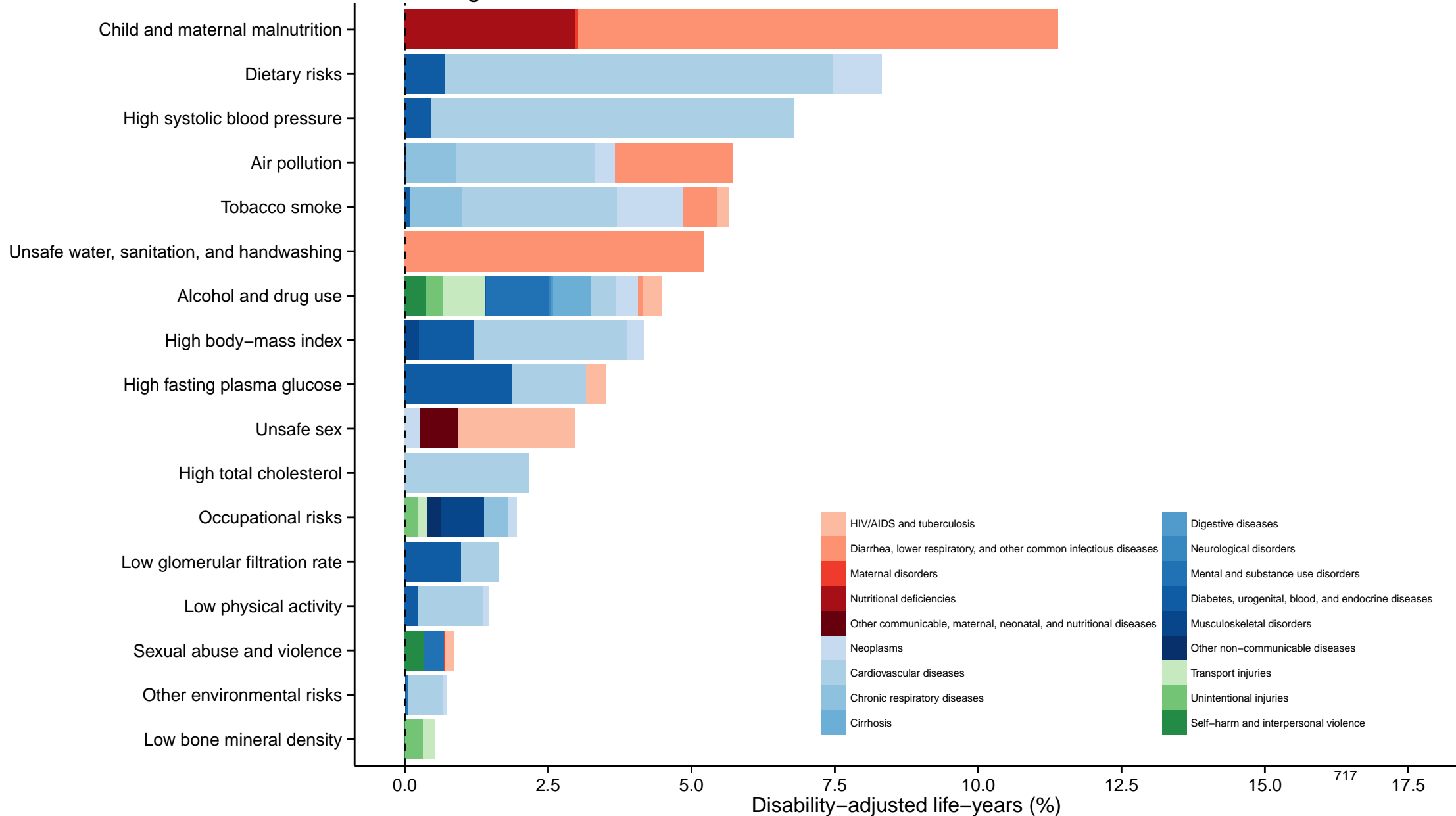
Web Figure 4d. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2000 for males.



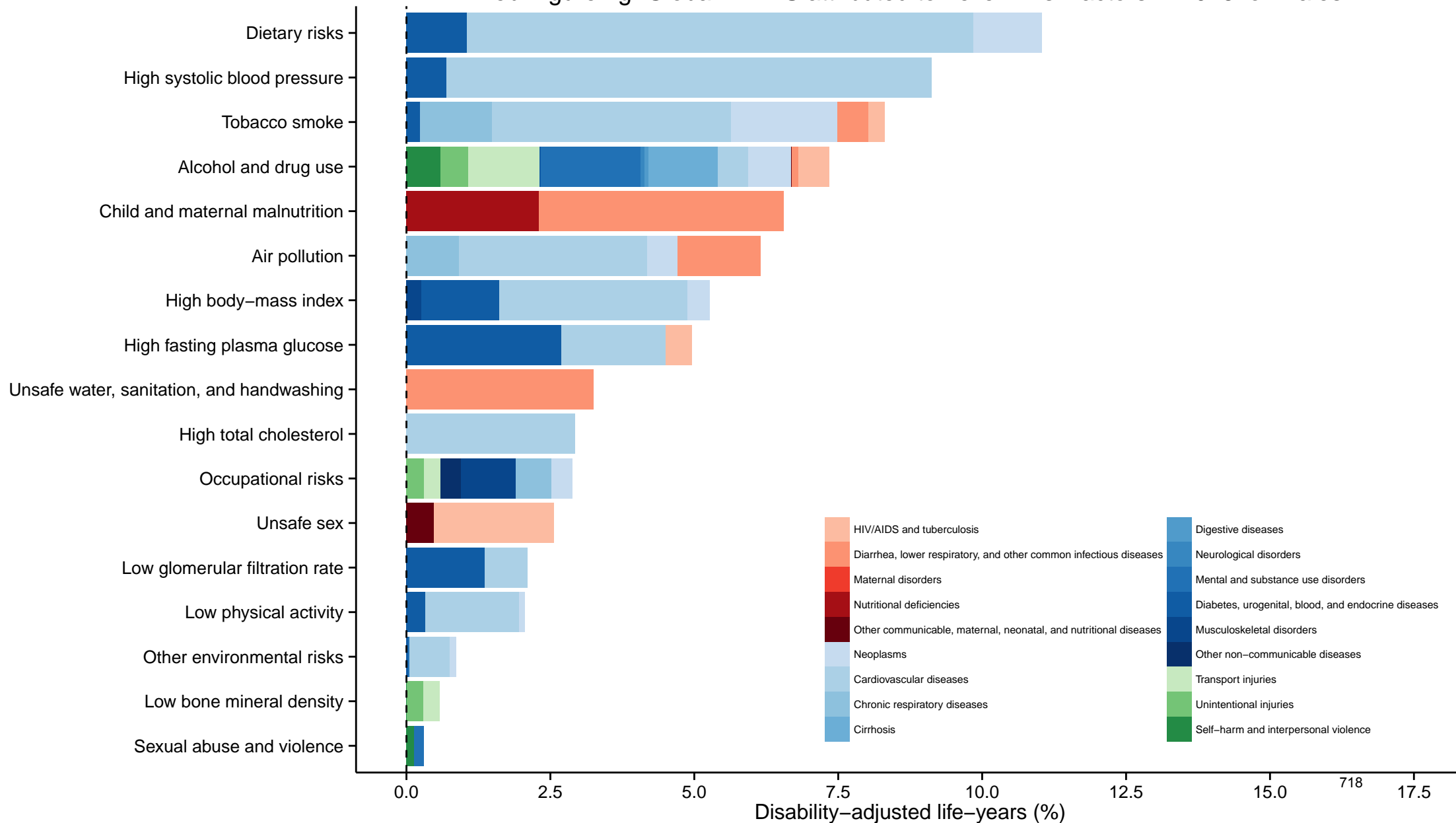
Web Figure 4e. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2000 for females.



Web Figure 4f. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2000 for both sexes combined.

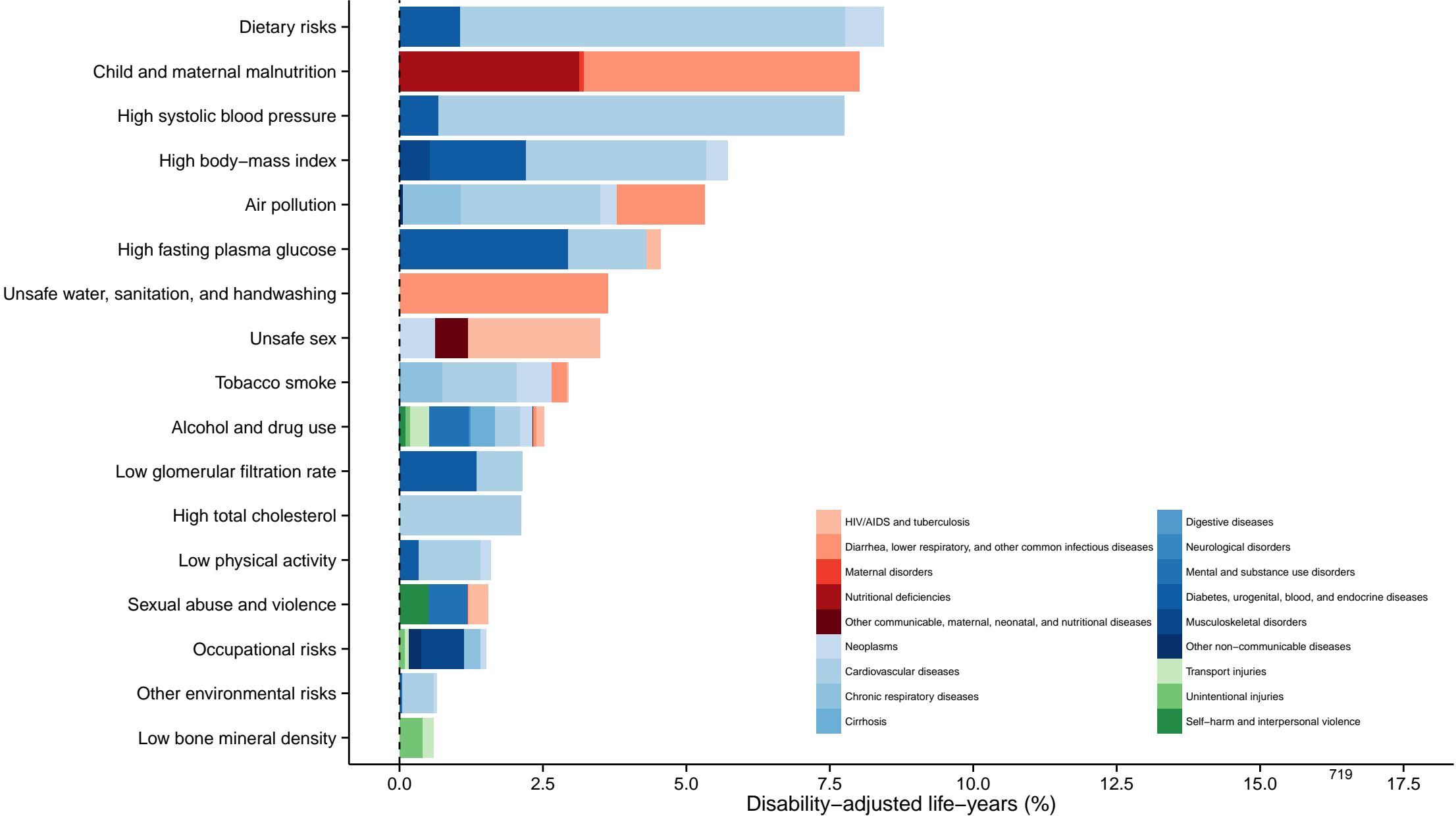


Web Figure 4g. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2013 for males.





Web Figure 4h. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2013 for females.



Web Figure 4i. Global DALYS attributed to Level 2 risk factors in 2013 for both sexes combined.

